

FLEIGLE MARK J
Form 4
February 27, 2007

FORM 4

**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

OMB APPROVAL

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES

Filed pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Section 17(a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 or Section 30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

(Print or Type Responses)

1. Name and Address of Reporting Person *
FLEIGLE MARK J

(Last) (First) (Middle)

701 NORTH LILAC DRIVE

(Street)

MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55422

(City) (State) (Zip)

2. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading Symbol
TENNANT CO [TNC]

3. Date of Earliest Transaction (Month/Day/Year)
02/23/2007

4. If Amendment, Date Original Filed(Month/Day/Year)

5. Relationship of Reporting Person(s) to Issuer

(Check all applicable)

____ Director _____ 10% Owner
 Officer (give title below) _____ Other (specify below)
VP, Research and Development

6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check Applicable Line)
 Form filed by One Reporting Person
____ Form filed by More than One Reporting Person

Table I - Non-Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned

1. Title of Security (Instr. 3)	2. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	2A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	3. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	4. Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4 and 5)	5. Amount of Securities Beneficially Owned Following Reported Transaction(s) (Instr. 3 and 4)	6. Ownership Form: Direct (D) or Indirect (I) (Instr. 4)	7. Nature of Ownership (Instr. 4)
			Code	V	Amount	(A) or (D)	Price
Common Stock	02/23/2007		A		492 ⁽¹⁾	A	\$ 31.16
Common Stock					4,054.642	I	ESOP & Profit Sharing

Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially owned directly or indirectly.

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)	(0.2)
)	(0.1)
Total Shareholders' Equity	653.9
	621.9
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	
\$	2,315.3
\$	2,133.2

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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CREDIT ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(UNAUDITED)

(In millions, except share and per share data)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenue:				
Finance charges	\$ 147.5	\$ 134.0	\$ 290.4	\$ 260.1
Premiums earned	12.9	12.0	24.9	22.8
Other income	9.0	5.8	18.8	11.3
Total revenue	169.4	151.8	334.1	294.2
Costs and expenses:				
Salaries and wages	23.1	20.4	45.0	39.8
General and administrative	8.3	7.3	16.2	14.7
Sales and marketing	8.5	7.5	17.5	15.3
Provision for credit losses	5.4	2.8	11.2	8.0
Interest	16.2	15.6	32.2	30.8
Provision for claims	10.5	9.0	19.5	17.6
Total costs and expenses	72.0	62.6	141.6	126.2
Income before provision for income taxes	97.4	89.2	192.5	168.0
Provision for income taxes	35.9	32.6	70.4	61.1
Net income	\$ 61.5	\$ 56.6	\$ 122.1	\$ 106.9
Net income per share:				
Basic	\$ 2.57	\$ 2.18	\$ 5.06	\$ 4.11
Diluted	\$ 2.56	\$ 2.18	\$ 5.04	\$ 4.10
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	23,974,099	25,925,627	24,151,080	25,993,389
Diluted	24,017,273	25,979,872	24,220,403	26,083,112

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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CREDIT ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(UNAUDITED)

(In millions)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2012
Net income	\$ 61.5	\$ 56.6
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:		
Unrealized loss on securities, net of tax of \$0.1 for 2013	(0.2)	—
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(0.2)	—
Comprehensive income	\$ 61.3	\$ 56.6

(In millions)	For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2012
Net income	\$ 122.1	\$ 106.9
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:		
Unrealized loss on securities, net of tax of \$0.0 for 2013	(0.1)	—
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(0.1)	—
Comprehensive income	\$ 122.0	\$ 106.9

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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CREDIT ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

