Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. Form 10-Q February 09, 2012 Table of Contents

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2011

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number: 001-35159 (Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.)

Commission File Number: 333-168915-05 (Thermon Holding Corp.)

THERMON GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.

# THERMON HOLDING CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.)

Delaware (Thermon Holding Corp.)

at a crether jurisdiction of incorporation or organization

27-2228185 (Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.) 26-0249310 (Thermon Holding Corp.) (IRS Employer Identification No.)

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

100 Thermon Drive, San Marcos, Texas 78666

(Address of principal executive offices)

(512) 396-5801

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. x Yes o No

Thermon Holding Corp. o Yes x No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. x Yes o No

Thermon Holding Corp. o Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer x

Smaller reporting company o

Thermon Holding Corp.

Large accelerated filer o	Accelerated filer o
Non-accelerated filer x	Smaller reporting company o
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (	(as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
<b>Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.</b> o Yes x No	<b>Thermon Holding Corp.</b> o Yes x No
As of February 7, 2012, each registrant had the following number	of shares of common stock outstanding:
<b>Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.:</b> 29,902,353 shares, par value \$	0.001 per share
<b>Thermon Holding Corp.</b> : 100,000 shares, par value \$0.001 per shelding Corp. common stock.	hare. Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. is the sole stockholder of Thermon
Thermon Holding Corp. meets the conditions set forth in Gene Form with the reduced disclosure format.	eral Instruction $H(1)(a)$ and $(b)$ of Form 10-Q and is therefore filing this

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

This quarterly report ( this quarterly report ) combines the Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2011 of Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. and Thermon Holding Corp.

Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, references in this quarterly report to:

- TGH mean Thermon Group Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation;
- THC mean Thermon Holding Corp., a Delaware corporation; and
- we, our, us or the Company mean TGH, THC and their consolidated subsidiaries taken together as one company.

TGH was incorporated in Delaware in March 2010 in connection with the acquisition by an affiliate of CHS Capital LLC, or CHS, of a majority interest in us on April 30, 2010, which we refer to, together with certain transactions related to such acquisition described below, as the CHS Transactions. TGH is the sole stockholder of THC.

THC is a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of TGH and was incorporated in Delaware in 2007 in connection with the acquisition by an affiliate of the Audax Group private equity firm, or Audax, of a majority interest in us in August 2007, which we refer to as the Audax Transaction.

TGH is a holding company that conducts all of its business through THC and its subsidiaries. In May 2011, TGH completed an initial public offering (or IPO) of its common stock. In the aggregate, 10,650,000 shares of TGH common stock were sold in the IPO at a price to the public of \$12.00 per share. TGH is common stock, which we refer to as our common stock, is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol THR.

THC owns 100% of the outstanding shares of common stock of Thermon Industries, Inc. (TII), which issued \$210,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 9.500% Senior Secured Notes due 2017, which have been registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (or SEC) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (or the Securities Act), and which we refer to as our senior secured notes. THC and the domestic subsidiaries of TII are guarantors of our senior secured notes.

We believe combining the Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q of TGH and THC into this single report provides the following benefits:

• it enhances investors understanding of TGH and THC by enabling investors to view the business as a whole in the same manner management views and operates the business;	as:
• it eliminates duplicative disclosure and provides a more streamlined and readable presentation since a substantial portion of the disclosure applies to both TGH and THC; and	
• it creates time and cost efficiencies for both companies through the preparation of one combined report instead of two separate reports.	
In order to highlight the differences between TGH and THC, there are sections in this quarterly report that separately discuss TGH and THC, including separate financial statements and notes thereto and separate Exhibit 31 and Exhibit 32 certifications. In the sections that combine disclosure for TGH and THC ( <i>i.e.</i> , where the disclosure refers to the consolidated company), this quarterly report refers to actions or holdings and, unless otherwise indicated, such references relate to the actions or holdings of TGH and THC and their respective subsidiaries, as one consolidated company.	ıS
Finally, in connection with the IPO:	
• TGH amended its amended and restated certificate of incorporation to increase its authorized capital stock and effect a 192.458681-for-one split of the common stock of TGH, which occurred on March 31, 2011;	
• the two classes of TGH common stock were automatically converted into a single class of voting common stock;	
TGH and its stockholders adopted a second amended and restated certificate of incorporation;	
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• TGH initially issued and sold 4,000,000 shares of its common stock and subsequently issued and sold 575,098 shares of its common stock pursuant to a partial exercise of the underwriters overallotment option;
• certain stockholders of TGH initially sold 6,000,000 shares of TGH common stock and subsequently sold 74,902 shares of TGH common stock pursuant to a partial exercise of the underwriters overallotment option;
• options to purchase 2,757,524 shares of TGH common stock granted under the Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. Restricted Stock and Stock Option Plan (the 2010 Equity Plan ) accelerated and became immediately exercisable; and
<ul> <li>options to purchase 117,600 shares of TGH common stock were granted under the Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. 2011</li> <li>Long-Term Incentive Plan (the LTIP).</li> </ul>
Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, all information in this quarterly report gives effect to and assumes the occurrence of the foregoing actions.

# THERMON GROUP HOLDINGS, INC. and THERMON HOLDING CORP. (Combined)

# QUARTERLY REPORT

# FOR THE QUARTER ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

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#### PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# Item 1 Financial Statements of Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.

#### Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Dollars in Thousands, except share and per share data)

Current fassets			ecember 31, 2011 Unaudited)		March 31, 2011
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 19,776         \$ 51,266           Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,405 and \$1,487 as of December \$1,2011 and March \$1, 2011, respectively         46,187         40,013           Inventories, net         40,143         31,118           Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts         2,283         2,063           Income taxes receivable         6,328         2,462           Prepaid expenses and other current assets         7,065         7,633           Deferred income taxes         1,684         2,779           Total current assets         123,466         137,334           Property, plant and equipment, net         25,381         2,686           Goodwill         116,438         120,750           Intangible assets, net         145,999         159,056           Debt issuance costs, net         7,472         11,573           Other noncurrent assets         2,747         633           * 418,755         451,032           * Liabilities and shareholders equity         ***         ***         451,032           * Urrent Ibilities         2,102         ***         18,733           Accounts payable         \$**         21,592         \$**         18,573 <td>Assets</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Assets				
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,405 and \$1,487 as of December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively         46,187         40,013         31,118         2062         31,118         Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts         2,283         2,063         1,068         2,083         2,063         1,068         2,083         2,063         1,068         7,065         7,633         2,663         1,684         2,779         2,779         2,705         1,684         2,779         2,779         2,706         1,634         2,779         2,779         2,706         1,634         2,779         2,779         2,706         1,634         2,779         2,779         2,706         1,733         2,779         2,706         1,733         2,779         2,706         1,733         2,779         2,706         1,733         2,779         2,747         2,734         2,759         1,759         1,590         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,907         2,906         2,906         2,903         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,906         2,906         2	Current assets:				
of December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively         46,187         40,013           Inventories, net         40,143         31,118           Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts         2,283         2,063           Income taxes receivable         6,328         2,462           Prepaid expenses and other current assets         7,065         7,633           Deferred income taxes         10,684         2,779           Total current assets         123,466         137,334           Property, plant and equipment, net         25,381         21,686           Goodwill         116,438         120,750           Intangible assets, net         145,999         159,056           Debt issuance costs, net         7,472         11,573           Other noncurrent assets         148,756         451,032           Liabilities and shareholders equity         2         15,252         28,772           Accounts payable         \$ 21,592         \$ 18,573           Accounts payable         \$ 21,592         \$ 18,573           Accrued liabilities         15,525         28,972           Current portion of long term debt         2,034         1,110           Income taxes payable         2,634         1,110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,776	\$	51,266
Neventories, net	Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,405 and \$1,487 as				
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts         2,283         2,063           Income taxes receivable         6,328         2,462           Prepaid expenses and other current assets         7,065         7,633           Deferred income taxes         1,684         2,779           Total current assets         123,466         137,334           Property, plant and equipment, net         25,381         21,686           Goodwill         116,438         120,750           Intangible assets, net         145,999         159,056           Debt issuance costs, net         7,472         11,573           Other noncurrent assets         633         418,756         451,032           Liabilities and shareholders equity         8         418,756         451,032           Current liabilities         5         21,592         8         18,573           Accounts payable         \$         21,592         8         18,573           Accrued liabilities         \$         21,592         8         18,573           Current portion of long term debt         \$         20,002         2,634         1,110           Borrowings under revolving lines of credit         9,000         2,634         1,110	of December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively		46,187		40,013
Income taxes receivable         6,328         2,462           Prepaid expenses and other current assets         7,063         7,633           Deferred income taxes         1,684         2,779           Total current assets         123,466         137,334           Property, plant and equipment, net         25,381         21,686           Goodwill         116,438         120,750           Intangible assets, net         145,999         159,056           Debt issuance costs, net         7,472         11,573           Other noncurrent assets         7         633           * 418,756         \$ 451,032           **Liabilities**           Current liabilities         5         21,592         \$ 18,573           Accounts payable         \$ 21,592         \$ 18,573           Accrued liabilities         15,525         28,972           Current portion of long term debt         9,000         2,063           Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts         2,634         1,110           Income taxes payable         3,550         4,213           Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction         3,550         4,213           Total current liabilities         52,301         38,865 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>40,143</td> <td></td> <td>31,118</td>			40,143		31,118
Income taxes receivable         6,328         2,462           Prepaid expenses and other current assets         7,063         7,633           Deferred income taxes         1,684         2,779           Total current assets         123,466         137,334           Property, plant and equipment, net         25,381         21,686           Goodwill         116,438         120,750           Intangible assets, net         145,999         159,056           Debt issuance costs, net         7,472         11,573           Other noncurrent assets         7         633           * 418,756         \$ 451,032           **Liabilities**           Current liabilities         5         21,592         \$ 18,573           Accounts payable         \$ 21,592         \$ 18,573           Accrued liabilities         15,525         28,972           Current portion of long term debt         9,000         2,063           Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts         2,634         1,110           Income taxes payable         3,550         4,213           Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction         3,550         4,213           Total current liabilities         52,301         38,865 </td <td>Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts</td> <td></td> <td>2,283</td> <td></td> <td>2,063</td>	Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		2,283		2,063
Deferred income taxes         1,684         2,779           Total current assets         123,466         137,334           Property, plant and equipment, net         25,381         21,686           Goodwill         116,438         120,750           Intangible assets, net         145,999         159,056           Debt issuance costs, net         7,472         11,573           Other noncurrent assets         63         48,756         \$ 451,032           Liabilities and shareholders equity           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 21,592         \$ 18,573           Accrued liabilities         15,525         28,972           Current portion of long term debt         21,000           Borrowings under revolving lines of credit         9,000         2,063           Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts         2,634         1,110           Income taxes payable         3,550         4,213           Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction         3,550         4,213           Total current liabilities         52,301         83,865           Long-term debt, net of current maturities         139,145         189,000           Deferred income taxes <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>6,328</td><td></td><td>2,462</td></td<>			6,328		2,462
Total current assets         123,466         137,334           Property, plant and equipment, net         25,381         21,686           Goodwill         116,438         120,750           Intangible assets, net         145,999         159,056           Debt issuance costs, net         7,472         11,573           Other noncurrent assets         7,472         11,573           Current liabilities and shareholders equity         418,756         \$ 451,032           Liabilities and shareholders equity           Current liabilities           Accounts payable         \$ 21,592         \$ 18,573           Accrued liabilities         15,525         28,972           Current portion of long term debt         21,000           Borrowings under revolving lines of credit         9,000         2,063           Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts         2,634         1,110           Income taxes payable         7,934         1,110           Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction         3,550         4,213           Total current liabilities         52,301         83,865           Long-term debt, net of current maturities         139,145         189,000           Deferred income taxes	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		7,065		7,633
Property, plant and equipment, net         25,381         21,686           Goodwill         116,438         120,750           Intangible assets, net         145,999         159,056           Debt issuance costs, net         7,472         11,573           Other noncurrent assets         633         418,756         \$ 451,032           Liabilities and shareholders equity           Current liabilities         21,592         \$ 18,573           Accrued liabilities         21,592         \$ 18,573           Accrued liabilities         15,525         28,972           Current portion of long term debt         21,000           Borrowings under revolving lines of credit         9,000         2,063           Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts         2,634         1,110           Income taxes payable         7,934         0bligations due to settle the CHS Transaction         3,550         4,213           Total current liabilities         52,301         83,865           Long-term debt, net of current maturities         139,145         189,000           Deferred income taxes         47,553         49,809           Other noncurrent liabilities         1,967         1,826	Deferred income taxes		1,684		2,779
Goodwill         116,438         120,750           Intangible assets, net         145,999         159,056           Debt issuance costs, net         7,472         11,573           Other noncurrent assets         633         \$ 418,756         \$ 451,032           Liabilities and shareholders equity           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 21,592         \$ 18,573           Accrued liabilities         15,525         28,972           Current portion of long term debt         9,000         2,063           Borrowings under revolving lines of credit         9,000         2,063           Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts         2,634         1,110           Income taxes payable         7,934         0bligations due to settle the CHS Transaction         3,550         4,213           Total current liabilities         52,301         83,865           Long-term debt, net of current maturities         52,301         83,865           Long-term debt, net of current maturities         139,145         189,000           Deferred income taxes         47,553         49,809           Other noncurrent liabilities         1,967         1,826           Common stock, 29,830,	Total current assets		123,466		137,334
Goodwill         116,438         120,750           Intangible assets, net         145,999         159,056           Debt issuance costs, net         7,472         11,573           Other noncurrent assets         633         \$ 418,756         \$ 451,032           Liabilities and shareholders equity           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 21,592         \$ 18,573           Accrued liabilities         15,525         28,972           Current portion of long term debt         9,000         2,063           Borrowings under revolving lines of credit         9,000         2,063           Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts         2,634         1,110           Income taxes payable         7,934         0bligations due to settle the CHS Transaction         3,550         4,213           Total current liabilities         52,301         83,865           Long-term debt, net of current maturities         52,301         83,865           Long-term debt, net of current maturities         139,145         189,000           Deferred income taxes         47,553         49,809           Other noncurrent liabilities         1,967         1,826           Common stock, 29,830,					
Intangible assets, net         145,999         155,056           Debt issuance costs, net         7,472         11,573           Other noncurrent assets         633         418,756         451,032           Liabilities and shareholders equity           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 21,592         \$ 18,573           Accrued liabilities         15,525         28,972           Current portion of long term debt         21,000           Borrowings under revolving lines of credit         9,000         2,063           Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts         2,634         1,110           Income taxes payable         7,934           Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction         3,550         4,213           Total current liabilities         52,301         83,865           Long-term debt, net of current maturities         52,301         83,865           Long-term debt, net of current maturities         139,145         189,000           Deferred income taxes         47,553         49,809           Other noncurrent liabilities         1,967         1,826           Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authoriz	Property, plant and equipment, net		25,381		21,686
Debt issuance costs, net         7,472         11,573           Other noncurrent assets         633           Liabilities and shareholders equity	Goodwill		116,438		120,750
Other noncurrent assets         633           Liabilities and shareholders equity           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 21,592         \$ 18,573           Accorued liabilities         15,525         28,972           Current portion of long term debt         21,000           Borrowings under revolving lines of credit         9,000         2,063           Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts         2,634         1,110           Income taxes payable         7,934         1,110           Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction         3,550         4,213           Total current liabilities         52,301         83,865           Long-term debt, net of current maturities         139,145         189,000           Deferred income taxes         47,553         49,809           Other noncurrent liabilities         1,967         1,826           Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized         30         25           Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized         30         25	Intangible assets, net		145,999		159,056
Liabilities and shareholders equity           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 21,592         \$ 18,573           Accrued liabilities         15,525         28,972           Current portion of long term debt         21,000           Borrowings under revolving lines of credit         9,000         2,063           Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts         2,634         1,110           Income taxes payable         7,934           Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction         3,550         4,213           Total current liabilities         52,301         83,865           Long-term debt, net of current maturities         139,145         189,000           Deferred income taxes         47,553         49,809           Other noncurrent liabilities         1,967         1,826           Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized         30         25           Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized         30         25	Debt issuance costs, net		7,472		11,573
Liabilities and shareholders equity           Current liabilities:         3 21,592 \$ 18,573           Accounts payable         \$ 21,592 \$ 18,573           Accrued liabilities         15,525 28,972           Current portion of long term debt         21,000           Borrowings under revolving lines of credit         9,000 2,063           Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts         2,634 1,110           Income taxes payable         7,934           Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction         3,550 4,213           Total current liabilities         52,301 83,865           Long-term debt, net of current maturities         139,145 189,000           Deferred income taxes         47,553 49,809           Other noncurrent liabilities         1,967 1,826           Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized         30 25           Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized         30 25	Other noncurrent assets				
Current liabilities:         Accounts payable       \$ 21,592       \$ 18,573         Accrued liabilities       15,525       28,972         Current portion of long term debt       21,000         Borrowings under revolving lines of credit       9,000       2,063         Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts       2,634       1,110         Income taxes payable       7,934         Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction       3,550       4,213         Total current liabilities       52,301       83,865         Long-term debt, net of current maturities       139,145       189,000         Deferred income taxes       47,553       49,809         Other noncurrent liabilities       1,967       1,826         Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized       30       25         Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized       30       25		\$	418,756	\$	451,032
Current liabilities:         Accounts payable       \$ 21,592       \$ 18,573         Accrued liabilities       15,525       28,972         Current portion of long term debt       21,000         Borrowings under revolving lines of credit       9,000       2,063         Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts       2,634       1,110         Income taxes payable       7,934         Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction       3,550       4,213         Total current liabilities       52,301       83,865         Long-term debt, net of current maturities       139,145       189,000         Deferred income taxes       47,553       49,809         Other noncurrent liabilities       1,967       1,826         Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized       30       25         Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized       30       25	Liabilities and shareholders equity				
Accounts payable         \$ 21,592 \$ 18,573           Accrued liabilities         15,525 28,972           Current portion of long term debt         21,000           Borrowings under revolving lines of credit         9,000 2,063           Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts         2,634 1,110           Income taxes payable         7,934           Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction         3,550 4,213           Total current liabilities         52,301 83,865           Long-term debt, net of current maturities         139,145 189,000           Deferred income taxes         47,553 49,809           Other noncurrent liabilities         1,967 1,826           Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized         30 25           Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized         30 25	1 1				
Accrued liabilities       15,525       28,972         Current portion of long term debt       21,000         Borrowings under revolving lines of credit       9,000       2,063         Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts       2,634       1,110         Income taxes payable       7,934         Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction       3,550       4,213         Total current liabilities       52,301       83,865         Long-term debt, net of current maturities       139,145       189,000         Deferred income taxes       47,553       49,809         Other noncurrent liabilities       1,967       1,826         Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011,       30       25         Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized       30       25		\$	21 592	\$	18 573
Current portion of long term debt21,000Borrowings under revolving lines of credit9,0002,063Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts2,6341,110Income taxes payable7,934Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction3,5504,213Total current liabilities52,30183,865Long-term debt, net of current maturities139,145189,000Deferred income taxes47,55349,809Other noncurrent liabilities1,9671,826Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized3025Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized3025		Ψ	,	Ψ	- /
Borrowings under revolving lines of credit 9,000 2,063 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts 2,634 1,110 Income taxes payable 7,934 Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction 3,550 4,213 Total current liabilities 52,301 83,865 Long-term debt, net of current maturities 139,145 189,000 Deferred income taxes 47,553 49,809 Other noncurrent liabilities 1,967 1,826  Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized 30 25 Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized			13,323		
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts  Income taxes payable  Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction  Total current liabilities  52,301  83,865  Long-term debt, net of current maturities  139,145  Deferred income taxes  47,553  49,809  Other noncurrent liabilities  1,967  1,826  Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized  30  25  Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized			9.000		,
Income taxes payable 7,934 Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction 3,550 4,213 Total current liabilities 52,301 83,865 Long-term debt, net of current maturities 139,145 189,000 Deferred income taxes 47,553 49,809 Other noncurrent liabilities 1,967 1,826  Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized 30 25 Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized			- ,		
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Total current liabilities52,30183,865Long-term debt, net of current maturities139,145189,000Deferred income taxes47,55349,809Other noncurrent liabilities1,9671,826Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized3025Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized3025			3,550		,
Long-term debt, net of current maturities 139,145 189,000 Deferred income taxes 47,553 49,809 Other noncurrent liabilities 1,967 1,826  Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized 30 25 Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized			52,301		,
Deferred income taxes 47,553 49,809 Other noncurrent liabilities 1,967 1,826  Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized 30 25  Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized	Long-term debt, net of current maturities				189,000
Common stock, 29,830,689 at December 31, 2011 and 24,933,407 at March 31, 2011, shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized  25 Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized			47,553		49,809
shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized 30 25 Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized	Other noncurrent liabilities		1,967		1,826
shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 authorized 30 25 Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized					
Preferred stock, no shares issued and outstanding \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized					
			30		25
Additional paid in capital 187,906 131,416					
	Additional paid in capital		187,906		131,416

Foreign currency translation adjustment	(987)	10,031
Accumulated deficit	(9,159)	(14,940)
Shareholders equity	177,790	126,532
	\$ 418,756 \$	451,032

See accompanying notes.

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# Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.

# Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

(Dollars in Thousands, except share and per share data)

					]	For the Period		
	D	hree Months Ended December 31, 2011 (Successor)	Three Months Ended December 31, 2010 (Successor)	Nine Months Ended December 31, 2011 (Successor)		From May 1, Through December 31, 2010 (Successor)	I A	or the Period From April 1, Through April 30, 2010 Predecessor)
Sales	\$	68,837	\$ 64,941	\$ 201,478	\$	165,905	\$	13,063
Cost of sales		35,146	35,333	103,847		98,795		6,447
Gross profit		33,691	29,608	97,631		67,110		6,616
Operating expenses:								
Marketing, general and administrative								
and engineering		15,300	14,705	59,603		37,227		4,263
Amortization of other intangible assets		2,809	3,700	8,572		15,126		215
Income from operations		15,582	11,203	29,456		14,757		2,138
Other income/(expenses):								
Interest income		72	7	239		10		7
Interest expense		(4,203)	(5,580)	(16,023)		(17,111)		(6,229)
Loss on retirement of senior secured notes		(229)		(3,195)				
Success fees to owners related to the CHS Transaction						(3,022)		(4,716)
Miscellaneous expense		(215)	(1,029)	(1,402)		(4,667)		(8,901)
Income (loss) before provision for				,				
income taxes		11,007	4,601	9,075		(10,033)		(17,701)
Income tax expense (benefit)		4,074	1,592	3,294		927		(17,434)
Net income (loss)	\$	6,933	\$ 3,009	\$ 5,781	\$	(10,960)	\$	(267)
Income (loss) per common share:								
Basic	\$	0.23	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.20	\$	(0.44)	\$	(5.11)
Diluted	\$	0.22	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.19	\$	(0.44)	\$	(5.11)
Weighted-average shares used in computing net loss per common share:								
Basic		29,586,956	24,908,772	28,937,292		24,887,987		52,253
Diluted		31,216,493	27,557,174	30,480,160		24,887,987		52,253

See accompanying notes.

# Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.

# Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Nine Months Ended December 31, 2011 (Successor)	For the Period From May 1, Through December 31, 2010 (Successor)	For the Period From April 1, Through April 30, 2010 (Predecessor)
Operating activities			
Net income (loss)	\$ 5,781 \$	(10,960) \$	(267)
Adjustment to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash (used in),			
provided by operating activities:	10.500	21.010	202
Depreciation and amortization	10,623	24,040	392
Amortization of debt costs	4,100	3,365	2,586
Stock compensation expense	6,457	734	(4.7.400)
Benefit for deferred income taxes	(175)	(2,660)	(15,122)
Premiums paid on redemption, included as financing activities	3,825		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(0.200)	(6.450)	1.065
Accounts receivable	(8,209)	(6,452)	1,365
Inventories	(10,413)	(2,972)	(1,719)
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on	(501)	((50)	2.4
uncompleted contracts	(591)	(678)	34
Other current and noncurrent assets	1,013	(1,241)	(3,151)
Accounts payable	4,904	5,672	825
Accrued liabilities and noncurrent liabilities	(11,488)	18,161	9,515
Income taxes payable	(12,308)	(937)	(860)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(6,481)	26,072	(6,402)
Investing activities			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(6,179)	(1,149)	(97)
Cash paid for Thermon Holding Corp.			
(net of cash acquired of \$2,852)	(663)	(314,294)	
Other investing activities			(1,397)
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,842)	(315,443)	(1,494)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from senior secured notes		210,000	
Payments on senior secured notes	(70,855)		
Proceeds from revolving line of credit	9,000	4,599	
Payments on revolving lines of credit and long-term debt	(2,063)	(4,599)	(19,385)
Capital contributions	48,459	129,502	
Premiums paid on redemption of senior secured notes	(3,825)		
Proceeds from stock option exercises	1,579		
Debt issuance costs		(15,473)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(17,705)	324,029	(19,385)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(462)	543	(14)

Change in cash and cash equivalents	(31,490)	35,201	(27,295)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	51,266		30,147
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 19,776 \$	35,201 \$	2,852

See accompanying notes.

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#### Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollars in Thousands, Except Share Data)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

On April 30, 2010, a group of investors led by entities affiliated with CHS Capital LLC ( CHS ) and two other private equity firms acquired a controlling interest in Thermon Holding Corp. and its subsidiaries from Thermon Holdings, LLC ( Predecessor ) for approximately \$321,500 in a transaction that was financed by approximately \$129,200 of equity investments by CHS, two other private equity firms and certain members of our current and former management team (collectively, the management investors ) and \$210,000 of debt raised in an exempt Rule 144A senior secured note offering to qualified institutional investors (collectively, the CHS Transactions ). The proceeds from the equity investments and debt financing were used both to finance the acquisition and pay related transaction costs. As a result of the CHS Transactions, Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. became the ultimate parent of Thermon Holding Corp. Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. ( TGH ) and its direct and indirect subsidiaries are referred to collectively as we, our, the Company or Successor herein. We refer to CHS and the two other private equity fund investors collectively as our private equity sponsors.

In the CHS Transactions, the senior secured notes were issued by Thermon Finance, Inc., which immediately after the closing of the CHS Transactions was merged into our wholly-owned subsidiary Thermon Industries, Inc.

The CHS Transactions were accounted for as a purchase combination. The purchase price was allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based on their estimated fair values. While the Company takes responsibility for the allocation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, it consulted with an independent third party to assist with the appraisal process.

Pushdown accounting was employed to reflect the purchase price paid by our new owner.

We have prepared our consolidated financial statements as if TGH had been in existence throughout all relevant periods. The historical financial and other data prior to the closing of the CHS Transactions on April 30, 2010 have been prepared using the historical results of operations and bases of the assets and liabilities of the Predecessor. Our historical financial data prior to May 1, 2010 may not be indicative of our future performance. The CHS Transactions which closed on April 30, 2010, resulted in the liquidation of the equity balances that belonged to the previous owner. Accordingly, the consolidated statement of operations and cash flows are reported separately for the period from April 1, 2010 to April 30, 2010 for the Predecessor. The settlement of equity balances and associated transaction expenses of the Predecessor are reported in the period from April 1, 2010 to April 30, 2010.

In May 2011, Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. completed its initial public offering ( IPO ) of common shares in which it issued 4,575,098 new common shares and received net proceeds of \$48,459, net of underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses. Refer to Note 13,

Shareholders Equity .

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of TGH for the year ended March 31, 2011. In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring items) considered necessary to present fairly our financial position at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, and the results of our operations for the three months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the nine months ended December 31, 2011, the period from May 1, 2010 to December 31, 2010 and the period from April 1 through April 30, 2010. Operating results for the period from May 1 through December 31, 2010 and for the period from April 1 through April 30, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period presentation to conform to the current period presentation. All dollar and share amounts are presented in thousands, unless otherwise noted.

#### 2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2011, the FASB updated FASB ASC 220, *Comprehensive Income* (FASB ASC 220) that gives an entity the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. In both choices, an entity is required to present each component of net income along with total net income, each component of other comprehensive income along with a total for other comprehensive income, and a total amount for comprehensive income. The update does not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income or when an item of other comprehensive income must be reclassified to net income. The update does not change the option for an entity to present components of other comprehensive income either net of related tax effects or before related tax effects, with one amount shown for the aggregate income tax expense or benefit related to the total of other comprehensive income items. The update does not affect how earnings per share is calculated or presented. The update should be applied retrospectively and is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. We are currently evaluating the requirements of this update and have not yet determined the impact on our consolidated financial statements.

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In September 2011, the FASB updated FASB ASC 350, *Goodwill and Other* (FASB ASC 350) that gives an entity the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances leads to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If, after assessing the totality of events or circumstances, an entity determines it is not more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then performing the two-step impairment test is unnecessary. The amendments are effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment test performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. We are currently evaluating the requirements of this update and have not yet determined the impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2010, the FASB updated FASB ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* (FASB ASC 820) that requires additional disclosures and clarifies existing disclosures regarding fair value measurements. The additional disclosures include (i) transfers in and out of Levels 1 and 2 and (ii) activity in Level 3 fair value measurements. The update provides amendments that clarify existing disclosures on level of disaggregation and disclosures about inputs and valuation techniques. This update is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the roll forward of activity in Level 3 fair value measurements. These disclosures are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. We adopted the update on April 1, 2010 as required and subsequently adopted on April 1, 2011, the update surrounding disclosures on Level 3 fair value measurements and concluded it did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations. In May 2011, the FASB updated FASB ASC 820 that resulted in common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements in U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). Some of the amendments clarify the FASB s intent about the application of existing fair value measurement requirements. Other amendments change a particular principle or requirement for measuring fair value or for disclosing information about fair value measurements. The amendments are to be applied prospectively and are effective during interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. We are currently evaluating the requirements of this update and have not yet determined the impact on our consolidated financial statements.

#### 3. Earnings and Net Income (Loss) per Common Share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) and net loss per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common shares and common share equivalents outstanding (if dilutive) during each period. The number of common share equivalents, which include options and P units, is computed using the treasury stock method.

The reconciliation of the denominators used to calculate basic EPS and diluted EPS for the three months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the nine months ended December 31, 2011, the period from May 1, 2010 to December 31, 2010 and the period from April 1 through April 30, 2010, respectively, are as follows:

	T	hree Months Ended Dec. 31, 2011	1	(Successive Months Ended Dec. 31, 2010	cessor) N	line Months Ended Dec. 31, 2011	p	For the seriod From May 1, 2010 Through Dec. 31, 2010	·	For the Period From April 1, Through April 30, 2010
Net income (loss)	\$	6,933	\$	3,009	\$	5,781	\$	(10,960)	\$	(267)
		29,586,956		24,908,772		28,937,292		24,887,987		52,253

Weighted-average common shares

outstanding

Plus: Commons share equivalents Stock					
options (1)	1,629,537	2,648,402	1,542,868		
Weighted average shares outstanding -					
dilutive	31,216,493	27,557,174	30,480,160	24,887,987	52,253

<sup>(1)</sup> For the periods in which the Company was in a net loss position, there was no dilutive effect on net loss per common share as the Class P units issued by the predecessor and options issued by the successor are antidilutive.

# 4. Inventories

Inventories consisted of the following:

	mber 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
Raw materials	\$ 13,959 \$	9,847
Work in process	1,866	2,307
Finished goods	25,562	20,669
	41,387	32,823
Valuation reserves	(1,244)	(1,705)
Inventories, net	\$ 40,143 \$	31,118

#### 5. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consisted of the following:

	Dec	ember 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
Land, buildings and improvements	\$	13,144	\$ 13,495
Machinery and equipment		6,533	7,378
Office furniture and equipment		2,672	2,595
Construction in process		6,391	
		28,740	23,468
Accumulated depreciation		(3,359)	(1,782)
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$	25,381	\$ 21,686

#### 6. Goodwill

The carrying amount of goodwill as of December 31, 2011, is as follows:

	Amount
Balance as of March 31, 2011	\$ 120,750
Foreign currency translation impact	(4,312)
Balance as of December 31, 2011	\$ 116,438

The excess purchase price over the fair value of assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. As we have one operating segment, we allocate goodwill to one reporting unit for goodwill impairment testing. Goodwill is tested for impairment on an annual basis, and between annual tests if indicators of potential impairment exist, using a fair-value-based approach based on the market capitalization of the reporting unit. Our annual impairment test will be performed as of January 1, 2012. At December 31, 2011, there were no indicators of a goodwill impairment. Goodwill is not deductible for tax purposes.

#### 7. Intangibles

Intangible assets at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 were related to the CHS Transactions and consisted of the following:

Gross Carrying		Net Carrying	Gross Carrying		Net Carrying
Amount at		Amount at	Amount at		Amount at
December 31,	Accumulated	December 31,	March 31,	Accumulated	March 31,
2011	Amortization	2011	2011	Amortization	2011

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Trademarks	\$ 47,753	\$ \$	47,753	\$ 49,403	\$ \$	49,403
Developed technology	10,944	(993)	9,951	11,321	(600)	10,721
Customer relationships	101,432	(14,780)	86,652	104,319	(7,240)	97,079
Backlog	10,171	(10,171)		10,480	(10,480)	
Certification	498		498	516		516
Other	1,633	(488)	1,145	1,634	(297)	1,337
Total	\$ 172,431	\$ (26,432) \$	145,999	\$ 177,673	\$ (18,617) \$	159,056

Trademarks and certifications have indefinite lives. Developed technology, customer relationships, and other intangible assets have estimated lives of 20 years, 10 years, and 6 years, respectively. The weighted average useful life for the group is 10 years.

The net carrying amounts of intangible assets are affected by currency translation adjustments. As compared to the net carrying amounts at March 31, 2011, intangible assets at December 31, 2011, were approximately \$4,485 million lower due to fluctuations in exchange rates used to value intangible assets carried in foreign currency.

# 8. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued current liabilities consisted of the following:

	Dec	cember 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
Accrued employee compensation and related expenses	\$	8,311	\$ 9,333
Interest		2,226	9,083
Customer prepayment		1,066	6,866
Warranty reserve		629	1,325
Professional fees		1,064	774
Compliance costs		55	55
Other		2,174	1,536
Total accrued current liabilities	\$	15,525	\$ 28,972

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#### 9. Related-Party Transactions

We paid management fees including a termination fee in connection with our IPO to our private equity sponsors of \$8,120 in the nine months ended December 31, 2011. In the prior year periods of May 1 to December 31, 2010 and April 1 to April 30, 2010, we paid management fees (both Successor and Predecessor) of \$1,333 and \$79, respectively. Management fees including the termination fee are included as part of Marketing, general and administrative and engineering expense. Additionally, in the prior year periods of May 1 to December 31, 2010 and April 1 to April 30, 2010, we paid success fees to owners (both Successor and Predecessor) of \$3,022 and \$4,716, respectively.

Included in our consolidated balance sheet is Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction which totaled \$3,550 and \$4,213 at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively. These amounts represent amounts due to the Predecessor owners in final settlement of the sale that was completed on April 30, 2010. During the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011, we paid \$137 and \$663, respectively, to the Predecessor owners for cash amounts that were released during the three month period. At December 31, 2011, the amount outstanding represents the estimate of tax refunds due from government entities that have not been received but are related to the final tax periods filed by the Predecessor and remaining encumbered cash to be released as letters of credit expire.

#### 10. Short-Term Revolving Lines of Credit

The Company s subsidiary in the Netherlands has a revolving credit facility in the amount of Euro 4,000 (equivalent to \$5,169 USD at December 31, 2011) collateralized by receivables, inventory, equipment, furniture and real estate. No loans were outstanding on this facility at December 31, 2011 or March 31, 2011.

The Company s subsidiary in India has a revolving credit facility in the amount of 80,000 rupees (equivalent to \$1,463 USD at December 31, 2011). The facility is collateralized by receivables, inventory, real estate, a letter of credit, and cash. No loans were outstanding under the facility at December 31, 2011 or March 31, 2011.

The Company s subsidiary in Australia has a revolving credit facility in the amount of \$325 Australian Dollars (equivalent to \$328 USD at December 31, 2011). The facility is collateralized by real estate. The facilities had no loans outstanding as of December 31, 2011 or March 31, 2011.

The Company s subsidiary in Japan has a revolving credit facility in the amount of 45,000 Japanese Yen (equivalent to \$578 USD at December 31, 2011). The credit facility is collateralized by a standby letter of credit in the amount of \$300 issued as part of the revolving credit facility referred to in Note 11, Long-Term Debt. No loans were outstanding under the Japanese revolving credit facility at December 31, 2011 or March 31, 2011.

Under the Company s principal revolving credit facility described below in Note 11, Long-Term Debt, there were \$9,000 and \$2,063 of outstanding borrowings at December 31, 2011, and March 31, 2011, respectively. Although borrowings under the facility do not mature until 2015, management intends to repay all borrowings under the facility within 90 days of incurrence.

# 11. Long-Term Debt

Long- term debt consisted of the following:

	Γ	December 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
9.500% Senior Secured Notes, due May 2017	\$	139,145	\$ 210,000
		139,145	210,000
Less current portion			(21,000)
	\$	139,145	\$ 189,000

#### Revolving Credit Facility and Senior Secured Notes

Revolving credit facility. Simultaneously with the closing of the CHS Transactions and the sale of our senior secured notes, our wholly owned subsidiary, Thermon Industries, Inc., entered into a five-year, \$40.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility, which we refer to as our revolving credit facility, of which up to \$20.0 million is available to our Canadian subsidiary, subject to borrowing base availability of funds under our revolving credit facility is determined by a borrowing base equal to the

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sum of 85% of eligible accounts receivable, plus 60% of eligible inventory, plus 85% of the net orderly liquidation value of eligible equipment, plus 50% of the fair market value of eligible owned real property. In no case shall availability under our revolving credit facility exceed the commitments thereunder. As of December 31, 2011, we had \$30.4 million of capacity available under our revolving credit facility after taking into account the borrowing base, outstanding loan advances and letters of credit. In addition to our revolving credit facility, we have various short term revolving lines of credit available to us at our foreign affiliates. At December 31, 2011 we had \$9.0 million of outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility with an interest rate of 5%.

The revolving credit facility will mature in 2015. Any borrowings on our revolving credit facility will incur interest expense that is variable in relation to the LIBOR rate. Borrowings denominated in Canadian Dollars under the Canadian facility bear interest at a variable rate in relation to the bankers acceptance rate, as set forth in the revolving credit facility. In addition to paying interest on outstanding borrowings under our revolving credit facility, we are required to pay a 0.75% per annum commitment fee to the lenders in respect of the unutilized commitments thereunder and letter of credit fees equal to the LIBOR margin or the bankers acceptance rate, as applicable, on the undrawn amount of all outstanding letters of credit.

Senior secured notes. As of December 31, 2011, we had \$139.1 million of indebtedness outstanding under our senior secured notes with annual cash interest expense of approximately \$13.2 million. Our senior secured notes mature on May 1, 2017 and accrue interest at a fixed rate of 9.500%. We pay interest in cash semi-annually on May and November 1 of each year. Our senior secured notes were issued in a Rule 144A exempt senior secured note offering to qualified institutional investors. The proceeds were used to fund the purchase price for the CHS Transactions and related transaction costs. In January 2011, we consummated an offer to exchange the old restricted senior secured notes for new, SEC-registered senior secured notes.

During the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011, the Company made partial redemptions of the senior secured notes in the amount of \$4,265 and \$70,855, respectively. In connection with these redemptions, the Company paid cash premiums on redemption of \$229 and \$3,195 for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011, respectively. In addition, the Company accelerated deferred debt amortization of \$174 and \$3,096 for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011, respectively. These expenses were included in interest expense for the periods reported.

Guarantees; security. The obligations under our revolving credit facility and our senior secured notes are guaranteed on a senior secured basis by the Company and each of its existing and future domestic restricted subsidiaries, other than Thermon Industries, Inc., the issuer of the senior secured notes. The obligations under our revolving credit facility are secured by a first priority perfected security interest in substantially all of our and the guarantors assets, subject to certain exceptions, permitted liens and encumbrances reasonably acceptable to the agent under our revolving credit facility. Our senior secured notes and guarantees are also secured by liens on substantially all of our and the guarantors assets, subject to certain exceptions; provided, however, that the liens are contractually subordinated to the liens thereon that secure our revolving credit facility.

Restrictive covenants. The revolving credit facility and senior secured notes contain various restrictive covenants that include restrictions or limitations on our ability to: incur additional indebtedness or issue disqualified capital stock unless certain financial tests are satisfied; pay dividends, redeem subordinated debt or make other restricted payments; make certain investments or acquisitions; issue stock of subsidiaries; grant or permit certain liens on our assets; enter into certain transactions with affiliates; merge, consolidate or transfer substantially all of our assets; incur dividend or other payment restrictions affecting certain of our subsidiaries; transfer or sell assets, including capital stock of our subsidiaries; and change the business we conduct. However, all of these covenants are subject to customary exceptions.

Information about our long-term debt that is not measured at fair value follows:

		Decembe	r 31, 20	11		March :	31, 201	1	
	(	Carrying Value	Fair Value		•	Carrying Value		air Value	Valuation Technique
Financial Liabilities									•
Long-term debt	\$	139,145	\$	150,277	\$	210,000	\$	225,800	Level 2 - Market Approach

Differences between carrying value and fair value are primarily due to instruments that provide fixed interest rates or contain fixed interest rate elements. Inherently, such instruments are subject to fluctuations in fair value due to subsequent movements in interest rates.

#### Foreign Currency Transaction Risk.

We transact business in various foreign currencies and have established a program that primarily utilizes foreign currency forward contracts to offset the risk associated with the effects of certain foreign currency exposures. Under this program, increases or decreases in our foreign currency exposures are offset by gains or losses on the forward contracts, to mitigate the possibility of foreign currency transaction gains or losses. These foreign currency exposures typically arise

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from intercompany transactions. Our forward contracts generally have terms of 90 days or less. We do not use forward contracts for trading purposes nor do we designate these forward contracts as hedging instruments pursuant to ASC 815. We adjust the carrying amount of all contracts to their fair value at the end of each reporting period and unrealized gains and losses are included in our results of operations for that period. These gains and losses largely offset gains and losses resulting from settlement of payments received from our foreign operations which are settled in U.S. dollars. All outstanding foreign currency forward contracts are marked to market at the end of the period with unrealized gains and losses included in miscellaneous expense. The balance sheet reflects unrealized gains within prepaid expenses and other current assets and unrealized losses within accrued liabilities. Our ultimate realized gain or loss with respect to currency fluctuations will depend on the currency exchange rates and other factors in effect as the contracts mature. As of December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, the notional amounts of forward contracts we held to sell U.S. Dollars in exchange for other major international currencies were \$14,019 and zero, respectively.

Net foreign exchange transaction losses included in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations were \$213 and \$1,456 in the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011, respectively. For the three months ended December 31, 2010, the period from May 1 through December 31, 2010 and the period from April 1 through April 30, 2010, losses from foreign exchange transactions were \$242, \$566 and zero, respectively. The fair values of foreign currency forward contracts were not significant individually and approximated \$59 as of December 31, 2011.

#### Other Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities with the carrying amounts approximating fair value include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other current assets, current debt, accounts payable and other current liabilities.

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#### 12. Commitments and Contingencies

At December 31, 2011, the Company had in place letter of credit guarantees and performance bonds securing performance obligations of the Company. These arrangements totaled approximately \$7,594. Of this amount, \$2,291 is secured by cash deposits at the Company s financial institutions. The remaining \$5,303 represents a reduction of the available amount of the Company s Short Term and Long Term Revolving Lines of Credit. Included in prepaid expenses and other current assets at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, was approximately \$2,291 and \$2,133, respectively, of cash deposits pledged as collateral on performance bonds and letters of credit.

The Company is involved in various legal proceedings that arise from time to time in the ordinary course of doing business and believes that adequate reserves have been established for any probable losses. Expenses related to litigation are included in operating income. We do not believe that the outcome of any of these proceedings would have a significant adverse effect on our financial position, long-term results of operations, or cash flows. It is possible, however, that charges related to these matters could be significant to our results or cash flows in any one accounting period.

The Company has no outstanding legal matters outside of matters arising in the ordinary course of business, except as described below. We can give no assurances we will prevail in any of these matters.

Asbestos Litigation Since 1999, we have been named as one of many defendants in 16 personal injury suits alleging exposure to asbestos from our products. None of the cases alleges premises liability. Two cases are currently pending. Insurers are defending us in one of the two lawsuits, and we expect that an insurer will defend us in the remaining matter. Of the concluded suits, there were seven cost of defense settlements and the remainder were dismissed without payment. There are no claims unrelated to asbestos exposure for which coverage has been sought under the policies that are providing coverage.

