

Huron Consulting Group Inc.
Form 10-Q
July 27, 2017
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number: 000-50976

HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 01-0666114
(State or other jurisdiction of (IRS Employer
incorporation or organization) Identification Number)
550 West Van Buren Street
Chicago, Illinois
60607
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)
(312) 583-8700
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

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Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

As of July 20, 2017, 22,107,257 shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, were outstanding.

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ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTSHURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

| | June 30, 2017 | December 31, 2016 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$13,592 | \$17,027 |
| Receivables from clients, net | 93,083 | 94,246 |
| Unbilled services, net | 62,117 | 51,290 |
| Income tax receivable | 2,988 | 4,211 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 16,871 | 13,308 |
| Total current assets | 188,651 | 180,082 |
| Property and equipment, net | 46,977 | 32,434 |
| Deferred income taxes, net | 15,421 | — |
| Long-term investment | 35,546 | 34,675 |
| Other non-current assets | 28,565 | 24,814 |
| Intangible assets, net | 89,489 | 81,348 |
| Goodwill | 688,836 | 799,862 |
| Total assets | \$1,093,485 | \$1,153,215 |
| Liabilities and stockholders' equity | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$8,107 | \$7,273 |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 28,268 | 19,788 |
| Accrued payroll and related benefits | 51,549 | 82,669 |
| Accrued contingent consideration for business acquisitions | 6,107 | 1,985 |
| Deferred revenues | 24,689 | 24,053 |
| Total current liabilities | 118,720 | 135,768 |
| Non-current liabilities: | | |
| Deferred compensation and other liabilities | 25,939 | 24,171 |
| Accrued contingent consideration for business acquisitions, net of current portion | 15,362 | 6,842 |
| Long-term debt, net of current portion | 400,173 | 292,065 |
| Deferred lease incentives | 15,284 | 10,703 |
| Deferred income taxes, net | — | 35,633 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 456,758 | 369,414 |
| Commitments and contingencies | | |
| Stockholders' equity | | |
| Common stock; \$0.01 par value; 500,000,000 shares authorized; 24,512,482 and 24,126,118 shares issued at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively | 241 | 235 |
| Treasury stock, at cost, 2,417,257 and 2,408,343 shares at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively | (120,735) | (113,195) |

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| | | |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Additional paid-in capital | 426,983 | 405,895 |
| Retained earnings | 206,173 | 351,483 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 5,345 | 3,615 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 518,007 | 648,033 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$1,093,485 | \$1,153,215 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
(In thousands, except per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|------------------|------------|
| | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, |
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Revenues and reimbursable expenses: | | | | |
| Revenues | \$ 181,418 | \$ 184,259 | \$ 370,267 | \$ 364,748 |
| Reimbursable expenses | 20,930 | 18,982 | 37,880 | 35,543 |
| Total revenues and reimbursable expenses | 202,348 | 203,241 | 408,147 | 400,291 |
| Direct costs and reimbursable expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown in operating expenses): | | | | |
| Direct costs | 113,669 | 103,099 | 229,410 | 214,956 |
| Amortization of intangible assets and software development costs | 2,745 | 3,840 | 5,731 | 7,226 |
| Reimbursable expenses | 20,953 | 19,164 | 37,822 | 35,791 |
| Total direct costs and reimbursable expenses | 137,367 | 126,103 | 272,963 | 257,973 |
| Operating expenses and other gains, net: | | | | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 43,705 | 39,624 | 90,561 | 81,681 |
| Restructuring charges | 3,669 | 1,747 | 3,948 | 3,080 |
| Other gains, net | (1,102) |) — | (1,102) |) — |
| Depreciation and amortization | 9,684 | 7,558 | 18,603 | 14,972 |
| Goodwill impairment charge | 209,600 | — | 209,600 | — |
| Total operating expenses and other gains, net | 265,556 | 48,929 | 321,610 | 99,733 |
| Operating income (loss) | (200,575) |) 28,209 | (186,426) |) 42,585 |
| Other income (expense), net: | | | | |
| Interest expense, net of interest income | (4,927) |) (4,123) |) (8,931) |) (8,094) |
| Other income, net | 1,516 | 276 | 2,274 | 747 |
| Total other expense, net | (3,411) |) (3,847) |) (6,657) |) (7,347) |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense | (203,986) |) 24,362 | (193,083) |) 35,238 |
| Income tax expense (benefit) | (53,504) |) 8,223 | (47,756) |) 12,233 |
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations | (150,482) |) 16,139 | (145,327) |) 23,005 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax | 309 | (970) |) 452 | (1,834) |
| Net income (loss) | \$(150,173) |) \$15,169 | \$(144,875) |) \$21,171 |
| Net earnings (loss) per basic share: | | | | |
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations | \$(7.00) |) \$0.77 | \$(6.80) |) \$1.09 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax | 0.01 | (0.05) |) 0.02 | (0.09) |
| Net income (loss) | \$(6.99) |) \$0.72 | \$(6.78) |) \$1.00 |
| Net earnings (loss) per diluted share: | | | | |
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations | \$(7.00) |) \$0.76 | \$(6.80) |) \$1.07 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax | 0.01 | (0.05) |) 0.02 | (0.08) |
| Net income (loss) | \$(6.99) |) \$0.71 | \$(6.78) |) \$0.99 |
| Weighted average shares used in calculating earnings per share: | | | | |
| Basic | 21,492 | 21,061 | 21,366 | 21,088 |
| Diluted | 21,492 | 21,376 | 21,366 | 21,418 |
| Comprehensive income (loss): | | | | |

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| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| Net income (loss) | \$(150,173) | \$15,169 | \$(144,875) | \$21,171 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax | 802 | (19) | 1,226 | 2 |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on investment, net of tax | (1,246) | (597) | 531 | 875 |
| Unrealized loss on cash flow hedging instruments, net of tax | (72) | (34) | (27) | (148) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | (516) | (650) | 1,730 | 729 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | \$(150,689) | \$14,519 | \$(143,145) | \$21,900 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(In thousands, except share amounts)
(Unaudited)

| | Common Stock | | Treasury Stock | | Additional Paid-In Capital | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Comprehensive Income | Other Stockholders' Equity |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------|----------------|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2016 | 23,478,016 | \$ 235 | (2,420,913) | \$(113,195) | \$ 405,895 | \$ 351,483 | \$ 3,615 | \$ 648,033 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | | | | | | (144,875) | 1,730 | (143,145) |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with: | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted stock awards, net of cancellations | 338,391 | 4 | (50,244) | (3,281) | 3,277 | | | — |
| Business acquisition | 221,558 | 2 | | | 9,558 | | | 9,560 |
| Share-based compensation | | | | | 7,818 | | | 7,818 |
| Shares redeemed for employee tax withholdings | | | (97,381) | (4,259) | | | | (4,259) |
| Cumulative-effect adjustment from adoption of ASU 2016-09 | | | | | 435 | (435) | | — |
| Balance at June 30, 2017 | 24,037,965 | \$ 241 | (2,568,538) | \$(120,735) | \$ 426,983 | \$ 206,173 | \$ 5,345 | \$ 518,007 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

| | Six Months Ended | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------|
| | June 30, | |
| | 2017 | 2016 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$(144,875) | \$21,171 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 24,705 | 22,201 |
| Share-based compensation | 7,601 | 9,787 |
| Amortization of debt discount and issuance costs | 5,031 | 4,757 |
| Goodwill impairment charge | 209,600 | — |
| Allowances for doubtful accounts and unbilled services | 1,292 | 5,877 |
| Deferred income taxes | (52,685) |) 4,879 |
| Gain on sale of business | (931) |) — |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration liabilities | (1,102) |) — |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions: | | |
| (Increase) decrease in receivables from clients | 10,948 | 19,818 |
| (Increase) decrease in unbilled services | (7,751) |) (26,552) |
| (Increase) decrease in current income tax receivable / payable, net | 959 | (570) |
| (Increase) decrease in other assets | (2,951) |) 10,424 |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 6,976 | (4,594) |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and related benefits | (32,426) |) (26,978) |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues | (1,105) |) 1,187 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 23,286 | 41,407 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Purchases of property and equipment, net | (15,287) |) (5,376) |
| Investment in life insurance policies | (1,826) |) (1,699) |
| Purchases of businesses, net of cash acquired | (103,456) |) (49,071) |
| Capitalization of internally developed software costs | (528) |) (536) |
| Proceeds from note receivable | 177 | — |
| Proceeds from sale of business | 1,499 | — |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (119,421) |) (56,682) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | — | 123 |
| Shares redeemed for employee tax withholdings | (4,259) |) (4,445) |
| Share repurchases | — | (55,265) |
| Proceeds from borrowings under credit facility | 205,500 | 116,000 |
| Repayments on credit facility | (106,500) |) (93,000) |
| Payments for debt issuance costs | (395) |) — |
| Payment of contingent consideration liabilities | (1,811) |) — |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | 92,535 | (36,587) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash | 165 | 125 |

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| | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (3,435 |) (51,737) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period | 17,027 | 58,437 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period | \$13,592 | \$6,700 |
| Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: | | |
| Non-cash investing and financing activities: | | |
| Property and equipment expenditures included in accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$4,657 | \$3,248 |
| Promissory note assumed for purchase of property and equipment | \$5,113 | \$— |
| Contingent consideration related to business acquisitions | \$15,489 | \$6,500 |
| Common stock issued related to business acquisition | \$9,560 | \$— |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Tabular amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

1. Description of Business

Huron is a global professional services firm committed to achieving sustainable results in partnership with its clients. We bring a depth of expertise in strategy, technology, operations, advisory services and analytics to drive lasting and measurable results in the healthcare, higher education, life sciences and commercial sectors. Through focus, passion, and collaboration, we provide guidance to support organizations as they contend with the changes transforming their industries and businesses.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include all of the information and note disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, these financial statements reflect all adjustments of a normal, recurring nature necessary for the fair statement of our financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the interim periods presented in conformity with GAAP. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2016 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K. Our results for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year or any other interim period.

3. New Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Adopted

In January 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2017-04, Intangibles-Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment. ASU 2017-04 eliminates Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test, which required us to determine the implied fair value of goodwill by allocating the reporting unit's fair value to each of its assets and liabilities as if the reporting unit was acquired in a business acquisition. Instead, the updated guidance requires an entity to perform its annual or interim goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of the reporting unit to its carrying value, and recognizing a non-cash impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the reporting unit's fair value with the loss not exceeding the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. We adopted this ASU in the second quarter of 2017 on a prospective basis and applied the new guidance to our interim goodwill impairment tests performed in the second quarter of 2017. Refer to Note 6 "Goodwill and Intangible Assets" for additional information on our interim goodwill impairment tests performed.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. ASU 2016-09 simplifies several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the accounting for income taxes, classification of excess tax benefits on the statement of cash flows, and forfeitures. We adopted this guidance in the first quarter of 2017, at which time we began recognizing excess tax benefits and deficiencies as income tax benefit or expense in our consolidated statements of operations on a prospective basis. We recognized \$0.1 million and \$1.7 million of net excess tax deficiencies as income tax expense in our consolidated statement of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. Refer to Note 13 "Income Taxes" for additional information on our effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. Additionally, upon adoption, we began classifying excess tax benefits as an operating activity on the statement of cash flows on a retrospective basis. As a result, we reclassified \$0.9 million of excess tax benefits for the first six months of 2016 from cash flows from financing activities to cash flows from operating activities on our statement of cash flows. We elected to account for share-based award forfeitures as they occur, and applied this accounting change on a modified

retrospective basis as a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings of \$0.4 million during the first quarter of 2017.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-06, Derivatives and Hedging: Contingent Put and Call Options in Debt Instruments. ASU 2016-06 clarifies that in assessing whether an embedded contingent put or call option is clearly and closely related to the debt host, an entity is required to perform only the four-step decision sequence in ASC 815-15-25-42 (as amended by the ASU). The entity does not have to separately assess whether the event that triggers its ability to exercise the contingent option is itself indexed only to interest rates or credit risk. We adopted these amendments in the first quarter of 2017 on a modified retrospective basis. The adoption of these amendments did not have any impact on our consolidated financial statements.