(In millions)	For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2012
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$ 122.1	\$ 106.9
Adjustments to reconcile cash provided by operating activities:		
Provision for credit losses	11.2	8.0
Depreciation	2.7	2.5
Amortization	3.6	3.3
Loss on retirement of property and equipment	0.1	—
(Benefit) provision for deferred income taxes	(7.1)	11.0
Stock-based compensation	4.7	4.5
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6.5	9.9
Decrease in income taxes receivable	0.3	—
(Decrease) increase in income taxes payable	(5.7)	4.4
Decrease in other assets	2.3	1.1
Net cash provided by operating activities	140.7	151.6
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Increase in restricted cash and cash equivalents	(24.5)	(23.7)
Purchases of restricted securities available for sale	(49.9)	(0.1)
Proceeds from sale of restricted securities available for sale	7.2	—
Maturities of restricted securities available for sale	41.0	—
Principal collected on Loans receivable	677.9	597.6
Advances to Dealers	(712.7)	(675.4)
Purchases of Consumer Loans	(56.3)	(60.7)
Accelerated payments of Dealer Holdback	(20.4)	(24.2)
Payments of Dealer Holdback	(58.5)	(62.6)
Net increase in other loans	(0.4)	—
Purchases of property and equipment	(3.0)	(6.0)
Net cash used in investing activities	(199.6)	(255.1)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:		
Borrowings under revolving secured line of credit	1,559.8	1,262.6
Repayments under revolving secured line of credit	(1,452.5)	(1,293.4)
Proceeds from secured financing	646.5	922.6
Repayments of secured financing	(597.2)	(757.5)
Principal payments under mortgage note	(0.1)	(0.1)
Payments of debt issuance costs	(2.9)	(3.7)
Repurchase of common stock	(95.9)	(28.5)
Proceeds from stock options exercised	0.3	0.3
Tax benefits from stock-based compensation plans	0.9	1.6
Net cash provided by financing activities	58.9	103.9

Explanation of Responses:

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Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		–		0.4
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		9.0		4.7
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	9.0	\$	5.1
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:				
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$	28.9	\$	27.6
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	\$	81.2	\$	44.1
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Transactions:				
Repurchase of common stock during the period and settled after June 30,	\$	–	\$	84.5

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“generally accepted accounting principles” or “GAAP”) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of actual results achieved for full fiscal years. The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2012 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 for Credit Acceptance Corporation (the “Company”, “Credit Acceptance”, “we”, “our” or “us”).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

We have evaluated events and transactions occurring subsequent to the consolidated balance sheet date of June 30, 2013 for items that could potentially be recognized or disclosed in these financial statements. We did not identify any items which would require disclosure in or adjustment to the financial statements.

2. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Since 1972, Credit Acceptance has offered automobile dealers financing programs that enable them to sell vehicles to consumers, regardless of their credit history. Our financing programs are offered through a nationwide network of automobile dealers who benefit from sales of vehicles to consumers who otherwise could not obtain financing; from repeat and referral sales generated by these same customers; and from sales to customers responding to advertisements for our product, but who actually end up qualifying for traditional financing.

We refer to automobile dealers who participate in our programs and who share our commitment to changing consumers’ lives as “Dealers”. Upon enrollment in our financing programs, the Dealer enters into a Dealer servicing agreement with us that defines the legal relationship between Credit Acceptance and the Dealer. The Dealer servicing agreement assigns the responsibilities for administering, servicing, and collecting the amounts due on retail installment contracts (referred to as “Consumer Loans”) from the Dealers to us. We are an indirect lender from a legal perspective, meaning the Consumer Loan is originated by the Dealer and assigned to us.

