

INNSUITES HOSPITALITY TRUST  
Form 10-K  
April 30, 2015  
UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF  
1934

For the fiscal year ended January 31, 2015.

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934

Commission File No. 1-7062

**InnSuites Hospitality Trust**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

**Ohio**

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

**34-6647590**

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

**InnSuites Hotels Centre, 1625 E. Northern Avenue,**

**85020**

**Suite 105, Phoenix, Arizona**

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(ZIP Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, including area code: **(602) 944-1500**

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<b>Title of Each Class</b>	<b>Name of Exchange on Which Registered</b>
Shares of Beneficial Interest, without par value	NYSE MKT

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer Non-Accelerated Filer Smaller reporting company  
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  
No

Aggregate market value of Shares of Beneficial Interest held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of July 31, 2014, based upon the closing sales price of the registrant’s Shares of Beneficial Interest on that date, as reported on the NYSE MKT: \$4,439,665.

Number of Shares of Beneficial Interest outstanding as of April 27, 2015: 8,273,810.

Documents incorporated by reference: Portions of the following documents are incorporated by reference: Proxy Statement for 2015 Annual Meeting of Shareholders (portions of which are incorporated by reference into Part III hereof).

PART I

Item 1. BUSINESS

INTRODUCTION TO OUR BUSINESS

InnSuites Hospitality Trust (the “Trust”) is headquartered in Phoenix, Arizona and is an unincorporated Ohio real estate investment trust formed on June 21, 1979; however, the Trust is not a real estate investment trust for federal taxation purposes. The Trust, with its affiliates RRF Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership (the “Partnership”), and InnSuites Hotels, Inc., a Nevada corporation (“InnSuites Hotels”), owns interests in and operates five hotels, provides management services for a total of eight hotels, and provides trademark license services for a total of nine hotels. At January 31, 2015, the Trust owned a 72.11% sole general partner interest in the Partnership, which wholly-owned one InnSuites® hotel located in Tucson, Arizona, controlled a 51.01% interest in another InnSuites® hotel located in Tucson, Arizona, and controlled a 51.71% interest in one InnSuites® hotel located in Ontario, California. The Trust also owned a direct 73.61% interest in one InnSuites® hotel located in Yuma, Arizona and owned a direct 50.82% interest in one InnSuites® hotel located in Albuquerque, New Mexico (all five InnSuites® hotels are hereinafter referred to as the “Hotels”). InnSuites Hotels, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Trust, provides management services for the Hotels and three hotels owned by affiliates of James F. Wirth, the Trust’s Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. InnSuites Hotels also provides trademark and licensing services to the Hotels, three hotels owned by affiliates of Mr. Wirth and one unrelated hotel property. In addition, we provide additional services in our other business segment as reservations services for 6,300 unrelated hotel properties. The Trust has approximately 300 employees.

The Hotels have an aggregate of 843 hotel suites and operate as moderate and full-service hotels that apply a value studio and two-room suite operating philosophy formulated in 1980 by Mr. Wirth. The Trust owns and operates hotels as studio and two-room suite hotels that offer services such as free hot breakfast buffets and complimentary afternoon social hours plus amenities, such as microwave ovens, refrigerators, free high-speed hard wired and wireless Internet access and coffee makers in each studio or two-room suite.

The Trust believes that a significant opportunity for revenue growth and profitability will arise from the skillful management of the Trust’s Hotels or managed hotel properties for both increased occupancy and rates. The Trust’s primary business objective is to maximize returns to its shareholders through increases in asset value and long-term total returns to shareholders. The Trust seeks to achieve this objective through participation in increased revenues from the Hotels as a result of intensive management and marketing of the InnSuites® hotels and the “InnSuites Boutique Hotel Collection” brands in the southwestern region of the United States. See “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations -- Future Positioning” for a more detailed discussion of the Trust’s strategic objectives.

The Trust has a single class of Shares of Beneficial Interest, without par value, that are traded on the NYSE MKT under the symbol "IHT." The Partnership has two outstanding classes of limited partnership interests, Class A and Class B, which are identical in all respects. However, each Class A Partnership unit is convertible, at the option of the Class A holder, into one newly-issued Share of Beneficial Interest of the Trust and each Class B Partnership unit is convertible, upon approval of the Board of Trustees of the Trust, into one newly-issued Share of Beneficial Interest of the Trust. The Partnership Agreement of the Partnership subjects both general and limited partner units to certain restrictions on transfer.

To combat the weak economic conditions during fiscal years 2015 and 2014, we have significantly expanded IBC Hotels, a wholly owned subsidiary of InnSuites Hospitality Trust, which has a network of approximately 6,300 members representing 170 countries and over 2,000,000 rooms and suites. During the fiscal year ended January 31, 2014, IBC Hotels formed a marketing alliance with the Independent Lodging Industry Association ("ILIA"). We believe this new hotel network provides independent hotel owners a competitive advantage against traditional franchised brands in their markets. The network provides a booking system and loyalty program. IBC Hotels charges a 10% booking fee, which we believe increases the independent hotel profits. Competitors of IBC Hotels can charge anywhere from a 30% to 50% booking fee. InnDependent InnCentives, IBC's loyalty program, allows hoteliers to benefit from guests who frequently stay at IBC independent hotels. IBC Hotels is dedicated to providing guests with a unique, non-cookie cutter hotel experience in addition to providing value-added amenities and resort locations to its guests. IBC Hotels has a InnDependent InnCentives travel rewards program that provides a free stay at any worldwide IBC Hotel of their choice after booking 12 nights on IBC Hotels' website.

#### MANAGEMENT AND LICENSING CONTRACTS

The Trust directly manages the Hotels through the Trust's wholly-owned subsidiary, InnSuites Hotels. Under the management agreements, InnSuites Hotels manages the daily operations of the Hotels and the three hotels owned by affiliates of Mr. Wirth. All Trust managed Hotel expenses, revenues and reimbursements among the Trust, InnSuites Hotels and the Partnership have been eliminated in consolidation. The management fees for the Hotels and the three hotels owned by Mr. Wirth are 2.5% of room revenue and a monthly accounting fee of \$2,000 per hotel. These agreements have no expiration date and may be cancelled by either party with 90-days written notice in the event the property changes ownership.

The Trust also provides the use of the “InnSuites” trademark to the Hotels and the three hotels owned by affiliates of Mr. Wirth through the Trust’s wholly-owned subsidiary, InnSuites Hotels at no additional charge.