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HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Tabular amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

Not Yet Adopted

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases, which supersedes ASC Topic 840, Leases, and sets forth the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases for both lessees and lessors. ASU 2016-02 requires lessees to classify leases as either finance or operating leases and to record on the balance sheet a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, equal to the present value of the remaining lease payments, for all leases with a term greater than 12 months regardless of the lease classification. The lease classification will determine whether the lease expense is recognized based on an effective interest rate method or a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. ASU 2016-02 will be effective for us beginning January 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted. Entities are required to use a modified retrospective transition method for existing leases. We are currently evaluating the potential impact this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. The amendments to the guidance enhance the reporting model for financial instruments, which includes amendments to address aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure. The updated guidance is effective for us beginning January 1, 2018. We do not expect this guidance to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, as a new Topic, ASC 606. The new revenue recognition standard provides a five-step analysis of transactions to determine when and how revenue is recognized. The core principle is that a company should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In accordance with the new standard, we will adopt ASU 2014-09 on January 1, 2018. Companies may apply the new guidance using either the full retrospective transition method, which requires restating each prior period presented, or the modified retrospective transition method, under which the new guidance is applied to the current period presented in the financial statements and a cumulative-effect adjustment is recorded as of the date of adoption. We expect to apply the new guidance using the modified retrospective transition method. We are currently evaluating the potential impact this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements; most notably the impact on our revenue recognition for performance-based fee billing arrangements. Currently, we recognize revenue under performance-based fee billing arrangements once all related performance criteria are met and the amount to be recognized is fixed or determinable. However, we anticipate that ASC 606 will require us to estimate these amounts and recognize a significant portion of the estimated amounts over the term of the engagement. As a result, we expect to recognize revenue under performance-based fee billing arrangements earlier under ASC 606 than we do under current guidance.

4. Discontinued Operations

On December 31, 2015, we sold our Huron Legal segment to Consilio, Inc. ("Consilio"). Huron Legal provided eDiscovery services, consulting services and contract management services related to law department management, information governance and compliance, legal discovery, litigation management, and legal analytics.

The divestiture of the Huron Legal segment represented a strategic shift that had a major effect on our operations and financial results. As such, the operations of our Huron Legal segment have been classified as discontinued operations in our consolidated statements of operations for all periods presented. As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, no assets or liabilities of the disposed business remained on our consolidated balance sheet.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we recognized income from discontinued operations, net of tax, of \$0.3 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, primarily related to updated lease assumptions for vacated office space directly related to the sale of the Huron Legal segment. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we recognized losses from discontinued operations, net of tax, of \$1.0 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, primarily related to obligations for former employees, legal fees, and updated lease assumptions for vacated office space directly

related to the sale of the Huron Legal segment.

In connection with the sale of Huron Legal, we entered into a transition services agreement ("TSA") with Consilio, under which we provide certain post-closing services, support, and facilities to Consilio to facilitate an orderly transfer of the Huron Legal business operations. Billings under the TSA, which we do not consider to be significant, are recorded as a reduction of the costs to provide the respective services, primarily in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of operations. Services under the TSA ended as of June 30, 2017. We have no continuing involvement with the Huron Legal segment.

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HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 (Tabular amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)
 (Unaudited)

5. Acquisitions

ADI Strategies, Inc.

On April 1, 2017, we completed our acquisition of the international assets of ADI Strategies, Inc. ("ADI Strategies") in Dubai and India. We acquired the U.S. assets of ADI Strategies in the second quarter of 2016. ADI Strategies is a leading enterprise performance management, risk management and business intelligence firm. The acquisition strengthens our technology and analytics competencies and expands our global reach. The international results of operations of ADI Strategies have been included in our consolidated financial statements and results of operations of the Business Advisory segment from the date of acquisition.

Pope Woodhead and Associates Limited

On January 9, 2017, we completed our acquisition of Pope Woodhead and Associates Limited ("Pope Woodhead"), a U.K.-based consulting firm providing market access capabilities to assist clients in developing value propositions for innovative medicines and technologies. The acquisition expands our life sciences strategy expertise and strengthens our ability to lead clients through complex payer and regulatory environments. Pope Woodhead's results of operations have been included in our consolidated financial statements and the results of operations of our Business Advisory segment from the date of acquisition.

Pro forma results of operations are not presented for ADI Strategies or Pope Woodhead because these acquisitions were not material in relation to our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Innosight Holdings, LLC

On March 1, 2017, we acquired 100% of the membership interests of Innosight Holdings, LLC ("Innosight"). Innosight is a growth strategy firm focused on helping companies navigate disruptive change and manage strategic transformation. Together with Innosight, we will use our strategic, operational, and technology capabilities to help clients across multiple industries develop pioneering solutions to address disruption and achieve sustained growth. The acquisition was accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. Tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at fair value as of the acquisition date. The current fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed are considered preliminary and are based on the information that was available as of the date of the acquisition. We believe that the information provides a reasonable basis for estimating the preliminary fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, but certain items, such as the working capital adjustment, may be subject to change as additional information is received. Thus, the provisional measurements of fair value and goodwill are subject to change. We expect to finalize the valuation as soon as practicable, but not later than one year from the acquisition date.

The acquisition date fair value of the consideration transferred for Innosight was \$113.7 million, which consisted of the following:

Fair value of consideration transferred

| | |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Cash | \$90,725 |
| Common stock | 9,560 |
| Contingent consideration liability | 12,050 |
| Accrued preliminary net working capital adjustment | 1,330 |
| Total consideration transferred | \$113,665 |

We funded the cash component of the purchase price with cash on hand and borrowings of \$89.0 million under our senior secured credit facility. We issued 221,558 shares of our common stock as part of the consideration transferred, with an acquisition date fair value of \$9.6 million based on our common stock's closing price of \$43.15 on the date of acquisition. The preliminary contingent consideration liability of \$12.1 million represents the acquisition date fair value of the contingent consideration arrangement, pursuant to which we may be required to pay additional consideration to the sellers if specific financial performance targets are met over a four-year term. The maximum

amount that may be paid is \$35.0 million. See Note 11 "Fair Value of Financial Instruments" for additional information on the valuation of contingent consideration liabilities.

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HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 (Tabular amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)
 (Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the preliminary allocation of the purchase price to the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date.

| | March 1, 2017 |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Assets acquired: | |
| Accounts receivable | \$7,752 |
| Unbilled services | 1,881 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 491 |
| Property and equipment | 419 |
| Intangible assets | 18,015 |
| Liabilities assumed: | |
| Accounts payable | 569 |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 837 |
| Accrued payroll and related benefits | 883 |
| Deferred revenues | 30 |
| Total identifiable net assets | 26,239 |
| Goodwill | 87,426 |
| Total purchase price | \$113,665 |

The following table sets forth the components of identifiable intangible assets acquired and their estimated useful lives as of the acquisition date.

| | Fair Value | Useful Life in Years |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Customer relationships | \$ 9,500 | 6 |
| Trade name | 6,000 | 6 |
| Customer contracts | 1,000 | 1 |
| Non-compete agreements | 1,300 | 5 |
| Favorable lease contract | 215 | 1 |
| Total intangible assets subject to amortization | \$ 18,015 | |

The weighted average amortization period for the identifiable intangible assets shown above is 5.6 years. Customer relationships and customer contracts represent the fair values of the underlying relationships and agreements with Innosight customers. The trade name represents the fair value of the brand and name recognition associated with the marketing of Innosight's service offerings. Non-compete agreements represent the value derived from preventing certain Innosight executives from entering into or starting a similar, competing business. The favorable lease contract represents the difference between the fair value and minimum lease obligations under the current outstanding lease. Goodwill is recognized for the excess of purchase price over the net fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, and largely reflects the expanded market opportunities expected from combining the service offerings of Huron and Innosight, as well as the assembled workforce of Innosight. Goodwill recognized in conjunction with the acquisition of Innosight was recorded in the Business Advisory segment. Goodwill of \$87.4 million is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

Innosight's results of operations have been included in our unaudited consolidated statements of operations and results of operations of our Business Advisory segment from the date of acquisition. For the three months ended June 30, 2017, revenues from Innosight were \$10.9 million and operating income was \$0.2 million, which included \$1.0 million of amortization expense for intangible assets acquired. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, revenues from Innosight were \$16.1 million and operating income was \$1.4 million, which included \$1.8 million of amortization

expense for intangible assets acquired. In connection with the acquisition of Innosight, we incurred \$1.7 million of transaction and acquisition-related expenses. Of the \$1.7 million of expense, \$1.4 million was incurred in the first quarter of 2017 and \$0.3 million was incurred in the second quarter in 2017. These costs are recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses.

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The following unaudited supplemental pro forma information summarizes the combined results of operations of Huron and Innosight as though the companies were combined on January 1, 2016.

| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Revenues | \$181,418 | \$194,386 | \$379,392 | \$383,956 |
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations | \$(150,190) | \$16,978 | \$(142,092) | \$22,374 |
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations per share - basic | \$(6.99) | \$0.80 | \$(6.63) | \$1.05 |
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations per share - diluted | \$(6.99) | \$0.79 | \$(6.63) | \$1.03 |

The historical financial information has been adjusted to give effect to pro forma adjustments consisting of intangible asset amortization expense, acquisition-related costs, interest expense, and the related income tax effects. The unaudited pro forma information above includes adjustments to decrease expense for the three months ended June 30, 2017 by \$0.3 million and include additional expense of \$2.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. We have included additional expense of \$0.5 million and \$5.6 million, for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Additionally, the historical financial information has been adjusted to give effect to the shares issued as consideration. All of these adjustments are based upon currently available information and certain assumptions. Therefore, the pro forma consolidated results are not necessarily indicative of what our consolidated results of operations actually would have been had it completed the acquisition on January 1, 2016. The historical results included in the pro forma consolidated results do not purport to project future results of operations of the combined companies nor do they reflect the expected realization of any cost savings or revenue synergies associated with the acquisition.

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6. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The table below sets forth the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by reportable segment for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

| | Healthcare | Education | Business Advisory | Total |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------|----------------------|------------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2016: | | | | |
| Goodwill | \$636,802 | \$102,906 | \$203,137 | \$942,845 |
| Accumulated impairment losses | — | — | (142,983) | (142,983) |
| Goodwill, net as of December 31, 2016 | 636,802 | 102,906 | 60,154 | 799,862 |
| Goodwill recorded in connection with business acquisitions ⁽¹⁾ | — | 10,252 | 88,156 | 98,408 |
| Goodwill impairment charge | (209,600) | — | — | (209,600) |
| Goodwill reallocation | — | (10,794) | 10,794 | — |
| Goodwill allocated to disposal of business ⁽²⁾ | — | — | (568) | (568) |
| Foreign currency translation | — | 466 | 268 | 734 |
| Goodwill, net as of June 30, 2017 | \$427,202 | \$102,830 | \$158,804 | \$688,836 |

(1) Refer to Note 5 "Acquisitions" for additional information on the goodwill recorded in connection with business acquisitions.

