SPRINT Corp Form 10-Q November 07, 2018 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

 $_{\rm X}$  QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2018

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File number 1-04721

commission The number 1 01/21

#### SPRINT CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

(2..... in its end of the state of the state

Delaware 46-1170005

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

6200 Sprint Parkway, Overland Park, Kansas 66251 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (913) 794-1091

Registrant's telephone number, meruding area code. (713

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Emerging growth companyo

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.) Yes o No x

COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING AT NOVEMBER 6, 2018:

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#### PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

# SPRINT CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30, March 3 2018 2018		
	(in millions, except shaper share data)		
ASSETS	per siture o	)	
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,726	\$ 6,610	
Short-term investments	3,186	2,354	
Accounts and notes receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts and deferred	3,555	3,711	
interest of \$321 and \$409, respectively		3,711	
Device and accessory inventory	859	1,003	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,121	575	
Total current assets	14,447	14,253	
Property, plant and equipment, net	20,816	19,925	
Costs to acquire a customer contract	1,379	_	
Intangible assets			
Goodwill	6,598	6,586	
FCC licenses and other	41,373	41,309	
Definite-lived intangible assets, net	2,075	2,465	
Other assets	1,163	921	
Total assets	\$ 87,851	\$ 85,459	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 4,210	\$ 3,409	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	3,370	3,962	
Current portion of long-term debt, financing and capital lease obligations	5,346	3,429	
Total current liabilities	12,926	10,800	
Long-term debt, financing and capital lease obligations	35,329	37,463	
Deferred tax liabilities	7,704	7,294	
Other liabilities	3,428	3,483	
Total liabilities	59,387	59,040	
Commitments and contingencies			
Stockholders' equity:			
Common stock, voting, par value \$0.01 per share, 9.0 billion authorized, 4.079 billion	41	40	
and 4.005 billion issued, respectively			
Paid-in capital	28,251	27,884	
Treasury shares, at cost	(15	) —	
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	432	(1,255 )	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(308	) (313 )	
Total stockholders' equity	28,401	26,356	
Noncontrolling interests	63	63	
Total equity	28,464	26,419	
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 87,851	\$ 85,459	

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

# SPRINT CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS	<b>)</b>				
	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ende		l
	September 30,		September 30,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	(in milli	-			
Net operating revenues:	except p	per share	amounts)		
Service	\$5,762	\$5,967	\$11,502	\$12,038	3
Equipment sales	1,418	994	2,591	2,181	,
Equipment rentals	1,253	966	2,465	1,865	
• •	8,433	7,927	16,558	16,084	
Net operating expenses:					
Cost of services (exclusive of depreciation and amortization included below)	1,694	1,698	3,371	3,407	
Cost of equipment sales	1,517	1,404	2,787	2,949	
Cost of equipment rentals (exclusive of depreciation below)	151	112	275	224	
Selling, general and administrative	1,861	2,013	3,728	3,951	
Severance and exit costs	25		33		
Depreciation - network and other	1,021	997	2,044	1,974	
Depreciation - equipment rentals	1,181	888	2,317	1,742	
Amortization Other not	159 46	209 5	330 80	432 (359	`
Other, net	7,655	7,326	14,965	14,320	)
Operating income	7,033 778	601	1,593	1,764	
Other (expense) income:	770	001	1,575	1,704	
Interest expense	(633	(595)	(1,270	(1,208	)
Other income (expense), net	79	44	121	(8	)
				``	)
Income before income taxes	224	50	444	548	
Income tax expense	(17	(98)	(64	(390	)
Net income (loss)	207	(48)	380	158	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	,	) —	(8	) —	
Net income (loss) attributable to Sprint Corporation	\$196	\$(48)	\$372	\$158	
Basic net income (loss) per common share attributable to Sprint Corporation	\$0.05	\$(0.01)	\$0.09	\$0.04	
Diluted net income (loss) per common share attributable to Sprint Corporation	\$0.05	\$(0.01)	\$0.09	\$0.04	
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	4,061	3,998	4,036	3,996	
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	4,124	3,998	4,095	4,080	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:					
Net unrealized holding gains (losses) on securities and other	\$1	\$13	\$(7	\$18	
Net unrealized holding gains (losses) on derivatives	7	2	17	(7	)
Net unrecognized net periodic pension and other postretirement benefits	1	1	3	1	
Cumulative effect of accounting change			(8	) —	
Other comprehensive income	9	16	5	12	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$216	\$(32)	\$385	\$170	

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

# SPRINT CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Six Mo Ended Septem 2018 (in mill	nber 20	30, 017	
Cash flows from operating activities:  Net income	\$380	•	158	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	Φ360	Ψ.	136	
Depreciation and amortization	4,691	1	148	
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	166		99	
Share-based and long-term incentive compensation expense	68	87		
Deferred income tax expense	39		, 54	
Gains from asset dispositions and exchanges	39			)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		65		,
Loss on early extinguishment of debt  Amortization of long-term debt premiums, net	— (67	) (9		`
	343		10	)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment				`
Deferred purchase price from sale of receivables  Other changes in assets and liabilities:	(223	) (6	<b>14</b> 0	)
Other changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts and notes receivable	85	(1	70	`
	83 168	54		)
Inventories and other current assets				`
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	-	) (1		)
Non-current assets and liabilities, net	-	) 18		
Other, net	186		20	
Net cash provided by operating activities	5,357	4,	726	
Cash flows from investing activities:	(2.200	\ /1	0.40	,
Capital expenditures - network and other	(2,398			
Capital expenditures - leased devices	(3,524			
Expenditures relating to FCC licenses	-	) (1		)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of short-term investments	4,002	-		
Purchases of short-term investments	(4,834			)
Proceeds from sales of assets and FCC licenses	272	21		
Proceeds from deferred purchase price from sale of receivables	223	64		
Other, net	42	(2		)
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,287	) (2	237	)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from debt and financings	2,944	-	860	
Repayments of debt, financing and capital lease obligations	(2,928			)
Debt financing costs	(248	) (9		)
Call premiums paid on debt redemptions	_	(1	29	)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net	276	1		
Other, net		(2	22	)

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	44 (2,560)
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(886 ) 1,929
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	6,659 2,942
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$5,773 \$4,871
See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	

Six Months Ended September 30, 2018

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# SPRINT CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (in millions)

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			non					•		-			ccumi	ulate					
		ock		Paid-		Sl	hare	S		Deficit	-		ther					l <b>Tiog</b> al	
	Sh	are	sAmou	Capi nt	tal	Sl	h.Amer	юun	nt I	Retain Earnin	ed gs		Compre .oss	ehen	silv	<b>t</b> erest	S	Equity	
Balance, March 31, 2018 Net income (loss)	4,0	005	\$ 40	\$27,	884	_	-\$	_	9	\$ (1,25 176	55 )		(313	)	\$ (3		)	\$26,419 173	)
Other comprehensive income, net of	of											4						4	
tax	0			•				,											,
Issuance of common stock, net	8			2		1	(4	)										(2	)
Share-based compensation expense	•			40														40	
Capital contribution by SoftBank				1														1	
Cumulative effect of accounting									1	1,315		(8	3	)				1,307	
changes										,				,					
Other, net				3														3	
Increase (decrease) attributable to				8											(8	3	)		
noncontrolling interests																	,		
Balance, June 30, 2018	4,0	)13	40	27,93	38	1	(4	)		236		(:	317	)	52			27,945	
Net income									]	196					1	l		207	
Other comprehensive income, net of	of											9						9	
tax																			
Issuance of common stock, net	66		1	288		1	(11	)	)									278	
Share-based compensation expense	•			27														27	
Capital contribution by SoftBank				1														1	
Other, net				(3	)							-	_					(3	)
Balance, September 30, 2018	4,0	)79	\$ 41	\$28,	251	2	\$ (1	5)	5	\$ 432		\$	(308	)	\$	63		\$28,464	ļ
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		Sł	naresAr	nount	Cap	ıta.	1	Sha	<b>x</b> e	<b>s</b> ount	Defi	C1t		Los	_	renens	sive	Equity	
Balance, March 31, 2017		3.	989 \$	40	\$27.	.75	56 -	—\$	5 -		\$ (8,	58	4 )	\$	(40	4	)	\$18,808	3
Net income		,				,					206		,					206	
Other comprehensive loss, net of ta	ıx													(4			)	(4	)
Issuance of common stock, net		7			9													9	,
Share-based compensation expense	,	•			40													40	
Capital contribution by SoftBank					2													2	
Other, net					(46		)											(46	)
Balance, June 30, 2017		3	996 40		27,7	61					(8,37	78	)	(40	8		)	19,015	,
Net loss		٠,			,,	<b>-</b> 1					(48		)	(	_		,	(48	)
Other comprehensive income, net of	of ta	X									( .0		,	16				16	,
Issuance of common stock, net	· · · ·	4			1			1 (	9	)				10				(8	)
issuance of common stock, not		•						. (	_	,								(0	,

Share-based compensation expense		47	47
Capital contribution by SoftBank		3	3
Other, net		(5)	(5)
Balance, September 30, 2017	4,000 \$ 40	\$27,807 1 \$ (9 ) \$ (8,426 ) \$ (392	) \$19,020

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INDEX

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# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation and Other Information

**Basis of Presentation** 

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X for interim financial information. All normal recurring adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Certain disclosures normally included in annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP) have been omitted. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes contained in our Annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2018. Unless the context otherwise requires, references to "Sprint," "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" mean Sprint Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries for all periods presented, and references to "Sprint Communications" are to Sprint Communications, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

The preparation of the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements requires management of the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements. These estimates are inherently subject to judgment and actual results could differ.

The consolidated financial statements include our accounts, those of our 100% owned subsidiaries, and subsidiaries we control or in which we have a controlling financial interest. For controlled subsidiaries that are not wholly-owned, the noncontrolling interests are included in "Net income (loss)" and "Total equity". All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### Reclassification of Prior Period Amounts

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. As a result of the growing significance of our leasing program, in fiscal year 2017 we disaggregated equipment revenue between device sales and device operating lease revenue in our consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). Revenue derived from device sales is now being reported in a new caption called "Equipment sales," and revenue derived from device operating leases is now being reported in a new caption called "Equipment rentals." For the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2017, we have disaggregated revenues of \$966 million and \$1.9 billion, respectively, from equipment revenue to "Equipment rentals."

To align with the changes made to our revenue presentation, we have added two new captions within the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) to capture certain costs directly attributable to our leasing activities consisting of "Cost of equipment rentals (exclusive of depreciation)" and "Depreciation - equipment rentals." For the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2017, we have reclassed \$112 million and \$224 million, respectively, of loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net of recoveries resulting from the write-off of leased devices from "Other, net" to the new caption called "Cost of equipment rentals (exclusive of depreciation)." Additionally, we disaggregated total depreciation between network and other versus depreciation related to equipment rentals. Network and other depreciation is now being reported in a new caption called "Depreciation - network and other," and depreciation derived from equipment rentals is now being reported in a new caption called "Depreciation - equipment rentals." For the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2017, we have disaggregated depreciation of \$888 million and \$1.7 billion, respectively, from depreciation to "Depreciation - equipment rentals." Total net operating revenues, net operating expenses, net income (loss), and basic and diluted earnings per share were not affected by these reclassifications.

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted authoritative guidance regarding Statement of Cash Flows: Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments. The Company adopted this standard with retrospective application to the consolidated statements of cash flows. The standard impacted the presentation of cash flows related to beneficial

interests in securitization transactions, which is the deferred purchase price associated with our accounts receivable facility, resulting in reclassification of cash inflows from operating activities to investing activities of \$640 million for the six-month period ended September 30, 2017 in our consolidated statements of cash flows. The standard also impacted the presentation of cash flows related to separately identifiable cash flows and application of the predominance principal primarily related to direct channel leased devices resulting in a material reclassification of cash outflows from operating

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#### Index for Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

activities to investing activities of \$2.0 billion for the six-month period ended September 30, 2017 in our consolidated statements of cash flows. In addition, the standard also impacted the presentation of cash flows related to debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs and resulted in a reclassification of cash outflows from operating activities to financing activities of \$129 million for the six-month period ended September 30, 2017 in our consolidated statements of cash flows. Proceeds from the settlement of corporate-owned life insurance policies resulted in a \$2 million reclassification between operating and investing activities in our consolidated statements of cash flows for the six-month period ended September 30, 2017.

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted authoritative guidance regarding Statement of Cash Flows: Restricted Cash, requiring that amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows. The Company adopted this standard with retrospective application to the consolidated statements of cash flows. The adoption of this standard resulted in an increase of \$72 million in the beginning balance of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash on April 1, 2017.

#### **Business Combination Agreement**

On April 29, 2018, we announced that we entered into a Business Combination Agreement with T-Mobile US (T-Mobile) to merge in an all-stock transaction for a fixed exchange ratio of 0.10256 of T-Mobile shares for each Sprint share, or the equivalent of 9.75 Sprint shares for each T-Mobile share. Immediately following the transactions, Deutsche Telekom AG and SoftBank Group Corp. are expected to hold approximately 42% and 27% of fully-diluted shares of the combined company, respectively, with the remaining 31% of the fully-diluted shares of the combined company held by public stockholders. The Board will consist of 14 directors, of which nine will be nominated by Deutsche Telekom AG, four will be nominated by SoftBank Group Corp, and the final director will be the CEO of the combined company. The combined company will be named T-Mobile. The transaction is subject to customary closing conditions, including regulatory approvals, and is expected to close in the first half of calendar year 2019. Sprint and T-Mobile completed the Hart-Scott-Rodino filing with the Department of Justice on May 24, 2018. On June 18, 2018, the parties filed with the FCC the merger applications, including the Public Interest Statement. On July 18, 2018, the FCC accepted the applications for filing and established a public comment period for the transaction. The formal comment period concluded on October 31, 2018.

#### Note 2. New Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Pronouncements Adopted During the Current Year

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued new authoritative literature, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). This standard update, along with related subsequently issued updates, clarifies the principles for recognizing revenue and develops a common revenue standard for U.S. GAAP. The new standard supersedes much of the existing authoritative literature for revenue recognition (Topic 605). The standard update also amends current guidance for the recognition of costs to obtain and fulfill contracts with customers such that incremental costs of obtaining and direct costs of fulfilling contracts with customers will be deferred and amortized consistent with the transfer of the related good or service. Upon adoption, the Company applied the standard only to contracts that were not completed, referred to as open contracts.

The Company adopted this standard update beginning on April 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective method. This method requires that the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard be recognized at the date of application beginning April 1, 2018. We recorded a pre-tax cumulative effect of \$1.7 billion (\$1.3 billion, net of tax) as a reduction to the April 1, 2018 opening balance of accumulated deficit. Results for reporting periods beginning after April 1, 2018 are presented under Topic 606, while amounts reported for prior periods have not been adjusted and

continue to be reported under accounting standards in effect for those periods. See Note 8. Revenues from Contracts with Customers for additional information related to revenues and contract costs, including qualitative and quantitative disclosures required under Topic 606.

In January 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance regarding Financial Instruments, which amended guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments. Under the new guidance, entities will be required to measure equity investments that are not consolidated or accounted for under the equity method at fair value with any changes in fair value recorded in net income (loss), unless the entity has elected the new practicability exception. For financial

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# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

liabilities measured using the fair value option, entities will be required to separately present in other comprehensive income (loss) the portion of the changes in fair value attributable to instrument-specific credit risk. Additionally, the guidance amends certain disclosure requirements associated with the fair value of financial instruments. The Company adopted this standard update beginning on April 1, 2018 on a retrospective basis resulting in a pre-tax cumulative effect of \$12 million (\$8 million, net of tax) to our opening balance of accumulated deficit.

In October 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance regarding Income Taxes, which amended guidance for the income tax consequences of intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory. Under the new guidance, entities will be required to recognize the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory when the transfer occurs, thereby eliminating the recognition exception within current guidance. The Company adopted this standard on April 1, 2018 on a modified retrospective basis with no impact to our consolidated financial statements. In January 2017, the FASB issued authoritative guidance amending Business Combinations: Clarifying the Definition of a Business, to clarify the definition of a business with the objective of providing a more robust framework to assist management when evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. The Company adopted this standard on April 1, 2018 with prospective application to future business combinations.

In January 2017, the FASB issued authoritative guidance regarding Intangibles - Goodwill and Other: Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment, which simplifies the goodwill impairment test by eliminating the requirement to calculate the implied fair value of goodwill to measure a goodwill impairment charge (Step 2 of the test), but rather to record an impairment charge based on the excess of the carrying value over its fair value. The Company adopted this standard on April 1, 2018 with no impact to our consolidated financial statements at the date of adoption.

The cumulative after-tax effect of the changes made to our consolidated balance sheet for the adoption of Topic 606 and other ASUs effective for the Company on April 1, 2018 were as follows:

and other 715 est effective for the company on	7 Ipin 1, 2	Adjustn		ows.
		due to		
	March 31, 2018	Topic 606	Other ASUs	April 1, 2018
	(in millio	ons)		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Accounts and notes receivable, net	\$3,711	\$ 97	\$ —	\$3,808
Device and accessory inventory	1,003	(24)	_	979
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	575	271		846
Costs to acquire a customer contract		1,219		1,219
Other assets	921	43		964
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$3,962	\$ (35)	\$ —	\$3,927
Deferred tax liabilities	7,294	366		7,660
Other liabilities	3,483	(32)		3,451
Stockholders' equity:				
(Accumulated deficit) retained earnings	(1,255)	1,307	8	60
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(313)	_	(8)	(321)

The most significant impact upon adoption of Topic 606 on April 1, 2018 was the recognition of a deferred contract cost asset of \$1.2 billion, which was recorded in "Costs to acquire a customer contract" in our consolidated balance sheets for incremental contract acquisition costs paid on open contracts at the date of adoption. We are capitalizing and subsequently amortizing commission costs, which were previously expensed, related to new service contracts over the expected customer relationship period, while costs associated with contract renewals are amortized over the anticipated length of the service contract. We expect that operating expenses will be lower in the current fiscal year compared to amounts recorded under

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Topic 605 due to higher deferrals of such costs compared to the amortization of prior period commission costs deferred only for open contracts at the date of adoption as permitted by Topic 606.