*Indian Sales Tax and Customs Disputes* Our Indian subsidiary is currently disputing assessments of administrative sales tax and customs duties with Indian tax and customs authorities. In addition, we currently have a customs duty case before the Supreme Court in India, on appeal by custom authorities. During the three months ended December 31, 2011, we concluded settlement of some of these matters whereby Thermon paid approximately \$88. We have reserved \$287 in estimated settlement of the remaining matters.

Notice of Tax Dispute with the Canada Revenue Agency On June 13, 2011, we received notice from the Canada Revenue Agency (Agency) advising us that they disagree with the tax treatment we proposed with respect to certain asset transfers that was completed in August 2007 by our Predecessor owners. As a result, the Agency proposes to disallow the interest deductions taken in Canada for tax years 2008, 2009 and 2010. In total these interest deductions amounted to \$11,640. The statutory tax rate in Canada is approximately 25%, therefore the tax due that is requested by the Agency is approximately \$2,910. At December 31, 2011, we have not recorded a tax liability reserve related to this matter with the Agency, as a loss is not probable or estimable. While we will vigorously contest this ruling, we expect that any liability, if any, will be covered under an indemnity agreement with the Predecessor owners.

Building Construction Accident - On July 27, 2011, during construction of the expansion of our manufacturing facility by a third party contractor in San Marcos, Texas, a section of the partially completed steel framework collapsed during erection. One employee of the erection subcontractor to the general contractor was killed. There were no Thermon employees on the construction site at the time of the incident. We

understand that both the general contractor and the steel erection subcontractor were issued citations by OSHA and have been sued in private actions brought by the decedent sestate as a result of the accident. The Company has not been fined or named in any lawsuits related to this matter. Present estimates are that completion of the project will occur by March 31, 2012. We do not expect significant adverse effects on our ability to produce and ship product as a result of the incident because we had accumulated inventory in preparation of the manufacturing downtime.

Warranty Reserve Changes in the Company s product liability are as follows:

	I	Nine months Ended Dec. 31, 2011 (Successor)	For the Period From May 1, Through Dec. 31, 2010 (Successor)	For the Period From April 1, Through April 30, 2010 (Predecessor)
Balance at beginning of period	\$	1,325	\$ 1,057	\$ 699
Provision for warranties issued		127	604	19
Reclassification of other liabilities				339
Settlements		(823)	(620)	
Balance at end of period	\$	629	\$ 1,041	\$ 1,057

#### 13. Shareholders Equity

In May 2011, we completed an initial public offering of our common stock. We issued 4,575,098 new common shares for which we received \$48,459 after deductions for offering expenses, underwriting discounts and commissions. The gross offering price was \$12.00 per share. In addition, some of our stockholders participated in the offering and sold a total of 6,074,902 shares at a gross offering price of \$12.00 per share, for which they were paid directly. After completion of the initial public offering and the issuance of 15,136 restricted shares and the exercise of stock options resulting in the issuance of 307,048 common shares (see note 15, Stock-Based Compensation Expense), Thermon Group Holdings had 29,830,689 shares outstanding out of a total 150,000,000 authorized at December 31, 2011. At December 31, 2011, CHS and two other private equity firms controlled approximately 52.8% of the common stock of Thermon Group Holdings.

Thermon Group Holdings also has 10,000,000 preferred shares authorized with none issued.

#### 14. Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Our comprehensive income (loss) is comprised of net loss, foreign currency translation, unrealized gains and losses on forward and option contracts and securities classified as available for sale. Comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the nine months ended December 31, 2011, the period from May 1, 2010 to December 31, 2010 and the period from April 1 through April 30, 2010, respectively, are as follows:

	 ree Months Ended Dec. 31, 2011	Three Months Ended Dec. 31, 2010	Nine Months Ended Dec. 31, 2011	For the period From May 1, 2010 Through Dec. 31, 2010	(Predecessor)  For the Period From April 1, Through April 30, 2010
Net income (loss)	\$ 6,933	3,009	5,781	(10,960)	(267)
Foreign currency translation gains (losses),					
net of taxes	113	3,566	(11,017)	1,786	(576)
Total comprehensive loss	\$ 7,046	6,575	(5,236)	(9,174)	(843)

#### 15. Stock-Based Compensation Expense

On October 20, 2010, October 27, 2010 and March 1, 2011 our board of directors granted certain employees and directors options to purchase a combined total of 2,757,524 shares of our common stock under the Restricted Stock and Stock Option Plan. The exercise price for these options was \$5.20 per share for the grants issued in October and \$9.82 for the grants issued in March. All options granted have a ten year term. The options are for the purchase of shares of common stock of Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. At the completion of the IPO, all outstanding options that were granted under our Restricted Stock and Stock Option Plan became vested and exercisable. Although the options were exercisable at the time of the IPO, the sale of the underlying option shares were restricted under the lock-up agreements with the IPO underwriters, which

began to expire on October 31, 2011. During the three months ended December 31, 2011, 307,048 common shares were issued in connection with option exercises. At the date of the IPO on May 5, 2011, the Company recorded stock compensation expense of \$6,310 which represented all unamortized stock compensation expense related to the outstanding stock options under the Restricted Stock and Stock Option Plan.

There were no stock compensation awards issued during the three months ended December 31, 2011. On May 5, 2011, 117,600 shares, each with an exercise price of \$12.00 per share, were granted under our 2011 Long-Term Incentive Plan for which stock compensation expense was not accelerated. They vest ratably over five years with 20% at each anniversary date of the grant. We valued these options with a Black-Scholes model. Due to the fact that the common stock underlying the options was not publicly traded prior to the IPO, we based the expected volatility on a comparable group of companies. The expected term is based on the simplified method due to the lack of historical exercise data. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the Treasury bill coupon rate for U.S. Treasury securities with a maturity that approximates the expected term. We do not intend to pay dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future, and accordingly we used a dividend yield of zero. Accordingly the assumptions we used included an estimated volatility of 45%, life of option of 6.66 years, risk free rate of 3.25% and no dividend assumption. The weighted-average estimated grant date fair value for employee stock options granted in fiscal 2012 was \$5.99 per share. Excluding the \$6,310 stock compensation expense associated with the acceleration of the pre-IPO options, the Company recorded stock compensation expense related to unvested awards for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011 of \$58 and \$147, respectively.

During the nine months ended December 31, 2011, the Company issued a total of 15,136 shares of restricted stock to members of its board of directors. The restricted shares vest in one half increments over two years at the anniversary of the grant date. While the restricted shares are considered issued for purposes of total common shares outstanding at the time of the grant, they are subject to restrictions on transfer or sale until each anniversary vesting date. We valued the restricted shares at \$11.89 per share, which was the market closing price at the date of the grant. We will expense the value of the restricted shares as stock compensation expense ratably over the vesting period unless any portion is forfeited.

#### 16. Miscellaneous Income (Expense)

Miscellaneous income (expense) is as follows:

		Three Months Ended Dec. 31, 2011 (Successor)		Three Months Ended Dec. 31, 2010 (Successor)	E	Nine Months inded Dec. 31, 2011 (Successor)		For the Period May 1 Through Dec. 31, 2010 (Successor)	For the Period Through April 30, 2010 Predecessor)
Professional fees and expenses related to	_		_		_		_		
CHS Transactions	\$		\$	(818)	\$		\$	(4,662)	\$ (5,660)
Employee bonus payments paid in connection with CHS Transactions									(3,545)
Changes in estimates for compliance fees									
and costs								600	
Loss on foreign exchange transactions		(213)		(242)		(1,456)		(566)	
Other		(2)		31		54		(39)	304
Total	\$	(215)	\$	(1,029)	\$	(1,402)	\$	(4,667)	\$ (8,901)

#### 17. Income Taxes

Our anticipated annual effective tax rate of approximately 38.0% has been applied to our consolidated pre-tax income for the nine month period ended December 31, 2011. Our anticipated annual effective tax rate was different than the U.S. federal statutory rate primarily due to state taxes, a difference in rates between the U.S. and foreign jurisdictions, and certain permanent differences, such as nondeductible compensation expenses. For the nine months ended December 31, 2010, the Company s provision for income taxes reflects an effective benefit rate of approximately 59.6%. The effective tax rate was higher than the U.S. statutory rate due to deferred taxes released when the outstanding Canadian debt facility was retired. For the three month periods ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company recorded tax expense of \$4,074 and \$1,592 on pre-tax income of \$11,007 and \$4,601, respectively. In the nine month period ended December 31, 2011 and the eight month period ended December 31, 2010, the Company recorded approximately \$3,294 and \$927 of income tax expense on pre-tax income (loss) of approximately \$9,075 and \$(10,033), respectively.

For the period from April 1 through April 30, 2010 of the Predecessor, an income tax benefit of approximately \$17,434 was recorded on a pre-tax loss of \$17,701. In connection with the CHS Transactions, the Canadian debt facility was repaid releasing a deferred tax liability of \$14,945. Without the benefit of the deferred tax reversal related to the Canadian debt facility, the benefit rate amounted to approximately 14.1%. This benefit rate was increased by foreign tax credits and exchange losses associated with repatriated earnings and decreased by the amount of

sellers expense stemming from the CHS Transactions that is anticipated to be non-deductible.

As of December 31, 2011, we have established a long-term liability for uncertain tax positions in the amount of \$1,307 and have recognized no material adjustments to the liability recorded as of March 31, 2011. All of our unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2011 would affect our effective income tax rate if recognized, though the Company does not expect to recognize any tax benefits in the next twelve months. The Company recognizes related accrued interest and penalties as income tax expense and has accrued \$102 for the nine months ending December 31, 2011, resulting in a cumulative total accrual of \$163.

Tax years 2007 through 2010 generally remain open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which we are subject. The Company s U.S. federal income tax returns are under exam for the Predecessor s tax years ending April 30, 2010 and March 31, 2010, and as of December 31, 2011 no adjustments have been proposed. The Company s Canadian federal income tax returns are under exam for the Predecessor s tax years ending March 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010. See Note 12, Commitments and Contingencies .

#### 18. Geographic Information

We have defined our operating segment based on geographic regions. These regions share similar economic characteristics, similar product mix, similar customers and similar distribution methods. Accordingly, we have elected to aggregate these two geographic regions into a single operating segment. Revenue from the sale of our products which are similar in nature and revenue from construction and engineering are reflected as sales in our consolidated statement of operations.

Within its operating segment, the Company has provided further detail for those countries or regions that generate significant revenue and operating income. For purposes of this note, revenue is attributed to individual countries on the basis of the physical location and jurisdiction of organization of the subsidiary that invoices the material and services.

Total sales and operating income classified by major geographic area in which the Company operates are as follows:

	Three Months Ended Dec. 31, 2011 (Successor)		Three Months Ended Dec. 31, 2010 (Successor)		Nine Months Ended Dec. 31, 2011 (Successor)	For the Period From May 1, Through Dec. 31, 2010 (Successor)			For the Period From April 1, Through 30-Apr-10 (Predecessor)
Sales by geographic area:									
Western hemisphere									
United States	\$ 24,909	\$	19,536	\$	69,736	\$	46,082	\$	4,959
Canada	17,897		21,632		60,138		55,369		3,992
Elsewhere in the western hemisphere	316		250		828		697		25
Intercompany sales	17,851		13,744		49,101		34,784		3,850
	60,973		55,162		179,803		136,932		12,826
Eastern hemisphere:									
Europe	18,897		15,073		48,905		44,719		2,970
Asia	6,818		8,450		21,620		19,038		1,117
Intercompany sales	452				2,077		105		51
	26,167		23,523		72,602		63,862		4,138
Eliminations of intercompany sales	(18,303)		(13,744)		(50,927)		(34,889)		(3,901)
	\$ 68,837	\$	64,941	\$	201,478	\$	165,905	\$	13,063
Operating income (loss)									
Western hemisphere									
United States	\$ 5,433	\$	687	\$	6,544	\$	(281)	\$	1,126
Canada	7,022		6,521		20,663		10,400		1,066
Elsewhere in the western hemisphere	64		(20)		150		148		(30)
Eastern hemisphere:									
Europe	1,805		3,340		6,401		3,108		125
Asia	1,279		1,242		3,839		2,819		18
Unallocated:									
Management fees	(21)		(500)		(8,141)		(1,333)		(79)

Other	(67) (104)								
	\$ 15,582	\$	11,203	\$	29,456	\$	14,757	\$	(88) 2,138
		14							

#### PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# Item 1(continued) Financial Statements of Thermon Holding Corp.

#### Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

# (Dollars in Thousands)

	December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)			March 31, 2011
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,776	\$	51,016
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,405 and \$1,487 as				
of December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively		46,187		40,013
Inventories, net		40,143		31,118
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		2,283		2,063
Income taxes receivable		6,328		2,462
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		7,065		7,633
Deferred income taxes		1,684		2,779
Total current assets		123,466		137,084
Property, plant and equipment, net		25,381		21,686
Goodwill		116,438		120,750
Intangible assets, net		145,999		159,056
Debt issuance costs, net		7,472		11,573
Other noncurrent assets				633
	\$	418,756	\$	450,782
Liabilities and shareholders equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	21,592	Φ	18,573
Accrued liabilities	φ	15.525	φ	28,972
Current portion of long term debt		15,525		21,000
Borrowings under revolving lines of credit		9.000		2,063
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts		2,634		1,110
Income taxes payable		2,034		7,934
Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction		3,550		4,213
Total current liabilities		52,301		83,865
Long-term debt, net of current maturities		139,145		189,000
Deferred income taxes		47,553		49,809
Other noncurrent liabilities		1,967		1,826
		1,507		1,020
Additional paid in capital		187,936		131,191
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(987)		10,031
Accumulated deficit		(9,159)		(14,940)
Shareholders equity		177,790		126,282

\$ 418,756 \$

450,782

See accompanying notes.

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# Thermon Holding Corp.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

(Dollars in Thousands)

	D	nree Months Ended ecember 31, 2011 Successor)	Three Months Ended December 31, 2010 (Successor)	Nine Months Ended December 31, 2011 (Successor)	For the Period From May 1, Through December 31, 2010 (Successor)		For the Period From April 1, Through April 30, 2010 (Predecessor)	
Sales	\$	68,837	\$ 64,941	\$ 201,478	\$	165,905	\$	13,063
Cost of sales		35,146	35,333	103,847		98,795		6,447
Gross profit		33,691	29,608	97,631		67,110		6,616
Operating expenses:								
Marketing, general and administrative and								
engineering		15,300	14,705	59,603		37,227		4,263
Amortization of other intangible assets		2,809	3,700	8,572		15,126		215
Income from operations		15,582	11,203	29,456		14,757		2,138
Other income/(expenses):								
Interest income		72	7	239		10		7
Interest expense		(4,203)	(5,580)	(16,023)		(17,111)		(6,229)
Loss on retirement of senior secured notes		(229)		(3,195)				
Success fees to owners related to the CHS								
Transaction						(3,022)		(4,716)
Miscellaneous expense		(215)	(1,029)	(1,402)		(4,667)		(8,901)
Income (loss) before provision for income								
taxes		11,007	4,601	9,075		(10,033)		(17,701)
Income tax expense (benefit)		4,074	1,592	3,294		927		(17,434)
Net income (loss)	\$	6,933	\$ 3,009	\$ 5,781	\$	(10,960)	\$	(267)

See accompanying notes.

### Thermon Holding Corp.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Nine Month Ended December 31, (Successor	2011	For the Period From May 1, Through December 31, 2010 (Successor)		For the Period From April 1, Through April 30, 2010 (Predecessor)
Operating activities					
Net income (loss)	\$	5,781	\$ (10,960)	\$	(267)
Adjustment to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash (used in)					
provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	1	10,623	24,040		392
Amortization of debt costs		4,100	3,365		2,586
Stock compensation expense		6,457	734		
Benefit for deferred income taxes		(175)	(2,660)	)	(15,122)
Premiums paid on redemption, included as financing activities		3,825			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable	(	(8,209)	(6,452)	)	1,365
Inventories	(1	10,413)	(2,972)	)	(1,719)
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted					
contracts		(591)	(678)	)	34
Other current and noncurrent assets		1,013	(1,241)	)	(3,151)
Accounts payable		4,904	5,672		825
Accrued liabilities and noncurrent liabilities	(1	11,488)	18,161		9,515
Income taxes payable	(1	12,308)	(937)	)	(860)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(	(6,481)	26,072		(6,402)
Investing activities					
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(	(6,179)	(1,149)	)	(97)
Cash paid for Thermon Holding Corp.					
(net of cash acquired of \$2,852)		(663)	(314,294)	)	
Other investing activities					(1,397)
Net cash used in investing activities	(	(6,842)	(315,443)	)	(1,494)
Financing activities					
Proceeds from senior secured notes			210,000		
Payments on senior secured notes	(7	70,855)			
Proceeds from revolving line of credit		9,000	4,599		
Payments on revolving lines of credit and long-term debt	(	(2,063)	(4,599)	)	(19,385)
Capital contributions		50,288	129,252		
Premiums paid on redemption of senior secured notes	(	(3,825)			
Debt issuance costs			(15,473)	)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(1	17,455)	323,779		(19,385)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(462)	543		(14)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(3	31,240)	34,951		(27,295)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		51,016			30,147
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1	19,776	\$ 34,951	\$	2,852

See accompanying notes.

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#### Thermon Holding Corp.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollars in Thousands)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

On April 30, 2010, a group of investors led by entities affiliated with CHS Capital LLC ( CHS ) and two other private equity firms acquired a controlling interest in Thermon Holding Corp. and its subsidiaries from Thermon Holdings, LLC ( Predecessor ) for approximately \$321,500 in a transaction that was financed by approximately \$129,200 of equity investments by CHS, two other private equity firms and certain members of our current and former management team (collectively, the management investors ) and \$210,000 of debt raised in an exempt Rule 144A senior secured note offering to qualified institutional investors (collectively, the CHS Transactions ). The proceeds from the equity investments and debt financing were used both to finance the acquisition and pay related transaction costs. As a result of the CHS Transactions, Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. became the ultimate parent of Thermon Holding Corp. Thermon Holding Corp. ( THC ) and its direct and indirect subsidiaries are referred to collectively as we, our, the Company or Successor herein. We refer to CHS and the two other private equity fund investors collectively as our private equity sponsors.

In the CHS Transactions, the senior secured notes were issued by Thermon Finance, Inc., which immediately after the closing of the CHS Transactions was merged into our wholly-owned subsidiary Thermon Industries, Inc.

The CHS Transactions were accounted for as a purchase combination. The purchase price was allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based on their estimated fair values. While the Company takes responsibility for the allocation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, it consulted with an independent third party to assist with the appraisal process.

Pushdown accounting was employed to reflect the purchase price paid by our new owner.

We have prepared our consolidated financial statements as if THC had been in existence throughout all relevant periods. The historical financial and other data prior to the closing of the CHS Transactions on April 30, 2010 have been prepared using the historical results of operations and bases of the assets and liabilities of the Predecessor. Our historical financial data prior to May 1, 2010 may not be indicative of our future performance. The CHS Transactions which closed on April 30, 2010, resulted in the liquidation of the equity balances that belonged to the previous owner. Accordingly, the consolidated statement of operations and cash flows are reported separately for the period from April 1, 2010 to April 30, 2010 for the ( Predecessor ). The settlement of equity balances and associated transaction expenses of the Predecessor are reported in the period from April 1, 2010 to April 30, 2010.

In May 2011, our parent, Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. completed its initial public offering ( IPO ) of common shares in which it received net proceeds of \$48,459, net of underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses. These proceeds were contributed to the Company

and were recorded as Additional paid in capital on our consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2011. See Note 12, Shareholder s Equity .

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of TGH for the year ended March 31, 2011. In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring items) considered necessary to present fairly our financial position at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, and the results of our operations for the three months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the nine months ended December 31, 2011, the period from May 1, 2010 to December 31, 2010 and the period from April 1 through April 30, 2010. Operating results for the period from May 1 through December 31, 2010 and for the period from April 1 through April 30, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period presentation to conform to the current period presentation. All dollar and share amounts are presented in thousands, unless otherwise noted.

#### 2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2011, the FASB updated FASB ASC 220, *Comprehensive Income* (FASB ASC 220) that gives an entity the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. In both choices, an entity is required to present each component of net income along with total net income, each component of other comprehensive income along with a total for other comprehensive income, and a total amount for comprehensive income. The update does not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income or when an item of other comprehensive income must be reclassified to net

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income. The update does not change the option for an entity to present components of other comprehensive income either net of related tax effects or before related tax effects, with one amount shown for the aggregate income tax expense or benefit related to the total of other comprehensive income items. The update does not affect how earnings per share is calculated or presented. The update should be applied retrospectively and is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. We are currently evaluating the requirements of this update and have not yet determined the impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2011, the FASB updated FASB ASC 350, *Goodwill and Other* (FASB ASC 350) that gives an entity the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances leads to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If, after assessing the totality of events or circumstances, an entity determines it is not more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then performing the two-step impairment test is unnecessary. The amendments are effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment test performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. We are currently evaluating the requirements of this update and have not yet determined the impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2010, the FASB updated FASB ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* (FASB ASC 820) that requires additional disclosures and clarifies existing disclosures regarding fair value measurements. The additional disclosures include (i) transfers in and out of Levels 1 and 2 and (ii) activity in Level 3 fair value measurements. The update provides amendments that clarify existing disclosures on level of disaggregation and disclosures about inputs and valuation techniques. This update is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the roll forward of activity in Level 3 fair value measurements. These disclosures are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. We adopted the update on April 1, 2010 as required and subsequently adopted on April 1, 2011, the update surrounding disclosures on Level 3 fair value measurements and concluded it did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations. In May 2011, the FASB updated FASB ASC 820 that resulted in common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements in U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). Some of the amendments clarify the FASB s intent about the application of existing fair value measurement requirements. Other amendments change a particular principle or requirement for measuring fair value or for disclosing information about fair value measurements. The amendments are to be applied prospectively and are effective during interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. We are currently evaluating the requirements of this update and have not yet determined the impact on our consolidated financial statements.