(2) On June 16, 2017, we sold our Life Sciences Compliance and Operations practice ("Life Sciences C&O") to a third-party, and allocated a portion of goodwill within the Life Sciences reporting unit to the disposed business based on the relative fair values of Life Sciences C&O and the remaining reporting unit. The allocated goodwill of \$0.6 million was written off and included in the gain on sale of Life Sciences C&O. The sale of Life Sciences C&O did not meet the criteria for reporting separately as discontinued operations. In connection with the sale, we recorded a \$0.9 million gain which is included in other income, net in our consolidated statements of operations.

Second Quarter 2017 Goodwill Impairment Charge

Since the first quarter of 2016, the Healthcare segment, which is also a reporting unit, has experienced declining revenues, primarily driven by softness in our revenue cycle offering within our performance improvement solution. This softness is attributable to decreased demand for our services, the winding down of some of our larger projects, and a growing trend toward smaller projects, as well as fewer large integrated projects. In light of these challenges, several initiatives have been undertaken to improve the segment's financial performance, including repositioning our solutions to address the most critical needs of our clients, the expansion of our existing services such as those in our Studer Group, strategy, physician and technology offerings, and workforce reductions to better align resources with market demand. While the initiatives undertaken to improve the financial performance of our Healthcare segment are yielding some positive impacts, hospitals and health systems continue to face regulatory and funding uncertainty; therefore, we remain cautious about near-term growth. As we have previously disclosed in prior quarters, if the financial performance of our Healthcare segment continued to decline and did not meet our expectations, we could be required to perform an interim impairment analysis with respect to our carrying value of goodwill for the Healthcare reporting unit prior to our usual annual test. Based on forecasts prepared in the second quarter of 2017 in connection with our quarterly forecasting cycle, we now believe that the likely time frame to improve the financial results of this segment will take longer than originally anticipated. As such, we concluded that the fair value of the Healthcare reporting unit may no longer exceed its carrying value. In connection with the preparation of our financial statements for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, we performed an interim impairment test on the Healthcare reporting unit. Our goodwill impairment test was performed by comparing the fair value of the Healthcare reporting unit with its carrying value and, in accordance with ASU 2017-04 which we adopted in the second quarter of 2017, recognizing an

impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying value exceeded the fair value. To estimate the fair value of the Healthcare reporting unit, we relied on a combination of the income approach and the market approach, utilizing the guideline company method, with a fifty-fifty weighting. Based on the estimated fair value of the Healthcare reporting unit, we recorded a \$209.6

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million non-cash pretax charge in the second quarter of 2017 to reduce the carrying value of goodwill in our Healthcare reporting unit.

In connection with the goodwill impairment test performed on the Healthcare reporting unit, we performed an impairment test on the long-lived assets allocated to the asset groups within the Healthcare reporting unit. Based on the impairment test performed, we concluded that the long-lived assets allocated to the asset groups within the Healthcare reporting unit were not impaired as of June 30, 2017.

Second Quarter 2017 Goodwill Reallocation

Effective June 1, 2017, we reorganized our internal financial reporting structure, which management uses to assess performance and allocate resources, by moving our Life Sciences practice from the Education and Life Sciences segment to the Business Advisory segment. The remaining Education and Life Sciences segment is now referred to as the Education segment. The Life Sciences practice will be a separate reporting unit for purposes of goodwill impairment testing. We will continue to operate under three reportable segments: Healthcare, Education, and Business Advisory. These three reportable segments will be comprised of the following six reporting units for goodwill impairment testing purposes: Healthcare, Education, Business Advisory, Enterprise Solutions and Analytics, Strategy and Innovation, and Life Sciences. The Business Advisory, Enterprise Solutions and Analytics, Strategy and Innovation, and Life Sciences reporting units comprise our Business Advisory segment. See Note 15 "Segment Information" for additional information on our reportable segments.

As a result of the reorganization, we reallocated \$10.8 million of the goodwill balance associated with the previous Education and Life Sciences reporting unit to the new Life Sciences reporting unit based on the relative fair values of the Life Sciences reporting unit and the remaining Education reporting unit. The estimated fair values were determined using a combination of the income approach and the market approach, utilizing the guideline company method, with a fifty-fifty weighting.

In conjunction with the goodwill reallocation, we performed a goodwill impairment test for the goodwill balances within our Education reporting unit and Life Sciences reporting unit as of June 1, 2017. Based on the results of the goodwill impairment test, we determined that the fair values of our Education reporting unit and Life Sciences reporting unit exceeded their carrying values. As such, we concluded that there was no indication of goodwill impairment for either reporting unit.

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Intangible Assets

Intangible assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 consisted of the following:

| | Useful Life in Years | As of June 30, 2017 | | As of December 31, 2016 | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | Gross Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amortization | Gross Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amortization |
| Customer relationships | 4 to 13 | \$105,988 | \$ 43,061 | \$89,279 | \$ 34,827 |
| Trade names | 2 to 6 | 29,016 | 15,215 | 22,930 | 11,652 |
| Customer contracts | 1 to 4 | 27,554 | 24,540 | 26,497 | 21,295 |
| Technology and software | 3 to 5 | 9,340 | 3,882 | 8,970 | 2,667 |
| Non-competition agreements | 1 to 5 | 5,330 | 2,226 | 3,685 | 1,697 |
| Publishing content | 3 | 3,300 | 2,613 | 3,300 | 2,062 |
| Favorable lease contract | 1 to 3 | 935 | 437 | 720 | 203 |
| In-process technology | Indefinite | — | — | 370 | — |
| Total | | \$181,463 | \$ 91,974 | \$155,751 | \$ 74,403 |

Identifiable intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives. Customer relationships and customer contracts, as well as certain trade names and technology and software, are amortized on an accelerated basis to correspond to the cash flows expected to be derived from the assets. All other intangible assets with finite lives are amortized on a straight-line basis. In connection with the acquisition of MyRounding Solutions, LLC, we acquired in-process technology which was accounted for as an indefinite-lived intangible asset until the development of the technology was complete, which occurred in the first quarter of 2017. Upon completion, we reclassified the technology to definite-lived technology and software, and began amortizing the asset over a five-year useful life on a straight-line basis.

Intangible asset amortization expense was \$8.9 million and \$8.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Intangible asset amortization expense was \$17.6 million and \$15.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The table below sets forth the estimated annual amortization expense for the year ending December 31, 2017 and each of the five succeeding years for the definite-lived intangible assets recorded as of June 30, 2017.

| Year Ending December 31, | Estimated Amortization Expense |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 2017 | \$ 34,966 |
| 2018 | \$ 23,936 |
| 2019 | \$ 17,279 |
| 2020 | \$ 12,116 |
| 2021 | \$ 8,070 |
| 2022 | \$ 6,092 |

Actual future amortization expense could differ from these estimated amounts as a result of future acquisitions, dispositions, and other factors.

7. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share excludes dilution and is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period, excluding unvested restricted common stock. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential reduction in earnings per share that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common

stock were exercised or converted into common stock under the treasury stock method. Such securities or other contracts include unvested restricted stock awards, outstanding common stock options, convertible senior notes, and outstanding warrants, to the extent dilutive. In periods for which we report a net loss from continuing operations, diluted weighted average common shares outstanding excludes all potential common stock equivalents as their impact on diluted net loss from continuing operations per share would be anti-dilutive. Earnings (loss) per share under the basic and diluted computations are as follows:

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| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|----------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations | \$(150,482) | \$16,139 | \$(145,327) | \$23,005 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax | 309 | (970) | 452 | (1,834) |
| Net income (loss) | \$(150,173) | \$15,169 | \$(144,875) | \$21,171 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding – basic | 21,492 | 21,061 | 21,366 | 21,088 |
| Weighted average common stock equivalents | — | 315 | — | 330 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding – diluted | 21,492 | 21,376 | 21,366 | 21,418 |
| Net earnings per basic share: | | | | |
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations | \$(7.00) | \$0.77 | \$(6.80) | \$1.09 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax | 0.01 | (0.05) | 0.02 | (0.09) |
| Net income (loss) | \$(6.99) | \$0.72 | \$(6.78) | \$1.00 |
| Net earnings per diluted share: | | | | |
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations | \$(7.00) | \$0.76 | \$(6.80) | \$1.07 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax | 0.01 | (0.05) | 0.02 | (0.08) |
| Net income (loss) | \$(6.99) | \$0.71 | \$(6.78) | \$0.99 |

The number of anti-dilutive securities excluded from the computation of the weighted average common stock equivalents presented above were as follows:

| | As of June 30, | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|
| | 2017 | 2016 |
| Unvested restricted stock awards | 604 | 2 |
| Outstanding common stock options | 194 | — |
| Convertible senior notes | 3,129 | 3,129 |
| Warrants related to the issuance of convertible senior notes | 3,129 | 3,129 |
| Total anti-dilutive securities | 7,056 | 6,260 |

See Note 8 “Financing Arrangements” for further information on the convertible senior notes and warrants related to the issuance of convertible notes.

We currently have a share repurchase program, authorized by our board of directors, pursuant to which we may, from time to time, repurchase up to \$125 million of our common stock through October 31, 2017 (the “Share Repurchase Program”). The amount and timing of the repurchases will be determined by management and will depend on a variety of factors, including the trading price of our common stock, capacity under our credit facility, general market and business conditions, and applicable legal requirements. No shares were repurchased during the first six months of 2017. In the first quarter of 2016, we repurchased and retired 982,192 shares for \$55.3 million. No shares were repurchased in the second quarter of 2016. As of June 30, 2017, \$35.1 million remains available for share repurchases.

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8. Financing Arrangements

A summary of the carrying amounts of our debt follows:

| | June 30, 2017 | December 31, 2016 |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 1.25% convertible senior notes due 2019 | \$228,554 | \$ 224,065 |
| Senior secured credit facility | 167,000 | 68,000 |
| Promissory note due 2024 | 5,113 | — |
| Total long-term debt | \$400,667 | \$ 292,065 |
| Current maturities of debt ⁽¹⁾ | (494) | — |
| Long-term debt, net of current portion | \$400,173 | \$ 292,065 |

⁽¹⁾ The current maturities of debt are included as a component of accrued expenses and other current liabilities on our consolidated balance sheets.

A summary of the scheduled maturities of our debt follows:

| | Scheduled Maturities of Long-Term Debt |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| 2017 | \$ 245 |
| 2018 | \$ 501 |
| 2019 | \$ 250,515 |
| 2020 | \$ 167,529 |
| 2021 | \$ 544 |
| Thereafter | \$ 2,779 |

Convertible Notes

In September 2014, the Company issued \$250 million principal amount of 1.25% convertible senior notes due 2019 (the “Convertible Notes”) in a private offering. The Convertible Notes are governed by the terms of an indenture between the Company and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee (the “Indenture”). The Convertible Notes are senior unsecured obligations of the Company and will pay interest semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year at an annual rate of 1.25%. The Convertible Notes will mature on October 1, 2019, unless earlier repurchased by the Company or converted in accordance with their terms.