A reconciliation of the adjustments from the adoption of Topic 606 relative to Topic 605 on our consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) and balance sheet is as follows:

satisfients of comprehensive meetine (ross) and calculed since	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Balances without			Six Mont September	hs Ended or 30, 2018 Balances without	
	As reported	adoption	Change	As reported	adoption of Topic 606	Change
	(in millio	ons, excep	t per	(in millio	ns, except	ner
	share an	_	- F	share amo	_	r
Net operating revenues:		,			,	
Service	\$5,762	\$5,935	\$(173)	\$11,502	\$11,818	\$(316)
Equipment sales	1,418	1,067	351	2,591	1,959	632
Equipment rentals	1,253	1,270	(17)	2,465	2,498	(33)
1 1	8,433	8,272	161	16,558	16,275	283
Net operating expenses:						
Cost of services (exclusive of depreciation and amortization	1.604	1 714	(20 )	2 271	2 402	(21 )
included below)	1,694	1,714	(20)	3,371	3,402	(31)
Cost of equipment sales	1,517	1,468	49	2,787	2,716	71
Cost of equipment rentals (exclusive of depreciation below)	151	151	_	275	275	_
Selling, general and administrative	1,861	1,954	(93)	3,728	3,902	(174)
Severance and exit costs	25	25		33	33	_
Depreciation - network and other	1,021	1,021		2,044	2,044	_
Depreciation - equipment rentals	1,181	1,181	_	2,317	2,317	_
Amortization	159	159	_	330	330	_
Other, net	46	46	_	80	80	_
	7,655	7,719	(64)	14,965	15,099	(134)
Operating income	778	553	225	1,593	1,176	417
Total other expense	(554)	(554)		(1,149)	(1,149)	
Income (loss) before income taxes	224	. ,	225	444	27	417
Income tax (expense) benefit	(17)	30	(47)	(64)	23	(87)
Net income	207	29	178	380	50	330
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		. ,	_			_
Net income attributable to Sprint	\$196	\$ 18	\$178	\$372	\$42	\$330
Basic net income per common share attributable to Sprint	\$0.05	\$ <i>-</i>	\$0.05	\$0.09	\$0.01	\$0.08
Diluted net income per common share attributable to Sprint	\$0.05	\$—	\$0.05	\$0.09	\$0.01	\$0.08
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	4,061	4,061	_	4,036	4,036	_
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	4,124	4,124	_	4,095	4,095	_

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# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	As reported	ber 30, 20 Balances without adoption dof Topic 606	18 Change
	(in mill	ions)	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Accounts and notes receivable	\$3,555	\$3,470	\$ 85
Device and accessory inventory	859	881	(22)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,121	691	430
Costs to acquire a customer contract	1,379		1,379
Other assets	1,163	1,004	159
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$3,370	\$3,397	\$ (27)
Deferred tax liabilities	7,704	7,251	453
Other liabilities	3,428	3,460	(32)
Stockholders' equity:			
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	432	(1,205)	1,637

The most significant impacts to our financial statement results as reported under Topic 606 as compared to Topic 605 for the current reporting period are as follows:

Consideration paid to customers or on behalf of customers is included as a reduction of the total transaction price of customer contracts, resulting in a contract asset that is amortized to service revenue over the term of the contract. As a result, the income statement impact reflects an increase in equipment sales offset by a reduction in wireless service revenue. Under the previous standard, this consideration paid to customers or on behalf of customers was recognized as a reduction to revenue or as selling, general and administrative expense.

Costs to acquire a customer contract or for a contract renewal are now capitalized and amortized to selling, general and administrative expenses over the expected customer relationship period or length of the service contract, respectively. Under the previous standard, these commission costs were expensed as incurred.

Deferred tax liabilities were increased for temporary differences established upon adoption of Topic 606, primarily attributable to costs to acquire a customer contract. For income tax purposes, these commission costs will continue to be expensed as incurred.

Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In February 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance regarding Leases, and has subsequently modified several areas of the standard in order to provide additional clarity and improvements. The new standard will supersede much of the existing authoritative literature for leases. This guidance requires lessees, among other things, to recognize right-of-use assets and liabilities on their balance sheet for all leases with lease terms longer than twelve months. In July 2018, the FASB made targeted improvements to the standard, including providing an additional and optional transition method. Under this method, an entity initially applies the standard at the adoption date, including the election of certain transition reliefs, and recognizes a cumulative effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained

earnings in the period of adoption. The standard will be effective for the Company for its fiscal year beginning April 1, 2019, including interim periods within that fiscal year, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the guidance and assessing its overall impact. However, we expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on our consolidated balance sheets and we are implementing significant new processes and internal controls over lease recognition, which will ultimately assist in the application of the new lease standard.

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In June 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance regarding Financial Instruments - Credit Losses, which requires entities to use a Current Expected Credit Loss impairment model based on expected losses rather than incurred losses. Under this model, an entity would recognize an impairment allowance equal to its current estimate of all contractual cash flows that the entity does not expect to collect from financial assets measured at amortized cost. The entity's estimate would consider relevant information about past events, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts, which will result in recognition of lifetime expected credit losses. The standard will be effective for the Company's fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020, including interim reporting periods within that fiscal year, although early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2018, the FASB issued authoritative guidance regarding Compensation - Stock Compensation, which expands the scope of ASC Topic 718 to include share-based payment transactions for acquiring goods and services from nonemployees. The standard will be effective for the Company for its fiscal year beginning April 1, 2019, including interim periods within that fiscal year, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the guidance and assessing its overall impact. However, we do not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued authoritative guidance regarding Fair Value Measurement: Disclosure Framework, which eliminates, adds and modifies certain disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. The standard will be effective for the Company for its fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020, including interim periods within that fiscal year, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the guidance and assessing its overall impact. However, we do not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued authoritative guidance regarding Intangibles - Goodwill and Other - Internal-Use Software, which aligns the requirements for a customer to capitalize implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract with the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software. The standard will be effective for the Company for its fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020, including interim periods within that fiscal year, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the guidance and assessing its overall impact.

#### Note 3. Installment Receivables

Certain subscribers have the option to pay for their devices in installments, generally up to a 24-month period. Short-term installment receivables are recorded in "Accounts and notes receivable, net" and long-term installment receivables are recorded in "Other assets" in the consolidated balance sheets.

The following table summarizes the installment receivables:

The following table summarizes the instantient	receivables.
	SeptembeMatch 31,
	2018 2018
	(in millions)
Installment receivables, gross	\$1,082 \$1,472
Deferred interest	(49 ) (106 )
Installment receivables, net of deferred interest	1,033 1,366
Allowance for credit losses	(195 ) (217 )
Installment receivables, net	\$838 \$1,149

Classified in the consolidated balance sheets as:

Accounts and notes receivable, net	\$687	\$ 995
Other assets	151	154
Installment receivables, net	\$838	\$ 1,149

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# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The balance and aging of installment receivables on a gross basis by credit category were as follows:

	Septe	mber 30, 2	018	March 3	31, 2018	
	Prime	Subprime	Total	Prime	Subprime	Total
	(in mi	illions)		(in mill	ions)	
Unbilled	\$652	\$ 328	\$980	\$951	\$ 391	\$1,342
Billed - current	55	22	77	69	29	98
Billed - past due	13	12	25	17	15	32
Installment receivables, gross	\$720	\$ 362	\$1,082	\$1,037	\$ 435	\$1,472

Activity in the deferred interest and allowance for credit losses for the installment receivables was as follows:

	MonthsMonths
	Ended Ended
	Septembando, 31,
	2018 2018
	(in millions)
Deferred interest and allowance for credit losses, beginning of period	\$323 \$ 506
Adjustment to deferred interest on short- and long-term installment receivables due to Topic 606	(50 ) —
Bad debt expense	40 142
Write-offs, net of recoveries	(62 ) (224 )
Change in deferred interest on short- and long-term installment receivables	(7 ) (101 )
Deferred interest and allowance for credit losses, end of period	\$244 \$ 323

#### Note 4. Financial Instruments

The Company carries certain assets and liabilities at fair value. Fair value is defined as an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The three-tier hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value, which prioritizes the inputs based on the observability as of the measurement date, is as follows: quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; observable inputs other than the quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities; and unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which require the Company to develop assumptions of what market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The carrying amount of cash equivalents, accounts and notes receivable, and accounts payable approximates fair value. Short-term investments are recorded at amortized cost and the respective carrying amounts approximate the fair value that would be determined primarily using quoted prices in active markets. As of September 30, 2018, short-term investments totaled \$3.2 billion and consisted of approximately \$2.2 billion of time deposits and \$1.0 billion of commercial paper. As of March 31, 2018, short-term investments totaled \$2.4 billion and consisted of approximately \$1.6 billion of time deposits and \$765 million of commercial paper. The fair value of marketable equity securities totaling \$15 million and \$57 million as of September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, respectively, are measured on a recurring basis using quoted prices in active markets. Current and long-term debt inclusive of our other financings are carried at amortized cost.

Debt for which estimated fair value is determined based on unobservable inputs primarily represents borrowings under our secured equipment credit facilities, and sales of receivables under our Accounts Receivable Facility (Receivables Facility). See Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Financing and Capital Lease Obligations for additional information. The carrying amounts associated with these borrowings approximate fair value.

Twelve

The estimated fair value of the majority of our current and long-term debt, excluding our secured equipment credit facilities, and sold wireless service, installment billing and future receivables is determined based on quoted prices in active markets or by using other observable inputs that are derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data.

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#### SPRINT CORPORATION

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The following table presents carrying amounts and estimated fair values of current and long-term debt and financing obligations:

	Carrying Estimated Fair Value Using Input Type				ype
	amount at Septemb 30, 2018	Quoted prices in er active markets	Observable	Unobservable	Total estimated fair value
Current and long-term debt and financing obligations	(in milli	ons) \$38,090	¢	_\$ 4,240	\$ 42,330
Current and long-term debt and imaneing obligations				=\$ 4,240 e Using Input T	
	amount at March 31, 2018	Quoted prices in active markets	Observable	Unobservable	Total estimated fair value
Current and long-term debt and financing obligations	(in millio \$40,820	,	\$ -	_\$ 3,737	\$ 41,286

#### Note 5. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consists primarily of network equipment and other long-lived assets used to provide service to our subscribers. Non-cash accruals included in property, plant and equipment (excluding leased devices) totaled \$1.2 billion and \$360 million as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The following table presents the components of property, plant and equipment and the related accumulated depreciation:

	Septembe	erM <b>o</b> rch 31,
	2018	2018
	(in millio	ns)
Land	\$247	\$254
Network equipment, site costs and related software	23,281	22,930
Buildings and improvements	825	813
Non-network internal use software, office equipment, leased devices and other	12,024	11,149
Construction in progress	3,576	2,202
Less: accumulated depreciation	(19,137)	(17,423)
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$20,816	\$19,925

Sprint offers a leasing program to its customers whereby qualified subscribers can lease a device for a contractual period of time. At the end of the lease term, the subscriber has the option to return the device, continue leasing the device, or purchase the device. As of September 30, 2018, substantially all of our device leases were classified as operating leases. Purchases of leased devices are reported as cash outflows for "Capital expenditures - leased devices" in the consolidated statements of cash flows. The devices are then depreciated using the straight-line method to their estimated residual value generally over the term of the lease.

The following table presents leased devices and the related accumulated depreciation:

September March 31, 2018 2018 (in millions)

Leased devices \$10,404 \$9,592 Less: accumulated depreciation (4,220 ) (3,580 ) Leased devices, net \$6,184 \$6,012

During the six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, we had non-cash transfers of returned leased devices from property, plant and equipment to device and accessory inventory at the lower of net book value or their estimated fair value of \$399 million and \$301 million, respectively. Non-cash accruals included in leased devices totaled \$207 million and \$210 million as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

During the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, we recorded \$219 million, \$343 million, \$117 million and \$404 million, respectively, of loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net of recoveries.

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Net losses that resulted from the write-off of leased devices were primarily associated with lease cancellations prior to the scheduled customer lease terms, where customers did not return the devices to us. Such losses were \$151 million, \$275 million, \$112 million and \$224 million for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and are included in "Cost of equipment rentals" in our consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). During the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018, we recorded \$68 million of losses primarily related to cell site construction costs and other network costs that are no longer recoverable as a result of changes in our network plans, which are included in "Other, net" in our consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). During the six-month period ended September 30, 2017, we recorded \$180 million of losses primarily related to cell site construction costs that are no longer recoverable as a result of changes in our network plans.

#### Note 6. Intangible Assets

Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets

Our indefinite-lived intangible assets consist of FCC licenses, which were acquired primarily through FCC auctions and business combinations, certain of our trademarks and goodwill. At September 30, 2018, we held 800 MHz, 1.9 GHz and 2.5 GHz FCC licenses authorizing the use of radio frequency spectrum to deploy our wireless services. As long as the Company acts within the requirements and constraints of the regulatory authorities, the renewal and extension of these licenses is reasonably certain at minimal cost. Accordingly, we have concluded that FCC licenses are indefinite-lived intangible assets. Our Sprint and Boost Mobile trademarks have also been identified as indefinite-lived intangible assets. Goodwill represents the excess of consideration paid over the estimated fair value of net tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired in business combinations.

The following provides the activity of indefinite-lived intangible assets within the consolidated balance sheets:

#### Assessment of Impairment

Our annual impairment testing date for goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets is January 1 of each year; however, we test for impairment between our annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that indicate that the asset may be impaired, or in the case of goodwill, that the fair value of the reporting unit is below its carrying amount. Our most recent test for impairment of goodwill was completed at June 30, 2018 and we concluded that the estimated fair value of the Wireless reporting unit exceeded the carrying amount. As a result, no goodwill impairment was recorded.

The determination of fair value requires considerable judgment and is highly sensitive to changes in underlying assumptions. Consequently, there can be no assurance that the estimates and assumptions made for the purposes of the goodwill, spectrum licenses, and Sprint and Boost Mobile trade names impairment tests will prove to be an accurate prediction of the future. Sustained declines in the Company's operating results, number of wireless subscribers, future forecasted cash flows, growth rates and other assumptions, as well as significant, sustained declines in the Company's stock price and related market capitalization could impact the underlying key assumptions and our estimated fair

<sup>(1)</sup> Through September 30, 2018, there is no accumulated impairment losses for goodwill.

values, potentially leading to a future material impairment of goodwill or other indefinite-lived intangible assets.

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#### Intangible Assets Subject to Amortization

Customer relationships are amortized using the sum-of-the-months' digits method, while all other definite-lived intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. We reduce the gross carrying value and associated accumulated amortization when specified intangible assets become fully amortized. Amortization expense related to favorable spectrum and tower leases is recognized in "Cost of services" in our consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

		Septem	ber 30, 2018			March 3	31, 2018		
		Gross	Accumulate	a	Net	Gross	Accumulat	ad	Net
	Useful Lives	Carryin	Accumulate	u	Carrying	Carryin	Accumulat Amortizati	eu on	Carrying
		Value	Amortizatio	11	Value	Value	Amoruzan	OII	Value
		(in mill	ions)						
Customer relationships	5 to 8 years	\$6,563	\$ (5,771	)	\$ 792	\$6,562	\$ (5,462	)	\$ 1,100
Other intangible assets:									
Favorable spectrum leases	23 years	767	(135	)	632	856	(172	)	684
Favorable tower leases	7 years	335	(197	)	138	335	(179	)	156
Trademarks	2 to 34 years	520	(82	)	438	520	(74	)	446
Other	5 to 10 years	133	(58	)	75	129	(50	)	79
Total other intangible asse	ts	1,755	(472	)	1,283	1,840	(475	)	1,365
Total definite-lived intang	ible assets	\$8,318	\$ (6,243	)	\$ 2,075	\$8,402	\$ (5,937	)	\$ 2,465

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Financing and Capital Lease Obligations

	Interest Rates	Maturities	September March 31, 2018 2018	
	races		(in millio	
Notes				
Senior notes				
Sprint Corporation	7.13-7.88%	2021-2026	\$12,000	\$12,000
Sprint Communications, Inc.	6.00-11.50%	2020-2022	4,980	4,980
Sprint Capital Corporation	6.88-8.75%	2019-2032	6,204	6,204
Senior secured notes				
Sprint Spectrum Co LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co II LLC, Sprint	3.36-5.15%	2021-2028	6 563	7,000
Spectrum Co III LLC	3.30-3.1370	2021-2028	0,303	7,000
Guaranteed notes				
Sprint Communications, Inc.	7.00-9.00%	2018-2020	2,753	2,753
Credit facilities				
Secured revolving bank credit facility	4.50%	2021		
Secured term loan	4.75%	2024	3,940	3,960
PRWireless term loan	7.64%	2020	181	182
Export Development Canada (EDC)	4.74%	2019	300	300
Secured equipment credit facilities	3.75-4.43%	2021-2022	461	527
Accounts receivable facility	3.32-3.52%	2020	3,024	2,411
Financing obligations, capital lease and other obligations	2.35-12.00%	2019-2026	607	686

Net premiums and debt financing costs	(338 ) (111 ) 40,675 40,892
Less current portion Long-term debt, financing and capital lease obligations	(5,346 ) (3,429 ) \$35,329 \$37,463
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As of September 30, 2018, Sprint Corporation, had \$12.0 billion in aggregate principal amount of senior notes outstanding. In addition, as of September 30, 2018, the outstanding principal amount of the senior notes issued by Sprint Communications and Sprint Capital Corporation, the guaranteed notes issued by Sprint Communications, Sprint Communications' secured term loan and secured revolving bank credit facility, the EDC agreement, the secured equipment credit facilities, the Receivables Facility, and certain other obligations collectively totaled \$22.1 billion in principal amount of our long-term debt. Sprint Corporation fully and unconditionally guaranteed such indebtedness, which was issued by 100% owned subsidiaries. Although certain financing agreements restrict the ability of Sprint Communications and its subsidiaries to distribute cash to Sprint Corporation, the ability of the subsidiaries to distribute cash to their respective parents, including to Sprint Communications, is generally not restricted. Cash interest payments, net of amounts capitalized of \$34 million and \$28 million during the six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, totaled \$1.3 billion during each of the six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

#### Notes

As of September 30, 2018, our outstanding notes consisted of senior notes and guaranteed notes, all of which are unsecured, as well as senior secured notes associated with our spectrum financing transactions. Cash interest on all of the notes is payable semi-annually in arrears with the exception of the spectrum financing senior secured notes, which is payable quarterly. As of September 30, 2018, \$32.3 billion aggregate principal amount of the notes was redeemable at the Company's discretion at the then-applicable redemption prices plus accrued interest.