## MEMBERSHIP AGREEMENTS

InnSuites Hotels has entered into membership agreements with Best Western International, Inc. (“Best Western”) with respect to four of the Hotels. In exchange for use of the Best Western name, trademark and reservation system, the participating Hotels pay fees to Best Western based on reservations received through the use of the Best Western reservation system and the number of available suites at the participating Hotels. The agreements with Best Western have no specific expiration terms and may be cancelled by either party. Best Western requires that the participating hotels meet certain requirements for room quality, and the Hotels are subject to removal from its reservation system if these requirements are not met. The Hotels with third-party membership agreements received significant reservations through the Best Western reservation system. Under these arrangements, fees paid for membership fees and reservations were approximately \$342,000 and \$310,000 for fiscal years ended January 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

## COMPETITION IN THE HOTEL INDUSTRY

The hotel industry is highly competitive. We expect the major challenge for the fiscal year ending January 31, 2016 (“fiscal year 2016”) to be the continuation of strong competition for corporate leisure group and government business in the markets in which we operate, which may affect our ability to increase room rates while maintaining market share. Each of the Hotels experiences competition primarily from other mid-market hotels located in its immediate vicinity, but also competes with hotel properties located in other geographic markets. While none of the Hotels’ competitors dominate any of the Trust’s geographic markets, some of those competitors may have greater marketing and financial resources than the Trust.

Certain additional hotel property developments and/or hotel refurbishments have recently been completed by competitors in a number of the Hotels’ markets, and additional hotel property developments may be built in the future. Such hotel developments have had, and could continue to have, an adverse effect on the revenue of our Hotels in their respective markets.

The Trust has chosen to focus its hotel investments in the southwest region of the United States. The Trust has a concentration of assets in the southern Arizona market. In the markets in which the Trust operates, in particular, the Yuma, Arizona and Ontario, California markets, supply has increased during the past several years. In the Yuma, Arizona market, demand has been steady but a recent increase in supply has added significant pressure to our ability to maintain our rates and occupancy in that market. Either an increase in supply or a decline in demand could result in

increased competition, which could have an adverse effect on the revenue of our Hotels in their respective markets.

IBC Hotels provides a variety of brand-like services without the cost or hassle of a brand for a month-to-month agreement to independent hotels which make up 1/2 of the worlds hotels (not including B&Bs and rentals). These services include but are not limited to: web/mobile site presence, hotel app, booking engine, loyalty program along with strategic partnerships that provide metasite channels, fast-tracked financing, purchasing, IT services, training and education and integrations to a variety of service providers including rental cars and tours as well as property management and additional distribution.

While the travel landscape is competitive in itself, each one of these services has its own competitive landscape. Online travel agencies (OTAs) continue to fight for the unwashed customer looking for the occasional booking and hotels to push excess inventory. Brands have historically had solid demand due to their loyalty programs and consistent product offerings along with powerful education and training programs. Technology and Tourism companies have powerfully operated in their segment without much cross-over. Independent hotels have historically had trouble getting financing and purchasing power without a large brand or management contract.

The Trust may also compete for investment opportunities with other entities that have greater financial resources. These entities also may generally accept more risk than the Trust can prudently manage. Competition may generally reduce the number of suitable future investment opportunities available to the Trust and increase the bargaining power of owners seeking to sell their properties.

## REGULATION

The Trust is subject to numerous federal, state and local government laws and regulations affecting the hospitality industry, including usage, building and zoning requirements and the laws and regulations related to the preparation and sale of food and beverage such as health and liquor license laws. A violation of any of those laws and regulations or increased government regulation could require the Trust to make unplanned expenditures which may result in higher operating costs. In addition, the Trust's success in expanding our hotel operations depends upon its ability to obtain necessary building permits and zoning variances from local authorities. Compliance with these laws is time intensive and costly and may reduce the Trust's revenues and operating income.

Under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (the “ADA”), all public accommodations are required to meet certain federal requirements related to access and use by disabled persons. In addition to ADA work completed to date, the Trust may be required to remove additional access barriers or make unplanned, substantial modifications to its Hotels to comply with the ADA or to comply with other changes in governmental rules and regulations, or become subject to claims, fines and damage awards, any of which could reduce the number of total available rooms, increase operating costs and have a negative impact on the Trust’s results of operations.

Our hotel properties are subject to various federal, state and local environmental laws that impose liability for contamination. Under these laws, governmental entities have the authority to require us, as the current or former owner of the property, to perform or pay for the clean-up of contamination (including swimming pool chemicals or hazardous substances or biological waste) at or emanating from the property and to pay for natural resource damage arising from contamination. These laws often impose liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of or caused the contamination. Such liability can be joint and several, so that each covered person can be responsible for all of the costs involved, even if more than one person may have been responsible for the contamination. We can also be liable to private parties for costs of remediation, personal injury death and/or property damage resulting from contamination at or emanating from our hotel properties. Moreover, environmental contamination can affect the value of a property and, therefore, an owners’s ability to borrow funds using the property as collateral or to sell the property on favorable terms or at all. Furthermore, persons who sent waste to a waste disposal facility, such as a landfill or an incinerator, may be liable for costs associated with cleanup of that facility.

The Trust is also subject to laws governing our relationship with employees, including minimum or living wage requirements, overtime, working conditions and work permit requirements. There are frequent proposals under consideration, at the federal and state levels, to increase the minimum wage. Additional increases to the state or federal minimum wage rate, and employee benefit costs including health care or other costs associated with employees could increase expenses and result in lower operating margins.

Lastly, the Trust collects and maintains information relating to its guests for various business purposes, including maintaining guest preferences to enhance the Trust’s customer service and for marketing and promotional purposes. The collection and use of personal data are governed by privacy laws and regulations. Compliance with applicable privacy regulations may increase the Trust’s operating costs and/or adversely impact its ability to service its guests and market its products, properties and services to its guests. In addition, non-compliance with applicable privacy regulations by the Trust (or in some circumstances non-compliance by third parties engaged by the Trust) could result in fines or restrictions on its use or transfer of data.

## SEASONALITY OF THE HOTEL BUSINESS

The Hotels’ operations historically have been somewhat seasonal. The three southern Arizona hotels experience their highest occupancy in the first fiscal quarter and, to a lesser extent, the fourth fiscal quarter. The second fiscal quarter

tends to be the lowest occupancy period at the three southern Arizona hotels. This seasonality pattern can be expected to cause fluctuations in the Trust's quarterly revenues. The two hotels located in California and New Mexico historically experience their most profitable periods during the second and third fiscal quarters (the summer season), providing some balance to the general seasonality of the Trust's hotel business.