Upon conversion, the Convertible Notes will be settled, at our election, in cash, shares of the Company’s common stock, or a combination of cash and shares of the Company’s common stock. Our current intent and policy is to settle conversions with a combination of cash and shares of common stock with the principal amount of the Convertible Notes paid in cash, in accordance with the settlement provisions of the Indenture.

The initial conversion rate for the Convertible Notes is 12.5170 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the Convertible Notes, which is equal to an initial conversion price of approximately \$79.89 per share of our common stock. The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain specified events but will not be adjusted for accrued and unpaid interest, except in certain limited circumstances described in the Indenture. Upon the occurrence of a “make-whole fundamental change” (as defined in the Indenture) the Company will, in certain circumstances, increase the conversion rate by a number of additional shares for a holder that elects to convert its Convertible Notes in connection with such make-whole fundamental change. Additionally, if the Company undergoes a “fundamental change” (as defined in the Indenture), a holder will have the option to require the Company to repurchase all or a portion of its Convertible Notes for cash at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the

Convertible Notes being repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest. As discussed below, the convertible note hedge transactions and warrants, which were entered into in connection with the Convertible Notes, effectively raise the price at which economic dilution would occur from the initial conversion price of approximately \$79.89 to approximately \$97.12 per share.

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Holders of the Convertible Notes may convert their Convertible Notes at their option at any time prior to July 1, 2019, only under the following circumstances:

during any calendar quarter (and only during such calendar quarter) commencing after December 31, 2014 if, for each of at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during the 30 consecutive trading day period ending on, and including, the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock for such trading day is equal to or greater than 130% of the applicable conversion price on such trading day;

during the five consecutive business day period immediately following any five consecutive trading day period (such five consecutive trading day period, the "measurement period") in which, for each trading day of the measurement period, the "trading price" (as defined in the Indenture) per \$1,000 principal amount of the Convertible Notes for such trading day was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock for such trading day and the applicable conversion rate on such trading day; or

upon the occurrence of specified corporate transactions described in the Indenture.

On or after July 1, 2019 until the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, a holder may convert all or a portion of its Convertible Notes, regardless of the foregoing circumstances.

We have separated the Convertible Notes into liability and equity components. The carrying amount of the liability component was determined by measuring the fair value of a similar liability that does not have an associated convertible feature, assuming our non-convertible debt borrowing rate. The carrying value of the equity component representing the conversion option, which is recognized as a debt discount, was determined by deducting the fair value of the liability component from the proceeds of the Convertible Notes. The debt discount is amortized to interest expense using an effective interest rate of 4.751% over the term of the Convertible Notes. As of June 30, 2017, the remaining life of the Convertible Notes is 2.3 years. The equity component will not be remeasured as long as it continues to meet the conditions for equity classification.

The transaction costs related to the issuance of the Convertible Notes were separated into liability and equity components based on their relative values, as determined above. Transaction costs attributable to the liability component are recorded as a deduction to the carrying amount of the liability and amortized to interest expense over the term of the Convertible Notes; and transaction costs attributable to the equity component are netted with the equity component of the Convertible Notes in stockholders' equity. Total debt issuance costs were approximately \$7.3 million, of which \$6.2 million was allocated to liability issuance costs and \$1.1 million was allocated to equity issuance costs.

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Convertible Notes consisted of the following:

| | As of June 30, 2017 | As of December 31, 2016 |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Liability component: | | |
| Proceeds | \$250,000 | \$ 250,000 |
| Less: debt discount, net of amortization | (18,640) | (22,520) |
| Less: debt issuance costs, net of amortization | (2,806) | (3,415) |
| Net carrying amount | \$228,554 | \$ 224,065 |
| Equity component ⁽¹⁾ | \$39,287 | \$ 39,287 |

(1) Included in additional paid-in capital on the consolidated balance sheet.

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The following table presents the amount of interest expense recognized related to the Convertible Notes for the periods presented.

| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|------------------|---------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Contractual interest coupon | \$781 | \$781 | \$1,563 | \$1,563 |
| Amortization of debt discount | 1,951 | 1,861 | 3,879 | 3,699 |
| Amortization of debt issuance costs | 305 | 300 | 609 | 598 |
| Total interest expense | \$3,037 | \$2,942 | \$6,051 | \$5,860 |

In connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes, we entered into convertible note hedge transactions and warrant transactions. The convertible note hedge transactions are intended to reduce the potential future economic dilution associated with the conversion of the Convertible Notes and, combined with the warrants, effectively raise the price at which economic dilution would occur from the initial conversion price of approximately \$79.89 to approximately \$97.12 per share. For purposes of the computation of diluted earnings per share in accordance with GAAP, dilution will occur when the average share price of our common stock for a given period exceeds the conversion price of the Convertible Notes, which initially is equal to approximately \$79.89 per share. The convertible note hedge transactions and warrant transactions are discussed separately below.

Convertible Note Hedge Transactions. In connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes, the Company entered into convertible note hedge transactions whereby the Company has call options to purchase a total of approximately 3.1 million shares of the Company's common stock, which is the number of shares initially issuable upon conversion of the Convertible Notes in full, at a price of approximately \$79.89, which corresponds to the initial conversion price of the Convertible Notes, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments substantially similar to those in the Convertible Notes. The convertible note hedge transactions are exercisable upon conversion of the Convertible Notes and will expire in 2019 if not earlier exercised. We paid an aggregate amount of \$42.1 million for the convertible note hedge transactions, which was recorded as additional paid-in capital on the consolidated balance sheets. The convertible note hedge transactions are separate transactions and are not part of the terms of the Convertible Notes.

Warrants. In connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes, the Company sold warrants whereby the holders of the warrants have the option to purchase a total of approximately 3.1 million shares of the Company's common stock at a strike price of approximately \$97.12. The warrants will expire incrementally on 100 different dates from January 6, 2020 to May 28, 2020 and are exercisable at each such expiry date. If the average market value per share of our common stock for the reporting period exceeds the strike price of the warrants, the warrants will have a dilutive effect on our earnings per share. We received aggregate proceeds of \$23.6 million from the sale of the warrants, which was recorded as additional paid-in capital on the consolidated balance sheets. The warrants are separate transactions and are not part of the terms of the Convertible Notes or the convertible note hedge transactions. The Company recorded an initial deferred tax liability of \$15.4 million in connection with the debt discount associated with the Convertible Notes and recorded an initial deferred tax asset of \$16.5 million in connection with the convertible note hedge transactions. The deferred tax liability and deferred tax asset are included in deferred income taxes, net on the consolidated balance sheets.

Senior Secured Credit Facility

The Company has a \$500 million five-year senior secured revolving credit facility, subject to the terms of a Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of March 31, 2015 and amended by the first amendment to the credit agreement dated February 25, 2017 (as amended and modified the "Amended Credit Facility"), that becomes due and payable in full upon maturity on March 31, 2020. The Amended Credit Agreement provides the option to

increase the revolving credit facility or establish term loan facilities in an aggregate amount of up to \$100 million, subject to customary conditions and the approval of any lender whose commitment would be increased, resulting in a maximum available principal amount under the Amended Credit Agreement of \$600 million. The initial borrowings under the Amended Credit Agreement were used to refinance borrowings outstanding under a prior credit agreement, and future borrowings under the Amended Credit Agreement may be used for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions of businesses, share repurchases, and general corporate purposes.

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Fees and interest on borrowings vary based on our Consolidated Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement). At our option, borrowings under the Amended Credit Agreement will bear interest at one, two, three or six-month LIBOR or an alternate base rate, in each case plus the applicable margin. The applicable margin will fluctuate between 1.25% per annum and 2.00% per annum, in the case of LIBOR borrowings, or between 0.25% per annum and 1.00% per annum, in the case of base rate loans, based upon our Consolidated Leverage Ratio at such time.

Amounts borrowed under the Amended Credit Agreement may be prepaid at any time without premium or penalty. We are required to prepay the amounts outstanding under the Amended Credit Agreement in certain circumstances, including a requirement to pay all amounts outstanding under the Amended Credit Agreement 90 days prior to the Convertible Indebtedness Maturity Date (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement) unless (1) the Convertible Indebtedness Maturity Date is waived or extended to a later date, (2) the Company can demonstrate (a) Liquidity (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement) in an amount at least equal to the principal amount due on the Convertible Indebtedness Maturity Date, and (b) financial covenant compliance after giving effect to such payments and any additional indebtedness incurred on a pro forma basis, or (3) this requirement is waived by the Required Lenders (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement). In addition, we have the right to permanently reduce or terminate the unused portion of the commitments provided under the Amended Credit Agreement at any time.

The loans and obligations under the Amended Credit Agreement are secured pursuant to a Second Amended and Restated Security Agreement and a Second Amended and Restated Pledge Agreement (the "Pledge Agreement") with Bank of America, N.A. as collateral agent, pursuant to which the Company and the subsidiary guarantors grant Bank of America, N.A., for the ratable benefit of the lenders under the Amended Credit Agreement, a first-priority lien, subject to permitted liens, on substantially all of the personal property assets of the Company and the subsidiary guarantors, and a pledge of 100% of the stock or other equity interests in all domestic subsidiaries and 65% of the stock or other equity interests in each "material first-tier foreign subsidiary" (as defined in the Pledge Agreement). The Amended Credit Agreement contains usual and customary representations and warranties; affirmative and negative covenants, which include limitations on liens, investments, additional indebtedness, and restricted payments; and two quarterly financial covenants as follows: (i) a maximum Consolidated Leverage Ratio (defined as the ratio of debt to consolidated EBITDA) ranging from 3.25 to 1.00 to 3.75 to 1.00, depending on the measurement period, and (ii) a minimum Consolidated Interest Coverage Ratio (defined as the ratio of consolidated EBITDA to interest) of 3.50 to 1.00. Consolidated EBITDA for purposes of the financial covenants is calculated on a continuing operations basis and includes adjustments to add back share-based compensation costs, certain non-cash restructuring charges, and pro forma historical EBITDA for businesses acquired. At June 30, 2017, we were in compliance with these financial covenants with a Consolidated Leverage Ratio of 3.22 to 1.00 and a Consolidated Interest Coverage Ratio of 15.78 to 1.00.

Borrowings outstanding under the Amended Credit Agreement at June 30, 2017 totaled \$167.0 million. These borrowings carried a weighted average interest rate of 2.9%, including the effect of the interest rate swap in effect as of June 30, 2017 and described in Note 10 "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activity." Borrowings outstanding under the Amended Credit Agreement at December 31, 2016 were \$68.0 million and carried a weighted average interest rate of 2.5%. The borrowing capacity under the revolving credit facility is reduced by any outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility and outstanding letters of credit. At June 30, 2017, we had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$2.6 million, which are primarily used as security deposits for our office facilities. As of June 30, 2017, the unused borrowing capacity under the revolving credit facility was \$330.4 million.

Promissory Note due 2024

On June 30, 2017, in conjunction with our purchase of an aircraft related to the acquisition of Innosight, we assumed, from the sellers of the aircraft, a promissory note with an outstanding principal balance of \$5.1 million. The principal

balance of the promissory note is subject to scheduled monthly principal payments until the maturity date of March 1, 2024, at which time a final payment of \$1.5 million, plus any accrued and unpaid interest will be due. Under the terms of the promissory note, we will pay interest on the outstanding principal amount at a rate of one-month LIBOR plus 1.97% per annum. The obligations under the promissory note are secured pursuant to a Loan and Aircraft Security Agreement with Banc of America Leasing & Capital, LLC, which grants the lender a first priority security interest in the aircraft. As of June 30, 2017, the aircraft had a carrying amount of \$6.8 million.