As of September 30, 2018, \$26.1 billion aggregate principal amount of our senior notes, senior secured notes, and guaranteed notes provided holders with the right to require us to repurchase the notes if a change of control triggering event (as defined in the applicable indentures and supplemental indentures) occurs. In May 2018, we successfully completed consent solicitations with respect to certain series of Sprint Corporation, Sprint Communications, and Sprint Capital Corporation senior notes. As a result of the Sprint Corporation and Sprint Communications consent solicitations, the proposed merger transaction with T-Mobile, if consummated, will not constitute a change of control as defined in the applicable indentures governing the notes.

On October 1, 2018, Sprint initiated the defeasance process with respect to \$200 million aggregate principal amount of Sprint Communications 9.25% debentures due 2022, which included the deposit with the trustee of U.S. Treasury securities to provide for the future interest and principal payments on the notes through maturity. In accordance with the terms of the debentures, the defeasance will become effective in December 2018 and certain restrictive covenants under the notes will no longer apply. The \$200 million aggregate principal amount was reclassified to "Current portion of long-term debt, financing and capital lease obligations" from "Long-term debt, financing and capital lease obligations" in the consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2018.

#### Spectrum Financing

In October 2016, certain subsidiaries of Sprint Communications, which were not "Restricted Subsidiaries" under Sprint Communications' and Sprint Capital Corporation's indentures, transferred certain directly held and third-party leased spectrum licenses (collectively, Spectrum Portfolio) to wholly-owned bankruptcy-remote special purpose entities (collectively, Spectrum Financing SPEs). The Spectrum Portfolio, which represented approximately 14% of Sprint's total spectrum holdings on a MHz-pops basis, was used as collateral to raise an initial \$3.5 billion in senior secured notes (2016 Spectrum-Backed Notes) bearing interest at 3.36% per annum under a \$7.0 billion securitization program. The 2016 Spectrum-Backed Notes are repayable over a five-year term, with interest-only payments over the first four quarters and amortizing quarterly principal payments thereafter commencing December 2017 through September 2021. During the six-month period ended September 30, 2018, we made scheduled principal repayments of \$438 million, resulting in a total principal amount outstanding related to the 2016 Spectrum-Backed Notes of \$2.6

billion as of September 30, 2018, of which \$875 million was classified as "Current portion of long-term debt, financing and capital lease obligations" in the consolidated balance sheets.

In March 2018, we amended the transaction documents governing the securitization program to allow for the issuance of more than \$7.0 billion of notes outstanding pursuant to the securitization program subject to certain conditions, which, among other things, may require the contribution of additional spectrum. Also in March 2018, we issued approximately \$3.9 billion in aggregate principal amount of senior secured notes under the existing \$7.0 billion securitization

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program, consisting of two series of senior secured notes. The first series of notes totaled \$2.1 billion in aggregate principal amount, bears interest at 4.738% per annum, have quarterly interest-only payments until June 2021, and amortizing quarterly principal amounts thereafter commencing in June 2021 through March 2025. The second series of notes totaled approximately \$1.8 billion in aggregate principal amount, bears interest at 5.152% per annum, have quarterly interest-only payments until June 2023, and amortizing quarterly principal amounts thereafter commencing in June 2023 through March 2028. The Spectrum Portfolio, which also serves as collateral for the 2016 Spectrum-Backed Notes, remains substantially identical to the original portfolio from October 2016. Simultaneously with the October 2016 offering, Sprint Communications entered into a long-term lease with the Spectrum Financing SPEs for the ongoing use of the Spectrum Portfolio. The spectrum lease is an executory contract, which for accounting purposes is treated in a similar manner to an operating lease. Sprint Communications is required to make monthly lease payments to the Spectrum Financing SPEs at a market rate. The lease payments, which are guaranteed by Sprint Corporation and certain subsidiaries (none of which were "Restricted Subsidiaries" under Sprint's indentures) of Sprint Communications (and are secured together with the obligations under another transaction document by substantially all of the assets of such entities on a pari passu basis up to an aggregate cap of \$3.5 billion with the grant of security under the secured term loan and revolving bank credit facility and EDC (as defined below) agreement), are sufficient to service all outstanding series of the senior secured notes and the lease also constitutes collateral for the senior secured notes. Because the Spectrum Financing SPEs are wholly-owned Sprint subsidiaries, these entities are consolidated and all intercompany activity has been eliminated. Each Spectrum Financing SPE is a separate legal entity with its own separate creditors who will be entitled, prior to and upon the liquidation of the Spectrum Financing SPEs, to be satisfied out of the Spectrum Financing SPEs' assets prior to any assets of the Spectrum Financing SPEs becoming available to Sprint. Accordingly, the assets of the Spectrum Financing SPEs are not available to satisfy the debts and other obligations owed to other creditors of Sprint until the obligations of the Spectrum Financing SPEs under the spectrum-backed senior secured notes are paid in full. In June 2018, we obtained the consent of the control party under the spectrum-backed senior secured notes indenture to amend the indenture such that the proposed merger transaction with T-Mobile, if consummated, will not constitute a change of control as defined in the indenture.

#### **Credit Facilities**

Secured Term Loan and Revolving Bank Credit Facility

On February 3, 2017, we entered into a credit agreement for \$6.0 billion, consisting of a \$4.0 billion, seven-year secured term loan that matures in February 2024 and a \$2.0 billion secured revolving bank credit facility that expires in February 2021. As of September 30, 2018, \$129 million in letters of credit were outstanding under the secured revolving bank credit facility, including the letter of credit required by the Report and Order (see Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies). As a result of the outstanding letters of credit, which directly reduce the availability of borrowings, the Company had approximately \$1.9 billion of borrowing capacity available under the secured revolving bank credit facility as of September 30, 2018. The bank credit facility requires a ratio (Leverage Ratio) of total indebtedness to trailing four quarters earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization and other non-recurring items, as defined by the bank credit facility (adjusted EBITDA), not to exceed 4.75 to 1.0 through the fiscal quarter ending December 31, 2018. For each fiscal quarter ending March 31, 2019 through December 31, 2019, the Leverage Ratio must not exceed 3.75 to 1.0. The Leverage Ratio must not exceed 3.5 to 1.0 for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2020 and each fiscal quarter ending thereafter through expiration of the facility. The term loan has an interest rate equal to LIBOR plus 250 basis points and the secured revolving bank credit facility has an interest rate equal to LIBOR plus a spread that varies depending on the Leverage Ratio.

In consideration of the seven-year secured term loan, we entered into a five-year fixed-for-floating interest rate swap on a \$2.0 billion notional amount that has been designated as a cash flow hedge. The effective portion of changes in fair value are recorded in "Other comprehensive income (loss)" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) and the ineffective portion, if any, is recorded as interest expense in current period earnings in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). The fair value of the interest rate swap was \$63 million and \$41 million as of September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, respectively, which was recorded in "Other assets" in the consolidated balance sheets.

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#### PRWireless Term Loan

During the three-month period ended December 31, 2017, Sprint and PRWireless PR, Inc. completed a transaction to combine their operations in Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands into a new entity. Prior to the formation of the new entity, PRWireless PR, Inc. had incurred debt under a secured term loan, which became debt of the new entity upon the transaction close. The secured term loan bears interest at 5.25% plus LIBOR and expires in June 2020. Any amounts repaid early may not be drawn again. During the six-month period ended September 30, 2018, the joint venture made principal repayments totaling \$1 million, resulting in a total principal amount outstanding of \$181 million as of September 30, 2018, with an additional \$20 million remaining available. Sprint has provided an unsecured guarantee of repayment of the secured term loan obligations. The secured portion of the facility is limited to assets of the new entity as the borrower.

## **EDC** Agreement

As of September 30, 2018, the EDC agreement provided for security and covenant terms similar to our secured term loan and revolving bank credit facility. However, under the terms of the EDC agreement, repayments of outstanding amounts cannot be redrawn. As of September 30, 2018, the total principal amount of our borrowings under the EDC facility was \$300 million.

## Secured Equipment Credit Facilities

## Finnvera plc (Finnvera)

The Finnvera secured equipment credit facility provided for the ability to borrow up to \$800 million to finance network equipment-related purchases from Nokia Solutions and Networks US LLC, USA. The facility's availability for borrowing expired in October 2017. Such borrowings were contingent upon the amount and timing of network equipment-related purchases made by Sprint. During the six-month period ended September 30, 2018, we made principal repayments totaling \$41 million on the facility, resulting in a total principal amount of \$133 million outstanding as of September 30, 2018.

## K-sure

The K-sure secured equipment credit facility provides for the ability to borrow up to \$750 million to finance network equipment-related purchases from Samsung Telecommunications America, LLC. The facility can be divided into three consecutive tranches of varying size. In October 2018, we amended the secured equipment credit facility to extend the borrowing availability through September 2019. Such borrowings are contingent upon the amount and timing of network equipment-related purchases made by Sprint. During the six-month period ended September 30, 2018, we drew \$27 million and made principal repayments totaling \$33 million on the facility, resulting in a total principal amount of \$188 million outstanding as of September 30, 2018.

## Delcredere | Ducroire (D/D)

The D/D secured equipment credit facility provided for the ability to borrow up to \$250 million to finance network equipment-related purchases from Alcatel-Lucent USA Inc. In September 2017, we amended the secured equipment credit facility to restore previously expired commitments of \$150 million. During the six-month period ended September 30, 2018, we made principal repayments totaling \$20 million on the facility, resulting in a total principal amount of \$139 million outstanding as of September 30, 2018.

Borrowings under the Finnvera, K-sure and D/D secured equipment credit facilities are each secured by liens on the respective network equipment purchased pursuant to each facility's credit agreement. In addition, repayments of outstanding amounts borrowed under the secured equipment credit facilities cannot be redrawn. Each of these facilities is fully and unconditionally guaranteed by both Sprint Communications and Sprint Corporation. The secured equipment credit facilities have certain key covenants similar to those in our secured term loan and revolving bank credit facility.

Accounts Receivable Facility

Transaction Overview

Our Receivables Facility provides us the opportunity to sell certain wireless service receivables, installment receivables, and future amounts due from customers who lease certain devices from us to the Purchasers. The maximum funding limit under the Receivables Facility is \$4.5 billion. While we have the right to decide how much cash to receive from each sale, the maximum amount of cash available to us varies based on a number of factors and, as of September 30, 2018,

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represents approximately 50% of the total amount of the eligible receivables sold to the Purchasers. As of September 30, 2018, the total amount of borrowings under our Receivables Facility was \$3.0 billion and the total amount available to be drawn was \$454 million. However, subsequent to September 30, 2018, Sprint repaid \$700 million under the Receivables Facility reducing amounts outstanding to \$2.3 billion. In February 2017, the Receivables Facility was amended and Sprint regained effective control over the receivables transferred to the Purchasers by obtaining the right, under certain circumstances, to repurchase them. Subsequent to the February 2017 amendment, all proceeds received from the Purchasers in exchange for the transfer of our wireless service and installment receivables are recorded as borrowings. Repayments and borrowings under the Receivables Facility are reported as financing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. All cash collected on repurchased receivables continues to be recognized in investing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. In October 2017, the Receivables Facility was amended to, among other things, extend the maturity date to November 2019 and to reallocate the Purchasers' commitments between wireless service, installment and future lease receivables through May 2018 to 26%, 28% and 46%, respectively. After May 2018, the allocation of the Purchasers' commitments between wireless service, installment and future lease receivables are 26%, 18% and 56%, respectively. In June 2018, the Receivables Facility was further amended to, among other things, extend the maturity date to June 2020, increase the maximum funding limit by \$200 million, reduce financing costs, add month-to-month lease receivables as eligible receivables for leases that extend past their original lease term, and change the Purchasers' commitment allocations. The Purchasers' commitments are allocated 22% to wireless service receivables and 78% to a combined pool of installment receivables, future lease receivables and month-to-month lease receivables. During the six-month period ended September 30, 2018, we borrowed \$2.9 billion and repaid \$2.3 billion to the Purchasers. Prior to the February 2017 amendment, wireless service and installment receivables sold to the Purchasers were treated as a sale of financial assets and we derecognized these receivables, as well as the related allowances, and recognized the net proceeds received in cash provided by operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. The total proceeds from the sale of these receivables were comprised of a combination of cash, which was recognized as operating activities within our consolidated statements of cash flows, and a deferred purchase price (DPP). The DPP was realized by us upon either the ultimate collection of the underlying receivables sold to the Purchasers or upon Sprint's election to receive additional advances in cash from the Purchasers subject to the total availability under the Receivables Facility. All cash collections on the DPP were recognized as investing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. The fees associated with these sales were recognized in "Selling, general and administrative" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) through the date of the February 2017 amendment. Subsequent to the February 2017 amendment, the sale of wireless service and installment receivables are reported as financings, which is consistent with our historical treatment for the sale of future lease receivables, and the associated fees are recognized as "Interest expense" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

### **Transaction Structure**

Sprint contributes certain wireless service, installment and future lease receivables, as well as the associated leased devices, to Sprint's wholly-owned consolidated bankruptcy-remote special purpose entities (SPEs). At Sprint's direction, the SPEs have sold, and will continue to sell, wireless service, installment and future lease receivables to Purchasers or to a bank agent on behalf of the Purchasers. Leased devices will remain with the SPEs, once sales are initiated, and continue to be depreciated over their estimated useful life. As of September 30, 2018, wireless service, installment and lease receivables contributed to the SPEs and included in "Accounts and notes receivable, net" in the consolidated balance sheets were \$2.6 billion and the long-term portion of installment receivables included in "Other assets" in the consolidated balance sheets was \$140 million. As of September 30, 2018, the net book value of devices

contributed to the SPEs was \$6.2 billion.

Each SPE is a separate legal entity with its own separate creditors who will be entitled, prior to and upon the liquidation of the SPE, to be satisfied out of the SPE's assets prior to any assets in the SPE becoming available to Sprint. Accordingly, the assets of the SPE are not available to pay creditors of Sprint or any of its affiliates (other than any other SPE), although collections from these receivables in excess of amounts required to repay the advances, yield and fees of the Purchasers and other creditors of the SPEs may be remitted to Sprint during and after the term of the Receivables Facility.

Sales of eligible receivables by the SPEs generally occur daily and are settled on a monthly basis. Sprint pays a fee for the drawn and undrawn portions of the Receivables Facility. A subsidiary of Sprint services the receivables in

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exchange for a monthly servicing fee, and Sprint guarantees the performance of the servicing obligations under the Receivables Facility.

Variable Interest Entity

Sprint determined that certain of the Purchasers, which are multi-seller asset-backed commercial paper conduits (Conduits) are considered variable interest entities because they lack sufficient equity to finance their activities. Sprint's interest in the receivables purchased by the Conduits is not considered a variable interest because Sprint's interest is in assets that represent less than 50% of the total activity of the Conduits.

Financing Obligations, Capital Lease and Other Obligations

**Tower Financing** 

During 2008, we sold and subsequently leased back approximately 3,000 cell sites, of which approximately 2,000 remain as of September 30, 2018. Terms extend through 2021, with renewal options for an additional 20 years. These cell sites continue to be reported as part of our "Property, plant and equipment, net" in our consolidated balance sheets due to our continued involvement with the property sold and the transaction is accounted for as a financing. The financing obligation as of September 30, 2018 is \$128 million.

Capital Lease and Other Obligations

In May 2016, Sprint closed on a transaction with Shentel to acquire one of our wholesale partners, NTELOS Holdings Corporation (nTelos). The total consideration for this transaction included \$181 million, on a net present value basis, of notes payable to Shentel. Sprint will satisfy its obligations under the notes payable over an expected term of five to six years, of which the remaining obligation is \$125 million as of September 30, 2018. The remainder of our capital lease and other obligations of \$308 million as of September 30, 2018 are primarily for the use of wireless network equipment.