The seasonal nature of the Trust's business increases its vulnerability to risks such as labor force shortages and cash flow issues. Further, if an adverse event such as an actual or threatened terrorist attack, international conflict, data breach, regional economic downturn or poor weather conditions should occur during the first or fourth fiscal quarters, the adverse impact to the Trust's revenues could likely be greater as a result of its southern Arizona seasonal business.

#### OTHER AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We also make available, free of charge, on our Internet website at [www.innsuitestrust.com](http://www.innsuitestrust.com), our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as soon as reasonably practicable after we file such material with, or furnish it to, the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Information on our Internet website shall not be deemed incorporated into, or be part of, this report.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

Not required for smaller reporting companies.

Item 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

Not required for smaller reporting companies.

Item 2. PROPERTIES

The Trust maintains its administrative offices at the InnSuites Hotels Centre, at 1625 E. Northern Avenue, Suite 105, Phoenix, Arizona 85020 in a space leased by the Trust from a third party. All of the Hotels are operated as InnSuites® Hotels, while four Hotels are also marketed as Best Western® Hotels. All of the Hotels operate in the following locations:

<b>PROPERTY</b>	<b>NUMBER OF SUITES</b>	<b>YEAR OF CONSTRUCTION / ADDITION</b>	<b>MOST RECENT RENOVATION (1)</b>	<b>PERCENT OWNERSHIP BY THE TRUST</b>
InnSuites Hotel and Suites Airport Albuquerque Best Western Hotel	101	1975/1985	2005	50.82% (2)
InnSuites Hotel and Suites Tucson Oracle Best Western Hotel	159	1981/1983	2006	36.78% (3)
InnSuites Hotels and Suites Yuma Best Western Hotel	166	1982/1984	2013	73.61% (4)
InnSuites Hotels and Suites Ontario Airport Best Western Hotel	150	1990	2013	37.15% (5)
InnSuites Hotels and Suites Tucson St.				

Edgar Filing: INNSUITES HOSPITALITY TRUST - Form 10-K

Mary's Hotel	267	1960/1971	2013	72.11% (6)
Total Suites	843			

(1) The Trust defines a renovation as the remodeling of more than 10% of a property's available suites in a fiscal year.

(2) The Trust owns a direct 50.82% interest in the InnSuites Hotel and Suites Airport Albuquerque Best Western Hotel.

(3) The Partnership owns a 51.01% interest in the InnSuites Hotel and Suites Tucson Oracle Best Western Hotel. The Trust owns a 72.11% general partner interest in the Partnership.

(4) The Trust holds a direct 73.61% ownership interest in the InnSuites Hotels and Suites Yuma Best Western Hotel.

(5) The Partnership owns a 51.71% interest in the InnSuites Hotel and Suites Ontario Airport Best Western Hotel. The Trust owns a 72.11% general partner interest in the Partnership.

(6) The Partnership owns a 100% interest in the InnSuites Hotels and Suites Tucson St. Mary's Hotel. The Trust owns a 72.11% general partner interest in the Partnership.

See "Item 7 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – General" herein for a discussion of occupancy rates at the Hotels.

See Note 10 to the Trust's Consolidated Financial Statements – "Mortgage Notes Payable" herein for a discussion of mortgages encumbering the Hotels.

See Note 20 to the Trust's Consolidated Financial Statements – "Commitments and Contingencies" for a discussion of the lease for our corporate headquarters and the non-cancellable ground lease to which our Albuquerque Hotel is subject.

Item 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Trust is not a party to, nor are any of its properties subject to, any material litigation or environmental regulatory proceedings. See Note 20 to Trust's Consolidated Financial Statements – "Commitments and Contingencies".

Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

6

---

PART IIItem 5. MARKET FOR THE REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

The Trust's Shares of Beneficial Interest are traded on the NYSE MKT under the symbol "IHT." On April 27, 2015, the Trust had 8,273,810 shares outstanding. As of April 27, 2015, there were 368 holders of record of our Shares of Beneficial Interest.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the high and low sales prices of the Trust's Shares of Beneficial Interest, as reported on the NYSE MKT, as well as dividends declared thereon:

**Fiscal Year 2015 High Low Dividends**

First Quarter	\$2.59	\$1.45	-
Second Quarter	\$2.41	\$1.75	-
Third Quarter	\$3.09	\$1.61	-
Fourth Quarter	\$3.32	\$1.99	\$ 0.01

**Fiscal Year 2014 High Low Dividends**

First Quarter	\$1.93	\$1.55	-
Second Quarter	\$1.98	\$1.41	-
Third Quarter	\$1.99	\$1.25	-
Fourth Quarter	\$2.00	\$1.45	\$ 0.01

The Trust intends to maintain a conservative dividend policy to facilitate the reduction of debt and internal growth. In fiscal years 2015 and 2014, the Trust paid dividends of \$0.01 per share in the fourth quarter of each year. The Trust has paid dividends each fiscal year since its inception in 1971 and the Trust expects comparable cash dividends will continue to be paid in the future.

On January 2, 2001, the Board of Trustees approved a share repurchase program under Rule 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, for the purchase of up to 250,000 Partnership units and/or Shares of Beneficial Interest in open market or privately negotiated transactions. On September 10, 2002, August 18, 2005 and September 10, 2007, the Board of Trustees approved the purchase of up to 350,000 additional Partnership units and/or Shares of Beneficial Interest in open market or privately negotiated transactions. Additionally, on January 5, 2009, September 15, 2009 and January 31, 2010, the Board of Trustees approved the purchase of up to 300,000, 250,000 and 350,000, respectively, additional Partnership units and/or Shares of Beneficial Interest in open market or privately negotiated transactions. Acquired Shares of Beneficial Interest will be held in treasury and will be available for future acquisitions and financings and/or for awards granted under the Trusts' equity compensation plans/programs. During the fiscal year ended January 31, 2015, the Trust acquired 16,868 Shares of Beneficial Interest in open market transactions at an average price of \$2.57 per share. The average price paid includes brokerage commissions. The Trust intends to continue repurchasing Shares of Beneficial Interest in compliance with applicable legal and NYSE MKT requirements. The Trust remains authorized to repurchase an additional 127,919 Partnership units and/or Shares of Beneficial Interest pursuant to the publicly announced share repurchase program, which has no expiration date.