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9. Restructuring Charges

During the second quarter of 2017, we incurred a \$3.7 million pretax restructuring charge. The \$3.7 million charge primarily consisted of \$2.0 million related to workforce reductions in our Healthcare segment to better align our resources with market demand, \$1.0 million for the accrual of remaining lease obligations, net of estimated sublease income, for offices vacated in the second quarter of 2017 and accelerated depreciation on leasehold improvements for our San Francisco office, and \$0.4 million related to workforce reductions in our corporate operations primarily to adjust our infrastructure to align with the decreased workforce in the Healthcare segment.

During the first quarter of 2017, we incurred a \$0.3 million pretax restructuring charge primarily related to updated assumptions for lease accruals.

During the second quarter of 2016, we incurred a \$1.7 million pretax restructuring charge. Of the \$1.7 million charge, \$1.2 million related to workforce reductions in our Healthcare segment to better align our resources with market demand and \$0.3 million related to updated assumptions for the lease accrual of the Washington, D.C. space vacated in the fourth quarter of 2014.

During the first quarter of 2016, we incurred a \$1.3 million pretax restructuring charge. The \$1.3 million charge primarily consisted of \$0.8 million related to workforce reductions in our corporate operations as we adjusted our infrastructure to align with our Huron Legal divestiture, \$0.2 million related to updated assumptions for the lease accrual of the Washington, D.C. space vacated in the fourth quarter of 2014, and \$0.2 million related to the wind down of our foreign consulting operations based in the Middle East.

The table below sets forth the changes in the carrying amount of our restructuring charge liability by restructuring type for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

| | Employee Costs | Office Space Reductions | Other | Total |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2016 | \$ 5,182 | \$ 5,773 | \$ 24 | \$ 10,979 |
| Additions ⁽¹⁾ | 2,868 | 1,097 | 108 | 4,073 |
| Payments | (6,815) | (934) | 7 | (7,742) |
| Adjustments ⁽¹⁾ | (117) | (553) | (78) | (748) |
| Non-cash items | (46) | (24) | (61) | (131) |
| Balance as of June 30, 2017 | \$ 1,072 | \$ 5,359 | \$ — | \$ 6,431 |

Additions and adjustments for the six months ended June 30, 2017 include a restructuring gain of \$0.6 million (1) related to updated lease assumptions for vacated office space directly related to discontinued operations. Refer to Note 4 "Discontinued Operations" for additional information on our discontinued operations.

As of June 30, 2017, our restructuring charge liability related to office space reductions of \$5.4 million represented the present value of remaining lease payments, net of estimated sublease income, primarily for our vacated office spaces in Washington, D.C., Houston, and Chicago. This restructuring charge liability is included as a component of accrued expenses and other current liabilities and deferred compensation and other liabilities. All of the \$1.1 million restructuring charge liability related to employee costs at June 30, 2017 is expected to be paid in the next 12 months. The restructuring charge liability related to employee costs is included as a component of accrued payroll and related benefits.

10. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activity

On April 4, 2013, we entered into a forward amortizing interest rate swap agreement effective March 31, 2014 and ending August 31, 2017. We entered into this derivative instrument to hedge against the interest rate risks of our variable-rate borrowings. The swap had an initial notional amount of \$60.0 million and amortized quarterly until April 2016. In April 2016, the notional amount of this interest rate swap increased to \$86.0 million and continues to

amortize quarterly throughout the remaining term. Under the terms of the interest rate swap agreement, we receive from the counterparty interest on the notional amount based on one-month LIBOR and we pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of 0.985%.

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On June 22, 2017, we entered into a forward interest rate swap agreement effective August 31, 2017 and ending August 31, 2022, with a notional amount of \$50.0 million. We entered into this derivative instrument to further hedge against the interest rate risks of our variable-rate borrowings. Under the terms of the interest rate swap agreement, we will receive from the counterparty interest on the notional amount based on one-month LIBOR and we will pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of 1.900%.

We recognize all derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities at fair value on the balance sheet. We have designated these derivative instruments as cash flow hedges. Therefore, changes in the fair value of the derivative instruments are recorded to other comprehensive income (“OCI”) to the extent effective and reclassified into interest expense upon settlement. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivative instruments is recognized in interest expense. As of June 30, 2017, it was anticipated that \$0.1 million of the losses, net of tax, currently recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income will be reclassified into earnings within the next 12 months. Our interest rate swap agreements were effective during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. The table below sets forth additional information relating to our interest rate swap designated as a cash flow hedging instrument as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

| Balance Sheet Location | Fair Value (Derivative Asset and Liability) | |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| | June 30, 2017 | December 31, 2016 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | \$ 23 | \$ — |
| Other non-current assets | \$ 82 | \$ — |
| Accrued expenses | \$ 202 | \$ 54 |

All of our derivative instruments are transacted under the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) master agreements. These agreements permit the net settlement of amounts owed in the event of default and certain other termination events. Although netting is permitted, it is our policy to record all derivative assets and liabilities on a gross basis on our consolidated balance sheet. The interest rate swaps outstanding as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were held with the same counterparty.

We do not use derivative instruments for trading or other speculative purposes. Refer to Note 12 “Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)” for additional information on our derivative instrument.

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11. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Certain of our assets and liabilities are measured at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or the price that would be paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value and requires companies to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The fair value hierarchy consists of three levels based on the objectivity of the inputs as follows:

Level 1 Inputs Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs Quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 Inputs Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, and include situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability.

The table below sets forth our fair value hierarchy for our financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|
| June 30, 2017 | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | |
| Interest rate swap | \$ — | \$23 | \$— | \$23 |
| Promissory note | — | — | 2,259 | 2,259 |
| Convertible debt investment | — | — | 35,546 | 35,546 |
| Deferred compensation assets | — | 19,514 | — | 19,514 |
| Total assets | \$ — | \$19,537 | \$37,805 | \$57,342 |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Interest rate swap | \$ — | \$120 | \$— | \$120 |
| Contingent consideration for business acquisitions | — | — | 21,469 | 21,469 |
| Total liabilities | \$ — | \$120 | \$21,469 | \$21,589 |
| December 31, 2016 | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | |
| Promissory note | \$ — | \$— | \$2,325 | \$2,325 |
| Convertible debt investment | — | — | 34,675 | 34,675 |
| Deferred compensation assets | — | 16,408 | — | 16,408 |
| Total assets | \$ — | \$16,408 | \$37,000 | \$53,408 |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Interest rate swap | \$ — | \$54 | \$— | \$54 |
| Contingent consideration for business acquisitions | — | — | 8,827 | 8,827 |
| Total liabilities | \$ — | \$54 | \$8,827 | \$8,881 |

Deferred compensation assets: We have a non-qualified deferred compensation plan (the "Plan") for the members of our board of directors and a select group of our employees. The deferred compensation liability is funded by the Plan assets, which consist of life insurance policies maintained within a trust. The cash surrender value of the life insurance

policies approximates fair value, and is based on third-party broker statements which provide the fair value of the life insurance policies' underlying investments, which are Level 2 inputs. The cash surrender value of the life insurance policies is invested primarily in mutual funds. The Plan assets are included in other non-current assets on our consolidated balance sheet. Realized and unrealized gains (losses) from the deferred compensation assets are recorded to other income (expense), net in our consolidated statements of operations.

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Interest rate swaps: The fair value of our interest rate swaps was derived using estimates to settle the interest rate swap agreements, which is based on the net present value of expected future cash flows on each leg of the swaps utilizing market-based inputs and discount rates reflecting the risks involved.

Promissory note: As part of the consideration received for the sale of our Accounting Advisory practice on December 30, 2011, we received a \$3.5 million promissory note payable over four years. During the second quarter of 2014, we agreed to amend and restate the note such that principal payments will be paid to us annually based on the amount of excess cash flows earned each year by the maker of the note until the maturity date of December 31, 2018, at which time the remaining principal balance and any accrued interest is due. The fair value of the note is based on the net present value of the projected cash flows using a discount rate of 17%, which accounts for the risks associated with the note. This fair value measurement is based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represent Level 3 inputs. As of June 30, 2017, \$0.2 million is recorded in prepaid expenses and other current assets and represents the present value of the payments expected to be received in the next 12 months, and the remaining \$2.1 million is recorded in other non-current assets.

The table below sets forth the changes in the balance of the promissory note for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

| | Promissory Note |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2016 | \$ 2,325 |
| Interest payments received | (96) |
| Principal payment received | (177) |
| Change in fair value of promissory note | 207 |
| Balance as of June 30, 2017 | \$ 2,259 |

Convertible debt investment: In 2014 and 2015, we invested \$27.9 million, in the form of zero coupon convertible debt, in Shorelight Holdings, LLC (“Shorelight”), the parent company of Shorelight Education, a U.S.-based company that partners with leading nonprofit universities to increase access to and retention of international students, boost institutional growth, and enhance an institution’s global footprint. The notes will mature on July 1, 2020, unless converted earlier.

To determine the appropriate accounting treatment for our investment, we performed a variable interest entity (“VIE”) analysis and concluded that Shorelight does not meet the definition of a VIE. We also reviewed the characteristics of our investment to confirm that the convertible notes are not in-substance common stock that would warrant equity method accounting. After we reviewed all of the terms of the investment, we concluded the appropriate accounting treatment to be that of an available-for-sale debt security.

The investment is carried at fair value with unrealized holding gains and losses excluded from earnings and reported in other comprehensive income. We estimated the fair value of our investment using a Monte Carlo simulation model, cash flow projections discounted at a risk-adjusted rate, and certain assumptions related to equity volatility, default probability, and recovery rate, all of which are Level 3 inputs. The use of alternative estimates and assumptions could increase or decrease the estimated fair value of the investment, which would result in different impacts to our consolidated balance sheet and comprehensive income. Actual results may differ from our estimates. The fair value of the convertible debt investment is recorded in long-term investment.

The table below sets forth the changes in the balance of the convertible debt investment for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

| | Convertible Debt Investment |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2016 | \$ 34,675 |

| | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Change in fair value of convertible debt investment | 871 |
| Balance as of June 30, 2017 | \$ 35,546 |

Contingent consideration for business acquisitions: We estimate the fair value of acquisition-related contingent consideration using either a probability-weighted assessment of the specific financial performance targets being achieved or a Monte Carlo simulation model, as appropriate. These fair value measurements are based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represent Level 3 inputs. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements of our contingent consideration are our measures of the estimated payouts based on internally generated financial projections on a probability-

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weighted basis and discount rates, which typically reflect a risk-free rate. The fair value of the contingent consideration is reassessed quarterly based on assumptions used in our latest projections and input provided by practice leaders and management. Any change in the fair value estimate is recorded in our consolidated statement of operations for that period. The use of alternative estimates and assumptions could increase or decrease the estimated fair value of our contingent consideration liability, which would result in different impacts to our consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of operations. Actual results may differ from our estimates. Refer to Note 5 “Acquisitions” for information on the acquisitions completed in 2017. The table below sets forth the changes in the balance of the contingent consideration for business acquisitions for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

| | Contingent Consideration for Business Acquisitions |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2016 | \$ 8,827 |
| Acquisitions | 15,489 |
| Payments | (1,938) |
| Remeasurement of contingent consideration for business acquisitions | (1,102) |
| Unrealized loss due to foreign currency translation | 193 |
| Balance as of June 30, 2017 | \$ 21,469 |

Financial assets and liabilities not recorded at fair value are as follows:

Senior Secured Credit Facility

The carrying value of our borrowings outstanding under our senior secured credit facility is stated at cost. Our carrying value approximates fair value, using Level 2 inputs, as the senior secured credit facility bears interest at variable rates based on current market rates as set forth in the Amended Credit Agreement. Refer to Note 8 “Financing Arrangements” for additional information on our senior secured credit facility.