Covenants

Certain indentures and other agreements require compliance with various covenants, including covenants that limit the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to sell all or substantially all of its assets, limit the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to incur indebtedness and liens, and require that we maintain certain financial ratios, each as defined by the terms of the indentures, supplemental indentures and financing arrangements.

As of September 30, 2018, the Company was in compliance with all restrictive and financial covenants associated with its borrowings. A default under any of our borrowings could trigger defaults under certain of our other debt obligations, which in turn could result in the maturities being accelerated.

Under our secured revolving bank credit facility, we are currently restricted from paying cash dividends because our ratio of total indebtedness to adjusted EBITDA (each as defined in the applicable agreements) exceeds 2.5 to 1.0.

### Note 8. Revenues from Contracts with Customers

The Company adopted Topic 606 beginning on April 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective method. We earn revenue from contracts with customers, primarily through the provision of telecommunications and other services and the sale or rental of wireless devices and accessories. Net operating revenues primarily consist of Wireless and Wireline service revenues, revenues generated from device and accessory sales, revenues from wholesale operators and third-party affiliates. Our contracts with customers may involve multiple performance obligations, which include services, wireless devices or a combination thereof, and we allocate the transaction price between each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price. Upon adoption, the Company applied the standard only to contracts that were not completed, referred to as open contracts.

We operate two reportable segments: Wireless and Wireline. For additional information regarding our business and segments, see "Part I, Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of

Operations."

Contracts with Customers

Service-related components of the total transaction price typically consist of fixed monthly recurring charges, variable usage charges and miscellaneous fees such as activation fees, international long distance and roaming, commissions on the device insurance program, late payment and administrative fees, and certain regulatory-related fees, net of service

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credits. For contracts involving multiple performance obligations, such as equipment and service, revenue is allocated based on relative standalone selling price of each performance obligation. We generally recognize revenue allocated to service performance obligations as those services are rendered. As a result of the timing of our multiple billing cycles throughout each month, we are required to estimate the amount of subscriber revenues earned but not billed from the end of each billing cycle to the end of each reporting period, and to estimate and defer amounts billed but not earned as of the end of each reporting period. These estimates are based primarily on rate plans in effect and our historical usage and billing patterns. Regulatory fees and costs are recorded gross. The largest component of regulatory fees is the Universal Service Fund, which represented no more than 1% of net operating revenues for all periods presented in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

We recognize equipment sales and corresponding costs of equipment sales when title and risk of loss passes to the indirect dealer or end-use subscriber, assuming all other revenue recognition criteria are met. This typically occurs at the point of sale for direct channel sales and freight-on-board dealer destination for indirect channel sales. For the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018, equipment sales to our indirect dealers were \$863 million and \$1.6 billion, respectively. In subsidized postpaid and prepaid Wireless contracts, we subsidize the cost of the device as an incentive to retain and acquire subscribers.

We recognize revenue on equipment rentals subject to leasing contracts in accordance with the classification of the lease, which is over the lease term for operating leases or upon transfer of control over the equipment for most capital leases.

The accounting estimates related to the recognition of revenue require us to make assumptions about numerous factors such as future billing adjustments, future returns, and the total contract consideration (e.g., for contracts which include customer incentives or consideration payable to the customer).

We use output methods to recognize revenue for performance obligations satisfied over time (i.e., service performance obligations). Output methods measure progress toward satisfying a performance obligation on the basis of direct measurements of the goods or services transferred to date, relative to the remaining goods or services promised under a contract. Management asserts that this method most reasonably represents the transfer of goods or services to the customer. For prepaid contracts which provide the customer with the ability to redeem fixed prepayments for future goods or services, we utilize the proportional amount of redemptions from the customer in comparison to the total expected amount of redemptions as an estimate of our progress toward satisfaction of our performance obligations. For postpaid contracts with unlimited amounts of monthly service and for Wireline contracts, we utilize the time elapsed in relation to the total contract duration as an estimate of our progress toward satisfaction of our performance obligations.

In determining the amounts of revenue to recognize, we use the following methods, inputs, and assumptions: Determination of transaction price - we include any fixed and determinable charges per our contracts as part of the total transaction price. To the extent that variable consideration is not constrained, we include a probability-weighted estimate of the variable amount within the total transaction price and update our assumptions over the duration of the contract. We do not accept non-cash consideration from our customers as direct payment for the purchase of equipment at contract inception or for the purchase of ongoing services. Subject to certain restrictions, we may purchase used equipment from customers entering into a new subscriber contract. Our payment for the purchase of this used equipment may not equal its market value. In those circumstances, the expected difference between the purchase price and the market value of the used equipment is treated as an adjustment to the total transaction price of the customer's contract at contract inception.

Assessment of estimates of variable consideration - our Wireless contracts generally do not involve variable consideration which must be allocated amongst performance obligations at contract inception, other than expected

adjustments to the total transaction price related to (a) customer equipment rebates; (b) customer retention credits; and (c) product returns and service refunds, all of which we are able to reasonably estimate at contract inception based upon historical experience with similar or identical contracts and similar or identical customers. Our Wireline contracts are generally not subject to significant amounts of variable consideration. We do not consider any of our variable consideration to be constrained for the purpose of estimating the total transaction price to be allocated to our performance obligations.

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Allocation of transaction price - we allocate the total transaction price in our contracts amongst performance obligations based upon the relative standalone selling prices of those performance obligations. We use observable external pricing of performance obligations when sold on a standalone basis as evidence of standalone selling prices. Discounts and premiums built into our transaction prices are typically allocated proportionately to all performance obligations within the contracts, exclusive of performance obligations for the delivery of accessories, which are consistently sold at standalone selling price regardless of bundling, and with the exception of estimated Wireless customer retention credits, which are treated as a reduction in the portion of the total transaction price allocated to service revenue.

Measurement of returns, refunds, and other similar obligations are estimated separately for separate product and service types based upon historical experience with similar contracts and similar types of customers. The total transaction price is reduced by the amount estimated as a return, refund, or other similar obligation in relation to the sale. This amount is recorded as a current liability, unless and until our estimates have changed or the relevant obligation has been satisfied.

## Disaggregation of Revenue

We disaggregate revenue based upon differences in accounting for underlying performance obligations. Accounting differences related to our performance obligations are driven by various factors, including the type of product offering provided, the type of customer, and the expected timing of payment for goods and services.

The following table presents disaggregated reported revenue by category:

Three Six
Months Months
Ended Ended
September
30, 30, 2018
(in millions)

#### Service revenue

Postpaid	\$4,255	\$ 8,443
Prepaid	954	1,936
Wholesale, affiliate and other	293	587
Wireline	260	536
Total service revenue	5,762	11,502
Equipment sales	1,418	2,591
Equipment rentals	1,253	2,465
Total revenue	\$8,433	\$ 16,558

#### Contract Assets and Liabilities

Performance obligations related to our Wireless segment involve the provision of equipment and service. In most circumstances, equipment performance obligations provided to the customer as part of subsidized and installment billing contracts, or as part of standalone equipment sales, are satisfied when title and risk of loss passes to the indirect dealer or end-use subscriber, assuming all other revenue recognition criteria are met. This typically occurs at the point of sale for direct channel sales and freight-on-board dealer destination for indirect channel sales. We recognize revenue on equipment rentals subject to leasing contracts in accordance with the classification of the lease, which is over the lease term for operating leases or upon transfer of control over the equipment for most capital leases. Wireless service performance obligations are typically satisfied over 24 months for subsidized and installment billing

contracts with substantive termination penalties such as Buy-One-Get-One (BOGO) contracts, over 18 to 30 months for leasing contracts, and over one month for traditional installment billing contracts. Amounts due for subsidized equipment are due at point of sale. Amounts due for equipment subject to an operating or capital lease are invoiced and collected monthly over the term of the lease. Amounts due for equipment subject to an installment billing note are invoiced and collected monthly over the term of the note, typically between 24 and 30 months for handsets and 12 to 18 months for accessories. A financing component exists in relation to subsidized and installment billing Wireless contracts. However, we do not consider the financing component to be quantitatively or qualitatively significant for installment billing contracts with durations longer than one year. For those installment billing contracts with durations of one year or less, we have elected to apply the practical expedient and not adjust the transaction price for the effects of a financing component. Amounts due for Wireless services are typically invoiced and collected monthly over the relevant service period. Wireless contracts generally do not involve variable consideration, other than

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expected adjustments to the total transaction price related to expected future price concessions and product returns and service refunds. Our Wireless contracts include consideration resulting from monthly customer charges intended to partially recover taxes imposed on the Company, including fees related to the Universal Service Fund. These fees are based on the customer's estimated monthly voice usage and are therefore allocated to corresponding distinct months of Wireless services. We update our estimates related to return and refund obligations for Wireless equipment and services on a quarterly basis. Returns and refunds are typically provided for up to 14 days after contract inception for individual customers and for 30 days for business customers.

Performance obligations related to our Wireline business involve the provision of services to corporate customers. Wireline service performance obligations are satisfied typically over a period between 24 and 36 months. Amounts due for services are invoiced and collected periodically over the relevant service period. Wireline contracts are not subject to significant amounts of variable consideration, other than charges intended to partially recover taxes imposed on the Company, including fees related to the Universal Service Fund. Such fees are based on the customer's estimated monthly usage and are therefore allocated to corresponding distinct months of Wireline services. Our Wireline contracts do provide the customer with monthly options to purchase goods or services at prices commensurate with the standalone selling prices for those goods or services, as determined at contract inception. The relationship between the satisfaction of our performance obligations and collection of payments from the customer will vary depending upon the type of contract. In Wireless subsidized contracts, payment related to equipment performance obligations is partially collected upfront and partially collected over the related service period resulting in a contract asset position at contract inception. In traditional Wireless installment billing contracts, the full amount of consideration related to equipment performance obligations is recognized as a receivable at contract inception and collected ratably in accordance with payment terms attached to the installment note. Traditional Wireless installment billing contracts are subject to an accounting contract duration of one month, and therefore do not result in the recognition of a contract position. In Wireless installment billing contracts that include a substantive termination penalty such as when customers receive a monthly service credit to offset monthly payments against applicable installment billing notes, the amount of the total transaction price that is allocated to equipment performance obligations is less than the amount recognized as a noncontingent receivable from the customer at contract inception, resulting in a contract liability position. In Wireless leasing contracts, the amount of cash received at inception is generally larger than the amount of upfront revenue allocated and recognized as rental income. This results in a contract liability at contract inception, which is often partially composed of deferred rental income. In prepaid contracts initiated in our indirect channel, customers may purchase a device at a discount. The Company will often reimburse the dealer some portion of this discount, which is expected to be recovered through future sales of monthly service. This results in a contract asset position at contract inception. In circumstances where prepaid customers prepay account balances, which can be used to purchase future Wireless goods or services, those amounts are recognized as a contract liability until the point where prepayments are redeemed for goods or services and the related performance obligations have been satisfied. In Wireline contracts, we record a contract position, either a contract asset or a contract liability depending upon the specific facts and circumstances of the contract, including to reflect differences between the amount of revenue allocated to equipment delivered upfront and the contractually stated price for that equipment, or if we collect nonrefundable upfront payments from customers related to installation and activation.

We capitalize incremental commissions directly related to the acquisition or renewal of customer contracts, to the extent that the costs are expected to be recovered. Capitalized costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the expected customer life or the expected benefit related directly to those costs.

We assess our capitalized contract acquisition asset for impairment on a quarterly basis. We impair our capitalized costs to the extent that the carrying amount of a capitalized cost exceeds (a) the remaining amount of consideration we expect to receive in exchange for the goods and services related to the cost, less (b) the expected costs related directly to providing those goods and services that have not yet been recognized as expenses.

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The following table presents the opening and closing balances of our contract assets, contract liabilities, and receivables balances, as well as capitalized costs associated with contracts with customers:

_	SeptembeApril		
	30,	1,	
	2018	2018	
	(in millions)		
Contract assets and liabilities			
Contract assets <sup>(1)</sup>	\$687	\$432	
Billed trade receivables	2,751	2,559	
Unbilled trade receivables	833	1,250	
Contract liabilities <sup>(2)</sup>	1,014	1,104	

Other related assets and liabilities

Other related assets:

Capitalized costs to acquire a customer contract:

Sales commissions - opening balance \$1,219 Sales commissions - additions 550 Amortization of capitalized sales commissions (390) Net costs to acquire a customer contract \$1,379

- The fluctuation correlates directly to the execution of new customer contracts and invoicing and collections from customers in the normal course of business.
- (2) Revenue recognized during the six-month period ended September 30, 2018, which was included within the beginning contract liability balance, amounts to \$942 million.

## **Remaining Performance Obligations**

The aggregate amount of total transaction price allocated to performance obligations in contracts existing as of the balance sheet date, which are wholly or partially unsatisfied as of the end of the reporting period, and the expected time frame for satisfaction of those wholly or partially unsatisfied performance obligations, are as follows (in millions):

Remainder of year ending March 31, 2019	\$5,317
Year ending March 31, 2020	4,156
Thereafter	30
Total	\$9,503

The amounts disclosed above relate to the allocation of revenue amongst performance obligations in contracts existing as of the balance sheet date, and not to any differences between the timing of revenue recognition and recognition of receivables or cash collection. As a result, those amounts are not necessarily reflected as a contract liability as of the balance sheet date. Included in the above amounts are \$2.0 billion for the year ending March 31, 2019 and \$1.5 billion for the year ending March 31, 2020, respectively, related to the allocation of the total transaction price to future operating lease revenues. Additionally, amounts disclosed above include estimates of variable consideration, where applicable.

Our Wireless contracts generally do not involve variable consideration, other than expected adjustments to the total transaction price related to future price concessions and product returns and service refunds, all of which we are able to reasonably estimate at contract inception based upon historical experience with similar contracts and similar types

of customers. In accordance with the practical expedients:

The amounts disclosed above do not include revenue allocated to wholly or partially unsatisfied performance obligations for which the accounting contract duration at contract inception is less than 12 months, which includes expected revenues from traditional installment billing contracts with a one-month accounting contract duration. The amounts disclosed above do not include variable consideration resulting from monthly customer charges intended to partially recover taxes imposed on the Company, including fees related to the Universal Service Fund. Such fees are based on the customer's estimated monthly voice usage and are therefore allocated to corresponding distinct months of Wireless services.

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## SPRINT CORPORATION

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The amounts disclosed above do not include variable consideration resulting from monthly charges to Wireless wholesale customers. Such fees are based on the customer's monthly usage of capacity and are therefore allocated to corresponding distinct months of Wireless services.

Wireline contracts are generally not subject to significant amounts of variable consideration, other than charges intended to partially recover taxes imposed on the Company, including fees related to the Universal Service Fund. Such fees are based on the customer's estimated monthly usage and are therefore allocated to corresponding distinct months of Wireline services, and recognized as revenue when invoiced in accordance with the practical expedient. Our Wireline contracts do typically provide the customer with monthly options to purchase goods or services at prices commensurate with the standalone selling prices for those goods or services as determined at contract inception.

#### Note 9. Severance and Exit Costs

Severance and exit costs consist of lease exit costs primarily associated with tower and cell sites, access exit costs related to payments that will continue to be made under our backhaul access contracts for which we will no longer be receiving any economic benefit, and severance costs associated with reductions in our work force.

The following provides the activity in the severance and exit costs liability included in "Accounts payable," "Accrued expenses and other current liabilities" and "Other liabilities" within the consolidated balance sheets:

	Marcl	nN3d	t,		Cas	sh Paymo	ents	Sep	otember 30,
	2018	Ex	pense		and	l Other		201	8
	(in mi	illio	ns)						
Lease exit costs	\$165	\$	8	(1)	\$	(31	)	\$	142
Severance costs	64	14		(2)	(51		)	27	
Access exit costs	19	11		(3)	(6		)	24	
	\$248	\$	33		\$	(88)	)	\$	193

<sup>(1)</sup> For the six-month period ended September 30, 2018, we recognized costs of \$8 million (Wireless only).

We continually refine our network strategy and evaluate other potential network initiatives to improve the overall performance of our network. Additionally, major cost cutting initiatives are expected to continue to reduce operating expenses and improve our operating cash flows. As a result of these ongoing activities, we may incur future material charges associated with lease and access exit costs, severance, asset impairments, and accelerated depreciation, among others.

For the six-month period ended September 30, 2018, we recognized costs of \$14 million (\$6 million Wireless, \$8 million Wireline).

For the six-month period ended September 30, 2018, we recognized costs of \$11 million (\$1 million Wireless, \$10 million Wireless) as "Superior of the six-month period ended September 30, 2018, we recognized costs of \$11 million (\$1 million Wireless, \$10 million Wireless). million Wireline) as "Severance and exit costs."

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# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 10. Income Taxes

The U.S. federal statutory tax rates for the six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 were 21% and 35%, respectively. The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the Tax Act) enacted in December 2017 reduced the corporate income tax rate effective January 1, 2018. The differences that caused our effective income tax rates to differ from the U.S. federal statutory rates for the six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, were as follows:

	S1X MO	ntns	
	Ended		
	Septem	ber 30,	
	2018	2017	
	(in mill	ions)	
Income tax expense at the federal statutory rate	\$(93)	\$(192)	)
Effect of:			
State income taxes, net of federal income tax effect	(34)	(38)	)
State law changes, net of federal income tax effect	59	(27)	)
Increase deferred tax liability for organizational restructuring	(13)		
Increase deferred tax liability for business activity changes	_	(65)	)
Credit for increasing research activities	11	8	
Change in federal and state valuation allowance	11	(60)	)
Other, net	(5)	(16)	)
Income tax expense	\$(64)	\$(390)	)
Effective income tax rate	14.4 %	71.2	%

Income tax expense of \$64 million for the six-month period ended September 30, 2018 represented a consolidated effective tax rate of 14%. During the period, we recognized a \$59 million tax benefit for the impact of state law changes enacted during the period, partially offset by a \$13 million tax expense attributable to organizational restructuring. These adjustments were primarily driven by the change in carrying value of our deferred tax assets and liabilities on temporary differences.

