MAXIMUS INC Form 10-Q August 09, 2013 Table of Contents

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013

Commission File Number: 1-12997

# MAXIMUS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Virginia

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

54-1000588

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1891 Metro Center Drive Reston, Virginia (Address of principal executive offices)

20190

(Zip Code)

(703) 251-8500

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer x

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

As of July 31, 2013, there were 68,192,354 shares of the registrant s common stock (no par value) outstanding.

# MAXIMUS, Inc.

# **Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q**

# For the Quarter Ended June 30, 2013

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Throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the terms Company, we, us, our and MAXIMUS refer to MAXIMUS, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

#### SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about our company, the industry in which we operate and other matters, as well as management s beliefs and assumptions and other statements that are not historical facts. Words such as anticipate, believe, could, expect, estimate, intend, may, opportunity, plan, potential, project, expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements and convey uncertainty of future events or outcomes. These statements are not guarantees and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from such forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, including without limitation.

should

- a failure on our part to comply with federal, state or local laws governing our business, which might result in us being subject to fines, penalties and other sanctions;
- a failure to meet performance requirements in our contracts, which might lead to contract termination and liquidated damages;
- the outcome of reviews or audits by federal, state and local governments, which might result in financial penalties and reduce our ability to respond to invitations for new work;
- matters related to businesses we have disposed of, discontinued or divested;
- other factors set forth in Exhibit 99.1 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2012, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 16, 2012.

As a result of these and other factors, our past financial performance should not be relied on as an indication of future performance. Additionally, we caution investors not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements as these statements speak only as of the date when made. Except as otherwise required by law, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether resulting from new information, future events or otherwise.

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### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements.

### MAXIMUS, Inc.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

		Three I Ended J		,		Nine Months Ended June 30,				
D.	ф	2013	ф	2012	Ф	2013	Ф	2012		
Revenue	\$	334,323	\$	266,353	\$	946,940	\$	749,408		
Cost of revenue		239,763		187,652		678,406		546,094		
Gross profit		94,560		78,701		268,534		203,314		
Selling, general and administrative expenses		49,181		43,877		138,096		114,592		
Acquisition-related expenses		1,174		1,877		1,500		2,110		
Legal and settlement expenses/(recoveries), net		(182)		(352)		(202)		(990)		
Operating income from continuing operations		44,387		33,299		129,140		87,602		
Interest and other income, net		701		1,164		2,444		3,092		
Income from continuing operations before		45.000		24.462		121.504		00.604		
income taxes		45,088		34,463		131,584		90,694		
Provision for income taxes		17,052		13,987		50,051		38,349		
Income from continuing operations		28,036		20,476		81,533		52,345		
Discontinued operations, net of income taxes:										
Loss from discontinued operations		(3)				(597)				
Gain on disposal		67		9		169		117		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		64		9		(428)		117		
meome (1055) from discontinued operations		0.				(120)		11,		
Net income	\$	28,100	\$	20,485	\$	81,105	\$	52,462		
Basic earnings (loss) per share:										
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.41	\$	0.30	\$	1.20	\$	0.77		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations						(0.01)	•	0.01		
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.41	\$	0.30	\$	1.19	\$	0.78		
S. I.	·		•		•		•			
Diluted earnings (loss) per share:										
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.40	\$	0.29	\$	1.17	\$	0.75		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations						(0.01)		0.01		
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.40	\$	0.29	\$	1.16	\$	0.76		
•										
Dividends paid per share	\$	0.045	\$	0.045	\$	0.135	\$	0.135		
Weighted average shares outstanding:										
Basic		68,162		67.946		68,168		67.615		
Dusic		00,102		07,940		00,100		07,013		

Diluted 69,867 69,736 69,864 69,440

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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# MAXIMUS, Inc.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

		months June 30,		Nine months Ended June 30,				
	2013 2012			2013		2012		
Net income	\$ 28,100	\$	20,485 \$	81,105	\$	52,462		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(18,454)		(4,120)	(20,022)		3,469		
Comprehensive income	\$ 9,646	\$	16,365 \$	61,083	\$	55,931		

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

# MAXIMUS, Inc.

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

# (Amounts in thousands)

		June 30, 2013 (unaudited)		September 30, 2012
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	187,911	\$	189,312
Restricted cash		12,313		11,593
Accounts receivable billed, net of reserves of \$3,293 and \$3,975		221,319		172,705
Accounts receivable unbilled		16,329		10,539
Prepaid income taxes		3,359		3,800
Deferred income taxes		25,183		22,207
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		36,466		38,528
Total current assets		502,880		448,684
Property and equipment, net		63,371		58,798
Capitalized software, net		36,106		27,390
Goodwill		109,295		112,032
Intangible assets, net		21,596		25,330
Deferred contract costs, net		11,695		9,284
Deferred income taxes		1,167		1,369
Deferred compensation plan assets		9,768		9,220
Other assets, net		3,180		3,186
Total assets	\$	759,058	\$	695,293
	Ψ.	703,000	Ψ.	0,2,2,2
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	87,689	\$	73,128
Accrued compensation and benefits		55,052		56,105
Deferred revenue		66,009		60,026
Current portion of long-term debt		167		178
Income taxes payable		8,537		3,100
Other liabilities		8,715		6,599
Total current liabilities		226,169		199,136
Deferred revenue, less current portion		7,939		19,550
Long-term debt		1,333		1,558
Acquisition-related contingent consideration, less current portion		380		406
Income taxes payable, less current portion		1,460		1,412
Deferred income taxes		16,711		10,384
Deferred compensation plan liabilities, less current portion		14,093		11,741
Total liabilities		268,085		244,187
Shareholders equity:				
Common stock, no par value; 100,000 shares authorized; 67,981 and 67,970 shares issued and				
outstanding at June 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012, at stated amount, respectively		411,444		395,967
Accumulated other comprehensive income		218		20,240
Retained earnings		79,311		34,899
Total shareholders equity		490,973		451,106
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$	759,058	\$	695,293