Period	Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities			
	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans
November 1 - November 30, 2014	2,512	\$ 2.55	2,512	142,275
December 1 - December 31, 2014	7,268	\$ 2.65	7,268	135,007
January 1 - January 31, 2015	7,088	\$ 2.51	7,088	127,919
Total	16,868		16,868	

See Part III, Item 12 for information about our equity compensation plans.

See Note 2 to our Consolidated Financial Statements – “Summary of Significant Accounting Policies” for information related to grants of restricted shares.

Item 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Not required for smaller reporting companies.

Item 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

OVERVIEW

We are engaged in the ownership and operation of hotel properties. At January 31, 2015, the Trust had five moderate and full-service hotels with 843 hotel suites. Four of our Hotels are branded through membership agreements with Best Western. All five Hotels are trademarked as InnSuites Hotels. We are also involved in various operations incidental to the operation of hotels, such as the operation of restaurants, meeting/banquet room rentals and the operation of a reservation system.

Our operations consist of two reportable segments, hotel ownership, which derives its revenue from the operation of the Hotels and reservation services for 6,300 unrelated hotel properties. We provide management services for the Hotels and three hotels owned by affiliates of James F. Wirth, the Trust's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. We also provide trademark and licensing services to the Hotels, three hotels owned by affiliates of Mr. Wirth and one unrelated hotel property.

Our results are significantly affected by occupancy and room rates at the Hotels, our ability to manage costs, and changes in the number of available suites caused by acquisition and disposition activities. Results are also significantly impacted by overall economic conditions and conditions in the travel industry. Unfavorable changes in these factors could negatively impact hotel room demand and pricing, which would reduce our profit margins on rented suites. Additionally, our ability to manage costs could be adversely impacted by significant increases in operating expenses, resulting in lower operating margins. Management expects greater demand and steady supply to continue. However, either a further increase in supply or a further decline in demand could result in increased competition, which could have an adverse effect on the revenue of the Hotels in their respective markets.

Weak economic conditions, both generally and specifically in the travel industry, had a negative impact on our operations in fiscal years 2015 and 2014. We anticipate moderate improvement in these conditions during fiscal year 2016. We expect moderate improvements in the overall economic conditions to result in improved business and leisure travel and relatively steady room rates. We expect the major challenge for fiscal year 2016 to be the

continuation of strong competition for corporate leisure group and government business in the markets in which we operate, which may affect our ability to increase room rates while maintaining market share. We believe that we have positioned the Hotels to remain competitive through selective refurbishment, by carrying a relatively large number of two-room suites at each location and by maintaining a robust guest Internet access system.

To combat the weak economic conditions during fiscal years 2015 and 2014, we have significantly expanded IBC Hotels, a wholly owned subsidiary of InnSuites Hospitality Trust, which provides services to approximately 6,300 properties. During the fiscal year ended January 31, 2014, IBC Hotels formed a marketing alliance with the Independent Lodging Industry Association (“ILIA”). We believe this new hotel network provides independent hotel owners a competitive advantage against traditional franchised brands in their markets. The network provides a booking system and loyalty program. IBC Hotels charges a 10% booking fee, which we believe, increases the independent hotel profits. Competitors of IBC Hotels can charge anywhere from a 30% to 50% booking fee. InnDependent InnCentives, IBC’s loyalty program, allows hoteliers to benefit from guests who frequently stay at IBC independent hotels.

## GENERAL

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Form 10-K.

At January 31, 2015, we owned through our sole general partner’s interest in the Partnership a 72.11% interest in the Tucson, Arizona Hotel, direct 50.82% interest in the Albuquerque, New Mexico Hotel, and a 73.61% direct interest in the Yuma, Arizona Hotel. Additionally, at January 31, 2015, we, together with the Partnership, owned a 51.01% interest in another hotel located in Tucson, Arizona and a 51.71% interest in a hotel located in Ontario, California. At January 31, 2014, we owned through our sole general partner’s interest in the Partnership, a 72.04% interest in the Tucson, Arizona Hotel, direct 50.85% interest in the Albuquerque, New Mexico Hotel, and a 99.90% direct interest in the Yuma, Arizona Hotel. Additionally, at January 31, 2014, we together with the Partnership owned a 51.00% interest in another hotel located in Tucson, Arizona and a 61.60% interest in a hotel located in Ontario, California. We purchased 9,903 and 0 Partnership Class A units during the years ended January 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Our expenses consist primarily of property taxes, insurance, corporate overhead, interest on mortgage debt, professional fees, depreciation of the Hotels and hotel operating expenses. Hotel operating expenses consist primarily of payroll, guest and maintenance supplies, marketing and utilities expenses. Under the terms of its Partnership Agreement, the Partnership is required to reimburse us for all such expenses. Accordingly, management believes that a review of the historical performance of the operations of the Hotels, particularly with respect to occupancy, which is calculated as rooms sold divided by total rooms available, average daily rate (“ADR”), calculated as total room revenue divided by number of rooms sold, and revenue per available room (“REVPAR”), calculated as total room revenue divided by number of rooms available, is appropriate for understanding revenue from the Hotels. In fiscal year 2015, occupancy decreased 2.49% to 63.16% from 65.65% in the prior fiscal year. ADR increased by \$1.30 or 1.95% to \$67.85 in fiscal year 2015 from \$66.55 in fiscal year 2014. The decreased occupancy and the increased ADR resulted in a decrease in REVPAR of \$0.83 or 1.90% to \$42.86 in fiscal year 2015 from \$43.69 in fiscal year 2014. The increased occupancy and continued pressure on rates reflect the slowly improving economy and travel industry during fiscal year 2015. We have accepted slightly reduced rates to increase our occupancy.

The following table shows certain historical financial and other information for the periods indicated:

	<b>For the Years Ended January 31, 2015      2014</b>	
Occupancy	63.16%	65.65%
Average Daily Rate (ADR)	\$67.85	\$66.55
Revenue Per Available Room (REVPAR)	\$42.86	\$43.69

No assurance can be given that occupancy, ADR and REVPAR will not increase or decrease as a result of changes in national or local economic or hospitality industry conditions.

We enter into transactions with certain related parties from time to time. For information relating to such related party transactions see the following:

• For a discussion of management and licensing agreements with certain related parties, see “Item 1 – Business – Management and Licensing Contracts.”

• For a discussion of guarantees of our mortgage notes payable by certain related parties, see Note 10 to our Consolidated Financial Statements – “Mortgage Notes Payable.”