Income tax expense of \$390 million for the six-month period ended September 30, 2017 represented a consolidated effective tax rate of 71%. Income tax expense was primarily attributable to taxable temporary differences from the tax amortization of FCC licenses and tax expense on pre-tax gains from spectrum license exchanges during the period. We also increased our deferred state income tax liability by \$65 million for changes in business activities causing us to become subject to income tax in additional tax jurisdictions. This resulted in a change in the measurement of the carrying value of our deferred tax liability on temporary differences, primarily FCC licenses.

We continue to maintain a valuation allowance on certain deferred tax assets, primarily net operating losses with definite-life carry forward periods. Factors that could change our judgment as to our ability to realize these deferred tax assets, and therefore, reduce our valuation allowance, include the existence of future taxable income generated by temporary differences reversing in the net operating loss carryforward periods and income from continuing operations. On December 22, 2017 the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118 (SAB 118), which addresses income tax accounting implications of the Tax Act. Estimates were used to determine the balance of deferred tax assets and liabilities subject to changes in tax laws included in the Tax Act, as well as the reversal pattern of such deferred tax assets and liabilities in assessing the ability to realize deferred tax assets. We continue to analyze the effects of the Tax Act and will record any additional impacts as they are identified during the measurement period. During the six-month period ended September 30, 2018, we did not identify or record any adjustments to the provisional amount previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2018.

As of September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, we maintained unrecognized tax benefits of \$231 million and \$239 million, respectively. Cash paid for income taxes, net was \$53 million and \$52 million for the six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

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# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation, Claims and Assessments

In March 2009, a stockholder brought suit, Bennett v. Sprint Nextel Corp., in the U.S. District Court for the District of Kansas, alleging that Sprint Communications and three of its former officers violated Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 by failing adequately to disclose certain alleged operational difficulties subsequent to the Sprint-Nextel merger, and by purportedly issuing false and misleading statements regarding the write-down of goodwill. The district court granted final approval of a settlement in August 2015, which did not have a material impact to our financial statements. Five stockholder derivative suits related to this 2009 stockholder suit were filed against Sprint Communications and certain of its present and/or former officers and directors. The first, Murphy v. Forsee, was filed in state court in Kansas on April 8, 2009, was removed to federal court, and was stayed by the court pending resolution of the motion to dismiss the Bennett case; the second, Randolph v. Forsee, was filed on July 15, 2010 in state court in Kansas, was removed to federal court, and was remanded back to state court; the third, Ross-Williams v. Bennett, et al., was filed in state court in Kansas on February 1, 2011; the fourth, Price v. Forsee, et al., was filed in state court in Kansas on April 15, 2011; and the fifth, Hartleib v. Forsee, et al., was filed in federal court in Kansas on July 14, 2011. These cases were essentially stayed while the Bennett case was pending, and we have reached an agreement in principle to settle the matters, by agreeing to some governance provisions and by paying plaintiffs' attorneys fees in an immaterial amount. The court approved the settlement but reduced the plaintiffs' attorneys fees. On April 27, 2018, the court of appeals for the state of Kansas affirmed the settlement ruling. On May 30, 2018, plaintiffs filed a Petition for Review with the Supreme Court of Kansas.

On April 19, 2012, the New York Attorney General filed a complaint alleging that Sprint Communications has fraudulently failed to collect and pay more than \$100 million in New York sales taxes on receipts from its sale of wireless telephone services since July 2005. The complaint also seeks recovery of triple damages under the State False Claims Act, as well as penalties and interest. Sprint Communications moved to dismiss the complaint on June 14, 2012. On July 1, 2013, the court entered an order denying the motion to dismiss in large part, although it did dismiss certain counts or parts of certain counts. Sprint Communications appealed that order and the intermediate appellate court affirmed the order of the trial court. On October 20, 2015, the Court of Appeals of New York affirmed the decision of the appellate court that the tax statute requires us to collect and remit the disputed taxes. Our petition for certiorari to the U.S. Supreme Court on grounds of federal preemption was denied. We have paid the principal amount of tax at issue, under protest, while the suit is pending. The parties are now engaged in discovery in the trial court. We will continue to defend this matter vigorously and we do not expect the resolution of this matter to have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations.

Eight related stockholder derivative suits have been filed against Sprint Communications and certain of its current and former officers and directors. Each suit alleges generally that the individual defendants breached their fiduciary duties to Sprint Communications and its stockholders by allegedly permitting, and failing to disclose, the actions alleged in the suit filed by the New York Attorney General. One suit, filed by the Louisiana Municipal Police Employees Retirement System, was dismissed by a federal court. Two suits were filed in state court in Johnson County, Kansas and one of those suits was dismissed as premature; and five suits are pending in federal court in Kansas. The remaining Kansas suits have been stayed pending resolution of the Attorney General's suit. We do not expect the resolution of these matters to have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations. On October 9, 2018, October 18, 2018, and October 24, 2018, three purported stockholders of Sprint commenced actions, captioned Klein v. Sprint Corporation et al., Muehlgay v. Sprint Corporation et al., and Binns Blount v. Sprint Corporation et al., in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware. The complaints name Sprint and the members of the Sprint board of directors as defendants. The complaints assert claims under Section 14(a) and Section

20(a) of the Exchange Act challenging the adequacy of the disclosures relating to the proposed merger transactions with T-Mobile made in the associated joint consent solicitation statement/prospectus. The complaints seek, among other relief, an injunction preventing the parties from consummating the merger transactions, damages in the event the merger transactions are consummated, and the award of attorneys' fees. Sprint believes the claims asserted in the lawsuits are without merit and does not expect resolution of these matters to have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations. On October 29, 2018, the plaintiff in the Binns Blount action filed a notice voluntarily dismissing their complaint without prejudice.

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# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Sprint is currently involved in numerous court actions alleging that Sprint is infringing various patents. Most of these cases effectively seek only monetary damages. A small number of these cases are brought by companies that sell products and seek injunctive relief as well. These cases have progressed to various degrees and a small number may go to trial if they are not otherwise resolved. Adverse resolution of these cases could require us to pay significant damages, cease certain activities, or cease selling the relevant products and services. In many circumstances, we would be indemnified for monetary losses that we incur with respect to the actions of our suppliers or service providers. We do not expect the resolution of these cases to have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations.

In October 2013, the FCC Enforcement Bureau began to issue notices of apparent liability (NALs) to other Lifeline providers, imposing fines for intracarrier duplicate accounts identified by the government during its audit function. Those audits also identified a small percentage of potentially duplicative intracarrier accounts related to our Assurance Wireless<sup>®</sup> business. No NAL has yet been issued with respect to Sprint and we do not know if one will be issued. Further, we are not able to reasonably estimate the amount of any claim for penalties that might be asserted. However, based on the information currently available, if a claim is asserted by the FCC, Sprint does not believe that any amount ultimately paid would be material to the Company's results of operations or financial position. Various other suits, inquiries, proceedings and claims, either asserted or unasserted, including purported class actions typical for a large business enterprise and intellectual property matters, are possible or pending against us or our subsidiaries. If our interpretation of certain laws or regulations, including those related to various federal or state matters such as sales, use or property taxes, or other charges were found to be mistaken, it could result in payments by us. While it is not possible to determine the ultimate disposition of each of these proceedings and whether they will be resolved consistent with our beliefs, we expect that the outcome of such proceedings, individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations. During the three-month period ended September 30, 2018, we settled a state tax matter for which we had previously accrued \$114 million, with no material impact on our financial position or results of operations upon final settlement.

Spectrum Reconfiguration Obligations

In 2004, the FCC adopted a Report and Order that included new rules regarding interference in the 800 MHz band and a comprehensive plan to reconfigure the 800 MHz band. The Report and Order provides for the exchange of a portion of our 800 MHz FCC spectrum licenses, and requires us to fund the cost incurred by public safety systems and other incumbent licensees to reconfigure the 800 MHz spectrum band. Also, in exchange, we received licenses for 10 MHz of nationwide spectrum in the 1.9 GHz band.

The minimum cash obligation was \$2.8 billion under the Report and Order. We are, however, obligated to continue to pay the full amount of the costs relating to the reconfiguration plan, although those costs have exceeded \$2.8 billion. As required under the terms of the Report and Order, a letter of credit has been secured to provide assurance that funds will be available to pay the relocation costs of the incumbent users of the 800 MHz spectrum. The letter of credit was initially \$2.5 billion, but has been reduced during the course of the proceeding to \$102 million as of September 30, 2018. Since the inception of the program, we have incurred payments of approximately \$3.6 billion directly attributable to our performance under the Report and Order, including \$29 million during the six-month period ended September 30, 2018. When incurred, substantially all costs are accounted for as additions to FCC licenses with the remainder as property, plant and equipment. Based on our expenses to date and on third party administrator's audits, we have exceeded \$2.8 billion minimum cash obligation required by the FCC. On October 12, 2017, the FCC released a Declaratory Ruling that we have met the minimum cash obligation under the Report and Order and concluded that Sprint will not be required to make any payments to the U.S. Treasury.

Completion of the 800 MHz band reconfiguration was initially required by June 26, 2008 and public safety reconfiguration is nearly complete across the country with the exception of the States of California, Texas and New Mexico. The FCC continues to grant the remaining 800 MHz public safety licensees additional time to complete their band reconfigurations which, in turn, delays our access to our 800 MHz replacement channels in these areas. In the non-border areas of these states where band reconfiguration is complete, Sprint has received its replacement spectrum in the 800 MHz band and Sprint is deploying 3G CDMA and 4G LTE on this spectrum in combination with its spectrum in the 1.9 GHz and 2.5 GHz bands.

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# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Per Share Data

The computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per common share attributable to Sprint was as follows:

	Three Months		Six Months		
	Ended		Ended		
	Septen	nber 30,	Septen 30,	nber	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	(in mil	lions,			
	except	per share	amoun	ts)	
Net income (loss)	\$207	\$(48)	\$380	\$158	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(11)	· —	(8)		
Net income (loss) attributable to Sprint	\$196	\$(48)	\$372	\$158	
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	4,061	3,998	4,036	3,996	
Effect of dilutive securities:					
Options and restricted stock units	60	_	55	60	
Warrants <sup>(1)</sup>	3	_	4	24	
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	4,124	3,998	4,095	4,080	
Basic net income (loss) per common share attributable to Sprint	\$0.05	\$(0.01)	20.02	\$0.04	
Diluted net income (loss) per common share attributable to Sprint	\$0.05	\$(0.01)	\$0.09	\$0.04	
Potentially dilutive securities:					
Outstanding stock options <sup>(2)</sup>	6	113	6	4	
- ·					

For the six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, dilutive securities attributable to warrants include 1 million and 20 million shares, respectively, issuable under the warrant held by SoftBank. At the close of the merger with SoftBank, the warrant was issued at \$5.25 per share. On July 10, 2018, SoftBank exercised its warrant in full to purchase 55 million shares of Sprint common stock for \$287 million.

### Note 13. Segments

Sprint operates two reportable segments: Wireless and Wireline.

Wireless primarily includes retail, wholesale, and affiliate revenue from a wide array of wireless voice and data transmission services, revenue from the sale of wireless devices (handsets and tablets) and accessories, and equipment rentals from devices leased to customers, all of which are generated in the U.S., Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

Wireline primarily includes revenue from domestic and international wireline communication services provided to other communications companies and targeted business subscribers, in addition to our Wireless segment.

We define segment earnings as wireless or wireline operating income (loss) before other segment expenses such as depreciation, amortization, severance, exit costs, goodwill impairments, asset impairments, and other items, if any, solely and directly attributable to the segment representing items of a non-recurring or unusual nature. Expense and

Potentially dilutive securities were not included in the computation of diluted net income (loss) per common share if to do so would have been antidilutive.

income items excluded from segment earnings are managed at the corporate level. Transactions between segments are generally accounted for based on market rates, which we believe approximate fair value. The Company generally re-establishes these rates at the beginning of each fiscal year. The impact of intercompany pricing rate changes to our Wireline segment earnings does not affect our consolidated results of operations as our Wireless segment has an equivalent offsetting impact in cost of services.

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# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Segment financial information is as follows:

Statement of Operations Information	Wireless Wireless including hurricane hurricane (in millions)	Wireless excluding hurricane	Wireline	Corporate, Other and Eliminations	Consolidated	i
Three Months Ended September 30, 2018						
Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup>	\$8,169 \$ (3 )	\$ 8,166	\$ 260	\$ 4	\$ 8,430	
Inter-segment revenues <sup>(1)</sup>		_	68	(68)	_	
Total segment operating expenses <sup>(2)</sup>		(4,890 )	,	64	(5,174)	
Segment earnings (loss)	\$3,286 \$ (10 )	\$ 3,276	\$ (20 )	\$ —	3,256	
Less:						
Depreciation - network and other					(1,021 )	
Depreciation - equipment rentals					(1,181 )	
Amortization					(159)	
Hurricane-related reimbursements <sup>(2)</sup>					32	
Merger costs <sup>(3)</sup>					(56 )	
Other, net <sup>(4)</sup>					(93 )	
Operating income					778	
Interest expense Other income, net					(633 ) 79	
Income before income taxes					\$ 224	
income before income taxes					D 224	
	Wireless	Wirologo		Corporato		
Statement of Operations Information	Wireless Wireless including hurricane hurricane (in millions)	Wireless excluding hurricane	Wireline	Corporate, Other and Eliminations	Consolidated	i
Statement of Operations Information	hurricane	excluding	Wireline	Other and	Consolidated	i
Statement of Operations Information  Three Months Ended September 30, 2017	hurricane hurricane (in millions)	excluding hurricane		Other and Eliminations	Consolidated	1
Statement of Operations Information  Three Months Ended September 30, 2017  Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup>	hurricane hurricane	excluding	Wireline \$ 314 95	Other and Eliminations \$ 4	Consolidated	1
Statement of Operations Information  Three Months Ended September 30, 2017  Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup> Inter-segment revenues <sup>(1)</sup>	hurricane hurricane (in millions)	excluding hurricane \$ 7,621	\$ 314 95	Other and Eliminations	Consolidated \$ 7,939	
Statement of Operations Information  Three Months Ended September 30, 2017  Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup>	hurricane hurricane (in millions)  \$7,609 \$ 12  — —	excluding hurricane \$ 7,621	\$ 314 95	Other and Eliminations  \$ 4 (95 )	Consolidated \$ 7,939	
Statement of Operations Information  Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup> Inter-segment revenues <sup>(1)</sup> Total segment operating expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	hurricane hurricane (in millions) \$7,609 \$ 12 — — — (4,879 ) 22	excluding hurricane \$ 7,621 (4,857)	\$ 314 95 (438 )	Other and Eliminations  \$ 4 (95 ) 85	\$ 7,939 — (5,210 )	
Statement of Operations Information  Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup> Inter-segment revenues <sup>(1)</sup> Total segment operating expenses <sup>(2)</sup> Segment earnings (loss)	hurricane hurricane (in millions) \$7,609 \$ 12 — — — (4,879 ) 22	excluding hurricane \$ 7,621 (4,857)	\$ 314 95 (438 )	Other and Eliminations  \$ 4 (95 ) 85	\$ 7,939 — (5,210 )	
Statement of Operations Information  Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup> Inter-segment revenues <sup>(1)</sup> Total segment operating expenses <sup>(2)</sup> Segment earnings (loss) Less:	hurricane hurricane (in millions) \$7,609 \$ 12 — — — (4,879 ) 22	excluding hurricane \$ 7,621 (4,857)	\$ 314 95 (438 )	Other and Eliminations  \$ 4 (95 ) 85	\$ 7,939  (5,210 ) 2,729	
Statement of Operations Information  Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup> Inter-segment revenues <sup>(1)</sup> Total segment operating expenses <sup>(2)</sup> Segment earnings (loss) Less: Depreciation - network and other	hurricane hurricane (in millions) \$7,609 \$ 12 — — — (4,879 ) 22	excluding hurricane \$ 7,621 (4,857)	\$ 314 95 (438 )	Other and Eliminations  \$ 4 (95 ) 85	\$ 7,939 	
Statement of Operations Information  Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup> Inter-segment revenues <sup>(1)</sup> Total segment operating expenses <sup>(2)</sup> Segment earnings (loss) Less: Depreciation - network and other Depreciation - equipment rentals	hurricane hurricane (in millions) \$7,609 \$ 12 — — — (4,879 ) 22	excluding hurricane \$ 7,621 (4,857)	\$ 314 95 (438 )	Other and Eliminations  \$ 4 (95 ) 85	\$ 7,939  (5,210 ) 2,729 (997 ) (888 )	
Statement of Operations Information  Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup> Inter-segment revenues <sup>(1)</sup> Total segment operating expenses <sup>(2)</sup> Segment earnings (loss) Less: Depreciation - network and other Depreciation - equipment rentals Amortization	hurricane hurricane (in millions) \$7,609 \$ 12 — — — (4,879 ) 22	excluding hurricane \$ 7,621 (4,857)	\$ 314 95 (438 )	Other and Eliminations  \$ 4 (95 ) 85	\$ 7,939 — (5,210 ) 2,729 (997 ) (888 ) (209 )	
Statement of Operations Information  Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup> Inter-segment revenues <sup>(1)</sup> Total segment operating expenses <sup>(2)</sup> Segment earnings (loss) Less: Depreciation - network and other Depreciation - equipment rentals Amortization Hurricane-related costs <sup>(2)</sup> Operating income Interest expense	hurricane hurricane (in millions) \$7,609 \$ 12 — — — (4,879 ) 22	excluding hurricane \$ 7,621 (4,857)	\$ 314 95 (438 )	Other and Eliminations  \$ 4 (95 ) 85	\$ 7,939 (5,210 ) 2,729  (997 ) (888 ) (209 ) (34 )	
Statement of Operations Information  Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup> Inter-segment revenues <sup>(1)</sup> Total segment operating expenses <sup>(2)</sup> Segment earnings (loss) Less: Depreciation - network and other Depreciation - equipment rentals Amortization Hurricane-related costs <sup>(2)</sup> Operating income Interest expense Other income, net	hurricane hurricane (in millions) \$7,609 \$ 12 — — — (4,879 ) 22	excluding hurricane \$ 7,621 (4,857)	\$ 314 95 (438 )	Other and Eliminations  \$ 4 (95 ) 85	\$ 7,939  (5,210 ) 2,729  (997 ) (888 ) (209 ) (34 ) 601 (595 ) 44	
Statement of Operations Information  Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup> Inter-segment revenues <sup>(1)</sup> Total segment operating expenses <sup>(2)</sup> Segment earnings (loss) Less: Depreciation - network and other Depreciation - equipment rentals Amortization Hurricane-related costs <sup>(2)</sup> Operating income Interest expense	hurricane hurricane (in millions) \$7,609 \$ 12 — — — (4,879 ) 22	excluding hurricane \$ 7,621 (4,857)	\$ 314 95 (438 )	Other and Eliminations  \$ 4 (95 ) 85	\$ 7,939  (5,210 ) 2,729  (997 ) (888 ) (209 ) (34 ) 601 (595 )	