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

# MAXIMUS, Inc.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

### (Amounts in thousands)

# (Unaudited)

			Months June 30,	
		2013		2012
Cash flows from operating activities:	ф	01 105	ф	50.460
Net income	\$	81,105	\$	52,462
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		420		(117)
(Income) loss from discontinued operations		428		(117)
Depreciation and amortization		25,763		18,513
Deferred income taxes		3,030		(4,628)
Non-cash equity based compensation		10,708		8,841
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable billed		(50,072)		7,084
Accounts receivable unbilled		(5,921)		218
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(2,522)		(8,245)
Deferred contract costs		(2,451)		1,319
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		16,480		(3,274)
Accrued compensation and benefits		6,941		(4,020)
Deferred revenue		(2,940)		11,161
Income taxes		5,989		9,541
Other assets and liabilities		2,624		(3,794)
Cash provided by operating activities continuing operations		89,162		85,061
Cash used in operating activities discontinued operations		(587)		
Cash provided by operating activities		88,575		85,061
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of property and equipment		(24,869)		(11,884)
Capitalized software costs		(13,652)		(2,850)
Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired		, , ,		(66,000)
Proceeds from settlement of final PSI price		3,380		` ' '
Proceeds from note receivable		285		299
Proceeds from sale of discontinued operations				2,240
Cash used in investing activities		(34,856)		(78,195)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Repurchases of common stock		(27,814)		(9,889)
Employee tax withholding on restricted stock unit vesting		(8,868)		(4,445)
Tax benefit due to option exercises and restricted stock units vesting		4.680		3,475
Cash dividends paid		(9,202)		(9,117)
Stock option exercises		1,840		6,411
Repayment of long-term debt		(130)		
Cash used in financing activities		(39,494)		(13,565)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(15,626)		2,649
Enter of enduance rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(15,020)		2,017

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Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,401)	(4,050)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	189,312	172,950
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 187,911	\$ 168,900

 $See\ accompanying\ notes\ to\ unaudited\ consolidated\ financial\ statements.$ 

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#### MAXIMUS, Inc.

#### **Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the Three and Nine Months Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

#### 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full fiscal year. The balance sheet at September 30, 2012 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and notes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. Certain financial results have been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation.

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent liabilities and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates including those related to revenue recognition and cost estimation on certain contracts, the valuation of goodwill, and amounts related to income taxes, certain accrued liabilities and contingencies and litigation. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

On April 16, 2013, the Company s Board of Directors declared a two-for-one stock split in the form of a dividend of one share for each outstanding share for shareholders of record on June 14, 2013. The additional shares were distributed on June 28, 2013. This stock-split did not affect the proportionate interests that stockholders maintained in the Company. All common stock and per share amounts have been adjusted for the stock split. Our previously repurchased shares constitute authorized but unissued shares and, accordingly, the Company has reclassified these amounts from treasury stock to retained earnings.

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated audited financial statements and the notes thereto at September 30, 2012 and 2011 and for each of the three years ended September 30, 2012, included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2012 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 16, 2012.

#### 2. Acquisitions

Health Management Limited

On July 1, 2013 (the acquisition date), the Company acquired 100% of the share capital of Health Management Limited (HML) for total consideration of \$79.0 million (£51.9 million). The consideration is comprised of \$71.4 million (£46.9 million) in cash and 202,972 shares of MAXIMUS stock worth \$7.6 million (£5.0 million) of MAXIMUS stock. In addition, the Company incurred \$0.9 million of expenses directly related to the transaction, including legal fees, due diligence expenses and duty related to the transfer of assets. These fees have been recorded as acquisition-related expenses for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2013.

HML provides independent health assessments within the United Kingdom. MAXIMUS acquired HML, among other reasons, to expand the Company s independent medical assessment business and to establish a strong presence in the United Kingdom health services market. The acquired assets and business will be integrated into the Company s Health Services segment.

The estimated acquisition date fair value of consideration transferred, assets acquired and liabilities are presented below and represent management s best estimates (in thousands).

Cash consideration, net of cash acquired	\$ 71,435
Stock consideration	7,559
Purchase consideration, net of cash acquired	\$ 78,994
Accounts receivable and unbilled receivables	\$ 12,002
Other current assets	807
Property and equipment	2,740
Total identifiable assets acquired	15,549
Accounts payable and other liabilities	10,495
Deferred revenue	1,295
Total liabilities assumed	11,790
Net identifiable assets acquired	3,759
•	
Goodwill and intangible assets	75,235
Net assets acquired	\$ 78,994
•	

Management is still in the process of completing certain assessments of fair value of these assets and liabilities, including the assessment of the fair value of intangible assets acquired. The excess of the acquisition date fair value of consideration over the estimated fair value of the net assets acquired will be recorded as goodwill. The Company considers the goodwill to represent benefits that are expected to be realized as a result of the acquisition, including, but not limited to, the assembled workforce and the benefit of the enhanced knowledge and capabilities of HML. Goodwill is not expected to be deductible for tax purposes. As the Company has not completed its valuation of these assets and liabilities, it is not yet able to provide pro forma financial information related to this acquisition.

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PSI

On April 30, 2012 (the PSI acquisition date), the Company acquired 100% of the share capital of PSI Services Holding, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Policy Studies, Inc. (PSI) for cash consideration of \$63.4 million.

PSI supports government clients in the administration of a number of health and human services programs exclusively within the United States. MAXIMUS acquired PSI, among other reasons, to strengthen its leadership in the administration of public health and human services programs. The acquired assets and business have been integrated into the Company s Health Services and Human Services segments.

The assets and liabilities of PSI are recorded in the Company s financial statements at their fair values as of the PSI acquisition date. An initial valuation was performed at September 30, 2012 and this valuation has been updated through June 30, 2013 (below, in thousands):

Purchase Price Allocation										
Upda	ted through				Updated through					
Septen	nber 30, 2012	Ad	justments		June 30, 2013					
\$	23,017	\$		\$	23,017					
	9,527				9,527					
	1,931		198		2,129					
	6,411				6,411					
	1,332				1,332					
	22,183				22,183					
	64,401		198		64,599					
	20,666				20,666					
	19,696		79		19,775					
	40,362		79		40,441					
	24,039		119		24,158					
	39,161		129		39,290					
\$	63,200	\$	248	\$	63,448					
	Septen \$	9,527 1,931 6,411 1,332 22,183 64,401 20,666 19,696 40,362 24,039 39,161	Updated through September 30, 2012  \$ 23,017 \$ 9,527 1,931 6,411 1,332 22,183 64,401  20,666 19,696 40,362  24,039 39,161	Updated through         September 30, 2012       Adjustments         \$ 23,017       \$         9,527       1,931       198         6,411       1,332       22,183         64,401       198       198         20,666       19,696       79         40,362       79         24,039       119         39,161       129	Updated through         September 30, 2012       Adjustments         \$ 23,017       \$         9,527       \$         1,931       198         6,411       \$         1,332       \$         22,183       \$         64,401       198         20,666       \$         19,696       79         40,362       79         24,039       119         39,161       129					

The Company has completed its valuation of the assets and liabilities acquired. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recognized and measured as of the PSI acquisition date based upon their estimated fair values. The excess of the acquisition date fair value of consideration over the estimated fair value of the net assets acquired was recorded as goodwill and allocated to the Company s two segments, Health Services and Human Services, based upon the respective valuations of the businesses. The Company considers the goodwill to represent a number of potential strategic and financial benefits that are expected to be realized as a result of the acquisition, including, but not limited to bringing new capabilities to MAXIMUS and the assembled workforce. Goodwill is not expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