#### 3. Inventories

Inventories consisted of the following:

	mber 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
Raw materials	\$ 13,959 \$	9,847
Work in process	1,866	2,307
Finished goods	25,562	20,669
	41,387	32,823
Valuation reserves	(1,244)	(1,705)
Inventories, net	\$ 40,143 \$	31,118

#### 4. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2011						
Land, buildings and improvements	\$ 13,144	\$	13,495				
Machinery and equipment	6,533		7,378				
Office furniture and equipment	2,672		2,595				
Construction in process	6,391						
	28,740		23,468				
Accumulated depreciation	(3,359)		(1,782)				
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 25,831	\$	21,686				

#### 5. Goodwill

The carrying amount of goodwill as of December 31, 2011, is as follows:

	Amount
Balance as of March 31, 2011	\$ 120,750
Foreign currency translation impact	(4,312)
Balance as of December 31, 2011	\$ 116,438

The excess purchase price over the fair value of assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. As we have one operating segment, we allocate goodwill to one reporting unit for goodwill impairment testing. Goodwill is tested for impairment on an annual basis, and between annual tests if indicators of potential impairment exist, using a fair-value-based approach based on the market capitalization of the reporting unit. Our annual impairment test will be performed as of January 1, 2012. At December 31, 2011, there were no indicators of a goodwill impairment. Goodwill is not deductible for tax purposes.

#### 6. Intangibles

Intangible assets at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 were related to the CHS Transactions and consisted of the following:

	ross Carrying Amount at December 31, 2011	Accumulated Amortization		Net Carrying Amount at December 31, 2011	(	Gross Carrying Amount at March 31, 2011	-	Accumulated Amortization	Net Car Amou Marcl 201	nt at h 31,
Trademarks	\$ 47,753	\$	\$	47,753	\$	49,403	\$	\$		49,403
Developed technology	10,944	(993)	1	9,951		11,321		(600)		10,721
Customer										
relationships	101,432	(14,780)	1	86,652		104,319		(7,240)		97,079
Backlog	10,171	(10,171)	1			10,480		(10,480)		
Certification	498			498		516				516
Other	1,633	(488)	1	1,145		1,634		(297)		1,337
Total	\$ 172,431	\$ (26,432)	\$	145,999	\$	177,673	\$	(18,617) \$		159,056

Trademarks and certifications have indefinite lives. Developed technology, customer relationships, and other intangible assets have estimated lives of 20 years, 10 years, and 6 years, respectively. The weighted average useful life for the group is 10 years.

The net carrying amounts of intangible assets are affected by currency translation adjustments. As compared to the net carrying amounts at March 31, 2011, intangible assets at December 31, 2011, were approximately \$4,485 million lower due to fluctuations in exchange rates used to value intangible assets carried in foreign currency.

### 7. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued current liabilities consisted of the following:

		December 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
Accrued employee compensation and related expenses	\$	8,311	\$ 9,333
Interest		2,226	9,083
Customer prepayment		1,066	6,866
Warranty reserve		629	1,325
Professional fees		1,064	774
Compliance costs		55	55
Other		2,174	1,536
Total accrued current liabilities	\$	15,525	\$ 28,972
	20		

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#### 8. Related-Party Transactions

We paid management fees including a termination fee in connection with our IPO to our private equity sponsors of \$8,120 in the nine months ended December 31, 2011. In the prior year periods of May 1 to December 31, 2010 and April 1 to April 30, 2010, we paid management fees (both Successor and Predecessor) of \$1,333 and \$79, respectively. Management fees including the termination fee are included as part of Marketing, general and administrative and engineering expense. Additionally, in the prior year periods of May 1 to December 31, 2010 and April 1 to April 30, 2010, we paid success fees to owners (both Successor and Predecessor) of \$3,022 and \$4,716, respectively.

Included in our consolidated balance sheet is Obligations due to settle the CHS Transaction which totaled \$3,550 and \$4,213 at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively. These amounts represent amounts due to the Predecessor owners in final settlement of the sale that was completed on April 30, 2010. During the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011, we paid \$137 and \$663, respectively, to the Predecessor owners for cash amounts that were released during the three month period. At December 31, 2011, the amount outstanding represents the estimate of tax refunds due from government entities that have not been received but are related to the final tax periods filed by the Predecessor and remaining encumbered cash to be released as letters of credit expire.

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#### 9. Short-Term Revolving Lines of Credit

The Company s subsidiary in the Netherlands has a revolving credit facility in the amount of Euro 4,000 (equivalent to \$5,169 USD at December 31, 2011) collateralized by receivables, inventory, equipment, furniture and real estate. No loans were outstanding on this facility at December 31, 2011 or March 31, 2011.

The Company s subsidiary in India has a revolving credit facility in the amount of 80,000 rupees (equivalent to \$1,463 USD at December 31, 2011). The facility is collateralized by receivables, inventory, real estate, a letter of credit, and cash. No loans were outstanding under the facility at December 31, 2011 or March 31, 2011.

The Company s subsidiary in Australia has a revolving credit facility in the amount of \$325 Australian Dollars (equivalent to \$328 USD at December 31, 2011). The facility is collateralized by real estate. The facilities had no loans outstanding as of December 31, 2011 or March 31, 2011.

The Company s subsidiary in Japan has a revolving credit facility in the amount of 45,000 Japanese Yen (equivalent to \$578 USD at December 31, 2011). The credit facility is collateralized by a standby letter of credit in the amount of \$300 issued as part of the revolving credit facility referred to in Note 11, Long-Term Debt. No loans were outstanding under the Japanese revolving credit facility at December 31, 2011 or March 31, 2011.

Under the Company s principal revolving credit facility described below in Note 10, Long-Term Debt, there were \$9,000 and \$2,063 of outstanding borrowings at December 31, 2011, and March 31, 2011, respectively. Although borrowings under the facility do not mature until 2015, management intends to repay all borrowings under the facility within 90 days of incurrence.

#### 10. Long-Term Debt

Long- term debt consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2011					
9.500% Senior Secured Notes, due May 2017	\$	139,145	\$	210,000		
		139,145		210,000		
Less current portion				(21,000)		
	\$	139,145	\$	189,000		

Revolving credit facility. Simultaneously with the closing of the CHS Transactions and the sale of our senior secured notes, our wholly owned subsidiary, Thermon Industries, Inc., entered into a five-year, \$40.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility, which we refer to as our revolving credit facility, of which up to \$20.0 million is available to our Canadian subsidiary, subject to borrowing base availability. Availability of funds under our revolving credit facility is determined by a borrowing base equal to the sum of 85% of eligible accounts receivable, plus 60% of eligible inventory, plus 85% of the net orderly liquidation value of eligible equipment, plus 50% of the fair market value of eligible owned real property. In no case shall availability under our revolving credit facility exceed the commitments thereunder. As of December 31, 2011, we had \$30.4 million of capacity available under our revolving credit facility after taking into account the borrowing base, outstanding loan advances and letters of credit. In addition to our revolving credit facility, we have various short term revolving credit facility with an interest rate of 5%.

The revolving credit facility will mature in 2015. Any borrowings on our revolving credit facility will incur interest expense that is variable in relation to the LIBOR rate. Borrowings denominated in Canadian Dollars under the Canadian facility bear interest at a variable rate in relation to the bankers—acceptance rate, as set forth in the revolving credit facility. In addition to paying interest on outstanding borrowings under our revolving credit facility, we are required to pay a 0.75% per annum commitment fee to the lenders in respect of the unutilized commitments thereunder and letter of credit fees equal to the LIBOR margin or the bankers—acceptance rate, as applicable, on the undrawn amount of all outstanding letters of credit.

Senior secured notes. As of December 31, 2011, we had \$139.1 million of indebtedness outstanding under our senior secured notes with annual cash interest expense of approximately \$13.2 million. Our senior secured notes mature on May 1, 2017 and accrue interest at a fixed rate of 9.500%. We pay interest in cash semi-annually on May and November 1 of each year. Our senior

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secured notes were issued in a Rule 144A exempt senior secured note offering to qualified institutional investors. The proceeds were used to fund the purchase price for the CHS Transactions and related transaction costs. In January 2011, we consummated an offer to exchange the old restricted senior secured notes for new, SEC-registered senior secured notes.

During the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011, the Company made partial redemptions of the senior secured notes in the amount of \$4,265 and \$70,855, respectively. In connection with these redemptions, the Company paid cash premiums on redemption of \$229 and \$3,195 for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011, respectively. In addition, the Company accelerated deferred debt amortization of \$174 and \$3,096 for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011, respectively. These expenses were included in interest expense for the periods reported.

Guarantees; security. The obligations under our revolving credit facility and our senior secured notes are guaranteed on a senior secured basis by the Company and each of its existing and future domestic restricted subsidiaries, other than Thermon Industries, Inc., the issuer of the senior secured notes. The obligations under our revolving credit facility are secured by a first priority perfected security interest in substantially all of our and the guarantors assets, subject to certain exceptions, permitted liens and encumbrances reasonably acceptable to the agent under our revolving credit facility. Our senior secured notes and guarantees are also secured by liens on substantially all of our and the guarantors assets, subject to certain exceptions; provided, however, that the liens are contractually subordinated to the liens thereon that secure our revolving credit facility.

Restrictive covenants. The revolving credit facility and senior secured notes contain various restrictive covenants that include restrictions or limitations on our ability to: incur additional indebtedness or issue disqualified capital stock unless certain financial tests are satisfied; pay dividends, redeem subordinated debt or make other restricted payments; make certain investments or acquisitions; issue stock of subsidiaries; grant or permit certain liens on our assets; enter into certain transactions with affiliates; merge, consolidate or transfer substantially all of our assets; incur dividend or other payment restrictions affecting certain of our subsidiaries; transfer or sell assets, including capital stock of our subsidiaries; and change the business we conduct. However, all of these covenants are subject to customary exceptions.

Information about our long-term debt that is not measured at fair value follows:

		Decem				ch 31,		
		20	11		20			
	1	Carrying Value	F	air Value	Carrying Value	]	Fair Value	Valuation Technique
Financial Liabilities								_
Long-term debt	\$	139,145	\$	150,277	\$ 210,000	\$	225,800	Level 2 - Market Approach

Differences between carrying value and fair value are primarily due to instruments that provide fixed interest rates or contain fixed interest rate elements. Inherently, such instruments are subject to fluctuations in fair value due to subsequent movements in interest rates.

Foreign Currency Transaction Risk.

We transact business in various foreign currencies and have established a program that primarily utilizes foreign currency forward contracts to offset the risk associated with the effects of certain foreign currency exposures. Under this program, increases or decreases in our foreign currency exposures are offset by gains or losses on the forward contracts, to mitigate the possibility of foreign currency transaction gains or losses. These foreign currency exposures typically arise from intercompany transactions. Our forward contracts generally have terms of 90 days or less. We do not use forward contracts for trading purposes nor do we designate these forward contracts as hedging instruments pursuant to ASC 815. We adjust the carrying amount of all contracts to their fair value at the end of each reporting period and unrealized gains and losses are included in our results of operations for that period. These gains and losses largely offset gains and losses resulting from settlement of payments received from our foreign operations which are settled in U.S. dollars. All outstanding foreign currency forward contracts are marked to market at the end of the period with unrealized gains and losses included in miscellaneous expense. The balance sheet reflects unrealized gains within prepaid expenses and other current assets and unrealized losses within accrued liabilities. Our ultimate realized gain or loss with respect to currency fluctuations will depend on the currency exchange rates and other factors in effect as the contracts mature. As of December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, the notional amounts of forward contracts we held to sell U.S. Dollars in exchange for other major international currencies were \$14,019 and zero, respectively.

Net foreign exchange transaction losses included in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations were \$213 and \$1,456 in the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011, respectively. For the three months ended December 31, 2010, the period from May 1 through December 31, 2010 and the period from April 1 through April 30, 2010, losses from foreign exchange transactions were \$242, \$566 and zero, respectively. The fair values of foreign currency forward contracts were not significant individually and approximated \$59 as of December 31, 2011.

#### Other Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities with the carrying amounts approximating fair value include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other current assets, current debt, accounts payable and other current liabilities.

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#### 11. Commitments and Contingencies

At December 31, 2011, the Company had in place letter of credit guarantees and performance bonds securing performance obligations of the Company. These arrangements totaled approximately \$7,594. Of this amount, \$2,291 is secured by cash deposits at the Company s financial institutions. The remaining \$5,303 represents a reduction of the available amount of the Company s Short Term and Long Term Revolving Lines of Credit. Included in prepaid expenses and other current assets at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, was approximately \$2,291 and \$2,133, respectively, of cash deposits pledged as collateral on performance bonds and letters of credit.

The Company is involved in various legal proceedings that arise from time to time in the ordinary course of doing business and believes that adequate reserves have been established for any probable losses. Expenses related to litigation are included in operating income. We do not believe that the outcome of any of these proceedings would have a significant adverse effect on our financial position, long-term results of operations, or cash flows. It is possible, however, that charges related to these matters could be significant to our results or cash flows in any one accounting period.

The Company has no outstanding legal matters outside of matters arising in the ordinary course of business, except as described below. We can give no assurances we will prevail in any of these matters.

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Asbestos Litigation Since 1999, we have been named as one of many defendants in 16 personal injury suits alleging exposure to asbestos from our products. None of the cases alleges premises liability. Two cases are currently pending. Insurers are defending us in one of the two lawsuits, and we expect that an insurer will defend us in the remaining matter. Of the concluded suits, there were seven cost of defense settlements and the remainder were dismissed without payment. There are no claims unrelated to asbestos exposure for which coverage has been sought under the policies that are providing coverage.

*Indian Sales Tax and Customs Disputes* Our Indian subsidiary is currently disputing assessments of administrative sales tax and customs duties with Indian tax and customs authorities. In addition, we currently have a customs duty case before the Supreme Court in India, on appeal by custom authorities. During the three months ended December 31, 2011, we concluded settlement of some of these matters whereby Thermon paid approximately \$88. We have reserved \$287 in estimated settlement of the remaining matters.

Notice of Tax Dispute with the Canada Revenue Agency On June 13, 2011, we received notice from the Canada Revenue Agency (Agency) advising us that they disagree with the tax treatment we proposed with respect to certain asset transfers that was completed in August 2007 by our Predecessor owners. As a result, the Agency proposes to disallow the interest deductions taken in Canada for tax years 2008, 2009 and 2010. In total these interest deductions amounted to \$11,640. The statutory tax rate in Canada is approximately 25%, therefore the tax due that is requested by the Agency is approximately \$2,910. At December 31, 2011, we have not recorded a tax liability reserve related to this matter with the Agency, as a loss is not probable or estimable. While we will vigorously contest this ruling, we expect that any liability, if any, will be covered under an indemnity agreement with the Predecessor owners.

Building Construction Accident - On July 27, 2011, during construction of the expansion of our manufacturing facility by a third party contractor in San Marcos, Texas, a section of the partially completed steel framework collapsed during erection. One employee of the erection subcontractor to the general contractor was killed. There were no Thermon employees on the construction site at the time of the incident. We understand that both the general contractor and the steel erection subcontractor were issued citations by OSHA and have been sued in private actions brought by the decedent sestate as a result of the accident. The Company has not been fined or named in any lawsuits related to this matter. Present estimates are that completion of the project will occur by the end of the 2012 fiscal year. We do not expect significant adverse effects on our ability to produce and ship product as a result of the incident because we had accumulated inventory in preparation of the manufacturing downtime.

Warranty Reserve Changes in the Company's product liability are as follows:

	Nine Months Ended Dec. 31, 2011 (Successor)	For the Period From May 1, Through Dec. 31, 2010 (Successor)	For the Period From April 1, Through April 30, 2010 (Predecessor)	
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 1,325	\$ 1,057	\$ 699	
Provision for warranties issued	127	604	19	
Reclassification of other liabilities			339	
Settlements	(823)	(620)		
Balance at end of period	\$ 629	\$ 1,041	\$ 1,057	

#### 12. Shareholder s Equity

In May 2011, our parent Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. completed an initial public offering of its common stock. They received \$48,459 after deductions for offering expenses, underwriting discounts and commissions. Those funds were contributed to us for the purpose of making principal reductions of our senior secured notes and for general corporate purposes.

We have 100,000 shares of \$0.001 par value common stock issued and outstanding. All of our outstanding shares of common stock are held by our parent entity, Thermon Group Holdings, Inc.

#### 13. Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Our comprehensive income (loss) is comprised of net loss, foreign currency translation, unrealized gains and losses on forward and option contracts and securities classified as available for sale. Comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the nine months ended December 31, 2011, the period from May 1, 2010 to December 31, 2010 and the period from April 1 through April 30, 2010, respectively, are as follows:

		nree Months Ended Dec. 31, 2011	(Success Three Months Ended Dec. 31, 2010	Nine Months Ended Dec. 31, 2011	For the period From May 1, 2010 Through Dec. 31, 2010	(Predecessor)  For the Period From April 1, Through April 30, 2010
Net income (loss)	\$	6,933	3,009	5,781	(10,960)	(267)
Foreign currency translation gains (losses),						
net of taxes		113	3,566	(11,017)	1,786	(576)
Total comprehensive loss	\$	7,046	6,575	(5,236)	(9,174)	(843)

#### 14. Stock-Based Compensation Expense

On October 20, 2010, October 27, 2010 and March 1, 2011 our board of directors granted certain employees and directors options to purchase a combined total of 2,757,524 shares of our common stock under the Restricted Stock and Stock Option Plan. The exercise price for these options was \$5.20 per share for the grants issued in October and \$9.82 for the grants issued in March. All options granted have a ten year term. The options are for the purchase of shares of common stock of Thermon Group Holdings, Inc. At the completion of the IPO, all outstanding options that were granted under our Restricted Stock and Stock Option Plan became fully vested and exercisable. Although the options were exercisable at the time of the IPO, the sale of the underlying option shares were restricted under lock up agreements with the IPO underwriters, which began to expire on October 31, 2011. At the date of the IPO on May 5, 2011, the Company recorded stock compensation expense of \$6,310 which represented all unamortized stock compensation expense related to the outstanding stock options under the Restricted Stock and Stock Option Plan.

There were no stock compensation awards issued during the three months ended December 31, 2011. On May 5, 2011, 117,600 shares, each with an exercise price of \$12.00 per share, were granted under our 2011 Long-term Incentive Plan for which stock compensation expense was not accelerated. They vest ratably over five years with 20% at each anniversary date of the grant. We valued these options with a Black-Scholes model. Due to the fact that the common stock underlying the options was not publicly traded prior to the IPO, we based the expected volatility on a comparable group of companies. The expected term is based on the simplified method due to the lack of historical exercise data. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the Treasury bill coupon rate for U.S. Treasury securities with a maturity that approximates the expected term. We do not intend to pay dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future, and accordingly we used a dividend yield of zero. Accordingly the assumptions we used included an estimated volatility of 45%, life of option of 6.66 years, risk free rate of 3.25% and no dividend assumption. The weighted-average estimated grant date fair value for employee stock options granted in fiscal 2012 was \$5.99 per share. Excluding the \$6,310 stock compensation expense associated with the acceleration of the pre-IPO options, the Company recorded stock compensation expense related to unvested awards for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011 of \$58 and \$147, respectively.

During the nine months ended December 31, 2011, the Company issued a total of 15,136 shares of restricted stock to members of its board of directors. The restricted shares vest in one half increments over two years at the anniversary of the grant date. While the restricted shares are considered issued for purposes of total common shares outstanding at the time of the grant, they are subject to restrictions on transfer or sale until each anniversary vesting date. We valued the restricted shares at \$11.89 per share, which was the market closing price at the date of the grant. We will expense the value of the restricted shares as stock compensation expense ratably over the vesting period unless any portion is forfeited.

#### 15. Miscellaneous Income (Expense)

Miscellaneous income (expense) is as follows:

	N End 3:	Three Months ded Dec. 1, 2011 (ccessor)	Three Months Ended Dec. 31, 2010 (Successor)	E	Nine months inded Dec. 31, 2011 (Successor)	For the Period May 1 Through Dec. 31, 2010 (Successor)	For the Period Through April 30, 2010 Predecessor)
Professional fees and expenses related to							
CHS Transactions	\$		\$ (818)	\$		\$ (4,662)	\$ (5,660)
Employee bonus payments paid in							
connection with CHS Transactions							(3,545)
Changes in estimates for compliance fees							
and costs						600	
Loss on foreign exchange transactions		(213)	(242)		(1,456)	(566)	
Other		(2)	31		54	(39)	304
Total	\$	(215)	\$ (1,029)	\$	(1,402)	\$ (4,667)	\$ (8,901)

#### 16. Income Taxes

Our anticipated annual effective tax rate of approximately 38.% has been applied to our consolidated pre-tax income for the nine month period ended December 31, 2011. Our anticipated annual effective tax rate was different than the U.S. federal statutory rate primarily due to state taxes, a difference in rates between the U.S. and foreign jurisdictions, and certain permanent differences, such as nondeductible compensation expenses. For the nine months ended December 31, 2010, the Company s provision for income taxes reflects an effective benefit rate of approximately 59.6%. The effective tax rate was higher than the U.S. statutory rate due to deferred taxes released when the outstanding Canadian debt facility was retired. For the three month periods ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company recorded tax expense of \$4,074 and \$1,592 on pre-tax income of \$11,007 and \$4,601, respectively. In the nine month period ended December 31, 2011 and the eight month period ended December 31, 2010, the Company recorded approximately \$3,294 and \$927 of income tax expense on pre-tax income (loss) of approximately \$9,075 and \$(10,033), respectively.

For the period from April 1 through April 30, 2010 of the Predecessor, an income tax benefit of approximately \$17,434 was recorded on a pre-tax loss of \$17,701. In connection with the CHS Transactions, the Canadian debt facility was repaid releasing a deferred tax liability of \$14,945. Without the benefit of the deferred tax reversal related to the Canadian debt facility, the benefit rate amounted to approximately 14.1%. This benefit rate was increased by foreign tax credits and exchange losses associated with repatriated earnings and decreased by the amount of sellers expense stemming from the CHS Transactions that is anticipated to be non-deductible.

As of December 31, 2011, we have established a long-term liability for uncertain tax positions in the amount of \$1,307 and have recognized no material adjustments to the liability recorded as of March 31, 2011. All of our unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2011 would affect our effective income tax rate if recognized, though the Company does not expect to recognize any tax benefits in the next twelve months. The Company recognizes related accrued interest and penalties as income tax expense and has accrued \$102 for the nine months ending

December 31, 2011, resulting in a cumulative total accrual of \$163.