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Other Information

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# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Operations Information	Wireless including hurricand (in million	nurricane	Wireless excluding hurricane	Wireline	Corporate, Other and Elimination	Consolio	lated	
Six Months Ended September 30, 2018 Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup> Inter-segment revenues <sup>(1)</sup> Total segment operating expenses <sup>(2)</sup> Segment earnings (loss)	\$16,014 — (9,410 \$6,604	<del>-</del> (7 )	\$16,011 — (9,417 ) \$6,594	\$ 536 130 (728 ) \$ (62 )	\$ 8 (130 ) 126 \$ 4	\$ 16,555 — (10,019 6,536	)	
Less: Depreciation - network and other Depreciation - equipment rentals Amortization Hurricane-related reimbursements <sup>(2)</sup> Merger costs <sup>(3)</sup> Other, net <sup>(4)</sup> Operating income Interest expense Other income, net Income before income taxes						(2,044 (2,317 (330 32 (149 (135 1,593 (1,270 121 \$ 444	) ) ) )	
Statement of Operations Information		Wirele includ hurric (in mi	ing hurrica	excludu	ng Wireline C	Corporate, Other and Climination		ated
Six Months Ended September 30, 2017 Net operating revenues <sup>(2)</sup> Inter-segment revenues <sup>(1)</sup> Total segment operating expenses <sup>(2)</sup> Segment earnings (loss)		\$15,4 — (9,823 \$5,59		\$15,431 — (9,801 \$5,630	185 (1 ) (882 ) 1	8 185 ) 69 (8 )	\$ 16,096 — (10,514 5,582	)
Less: Depreciation - network and other Depreciation - equipment rentals Amortization Hurricane-related costs <sup>(2)</sup> Other, net <sup>(4)</sup> Operating income Interest expense Other expense, net							(1,974 (1,742 (432 (34 364 1,764 (1,208 (8	) ) )
Income before income taxes							(0	,

			Other	
	(in millio	ons)		
Capital expenditures for the six months ended September 30, 2018	\$5,644	\$ 106	\$ 172	\$ 5,922
Capital expenditures for the six months ended September 30, 2017	\$4,579	\$ 102	\$ 227	\$ 4,908

<sup>(1)</sup> Inter-segment revenues consist primarily of wireline services provided to the Wireless segment for resale to, or use by, wireless subscribers.

The three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 includes \$32 million of hurricane-related reimbursements, which are classified in our consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) as follows: \$3 million as revenue in net operating revenues, \$6 million as cost of services, \$1 million as selling, general and

administrative expenses and \$22 million as other, net, all within the Wireless segment. The three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2017 includes \$34 million of hurricane-related costs, which are classified in our consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) as follows: \$12 million as contra-revenue in net operating revenues, \$15 million as cost of services, \$2 million as selling, general and administrative expenses and \$5 million as other, net, all within the Wireless segment.

The three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 includes \$56 million and \$149 million, respectively, of (3) merger-related costs, which were recorded as selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

Other, net for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 consists of \$25 million and \$33 million, (4) respectively, of severance and exit costs primarily due to reductions in work force, access termination charges and lease exit costs. In addition, both the three and six-month periods

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# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ended September 30, 2018 consist of a \$68 million loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment primarily related to cell site construction costs and other network costs that are no longer recoverable as a result of changes in our network plans. The six-month period ended September 30, 2018 consists of \$34 million associated with the purchase of certain leased spectrum assets, which upon termination of the related spectrum leases resulted in the accelerated recognition of the unamortized favorable lease balances. Other, net for the six-month period ended September 30, 2017 consists of a \$175 million net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, which consisted of a \$181 million loss related to cell site construction costs that are no longer recoverable as a result of changes in our network plans, slightly offset by a \$6 million gain. In addition, the six-month period ended September 30, 2017 includes a \$479 million non-cash gain related to spectrum license exchanges with other carriers, a \$55 million reduction of an accrual related to favorable developments in pending legal proceedings and a \$5 million reversal of previously accrued contract termination costs primarily related to the termination of our relationship with General Wireless Operations Inc. (Radio Shack).

Corporate,

Operating Revenues by Service and Products	Wireless	Wireline	Other and Eliminations	s(1)	Consolidated
	(in milli	ons)			
Three Months Ended September 30, 2018	`	,			
Service revenue <sup>(2)</sup>	\$5,206	\$ 303	\$ (68	)	\$ 5,441
Wireless equipment sales	1,418	_	_		1,418
Wireless equipment rentals	1,253	_			1,253
Other	289	25	4		318
Total net operating revenues	\$8,166	\$ 328	\$ (64	)	\$ 8,430
			Corporate,		
Operating Revenues by Service and Products	Wireless	Wireline	•		Consolidated
operating the condess of service and resources	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,, ,, ,,	Eliminations	$s^{(1)}$	
	(in milli	ons)			
Three Months Ended September 30, 2017					
Service revenue <sup>(2)</sup>	\$5,365	\$ 398	\$ (95	)	\$ 5,668
Wireless equipment sales	994	_			994
Wireless equipment rentals	966	_			966
Other	296	11	4		311
Total net operating revenues	\$7,621	\$ 409	\$ (91	)	\$ 7,939
			Corporate,		
Operating Revenues by Service and Products	Wireless	Wireline	•		Consolidated
			Eliminations	$s^{(1)}$	
	(in milli	ons)			
Six Months Ended September 30, 2018					
Service revenue <sup>(2)</sup>	\$10,376	\$ 617	\$ (130	)	\$ 10,863
Wireless equipment sales	2,591	_	_		2,591
Wireless equipment rentals	2,465	_	_		2,465
Other	579	49	8		636

\$16,011 \$ 666 Total net operating revenues \$ (122 ) \$ 16,555 Corporate, Operating Revenues by Service and Products Wireless Wireline Other and Consolidated Eliminations<sup>(1)</sup> (in millions) Six Months Ended September 30, 2017 Service revenue<sup>(2)</sup> \$10,830 \$ 811 ) \$ 11,456 \$ (185 Wireless equipment sales 2,181 2,181 Wireless equipment rentals 1,865 1,865 Other 555 31 594 8 Total net operating revenues \$15,431 \$ 842 \$ (177 ) \$ 16,096

<sup>(1)</sup> Revenues eliminated in consolidation consist primarily of wireline services provided to the Wireless segment for resale to or use by wireless subscribers.

Service revenue related to the Wireless segment in the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 excludes \$3 million of hurricane-related revenue reimbursements reflected in net operating revenues in our

<sup>(2)</sup> consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). Service revenue related to the Wireless segment in the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2017 excludes \$12 million of hurricane-related contra-revenue costs reflected in net operating revenues in our consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

### Index for Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 14. Related-Party Transactions

In addition to agreements arising out of or relating to the SoftBank Merger, Sprint has entered into various other arrangements with SoftBank, its controlled affiliates or with third parties to which SoftBank Parties are also parties, including arrangements for international wireless roaming, wireless and wireline call termination, real estate, logistical management, and other services.

## Brightstar

We have arrangements with Brightstar US, Inc. (Brightstar), whereby Brightstar provides supply chain and inventory management services to us in our indirect channels and whereby Sprint may sell new and used devices and new accessories to Brightstar for its own purposes. To facilitate certain of these arrangements, we have extended a \$700 million credit line to Brightstar to assist with the purchasing and distribution of devices and accessories. As a result, we shifted our concentration of credit risk away from our indirect channel partners to Brightstar. As Brightstar is a subsidiary of SoftBank, we expect SoftBank will provide the necessary support to ensure that Brightstar will fulfill its obligations to us under these arrangements. However, we have no assurance that SoftBank will provide such support. The supply chain and inventory management arrangement included, among other things, that Brightstar may purchase inventory from the original equipment manufacturers to sell directly to our indirect dealers. As compensation for these services, we remit per unit fees to Brightstar for each device sold to dealers or retailers in our indirect channels. During the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, we incurred fees under these arrangements totaling \$16 million, \$33 million, \$23 million and \$46 million, respectively, which are recognized in "Cost of equipment sales" and "Selling, general and administrative" expenses in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). Additionally, we have an arrangement with Brightstar whereby they perform certain of our reverse logistics including device buyback, trade-in technology and related services.

During the three-month period ended September 30, 2017, we entered into an arrangement with Brightstar whereby accessories previously procured by us and sold to customers in our direct channels will now be procured and consigned to us from Brightstar. Amounts billed from the sale of accessory inventory are remitted to Brightstar. In exchange for our efforts to sell accessory inventory owned by Brightstar, we received a fixed fee from Brightstar for each device activated in our direct channels. In August 2018, the arrangement was amended and we will receive a share of the profits associated with the sale of accessory inventory owned by Brightstar. For the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and the three-month period ended September 30, 2017, Sprint earned fees under these arrangements of \$48 million, \$97 million and \$29 million, respectively, which are recognized as other revenue within "Service revenue" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

Amounts included in our consolidated financial statements associated with these supply chain and inventory management arrangements with Brightstar were as follows:

Consolidated balance sheets: Septemblanch, 31, 2018

Accounts receivable \$209 \$ 188 Accounts payable and accrued expenses and other current liabilities \$64 \$88

Three
Months
Ended

Six Months
Ended

Consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss): September 38 eptember 30,

2018 2017 2018 2017

(in millions)

(in millions)

Equipment sales	\$414 \$443 \$829	\$ 793
Cost of equipment sales	\$434 \$452 \$866	\$ 808

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# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 15. Guarantor Financial Information

On September 11, 2013, Sprint Corporation issued \$2.25 billion aggregate principal amount of 7.250% notes due 2021 and \$4.25 billion aggregate principal amount of 7.875% notes due 2023 in a private placement transaction with registration rights. On December 12, 2013, Sprint Corporation issued \$2.5 billion aggregate principal amount of 7.125% notes due 2024 in a private placement transaction with registration rights. Each of these issuances is fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Sprint Communications (Subsidiary Guarantor), which is a 100% owned subsidiary of Sprint Corporation (Parent/Issuer). In connection with the foregoing, in November 2014, the Company and Sprint Communications completed an offer to exchange the notes for a new issue of substantially identical exchange notes registered under the Securities Act of 1933. We did not receive any proceeds from this exchange offer. In addition, on February 24, 2015, Sprint Corporation issued \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount of 7.625% notes due 2025, and on February 20, 2018, Sprint Corporation issued \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount of 7.625% senior notes due 2026, which are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Sprint Communications.

During the six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, there were non-cash equity distributions from the non-guarantor subsidiaries to Subsidiary Guarantor of approximately \$1.3 billion and non-cash equity contributions from Subsidiary Guarantor to the non-guarantor subsidiaries of \$231 million, respectively, as a result of organizational restructuring for tax purposes. As of September 30, 2018, there were \$24.0 billion of intercompany notes issued by the Subsidiary Guarantor to the non-guarantor subsidiaries. The notes are subordinated to all unaffiliated third-party obligations of Sprint Corporation and its subsidiaries.

Under the Subsidiary Guarantor's secured revolving bank credit facility, the Subsidiary Guarantor is currently restricted from paying cash dividends to the Parent/Issuer or any non-guarantor subsidiary because the ratio of total indebtedness to adjusted EBITDA (each as defined in the applicable agreement) exceeds 2.5 to 1.0. Sprint has a Receivables Facility providing for the sale of eligible wireless service, installment and certain future lease receivables. In April 2016, Sprint entered into the Tranche 2 transaction to sell and leaseback certain leased devices and a separate network equipment sale-leaseback transaction to sell and leaseback certain network equipment. In October 2016, Sprint transferred certain directly held and third-party leased spectrum licenses to wholly-owned bankruptcy-remote special purpose entities as part of the spectrum financing transaction. In connection with each of the Receivables Facility, Tranche 2, and the spectrum financing transaction, Sprint formed certain wholly-owned bankruptcy-remote subsidiaries that are included in the non-guarantor subsidiaries' condensed consolidated financial information. In addition, the bankruptcy-remote special purpose entities formed in connection with the network equipment sale-leaseback transaction, but which are not Sprint subsidiaries, are included in the non-guarantor subsidiaries' condensed consolidated financial information. Each of these is a separate legal entity with its own separate creditors who will be entitled, prior to and upon its liquidation, to be satisfied out of its assets prior to any assets becoming available to Sprint (see Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Financing and Capital Lease Obligations). We have accounted for investments in subsidiaries using the equity method. Presented below is the condensed consolidating financial information.

## Index for Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET	ı					
		er 30, 2018				
	Parent/Is	Subsidiary Suer Guarantor	Non-Guaranto Subsidiaries	r Eliminatio	ns	Consolidated
	(in millio		<b>S</b> G S G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G			
ASSETS		,				
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>\$</b> —	\$ 5,256	\$ 470	\$ <i>—</i>		\$ 5,726
Short-term investments	_	3,186		_		3,186
Accounts and notes receivable, net	96	233	3,555	(329	)	3,555
Current portion of notes receivable from consolidated affiliates	_	424	_	(424	)	_
Device and accessory inventory	_	_	859			859
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1	8	1,112			1,121
Total current assets	97	9,107	5,996	(753	)	14,447
Investments in subsidiaries	28,110	19,303		(47,413	)	_
Property, plant and equipment, net			20,816	_		20,816
Costs to acquire a customer contract			1,379	_		1,379
Due from consolidated affiliates	291	1,007	_	(1,298	)	_
Notes receivable from consolidated affiliates	11,871	23,567		(35,438	)	_
Intangible assets						
Goodwill			6,598			6,598
FCC licenses and other			41,373			41,373
Definite-lived intangible assets, net			2,075			2,075
Other assets		206	957			1,163
Total assets	\$40,369	\$ 53,190	\$ 79,194	\$ (84,902	)	\$ 87,851
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Current liabilities:			* . *			* . *
Accounts payable	\$ <u> </u>	\$ —	\$ 4,210	\$ <u> </u>		\$ 4,210
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	97	314	3,288	(329	)	3,370
Current portion of long-term debt, financing and capital lease obligations		2,021	3,325			5,346
Current portion of notes payable to consolidated affiliate	s—	_	424	(424	)	
Total current liabilities	97	2,335	11,247	(753		12,926
Long-term debt, financing and capital lease obligations	11,871	10,104	13,354	_		35,329
Notes payable to consolidated affiliates	_	11,871	23,567	(35,438	)	_
Deferred tax liabilities	_	_	7,704	_		7,704
Other liabilities	_	770	2,658	_		3,428
Due to consolidated affiliates	_	_	1,298	(1,298	)	_
Total liabilities	11,968	25,080	59,828	(37,489		59,387
Commitments and contingencies	•	•	-		_	•
Total stockholders' equity	28,401	28,110	19,303	(47,413	)	28,401
• •						

Noncontrolling interests	_	_	63	_	63
Total equity	28,401	28,110	19,366	(47,413	28,464
Total liabilities and equity	\$40,369	\$ 53,190	\$ 79,194	\$ (84,902	\$ 87,851
35					