Promissory Note due 2024

The carrying value of our promissory note due 2024 is stated at cost. Our carrying value approximates fair value, using Level 2 inputs, as the promissory note bears interest at rates based on current market rates as set forth in the terms of the promissory note. Refer to Note 8 “Financing Arrangements” for additional information on our promissory note due 2024.

Convertible Notes

The carrying amount and estimated fair value of the Convertible Notes are as follows:

| | June 30, 2017 | | December 31, 2016 | |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| | Carrying Amount | Estimated Fair Value | Carrying Amount | Estimated Fair Value |
| 1.25% convertible senior notes due 2019 | \$228,554 | \$239,445 | \$224,065 | \$245,018 |

The differences between the \$250 million principal amount of the Convertible Notes and the carrying amounts shown above represent the unamortized debt discount and issuance costs. As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the carrying value of the equity component of \$39.3 million was unchanged from the date of issuance. Refer to Note 8 “Financing Arrangements” for additional information on our Convertible Notes. The estimated fair value of the Convertible Notes was determined based on the quoted bid price of the Convertible Notes in an over-the-counter market, which is a Level 2 input, on the last day of trading for the quarters ended June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

Based on the closing price of our common stock of \$43.20 on June 30, 2017, the if-converted value of the Convertible Notes was less than the principal amount.

Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates fair market value. The carrying values of all other financial instruments not described above reasonably approximate fair market value due to the nature of the financial instruments and the short-term maturity of these items.

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12. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The tables below set forth the components of other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 | | | Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 | | |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| | Before Taxes | Tax (Expense) Benefit | Net of Taxes | Before Taxes | Tax (Expense) Benefit | Net of Taxes |
| Other comprehensive income (loss): | | | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | \$802 | \$ — | \$802 | \$(19) | \$ — | \$(19) |
| Unrealized loss on investment | \$(2,023) | \$ 777 | \$(1,246) | \$(995) | \$ 398 | \$(597) |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges: | | | | | | |
| Change in fair value | \$(120) | \$ 46 | \$(74) | \$(160) | \$ 62 | \$(98) |
| Reclassification adjustments into earnings | 3 | (1) | 2 | 106 | (42) | 64 |
| Net unrealized loss | \$(117) | \$ 45 | \$(72) | \$(54) | \$ 20 | \$(34) |
| Other comprehensive loss | \$(1,338) | \$ 822 | \$(516) | \$(1,068) | \$ 418 | \$(650) |
| | Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 | | | Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 | | |
| | Before Taxes | Tax (Expense) Benefit | Net of Taxes | Before Taxes | Tax (Expense) Benefit | Net of Taxes |
| Other comprehensive income (loss): | | | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | \$1,226 | \$ — | \$1,226 | \$2 | \$ — | \$2 |
| Unrealized gain on investment | \$871 | \$(340) | \$531 | \$1,430 | \$(555) | \$875 |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges: | | | | | | |
| Change in fair value | \$(82) | \$ 32 | \$(50) | \$(463) | \$ 181 | \$(282) |
| Reclassification adjustments into earnings | 39 | (16) | 23 | 222 | (88) | 134 |
| Net unrealized loss | \$(43) | \$ 16 | \$(27) | \$(241) | \$ 93 | \$(148) |
| Other comprehensive income | \$2,054 | \$(324) | \$1,730 | \$1,191 | \$(462) | \$729 |

The before tax amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income related to our cash flow hedges are recorded to interest expense, net of interest income.

Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax, includes the following components:

| | Foreign Currency Translation | Available-for-Sale Investment | Cash Flow Hedges | Total |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|---------|
| Balance, December 31, 2016 | \$ (453) | \$ 4,088 | \$ (20) | \$3,615 |
| Current period change | 1,226 | 531 | (27) | 1,730 |
| Balance, June 30, 2017 | \$ 773 | \$ 4,619 | \$ (47) | \$5,345 |

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13. Income Taxes

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, our effective tax rate was 26.2% as we recognized income tax benefit from continuing operations of \$53.5 million on a loss from continuing operations of \$204.0 million. For the second quarter of 2016, our effective tax rate was 33.8% as we recognized income tax expense from continuing operations of \$8.2 million on income from continuing operations of \$24.4 million. The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was less favorable than the statutory rate, inclusive of state income taxes, primarily due to the non-deductible portion of the goodwill impairment charge recorded in the second quarter of 2017. Of the \$209.6 million goodwill impairment charge, \$61.2 million was not deductible for income tax purposes. The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2016 was lower than the statutory rate, inclusive of state income taxes, primarily due to a discrete favorable adjustment to our state tax rate and a discrete tax benefit related to share-based compensation, as well as certain credits and deductions and the release of valuation allowance previously established on certain foreign tax credits, partially offset by non-deductible business expenses.

For the six months ended June 30, 2017, our effective tax rate was 24.7% as we recognized income tax benefit from continuing operations of \$47.8 million on a loss from continuing operations of \$193.1 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2016, our effective tax rate was 34.7% as we recognized income tax expense of \$12.2 million on income from continuing operations of \$35.2 million. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was less favorable than the statutory rate, inclusive of state income taxes, primarily due to the non-deductible portion of the goodwill impairment charge described above, as well as discrete tax expense for share-based compensation of \$1.7 million related to the adoption of ASU 2016-09 Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. Refer to Note 3 "New Accounting Pronouncements" for additional information on the adoption of ASU 2016-09. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was lower than the statutory rate, inclusive of state income taxes, primarily due to a discrete favorable adjustment to our state tax rate and a discrete tax benefit related to share-based compensation, as well as certain credits and deductions and the release of valuation allowance previously established on certain foreign tax credits, partially offset by non-deductible business expenses.

As of June 30, 2017, we had \$3.3 million of unrecognized tax benefits, of which \$0.9 million would affect the effective tax rate of continuing operations and \$2.4 million would affect the effective tax rate of discontinued operations, if recognized. As of June 30, 2017, we had \$2.4 million in unrecognized tax benefits related to positions taken on our tax returns for discontinued operations. While such tax returns remain subject to audit by tax authorities, it is reasonably possible that unrecognized tax benefits may decrease by \$2.4 million over the next 12 months due to the expiration of the statute of limitations.

14. Commitments, Contingencies and Guarantees

Litigation

From time to time, we are involved in legal proceedings and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. As of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we are not a party to any litigation or legal proceeding that, in the current opinion of management, could have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations. However, due to the risks and uncertainties inherent in legal proceedings, actual results could differ from current expected results.

Guarantees

Guarantees in the form of letters of credit totaling \$2.6 million and \$4.8 million were outstanding at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, primarily to support certain office lease obligations.

In connection with certain business acquisitions, we may be required to pay post-closing consideration to the sellers if specific financial performance targets are met over a number of years as specified in the related purchase agreements. As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the total estimated fair value of our contingent consideration liabilities was \$21.5 million and \$8.8 million, respectively.

To the extent permitted by law, our bylaws and articles of incorporation require that we indemnify our officers and directors against judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement, including attorneys' fees, incurred in connection with civil or criminal action or proceedings, as it relates to their services to us if such person acted in good faith. Although there is no limit on the amount of indemnification, we may have recourse against our insurance carrier for certain payments made.

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15. Segment Information

Segments are defined as components of a company that engage in business activities from which they may earn revenues and incur expenses, and for which separate financial information is available and is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker, or decision-making group, in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. Our chief operating decision maker, who is our chief executive officer, manages the business under three operating segments, which are our reportable segments: Healthcare, Education, and Business Advisory. During the second quarter of 2017, we reorganized our internal financial reporting structure, which management uses to assess performance and allocate resources, by moving our Life Sciences practice from the Education and Life Sciences segment to the Business Advisory segment. The remaining Education and Life Sciences segment is now referred to as the Education segment. While our consolidated results have not been impacted, we have restated our historical segment information for consistent presentation.

Healthcare

Our Healthcare segment provides advisory services - from strategy setting through implementation - in the areas of organizational and resource alignment, clinical transformation, financial and operational performance, patient and caregiver engagement, and technology implementation and optimization. We serve national and regional hospitals and integrated health systems, academic medical centers, community hospitals, and medical groups. Our solutions help clients evolve and adapt to the rapidly changing healthcare environment and achieve growth, optimize performance, enhance profitability, improve quality and clinical outcomes, and drive physician, patient, and employee engagement across the enterprise.

Education

Our Education segment provides management consulting and technology solutions to higher education institutions and academic medical centers. We partner with clients to address challenges relating to business and technology strategy, financial management, operational and organizational effectiveness, research administration, and regulatory compliance. Our institutional strategy, market research, budgeting and financial management, business operations and student lifecycle management solutions align missions with business priorities, improve quality and reduce costs institution-wide. Our technology strategy, enterprise applications, and analytic solutions transform and optimize operations, deliver time and cost savings, and enhance the student experience. Our research enterprise solutions assist clients in identifying and implementing institutional research strategy, optimizing clinical research operations, improving financial management and cost reimbursement, improving service to faculty, and mitigating risk compliance.

Business Advisory

Our Business Advisory segment provides services to middle market and large organizations, not-for-profit organizations, lending institutions, law firms, investment banks, and private equity firms. We assist clients in a broad range of industries and across the spectrum from healthy, well-capitalized companies to organizations in transition as well as creditors, equity owners, and other key constituents. Our Business Advisory professionals resolve complex business issues and enhance client enterprise value through a suite of services including capital advisory, transaction advisory, operational improvement, restructuring and turnaround, valuation, and dispute advisory. Our Enterprise Solutions and Analytics professionals deliver technology and analytic solutions that enable organizations to manage and optimize their financial performance, operational efficiency, and client or stakeholder experience. Our expertise in full-service enterprise performance management (EPM), enterprise resource planning (ERP), business intelligence and analytics, customer relationship management (CRM), and data management services helps clients identify and execute on business and technology strategies to drive results and gain a competitive advantage. Our Strategy and Innovation professionals collaborate with clients across a range of industries to identify new growth opportunities, build new ventures and capabilities, and accelerate organizational change. Our Life Sciences professionals provide strategic

solutions to help pharmaceutical, medical device, and biotechnology companies deliver more value to patients, payers, and providers and comply with regulations.