Tax years 2007 through 2010 generally remain open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which we are subject. The Company s U.S. federal income tax returns are under exam for the Predecessor s tax years ending April 30, 2010 and March 31, 2010, and as of December 31, 2011 no adjustments have been proposed. The Company s Canadian federal income tax returns are under exam for the Predecessor s tax years ending March 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010. See Note 12, Commitments and Contingencies .

#### 17. Geographic Information

We have defined our operating segment based on geographic regions. These regions share similar economic characteristics, similar product mix, similar customers and similar distribution methods. Accordingly, we have elected to aggregate these two geographic regions into a single operating segment. Revenue from the sale of our products which are similar in nature and revenue from construction and engineering are reflected as sales in our consolidated statement of operations.

Within its operating segment, the Company has provided further detail for those countries or regions that generate significant revenue and operating income. For purposes of this note, revenue is attributed to individual countries on the basis of the physical location and jurisdiction of organization of the subsidiary that invoices the material and services.

Total sales and operating income classified by major geographic area in which the Company operates are as follows:

	Three Months Ended Dec. 31, 2011 (Successor)		Three Months Ended Dec. 31, 2010 (Successor)	Nine Months Ended Dec. 31, 2011 (Successor)		For the Period From May 1, Through Dec. 31, 2010 (Successor)		For the Period From April 1, Through 30-Apr-10 (Predecessor)
Sales by geographic area:								
Western hemisphere								
United States	\$ 24,909	\$	19,536	\$	69,736	\$	46,082	\$ 4,959
Canada	17,897		21,632		60,138		55,369	3,992
Elsewhere in the western hemisphere	316		250		828		697	25
Intercompany sales	17,851		13,744		49,101		34,784	3,850
	60,973		55,162		179,803		136,932	12,826
Eastern hemisphere:								
Europe	18,897		15,073		48,905		44,719	2,970
Asia	6,818		8,450		21,620		19,038	1,117
Intercompany sales	452				2,077		105	51
	26,167		23,523		72,602		63,862	4,138
Eliminations of intercompany sales	(18,303)		(13,744)		(50,927)		(34,889)	(3,901)
	\$ 68,837	\$	64,941	\$	201,478	\$	165,905	\$ 13,063
Operating income (loss)								
Western hemisphere								
United States	\$ 5,433	\$	687	\$	6,544	\$	(281)	\$ 1,126
Canada	7,022		6,521		20,663		10,400	1,066
Elsewhere in the western hemisphere	64		(20)		150		148	(30)
Eastern hemisphere:								
Europe	1,805		3,340		6,401		3,108	125
Asia	1,279		1,242		3,839		2,819	18
Unallocated:								
Management fees	(21)		(500)		(8,141)		(1,333)	(79)
Other			(67)				(104)	(88)
	\$ 15,582	\$	11,203	\$	29,456	\$	14,757	\$ 2,138

#### 18. Guarantor Consolidation

The senior secured notes issued by Thermon Industries, Inc., our wholly-owned subsidiary, are guaranteed by the Company and our other existing, wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries: Thermon Manufacturing Company, Thermon Heat Tracing Services, Inc., Thermon Heat Tracing Services-II, Inc. (collectively, the Guarantors ). Our foreign subsidiaries (collectively, the Non-Guarantors ) are not guarantors of the senior secured notes.

The following tables set forth financial information of the Guarantors and Non-Guarantors for the condensed consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011 ( Successor ), the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the period from May 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010, the period from April 1 through April 30, 2010 ( Predecessor ) and the three months ended December 31, 2011 and

(Successor), and the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the period from May 1 through December 31, 2010, the period from April 1 through April 30, 2010 (Predecessor) and the nine month period ended December 31, 2011 (Successor). The information is presented on the equity method of accounting together with elimination entries necessary to reconcile to the consolidated financial statements.

### Thermon Holding Corp.

Condensed Balance Sheet (Unaudited)

Thermon Manufacturing

#### December 31, 2011

	Thermon Holding Corp. (Guarantor)		Thermon ustries, Inc. (Issuer)	Com St	ppany and US ubsidiaries Guarantor)	S	ternational ubsidiaries 1-guarantors)	El	iminations	Co	nsolidated
Assets	• ` ` ′		` ′		ĺ		,				
Current assets:											
Cash and cash											
equivalents	\$	\$		\$	7,657	\$	12,119	\$		\$	19,776
Accounts receivable, net					33,854		32,907		(20,574)		46,187
Inventories, net					20,760		21,387		(2,004)		40,143
Costs and estimated											
earnings in excess of											
billings on											
uncompleted contracts					1,814		469				2,283
Income taxes receivable					7,037		(709)				6,328
Prepaid expenses and											
other current assets					839		5,610		616		7,065
Deferred Income taxes					966		718				1,684
Total current assets					72,927		72,501		(21,962)		123,466
Property, plant and											
equipment, net					19,738		5,643				25,381
Goodwill					47,391		69,047				116,438
Intangible assets, net	1,142				73,479		71,378				145,999
Debt Issuance costs, net			7,472								7,472
Intercompany loans					130				(130)		
Investment in											
subsidiaries	105,372		241,500		101,734				(448,606)		
	\$ 106,514	. \$	248,972	\$	315,399	\$	218,569	\$	(470,698)	\$	418,756
Liabilities and											
shareholder s equity											
Current liabilities:	_			_				_			
Accounts payable	\$	\$		\$	14,409	\$	23,783	\$	(16,600)	\$	21,592
Accrued liabilities			2,203		7,342		8,740		(2,760)		15,525
Obligations in											
settlement of the CHS					2.550						2.550
Transactions					3,550						3,550
Borrowings under			0.000								0.000
revolving lines of credit			9,000								9,000
Billings in excess of					2,234		400				2.624
costs and estimated	(60.292	``	101 424				162		(1.244)		2,634
Intercompany loans Total current liabilities	(69,383	·	101,434		(30,869)				(1,344)		52 201
	(69,383	)	112,637		(3,334)		33,085		(20,704)		52,301
Long-term debt, net of current maturities			120 145								139,145
Deferred Income taxes			139,145		31,090		16,463				47,553
Other noncurrent					51,090		10,403				41,333
liabilities					1,470		497				1,967
Shareholder s equity	175,897		(2,810)		286,173		168,524		(449,994)		1,907
Shareholder s equity	173,077		(2,010)		200,173		100,524		(772,224)		111,190

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\$ 106,514 \$ 248,972 \$ 315,399 \$ 218,569 \$ (470,698) \$ 418,756

### Thermon Holding Corp.

Condensed Balance Sheet (Unaudited)

Thermon

<b>Aarch</b>	31.	2011

Assets		H	hermon Iolding, Corp. 1arantor)		Thermon lustries, Inc. (Issuer)	( St	nufacturing Company and US Ibsidiaries Guarantor)	Si	ternational ubsidiaries (Non- uarantors)	E	liminations	Со	nsolidated
Cash and cash equivalents         S         \$         \$ 14,829         \$ 9,187         \$         \$ 51,016           Accounts receivable, net         22,613         31,175         (13,775)         40,013           Inventories, net         14,426         18,461         (1,769)         31,118           Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts         8         2,001         461         2,063           Income taxes receivable         2,001         461         2,462           Prepaid expenses and other current assets         620         1,065         5,402         546         7,633           Deferred Income taxes         620         8,600         65,452         (14,998)         137,084           Property, plant and equipment, net         15,557         6,429         2,1686         137,084           Property, plant and equipment, net         13,332         7,7,860         79,864         120,750           Intangible assets, net         1,332         7,7,860         79,864         159,056           Debt Issuance costs, net         13,332         13,332         13,332         13,332         13,332         13,332         13,332         13,332         13,332         13,332         13,332         13,332         13,33	Assets												
Accounts receivable, net   1,426   18,461   1,775   40,013     Inventories, net   1,426   18,461   1,676   1,676   31,118     Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts   1,816   247   2,063     Income taxes receivable   2,001   461   2,462     Prepaid expenses and other current assets   620   1,065   5,402   546   7,633     Deferred Income taxes   620   8,6004   65,458   14,989   137,084     Property, plant and equipment, net   620   7,860   7,860   7,860   7,860     Goodwill   1,332   77,860   7,860   7,9864   1,905     Intangible assets, net   1,332   77,860   7,9864   1,905   1,905     Intercompany loans   1,1573   1,905   1,1573     Obbet Insuance costs, net   1,057,88   226,904   100,848   225,10   8,448,618   8,450,782     Liabilities and shareholder s   105,738   226,904   100,848   225,10   8,448,618   8,450,782     Current Iabilities   1,065   7,554   13,500   1,105   28,972     Current Iabilities   1,065   1,070   1,070   1,070     Borrowing under revolving lines of credits   2,1000   2,1000     Borrowing under revolving lines of credits   2,1000   2,1000   2,1000     Borrowing under revolving lines of credits   2,1000	Current assets:												
Accounts receivable, net   1,426   18,461   1,775   40,013     Inventories, net   1,426   18,461   1,676   1,676   31,118     Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts   1,816   247   2,063     Income taxes receivable   2,001   461   2,462     Prepaid expenses and other current assets   620   1,065   5,402   546   7,633     Deferred Income taxes   620   8,6004   65,458   14,989   137,084     Property, plant and equipment, net   620   7,860   7,860   7,860   7,860     Goodwill   1,332   77,860   7,860   7,9864   1,905     Intangible assets, net   1,332   77,860   7,9864   1,905   1,905     Intercompany loans   1,1573   1,905   1,1573     Obbet Insuance costs, net   1,057,88   226,904   100,848   225,10   8,448,618   8,450,782     Liabilities and shareholder s   105,738   226,904   100,848   225,10   8,448,618   8,450,782     Current Iabilities   1,065   7,554   13,500   1,105   28,972     Current Iabilities   1,065   1,070   1,070   1,070     Borrowing under revolving lines of credits   2,1000   2,1000     Borrowing under revolving lines of credits   2,1000   2,1000   2,1000     Borrowing under revolving lines of credits   2,1000													
Numerories, net	Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$		\$	41,829	\$	9,187	\$		\$	51,016
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts   1,816   247   2,063   1,065   1,065   2,001   461   2,462   2,063   1,065   2,001   461   2,462   2,663   1,065   2,462   2,264   2,26	Accounts receivable, net						22,613		31,175		(13,775)		40,013
Receive Sept billings on uncompleted contracts   1,816	Inventories, net						14,426		18,461		(1,769)		31,118
Income taxes receivable   1,816   2,47   2,063   1,065   1,065   2,462   2,462   2,462   2,462   2,462   2,462   2,463   2,4													
Income taxes receivable	_						1 916		247				2.063
Prepaid expenses and other current assets							,						,
current assets         620         1,065         5,402         546         7,633           Deferred Income taxes         620         2,254         555         2,779           Total current assets         620         886,004         65,458         (14,998)         317,084           Property, plant and equipment, net         18,257         6,429         21,686           Goodwill         47,391         73,359         210,750           Intangible assets, net         13,322         77,860         79,864         159,056           Debt Issuance costs, net         11,573         111,573         130         130         130,066           Other noncurrent assets         107,698         238,477         332,123         25,110         (433,490)         131,573           Investment in subsidiaries         107,698         238,477         328,123         25,110         (448,618)         450,782           Liabilities and shareholder sequity         200,000         238,477         328,123         19,308         (11,498)         18,573           Accounts payable         \$ 9,023         7,554         13,500         (1,105)         28,972           Current portion of long-term debt         21,000         20,63         2,063         2,0							2,001		401				2,402
Deferred Income taxes	-		620				1.065		5 402		516		7 622
Total current assets   620   86,004   65,458   (14,998)   137,084     Property, plant and equipment, met			020								340		
Property, plant and equipment, net net			620								(14 008)		,
Ret			020				80,004		05,450		(14,990)		137,004
Clay							15 257		6.420				21.686
Intangible assets, net									-, -				
Debt Issuance costs, net			1 332				,		,				,
Other noncurrent assets         633         (130)         (130)           Intercompany loans         105,738         226,904         100,848         (433,490)           Investment in subsidiaries         105,738         226,904         100,848         225,110         (433,490)           Liabilities and shareholder sequity         8         107,690         \$ 238,477         \$ 328,123         \$ 225,110         (448,618)         \$ 450,782           Current liabilities         8         \$ 10,713         \$ 19,308         (11,448)         \$ 18,573           Accorded liabilities         9,023         7,554         13,500         (1,105)         28,972           Current portion of long-term debt         21,000         21,000         2,063         2,063         2,063           Borrowing under revolving lines of credits         2,063         2,063         2,063         2,063           Billings in excess of costs and estimated Earnings on uncompleted contracts         1,119         (9)         1,110           Income taxes payable (receivable)         4,242         3,507         7,934           Obligations in settlement of the CHS Transactions         4,213         4,213           Intercompany payables         (18,592)         10,167         9,580         197         (1	· ·		1,332		11 573		77,000		77,004				
Intercompany loans   130	•				11,575		633						
Investment in subsidiaries \$ 105,738											(130)		000
Sample   S			105,738		226,904						\ /		
Liabilities and shareholder sequity  Current liabilities:  Accounts payable \$ \$ \$ 10,713 \$ 19,308 \$ (11,448) \$ 18,573  Accrued liabilities  Current portion of long-term debt 21,000 \$ 21,000  Borrowing under revolving lines of credits \$ 2,063 \$ 2,063  Billings in excess of costs and estimated Earnings on uncompleted contracts 1,119 \$ (9) \$ 1,110  Income taxes payable (receivable) \$ 4,427 \$ 3,507 \$ 7,934  Obligations in settlement of the CHS Transactions \$ 4,213 \$ 4,213  Intercompany payables \$ (18,592) \$ 10,167 \$ 9,580 \$ 197 \$ (1,352) \$ Total current liabilities \$ (18,592) \$ 40,190 \$ 37,606 \$ 38,566 \$ (13,905) \$ 83,865		\$		\$		\$		\$	225,110	\$		\$	450.782
Current liabilities:   Accounts payable   \$   \$   \$   10,713   \$   19,308   \$   (11,448)   \$   18,573     Accrued liabilities   9,023   7,554   13,500   (1,105)   28,972     Current portion of long-term debt   21,000   21,000     Borrowing under revolving lines of credits   2,063   2,063     Billings in excess of costs and estimated Earnings on uncompleted contracts   1,119   (9)   1,110     Income taxes payable (receivable)   4,427   3,507   7,934     Obligations in settlement of the CHS Transactions   4,213   4,213     Intercompany payables   (18,592)   10,167   9,580   197   (1,352)     Total current liabilities   (18,592)   40,190   37,606   38,566   (13,905)   83,865	Liabilities and shareholder s		,	·	, , , , ,		, -		-, -	·	( - / /		2 2,4 2
Accounts payable \$ \$ \$ 10,713 \$ 19,308 \$ (11,448) \$ 18,573 Accrued liabilities 9,023 7,554 13,500 (1,105) 28,972 Current portion of long-term debt 21,000 Borrowing under revolving lines of credits 2,063 2,063  Billings in excess of costs and estimated Earnings on uncompleted contracts 1,119 (9) 1,110 Income taxes payable (receivable) 4,427 3,507 7,934 Obligations in settlement of the CHS Transactions 4,213 Intercompany payables (18,592) 10,167 9,580 197 (1,352) Total current liabilities (18,592) 40,190 37,606 38,566 (13,905) 83,865													
Accrued liabilities       9,023       7,554       13,500       (1,105)       28,972         Current portion of long-term debt       21,000       21,000       21,000         Borrowing under revolving lines of credits       2,063       2,063         Billings in excess of costs and estimated Earnings on uncompleted contracts       1,119       (9)       1,110         Income taxes payable (receivable)       4,427       3,507       7,934         Obligations in settlement of the CHS Transactions       4,213       4,213         Intercompany payables       (18,592)       10,167       9,580       197       (1,352)         Total current liabilities       (18,592)       40,190       37,606       38,566       (13,905)       83,865	Current liabilities:												
Current portion of long-term debt       21,000       21,000         Borrowing under revolving lines of credits       2,063       2,063         Billings in excess of costs and estimated Earnings on uncompleted contracts       1,119       (9)       1,110         Income taxes payable (receivable)       4,427       3,507       7,934         Obligations in settlement of the CHS Transactions       4,213       4,213         Intercompany payables       (18,592)       10,167       9,580       197       (1,352)         Total current liabilities       (18,592)       40,190       37,606       38,566       (13,905)       83,865	Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	10,713	\$	19,308	\$	(11,448)	\$	18,573
debt       21,000       21,000         Borrowing under revolving lines of credits       2,063       2,063         Billings in excess of costs and estimated Earnings on uncompleted contracts       1,119       (9)       1,110         Income taxes payable (receivable)       4,427       3,507       7,934         Obligations in settlement of the CHS Transactions       4,213       4,213         Intercompany payables       (18,592)       10,167       9,580       197       (1,352)         Total current liabilities       (18,592)       40,190       37,606       38,566       (13,905)       83,865	Accrued liabilities				9,023		7,554		13,500		(1,105)		28,972
Borrowing under revolving   Initial Entire Initia	Current portion of long-term												
lines of credits       2,063       2,063         Billings in excess of costs and estimated Earnings on uncompleted contracts       1,119       (9)       1,110         Income taxes payable (receivable)       4,427       3,507       7,934         Obligations in settlement of the CHS Transactions       4,213       4,213         Intercompany payables       (18,592)       10,167       9,580       197       (1,352)         Total current liabilities       (18,592)       40,190       37,606       38,566       (13,905)       83,865					21,000								21,000
Billings in excess of costs and estimated Earnings on uncompleted contracts	_												
estimated Earnings on uncompleted contracts 1,119 (9) 1,110 Income taxes payable (receivable) 4,427 3,507 7,934 Obligations in settlement of the CHS Transactions 4,213 Intercompany payables (18,592) 10,167 9,580 197 (1,352) Total current liabilities (18,592) 40,190 37,606 38,566 (13,905) 83,865	lines of credits								2,063				2,063
estimated Earnings on uncompleted contracts 1,119 (9) 1,110 Income taxes payable (receivable) 4,427 3,507 7,934 Obligations in settlement of the CHS Transactions 4,213 Intercompany payables (18,592) 10,167 9,580 197 (1,352) Total current liabilities (18,592) 40,190 37,606 38,566 (13,905) 83,865													
uncompleted contracts       1,119       (9)       1,110         Income taxes payable (receivable)       4,427       3,507       7,934         Obligations in settlement of the CHS Transactions       4,213       4,213         Intercompany payables       (18,592)       10,167       9,580       197       (1,352)         Total current liabilities       (18,592)       40,190       37,606       38,566       (13,905)       83,865													
Income taxes payable         (receivable)       4,427       3,507       7,934         Obligations in settlement of the       CHS Transactions       4,213       4,213         Intercompany payables       (18,592)       10,167       9,580       197       (1,352)         Total current liabilities       (18,592)       40,190       37,606       38,566       (13,905)       83,865							1 110		(0)				1 110
(receivable)         4,427         3,507         7,934           Obligations in settlement of the CHS Transactions         4,213         4,213           Intercompany payables         (18,592)         10,167         9,580         197         (1,352)           Total current liabilities         (18,592)         40,190         37,606         38,566         (13,905)         83,865							1,119		(9)				1,110
Obligations in settlement of the         CHS Transactions       4,213       4,213         Intercompany payables       (18,592)       10,167       9,580       197       (1,352)         Total current liabilities       (18,592)       40,190       37,606       38,566       (13,905)       83,865							4 427		2.507				7.024
CHS Transactions       4,213       4,213         Intercompany payables       (18,592)       10,167       9,580       197       (1,352)         Total current liabilities       (18,592)       40,190       37,606       38,566       (13,905)       83,865							4,427		3,307				1,934
Intercompany payables         (18,592)         10,167         9,580         197         (1,352)           Total current liabilities         (18,592)         40,190         37,606         38,566         (13,905)         83,865	_						1 212						1 212
Total current liabilities (18,592) 40,190 37,606 38,566 (13,905) 83,865			(18 502)		10 167		,		107		(1.352)		4,213
					-,		- ,						83 865
	Total cultent habilities		(10,372)		189,000		37,000		30,300		(13,703)		189,000

Long-term debt,	net of current
maturities	

111111111111111111111111111111111111111						
Deferred Income taxes			31,134	18,675		49,809
Other noncurrent liabilities			1,298	528		1,826
Shareholder s equity	126,282	9,287	258,085	167,341	(434,713)	126,282
	\$ 107,690	\$ 238,477	\$ 328,123	\$ 225,110	\$ (448,618)	\$ 450,782

### Thermon Holding Corp.

Condensed Statement of Operations (Unaudited)

	Thermon Holding, Corp. (Guarantor)	]	Thermon Industries, nc. (Issuer)	Ma Co	ee Months Ende Thermon anufacturing ompany and U.S. Subsidiaries Guarantors)	In S	nternational ubsidiaries (Non- uarantors)	iminations	Cor	nsolidated
Revenues	\$	\$		\$	41,985	\$	44,977	\$ (18,125)	\$	68,837
Cost of sales					27,498		26,128	(18,480)		35,146
Gross profit					14,487		18,849	355		33,691
Operating expenses:										
Marketing, general and										
administrative and engineering	58				7,847		7,395			15,300
Amortization of other										
intangible assets	64				1,460		1,285			2,809
Income (loss) from operations	(122	)			5,180		10,169	355		15,582
Other income/(expenses):										
Equity in earnings of										
subsidiaries	6,546		6,381		3,765			(16,692)		
Interest income					12		60			72
Interest expense			(4,048)		(55)		(100)			(4,203)
Loss on retirement of debt			(229)							(229)
Miscellaneous										
income/(expense)					2,087		(2,302)			(215)
Income (loss) before										
provision for income taxes	6,424		2,104		10,989		7,827	(16,337)		11,007
Income tax expense (benefit)					1,697		2,266	111		4,074
Net income (loss)	\$ 6,424	\$	2,104	\$	9,292	\$	5,561	\$ (16,448)	\$	6,933

### Thermon Holding Corp.

Condensed Statement of Operations (Unaudited)