# 3. Segment Information

The following table provides certain financial information for each of the Company s business segments (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended June 30,						1	Nine Months E	nde	d June 30.	
		2013	% (1			2012	% (1)	2013	% (1)		2012	% (1)
Revenue:												
Health Services	\$	217,901	1/	00%	\$	170,403	100% \$	591,847	100%	\$	489,616	100%
Human Services	ψ	116,422		00%	Ψ	95,950	100% \$	355,093	100%	Ψ	259,792	100%
Total		334,323		00%		266,353	100%	946,940	100%		749,408	100%
Total		334,323	1,	<i>30 70</i>		200,333	10070	740,740	100 %		742,400	10070
Gross Profit:												
Health services		62,868	28	.9%		50,787	29.8%	162,778	27.5%		127,923	26.1%
Human Services		31,692	27	.2%		27,914	29.1%	105,756	29.8%		75,391	29.0%
Total		94,560	28	.3%		78,701	29.5%	268,534	28.4%		203,314	27.1%
Selling, general, and												
administrative expense:												
Health Services		28,507	13	.1%		25,135	14.8%	78,882	13.3%		67,286	13.7%
Human Services		20,674	17	.8%		18,727	19.5%	59,597	16.8%		47,291	18.2%
Corporate/Other			N	M		15	NM	(383)	NM		15	NM
Total		49,181	14	.7%		43,877	16.5%	138,096	14.6%		114,592	15.3%
Operating income from												
continuing operations:												
Health services		34,361	15	.8%		25,652	15.1%	83,896	14.2%		60,637	12.4%
Human Services		11,018	9	.5%		9,187	9.6%	46,159	13.0%		28,100	10.8%
Corporate/Other			N	M		(15)	NM	383	NM		(15)	NM
Segment Operating Income		45,379	13	.6%		34,824	13.1%	130,438	13.8%		88,722	11.8%
Acquisition-related expenses		1,174	N	M		1,877	NM	1,500	NM		2,110	NM
Legal and settlement												
expenses/(recoveries), net		(182)	N	M		(352)	NM	(202)	NM		(990)	NM
Total	\$	44,387	13	.3%	\$	33,299	12.5% \$	129,140	13.6%	\$	87,602	11.7%

 $<sup>(1) \</sup>qquad \qquad \text{Percentage of respective segment revenue. Changes not considered meaningful are marked} \quad \text{NM} \ \ .$ 

#### 4. Earnings Per Share

All common stock share and per share amounts have been adjusted for the two-for-one stock split in June 2013.

The following table sets forth the components of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share (in thousands):

	Three M Ended J		Nine M Ended J			
	2013		2012	2013		2012
Numerator:						
Income from continuing operations	\$ 28,036	\$	20,476	\$ 81,533	\$	52,345
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	64		9	(428)		117
Net income	\$ 28,100	\$	20,485	\$ 81,105	\$	52,462
Denominator:						
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	68,162		67,946	68,168		67,615
Effect of dilutive securities:						
Employee stock options and unvested						
restricted stock units	1,705		1,790	1,696		1,825
Denominator for diluted earnings (loss) per						
share	69,867		69,736	69,864		69,440

No shares were excluded from the computation in calculating the earnings per share for the three or nine months ended June 30, 2013 or 2012.

#### 5. Credit facilities

On March 15, 2013, the Company entered into an unsecured five-year revolving credit agreement (the Credit Agreement ). The Credit Agreement amends and restates the Company s existing revolving credit agreement entered into in January 2008. The Credit Agreement provides for a revolving line of credit up to \$100 million which may be used for revolving loans, swingline loans, subject to a sublimit of \$5 million, and to request letters of credit, subject to a sublimit of \$30 million. The line of credit is available for general corporate purposes, including working capital expenses, capital expenditures and acquisitions. The arrangement terminates on March 15, 2018, at which time all outstanding borrowings must be repaid.

The interest rates under the Credit Agreement are floating rates that, at the Company s option, equal a base rate, a Eurodollar rate or an index rate plus, in each case, an applicable percentage based upon the Company s total leverage ratio.

At June 30, 2013, the Company s only borrowings under the Credit Agreement were five letters of credit totaling \$15.5 million. Each of these letters of credit may be called by customers in the event that the Company defaults under the terms of a contract, the probability of which we believe is remote. In addition, two letters of credit totaling \$3.0 million are held with another financial institution to cover similar obligations.

The Credit Agreement requires the Company to comply with certain financial covenants including a maximum total leverage ratio and a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio. The Company was in compliance with all covenants as of June 30, 2013. The obligations of the Company under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by material domestic subsidiaries of the Company. In the event that the Company is total leverage ratio exceeds 2.5:1.0 or the Company incurs a certain level of indebtedness outside of the Credit Agreement, the Credit Agreement will become secured by the assets of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries. At June 30, 2013, our total leverage ratio was less than 0.5:1.0.

In addition to this credit facility, the Company has a loan agreement with the Atlantic Innovation Fund of Canada. This provides for a loan of up to 1.8 million Canadian Dollars, which must be used for specific technology-based research and development. The loan has no interest charge. This balance is repayable in 36 remaining quarterly installments. At June 30, 2013, \$1.5 million (1.6 million Canadian Dollars) was outstanding under this agreement.

Certain contracts require us to provide a surety bond as a guarantee of performance. At June 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012, the Company had performance bond commitments totaling \$50.9 million and \$48.0 million, respectively. These bonds are typically renewed annually and remain in place until the contractual obligations have been satisfied. Although the triggering events vary from contract to contract, in general, we would only be liable for the amount of these guarantees in the event of default in our performance of our obligations under each contract, the probability of which we believe is remote.

#### 6. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The changes in goodwill for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 are as follows (in thousands):

	Health Services	<b>Human Services</b>	Total
Balance as of September 30, 2012	\$ 63,517	\$ 48,515	\$ 112,032
Changes to allocation of PSI purchase price	65	64	129
Foreign currency translation	(512)	(2,354)	(2,866)
Balance as of June 30, 2013	\$ 63,070	\$ 46,225	\$ 109,295

The following table sets forth the components of intangible assets (in thousands):

	Cost	Ac	June 30, 2013 ecumulated nortization	Intangible Assets, net	As	Ac	otember 30, 20 cumulated nortization	I	ntangible assets, net
Customer contracts and									
relationships	\$ 19,265	\$	4,237	\$ 15,028	\$ 20,167	\$	3,082	\$	17,085
Technology based intangible									
assets	8,859		5,643	3,216	9,114		4,909		4,205
Trademark	4,409		1,093	3,316	4,450		497		3,953
Non-compete arrangements	238		202	36	254		167		87
Total	\$ 32,771	\$	11,175	\$ 21,596	\$ 33,985	\$	8,655	\$	25,330

The Company s intangible assets have a weighted average remaining life of 5.8 years, comprising 6.4 years for customer contracts and relationships, 4.7 years for technology-based intangible assets, 4.2 years for the trademark, and 0.6 years for non-compete arrangements. Amortization expense for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$3.5 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. Estimated future amortization expense is as follows (in thousands):

Three months ended September 30, 2013	\$ 1,077
Year ended September 30, 2014	3,926
Year ended September 30, 2015	3,851
Year ended September 30, 2016	3,794
Year ended September 30, 2017	3,395
Year ended September 30, 2018	2,699
Thereafter	2,854
Total	\$ 21,596

# 7. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The Company is involved in various legal proceedings, including the matters described below, in the ordinary course of its business.