## Index for Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING DALANCE SHEET							
	March 31, 2018						
	Parent/Issuer Subsidiary Non-Guarantor Eliminations Consolidate Guarantor Subsidiaries						
	(in millions)						
ASSETS	(111 1111111	0113)					
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$ 6,222	\$ 388	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ 6,610		
Short-term investments	Ψ	2,354	Ψ 300	Ψ—	2,354		
Accounts and notes receivable, net	99	248	3,711	(347	) 3,711		
Current portion of notes receivable from consolidated		240	3,711	(547	) 3,711		
affiliates	_	424	_	(424	) —		
Device and accessory inventory		_	1,003		1,003		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	5	9	561	_	575		
Total current assets	104	9,257	5,663	(771	) 14,253		
Investments in subsidiaries	26,351	18,785	_	(45,136	) —		
Property, plant and equipment, net	_	_	19,925		19,925		
Due from consolidated affiliates	1	_	594	(595	) —		
Notes receivable from consolidated affiliates	11,887	23,991	_	(35,878	) —		
Intangible assets							
Goodwill			6,586		6,586		
FCC licenses and other			41,309		41,309		
Definite-lived intangible assets, net			2,465		2,465		
Other assets		185	736		921		
Total assets	\$38,343	\$ 52,218	\$ 77,278	\$ (82,380	) \$ 85,459		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	<b>\$</b> —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 3,409	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 3,409		
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	100	341	3,868	(347	) 3,962		
Current portion of long-term debt, financing and capital		1,832	1,597		3,429		
lease obligations	_	1,032	1,397	_	3,429		
Current portion of notes payable to consolidated affiliate	s—	_	424	(424	) —		
Total current liabilities	100	2,173	9,298	(771	) 10,800		
Long-term debt, financing and capital lease obligations	11,887	10,381	15,195	_	37,463		
Notes payable to consolidated affiliates	_	11,887	23,991	(35,878	) —		
Deferred tax liabilities	_	_	7,294	_	7,294		
Other liabilities	_	831	2,652	_	3,483		
Due to consolidated affiliates	_	595	_	(595	) —		
Total liabilities	11,987	25,867	58,430	(37,244	) 59,040		
Commitments and contingencies							
Total stockholders' equity	26,356	26,351	18,785	(45,136	) 26,356		
Noncontrolling interests	_	_	63	_	63		

Total equity 26,356 26,351 18,848 (45,136 ) 26,419 Total liabilities and equity \$38,343 \$52,218 \$77,278 \$(82,380 ) \$85,459

## Index for Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF COM	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018								
	SubsidiaryNon-Guarantor Parent/Issuer EliminationsConsolidat Guarantor Subsidiaries						lated		
	(in millions)								
Net operating revenues:									
Service	<b>\$</b> —	\$ —		\$ 5,762		\$ —		\$ 5,762	
Equipment sales		_		1,418				1,418	
Equipment rentals		_		1,253				1,253	
				8,433				8,433	
Net operating expenses:									
Cost of services (exclusive of depreciation and amortization included below)		_		1,694		_		1,694	
Cost of equipment sales		_		1,517				1,517	
Cost of equipment rentals (exclusive of depreciation below)		_		151				151	
Selling, general and administrative		_		1,861				1,861	
Severance and exit costs		_		25				25	
Depreciation - network and other				1,021				1,021	
Depreciation - equipment rentals				1,181				1,181	
Amortization				159				159	
Other, net				46				46	
				7,655				7,655	
Operating income				778				778	
Other income (expense):									
Interest income	226	545		340		(1,062	)	49	
Interest expense	(226)	(638	)	(831	)	1,062		(633	)
Earnings (losses) of subsidiaries	196	267		_		(463	)		
Other income, net		22		8		_		30	
	196	196		(483	)	(463	)		)
Income (loss) before income taxes	196	196		295		(463	)	224	
Income tax expense				(17	)			(17	)
Net income (loss)	196	196		278		(463	)	207	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		_		(11	)	_		(11	)
Net income (loss) attributable to Sprint Corporation	196	196		267		(463	)	196	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	9	9		3		(12	)	9	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$205	\$ 205		\$ 281		\$ (475	)	\$ 216	
37									

## Index for Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME Three Months Ended September 3

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017								
	SubsidiaryNon-Guarantor Parent/Issuer Elimination Consolidated Guarantor Subsidiaries								lated
		illions)							
Net operating revenues:									
Service	<b>\$</b> —	\$ —		\$ 5,967		\$ —		\$ 5,967	
Equipment sales	_			994				994	
Equipment rentals				966				966	
	_			7,927				7,927	
Net operating expenses:									
Cost of services (exclusive of depreciation and amortization				1,698				1,698	
included below)		<del></del>		1,090				1,090	
Cost of equipment sales				1,404				1,404	
Cost of equipment rentals (exclusive of depreciation below)				112				112	
Selling, general and administrative				2,013				2,013	
Depreciation - network and other		_		997				997	
Depreciation - equipment rentals		_		888				888	
Amortization		_		209				209	
Other, net				5				5	
		_		7,326				7,326	
Operating income		_		601				601	
Other income (expense):									
Interest income	197	280		5		(449	)	33	
Interest expense	(197)	(438	)	(409	)	449		(595	)
(Losses) earnings of subsidiaries	(48	110		_		(62	)	_	
Other income, net				11				11	
	(48	(48	)	(393	)	(62	)	(551	)
(Loss) income before income taxes	(48	(48	)	208		(62	)	50	
Income tax expense		_		(98	)			(98	)
Net (loss) income	(48	(48	)	110		(62	)	(48	)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	16	16		7		(23	)	16	
Comprehensive (loss) income	\$(32)	\$ (32	)	\$ 117		\$ (85	)	\$ (32	)
38									

## <u>Index for Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u>

# SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

	Six Months Ended September 30, 2018								
	SubsidiaryNon-Guarantor Parent/Issuer EliminationsConsolidated Guarantor Subsidiaries								
	(in millions)								
Net operating revenues:									
Service	\$	\$ —	\$ 11,502	\$ —	\$ 11,502				
Equipment sales			2,591		2,591				
Equipment rentals			2,465		2,465				
			16,558		16,558				
Net operating expenses:									
Cost of services (exclusive of depreciation and amortization	1		3,371		3,371				
included below)			3,371	<del></del>	3,371				
Cost of equipment sales			2,787		2,787				
Cost of equipment rentals (exclusive of depreciation below)			275		275				
Selling, general and administrative		_	3,728		3,728				
Severance and exit costs		_	33		33				
Depreciation - network and other		_	2,044		2,044				
Depreciation - equipment rentals		_	2,317		2,317				
Amortization			330		330				
Other, net		_	80	_	80				
		_	14,965		14,965				
Operating income			1,593		1,593				
Other income (expense):									
Interest income	452	1,092	342	(1,795	) 91				
Interest expense	(452)	(1,209)	(1,404	1,795	(1,270)				
Earnings (losses) of subsidiaries	372	469	_	(841	) —				
Other income, net		20	10		30				
	372	372	(1,052	(841	) (1,149 )				
Income (loss) before income taxes	372	372	541	(841	) 444				
Income tax expense			(64	) —	(64)				
Net income (loss)	372	372	477	(841	) 380				
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		_	(8	) —	(8)				
Net income (loss) attributable to Sprint Corporation	372	372	469	(841	) 372				
Other comprehensive income (loss)	5	5	(10	) 5	5				
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$377	\$ 377	\$ 467	\$ (836	) \$ 385				
39									

## <u>Index for Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u>

## SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

	Six Months Ended September 30, 2017								
	SubsidiaryNon-Guarantor Parent/Issuer EliminationsConsolid Guarantor Subsidiaries							ited	
	(in mi								
Net operating revenues:									
Service	\$	\$ —		\$ 12,038		\$ —		\$ 12,038	
Equipment sales				2,181				2,181	
Equipment rentals				1,865				1,865	
				16,084				16,084	
Net operating expenses:									
Cost of services (exclusive of depreciation and amortization	ı			3,407				3,407	
included below)				3,407				3,407	
Cost of equipment sales				2,949				2,949	
Cost of equipment rentals (exclusive of depreciation below)		_		224				224	
Selling, general and administrative				3,951				3,951	
Depreciation - network and other				1,974				1,974	
Depreciation - equipment rentals				1,742				1,742	
Amortization				432				432	
Other, net		(55	)	(304	)			(359	)
		(55	)	14,375				14,320	
Operating income		55		1,709				1,764	
Other income (expense):									
Interest income	395	325		9		(677	)	52	
Interest expense	(395)	(789	)	(701	)	677		(1,208	)
Earnings (losses) of subsidiaries	158	634		_		(792	)		
Other (expense) income, net		(67	)	7				(60	)
	158	103		(685	)	(792	)	(1,216	)
Income (loss) before income taxes	158	158		1,024		(792	)	548	
Income tax expense				(390	)			(390	)
Net income (loss)	158	158		634		(792	)	158	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	12	12		12		(24	)	12	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$170	\$ 170		\$ 646		\$ (816	)	\$ 170	

## <u>Index for Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u>

## SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Six Months	Eı	nded Septer	mbe	r 30, 2	018		
	Subsidia Parent/Issua Guarant	ary er or	Non-Guar Subsidiari	anto es	r Elim	inatio	nsConsolid	ated
	(in millions							
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$-\$ (209	)	\$ 5,566		\$	_	\$ 5,357	
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Capital expenditures - network and other			(2,398	)			(2,398	)
Capital expenditures - leased devices			(3,524	)	_		(3,524	)
Expenditures relating to FCC licenses			(70	)			(70	)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of short-term investments	<b></b> 4,002						4,002	
Purchases of short-term investments	— (4,834	)					(4,834	)
Change in amounts due from/due to consolidated affiliates	(2)48320	)			568			
Proceeds from sales of assets and FCC licenses			272				272	
Proceeds from deferred purchase price from sale of			222				223	
receivables			223				223	
Proceeds from intercompany note advance to consolidated	424				(424	`		
affiliate	— 424		_		(424	)		
Other, net			42				42	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(2)48728	)	(5,455	)	144		(6,287	)
Cash flows from financing activities:								
Proceeds from debt and financings			2,944		_		2,944	
Repayments of debt, financing and capital lease obligations	— (20	)	(2,908	)	_		(2,928	)
Debt financing costs	(2)8(9	)	(211	)	_		(248	)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net	276—		_		_		276	
Change in amounts due from/due to consolidated affiliates			568		(568	)		
Repayments of intercompany note advance from parent			(424	)	424			
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	248(29	)	(31	)	(144	)	44	
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricte	d (066						(006	,
cash	— (966	)	80		_		(886	)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of perio	d— 6,222		437				6,659	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$_\$ 5,256		\$ 517		\$		\$ 5,773	
-								
41								

## <u>Index for Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u>

## SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Six Months Ended September 30, 2017							
	Subsidiar Parent/Issue Guarantor	y r r	Non-Guarant Subsidiaries	toı	Eliminations	s Consolida	ited	
	(in millions)	)						
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ <del>-\$</del> (949	)	\$ 5,675		\$ —	\$ 4,726		
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Capital expenditures - network and other			(1,843	)		(1,843	)	
Capital expenditures - leased devices			(3,065	)		(3,065	)	
Expenditures relating to FCC licenses			(19	)		(19	)	
Proceeds from sales and maturities of short-term investments	5,582					5,582		
Purchases of short-term investments	-(1,748)	)	_			(1,748	)	
Change in amounts due from/due to consolidated affiliates	—1,628		_		(1,628)	_		
Proceeds from sales of assets and FCC licenses			218		_	218		
Proceeds from deferred purchase price from sale of			640			640		
receivables								
Other, net	—2		(4	)	_	(2	)	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	5,464		(4,073	)	(1,628)	(237	)	
Cash flows from financing activities:								
Proceeds from debt and financings			1,860			1,860		
Repayments of debt, financing and capital lease obligations	. , ,	)	(1,741	)	_	(4,261	)	
Debt financing costs	<b>—</b> (9	)	_		_	(9	)	
Call premiums paid on debt redemptions	<b>—</b> (129	)	_		_	(129	)	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net	—1				_	1		
Change in amounts due from/due to consolidated affiliates			(1,628	)	1,628	_		
Other, net			(22	)	_	(22	)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	,	)	(1,531	)	1,628	(2,560	)	
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	1,858		71		_	1,929		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	2,461		481		_	2,942		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$-\$4,319		\$ 552		\$ —	\$ 4,871		

#### Index for Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

## SPRINT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 16. Additional Financial Information

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

The following provides the classifications of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash in the consolidated balance sheets:

September 31, 2018 2018 (in millions) \$5,726 \$ 6,610 as 1

Cash and cash equivalents

Restricted cash in Prepaid expenses and other current assets 1 — Restricted cash in Other assets (1) 46 49 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash \$5,773 \$6,659

Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018 include liabilities in the amounts of \$77 million and \$66 million, respectively, for payments issued in excess of associated bank balances but not yet presented for collection.

<sup>(1)</sup> Restricted cash in Other assets is required as part of our spectrum financing transactions.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### **OVERVIEW**

Sprint Corporation, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is a communications company offering a comprehensive range of wireless and wireline communications products and services that are designed to meet the needs of individual consumers, businesses, government subscribers, and resellers. Unless the context otherwise requires, references to "Sprint," "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" mean Sprint Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries for all periods presented, and references to "Sprint Communications" are to Sprint Communications, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

#### Description of the Company

We are a large wireless communications company in the U.S., as well as a provider of wireline services. Our services are provided through our ownership of extensive wireless networks, an all-digital global wireline network and a Tier 1 Internet backbone.

We offer wireless and wireline services to subscribers in all 50 states, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands under the Sprint corporate brand, which includes our retail brands of Sprint®, Boost Mobile®, Virgin Mobile®, and Assurance Wireless® on our wireless networks utilizing various technologies including third generation (3G) code division multiple access (CDMA) and fourth generation (4G) services utilizing Long Term Evolution (LTE). We utilize these networks to offer our wireless subscribers differentiated products and services through the use of a single network or a combination of these networks.

#### **Business Combination Agreement**

On April 29, 2018, we announced that we entered into a Business Combination Agreement with T-Mobile US (T-Mobile) to merge in an all-stock transaction for a fixed exchange ratio of 0.10256 of T-Mobile shares for each Sprint share, or the equivalent of 9.75 Sprint shares for each T-Mobile share. Immediately following the transactions, Deutsche Telekom AG and SoftBank Group Corp. are expected to hold approximately 42% and 27% of fully-diluted shares of the combined company, respectively, with the remaining 31% of the fully-diluted shares of the combined company held by public stockholders. The Board will consist of 14 directors, of which nine will be nominated by Deutsche Telekom AG, four will be nominated by SoftBank Group Corp, and the final director will be the CEO of the combined company. The combined company will be named T-Mobile. The transaction is subject to customary closing conditions, including regulatory approvals, and is expected to close in the first half of calendar year 2019. Sprint and T-Mobile completed the Hart-Scott-Rodino filing with the Department of Justice on May 24, 2018. On June 18, 2018, the parties filed with the FCC the merger applications, including the Public Interest Statement. On July 18, 2018, the FCC accepted the applications for filing and established a public comment period for the transaction. The formal comment period concluded on October 31, 2018.

## Revenue Recognition

The Company adopted Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) beginning on April 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective method. See Note 8. Revenues from Contracts with Customers in Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I, Item 1. of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information related to revenues and contract costs, including qualitative and quantitative disclosures required under Topic 606. The impact to our consolidated financial statements of adopting Topic 606 is presented in Note 2. New Accounting Pronouncements in Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I, Item 1. of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### Wireless

We offer wireless services on a postpaid and prepaid payment basis to retail subscribers and also on a wholesale basis, which includes the sale of wireless services that utilize the Sprint network but are sold under the wholesaler's brand. Postpaid

In our postpaid portfolio, we offer several price plans for both consumer and business subscribers. Many of our price plans include unlimited talk, text and data or allow subscribers to purchase monthly data allowances. We also offer family plans that include multiple lines of service under one account.

Under the Sprint brand, we currently offer our devices through leasing and installment billing programs, and within limited plan offerings devices may be subsidized in exchange for a service contract. Our Sprint branded leasing and installment billing programs do not require a service contract but offer devices tied to service plans at lower monthly rates when compared to subsidy plans. The installment billing program requires the subscriber to pay full or a discounted retail price based on promotional activities for the device over the installment period. The leasing program requires the subscriber

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to pay a rental fee over the lease term. In July 2017, we introduced the Sprint Flex program, which gives customers the opportunity to enjoy their phone before deciding what option (upgrade, continue leasing, return, or buy) works best for their lifestyle. Depending on device type, certain leases carry an option to upgrade to a new device annually prior to expiration of the lease. The terms of our lease and installment billing contracts require that customers maintain service otherwise the balance of the remaining contractual obligation on the device is due upon termination of their service. The subsidy program, which has been de-emphasized, requires a service contract and allows for a subscriber to purchase a device generally at a discount. Additionally, in our non-Sprint branded postpaid plan we offer devices through an installment billing program while requiring service to be purchased on a prepaid basis. The majority of Sprint's current handset activations occur on our Sprint Flex leasing program.

#### Prepaid

Our prepaid portfolio currently includes multiple brands, each designed to appeal to specific subscriber uses and demographics. Additionally, a subsidy program is available within limited prepaid plan offerings. In our indirect channel, customers who activate service under certain prepaid plan offerings are able to purchase devices at a discount. Sprint Forward (formerly Sprint Prepaid) primarily serves as a complementary offer to our Sprint Postpaid offer for those subscribers who want plans that are affordable, simple and flexible without a long-term commitment. Boost Mobile primarily serves subscribers that are looking for value without data limits. Virgin Mobile primarily serves subscribers that are looking to optimize spend but need solutions that offer control, flexibility and connectivity through various plans with high speed data options. Virgin Mobile is also designated as a Lifeline-only Eligible Telecommunications Carrier. Under the Assurance Wireless brand, Virgin Mobile provides service to Lifeline eligible subscribers (for whom it seeks reimbursement from the federal Universal Service Fund) and subscribers who have lost their Lifeline eligibility and retain Assurance Wireless retail service. The Lifeline program requires applicants to meet certain eligibility requirements and existing subscribers must recertify as to those requirements annually. While Sprint will continue to support our Lifeline subscribers through our Assurance Wireless prepaid brand, we have excluded these subscribers from our reported prepaid customer base for all periods presented due to regulatory changes resulting in tighter program restrictions.