•

For a discussion of our equity sales and restructuring agreements involving certain related parties, see Notes 3, 4, 5 and 6 to our Consolidated Financial Statements – “Sale of Ownership Interests in Albuquerque Subsidiary,” “Sale of Ownership Interests in Tucson Hospitality Properties Subsidiary,” “Sale of Ownership Interests in Ontario Hospitality Properties Subsidiary,” and “Sale of Ownership Interests in Yuma Hospitality Properties Subsidiary” respectively.

For a discussion of other related party transactions, see Note 17 to our Consolidated Financial Statements – “Other Related Party Transactions.”

***Results of operations of the Trust for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2015 compared to the fiscal year ended January 31, 2014.***

***Overview***

A summary of total Trust operating results for the fiscal years ended January 31, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>Change</b>	<b>% Change</b>	
Total Revenues	\$ 14,672,872	\$ 14,884,642	\$(211,770 )	-1.4	%
Operating Expenses	(15,844,247)	(14,871,754)	972,493	6.5	%
Operating (Loss) / Income	(1,171,375 )	12,888	(1,184,263)	-9188.9	%
Interest Income	9,168	5,610	3,558	63.4	%
Interest Expense	(880,069 )	(822,581 )	57,488	7.0	%
Income Tax Provision	(198,648 )	(37,148 )	161,500	434.7	%
Consolidated Net Loss	\$(2,240,924 )	\$(841,231 )	\$(1,399,693)	-166.4	%

Our overall results in fiscal year 2015 were negatively affected by a slight decrease in revenues and an increase in operating expenses which included our growing IBC Hotels division and our inability to control our income tax expenses.

A summary of operating results by segment for the fiscal years ended January 31, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	<b>2015 Hotel Operations &amp; Corporate Overhead</b>	<b>2014 Hotel Operations &amp; Corporate Overhead</b>	<b>Change</b>	<b>% Change</b>	
Total Revenue	\$ 14,652,606	\$ 14,883,881	\$(231,275 )	-1.6	%
Operating Expenses	(15,497,942)	(14,842,088)	655,854	-4.4	%
Operating (Loss) / Income	(845,336 )	41,793	(887,129 )	-2122.7	%
Interest Income	9,168	5,610	3,558	63.4	%
Interest Expense	(880,069 )	(822,581 )	(57,488 )	-7.0	%
Income Tax Expense	(198,648 )	(37,148 )	(161,500 )	-434.7	%
Net Loss	\$(1,914,885 )	\$(812,326 )	\$(1,102,559)	-135.7	%

	<b>2015 IBC Developments</b>	<b>2014 IBC Developments</b>	Change	% Change
Total Revenue	\$ 20,266	\$ 761	\$ 19,505	2563.1 %
Operating Expenses	(346,305 )	(29,666 )	316,639	1067.3 %
Operating Loss	(326,039 )	(28,905 )	(297,134)	-1028.0%
Interest Income	-	-	-	0.0 %
Interest Expense	-	-	-	0.0 %
Income Tax Expense	-	-	-	0.0 %
Net Loss	\$ (326,039 )	\$ (28,905 )	\$(297,134)	-1028.0%

Revenue:

#### Hotel Operations & Corporate Overhead Segment

For the twelve months ended January 31, 2015, we had total revenue of approximately \$14,653,000 compared to approximately \$14,884,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2014, a decrease of approximately \$231,000. With continued pressure on the economy, especially in the Yuma, Arizona and Ontario, California markets, we realized a 1.9% decrease in room revenues during fiscal year 2015 as room revenues were approximately \$13,186,000 for fiscal year 2014 as compared to approximately \$13,442,000 during fiscal year 2014. Food and beverage revenue was approximately \$954,000 for fiscal year 2015 as compared to approximately \$992,000 during fiscal year 2014, a decrease of approximately \$38,000. During fiscal year 2016, we expect improvements in occupancy, modest improvements in rates and steady food and beverage revenues. We also realized a 43% increase in management and trademark fee revenues during fiscal year 2015 as management and trademark revenues were approximately \$278,000 during fiscal year 2015 as compared to approximately \$195,000 during fiscal year 2014. Management and trademark fee revenues increased during fiscal year 2015 as a result of increased revenues in the three hotels owned by Mr. Wirth. During fiscal year 2016, we expect management and trademark fee revenues to be relatively flat and comparable to fiscal year 2015 Management and Trademark Fee revenues. Other Revenues were relatively flat for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015 compared to the twelve months ended January 31, 2014.

IBC Development Segment

For the twelve months ended January 31, 2015, we had total revenue of approximately \$20,000 compared to approximately \$1,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2014, an increase of approximately \$19,000. We anticipate strong growth in this segment over the next several fiscal years.

Expenses:

Hotel Operations & Corporate Overhead Segment

Total expenses, including interest and taxes, of approximately \$16,578,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015 reflects an increase of approximately \$876,000 compared to total expenses of approximately \$15,702,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2014. The increase was primarily due to an increase in operating expenses at the hotel properties and increased income tax provision expenses.

Room expenses consisting of salaries and related employment taxes for property management, front office, housekeeping personnel, reservation fees and room supplies were approximately \$3,958,000 for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2015 compared to approximately \$3,667,000 in the prior year period for approximately a \$291,000, or 7.9%, increase in costs. Management elected to deep clean and repaired the hotel property rooms as occupancy decreased which should increase the marketability of our properties.

Food and beverage expenses included food and beverage costs, personnel and miscellaneous costs to provide banquet events. For the fiscal year ended January 31, 2015, food and beverage expenses were approximately \$904,000 as compared to approximately \$928,000 for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2014, a savings of approximately \$24,000, or 2.6%. These costs decreased slightly during fiscal year 2015 as compared to fiscal year 2014, which corresponded directly with the decrease in food and beverage revenues over the same period.

Telecommunications expense, consisting of telephone and Internet costs, were relatively flat for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2015 at approximately \$30,000 as compared to the prior fiscal year ended January 31, 2014 at approximately \$28,000. Management anticipates this will be consistent for the fiscal year 2016 ending January 31, 2016.

General and administrative expenses include overhead charges for management, accounting, shareholder and legal services. General and administrative expenses of approximately \$3,420,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015 increased approximately \$281,000 from approximately \$3,139,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2014 primarily due to increased bad debt expenses, credit card expenses, professional fees and management fees at our Ontario, California properties and both of our Tucson, Arizona properties.