In March 2009, a state Medicaid agency asserted a claim against MAXIMUS, related to a discontinued business line, in the amount of \$2.3 million in connection with a contract MAXIMUS had through February 1, 2009 to provide Medicaid administrative claiming services to school districts in the state. MAXIMUS entered into separate agreements with the school districts under which MAXIMUS helped the districts prepare and submit claims to the state Medicaid agency which, in turn, submitted claims for reimbursement to the federal government. No legal action has been initiated. The state has asserted that its agreement with MAXIMUS requires the Company to reimburse the state for the amounts owed to the federal government. However, the Company s agreements with the school districts require them to reimburse MAXIMUS for such payments and therefore MAXIMUS believes the school districts are responsible for any amounts disallowed by the state Medicaid agency or the federal government. Accordingly, the Company believes its exposure in this matter is limited to its fees associated with this work and that the school districts will be responsible for the remainder. MAXIMUS has exited the federal healthcare claiming business and no longer provides the services at issue in this matter.

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In 2008 MAXIMUS sold the SchoolMAX student information system business line as part of the divestiture of the MAXIMUS Education Systems division. In 2012, a school district (District) which was a SchoolMAX client filed a formal arbitration notice alleging that MAXIMUS and the buyer failed to (i) use best practices in developing the software and (ii) deliver and test product releases as required by the contract. The District contended that those failures resulted in damages of at least \$10 million. In December 2012, the arbitration panel denied the District s claims in their entirety. Costs related to the arbitration proceeding have been included in the current period as discontinued operations. The District subsequently filed a motion to vacate the decision of the arbitration panel which was denied by the court in July 2013. In late 2012, the District asserted that MAXIMUS had defrauded the District in 2007 or 2008 by misrepresenting its intentions regarding the sale of the Education Systems division. That allegation was not part of the arbitration, and no formal claim or lawsuit has been filed. The company believes it has a number of defenses to that allegation and would contest it vigorously if it were asserted.

Flexible New Deal contract liabilities and contingent gains

In August 2009, the Company commenced work for the United Kingdom government as a provider of services under the Flexible New Deal, a welfare-to-work initiative. The work was performed in the Company s Human Services Segment. This initiative was terminated for all contract providers during the 2011 fiscal year and replaced with the Work Programme, under which MAXIMUS also performs services. As part of the Flexible New Deal contract, MAXIMUS was entitled to reimbursement for costs incurred as a consequence of early termination, as well as a contract settlement for payments the Company would have received for realizing certain long-term goals under the contract. During the nine month period ended June 30, 2012, the Company received a one-time settlement payment of \$2.7 million for revenue foregone and \$1.7 million of cost recoveries, net of subcontractor expenses.

Acquired loss-making contract

As part of the acquisition of PSI in April 2012, the Company acquired a systems-integration contract which was anticipated to record significant future losses. The fair value of the obligation to provide these services at a loss was calculated and recorded on the Company s balance sheet at acquisition as deferred revenue of \$15.1 million.

In February 2013, the Company received a formal notice of termination for convenience for this contract. The work was terminated as part of a broad, state-wide initiative to focus resources on a select number of projects.

With the termination of this agreement, the Company will reimburse the client for certain funds received and will provide services in consideration for the termination. All other obligations to provide services have been extinguished and no material future costs will be incurred. Accordingly, revenue of \$16.0 million has been recognized in the nine month period ended June 30, 2013. In addition, costs of \$5.1 million, including costs which had been deferred, were recognized in the nine month period for an operating profit of \$10.9 million.

#### 8. Legal and Settlement Expense (Recovery), Net

Legal and settlement expense (recovery), net consists of costs, net of reimbursed insurance claims, related to significant legal settlements and non-routine legal matters, including future probable legal costs estimated to be incurred in connection with those matters. Legal expenses

incurred in the ordinary course of business are included in selling, general and administrative expense. The following table sets forth the matters that represent legal and settlement expense (recovery), net:

	Three months Ended June 30,				Nine Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)	2013		2012	2013		2012			
Insurance Recoveries	(390)		(445)	(390)		(1,181)			
Other	208		93	188		191			
Total	\$ (182)	\$	(352) \$	(202)	\$	(990)			

#### 9. Stock Repurchase Programs

All common share and per share amounts have been adjusted for the two-for-one stock split in June 2013.

Under a resolution adopted in November 2011, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase, at management s discretion, of up to an aggregate of \$125.0 million of the Company s common stock. The resolution also authorized the use of option exercise proceeds for the repurchase of the Company s common stock. During the nine months ended June 30, 2013, the Company repurchased 828,898 common shares at a cost of \$27.0 million. The amount available for future repurchases was \$102.2 million at June 30, 2013.

During the nine month period ended June 30, 2012, the Company repurchased 480,400 common shares at a cost of \$8.9 million. These purchases were authorized by a share repurchase plan previously adopted by the Board of Directors and replaced by the plan adopted in November 2011.

### 10. Recent accounting pronouncements

In 2011, the FASB issued new accounting guidance that simplifies goodwill impairment tests. The new guidance states that a qualitative assessment may be performed to determine whether further impairment testing is necessary. We will adopt this accounting standard upon its effective date, which for us will be this current fiscal year. We do not anticipate that this adoption will have a significant impact on our financial position or results of operations.

# 11. Subsequent Events

Dividend

On July 5, 2013, the Company s Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.045 for each share of the Company s common stock outstanding. The dividend is payable on August 30, 2013, to shareholders of record on August 15, 2013.

#### Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is provided to enhance the understanding of, and should be read in conjunction with, our Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes included both herein and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2012, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 16, 2012.

#### **Business Overview**

We provide business process outsourcing services to government health and human services agencies under our mission of *Helping Government Serve the People*. © Our business is focused almost exclusively on administering government-sponsored programs. Founded in 1975, we are one of the largest pure-play health and human services administrative providers to governments in the United States, Australia, Canada, the United Kingdom and Saudi Arabia. We use our expertise, experience and advanced technological solutions to help government agencies run efficient, cost-effective programs and to improve program accountability, while enhancing the quality of services provided to program beneficiaries.

The Company is managed through two segments, Health Services and Human Services. The Health Services Segment provides a variety of business process outsourcing and administrative support services, as well as consulting services for state, provincial and federal programs, such as Medicaid, CHIP, Medicare, and the British Columbia Health Insurance Program. The Human Services Segment includes a variety of business process outsourcing, case management, job training, and support services for programs such as welfare-to-work programs, child support enforcement, K-12 special education, and other specialized consulting services.