#### Wholesale

We have focused our wholesale business on enabling our diverse network of customers to successfully grow their business by providing them with an array of network, product, and device solutions. This allows our customers to customize this full suite of value-added solutions to meet the growing demands of their businesses. As part of these growing demands, some of our wholesale mobile virtual network operators (MVNO) are also selling prepaid services under the Lifeline program. While Sprint will continue to support our Lifeline subscribers through our wholesale MVNOs, we have excluded these subscribers from our reported wholesale customer base for all periods presented due to regulatory changes resulting in tighter program restrictions.

We continue to support the open development of applications, content, and devices on the Sprint network. In addition, we enable a variety of business and consumer third-party relationships through our portfolio of machine-to-machine solutions, which we offer on a retail postpaid and wholesale basis. Our machine-to-machine solutions portfolio provides a secure, real-time and reliable wireless two-way data connection across a broad range of connected devices. Wireline

We provide a suite of wireline communication services to other communications companies and targeted business subscribers. In addition, our Wireline segment provides data and IP communication services to our Wireless segment. We provide long distance services and operate all-digital global long distance and Tier 1 IP networks.

Business Strategies and Key Priorities

Our business strategy is to be responsive to changing mobility demands of existing and potential customers, and to expand our business into new areas of customer value and economic opportunity through innovation and differentiation. To help lay the foundation for these future growth opportunities, our strategy revolves around targeted investment in the following key priority areas:

Sprint's Next-Gen network plan will deliver competitive coverage, faster speeds and more capacity;

Create a compelling unlimited value proposition;

Provide the best digital customer experience; and

Engage our partners by making Sprint a great place to work.

We plan to invest in our network during the next few years targeting to launch 5G in the first half of 2019. We aim to use our wealth of spectrum to build our 5G network, with focus on designing an incredibly dense network with thousands of small cells. 5G includes faster speeds and, more importantly, low latency. We expect to also expand coverage using a hybrid plan that combines traditional macros, mini macros, air strands and Sprint Magic Boxes. We plan to create a compelling unlimited value proposition by leveraging our spectrum holdings while remaining the price leader on Unlimited plan offerings and taking our brand to the next level.

We plan to invest in digital capabilities and artificial intelligence to improve the customer experience. We are focused on finding the right balance between physical and digital retail to serve customers wherever and whenever they want. We have recruited leaders in our industry from around the globe and employ an organizational focus to ensure Sprint has a work environment employees recommend.

#### Network

We continue to increase coverage and capacity by densifying and evolving our existing network toward 5G. Densification, which includes increasing the number of small cells and antennas, is intended to enhance coverage and capacity across the network. We are also deploying new technologies, such as Massive MIMO and carrier aggregation, which allows us to move more data at faster speeds over the same spectrum and migrate customers to an all data service. Additionally, our introduction of tri-band devices, including those with 5G capabilities, allows us to manage and operate our network more efficiently and at a lower cost. We have continued to see positive results from these infrastructure upgrades in key U.S. markets. While Sprint will build 5G in a number of cities throughout the country, its current 5G build plans will result in coverage that is limited to major cities and the surrounding areas rather than coverage that blankets the entire geography of the United States. Sprint's ability to expand this 5G network build plan may be limited by its financial resources, lack of scale and profitability. Moreover, Sprint plans to offer a "mobile" 5G network and customer experience, meaning that its focus will be on creating a 5G ecosystem for smartphones and mobile devices rather than stationary devices.

The 2.5 GHz spectrum band carries the highest percentage of Sprint's LTE data traffic. We have significant additional capacity to grow the use of our 2.5 GHz spectrum holdings into the future. Sprint believes it is well-positioned with spectrum holdings of more than 160 MHz of 2.5 GHz spectrum in the top 100 markets in the U.S. Sprint's broad spectrum holdings allow us to introduce 5G in parallel with 4G service over the same 2.5 GHz spectrum band, supporting the early introduction of 5G devices without disrupting the capacity needed to support our 4G users. Overall, our densification and introduction of 5G technologies are expected to continue to enhance the customer experience by adding data capacity, increasing the wireless data speeds available to our customers, and improving network performance for both voice and data services. While circumstances may change in the future, we believe that our substantial spectrum holdings are sufficient to allow us to continue to provide consistent network reliability, capacity, and speed. As part of the evolution of our existing network toward 5G, we plan to modify our existing backhaul architecture to enable increased capacity to our network at a lower cost by either negotiating lower vendor pricing for existing Ethernet technology or replacing Ethernet with fiber. We expect to incur termination costs associated with Ethernet contractual commitments with third party vendors ranging between approximately \$175 million to \$225 million, of which the majority are expected to be incurred by December 31, 2020. Sprint has plans to launch 5G service beginning in 2019 in nine major cities, becoming one of the first to offer 5G. Once 5G equipment is in place, customers in those cities will have access to Sprint's 5G network if they are in range of a cell site that has been equipped with a 5G radio supported by available 2.5 GHz spectrum and have a 5G-capable device. As more and more sites are 5G-enabled, customers will be able to have an increasing percentage of their mobile experiences on 5G rather than on LTE or 3G.

If the merger with T-Mobile is not completed, it is expected that Sprint will not be able to deploy a nationwide 5G network on the same scale and on the same timeline as the combined company. For example, Sprint's standalone 5G network would be geographically limited due to both Sprint's limited current network footprint on which to build 5G sites and the cost of utilizing 2.5 GHz spectrum for 5G.

Six Months

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#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Consolidated Results of Operations

The following table provides an overview of the consolidated results of operations. Three Months

	Three Months			SIX MOITHS					
	Ended				Ended				
	Septen	September 30,				September 30,			
	2018		2017		2018		2017		
	(in mil	lio	ons)						
Wireless segment earnings	\$3,276	Ó	\$2,764	-	\$6,594		\$5,630	)	
Wireline segment loss	(20	)	(29	)	(62	)	(40	)	
Corporate, other and eliminations			(6	)	4		(8	)	
Consolidated segment earnings	3,256		2,729		6,536		5,582		
Depreciation - network and other	(1,021	)	(997	)	(2,044	)	(1,974)	)	
Depreciation - equipment rentals	(1,181)	)	(888)	)	(2,317	)	(1,742)	)	
Amortization	(159	)	(209	)	(330	)	(432	)	
Other, net	(117	)	(34	)	(252	)	330		
Operating income	778		601		1,593		1,764		
Interest expense	(633	)	(595	)	(1,270	)	(1,208)	)	
Other income (expense), net	79		44		121		(8	)	
Income tax expense	(17	)	(98	)	(64	)	(390	)	
Net income (loss)	\$207		\$(48	)	\$380		\$158		

Depreciation Expense - Network and Other

Depreciation expense - network and other increased \$24 million, or 2%, and \$70 million, or 4%, for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2017, primarily due to increased depreciation on new asset additions, partially offset by decreases associated with fully depreciated or retired assets.

#### Depreciation Expense - Equipment Rentals

Depreciation expense - equipment rentals increased \$293 million, or 33%, and \$575 million, or 33%, for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2017, primarily due to increased depreciation on new leased devices as a result of the continued growth of the device leasing program. This increase was partially offset by decreased depreciation for fully depreciated or retired leased devices combined with favorable changes to residual values.

#### **Amortization Expense**

Amortization expense decreased \$50 million, or 24%, and \$102 million, or 24%, for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2017, primarily due to customer relationship intangible assets that are amortized using the sum-of-the-months'-digits method, which results in higher amortization rates in early periods that decline over time.

#### Other, net

The following table provides additional information regarding items included in "Other, net" for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

1	Three	Months	Six N	Ionths		
	Ende	d	Ende	d		
	Septe	mber 30,	, September 30			
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
	(in m	illions)				
Severance and exit costs	\$(25	) \$—	\$(33	) \$—		
Litigation and other contingencies	_		_	55		
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	(68	) —	(68	) (175)		
Contract terminations		_	(34	) 5		

Gains from asset dispositions and exchanges		_	_		479
Merger costs	(56	) -	_	(149)	_
Hurricane-related reimbursements (costs)	32	(	(34)	32	(34)
Total	\$(11	7) \$	3(34)	\$(252)	\$330

Other, net represented an expense of \$117 million and \$252 million for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018, respectively. During the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018, we recognized severance and exit costs of \$25 million and \$33 million, respectively, primarily due to reductions in work force, access termination charges and lease exit costs. During the three-month period ended September 30, 2018, we recorded a \$68 million loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment primarily related to cell site construction costs and other network costs that are no longer recoverable as a result of changes in our network plans. During the three-month period ended June 30, 2018, we recognized \$34 million associated with the purchase of certain leased spectrum assets, which upon termination of the related spectrum leases resulted in the accelerated recognition of the unamortized favorable lease balances. In addition, during the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018, we incurred merger-related costs of \$56 million and \$149 million, respectively, which were recorded as selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). We also recorded \$32 million of hurricane-related reimbursements during the three-month period ended September 30, 2018, which were recorded as revenue in net operating revenues, cost of services, selling, general and administrative expenses, and other, net in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

Other, net represented an expense of \$34 million and a benefit of \$330 million for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2017, respectively. We incurred hurricane-related costs of \$34 million during the three-month period ended September 30, 2017, which were recorded as contra-revenue, cost of services, selling, general and administrative expenses, and loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). During the six-month period ended September 30, 2017, we recorded a \$479 million non-cash gain as a result of spectrum license exchanges with other carriers, a \$55 million reduction of an accrual related to favorable developments in pending legal proceeding, and a \$5 million benefit in contract terminations. In addition, during the three-month period ended June 30, 2017, we recorded a \$175 million net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, which consisted of a \$181 million loss related to cell site construction costs that are no longer recoverable as a result of changes in our network plans, slightly offset by a \$6 million gain. Interest Expense

Interest expense increased \$38 million, or 6%, and \$62 million, or 5%, for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2017. The effective interest rate, which includes capitalized interest, on the weighted average long-term debt balance of \$40.0 billion and \$40.2 billion was 6.5% for both the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018, respectively. The effective interest rate, which includes capitalized interest, on the weighted average long-term debt balance of \$38.8 billion and \$39.4 billion was 6.2% for both the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2017, respectively. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" for more information on the Company's financing activities.

#### Other income (expense), net

Other income (expense), net was income of \$79 million and \$121 million for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018, respectively. Interest income during the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 was \$47 million and \$90 million, respectively. In addition, during the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 we recognized other income of \$24 million as a result of a tax-related legal settlement. Other income (expense), net was income of \$44 million and expense of \$8 million for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2017, respectively. Income for the three-month period ended September 30, 2017 was primarily related to \$33 million of interest income. The expense in the six-month period ended September 30, 2017 included \$65 million of loss on early extinguishment of debt related to the retirement of portions of the Sprint Communications 8.375% Notes due 2017 and 9.000% Guaranteed Notes due 2018, partially offset by \$52 million of interest income.

The U.S. federal statutory tax rates for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 were 21% and 35%, respectively. The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the Tax Act) enacted in December 2017, reduced the corporate income tax rate effective January 1, 2018.

Income tax expense of \$17 million and \$64 million for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018, respectively, represented a consolidated effective tax rate of 7% and 14%, respectively. During the three-month period ended September 30, 2018, we recognized a \$35 million tax benefit for the impact of state law changes enacted during

the period. The tax benefit was driven by changes to the carrying value of our deferred tax assets and liabilities on temporary differences. During the six-month period ended September 30, 2018, we recognized a \$59 million tax benefit for the impact of state law changes enacted during the period, partially offset by a \$13 million tax expense attributable to organizational restructuring.

These adjustments were primarily driven by the change in carrying value of our deferred tax assets and liabilities on temporary differences.

Income tax expense of \$98 million and \$390 million for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2017, respectively, represented consolidated effective tax rates of 196% and 71%, respectively. Income tax expense for the three-month period ended September 30, 2017 was primarily attributable to taxable temporary differences from the tax amortization of FCC licenses and tax expense recorded from changes in state income tax laws enacted during the period. Income tax expense for the six-month period ended September 30, 2017 was primarily attributable to taxable temporary differences from the tax amortization of FCC licenses and tax expense on pre-tax gains from spectrum license exchanges during the period. We also increased our deferred state income tax liability by \$65 million for changes in business activities causing us to become subject to income tax in additional tax jurisdictions. This resulted in a change in the measurement of the carrying value of our deferred tax liability on temporary differences, primarily FCC licenses.

#### Segment Earnings - Wireless

Wireless segment earnings are a function of wireless net operating revenues inclusive of wireless service revenue, the sale of wireless devices (handsets and tablets), broadband devices, connected devices, leasing wireless devices, and commissions on the device insurance and accessory programs. Combined with wireless net operating revenues, Wireless segment earnings are also a function of costs of equipment sales and rentals, costs to acquire subscribers, and network and interconnection costs to serve those subscribers, as well as other Wireless segment operating expenses. The cost of equipment sales and equipment rentals primarily include equipment costs associated with our installment billing and subsidy programs, and loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net of recoveries, resulting from the write-off of leased devices where customers did not return the devices to us. The costs to acquire our subscribers also includes marketing and sales costs incurred to attract those subscribers. Network costs primarily represent switch and cell site costs, backhaul costs, and interconnection costs, which generally consist of per-minute usage fees and roaming fees paid to other carriers. The remaining costs associated with operating the Wireless segment include the costs to operate our customer care organization and administrative support. Wireless service revenue, costs to acquire subscribers, and variable network and interconnection costs fluctuate with the changes in our subscriber base and their related usage, but some cost elements do not fluctuate in the short-term with these changes.

As shown by the table above under "Consolidated Results of Operations," Wireless segment earnings represented almost all of our total consolidated segment earnings for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. Within the Wireless segment, postpaid wireless services represent the most significant contributor to earnings, and is driven by the number of postpaid subscribers utilizing our services, as well as average revenue per user (ARPU). The wireless industry is subject to competition to retain and acquire subscribers of wireless services. All markets in which we operate have high rates of penetration for wireless services.

## **Device Financing Programs**

We offer a leasing program whereby qualified subscribers can lease a device for a contractual period of time, and an installment billing program that allows subscribers to purchase a device by paying monthly installments, generally over 24 months. In July 2017, we introduced the Sprint Flex program, which gives customers the opportunity to enjoy their phone before deciding what option (upgrade, continue leasing, return, or buy) works best for their lifestyle. Depending on device type, certain leases carry an option to upgrade to a new device annually prior to expiration of the lease. At the end of the lease term, the subscriber has the option to return the device, continue leasing the device, or purchase the device.

As of September 30, 2018, substantially all of our device leases were classified as operating leases and predominantly all of our subscribers choose the leasing option under the Sprint Flex program. As a result, the leased devices are classified as property, plant and equipment when made available to subscribers through Sprint's direct channels. For leases in the indirect channel, we purchase the devices at lease inception from the dealer, which are then capitalized to property, plant and equipment. Lease revenue is recorded monthly over the term of the lease and the cost of the device is depreciated to its estimated residual value, generally over the lease term. As these devices are classified as property, plant and equipment, the cost of the device is not recorded as cost of equipment sales compared to when sold under the installment billing or the traditional subsidy program, which results in a significant positive impact to Wireless

segment earnings. Depreciation expense incurred on leased devices for the three and six-month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, was \$1.2 billion, \$2.3 billion, \$888 million and \$1.7 billion, respectively. If the mix of leased devices within our subscriber base continues to increase, we expect this positive impact on the financial results of Wireless segment earnings to continue and depreciation expense to increase.

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Under the installment billing program, we recognize a majority of the revenue associated with future expected installment payments at the time of sale of the device to Sprint branded customers. As compared to our traditional subsidy program, this results in alignment of the revenue with the cost of the device. The impact to Wireless earnings from the sale of devices under our installment billing program is generally neutral except for the impact from promotional offers.

Our device leasing and installment billing programs require a greater use of cash flow in the early part of the device contracts as our subscribers will generally pay less upfront than a traditional subsidy program. The accounts receivables facility discussed in "Liquidity and Capital Resources" was designed to mitigate the significant use of cash from purchasing devices from original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) to fulfill our leasing and installment billing programs.

### Wireless Segment Earnings Trends

Sprint offers lower monthly service fees without a traditional contract as an incentive to attract subscribers to certain of our service plans. These lower rates for service are available whether the subscriber brings their own device, pays the full or discounted retail price of the device, leases their device through our Sprint Flex leasing program, or purchases the device under our installment billing program. We expect our postpaid ARPU to stabilize in fiscal year 2018 due to less dilution from promotional activities as subscribers exit existing promotional offers and increase their monthly spending with us, combined with an increase in acquisition ARPU due to less promotional discounts on multi-lines. We continue to expect higher equipment rentals and equipment sales associated with the leasing and installment billing programs. Since inception, the combination of lower-priced plans and our leasing and installment billing programs have been accretive to Wireless segment earnings. We expect that trend to continue with the magnitude of the impact being dependent upon subscriber adoption rates.

We began to experience net losses of postpaid handset subscribers in mid-2013. Since the release of our price plans associated with device financing options, results have shown improvement in trends of handset subscribers starting with the quarter ended September 30, 2015; however, there can be no assurance that this trend will continue. We have taken initiatives to provide the best value in wireless service while continuing to enhance our network per