Sales and marketing expense decreased approximately \$79,000, or 7.3%, from approximately \$1,082,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2014 to approximately by \$1,003,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015. The decrease was due to additional cost saving initiatives including the decreased use of online booking agencies.

Repairs and maintenance expense slightly increased by approximately \$17,000 from approximately \$1,226,000 reported for the twelve months ended January 31, 2014 compared with approximately \$1,243,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015. The increase was primarily due to additional repairs and maintenance initiatives completed by us in an effort to ensure that hotel product exceeds our guests' satisfaction.

Hospitality expense increased by approximately \$33,000, or 3.9%, from \$837,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2014 to approximately \$870,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015. The increase was primarily due to additional product mix provided during the Hotels' complimentary happy hour.

Utility expenses increased approximately \$113,000 from approximately \$1,202,000 reported for the twelve months ended January 31, 2014 compared with approximately \$1,315,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015. Increased utility costs occurred in our Tucson St. Mary's property due to leaks and our Albuquerque, New Mexico property due to increased occupancy.

Hotel property depreciation expense remained relatively flat at approximately \$1,781,000 for the twelve months January 31, 2015 as compared to approximately \$1,784,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2014.

Real estate and personal property taxes, insurance and ground rent expense increased slightly by approximately \$6,000, or 0.6%, from approximately \$938,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2014 to approximately \$944,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015.

Interest expenses were approximately \$880,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015, an increase of approximately \$57,000 from the prior fiscal year total of approximately \$823,000. We continue to work with our lenders to refinance the property loans. The increase was primarily due to one-time charge of additional interest expense relating to the restructuring of the Tucson, Arizona mortgage note payable coupled with the increased use of our American Express note payables and our related party lines of credit offset by a decrease in our Albuquerque, New Mexico note payable payoff.

Income tax provision was approximately \$199,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015, an increase of approximately \$162,000 from the prior fiscal year total of approximately \$37,000. Increase in the tax provision is primarily due to the increased sales of ownership interests in our properties during our fiscal year ended January 31, 2015 as compared to the prior fiscal year period. Sales of ownership interests in our properties for tax purposes are considered income but under generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”), they are considered an increase in the Trusts’ equity.

#### IBC Development Segment

Total expenses which comprised primarily of general and administrative and sales and marketing of approximately \$346,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015 reflects an increase of approximately \$316,000 compared to total expenses of approximately \$30,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2014. Sales and marketing expense increased approximately \$284,000, from approximately \$30,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2014 to approximately \$314,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015. During the fiscal year ending January 31, 2015, we expanded our sales and marketing efforts by creating several marketing alliances and focused our resources on the development of technology to meet the independent guest and hotelier needs. Specifically, we expanded our hotel booking engine capabilities, website and hotel guest rewards program.

#### Net Loss:

We had a consolidated net loss before income taxes of approximately \$2,042,000 for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015, compared to approximately \$804,000 in the prior year. After deducting income tax provision of approximately \$199,000 and the net loss attributable to non-controlling interest of approximately \$137,000, we had a net loss attributable to controlling interests of approximately \$2,104,000 for fiscal year 2015, which represented approximately \$1,082,000 in additional loss attributable to controlling interests, as compared to the fiscal year 2014.

Basic and diluted net loss per share was \$(0.25) and \$(0.12) for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

### Overview – Hotel Operations & Corporate Overhead and IBC Development Segments

Our principal source of cash to meet our cash requirements, including distributions to our shareholders, is our share of the Partnership's cash flow, quarterly distributions from the Albuquerque, New Mexico and Yuma, Arizona properties and more recently, sales of non-controlling interest in certain of our Hotels. The Partnership's principal source of revenue is hotel operations for the one hotel property it owns and quarterly distributions from the Tucson, Arizona and Ontario, California properties. Our liquidity, including our ability to make distributions to our shareholders, will depend upon our ability, and the Partnership's ability, to generate sufficient cash flow from hotel operations and to service our debt.

Hotel operations are significantly affected by occupancy and room rates at the Hotels. We anticipate occupancy and ADR will be improved in the coming year; capital improvements are expected to be similar from the prior year. As of January 31, 2015, the Trust had \$125,000 drawn on its bank line of credit. Our credit line matures on June 23, 2015 and we are currently in discussions with the bank and anticipate a renewal of at least an additional year on this line of credit. As of April 24, 2015, the outstanding balance on the line of credit was \$0.

With the expected continued availability of the \$600,000 bank line of credit which management expects to timely renew, the availability of the \$1,000,000 related party Demand/Revolving Line of Credit/Promissory Note, and the refinance or extension of one of our mortgage note payables that was due on April 28, 2015, which management expects to occur, management believes that it will have enough cash on hand to meet all of our financial obligations as they become due for at least the next year. Management is actively discussing with the bank an extension of the line of credit. In addition, our management is analyzing other strategic options available to us, including the refinancing of another property or raising additional funds through additional non-controlling interest sales; however, such transactions may not be available on terms that are favorable to the Trust.

There can be no assurance that we will be successful in obtaining extensions, refinancing debt or raising additional or replacement funds, or that these funds may be available on terms that are favorable to us. If we are unable to raise additional or replacement funds, we may be required to sell certain of our assets to meet our liquidity needs, which may not be on terms that are favorable.

We anticipate a moderate improvement in the weak overall economic situation that negatively affected results in fiscal year 2015, which could result in higher revenues and operating margins in 2016. We expect the major challenge for fiscal year 2016 to be the continuation of strong competition for corporate leisure group and government business in the markets in which we operate, which may affect our ability to increase room rates while maintaining market share.

Net cash provided by operating activities totaled approximately \$600,000 and \$720,000 for the years ended January 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The decrease in net cash provided by operating activities was due to the consolidated net loss and adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities.

Consolidated net loss was approximately \$2,241,000 and \$841,000 for the years ended January 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Explanation of the differences in consolidated net loss for the years ended January 31, 2015 and 2014 are explained above in the results of operations of the Trust.

Changes in the adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities for the years ended January 31, 2015 and 2014 consist primarily of amortization of debt discounts and deferred financing fees due to refinancing of our hotel properties during the twelve months ended January 31, 2015 and changes in assets and liabilities. Changes in assets and liabilities for accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and other assets and accounts payable and accrued expenses was in total approximately \$835,000 and \$(317,000) for the fiscal years ended January 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. This significant increase in changes in assets and liabilities for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2015 compared to the fiscal year ended January 31, 2014 offset the increased consolidated net loss for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2015 compared to the consolidated net loss for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2014.