Within the United States, the Company s core competencies place it in a strong position to assist governments with many of the facets of the Affordable Care Act (ACA), as well as other health and human services initiatives. Many states are proceeding with the provision of health insurances exchanges and addressing other requirements mandated by law. MAXIMUS is already benefitting from new work related to the ACA and expects this will continue to grow as states transition from the Federal exchange to the state-based exchanges, expand Medicaid and seek assistance to meet the various requirements of the ACA. These changes, coupled with other federal mandates and local initiatives, place a significant burden on state governments at a time of increasing demand for critical services from the most vulnerable members of society. Many states have taken steps to control costs and increase the effectiveness of their social programs, such as Medicaid by shifting more populations to managed care, increasing co-pays, reducing provider rates, and modifying benefits. As more populations shift into Medicaid managed care, demand for our administrative services and program volumes generally increases. Further, several states are expanding or contemplating expanding Medicaid over the next several years

International governments have unique local issues to address in addition to general global economic factors. Our international contracts are typically driven by welfare reforms designed to better manage resources and our compensation under these contracts is frequently tied to our ability to move people off public benefits and into long-term employment. Companies like MAXIMUS may benefit from the need for governments to reform certain benefits programs.

On July 1, 2013, the Company acquired Health Management Limited (HML), a business based in the United Kingdom. No results from this business have been included in the results discussed below. On April 30, 2012, the Company acquired Policy Studies, Inc. (PSI), the results of which have been included in the Company s results after this time.

#### Trends and uncertainties

The implementation of the ACA in the United States has provided opportunities for MAXIMUS within our Health Services segment, notably in the provision of services related to the federal and state-based health insurance exchanges and Medicaid expansion across the United States. MAXIMUS estimates that it has added more than \$150 million in new annual contract value for next year related to new health insurance contracts. The implementation of new contracts may require investment in both fixed assets and working capital. In many cases, all or part of our capital investment is reimbursed by the customer at the start of the contract.

The Company s principal customers are governments, many of which are currently constrained by reduced budgets. We have experienced isolated instances of government agencies putting additional administrative processes in place prior to paying their vendor obligations, resulting in some increases in receivables and days sales outstanding. We believe this is isolated and these funds will be collected within the current fiscal year.

# **Results of Operations**

# Consolidated

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, selected statements of operations data:

		Three M Ended J			Nine M Ended Ju		
(amounts in thousands, except per share data)		2013		2012	2013		2012
Revenue	\$	334,323	\$	266,353 \$	946,940	\$	749,408
Gross profit	\$	94,560	\$	78,701 \$	268,534	\$	203,314
Gross profit margin		28.3%		29.5%	28.4%		27.1%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$	49,181	\$	43,877 \$	138,096	\$	114,592
Selling, general and administrative expense as a							
percentage of revenue		14.7%		16.5%	14.6%		15.3%
Acquisition-related expenses		1,174		1,877	1,500		2,110
Legal and settlement expenses/(recoveries), net		(182)		(352)	(202)		(990)
Operating income from continuing operations	\$	44,387	\$	33,299 \$	129,140	\$	87,602
Operating margin from continuing operations	Ф	44,367	φ	33,299 \$	129,140	Ф	87,002
percentage		13.3%		12.5%	13.6%		11.7%
Interest and other income, net		701		1,164	2,444		3,092
Income from continuing operations before							
income taxes		45,088		34,463	131,584		90,694
Provision for income taxes		17,052		13,987	50,051		38,349
Tax rate		37.8%		40.6%	38.0%		42.3%
Income from continuing operations, net of							
income taxes	\$	28,036	\$	20,476 \$	81,533	\$	52,345
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net	¢.	64	Ф	ο Φ	(420)	ф	117
of income taxes  Net income	\$ \$	64 28,100	\$ \$	9 \$ 20.485 \$	(428) 81.105	\$ \$	117 52,462
Net income	Ф	28,100	ф	20,483 \$	81,103	Ф	32,402
Basic earnings (loss) per share:							
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.41	\$	0.30 \$	1.20	\$	0.77
Income (loss) from discontinued operations					(0.01)		0.01
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.41	\$	0.30 \$	1.19	\$	0.78
Diluted earnings (loss) per share:							
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.40	\$	0.29 \$	1.17	\$	0.75
Income (loss) from discontinued operations					(0.01)		0.01
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.40	\$	0.29 \$	1.16	\$	0.76

All common stock share and per share amounts have been adjusted for the two-for-one stock split in June 2013.

The following provides an overview of the significant elements of our Consolidated Statements of Operations. As each of our business segments have different factors driving revenue growth and profitability, the sections that follow cover these segments in greater detail.

The Company uses certain measurements which are considered non-GAAP , namely organic revenue growth and revenue, operating income, operating margin and earnings per share excluding the effect of a contract termination discussed below. We believe that the presentation of these non-GAAP numbers assists the user of these financial statements in understanding the results of our business and assessing the performance of the Company. However, these non-GAAP numbers should not be used in isolation or used as alternatives to revenue growth, revenue, operating income, operating margin and earnings per share.

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The results for the nine month period ended June 30, 2013 was affected by a one-time benefit from the termination of a system-integration contract acquired with PSI. This termination resulted in one-time, non-cash benefits to revenue of \$16.0 million and gross and operating profit of \$10.9 million. Although contract terminations for convenience do occur within our business, they are infrequent. In addition, this termination is unusual due to the significant effect of the transaction, which is highly unlikely to be repeated, as it involves deferred revenue from the PSI acquisition and does not reflect the underlying business operations of the Company. Accordingly, we discuss below the results of the business both including and excluding the effect of this contract termination. We believe the presentation of revenue, operating income, operating margins and earnings per share excluding the effect of this contract termination provide a useful basis for assessing the Company s performance compared to prior periods or our competitors. However, these numbers are non-GAAP numbers and are not meant to be considered in isolation or as alternatives to their GAAP equivalents as measures of performance.

We discuss organic growth revenue to provide a framework for assessing how our business performed excluding the effects of the acquisition of PSI. Organic revenue growth comparisons are performed by excluding all PSI revenues from all periods discussed.

Revenue for the three month period ended June 30, 2013 increased 25.5% to \$334.3 million, compared to the comparative period in the prior year. Excluding PSI s business, the Company recorded organic growth of 25.9%. Revenue for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 increased 26.4% to \$946.9 million, compared to the comparative period in the prior year, with organic growth being 15.4% for the same period. Both segments experienced organic growth. The principal drivers of the changes in the segments are discussed in more detail below.