	Thermon Holding, Corp.	Thermon Industries,	Ma Co	e Months Ende Thermon unufacturing ompany and U.S. ubsidiaries	In Si	ternational ubsidiaries (Non-		No. in at	C-	
	(Guarantor)	Inc. (Issuer)	(G	Guarantors)	gı	uarantors)	E	liminations	Co	nsolidated
Revenues	\$	\$	\$	116,485	\$	135,615	\$	(50,622)	\$	201,478
Cost of sales				76,617		77,618		(50,388)		103,847
Gross profit				39,868		57,997		(234)		97,631
Operating expenses:										
Marketing, general and										
administrative and engineering	6,573	7,860		22,224		22,946				59,603
Amortization of other										
intangible assets	192			4,381		3,999				8,572
Income (loss) from operations	(6,765)	(7,860)		13,263		31,052		(234)		29,456
Other income/(expenses):										
Equity in earnings of										
subsidiaries	12,546	26,403		13,336				(52,285)		
Interest income				33		206				239
Interest expense		(15,637)		(90)		(296)				(16,023)
Loss on retirement of debt		(3,195)								(3,195)
Miscellaneous										
income/(expense)				5,735		(7,137)				(1,402)
Income (loss) before provision										
for income taxes	5,781	(289)		32,277		23,825		(52,519)		9,075
Income tax expense (benefit)				(3,167)		6,532		(71)		3,294
Net income (loss)	\$ 5,781	\$ (289)	\$	35,444	\$	17,293	\$	(52,448)	\$	5,781

### Thermon Holding Corp.

Condensed Statement of Operations (Unaudited)

	Thermon Holding, Corp. (Guarantor)	Thermon Industries, Inc. (Issuer)	T Mar Cor Su	Months Ender Thermon nufacturing mpany and U.S. dissidiaries marantors)	In S	nternational ubsidiaries (Non- uarantors)	iminations	Coi	nsolidated
Revenues	\$	\$	\$	33,280	\$	45,404	\$ (13,743)	\$	64,941
Cost of sales				21,789		27,287	(13,743)		35,333
Gross profit				11,491		18,117			29,608
Operating expenses:									
Marketing, general and									
administrative and engineering	850			7,445		6,410			14,705
Amortization of other									
intangible assets	131			2,946		623			3,700
Income (loss) from operations	(981)			1,100		11,084			11,203
Other income/(expenses):									
Equity in earnings of									
subsidiaries	1,729	3,259		4,564			(9,552)		
Interest income				1		6			7
Interest expense		(5,476)		(45)		(59)			(5,580)
Miscellaneous									
income/(expense)				744		(1,773)			(1,029)
Income (loss) before provision									
for income taxes	748	(2,217)		6,364		9,258	(9,552)		4,601
Income tax expense (benefit)				(902)		2,450	44		1,592
Net income (loss)	\$ 748	\$ (2,217)	\$	7,266	\$	6,808	\$ (9,596)	\$	3,009

### Thermon Holding Corp.

Condensed Statement of Operations (Unaudited)

### For the Period From April 1, 2010 Through April 30, 2010 (Predecessor)

	Thermon Holding, Corp. (Guarantor)	I	Thermon ndustries, nc. (Issuer)	Con	Thermon fanufacturing inpany and U.S. Subsidiaries Guarantors)	\$ nternational Subsidiaries (Non- guarantors)	E	liminations	Co	nsolidated
Revenues	\$	\$		\$	8,621	\$ 8,342	\$	(3,900)	\$	13,063
Cost of sales					5,223	5,027		(3,803)		6,447
Gross profit					3,398	3,315		(97)		6,616
Operating expenses:										
Marketing, general and administrative and										
engineering					2,304	1,959				4,263
Amortization of other intangible assets					38	177				215
Income (loss) from										
operations					1,056	1,179		(97)		2,138
Other income/(expenses):								, ,		
Equity in earnings of										
subsidiaries	7,689		11,780		(307)			(19,162)		
Interest income					1	6				7
Interest expense	(1,245	)			(3,404)	(1,580)				(6,229)
Miscellaneous										
income/(expense)	(6,711	)	(3,080)		(2,076)	(1,750)				(13,617)
Income (loss) before										
provision for income taxes	(267	)	8,700		(4,730)	(2,145)		(19,259)		(17,701)
Income tax expense (benefit)					(17,063)	(341)		(30)		(17,434)
Net income (loss)	\$ (267)	) \$	8,700	\$	12,333	\$ (1,804)	\$	(19,229)	\$	(267)

### Thermon Holding Corp.

Condensed Statement of Operations (Unaudited)

# For the Period From May 1, 2010 Through December 31, 2010 Thermon

	Ther Hold Coi (Guara	ing, rp.	In	hermon dustries, c. (Issuer)	Co S	Thermon anufacturing ompany and U.S. Subsidiaries Guarantors)	S	nternational Subsidiaries (Non- guarantors)	E	liminations	Co	nsolidated
Revenues	\$		\$		\$	80,866	\$	119,928	\$	(34,889)	\$	165,905
Cost of sales						55,855		77,776		(34,836)		98,795
Gross profit						25,011		42,152		(53)		67,110
Operating expenses:												
Marketing, general and administrative and												
engineering		1,044				18,701		17,482				37,227
Amortization of other												
intangible assets		210				6,721		8,195				15,126
Income (loss) from operations		(1,254)				(411)		16,475		(53)		14,757
Other income/(expenses):												
Equity in earnings of												
subsidiaries		(6,055)		6,805		6,994				(7,744)		
Interest income						1		9				10
Interest expense				(16,820)		(195)		(96)				(17,111)
Miscellaneous income/												
(expense)		(5,524)		(461)		3,429		(5,133)				(7,689)
Income (loss) before												
provision for income taxes	(	12,833)		(10,476)		9,818		11,255		(7,797)		(10,033)
Income tax expense (benefit)						(3,290)		4,187		30		927
Net income (loss)	\$ (	12,833)	\$	(10,476)	\$	13,108	\$	7,068	\$	(7,827)	\$	(10,960)

### Thermon Holding Corp.

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Thermon Holding, Corp. (Guarantor)			Thermon lustries, Inc. (Issuer)	Nine Months Ended Thermon Manufacturing Company and U.S. Subsidiaries (Guarantor)		International Subsidiaries (Non- guarantors)		Eliminations		Cor	nsolidated
			(IDDUCI)		(		guar antors)		Diffinitations		COI	isonuateu
Net cash provided by (used in) operations	\$	1,139	\$	(25,588)	\$	6,908	\$	11,345	\$	(285)	\$	(6,481)
Investing activities												
Purchases of P.P.&E.						(5,948)		(231)				(6,179)
Cash paid for Thermon						(663)		(201)				(663)
Net cash provided by (used						(3.3.7)						()
in) investing activities						(6,611)		(231)				(6,842)
Financing activities												
Payments on Senior Secured												
Notes				(70,855)								(70,855)
Proceeds from revolving lines				0.000								0.000
of credit				9,000								9,000
Payments on revolving lines of credit								(2.0(2)				(2.0(2)
Capital contributions		50,288						(2,063)				(2,063)
Premiums paid on redemption		30,288										50,288
of Senior Secured Notes				(3,825)								(3,825)
Change in affiliate debt		(51,427)		91,268		(34,469)		(5,657)		285		(3,023)
Net cash provided by (used		(31,121)		71,200		(31,107)		(3,037)		203		
in) financing activities		(1,139)		25,588		(34,469)		(7,720)		285		(17,455)
,		(-,)				(0.1,107)		(1,1=0)				(=,,,==)
Effect of exchange rates on												
cash and cash equivalents								(462)				(462)
Change in cash and cash												
equivalents						(34,172)		2,932				(31,240)
Cash at beginning of period	_					41,829		9,187				51,016
Cash at End of period	\$		\$		\$	7,657	\$	12,119	\$		\$	19,776

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### Thermon Holding Corp.

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

### For the Period from May 1, 2010 to December 31, 2010 (Successor) $\,$

	Holdi	ermon ng, Corp. nrantor)	Inc	hermon dustries, . (Issuer)	Thermon Manufacturing Company and U.S. Subsidiaries (Guarantor)		5	International Subsidiaries (Non- guarantors)		Eliminations		Consolidated	
Net cash provided by		( <b>==</b> 0)	Φ.	(2.1.7)			Φ.	24.24			Φ.	2 < 0.72	
(used in) operations	\$	(6,570)	\$	(217)	\$	6,566	\$	26,262	\$	31	\$	26,072	
Investing activities													
Purchase of P.P.&E						(884)		(265)				(1,149)	
Cash paid for Thermon		(172,631)		(145,417)		3,754						(314,294)	
Net cash provided by (used													
in) investing activities		(172,631)		(145,417)		2,870		(265)				(315,443)	
Financing activities													
Proceeds from Senior													
Secured Notes				210,000								210,000	
Proceeds from revolving						• 000		• •				4.500	
line of credit						2,000		2,599				4,599	
Payments on revolving lines						(2,000)		(2.500)				(4.500)	
of credit Capital contributions		129,252				(2,000)		(2,599)				(4,599) 129,252	
Debt issuance costs		129,232		(15,473)								(15,473)	
Change in affiliate debt		49,949		(48,893)		(4,027)		3,002		(31)		(13,473)	
Net cash provided by (used		47,747		(40,093)		(4,027)		3,002		(31)			
in) financing activities		179,201		145,634		(4,027)		3,002		(31)		323,779	
my imaneing activities		177,201		1 15,05 1		(1,027)		3,002		(31)		323,117	
Effect of exchange rates on													
cash and cash equivalents								543				543	
Change in cash and cash													
equivalents						5,409		29,542				34,951	
Cash at beginning of period													
Cash at End of period	\$		\$		\$	5,409	\$	29,542	\$		\$	34,951	

### Thermon Holding Corp.

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

### For the Period From April 1 Through April 30, 2010

	(Predecessor)											
	Thermon	Thermon Thermon Holding, Holdings, Corp. LLC (Guarantor)		Thermon Industries,	Manu Com	ermon facturing pany and	International Subsidiaries					
	0,			Inc. (Issuer)		U.S. Subsidiaries (Guarantor)		(Non- guarantors)		Eliminations		Consolidated
Net cash provided by												
(used in) operations	\$	\$	(55)	\$	\$	(1,118)	\$	(1,892)	\$	(3,337)	\$	(6,402)
Investing activities												
Purchases of P.P.&E.						(15)		(82)				(97)
Other investing												
transactions		(1,	399)					2				(1,397)
Net cash provided by												
(used in) investing												
activities		(1,	399)			(15)		(80)				(1,494)
Financing activities												
Payments on debt		(4,	857)					(14,528)				(19,385)
Payment of								(2.5.42)		0.540		
Intercompany dividends			011			(2, 402)		(2,543)		2,543		
Change in affiliate debt		6,.	311			(3,482)		(3,623)		794		
Net cash provided by												
(used in) financing activities		1	454			(2.492)		(20.604)		2 227		(10.205)
Effect of exchange rates		1,	434			(3,482)		(20,694)		3,337		(19,385)
on cash and cash												
equivalents								(14)				(14)
Change in cash and cash								(14)				(17)
equivalents						(4,615)		(22,680)				(27,295)
Cash at beginning of						(1,013)		(22,000)				(21,273)
period						4,692		25,455				30,147
Cash at End of period	\$	\$		\$	\$	77	\$	2,775	\$		\$	2,852

#### Item 2 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### **Introduction and Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

Management s discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is provided as a supplement to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes thereto for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 to help provide an understanding of our financial condition, changes in our financial condition and results of our operations. In this quarterly report, we refer to the three month periods ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 as Interim 2012 and Interim 2011, respectively. We refer to the nine month periods ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 as Fiscal 2012 and Fiscal 2011, respectively. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included above.

The discussion in this section includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the U.S. federal securities laws in addition to historical information. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements regarding our industry, business strategy, plans, goals and expectations concerning our market position, future operations, margins, profitability, capital expenditures, liquidity and capital resources and other financial and operating information. When used in this discussion, the words anticipate, assume, believe, budget, continue, could, expect, intend, may, plan, potential, predict, project, will, future and similar terms and phrases are intended to identify forward-l statements in this quarterly report.

Forward-looking statements reflect our current expectations regarding future events, results or outcomes. These expectations may or may not be realized. Some of these expectations may be based upon assumptions, data or judgments that prove to be incorrect. In addition, our business and operations involve numerous risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, which could result in our expectations not being realized or otherwise materially affect our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. These forward-looking statements include but are not limited to statements regarding: (i) our plans to strategically pursue emerging growth opportunities in diverse regions and across industry sectors; (ii) our plans to secure more new facility, or Greenfield, project bids; (iii) our ability to generate more facility maintenance, repair and operations or upgrades or expansions, or MRO/UE, revenue from our existing and future installed base; (iv) our ability to timely deliver backlog; (v) our ability to respond to new market developments and technological advances; (vi) our expectations regarding energy consumption and demand in the future and its impact on our future results of operations; (vii) our plans to develop strategic alliances with major customers and suppliers; (viii) our expectations that our revenues will continue to increase; (ix) our belief in the sufficiency of our cash flows to meet our needs for the next year; and (x) our expectations regarding the expansion of our principal manufacturing facility in San Marcos, Texas.

Actual events, results and outcomes may differ materially from our expectations due to a variety of factors. Although it is not possible to identify all of these factors, they include, among others, (i) general economic conditions and cyclicality in the markets we serve; (ii) future growth of energy and chemical processing capital investments; (iii) changes in relevant currency exchange rates; (iv) our ability to comply with the complex and dynamic system of laws and regulations applicable to international operations; (v) a material disruption at any of our manufacturing facilities; (vi) our dependence on subcontractors and suppliers; (vii) our ability to obtain standby letters of credit, bank guarantees or performance bonds required to bid on or secure certain customer contracts; (viii) competition from various other sources providing similar heat tracing products and services, or other alternative technologies, to customers; (ix) our ability to attract and retain qualified management and employees, particularly in our overseas markets; (x) our ability to continue to generate sufficient cash flow to satisfy our liquidity needs; (xi) the extent to which federal, state, local and foreign governmental regulation of energy, chemical processing and power generation products and services limits or prohibits the operation of our business; and (xii) other factors discussed in more detail under the caption Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2011 filed with the SEC on June 20, 2011. Any one of these factors or a combination of these factors could materially affect our future results of operations and could influence whether any forward-looking statements contained in this quarterly report ultimately prove to be accurate.

Our forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and actual results and future performance may differ materially from those suggested in any forward-looking statements. We do not intend to update these statements unless we are required to do so under applicable securities laws.

#### Overview

We are one of the largest providers of highly engineered thermal solutions for process industries. For over 50 years, we have served a diverse base of thousands of customers around the world in attractive and growing markets including energy, chemical processing and power generation. We are a global leader and one of the few thermal solutions providers with a global footprint and a full suite of products and services required to deliver comprehensive solutions to complex projects. We serve our customers locally through a global network of sales and service professionals and distributors in more than 30 countries and through our four

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manufacturing facilities on three continents. These global capabilities and longstanding relationships with some of the largest multinational energy, chemical processing, power and EPC companies in the world have enabled us to diversify our revenue streams and opportunistically access high growth markets worldwide. For the three and nine month periods ended December 31, 2011, 64% and 65%, respectively, of our revenues were generated outside of the United States.

Revenue. Our revenues are derived from providing customers with a full suite of innovative and reliable heat tracing solutions, including electric and steam heat tracing, tubing bundles, control systems, design optimization, engineering services and installation services. Our sales are primarily to industrial customers for petroleum and chemical plants, oil and gas production facilities and power generation facilities. Demand for industrial heat tracing solutions falls into two categories: (i) new facility construction, which we refer to as Greenfield projects, and (ii) recurring maintenance, repair and operations and facility upgrades or expansions, which we refer to as MRO/UE. Greenfield construction projects often require comprehensive heat tracing solutions. We believe that Greenfield revenue consists of sales revenues by customer in excess of \$1 million annually (excluding sales to agents, who typically resell our products to multiple customers), and typically includes most orders for projects related to facilities that are new or that are built independent of existing facilities. We refer to sales revenues by customer of less than \$1 million annually, which we believe are typically derived from MRO/UE, as MRO/UE revenue. Based on our experience, we believe that \$1 million in annual sales is an appropriate threshold for distinguishing between Greenfield revenue and MRO/UE revenue. However, we often sell our products to intermediaries or subcontract our services; accordingly, we have limited visibility into how our products or services may ultimately be used and can provide no assurance that our categorization may accurately reflect the sources of such revenue. Furthermore, our customers do not typically enter into long-term forward maintenance contracts with us. In any given year, certain of our smaller Greenfield projects may generate less than \$1 million in annual sales, and certain of our larger plant expansions or upgrades may generate in excess of \$1 million in annual sales, though we believe that suc

Cost of sales. Our cost of revenues includes primarily the cost of raw material items used in the manufacture of our products, cost of ancillary products that are sourced from external suppliers and construction labor cost. Additional costs of revenue include contract engineering cost directly associated with projects, direct labor cost, external sales commissions, and other costs associated with our manufacturing/fabrication operations. The other costs associated with our manufacturing/fabrication operations are mainly indirect production costs, including depreciation, indirect labor costs, and the costs of manufacturing support functions such as logistics and quality assurance. Key raw material costs include polymers, copper, stainless steel, insulating material, and other miscellaneous parts related to products manufactured or assembled as part of our heat tracing solutions. Historically, the costs of our primary raw materials have been stable and readily available from multiple suppliers, and we generally have been successful with passing along raw material cost increases to our customers. Therefore, increases in the cost of key raw materials of our products have not generally affected our gross margins. We cannot provide any assurance, however, that we may be able to pass along such cost increases to our customers in the future, and if we are unable to do so, our results of operations may be adversely affected.

*Operating expenses.* Our marketing, general and administrative and engineering expenses are primarily comprised of compensation and related costs for sales, marketing, pre-sales engineering and administrative personnel, as well as other sales related expenses and other costs related to research and development, insurance, professional fees, the global integrated business information system, provisions for bad debts and warranty.

Key drivers affecting our results of operations. Our results of operations and financial condition are affected by numerous factors, including those described under the caption Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on June 20, 2011 and elsewhere in this quarterly report and those described below:

• Timing of Greenfield projects. Our results of operations in recent years have been impacted by the various construction phases of large Greenfield projects. On very large projects, we are typically designated as the heat tracing provider of choice by the project owner. We

then engage with multiple contractors to address incorporating various heat tracing solutions throughout the overall project. Our largest Greenfield projects may generate revenue for several quarters. In the early stages of a Greenfield project, our revenues are typically realized from the provision of engineering services. In the middle stages, or the material requirements phase, we typically experience the greatest demand for our heat tracing cable, at which point our revenues tend to accelerate. Revenues tend to decrease gradually in the final stages of a project and are generally derived from installation services and demand for electrical panels and other miscellaneous electronic components used in the final installation of heat tracing cable, which we frequently outsource from third-party manufacturers. Therefore, we typically provide a mix of products and services during each phase of a Greenfield project, and our margins fluctuate accordingly.

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- Cyclicality of end-users markets. Demand for our products and services depends in large part upon the level of capital and maintenance expenditures of our customers and end users, in particular those in the energy, chemical processing and power generation industries, and firms that design and construct facilities for these industries. These customers expenditures historically have been cyclical in nature and vulnerable to economic downturns. Greenfield projects, and in particular large Greenfield projects (i.e., new facility construction projects generating in excess of \$5 million in annual sales), have been a substantial source of revenue growth in recent years, and Greenfield revenues tend to be more cyclical than MRO/UE revenues. In recent years we have noted particular cyclicality in capital spending for new facilities in Asia, Eastern Europe and the Middle East. A sustained decrease in capital and maintenance spending or in new facility construction by our customers could adversely affect the demand for our products and services and our business, financial condition and results of operations.
- Impact of product mix. As a comprehensive provider of heat tracing solutions, we provide both our products and services to both Greenfield and MRO/UE customers. We tend to experience lower margins from our design optimization, engineering, installation and maintenance services than we do from sales of our heating cable, tubing bundle and control system products. We also tend to experience lower margins from our outsourced products, such as electrical switch gears and transformers, than we do from our manufactured products. Accordingly, our results of operations are impacted by our mix of products and services. For MRO/UE orders, the sale of our manufactured products typically represents a higher proportion of the overall revenues associated with such orders than the provision of our services. Greenfield projects, on the other hand, require a higher level of our services and include more product purchased from third parties than MRO/UE orders. Therefore, we typically realize higher margins from MRO/UE revenues than Greenfield revenues.
- Large and growing installed base. Customers typically use the incumbent heat tracing provider for MRO/UE projects to avoid complications and compatibility problems associated with switching providers. Therefore, with the significant Greenfield activity we have experienced in recent years, our installed base has continued to grow, and we expect that such installed base will continue to generate ongoing high margin MRO/UE revenues. For the entire fiscal year 2011, MRO/UE sales comprised approximately 55% of our consolidated revenues. In Interim 2012, MRO/UE comprised 65% of our revenue and in Fiscal 2012 MRO/UE comprised 63% of our revenue.
- Seasonality of MRO/UE revenues. Revenues realized from MRO/UE orders tend to be less cyclical than Greenfield projects and more consistent quarter over quarter, although MRO/UE revenues are impacted by seasonal factors. MRO/UE revenues are typically highest during the third fiscal quarter, as most of our customers perform preventative maintenance prior to the winter season.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The preparation of our financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. We base our estimates on past experience and other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, and we evaluate these estimates on an ongoing basis. Our critical accounting policies are those that materially affect our financial statements and involve difficult, subjective or complex judgments by management. Our most significant financial statement estimates include revenue recognition, allowances for bad debts, warranty reserves, inventory reserves and potential litigation claims and settlements.

Although these estimates are based on management s best knowledge of current events and actions that may impact the company in the future, actual results may be materially different from these estimates.

**Revenue recognition.** Revenues from sales of products are recognized when persuasive evidence of an agreement exists, delivery of the product has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable, and collectability is probable.

Construction contract revenues are recognized using the percentage-of-completion method, primarily based on contract costs incurred to date compared with total estimated contract costs. Changes to total estimated contract costs or losses, if any, are recognized in the period they are determined. Revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed are classified as costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts. Essentially all of such amounts are expected to be billed and collected within one year and are classified as current assets. Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts are classified as current liabilities. When reasonably dependable estimates cannot be made, construction contract revenues are recognized using the completed contract method.