Net cash used by investing activities totaled approximately \$1,302,000 and \$862,000 for the years ended January 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase in net cash used in investing activities during fiscal year 2015 was due to our significant increase in improvements and additions to hotel properties and additional capital expenditures beyond our 4% reserve for refurbishments and replacements that is set aside annually as described below, offset by the use of restricted cash. As of January 31, 2015, we used all of the restricted cash held at the financial institutions who hold our first trustee mortgages. Net lending on advances to affiliates – related parties coupled with collections on advances to affiliates – related parties didn't significantly impact the net cash used in investing activities.

Net cash provided by financing activities totaled approximately \$814,000 and \$44,000 for the years ended January 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase of approximately \$770,000 was primarily due to the net increase of payments and borrowings on other notes payable and proceeds from sales of non-controlling ownership interest in subsidiaries, distributions to non-controlling interest holders and repurchase of treasury stock netted against the net decrease of principal payments and borrowings on mortgage notes payable and notes payable to banks.

For the twelve months ended January 31, 2015, payments and borrowings on other notes payable was approximately \$338,000 of net cash provided by financing activities and approximately \$194,000 of net cash used by financing activities during the twelve months ended January 31, 2014. We completed additional American Express merchant processing loans to augment cash flows from operating activities.

Proceeds from sales of non-controlling ownership interests in subsidiaries increased by approximately \$2,222,000 as sales of non-controlling ownership interest was approximately \$3,339,000 for the year ended January 31, 2015 and approximately \$1,117,000 for the year ended January 31, 2014. We sold additional non-controlling interest in Albuquerque, Tucson Hospitality, Ontario Hospitality and Yuma Hospitality subsidiaries.

With an increase in the Sales of Non-Controlling Ownership Interest in Subsidiaries, an increase in Distributions to Non-Controlling Interest Holders is expected. Distributions to Non-Controlling Interest Holders for the fiscal year ending January 31, 2015 were approximately \$769,000 as compared to approximately \$463,000 for the fiscal year ending January 31, 2014. These Distributions are an offset to the Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities.

The Trust repurchased additional Treasury Stock of approximately \$220,000 during the fiscal year ending January 31, 2015 compared with \$54,000 for the prior fiscal year ending January 31, 2014. Additional purchases of Treasury Stock is an offset to the Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities.

For the twelve months ended January 31, 2015, Principal Payments on Mortgage Notes Payable was approximately \$2,154,000 of Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities and approximately \$1,208,000 of Net Cash Used by Financing Activities during the twelve months ended January 31, 2014. The increase in the Principal Payments on Mortgage Notes Payable was primarily due to the repayment of the Albuquerque, New Mexico hotel property mortgage.

Borrowings on Notes Payable to Banks netted against Payments on Notes Payable to Banks were approximately \$152,000 during the fiscal year ended January 31, 2015 as compared to \$569,000 during the fiscal year ended January 31, 2014.

We continue to contribute to a Capital Expenditures Fund (the "Fund") an amount equal to 4% of the InnSuites Hotels' revenues from operation of the Hotels. The Fund is restricted by the mortgage lender for one of our properties. As of January 31, 2015, there were no monies held in these accounts reported on our Consolidated Balance Sheet as "Restricted Cash." The Fund is intended to be used for capital improvements to the Hotels and refurbishment and replacement of furniture, fixtures and equipment. During the twelve months ended January 31, 2015 and 2014, the Hotels spent approximately \$1,415,000 and \$761,000, respectively, for capital expenditures. We consider the majority of these improvements to be revenue producing. Therefore, these amounts are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. For fiscal year 2016 capital expenditures, we plan on spending approximately the same amount as we did during fiscal year 2015. Repairs and maintenance were charged to expense as incurred and approximated \$1,243,000 and \$1,226,000 for fiscal years 2015 and 2014, respectively.

We have minimum debt payments of approximately \$7,635,000 and approximately \$537,000 due during fiscal years 2016 and 2017, respectively. Minimum debt payments due during fiscal year 2016 include approximately \$5,334,000 of mortgage notes payable and \$125,000 drawn on our line of credit due during fiscal year 2016. We are actively working with our lenders and expect that we will be able to either extend or refinance our mortgage note payables and extend our line of credit.

We have a \$600,000 line of credit that bears interest at the prime rate plus 1.0% per annum with a 6.0% rate floor, has no financial covenants and matures on June 23, 2015. The line is secured by a junior security interest in the Yuma, Arizona property and our trade receivables. Mr. Wirth is a guarantor on the line of credit. On January 31, 2015, the Trust had drawn \$125,000 under the line of credit. The largest outstanding balance on the line of credit during fiscal year 2015 was \$600,000.

In addition to our line of credit as of January 31, 2015, we had mortgage notes payable of approximately \$19,122,000 outstanding with respect to the Hotels, approximately \$1,102,000 in short term secured promissory notes with a credit card merchant processor, approximately \$542,000 in an unsecured demand/revolving line of credit/promissory note, approximately \$400,000 in an unsecured promissory note to a unrelated party, and approximately \$126,000 of secured promissory notes outstanding to unrelated third parties arising from the Shares of Beneficial Interest and Partnership

unit repurchases.

We may seek to negotiate additional credit facilities or issue debt instruments. Any debt incurred or issued by us may be secured or unsecured, long-term, medium-term or short-term, bear interest at a fixed or variable rate and be subject to such other terms as we consider prudent.

#### SALE OF OWNERSHIP INTERESTS IN ALBUQUERQUE SUBSIDIARY

On July 22, 2010, the Board of Trustees unanimously approved, with Mr. Wirth abstaining, for the Partnership to enter into an agreement with Rare Earth Financial, LLC (“Rare Earth”), an affiliate of Mr. Wirth, to sell units in Albuquerque Suite Hospitality, LLC (the “Albuquerque entity”), which owns and operates the Albuquerque, New Mexico hotel property. Under the agreement, Rare Earth agreed to either purchase or bring in other investors to purchase at least 49% of the membership interests in the Albuquerque entity and the parties agreed to restructure the operating agreement of the Albuquerque entity. A total of 400 units were available for sale for \$10,000 per unit, with a two-unit minimum subscription. On September 24, 2010, the parties revised the Amended and Restated Operating Agreement to name Rare Earth as the administrative member of the Albuquerque entity in charge of the day-to-day management.