Sales pipeline at June 30, 2013 was \$2.2 billion, compared to \$3.4 billion at June 30, 2012. The decrease is largely due to sales opportunities being converted into new awards. At the start of the current year, the Company had a significant number of new contracts in start-up and these converted opportunities were the principal driver behind the current fiscal year s growth in revenue. The sales pipeline only reflects opportunities where the request for proposal (RFP) is expected to be released within the next six months. Under most circumstances, contract opportunities that are carried within the pipeline reflect the base contract value and do not include future option periods. Option periods are typically reported in the pipeline six months before they are eligible to be exercised. For contracts with the United States Federal Government, it is common to see a single year base contract with multiple options, whereas state, local and international contracts typically have longer base periods. Our assessment of pipeline reflects only opportunities that the Company is pursuing or planning to pursue and should not be considered as indicative of guaranteed future revenues.

Gross profit increased by 20.2% to \$94.6 million for the three month period ended June 30, 2013 and increased 32.1% to \$268.5 million for the nine month period ended June 30, 2013, compared to the comparative periods in fiscal year 2012. The growth in both cases was driven by a combination of organic growth and the acquisition of PSI. Fluctuations in gross margins within each segment are discussed below.

Selling, general and administrative expense (SG&A) consists of costs related to general management, marketing and administration. These costs include salaries, benefits, bid and proposal efforts, travel, recruiting, continuing education, employee training, non-chargeable labor costs, facilities costs, printing, reproduction, communications, equipment depreciation, intangible amortization and legal expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business. The improvement in SG&A as a percentage of revenue has been driven by the integration of PSI and the growth of the business in the United Kingdom. The acquisition of PSI occurred in the comparative period, which included redundant SG&A costs which were eliminated in future periods. The business in the United Kingdom has relatively fixed SG&A but has recorded revenue growth in fiscal year 2013 as the contract receives the benefit of being fully ramped up.

Acquisition-related expenses relate to the costs incurred directly as a consequence of the acquisitions of HML and PSI as well as costs directly related to acquisitions which were not concluded in the period. The Company incurred \$0.9 million of expenses directly relating to the acquisition of HML during the three month period ended June 30, 2013. These costs were principally legal and due diligence charges. All charges in fiscal year 2012 relate to the acquisition of PSI. Charges include legal and due diligence costs, as well as severance directly related to the acquisition.

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Legal and settlement expense (recovery), net consists of costs, net of reimbursed insurance claims, related to significant legal settlements and non-routine legal matters, including future probable legal costs estimated to be incurred in connection with those matters. Legal expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business are included in selling, general and administrative expense. The following table sets forth the matters that represent legal and settlement expense (recovery), net:

	Three m				<b>Months</b>	
	Ended Ju	ıne 30,		Ended ,	June 30	,
(in thousands)	2013	2	2012	2013		2012
Insurance Recoveries	(390)		(445)	(390)		(1,181)
Other	208		93	188		191
Total	\$ (182)	\$	(352) \$	(202)	\$	(990)

Operating income from continuing operations increased 33% to \$44.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the same period in the prior year. Operating income from continuing operations increased 47% to \$129.1 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the comparative period in the prior year. Excluding the effect of the contract termination noted above, growth for the nine month period ended would have been 35%. These increases were driven by organic growth and the acquisition of PSI.

Interest and other income, net includes interest earned on cash and cash equivalents and on a note received by the Company for the disposal of a business in fiscal year 2008. The balance also includes immaterial foreign exchange gains and losses and the noncontrolling interest of our operations in Saudi Arabia. Almost all of the income recorded represents income from interest on cash accounts in overseas jurisdictions and this income is expected to decline owing to the use of funds for the HML acquisition.

The provision for income taxes in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2013 was \$17.1 million and \$50.1 million, respectively, reflecting effective tax rates of 37.8% and 38.0%, respectively. The comparative tax rates in fiscal year 2012 were higher owing to the correction of an immaterial error of \$1.6 million related to prior years.

Income from continuing operations, net of income taxes, was \$28.0 million, or \$0.40 per diluted share, for the three months ended June 30, 2013, compared with \$20.5 million, or \$0.29 per diluted share, for the same period in fiscal year 2012. For the nine month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, income from continuing operations, net of income taxes was \$81.5 million and \$52.3 million, or \$1.17 and \$0.75 per diluted share, respectively. For the nine month period ending June 30, 2013, net income and diluted earnings per share included the one-time benefits of \$6.5 million and \$0.09, respectively, from the contract termination noted above.

#### Health Services

	Three I Ended ,	Months June 30,		Nine N Ended ,	Ionths June 30	
(amounts in thousands)	2013		2012	2013		2012
Revenue	\$ 217,901	\$	170,403	\$ 591,847	\$	489,616
Gross profit	62,868		50,787	162,778		127,923
Operating income	34,361		25,652	83,896		60,637

Gross profit margin	28.9%	29.8%	27.5%	26.1%
Operating margin percentage	15.8%	15.1%	14.2%	12.4%

Revenue increased by 27.9% and 20.9% for the three and nine month periods ended June 30, 2013, compared with the comparative periods in fiscal year 2012. Organic growth, excluding the revenues of PSI, was 27.1% and 15.3% for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. This growth includes new work, including that associated with state health insurance exchanges, and strong volumes in our Federal Medicare appeals business.

Our gross profit and operating income increased as a consequence of this accretive revenue growth. However, results in fiscal year 2012 received the benefit of \$10.2 million from a contract amendment which also affected gross profit and operating profit. Without this, gross profit margin in both comparative periods would have been approximately 25% and operating margin approximately 10%.

We continue to see strong demand in our health business and have recently won health exchange contract work in Hawaii, Maryland and the District of Columbia. We cannot accurately predict the volume of Federal Medicare appeals we will be asked to provide but we currently anticipate this business to remain stable in future periods at the level recorded in the most recent fiscal quarter.

#### **Human Services**

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Nine M Ended J	•	
(amounts in thousands)	2013		2012		2013		2012
Revenue	\$ 116,422	\$	95,950	\$	355,093	\$	259,792
Gross profit	31,692		27,914		105,756		75,391
Operating income	11,018		9,187		46,159		28,100
Gross profit margin	27.2%		29.1%	)	29.8%		29.0%
Operating margin percentage	9.5%		9.6%	,	13.0%		10.8%

Revenue increased by 21.3% and 36.7% for the three and nine month periods ended June 30, 2013, compared with the comparative periods in fiscal year 2012. Organic growth for the same periods is 23.6% and 15.6%, respectively. Included within the revenue for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 is \$16.0 million relating to the terminated contract noted above. Excluding this unusual item, revenue increased by 30.5%. Organic revenue growth was driven by the Company s international operations, notably in the United Kingdom.