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Estimating allowances, specifically the allowance for doubtful accounts and the adjustment for excess and obsolete inventories. We make estimates about the uncollectability of our accounts receivable. We specifically analyze accounts receivable, historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer credit-worthiness and current economic trends when evaluating the adequacy of our allowance for doubtful accounts. Our allowance for doubtful accounts was \$1.4 million and \$1.5 million at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively. We also write down our inventory for estimated obsolescence or unmarketable inventory equal to the difference between the cost of inventory and estimated fair value based on assumptions of future demand and market conditions. Our allowance for excess and obsolete inventories was \$1.2 million and \$1.7 million at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively. Our allowance for the warranty on our sold products and installations was \$0.6 million and \$1.3 million at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively. Significant judgments and estimates must be made and used in connection with establishing these allowances. Material differences may result in the amount and timing of our bad debt and inventory obsolescence if we made different judgments or utilized different estimates or if actual results varied materially from our estimates.

Valuation of long-lived, goodwill and other intangible assets. Separable intangible assets that have finite lives are amortized over their useful lives. Goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets are not amortized, but are reviewed for impairment annually, or more frequently if impairment indicators arise. In making this assessment, management relies on a number of factors including operating results, business plans, economic projections, anticipated future cash flows, transactions and market data. There are inherent uncertainties related to these factors and management s judgment in applying them to the analysis of goodwill impairment. GAAP requires that push down accounting be applied for wholly owned subsidiaries if the ownership is 95 percent or more. In connection with the CHS Transactions, goodwill has been allocated to our entities in the United States, Canada and Europe accordingly. As such, we have identified three reporting units: United States, Canada and Europe, for goodwill impairment testing. Factors considered important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results;
- significant changes in the manner of our use of the acquired assets or the strategy for our overall business; and
- significant negative industry or economic trends.

When it is determined that the carrying value of intangibles, long-lived assets and related goodwill may not be recoverable based upon the existence of one or more of the above indicators of impairment, the measurement of any impairment is determined and the carrying value is reduced as appropriate. As of December 31, 2011, we had goodwill of approximately \$116.4 million, including the impact of the CHS Transactions. There have been no impairments of goodwill during the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011.

Business combinations. We allocate the purchase price in connection with the CHS Transactions to the tangible assets acquired, liabilities assumed and intangible assets acquired based on their estimated fair values. The excess of the purchase price over these fair values is recorded as goodwill. We engage independent third-party appraisal firms to assist us in determining the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Such valuations require management to make significant estimates and assumptions, especially with respect to intangible assets. The significant purchased intangible assets recorded by us include trademarks, customer relationships, backlog and developed technology. The fair values assigned to the identified intangible assets are discussed in detail in Note 6 to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this quarterly report.

Critical estimates in valuing certain intangible assets include, without limitation, future expected cash flows from customer relationships, acquired developed technologies and trademarks and discount rates. Management sestimates of fair value are based upon assumptions believed to be reasonable, but which are inherently uncertain and unpredictable and, as a result, actual results may differ from estimates. Other estimates associated with the accounting for acquisitions may change as additional information becomes available regarding the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, as more fully discussed in Note 7, Goodwill, to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this quarterly report.

Accounting for income taxes. We account for income taxes under the asset and liability method that requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in our financial statements or tax returns. Judgment is required in assessing the future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in our financial statements or tax returns. Variations in the actual outcome of these future tax consequences could materially impact our financial position or our results of operations. In estimating future tax consequences, all expected future events are considered other than enactments of changes in tax laws or rates. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to amounts which are more likely than not to be realized.

Loss contingencies. We accrue for probable losses from contingencies including legal defense costs, on an undiscounted basis, when such costs are considered probable of being incurred and are reasonably estimable. We periodically evaluate available

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information, both internal and external, relative to such contingencies and adjust this accrual as necessary. Disclosure of a contingency is required if there is at least a reasonable possibility that a loss has been incurred. In determining whether a loss should be accrued, we evaluate, among other factors, the degree of probability of an unfavorable outcome and the ability to make a reasonable estimate of the amount of loss. Changes in these factors could materially impact our financial position or our results of operations.

Stock based compensation expense. Stock-based compensation expense is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as expense over the requisite service period. Determining the fair value of stock-based awards at the grant date requires judgment, including estimating expected volatility. In addition, judgment is also required in estimating the amount of stock-based awards that are expected to be forfeited. If actual results differ significantly from these estimates, stock-based compensation expense and our results of operations could be impacted. See Note 15, Stock-Based Compensation Expense to our unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes thereto included above in Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited) of this quarterly report for information on stock-based compensation expense, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this Item 2.

#### Seasonality

Our quarterly revenues are impacted by the level of large Greenfield projects that may be occurring at any given time. Demand for our products depends in large part upon the level of capital and maintenance expenditures by many of our customers and end users, in particular those customers in the oil and gas, refining, and chemical processing markets. These customers expenditures historically have been cyclical in nature and vulnerable to economic downturns.

Our operating expenses remain relatively consistent (as a percentage of revenue) with some variability related to overall headcount of the company which increased slightly in the three and nine month periods ended December 31, 2011. Fluctuations in operating expense are partly due to changes in management s estimates for items such as annual bonus attainment and reserves for bad debt.

Our quarterly operating results may fluctuate based on the cyclical pattern of industries to which we provide heat tracing solutions and the seasonality of MRO/UE demand for our products. Most of our customers perform preventative maintenance prior to the winter season, thus in our experience making the months of October and November typically our largest for MRO/UE revenue. However, revenues from Greenfield projects are not seasonal and tend to be variable throughout the year, depending on the capital spending environment. Overall, seasonality has a minor effect on the company s business.

#### **Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth our statements of operations for the three months ended December 31, 2011 and the three months ended December 31, 2010 and indicates the amount of change and percentage change between periods.

	Three Mon Decemb		ded		Increase/ (Decrease)	
	2011	, ,	2010		\$	%
<b>Consolidated Statements of Operations</b>						
Data:						
Sales	\$ 68,837	\$	64,941	\$	3,896	6.0%
Cost of sales	35,146		35,333		(187)	(0.5)%
Gross profit	\$ 33,691	\$	29,608	\$	4,083	13.8%
Gross margin %	48.9%		45.69	o o		
Operating expenses:						
Marketing, general and administrative						
and engineering	\$ 15,242	\$	13,471	\$	1,771	13.1%
Stock compensation expense	58		734		(676)	(92.1)%
Management fees, including termination						
fees			500		(500)	(100.)%
Amortization of intangible assets	2,809		3,700		(891)	(24.1)%
Income from operations	\$ 15,582	\$	11,203	\$	4,379	39.1%
Interest expense, net (1):						
Interest income	72		7		65	928.6%
Interest expense	(3,867)		(5,055)		1,188	23.5%
Acceleration of unamortized debt cost	(174)				(174)	(100)%
Loss on retirement of debt	(229)				(229)	(100)%
Amortization of debt costs	(162)		(525)		363	69.1%
Interest expense, net	(4,360)		(5,573)		1,213	(21.8)%
Other income/(expense):						
Fees and expenses related to the CHS						
Transactions			(818)		818	(100)%
Miscellaneous income/(expense)	(215)		(211)		(4)	1.9%
Income (loss) before provision for						
income taxes	\$ 11,007	\$	4,601	\$	6,406	139.2%
Income tax expense	4,074		1,592		2,482	155.9%
Net income (loss)	\$ 6,933	\$	3,009	\$	3,924	130.4%

<sup>(1)</sup> During the three months ended December 31, 2011, we made redemption payments on our senior notes totaling \$4.3 million. These payments resulted in accelerated amortization of deferred debt costs as well as premium payments on bond principal. We have presented the breakdown of these charges in order to provide guidance of our expected interest and debt amortization cost in future periods.

Three Months Ended December 31, 2011 Compared to the Three Months Ended December 31, 2010

**Revenues**. Revenues for Interim 2012 were \$68.8 million, compared to \$64.9 million for Interim 2011, an increase of \$3.9 million or 6.0%. The increase in revenue is attributable to revenue growth in both our Eastern and Western geographies. Within our Western Hemisphere, revenue increased \$1.3 million as compared to Interim 2011, as we benefited from a robust energy sector and activity in the power generation industry. Revenue in the Eastern Hemisphere increased by \$2.1 million in Interim 2012 as compared to Interim 2011 also as a result of activity in the energy sector. Revenue from Greenfield projects was lower in Interim 2012 representing 35% of total sales as compared to 52% in Interim 2011. Our calculation of MRO/UE as a proportion of total revenue was approximately 65% during the three months ended December 31, 2011. Greenfield sales in the prior year Interim 2011 were higher than our historical average due to fluctuations in our product mix and the timing of large Greenfield projects.

*Gross profit and margin.* Gross profit totaled \$33.7 million in Interim 2012, compared to \$29.6 million in Interim 2011, an increase of \$4.1 million or 13.8%. As a percentage of revenues, gross profit increased to 48.9% in Interim 2012 from 45.6% in Interim 2011. Our gross margins are impacted by the product mix between Greenfield projects and MRO/UE sales, with Greenfield sales

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generating lower margins as compared to MRO/UE sales. The increase in gross margin in Interim 2012 is mostly due to a larger MRO/UE revenue contribution in Interim 2012 as compared to Interim 2011 when we experienced relatively higher Greenfield sales.

Marketing, general and administrative and engineering. Marketing, general and administrative and engineering costs (including stock compensation and management fee expenses) were \$15.3 million for Interim 2012, compared to \$14.7 million in Interim 2011, an increase of \$0.6 million or 4.0%. Marketing, general and administrative and engineering costs in Interim 2012 were 22.2% of total revenue as compared to 22.6% in Interim 2011. We expect marketing, general and administrative and engineering expense to be 21% to 25% of our total revenue. The increase of \$0.6 million is attributable to increased compensation expense as we have added more personnel to support our growing business in Interim 2012.

Amortization of intangible assets. Amortization of intangible assets was \$2.8 million in Interim 2012, compared to \$3.7 million in Interim 2011, a decrease of \$0.9 million. We expect that Interim 2012 is more representative of our estimated quarterly expense for amortization of intangible assets for the foreseeable future subject to foreign translation adjustments. Interim 2011 was higher because it included the amortization of estimated backlog which was expensed over eight months, which was the estimated life for that intangible asset generated by the CHS Transactions. The amortization related to backlog accounted for the entire \$0.9 million difference between the comparative periods.

Interest expense. Interest expense, net was \$4.4 million in Interim 2012, compared to \$5.6 million in Interim 2011, a decrease of \$1.2 million. In Interim 2012, we purchased \$4.3 million in aggregate principal amount of our senior secured notes in a privately negotiated purchase transaction with an individual bondholder. After the purchase, we cancelled the applicable notes. In connection with the bond purchase in Interim 2012, we incurred deferred debt cost acceleration of \$0.2 million and other prepayment costs of \$0.2 million. Interest expense on outstanding principal balances was \$3.9 million and \$5.1 million for Interim 2012 and Interim 2011, respectively. The decrease in interest expense is the result of a total of \$70.9 million of our senior secured noted being redeemed, repurchased and retired since March 31, 2011.

*Miscellaneous expense*. Other expense was \$0.2 million in Interim 2012, compared to miscellaneous expense of \$1.0 million in Interim 2011 (including fees and expenses related to the CHS Transactions). The \$0.2 million expense in Interim 2012 is associated with a foreign exchange loss. In Interim 2011 we incurred \$0.8 million of fees and expenses related to the CHS Transactions.

Income taxes. We reported an income tax expense of \$4.1 million in Interim 2012, compared to a \$1.6 million tax expense in Interim 2011, an increase of \$2.5 million. The effective tax rates were 37.0% in Interim 2012 and 34.6% in Interim 2011. Our anticipated annual effective tax rate of approximately 38.0% has been applied to our consolidated pre-tax income in calculating the amount of the income tax expense for the three months ended December 31, 2011. This anticipated annual tax rate is established by estimating anticipated tax rates in each of the countries where we earn taxable income as adjusted for known differences, our expectations of earnings repatriations as well as our ability to apply any jurisdictional tax losses to prior or future periods. See Note 17, Income Taxes , to our unaudited consolidated financial statements for the three months ended December 31, 2011, included elsewhere in this quarterly report, for further detail on income taxes.

*Net income (loss).* Net income was \$6.9 million in Interim 2012 as compared to \$3.0 million in Interim 2011, an increase of \$3.9 million. Gross profit contributed an additional \$4.1 million to net income as compared to Interim 2011, reduced amortization of intangible assets contributed \$0.9 million and reduced interest expense contributed \$1.2 million. These amounts were offset by additional tax expense of \$2.5 million and other offsetting expense amounts such as marketing, general and administrative and engineering expense.

The following table sets forth our statements of operations for the nine months ended December 31, 2011 and the nine months ended December 31, 2010 and indicates the amount of change and percentage change between periods.

		Nine Months Ended December 31,				Increase/ (Decrease)			
	2010					(Decrease)			
		2011	(	Combined (1)		\$	%		
Consolidated Statements of									
Operations Data:									
Sales	\$	201,478	\$	178,968	\$	22,510	12.6%		
Cost of sales		103,847		97,723		6,124	6.3%		
Purchase accounting adjustments (2)				7,519		(7,519)	(100)%		
Gross profit	\$	97,631	\$	73,726	\$	23,905	32.4%		
Gross margin %		48.5%		41.2%					
Operating expenses:									
Marketing, general and administrative									
and engineering	\$	45,006	\$	39,344	\$	5,662	14.4%		
Stock compensation expense		6,456		734		5,722	(779.6)%		
Management fees, including termination									
fees		8,141		1,412		6,729	476.6%		
Amortization of intangible assets		8,572		15,341		(6,769)	(44.1)%		
Income from operations	\$	29,456	\$	16,895	\$	12,561	74.3%		
Interest expense, net (3):									
Interest income		239		17		222	1,305.9%		
Interest expense		(11,924)		(17,389)		(5,465)	(31.4)%		
Acceleration of unamortized debt cost		(3,096)		(493)		2,603	528.0%		
Loss on retirement of debt		(3,195)				3,195	100%		
Amortization of debt costs		(1,003)		(5,458)		(4,455)	(81.6)%		
Interest expense, net		(18,979)	(23,323			(4,344)	(18.6)%		
Other income/(expense):									
Fees and expenses related to the CHS									
Transactions (4)				(21,606)		21,606	(100)%		
Miscellaneous income/(expense)		(1,402)		300		(1,702)	(567.3)%		
Income (loss) before provision for									
income taxes	\$	9,075	\$	(27,734)	\$	36,809	132.7%		
Income tax expense (benefit)		3,294		(16,507)		19,801	120.0%		
Net income (loss)	\$	5,781	\$	(11,227)	\$	17,008	151.5%		

<sup>(1)</sup> The closing of the CHS Transactions on April 30, 2010 established a new basis of accounting that primarily affected inventory, intangible assets, goodwill, taxes, debt and equity. This resulted in additional amortization expense, interest expense and tax expense for the period from May 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010 ( Successor ) as compared to the period from April 1, 2010 through April 30, 2010 ( Predecessor ). Except for purchase accounting adjustments, the results for the two combined periods are comparable. Therefore, we believe that combining the two periods into a single period for comparative purposes gives the most clarity for the users of this financial information. Please refer to our unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes thereto for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 appearing above for a separate presentation of the results for the Predecessor and Successor periods in accordance with GAAP.

	For the Period From April 1, Through April 30, 2010 (Predecessor)		For the Period From May 1, 2010 Through Dec. 31, 2010 (Successor) llars in thousands)	Nine Months Ended Dec. 31, 2010 (Predecessor/ Successor Combined) (Non-GAAP)		
Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:						
Revenues	\$	13,063	\$ 165,905	\$	178,968	
Cost of revenues		6,447	91,276		97,723	
Purchase accounting non-cash adjustment			7,519		7,519	
Gross profit		6,616	67,110	\$	73,726	
Marketing, general and administrative and						
engineering		4,184	35,160		39,344	
Stock compensation expense			734		734	
Management fees		79	1,333		1,412	
Amortization of intangible assets		215	15,126		15,341	
Income from operations		2,138	14,757	\$	16,895	
Interest expense, net		(6,222)	(17,101)		(23,323)	
Fees and expenses related to the CHS						
Transactions		(13,921)	(7,685)		(21,606)	
Miscellaneous income/(expense)		304	(4)		300	
Loss before provision for income taxes		(17,701)	\$ (10,033)	\$	(27,734)	
Income tax (benefit)		(17,434)	927		(16,507)	
Net loss	\$	(267)	\$ (10,960)	\$	(11,227)	

<sup>(2)</sup> In the combined periods ended December 31, 2010, there was a non-cash negative impact of \$7.5 million to cost of sales and, consequently, gross profit due to a purchase accounting adjustment related to the CHS Transactions.

Nine Months Ended December 31, 2011 Compared to the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2010 (Predecessor/Successor Combined) (Non-GAAP)

The closing of the CHS Transactions on April 30, 2010 established a new basis of accounting that primarily affected inventory, intangible assets, goodwill, taxes, debt and equity. This resulted in additional amortization expense, interest expense and tax expense for the period from May 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010 ( Successor ) as compared to the period from April 1, 2010 through April 30, 2010 ( Predecessor ). Except for purchase accounting adjustments, the results for the two combined periods are comparable. Our unaudited interim condensed consolidated

<sup>(3)</sup> During the nine months ended December 31, 2011, we made redemption payments on our senior notes totaling \$70.9 million. These payments resulted in accelerated amortization of deferred debt costs as well as premium payments on bond principal. The combined periods ended December 31, 2010, also included similar accelerated debt cost related to the payment of debt by the Predecessor. We have presented the breakdown of these charges in order to provide guidance of our expected interest and debt amortization cost in future periods.

<sup>(4)</sup> Fees and expenses related to the CHS Transactions are combined herein to include success fees on CHS Transactions of \$7.7 million along with \$13.9 million of other transaction expenses that are reported as part of miscellaneous expense on our unaudited statement of operations.

financial statements and accompanying notes thereto for the three months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 appearing above include a separate presentation of the results for the Predecessor and Successor periods. We have presented a discussion of the results for these combined periods because it provides an easier-to-read discussion of the results of operations and provides the investor with information from which to analyze our financial results in a manner that is consistent with the way management reviews and analyzes our results of operations. In addition, the discussion of the combined results provides investors with the most meaningful comparison between our results for prior and future periods.

**Revenues**. Revenues for Fiscal 2012 were \$201.5 million, compared to \$179.0 million for Fiscal 2011, an increase of \$22.5 million or 12.6%. The increase in revenue is attributable to revenue growth within all geographic regions as well as growth in both MRO/UE and Greenfield projects. As a percentage of revenue, Greenfield projects were lower in Fiscal 2012 representing 37% of total sales as compared to 53% in Fiscal 2011. Our calculation of MRO/UE as a proportion of total revenue was approximately 63% during the nine months ended December 31, 2011. This compares to 47% for fiscal year 2011. We expect that revenue contributed from large Greenfield projects will fluctuate from period to period as construction schedules are inherently difficult to

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estimate. While our percentage of revenue from MRO/UE during Fiscal 2012 was comparable to historical averages, we expect MRO/UE percentage to fluctuate as levels of large projects increase or decrease.

Gross profit and margin. Gross profit totaled \$97.6 million in Fiscal 2012, compared to \$73.7 million in Fiscal 2011, an increase of \$23.9 million or 32.4%. As a percentage of revenues, gross profit increased to 48.5% in Fiscal 2012 from 41.2% in Fiscal 2011. In Fiscal 2011 there was a non-cash \$7.5 million negative impact to gross profit due to a purchase accounting adjustment related to the CHS Transactions. Under purchase accounting, inventories that were carried at lower of cost or market are stepped up to fair value, which eliminates gross profit in the period in which the units are sold. Excluding the purchase accounting adjustment, gross profit percentage would have been 45.0%. Our gross margins are impacted by the product mix between Greenfield projects and MRO/UE sales, with Greenfield sales generating lower margins as compared to MRO/UE sales. The increase in gross margin in Fiscal 2012 is mostly due to a larger MRO/UE revenue contribution in Fiscal 2012 as compared to Fiscal 2011.

Marketing, general and administrative and engineering. Marketing, general and administrative and engineering costs (including stock compensation and management fee expense) were \$59.6 million for Fiscal 2012, compared to \$41.5 million in Fiscal 2011, an increase of \$18.1 million or 43.6%. Included in the Fiscal 2012 amount are stock compensation charges of \$6.5 million for the acceleration of options outstanding under our Restricted Stock and Stock Option Plan at the IPO date and \$8.1 million in termination and management fees paid to our private equity sponsors in consideration for their agreement to terminate their management contract with us. Excluding these charges, marketing, general and administrative and engineering costs would have been \$45.0 million in Fiscal 2012 or 22.3% of total revenue as compared to 21.9% in Fiscal 2011. The actual comparative increase of \$5.7 million (excluding stock compensation and termination fees) is almost entirely related to an increase in payroll expenses to address personnel needs to meet growing customer demand.

Amortization of intangible assets. Amortization of intangible assets was \$8.6 million in Fiscal 2012, compared to \$15.3 million in Fiscal 2011, a decrease of \$6.7 million. We expect that Fiscal 2012 is more representative of our estimated expense for amortization of intangible assets for the foreseeable future subject to foreign translation adjustments. Fiscal 2011 was higher because it included the amortization of estimated backlog which was expensed over five months, which was the estimated life for that intangible asset generated by the CHS Transactions. The amortization related to backlog accounted for the entire \$6.7 million difference between the comparative periods.

Interest expense. Interest expense, net was \$19.0 million in Fiscal 2012, compared to \$23.3 million in Fiscal 2011, a decrease of \$4.3 million. Both periods include charges for the redemption or prepayment of debt. In Fiscal 2012, we made redemptions on our senior notes totaling \$70.9 million and in Fiscal 2011 our Predecessor repaid \$109 million of debt in connection with the completion of the CHS Transactions which occurred April 30, 2010. As a result of these repayments, deferred debt cost acceleration and other prepayment costs totaled \$6.3 million and \$4.9 million for Fiscal 2012 and Fiscal 2011, respectively. Interest expense on outstanding principal was \$11.9 million and \$17.4 million for Fiscal 2012 and Fiscal 2011, respectively.

*Miscellaneous expense*. Other expense was \$1.4 million in Fiscal 2012, compared to miscellaneous expense of \$21.3 million in Fiscal 2011. The \$1.4 million expense in Fiscal 2012 is associated with a foreign exchange loss we incurred on certain accounts receivable balances. In Fiscal 2011 we incurred \$21.6 million of fees and expenses related to the CHS Transactions. This included \$7.7 million of success fees paid to the current and former owners of Thermon plus \$13.9 million of transactional fees related to the acquisition by our private equity sponsors on April 30, 2010.