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 (Tabular amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)
 (Unaudited)

Segment operating income consists of the revenues generated by a segment, less the direct costs of revenue and selling, general and administrative expenses that are incurred directly by the segment. Unallocated corporate costs include costs related to administrative functions that are performed in a centralized manner that are not attributable to a particular segment. These administrative function costs include costs for corporate office support, certain office facility costs, costs relating to accounting and finance, human resources, legal, marketing, information technology, and Company-wide business development functions, as well as costs related to overall corporate management. The table below sets forth information about our operating segments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, along with the items necessary to reconcile the segment information to the totals reported in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-----------|---|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 | |
| Healthcare: | | | | | |
| Revenues | \$83,227 | \$106,088 | \$181,679 | \$220,106 | |
| Operating income | \$23,652 | \$41,399 | \$57,802 | \$80,405 | |
| Segment operating income as a percentage of segment revenues | 28.4 | % 39.0 | % 31.8 | % 36.5 | % |
| Education: | | | | | |
| Revenues | \$43,926 | \$37,322 | \$86,207 | \$73,195 | |
| Operating income | \$12,495 | \$11,482 | \$24,010 | \$20,577 | |
| Segment operating income as a percentage of segment revenues | 28.4 | % 30.8 | % 27.9 | % 28.1 | % |
| Business Advisory: | | | | | |
| Revenues | \$54,265 | \$40,849 | \$102,381 | \$71,447 | |
| Operating income | \$12,192 | \$10,856 | \$22,058 | \$14,668 | |
| Segment operating income as a percentage of segment revenues | 22.5 | % 26.6 | % 21.5 | % 20.5 | % |
| Total Company: | | | | | |
| Revenues | \$181,418 | \$184,259 | \$370,267 | \$364,748 | |
| Reimbursable expenses | 20,930 | 18,982 | 37,880 | 35,543 | |
| Total revenues and reimbursable expenses | \$202,348 | \$203,241 | \$408,147 | \$400,291 | |
| Segment operating income | \$48,339 | \$63,737 | \$103,870 | \$115,650 | |
| Items not allocated at the segment level: | | | | | |
| Other operating expenses | 30,732 | 27,970 | 63,195 | 58,093 | |
| Other gains, net | (1,102) | — | (1,102) | — | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 9,684 | 7,558 | 18,603 | 14,972 | |
| Goodwill impairment charge ⁽¹⁾ | 209,600 | — | 209,600 | — | |
| Other expense, net | 3,411 | 3,847 | 6,657 | 7,347 | |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense | \$(203,986) | \$24,362 | \$(193,083) | \$35,238 | |

The goodwill impairment charge is not allocated at the segment level because the underlying goodwill asset is (1) reflective of our corporate investment in the segments. We do not include the impact of goodwill impairment charges in our evaluation of segment performance.

At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, no single client accounted for greater than 10% of our combined receivables and unbilled services balances. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, no single client generated greater than 10% of our consolidated revenues.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

In this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, unless the context otherwise requires, the terms "Huron," "Company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Huron Consulting Group Inc. and its subsidiaries.

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Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that are not historical in nature, including those concerning the Company's current expectations about its future requirements and needs, are "forward-looking" statements as defined in Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are identified by words such as "may," "should," "expects," "provides," "anticipates," "assumes," "can," "will," "meets," "could," "likely," "intends," "might," "predicts," "seeks," "would," "estimates," "plans," "continues," or "outlook," or similar expressions. These forward-looking statements reflect our current expectations about our future requirements and needs, results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements. Some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained herein include, without limitation: failure to achieve expected utilization rates, billing rates, and the number of revenue-generating professionals; inability to expand or adjust our service offerings in response to market demands; our dependence on renewal of client-based services; dependence on new business and retention of current clients and qualified personnel; failure to maintain third-party provider relationships and strategic alliances; inability to license technology to and from third parties; the impairment of goodwill; various factors related to income and other taxes; difficulties in successfully integrating the businesses we acquire and achieving expected benefits from such acquisitions; risks relating to privacy, information security, and related laws and standards; and a general downturn in market conditions. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors, including, among others, those described under Item 1A. "Risk Factors," in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 and under Part II, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, that may cause actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any anticipated results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. We disclaim any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements as a result of new information or future events, or for any other reason.

OVERVIEW**Our Business**

Huron is a global professional services firm committed to achieving sustainable results in partnership with clients. We bring a depth of expertise in strategy, technology, operations, advisory services, and analytics to drive lasting and measurable results in the healthcare, higher education, life sciences and commercial sectors. Through focus, passion and collaboration, we provide guidance and solutions to support organizations as they contend with the changes transforming their industries and businesses.

We provide professional services through three operating segments: Healthcare, Education, and Business Advisory.

•Healthcare

Our Healthcare segment provides advisory services - from strategy setting through implementation - in the areas of organizational and resource alignment, clinical transformation, financial and operational performance, patient and caregiver engagement, and technology implementation and optimization. We serve national and regional hospitals and integrated health systems, academic medical centers, community hospitals, and medical groups. Our solutions help clients evolve and adapt to the rapidly changing healthcare environment and achieve growth, optimize performance, enhance profitability, improve quality and clinical outcomes, and drive physician, patient, and employee engagement across the enterprise.

•Education

Our Education segment provides management consulting and technology solutions to higher education institutions and academic medical centers. We partner with clients to address challenges relating to business and technology strategy, financial management, operational and organizational effectiveness, research administration, and regulatory compliance. Our institutional strategy, market research, budgeting and financial management, business operations and student lifecycle management solutions align missions with business priorities, improve quality and reduce costs institution-wide. Our technology strategy, enterprise applications, and analytic solutions transform and optimize operations, deliver time and cost savings, and enhance the student experience. Our research enterprise solutions assist

clients in identifying and implementing institutional research strategy, optimizing clinical research operations, improving financial management and cost reimbursement, improving service to faculty, and mitigating risk compliance.

Business Advisory

Our Business Advisory segment provides services to middle market and large organizations, not-for-profit organizations, lending institutions, law firms, investment banks, and private equity firms. We assist clients in a broad range of industries and across the spectrum from healthy, well-capitalized companies to organizations in transition as well as creditors, equity owners, and other key constituents. Our Business Advisory professionals resolve complex business issues and enhance client enterprise value through a suite of services including capital advisory, transaction advisory, operational improvement, restructuring and turnaround, valuation, and dispute advisory. Our Enterprise Solutions and Analytics professionals deliver

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technology and analytic solutions that enable organizations to manage and optimize their financial performance, operational efficiency, and client or stakeholder experience. Our expertise in full-service enterprise performance management (EPM), enterprise resource planning (ERP), business intelligence and analytics, customer relationship management (CRM), and data management services helps clients identify and execute on business and technology strategies to drive results and gain a competitive advantage. Our Strategy and Innovation professionals collaborate with clients across a range of industries to identify new growth opportunities, build new ventures and capabilities, and accelerate organizational change. Our Life Sciences professionals provide strategic solutions to help pharmaceutical, medical device, and biotechnology companies deliver more value to patients, payers, and providers and comply with regulations.

Segment Reorganization

During the second quarter of 2017, we reorganized our internal financial reporting structure, which management uses to assess performance and allocate resources, by moving our Life Sciences practice from the Education and Life Sciences segment to the Business Advisory segment. The remaining Education and Life Sciences segment is now referred to as the Education segment. While our consolidated results have not been impacted, we have restated our historical segment information for consistent presentation.

Acquisitions

ADI Strategies, Inc. (International)

On April 1, 2017, we completed our acquisition of the international assets of ADI Strategies, Inc. ("ADI Strategies") in Dubai and India. Huron acquired the U.S. assets of ADI Strategies in the second quarter of 2016. ADI Strategies is a leading enterprise performance management, risk management and business intelligence firm. The acquisition strengthens Huron's technology and analytics competencies and expands its global reach. The international results of operations of ADI Strategies have been included in our consolidated financial statements and results of operations of the Business Advisory segment from the date of acquisition.

Innosight Holdings, LLC

On March 1, 2017, we completed our acquisition of Innosight Holdings, LLC ("Innosight"), a growth strategy firm focused on helping companies navigate disruptive change, enable innovation, and manage strategic transformation. Together with Innosight, we will use our strategic, operational, and technology capabilities to help clients across multiple industries develop pioneering solutions to address disruption and achieve sustained growth. Innosight's results of operations have been included in our consolidated financial statements and results of operations of our Business Advisory segment from the date of acquisition.

Pope Woodhead and Associates Limited

On January 9, 2017, we completed our acquisition of Pope Woodhead and Associates Limited ("Pope Woodhead"), a U.K.-based consulting firm providing market access capabilities to assist clients in developing value propositions for innovative medicines and technologies. The acquisition expands our life sciences strategy expertise and strengthens our ability to lead clients through complex payer and regulatory environments. Pope Woodhead's results of operations have been included in our consolidated financial statements and results of operations of our Business Advisory segment from the date of acquisition.

See Note 5 "Acquisitions" within our consolidated financial statements for further information regarding our recent acquisitions.

Divestiture

Life Sciences Compliance and Operations

During the second quarter of 2017, we divested our Life Sciences Compliance and Operations practice ("Life Sciences C&O"), which was part of our broader Life Sciences practice within the Business Advisory segment. The sale of Life Sciences C&O did not meet the criteria for reporting separately as discontinued operations.

How We Generate Revenues

A large portion of our revenues is generated by our full-time consultants who provide consulting services to our clients and are billable to our clients based on the number of hours worked. A smaller portion of our revenues is generated by our other professionals, also referred to as full-time equivalents, some of whom work variable schedules as needed by our clients. Full-time equivalent professionals consist of our cultural transformation consultants from our Studer Group solution, which include coaches and their support staff, specialized finance and operational consultants, and our employees who provide software support and maintenance services to our clients. We translate the hours that these other professionals work on client engagements into a full-time equivalent measure that we use to manage our business. We refer to our full-time consultants and other professionals collectively as revenue-generating professionals.

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Revenues generated by our full-time consultants are primarily driven by the number of consultants we employ and their utilization rates, as well as the billing rates we charge our clients. Revenues generated by our other professionals, or full-time equivalents, are largely dependent on the number of consultants we employ, their hours worked, and billing rates charged. Revenues generated by our coaches are largely dependent on the number of coaches we employ and the total value, scope, and terms of the consulting contracts under which they provide services, which are primarily fixed-fee contracts.

We generate our revenues from providing professional services under four types of billing arrangements: fixed-fee (including software license revenue), time-and-expense, performance-based, and software support and maintenance and subscriptions.

In fixed-fee billing arrangements, we agree to a pre-established fee in exchange for a predetermined set of professional services. We set the fees based on our estimates of the costs and timing for completing the engagements. It is the client's expectation in these engagements that the pre-established fee will not be exceeded except in mutually agreed upon circumstances. We generally recognize revenues under fixed-fee billing arrangements using a proportionate performance approach, which is based on work completed to-date versus our estimates of the total services to be provided under the engagement. Contracts within our Studer Group solution are fixed-fee partner contracts with multiple deliverables, which primarily consist of coaching services, as well as seminars, materials and software products ("Partner Contracts"). Revenues for coaching services and software products are generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the length of the contract. All other revenues under Partner Contracts are recognized at the time the service is provided.

Fixed-fee arrangements also include software licenses for our revenue cycle management software and research administration and compliance software. Licenses for our revenue cycle management software are sold only as a component of our consulting projects, and the services we provide are essential to the functionality of the software. Therefore, revenues from these software licenses are recognized over the term of the related consulting services contract. License revenue from our research administration and compliance software is generally recognized in the month in which the software is delivered.