Gross profit margin and operating profit margin for the three month period ended June 30, 2013 both declined compared to the prior year period. Both gross and operating profit in fiscal year 2012 received the benefit of \$4.4 million related to a change order on a fixed-price contract, which was beneficial to margins. The declines also reflect lower margins in Australia, where changes in the contract have required additional resources, offset by margin improvements in the United Kingdom, related to the ongoing ramp up, and in Saudi Arabia, which began in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2012.

Gross profit margin and operating margin for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 improved when compared to prior years. However, this improvement was principally driven by the \$10.9 million favorable effect of the terminated contract, without which margins would be comparable to prior years. A calculation of adjusted gross and operating profit margins is shown below.

(amounts in thousands)	 Ionths Ended e 30, 2013
Revenue	\$ 355,093
Less revenue from terminated contract	(16,035)
Revenue excluding terminated contract	\$ 339,058
Gross profit	\$ 105,756
Less gross profit from terminated contract	(10,900)
Gross profit excluding terminated contract	\$ 94,856
Operating income	\$ 46,159
Less operating income from terminated contract	(10,900)
Operating income excluding terminated contract	\$ 35,259
Gross profit margin percentage excluding terminated contract	28.0%
Operating margin percentage excluding terminated contract	10.4%

The nine month period ended June 30, 2012 received the benefit of \$6.8 million related to change orders on a fixed-price contract. The nine month period ended June 30, 2013 was adversely affected by lower margins in Australia, offset by growth in the United Kingdom and Saudi Arabia. The lower margins in Australia were driven by required changes from the government, principally in increased documentation and regulatory oversight. Margins for this business are currently anticipated to remain at levels consistent with the three month period ended June 30, 2013.

Discontinued operations

During fiscal year 2013, the Company incurred a pre-tax expense of \$1.0 million related to arbitration proceedings pertaining to a discontinued operation.

During fiscal years 2012 and 2013, the Company recorded gains on sale from the disposal of a business in 2008. The terms of the sale included a promissory note. At June 30, 2013, the promissory note had a value of \$3.2 million and is fully reserved. No further payments are certain at this time. The Company recorded pre-tax gains of \$0.1 million in the three month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 and recorded pre-tax gains of \$0.3 million for the nine month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

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#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

In March 2013, the Company entered into an unsecured, five-year revolving credit agreement (the Credit Agreement ) with SunTrust Robinson Humphrey as arranger and book manager with Bank of America N.A. and HSBC USA N.A. as co-syndication agents. The Credit Agreement provides for a revolving line of credit up to \$100 million and is available for general corporate purposes including working capital expenses, capital expenditures and certain permitted acquisitions. The Credit Agreement charges borrowings at a base rate, a Eurodollar rate or an index rate plus an applicable percentage based upon the Company s total leverage ratio. The Company is required to comply with certain financial covenants, including a maximum leverage ratio and a minimum fixed charge ratio, as well as customary restrictions on liens, sales of assets, restrictive agreements, affiliate transactions and other matters. In the event that the Company s total leverage ratio equals or exceeds 2.5:1.0, the Credit Agreement also includes restrictions or limits on the Company s ability to incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, make loans or investments, declare dividends or buy back common stock. At June 30, 2013, the Company was in compliance with all covenants. At June 30, 2013, the Company s only indebtedness under the Credit Agreement relates to letters of credit of \$15.5 million. Accordingly, the Company has access to up to \$84.5 million of funds from the Credit Agreement. The Company s only other indebtedness comprises two letters of credit totaling \$3.0 million and a \$1.5 million interest-free loan from the Atlantic Innovation Fund of Canada, the proceeds of which must be used for specific purposes.

At June 30, 2013, the Company held \$187.9 million in cash and cash equivalents. Included in this total was \$71.4 million of cash used to acquire HML on July 1, 2013. The funds used to acquire HML were held in overseas locations and, after this transaction, the Company continues to hold approximately 60% of its cash and cash equivalents in overseas locations. If we were to transfer these funds to the United States, the Company would be required to accrue and pay additional taxes. We do not intend to repatriate these funds and, accordingly, we have not attempted to quantify the charges which might arise if we were to make this transaction. The charges would vary based upon tax legislation in the United States and the other overseas jurisdictions as well as the manner and timing in which MAXIMUS would make these transactions.

In general, although some overseas locations have required initial investment, the Company has been able to utilize cash flows from operations to fund working capital and capital expenditure requirements in all locations in which it has operated and the Company continues to expect that this will be the case. In addition, domestic cash flows have been sufficient to cover operating requirements as well as dividends, share repurchases and acquisitions. The principal source of these cash inflows are payments from customers, the timing of which may be driven by billing schedules and payment terms. Where contracts are performance-based, a project may experience cash outflows for several quarters before cash inflows are received. In addition, the Company has faced short-term delays in payments from certain customers, typically domestic customers, all of which were ultimately recovered. The Company believes that the combination of strong cash flows, large cash balances and access to the new credit facility should be sufficient to maintain liquidity in the event of protracted delays in payments although extended payment delays would adversely affect cash flows and the Company s costs.

Cash Flows

	Nine Mont June	 ed
(amounts in thousands)	2013	2012
Net cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities continuing operations	\$ 89,162	\$ 85,061
Operating activities discontinued operations	(587)	
Investing activities continuing operations	(34,856)	(78,195)
Financing activities continuing operations	(39,494)	(13,565)

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(15,626)	2,649
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (1,401)	\$ (4,050)

Cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 was \$89.2 million, compared with \$85.1 million in the same period in fiscal year 2012. The increase of \$4.1 million is significantly less than the increase in net income of \$28.6 million, reflecting a combination of increased working capital from the growth of the business as well as payment delays from two large contracts in the United States. The delays relate to administrative delays on the part of the clients. However, we anticipate that these matters will be resolved shortly and that our operating cash receipts will receive a benefit during our fourth fiscal quarter.

Cash flows from discontinued operations relate to arbitration expenses incurred in addressing legal matters for a discontinued line of business.

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Cash used in investing activities from continuing operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 was \$34.9 million, compared to \$78.2 million for the same period in fiscal year 2012. The prior period includes \$66.0 million used to acquire PSI, offset in the current period by a receipt of \$3.4 million related to the final settlement of the purchase price. The balance is principally driven by capital investment in the significant number of projects started during the current fiscal year. Future investing cash flows will be contingent upon new business awards.

Cash used in financing activities from continuing operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 was \$39.5 million, compared to \$13.6 million for the same period in fiscal year 2012. The principal driver of this growth was an increase of \$17.9 million for share repurchases of common stock, an increase of \$4.4 million related to employee tax withholding on restricted stock units and a reduction of \$4.6 million of funds received from employee stock transactions. In the nine months of fiscal year 2013, 251,000 stock options were exercised, compared with 800,000 stock options in the first nine months of fiscal year 2012.

The Company s cash balance decreased by \$15.6 million in the nine-month period ended June 30, 2013 owing to foreign exchange rate fluctuations. The principal driver of this change was the weakening of the Australian Dollar against the United States Dollar.