We have two programs: the Portfolio Program and the Purchase Program. Under the Portfolio Program, we advance money to Dealers (referred to as a “Dealer Loan”) in exchange for the right to service the underlying Consumer Loans. Under the Purchase Program, we buy the Consumer Loans from the Dealers (referred to as a “Purchased Loan”) and keep all amounts collected from the consumer. Dealer Loans and Purchased Loans are collectively referred to as “Loans”. The following table shows the percentage of Consumer Loans assigned to us based on unit volumes under each of the programs for each of the last six quarters:

Quarter Ended

	Portfolio Program		Purchase Program	
March 31, 2012	93.3	%	6.7	%
June 30, 2012	93.6	%	6.4	%
September 30, 2012	93.8	%	6.2	%
December 31, 2012	94.0	%	6.0	%
March 31, 2013	94.4	%	5.6	%
June 30, 2013	93.9	%	6.1	%

Portfolio Program

As payment for the vehicle, the Dealer generally receives the following:

- a down payment from the consumer;
 - a non-recourse cash payment (“advance”) from us; and
- after the advance has been recovered by us, the cash from payments made on the Consumer Loan, net of certain collection costs and our servicing fee (“Dealer Holdback”).

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED)
(UNAUDITED)

2. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS – (Concluded)

We record the amount advanced to the Dealer as a Dealer Loan, which is classified within Loans receivable in our consolidated balance sheets. Cash advanced to the Dealer is automatically assigned to the Dealer's open pool of advances. We generally require Dealers to group advances into pools of at least 100 Consumer Loans. At the Dealer's option, a pool containing at least 100 Consumer Loans can be closed and subsequent advances assigned to a new pool. All advances within a Dealer's pool are secured by the future collections on the related Consumer Loans assigned to the pool. For Dealers with more than one pool, the pools are cross-collateralized so the performance of other pools is considered in determining eligibility for Dealer Holdback. We perfect our security interest in the Dealer Loans by taking possession of the Consumer Loans, which list us as lien holder on the vehicle title.

The Dealer servicing agreement provides that collections received by us during a calendar month on Consumer Loans assigned by a Dealer are applied on a pool-by-pool basis as follows:

- First, to reimburse us for certain collection costs;
- Second, to pay us our servicing fee, which generally equals 20% of collections;
- Third, to reduce the aggregate advance balance and to pay any other amounts due from the Dealer to us; and
- Fourth, to the Dealer as payment of Dealer Holdback.

If the collections on Consumer Loans from a Dealer's pool are not sufficient to repay the advance balance and any other amounts due to us, the Dealer will not receive Dealer Holdback.

Dealers have an opportunity to receive an accelerated Dealer Holdback payment each time 100 Consumer Loans have been assigned to us. The amount paid to the Dealer is calculated using a formula that considers the forecasted collections and the advance balance on the related Consumer Loans.

Since typically the combination of the advance and the consumer's down payment provides the Dealer with a cash profit at the time of sale, the Dealer's risk in the Consumer Loan is limited. We cannot demand repayment of the advance from the Dealer except in the event the Dealer is in default of the Dealer servicing agreement. Advances are made only after the consumer and Dealer have signed a Consumer Loan contract, we have received the original Consumer Loan contract and supporting documentation, and we have approved all of the related stipulations for funding. The Dealer can also opt to repurchase Consumer Loans that have been assigned to us under the Portfolio Program, at their discretion, for a fee.

For accounting purposes, the transactions described under the Portfolio Program are not considered to be loans to consumers. Instead, our accounting reflects that of a lender to the Dealer. The classification as a Dealer Loan for accounting purposes is primarily a result of (1) the Dealer's financial interest in the Consumer Loan and (2) certain elements of our legal relationship with the Dealer.

Purchase Program

The Purchase Program differs from our Portfolio Program in that the Dealer receives a one-time payment from us at the time of assignment to purchase the Consumer Loan instead of a cash advance at the time of assignment and future Dealer Holdback payments. For accounting purposes, the transactions described under the Purchase Program are considered to be originated by the Dealer and then purchased by us.