Income taxes. We reported an income tax expense of \$3.3 million in Fiscal 2012, compared to a \$16.5 million tax benefit in Fiscal 2011, a change of \$19.8 million. The effective tax rates were 36.3% in Fiscal 2012 and a benefit rate of 59.5% in Fiscal 2011. Our anticipated annual effective tax rate of approximately 38.0% has been applied to our consolidated pre-tax loss in calculating the amount of the income tax benefit for the nine months ended December 31, 2011. This anticipated annual tax rate is established by estimating anticipated tax rates in each of the countries where we earn taxable income as adjusted for known differences, our expectations of earnings repatriations as well as our ability to apply any jurisdictional tax losses to prior or future periods. The effective tax rate for Fiscal 2011 was significantly impacted by the CHS Transactions. Permanent items recorded in Fiscal 2011 included non-deductible portions of the CHS Transactions costs as well a recorded valuation allowance on foreign tax carry forwards. See Note 17, Income Taxes , to our unaudited consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2011, included elsewhere in this quarterly report, for further detail on income taxes.

*Net income*(*loss*). Net income was \$5.8 million in Fiscal 2012 as compared to a net loss of (\$11.2) million in Fiscal 2011, an increase of net income by \$17.0 million. Gross profit contributed an additional \$23.9 million to net income as compared to Fiscal 2011. Also, Fiscal 2011 included CHS Transaction expenses of \$21.6 million. These amounts were offset by increases in marketing, general and administrative expenses of \$18.1 million including IPO-related expenses. The IPO expenses include stock compensation charges of \$6.5 million for the acceleration of options and \$8.1 million in termination and management fees paid to our private equity sponsors.

#### **Contractual Obligations and Contingencies**

Contractual Obligations. The following table summarizes our material contractual payment obligations as of December 31, 2011.

			Payment du (dollars in t	•	
		Less than	1 -	3 -	More than
	TOTAL	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	5 Years
Senior secured notes	\$ 139,145	\$	\$	\$	\$ 139,145
Revolving lines of credit(1)	9,000		9,000		
Estimated interest payments on above					
indebtedness(2)	78,723	13,669	27,338	26,700	11,016
Operating lease obligations(3)	8,383	2,049	2,848	2,202	1,284
Obligations in settlement of the CHS					
Transactions(4)	3,550	3,550			
Information technology services					
agreement(5)	891	648	231	12	
Total	\$ 239,692	\$ 19,916	\$ 39,417	\$ 28,914	\$ 151,445

<sup>(1)</sup> The revolving lines of credit mature on April 29, 2015. At December 31, 2011, we borrowed \$9.0 million under the revolving line of credit to support our working capital needs. It is management s intent, however to repay amounts drawn on the revolving lines of credit within 90 days of incurrence. Our interest obligation on borrowings under our revolving line of credit is presented as if principal at December 31, 2011 remained outstanding until maturity.

Contingencies. We are involved in various legal and administrative proceedings and disputes that arise from time to time in the ordinary course of doing business. Some of these proceedings may result in fines, penalties or judgments being assessed against us, which, from time to time, may adversely affect our financial results. For a discussion of contingencies that may adversely affect our results of operations, see Note 12, Commitments and Contingencies to our unaudited consolidated financial statements contained elsewhere in this quarterly report. We have considered these proceedings and disputes in determining the necessity of any reserves for losses that are probable and reasonably estimable. Our recorded reserves are based on estimates developed with consideration given to the potential merits of claims or quantification of any performance obligations. In doing so, we take into account our history of claims, the limitations of any insurance coverage, advice from outside counsel, the possible range of outcomes to such claims and obligations and their associated financial impact (if known and reasonably estimable), and management s strategy with regard to the settlement or defense of such claims and obligations (see also Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates—set forth above in this Item 2). While the ultimate outcome of those claims, lawsuits or performance obligations cannot be predicted with certainty, we believe, based on our understanding of the facts of these claims and performance obligations, that adequate provisions have been recorded in the accounts where required. In addition, we do not believe that the outcome of any of these proceedings would have a significant adverse effect on our financial position, long-term results of operations, or cash flows. It is possible, however, that charges related to these matters could be significant to our results or cash flows in any one accounting period.

<sup>(2)</sup> Consists of the interest on our senior secured notes, which accrues at a fixed rate of 9.500% and interest on amounts drawn on the revolving lines of credit, which accrues interest at a fixed rate of 5% as of December 31, 2011. The obligation presented is as of December 31, 2011.

<sup>(3)</sup> We enter into operating leases in the normal course of business. Our operating leases include the leases on certain of our manufacturing and warehouse facilities.

<sup>(4)</sup> Consists of estimated amounts owed to sellers in the CHS Transactions for restricted cash and in satisfaction of the encumbered cash and income taxes.

<sup>(5)</sup> Represents the future annual service fees associated with certain information technology service agreements with several vendors.

On July 27, 2011, during construction of the expansion of our manufacturing facility in San Marcos, Texas, a section of the partially completed steel framework collapsed. One employee of the construction subcontractor was killed and another was injured during the incident. There were no Thermon employees on the construction site at the time of the incident. The cause of the incident is under investigation by OSHA.

On June 13, 2011, we received notice from the Canada Revenue Agency (Agency) advising us that they disagree with the tax treatment we proposed with respect to certain asset transfers that were completed in August 2007 by our Predecessor owners. As a result, the Agency proposes to disallow the interest deductions taken in Canada for tax years 2008, 2009 and 2010. In total these interest deductions amounted to \$11.6 million. The statutory tax rate in Canada is approximately 25%, therefore the tax due that is requested by the Agency is approximately \$2.9 million. At December 31, 2011, we have not recorded a tax liability reserve due to its

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early stages of this matter with the Agency as a loss is not probable or estimable. While we will vigorously contest this ruling, we expect that any liability, if any, will be covered under an indemnity agreement with the Predecessor owners.

Other than the aforementioned items, there are no other gains or losses or litigation settlements that are not provided for in the accounts.

To bid on or secure certain contracts, we are required at times to provide a performance guaranty to our customers in the form of a surety bond, standby letter of credit or foreign bank guaranty. On December 31, 2011, we had in place standby letters of credit, bank guarantees and performance bonds totaling \$7.6 million to back our various customer contracts. As of December 31, 2011, we also had in place a \$0.3 million letter of credit as collateral for the revolving facility for our subsidiary in Japan. Our Indian subsidiary also has \$2.6 million in customs bonds outstanding.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash flows from operations and funds available under our revolving credit facility and other revolving lines of credit. Our primary liquidity needs are to finance our working capital, capital expenditures and debt service needs.

Cash and cash equivalents. At December 31, 2011, we had \$19.8 million in cash and cash equivalents. We maintain cash and cash equivalents at various financial institutions located in many countries throughout the world. Approximately \$7.7 million, or 39%, of these amounts were held in domestic accounts with various institutions and approximately \$12.1 million, or 61%, of these amounts were held in accounts outside of the United States with various financial institutions.

#### Revolving credit facility and senior secured notes.

See Note 11, Long-Term Debt Revolving Credit Facility and Senior Secured Notes to contact the interior condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes thereto included above in Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited) of this quarterly report for information on our revolving credit facility and senior secured notes, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this Item 2. At December 31, 2011, we borrowed \$9.0 million under the revolving line of credit to support our working capital needs as we grow the business, including funding investments in inventory and capital expenditures to expand manufacturing capacity. From time to time, we may choose to utilize our revolving line of credit to fund uses such as these despite having cash available within our consolidated group in light of the cost, timing and other business considerations involved with repatriating funds from certain of our foreign subsidiaries (see Repatriation Considerations below). While these borrowings mature on April 29, 2015, it is our intent to repay these amounts within 90 days of incurrence. After accounting for amounts already drawn, at December 31, 2011 we had \$30.4 million available under the Revolving Credit Facility.

On January 31, 2012, we repaid \$4.5 million out of the \$9.0 million that was outstanding on December 31, 2011.

On October 19, 2011, we purchased \$4.3 million in aggregate principal amount of our outstanding 9.500% Senior Secured Notes due 2017 in a privately negotiated purchase transaction with an individual bondholder at premium of \$105.37% of the principal amount or \$0.2 million. After the purchase, the Company cancelled the applicable notes.

**Repatriation considerations.** A substantial portion of our cash flows are generated by our non-U.S. subsidiaries. In general, when an entity in a foreign jurisdiction repatriates cash to the United States, the amount of such cash is treated as a dividend taxable at current U.S. tax rates. Accordingly, upon the distribution of cash to us from our non-U.S. subsidiaries, we will be subject to U.S. income taxes. Although foreign tax credits may be available to reduce the amount of the additional tax liability, these credits may be limited based on our tax attributes.

Since the issuance of our senior secured notes on April 30, 2010, we have been able to meet our regular debt service obligations through cash generated through our U.S. operations, and it is our expectation that we will continue to be able to do so in the future. In fiscal 2011 we did, however, repatriate \$33.4 million in the form of incremental dividends from our non-U.S. subsidiaries in order to complete redemptions of our outstanding senior secured notes which occurred on April 29, 2011. In order to repay our senior secured notes on or before their maturity date, we expect to make further repatriations of our foreign earnings. In addition, our ability to repatriate cash from our foreign subsidiaries may be subject to legal, contractual or other restrictions and other business considerations.

**Future capital requirements.** Based on our current level of operations, we believe that cash flow from operations and available cash, together with available borrowings under our revolving credit facility, will be adequate to meet our liquidity needs for the next 12 months. We cannot assure you, however, that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future

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borrowing will be available to us in an amount sufficient to enable us to service our indebtedness, including the senior secured notes or our revolving credit facility, or to fund our other liquidity needs. In addition, upon the occurrence of certain events, such as a change of control, we could be required to repay or refinance our indebtedness. We cannot assure you that we will be able to refinance any of our indebtedness, including the senior secured notes or our revolving credit facility, on commercially reasonable terms or at all.

In fiscal 2012, we anticipate completing the construction of the expansion of our manufacturing facility in San Marcos, Texas, which we expect will significantly increase our production capacity at that location. We estimate that approximately \$6.2 million in capital expenditures will be incurred during fiscal 2012 in connection with such expansion. We expect to fund the facility expansion from cash on hand and do not expect to finance the construction.

With regard to the aforementioned building frame collapse during construction on July 27, 2011, we are in the process of determining to what extent this may increase our planned expenditures for the building. At this time, we do not expect to incur any significant incremental construction costs related to the July 27, 2011 incident.

Nine Months Ended December 31, 2011 (Fiscal 2012) Compared to the Nine months Ended December 31, 2010 (Predecessor/Successor Combined) (Fiscal 2011) (Non-GAAP)

Net cash (used by) provided by operating activities totaled \$(6.5) million for Fiscal 2012 period, compared to \$19.7 million provided for Fiscal 2011. Net income and net loss were \$5.8 and \$(11.2) in Fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively. Non-cash reconciling items such as depreciation and amortization, amortization of debt costs, stock compensation expense and changes in deferred taxes amounted to a source of cash of \$21.0 million \$13.3 million in Fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively. Both periods reflected uses of cash through the increase of accounts receivable and inventory. The increase in these items is a result of the general growth in the business. The increased use of cash for operations in Fiscal 2012 is primarily attributable to the reduction of liabilities. During the nine months ended December 31, 2011, we made interest payments of \$22.0 million (including premiums paid in redemptions of our senior secured notes), cash tax payments of \$15.1 million and reduced our liability on customer prepayments by \$5.8 million through the delivery of products. The use of cash in Fiscal 2011 was driven primarily by the operating loss of \$(11.2) million which includes \$21.6 million in costs related to the CHS Transactions.

*Net cash used in investing activities* totaled \$6.8 million for Fiscal 2012 compared to \$316.9 million for Fiscal 2011. Fiscal 2011 includes the purchase price of the CHS Transactions totaling \$314.3 million. Capital expenditures were \$6.2 million in Fiscal 2012 and \$1.2 million in Fiscal 2011

Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities totaled \$(17.7) million used in Fiscal 2012, compared to \$304.6 million provided by financing activities for Fiscal 2011. In Fiscal 2012, we received net proceeds on our IPO of \$48.5 million. From a combination of IPO proceeds and cash on hand, we redeemed \$70.9 million in aggregate principal of our senior secured notes for a use of cash totaling \$74.7 million including cash premiums paid. Financing activities in Fiscal 2011 consisted of proceeds from the issuance of \$210.0 million under the senior secured notes, \$129.5 million received from equity investments in us and offset by \$15.5 million used for the payment of deferred debt costs.

For the nine months ended December 31, 2011, the consolidated statements of cash flows for TGH and THC are substantially the same. We discuss the cash used in operating activities as it relates to TGH. However, THC had cash used by financing activities of \$17.5 million or

\$250,000 more than TGH. This is the result of cash contributed by TGH to THC in addition to the IPO proceeds in Fiscal 2012.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

As of December 31, 2011, we do not have any off balance sheet arrangements. In addition, we do not have any interest in entities referred to as variable interest entities, which includes special purposes entities and other structured finance entities.

#### **Effect of Inflation**

While inflationary increases in certain input costs, such as wages, have an impact on our operating results, inflation has had minimal net impact on our operating results during the last three years, as overall inflation has been offset by increased selling prices and cost reduction actions. We cannot assure you, however, that we will not be affected by general inflation in the future.

## **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 2, Recent Accounting Pronouncements to ounaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes thereto included above in Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited) of this quarterly report for information on recent accounting pronouncements, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this Item 2.

## Item 3 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Our primary market risk exposures include the effect of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices.

Foreign currency risk relating to operations. We transact business globally and are subject to risks associated with fluctuating foreign exchange rates. Approximately 65% of our Fiscal 2012 consolidated revenue was generated by sales from our non-U.S. subsidiaries. Our non-U.S. subsidiaries generally sell their products and services in the local currency, but obtain a significant amount of their products from our facilities located in another country, primarily the United States, Canada or Europe. Significant changes in the relevant exchange rates could adversely affect our margins on foreign sales of products. Our non-U.S. subsidiaries incur most of their expenses (other than intercompany expenses) in their local functional currency. These currencies include the Canadian Dollar, Euro, British Pound, Russian Ruble, Australian Dollar, South Korean Won, Chinese Renminbi, Indian Rupee, Mexican Peso, and Japanese Yen.

During Fiscal 2012, our largest exposures to foreign exchange rates consisted primarily of the Canadian Dollar and the Euro against the U.S. Dollar. The market risk related to the foreign currency exchange rates is measured by estimating the potential impact of a 10% change in the value of the U.S. Dollar relative to the local currency exchange rates. The rates used to perform this analysis were based on a weighted average of the market rates in effect during the relevant period. A 10% appreciation of the U.S. Dollar relative to the Canadian Dollar would result in a net income of \$0.8 million for Fiscal 2012. Conversely, a 10% depreciation of the U.S. Dollar relative to the Canadian Dollar would result in a net increase in net income of \$0.7 million for Fiscal 2012. A 10% appreciation of the U.S. Dollar relative to the Euro would result in a net decrease in net income of \$0.3 million for Fiscal 2012. Conversely, a 10% depreciation of the U.S. Dollar relative to the Euro would result in a net increase in net income of \$0.3 million for Fiscal 2012.

The geographic areas outside the United States in which we operate are generally not considered to be highly inflationary. Nonetheless, these foreign operations are sensitive to fluctuations in currency exchange rates arising from, among other things, certain intercompany transactions that are generally denominated in U.S. Dollars rather than their respective functional currencies. The impact of foreign currency transaction gains and losses on our condensed consolidated statements of operations for Fiscal 2012 was a \$1.5 million loss compared to a loss of \$0.6 million in Fiscal 2011.

As of December 31, 2011, we had approximately \$14.0 million in notional forward contracts to purchase foreign currencies on a pre-determined future date. These forward contracts were in place to offset in part the foreign currency exchange risk to intercompany payables due from our foreign operations to be settled in U.S. dollars. See Note 11, Long Term Debt to our unaudited interim condensed financial statements and accompanying notes thereto included above in Item 1. Financial Statements Unaudited of this quarterly report for further information regarding our foreign currency forward contracts.

In order to meet our global cash management needs, we often transfer cash between the U.S. and foreign entities and on occasion between foreign entities. In addition, our debt service requirements are primarily in U.S. Dollars and a substantial portion of our cash flow is generated in foreign currencies, and we may need to repatriate cash to the United States in order to meet our U.S. debt service obligations, including on our senior secured notes. These transfers of cash expose us to currency exchange rate risks, and significant changes in the value of the foreign currencies relative to the U.S. Dollar could limit our ability to meet our debt obligations and impair our financial condition.

Because our consolidated financial results are reported in U.S. Dollars, and we generate a substantial amount of our sales and earnings in other currencies, the translation of those results into U.S. Dollars can result in a significant decrease in the amount of those sales and earnings. In addition, fluctuations in currencies relative to the U.S. Dollar may make it more difficult to perform period-to-period comparisons of our reported results of operations.

At each balance sheet date, we translate our assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency to U.S. dollars. The balances of our foreign equity accounts are translated at their historical value. The difference between the current rates and the historical rates are posted to our currency translation account and reflected in the shareholders equity section of our balance sheet. The unrealized effect of foreign currency translation was a loss of \$11.0 million in Fiscal 2012, compared to a gain of \$1.2 million in Fiscal 2011. Currency translation gains or losses are reported as part of comprehensive income or loss in the notes to the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Interest rate risk and foreign currency risk relating to debt. The interest rate for the senior secured notes is fixed at 9.500% while any borrowings on our revolving credit facility will incur interest expense that is variable in relation to the LIBOR rate. At December 31, 2011, the interest rate on amounts outstanding on our revolving credit facility was 5.0%. Based on our outstanding borrowings at December 31, 2011, a one percent increase or decrease in our interest rate would result in a net increase or decrease, respectively, of our annual interest expense of approximately \$90,000.

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The senior secured notes are denominated and payable in the U.S. Dollar. Approximately 65% of our consolidated revenue was generated in foreign currency in Fiscal 2012; therefore, we expect to have to repatriate our cash earnings in foreign locations in order to make principal reductions on the senior secured notes. In the event that the U.S. Dollar strengthens relative to the foreign currencies we are repatriating to make principal repayments, we may incur exchange rate losses that are larger than those that we have reported historically.

Commodity price risk. We use various commodity-based raw materials in our manufacturing processes. Generally, we acquire such components at market prices and do not typically enter into long-term purchase commitments with suppliers or hedging instruments to mitigate commodity price risk. As a result, we are subject to market risks related to changes in commodity prices and supplies of key components of our products. Historically, the costs of our primary raw materials have been stable and readily available from multiple suppliers. Typically, we have been able to pass on raw material cost increases to our customers. We cannot provide any assurance, however, that we may be able to pass along such cost increases to our customers or source sufficient amounts of key components on commercially reasonable terms or at all in the future, and if we are unable to do so, our results of operations may be adversely affected.

**Item 4 Controls and Procedures** 

Controls and Procedures TGH

#### Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of TGH s management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, TGH has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act ) as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Based on that evaluation, TGH s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, these disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to TGH s management to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

#### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in TGH s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, TGH s internal control over financial reporting.

#### **Controls and Procedures THC**

#### Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of THC s management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, THC has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Exchange Act as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Based on that evaluation, THC s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, these disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to THC s management to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

#### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in THC s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, THC s internal control over financial reporting.

#### **Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls**

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can only provide reasonable, not absolute, assurances that the objectives of the control system are met. The design of a control system reflects resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because there are inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of error or fraud, if any, within our company have been or will be detected.

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#### PART II OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1 Legal Proceedings

The Company has no outstanding legal matters outside of matters arising in the ordinary course of business, except as described below.

Asbestos Litigation Since 1999, we have been named as one of many defendants in 16 personal injury suits alleging exposure to asbestos from our products. None of the cases alleges premises liability. Two cases are currently pending. Insurers are defending us in one of the two lawsuits, and we expect that an insurer will defend us in the remaining matter. Of the concluded suits, there were five cost of defense settlements and the remainder were dismissed without payment. There are no claims unrelated to asbestos exposure for which coverage has been sought under the policies that are providing coverage.

We can give no assurances we will prevail in any of these matters.

#### Item 1A Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in the status of our risk factors from those described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2011 with the SEC on June 20, 2011.

## Item 2 Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

There were no unregistered sales of equity securities during the three months ended December 31, 2011. The common stock of TGH began trading on the NYSE on May 5, 2011 under the symbol THR. Prior to that time, there was no public trading market for the common stock of TGH. THC is a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of TGH. THC s common stock is not listed for trading on any stock exchange, and there is no established public trading market for THC s common stock.

#### **Item 3** Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4	Mine Safety Disclosures
Not appli	cable
Item 5	Other Information
None.	
Item 6	Exhibits
See Exhi Exhibit I	bit Index on the page immediately following the signature page hereto for a list of exhibits filed as part of this quarterly report, which ndex is incorporated herein by reference.
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Date: February 9, 2012

#### **SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

THERMON GROUP HOLDINGS, INC. (registrant)

By: /s/ Jay Peterson

Jay Peterson

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

THERMON HOLDING CORP. (registrant)

Date: February 9, 2012 By: /s/ Jay Peterson

Jay Peterson

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

#### **EXHIBIT INDEX**

Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*  31.2 Certification of Jay Peterson, Chief Financial Officer of Thermon Group Holdings, Inc., pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*  31.3 Certification of Rodney Bingham, Chief Executive Officer of Thermon Holding Corp., pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*  31.4 Certification of Jay Peterson, Chief Financial Officer of Thermon Holding Corp., pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*  32.1 Certification of Rodney Bingham, Chief Executive Officer of Thermon Group Holdings, Inc., pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*  32.2 Certification of Jay Peterson, Chief Financial Officer of Thermon Group Holdings, Inc., pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*  32.3 Certification of Rodney Bingham, Chief Executive Officer of Thermon Holding Corp., pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*  32.4 Certification of Jay Peterson, Chief Financial Officer of Thermon Holding Corp., pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*	Exhibit Number	Description
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101 Interactive Data Files Pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S.T. (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (ii) Conden	32.4	Certification of Jay Peterson, Chief Financial Officer of Thermon Holding Corp., pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
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Filed herewith.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.