Fixed-fee engagements represented 45.9% and 47.6% of our revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and 44.1% and 50.6% of our revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Time-and-expense billing arrangements require the client to pay based on the number of hours worked by our revenue-generating professionals at agreed upon rates. Time-and-expense arrangements also include certain speaking engagements, conferences, and publications purchased by our clients outside of Partner Contracts within our Studer Group solution. We recognize revenues under time-and-expense billing arrangements as the related services or publications are provided. Time-and-expense engagements represented 46.4% and 37.1% of our revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and 44.7% and 35.2% of our revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

In performance-based fee billing arrangements, fees are tied to the attainment of contractually defined objectives. We enter into performance-based engagements in essentially two forms. First, we generally earn fees that are directly related to the savings formally acknowledged by the client as a result of adopting our recommendations for improving operational and cost effectiveness in the areas we review. Second, we have performance-based engagements in which we earn a success fee when and if certain predefined outcomes occur. Often, performance-based fees supplement our time-and-expense or fixed-fee engagements. We do not recognize revenues under performance-based billing arrangements until all related performance criteria are met. Performance-based fee revenues represented 2.5% and 10.6% of our revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and 4.5% and 9.5% of our revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Performance-based fee engagements may cause significant variations in quarterly revenues and operating results depending on the timing of achieving the performance-based criteria.

Clients that have purchased one of our software licenses can pay an annual fee for software support and maintenance. We also generate subscription revenue from our cloud-based analytic tools and solutions. Software support and maintenance and subscription revenues are recognized ratably over the support or subscription period, which ranges from one to three years. These fees are billed in advance and included in deferred revenues until recognized. Software support and maintenance and subscription revenues represented 5.2% and 4.7% of our revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and 6.7% and 4.7% of our revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Our quarterly results are impacted principally by our full-time consultants' utilization rate, the bill rates we charge our clients, the number of our revenue-generating professionals who are available to work, and the amount of performance-based fees recognized, which often vary significantly between quarters. Our utilization rate can be negatively affected by increased hiring because there is generally a transition period for new professionals that results in a temporary drop in our utilization rate. Our utilization rate can also be affected by seasonal variations in the demand for our services from our clients. For example, during the third and fourth quarters of the year, vacations taken by our clients can result in the deferral of activity on existing and new engagements, which would negatively affect our utilization rate. The number of business work days is also affected by the number of vacation days taken by our consultants and holidays in each quarter. We typically have fewer business work days available in the fourth quarter of the year, which can impact revenues during that period.

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Time-and-expense engagements do not provide us with a high degree of predictability as to performance in future periods. Unexpected changes in the demand for our services can result in significant variations in utilization and revenues and present a challenge to optimal hiring and staffing. Moreover, our clients typically retain us on an engagement-by-engagement basis, rather than under long-term recurring contracts. The volume of work performed for any particular client can vary widely from period to period.

Business Strategy, Opportunities and Challenges

Our primary strategy is to meet the needs of our clients by providing a balanced portfolio of service offerings and capabilities so that we can adapt quickly and effectively to emerging opportunities in the marketplace. To achieve this, we continue to hire highly qualified professionals and have entered into select acquisitions of complementary businesses.

To expand our business, we will remain focused on growing our existing relationships and developing new relationships, execute our managing director compensation plan to attract and retain senior practitioners, continue to promote and provide an integrated approach to service delivery, broaden the scope of our existing services, and acquire complementary businesses. We will regularly evaluate the performance of our practices to ensure our investments meet these objectives. Furthermore, we intend to enhance our visibility in the marketplace by refining our overarching messaging and value propositions for the organization as well as each practice. We will continue to focus on reaching our client base through clear, concise, and endorsed messages.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, selected segment and consolidated operating results and other operating data. The results of operations for acquired businesses have been included in our results of operations since the date of their respective acquisition.

During the second quarter of 2017, we reorganized our internal financial reporting structure by moving our Life Sciences practice from the Education and Life Sciences segment to the Business Advisory segment. The remaining Education and Life Sciences segment is now referred to as the Education segment. While our consolidated results have not been impacted, we have restated our historical segment information for consistent presentation.

| Segment and Consolidated Operating Results (in thousands, except per share amounts): | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|---|
| | June 30, 2017 | 2016 | June 30, 2017 | 2016 | |
| Healthcare: | | | | | |
| Revenues | \$83,227 | \$106,088 | \$181,679 | \$220,106 | |
| Operating income | \$23,652 | \$41,399 | \$57,802 | \$80,405 | |
| Segment operating income as a percentage of segment revenues | 28.4 | % 39.0 | % 31.8 | % 36.5 | % |
| Education: | | | | | |
| Revenues | \$43,926 | \$37,322 | \$86,207 | \$73,195 | |
| Operating income | \$12,495 | \$11,482 | \$24,010 | \$20,577 | |
| Segment operating income as a percentage of segment revenues | 28.4 | % 30.8 | % 27.9 | % 28.1 | % |
| Business Advisory: | | | | | |
| Revenues | \$54,265 | \$40,849 | \$102,381 | \$71,447 | |
| Operating income | \$12,192 | \$10,856 | \$22,058 | \$14,668 | |
| Segment operating income as a percentage of segment revenues | 22.5 | % 26.6 | % 21.5 | % 20.5 | % |
| Total Company: | | | | | |
| Revenues | \$181,418 | \$184,259 | \$370,267 | \$364,748 | |
| Reimbursable expenses | 20,930 | 18,982 | 37,880 | 35,543 | |
| Total revenues and reimbursable expenses | \$202,348 | \$203,241 | \$408,147 | \$400,291 | |
| Segment operating income | \$48,339 | \$63,737 | \$103,870 | \$115,650 | |
| Items not allocated at the segment level: | | | | | |
| Other operating expenses | 30,732 | 27,970 | 63,195 | 58,093 | |
| Other gains, net | (1,102) | — | (1,102) | — | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 9,684 | 7,558 | 18,603 | 14,972 | |
| Goodwill impairment charge ⁽¹⁾ | 209,600 | — | 209,600 | — | |
| Total operating income (loss) | (200,575) | 28,209 | (186,426) | 42,585 | |
| Other expense, net | (3,411) | (3,847) | (6,657) | (7,347) | |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense | (203,986) | 24,362 | (193,083) | 35,238 | |
| Income tax expense (benefit) | (53,504) | 8,223 | (47,756) | 12,233 | |
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations | \$(150,482) | \$16,139 | \$(145,327) | \$23,005 | |
| Earnings per share from continuing operations: | | | | | |
| Basic | \$(7.00) | \$0.77 | \$(6.80) | \$1.09 | |
| Diluted | \$(7.00) | \$0.76 | \$(6.80) | \$1.07 | |

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| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|--------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Other Operating Data: | | | | |
| Number of full-time billable consultants (at period end) ⁽²⁾ : | | | | |
| Healthcare | 750 | 952 | 750 | 952 |
| Education | 519 | 428 | 519 | 428 |
| Business Advisory | 737 | 516 | 737 | 516 |
| Total | 2,006 | 1,896 | 2,006 | 1,896 |
| Average number of full-time billable consultants (for the period) ⁽²⁾ : | | | | |
| Healthcare | 807 | 1,005 | 837 | 1,015 |
| Education | 494 | 421 | 483 | 415 |
| Business Advisory | 725 | 472 | 675 | 433 |
| Total | 2,026 | 1,898 | 1,995 | 1,863 |
| Full-time billable consultant utilization rate ⁽³⁾ : | | | | |
| Healthcare | 77.7 % | 78.1 % | 74.9 % | 79.3 % |
| Education | 75.1 % | 72.4 % | 75.0 % | 72.9 % |
| Business Advisory | 72.4 % | 73.3 % | 78.2 % | 71.7 % |
| Total | 75.1 % | 75.6 % | 76.1 % | 76.1 % |
| Full-time billable consultant average billing rate per hour ⁽⁴⁾ : | | | | |
| Healthcare | \$182 | \$211 | \$205 | \$212 |
| Education | \$219 | \$217 | \$218 | \$216 |
| Business Advisory | \$190 | \$228 | \$194 | \$224 |
| Total | \$194 | \$216 | \$204 | \$215 |
| Revenue per full-time billable consultant (in thousands): | | | | |
| Healthcare | \$65 | \$76 | \$142 | \$158 |
| Education | \$80 | \$76 | \$157 | \$152 |
| Business Advisory | \$72 | \$82 | \$145 | \$158 |
| Total | \$71 | \$78 | \$147 | \$157 |
| Average number of full-time equivalents (for the period) ⁽⁵⁾ : | | | | |
| Healthcare | 215 | 198 | 215 | 199 |
| Education | 34 | 36 | 37 | 36 |
| Business Advisory | 17 | 21 | 18 | 15 |
| Total | 266 | 255 | 270 | 250 |
| Revenue per full-time equivalent (in thousands): | | | | |
| Healthcare | \$143 | \$148 | \$293 | \$299 |
| Education | \$134 | \$149 | \$281 | \$277 |
| Business Advisory | \$133 | \$98 | \$236 | \$200 |
| Total | \$141 | \$144 | \$288 | \$290 |

The non-cash goodwill impairment charge is not allocated at the segment level because the underlying goodwill (1) asset is reflective of our corporate investment in the segments. We do not include the impact of goodwill impairment charges in our evaluation of segment performance.

(2) Consists of our full-time professionals who provide consulting services and generate revenues based on the number of hours worked.

(3) Utilization rate for our full-time billable consultants is calculated by dividing the number of hours all of our full-time billable consultants worked on client assignments during a period by the total available working hours for

all of these consultants during the same period, assuming a forty-hour work week, less paid holidays and vacation days.

(4) Average billing rate per hour for our full-time billable consultants is calculated by dividing revenues for a period by the number of hours worked on client assignments during the same period.

(5) Consists of cultural transformation consultants within our Studer Group solution, which include coaches and their support staff, consultants who work variable schedules as needed by our clients, and full-time employees who provide software support and maintenance services to our clients.

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Non-GAAP Measures

We also assess our results of operations using certain non-GAAP financial measures. These non-GAAP financial measures differ from GAAP because the non-GAAP financial measures we calculate to measure earnings (loss) before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenues, adjusted net income (loss) from continuing operations, and adjusted diluted earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations exclude a number of items required by GAAP, each discussed below. These non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for or superior to, any measure of performance, cash flows, or liquidity prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our non-GAAP financial measures may be defined differently from time to time and may be defined differently than similar terms used by other companies, and accordingly, care should be exercised in understanding how we define our non-GAAP financial measures.

Our management uses the non-GAAP financial measures to gain an understanding of our comparative operating performance, for example when comparing such results with previous periods or forecasts. These non-GAAP financial measures are used by management in their financial and operating decision making because management believes they reflect our ongoing business in a manner that allows for meaningful period-to-period comparisons. Management also uses these non-GAAP financial measures when publicly providing our business outlook, for internal management purposes, and as a basis for evaluating potential acquisitions and dispositions. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating Huron's current operating performance and future prospects in the same manner as management does and in comparing in a consistent manner Huron's current financial results with Huron's past financial results.

The reconciliations of these financial measures from GAAP to non-GAAP are as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Revenues | \$181,418 | \$184,259 | \$370,267 | \$364,748 |
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations | \$(150,482) | \$16,139 | \$(145,327) | \$23,005 |
| Add back: | | | | |
| Income tax expense (benefit) | (53,504 |) 8,223 | (47,756 |) 12,233 |
| Interest expense, net of interest income | | | | |