Explanation of Responses:

Program Enrollment

Dealers may enroll in our program by (1) paying an up-front, one-time fee of \$9,850, or (2) agreeing to allow us to retain 50% of their first accelerated Dealer Holdback payment. Dealers are granted access to the Portfolio Program upon enrollment. Access to the Purchase Program is limited and is typically only granted to Dealers that either have received their first accelerated Dealer Holdback payment under the Portfolio Program or are franchise dealerships.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Business Segment Information

We currently operate in one reportable segment which represents our core business of offering Dealers financing programs and related products and services that enable them to sell vehicles to consumers, regardless of their credit history. The consolidated financial statements reflect the financial results of our one reportable operating segment.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED)
(UNAUDITED)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses

Consumer Loan Assignment. For accounting and financial reporting purposes, a Consumer Loan is considered to have been assigned to us after all of the following has occurred:

- the consumer and Dealer have signed a Consumer Loan contract;
- we have received the original Consumer Loan contract and supporting documentation;
 - we have approved all of the related stipulations for funding; and
- we have provided funding to the Dealer in the form of either an advance under the Portfolio Program or one-time purchase payment under the Purchase Program.

Portfolio Segments and Classes. We are considered to be a lender to our Dealers for Consumer Loans assigned under our Portfolio Program and a purchaser of Consumer Loans assigned under our Purchase Program. As a result, our Loan portfolio consists of two portfolio segments: Dealer Loans and Purchased Loans. Each portfolio segment is comprised of one class of Consumer Loan assignments, which is Consumer Loans with deteriorated credit quality that were originated by Dealers to finance consumer purchases of vehicles and related ancillary products.

Dealer Loans. Amounts advanced to Dealers for Consumer Loans assigned under the Portfolio Program are recorded as Dealer Loans and are aggregated by Dealer for purposes of recognizing revenue and evaluating impairment. We account for Dealer Loans in a manner consistent with loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality. The outstanding balance of each Dealer Loan included in Loans receivable is comprised of the following:

- the aggregate amount of all cash advances paid;
 - finance charges;
 - Dealer Holdback payments;
- accelerated Dealer Holdback payments; and
 - recoveries.

Less:

- collections (net of certain collection costs); and
- write-offs.

An allowance for credit losses is maintained at an amount that reduces the net asset value (Dealer Loan balance less the allowance) to the value of forecasted future cash flows discounted at the yield established at the time of assignment. This allowance calculation is completed for each individual Dealer. The discounted value of future cash flows is comprised of estimated future collections on the Consumer Loans, less any estimated Dealer Holdback payments. We write off Dealer Loans once there are no forecasted future cash flows on any of the associated Consumer Loans, which generally occurs 120 months after the last Consumer Loan assignment.

Future collections on Dealer Loans are forecasted based on the historical performance of Consumer Loans with similar characteristics, adjusted for recent trends in payment patterns. Dealer Holdback is forecasted based on the expected future collections and current advance balance of each Dealer Loan. Cash flows from any individual Dealer Loan are often different than estimated cash flows at the time of assignment. If such difference is favorable, the

difference is recognized prospectively into income over the remaining life of the Dealer Loan through a yield adjustment. If such difference is unfavorable, a provision for credit losses is recorded immediately as a current period expense and a corresponding allowance for credit losses is established. Because differences between estimated cash flows at the time of assignment and actual cash flows occur often, an allowance is required for a significant portion of our Dealer Loan portfolio. An allowance for credit losses does not necessarily indicate that a Dealer Loan is unprofitable, and seldom are cash flows from a Dealer Loan insufficient to repay the initial amounts advanced to the Dealer.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (CONTINUED)
(UNAUDITED)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

Purchased Loans. Amounts paid to Dealers for Consumer Loans assigned under the Purchase Program are recorded as Purchased Loans and are aggregated into pools based on the month of purchase for purposes of recognizing revenue and evaluating impairment. We account for Purchased Loans as loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality. The outstanding balance of each Purchased Loan pool included in Loans receivable is comprised of the following:

- the aggregate amount of all amounts paid during the month of purchase to purchase Consumer Loans from Dealers;
 - finance charges; and
 - recoveries.

Less:

- collections (net of certain collection costs); and
 - write-offs.