To supplement our statements of cash flows presented on a GAAP basis, we use the non-GAAP measure of free cash flows from continuing operations to analyze the funds generated from operations. We believe free cash flow from continuing operations is a useful basis for comparing our performance with our competitors. The presentation of non-GAAP free cash flows from continuing operations is not meant to be considered in isolation, or as an alternative to net income as an indicator of performance, or as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities as a measure of liquidity. We calculate free cash flow from continuing operations as follows:

	Nine Mon June	 ed
(amounts in thousands)	2013	2012
Cash provided by operating activities continuing operations	\$ 89,162	\$ 85,061
Purchases of property and equipment	(24,869)	(11,884)
Capitalized software costs	(13,652)	(2,850)
Free cash flow from continuing operations	\$ 50,641	\$ 70,327

Repurchases of the Company s common stock

Under a resolution adopted in November 2011, the Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase, at management s discretion, of up to an aggregate of \$125.0 million of the Company s common stock. The resolution also authorizes the use of option exercise proceeds for the repurchase of the Company s common stock. During the nine months ended June 30, 2013, the Company repurchased 828,898 common shares at a cost of \$27.0 million. At June 30, 2013, \$102.2 million is available for future stock repurchases. Under an earlier repurchase plan, the Company repurchased 480,400 common shares at a cost of \$8.9 million, during the nine month period ended June 30, 2012.

Letters of Credit and Performance Bonds

Certain contracts require us to provide a letter of credit or a surety bond as a guarantee of performance. At June 30, 2013, the Company had letters of credit totaling \$15.5 million and performance bond commitments totaling \$50.9 million. These letters of credit and performance bonds are typically renewed annually and remain in place until the contractual obligations have been satisfied. Although the triggering events vary from contract to contract, in general, we would only be liable for the amount of these guarantees in the event of default in our performance of our obligations under each contract, the probability of which we believe is remote.

Dividend

On July 5, 2013, the Company s Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.045 for each share of the Company s common stock outstanding. The dividend is payable on August 30, 2013, to shareholders of record on August 15, 2013.

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#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent liabilities and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates including those related to revenue recognition and cost estimation on certain contracts, the realizability of goodwill, and amounts related to income taxes, certain accrued liabilities and contingencies and litigation. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

We believe that we do not have material off-balance-sheet risk or exposure to liabilities that are not recorded or disclosed in our financial statements. While we have significant operating lease commitments for office space, those commitments are generally tied to the period of performance under related contracts. Additionally, although on certain contracts we are bound by performance bond commitments and standby letters of credit, we have not had any defaults resulting in draws on performance bonds. Also, we do not speculate in derivative transactions.

During the three months ended June 30, 2013, there were no significant changes to the critical accounting policies we disclosed in Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2012.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

We believe that our exposure to market risk related to the effect of changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices and other market risks with regard to instruments entered into for trading or for other purposes is immaterial.

There have been no material changes in the information presented in Item 7A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2012.

# Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act

of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act )) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures were effective and designed to ensure that the information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission s rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) identified in connection with the evaluation of our internal control that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings.

The Company is involved in various legal proceedings, including contract and employment claims, in the ordinary course of its business. The matters reported on below involve significant pending or potential claims against us.

In March 2009, a state Medicaid agency asserted a claim against MAXIMUS, related to a discontinued business line, in the amount of \$2.3 million in connection with a contract MAXIMUS had through February 1, 2009 to provide Medicaid administrative claiming services to school districts in the state. MAXIMUS entered into separate agreements with the school districts under which MAXIMUS helped the districts prepare and submit claims to the state Medicaid agency which, in turn, submitted claims for reimbursement to the federal government. No legal action has been initiated. The state has asserted that its agreement with MAXIMUS requires the Company to reimburse the state for the amounts owed to the federal government. However, the Company s agreements with the school districts require them to reimburse MAXIMUS for such payments and therefore MAXIMUS believes the school districts are responsible for any amounts disallowed by the state Medicaid agency or the federal government. Accordingly, the Company believes its exposure in this matter is limited to its fees associated with this work and that the school districts will be responsible for the remainder. MAXIMUS has exited the federal healthcare claiming business and no longer provides the services at issue in this matter.

In 2008 MAXIMUS sold the SchoolMAX student information system business line as part of the divestiture of the MAXIMUS Education Systems division. In 2012, a school district ( District ) which was a SchoolMAX client filed a formal arbitration notice alleging that MAXIMUS and the buyer failed to (i) use best practices in developing the software and (ii) deliver and test product releases as required by the contract. The District contended that those failures resulted in damages of at least \$10 million. In December 2012, the arbitration panel denied the District s claims in their entirety. Costs related to the arbitration proceeding have been included in the current period as discontinued operations. The District subsequently filed a motion to vacate the decision of the arbitration panel which was denied by the court in July 2013. In late 2012, the District asserted that MAXIMUS had defrauded the District in 2007 or 2008 by misrepresenting its intentions regarding the sale of the Education Systems division. That allegation was not part of the arbitration, and no formal claim or lawsuit has been filed. The company believes it has a number of defenses to that allegation and would contest it vigorously if it were asserted.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors.

In connection with information set forth in this Form 10-Q, the factors discussed under Risk Factors in our Form 10-K for fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 should be considered. The risks included in the Form 10-K could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. There have been no material changes to the factors discussed in our Form 10-K.

#### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

(c) The following table sets forth the information required regarding repurchases of common stock that we made during the three months ended June 30, 2013:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid per Share(1)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans (1)(2)	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan (in thousands)
Apr. 1, 2013 Apr. 30, 2013		\$		\$ 114,614
May 1, 2013 May 31, 2013	289,800	37.83	289,800	\$ 103,656
Jun. 1, 2013 Jun. 30, 2013	40,000	36.20	40,000	\$ 102,208
Total	329,800	\$ 37.63	329,800	

<sup>(1)</sup> All share numbers and prices have been adjusted to reflect the two-for-one stock split which occurred in June 2013.

### Item 6. Exhibits.

The Exhibits filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are listed on the Exhibit Index immediately following the Signatures. The Exhibit Index is incorporated herein by reference.

Under a resolution adopted in November 2011, the Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase, at management s discretion, of up to an aggregate of \$125.0 million of the Company s common stock. The resolution also authorized the use of option exercise proceeds for the repurchase of the Company s common stock.

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### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MAXIMUS, INC.

Date: August 9, 2013 By: /s/ David N. Walker

David N. Walker Chief Financial Officer

(On behalf of the registrant and as Principal Financial

and Accounting Officer)

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# EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Section 906 Principal Executive Officer Certification.
32.2	Section 906 Principal Financial Officer Certification.
101	The following materials from the MAXIMUS, Inc. Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2013 formatted in eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) Consolidated Statements of Operations, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive income, (iii) Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. Filed electronically herewith.