On December 9, 2013, the Trust entered into an updated restructuring agreement with Rare Earth to allow for the sale of additional interest units in the Albuquerque entity for \$10,000 per unit. Under the updated restructuring agreement, Rare Earth agreed to either purchase or bring in other investors to purchase up to 150 (and potentially up to 190 if the overallotment is exercised) units. Under the terms of the updated restructuring agreement, the Trust agreed to hold at least 50.1% of the outstanding units in the Albuquerque entity, on a post-transaction basis and intends to maintain this minimum ownership percentage through the purchase of units under this offering. The Board of Trustees approved this restructuring on December 9, 2013. The units in the Albuquerque entity are allocated to three classes with differing cumulative discretionary priority distribution rights through December 31, 2015. Class A units are owned by unrelated third parties and have first priority for distributions. Class B units are owned by the Trust and have second priority for distributions. Class C units are owned by Rare Earth or other affiliates of Mr. Wirth and have the lowest priority for distributions from the Albuquerque entity. Priority distributions of \$700 per unit per year are cumulative until December 31, 2015; however, after December 31, 2015 Class A unit holders continue to hold a preference on distributions over Class B and Class C unit holders.

If certain triggering events related to the Albuquerque entity occur prior to the payment of all accumulated distributions to its members, such accumulated distributions will be paid out of any proceeds of the event before general distribution of the proceeds to the members. In the event that funds generated from a triggering event are insufficient to pay the total amount of all such accumulated distributions owed to the members, all Class A members will participate pro rata in the funds available for distribution to them until paid in full, then Class B, and then Class C. After all investors have received their initial capital plus a 7% per annum simple return, any additional profits will be allocated 50% to Rare Earth, with the remaining 50% allocated proportionately to all unit classes. Rare Earth received a restructuring fee of \$128,000, conditioned upon and arising from the sale of the first 100 units in the Albuquerque entity following the December 31, 2013 restructuring. The Albuquerque entity plans to use its best efforts to pay the discretionary priority distributions. The Trust does not guarantee and is not otherwise obligated to pay the cumulative discretionary priority distributions. InnSuites Hotels will continue to provide management, licensing and reservation services to the Albuquerque, New Mexico property.

During the twelve months ended January 31, 2015, there were 45.5 Class A units of the Albuquerque entity sold, 55.5 Class B units sold and 8.5 Class C units sold at \$10,000 per unit. As of January 31, 2015, the Trust held a 50.82% ownership interest, or 279 Class B units, in the Albuquerque entity, Mr. Wirth and his affiliates held a 1.64% interest, or 9 Class C units, and other parties held a 47.54% interest, or 261 Class A units. As of January 31, 2015, the Albuquerque entity has discretionary Priority Return payments to unrelated unit holders of approximately \$183,000, to the Trust of approximately \$195,000, and to Mr. Wirth and his affiliates of approximately \$6,000 per year payable quarterly for calendar year 2015.

#### SALE OF OWNERSHIP INTERESTS IN TUCSON HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES SUBSIDIARY

On February 17, 2011, the Partnership entered into a restructuring agreement with Rare Earth to allow for the sale of non-controlling interest units in Tucson Hospitality Properties, LP (the "Tucson entity"), which operates the Tucson Oracle hotel property, then wholly-owned by the Partnership. Under the agreement, Rare Earth agreed to either purchase or bring in other investors to purchase up to 250 units, which represents approximately 41% of the outstanding limited partnership units in the Tucson entity, on a post-transaction basis, and the parties agreed to restructure the limited partnership agreement of the Tucson entity. The Board of Trustees approved this restructuring on January 31, 2011.

On October 1, 2013, the Partnership entered into an updated restructured limited partnership agreement with Rare Earth to allow for the sale of additional interest units in the Tucson entity for \$10,000 per unit. Under the agreement, Rare Earth agreed to either purchase or bring in other investors to purchase up to 160 (and potentially up to 200 if the over-allotment is exercised) units. Under the terms of the updated restructuring agreement, the Partnership agreed to hold at least 50.1% of the outstanding limited partnership units in the Tucson entity, on a post-transaction basis and intends to maintain this minimum ownership percentage through the purchase of units under this offering. The Board of Trustees approved this restructuring on September 14, 2013. The limited partnership interests in the Tucson entity are allocated to three classes with differing cumulative discretionary priority distribution rights through June 30, 2016. Class A units are owned by unrelated third parties and have first priority for distributions. Class B units are

owned by the Partnership and have second priority for distributions. Class C units are owned by Rare Earth or other affiliates of Mr. Wirth and have the lowest priority for distributions from the Tucson entity. Priority distributions of \$700 per unit per year are cumulative until June 30, 2016; however, after June 30, 2016 Class A unit holders continue to hold a preference on distributions over Class B and Class C unit holders.

If certain triggering events related to the Tucson entity occur prior to the payment of all accumulated distributions to its members, such accumulated distributions will be paid out of any proceeds of the event before general distribution of the proceeds to the members. In the event that funds generated from a triggering event are insufficient to pay the total amount of all such accumulated distributions owed to the members, all Class A members will participate pro rata in the funds available for distribution to them until paid in full, then Class B, and then Class C. After all investors have received their initial capital plus a 7% per annum simple return, any additional profits will be allocated 50% to Rare Earth, with the remaining 50% allocated proportionately to all unit classes. Rare Earth also received a restructuring fee of \$128,000, conditioned upon and arising from the sale of the first 100 units in the Tucson entity following the October 1, 2013 restructuring. The Tucson entity plans to use its best efforts to pay the discretionary priority distributions. The Trust does not guarantee and is not otherwise obligated to pay the cumulative discretionary priority distributions. InnSuites Hotels will continue to provide management, licensing and reservation services to the Tucson, Arizona property.

During the twelve months ended January 31, 2015, there were 9.5 Class A units of the Tucson entity sold, of which 1 Class A unit was purchased from REF, and 9 Class B units sold at \$10,000 per unit. As of January 31, 2015, the Partnership held a 51.01% ownership interest, or 404 Class B units, in the Tucson entity, Mr. Wirth and his affiliates held a 1.39% interest, or 11 Class C units, and other parties held a 47.60% interest, or 377 Class A units. As of January 31, 2014, the Partnership held a 51.00% ownership interest, or 395 Class B units, in the Tucson entity, Mr. Wirth and his affiliates held a 1.55% interest, or 12 Class C units, and other parties held a 47.45% interest, or 367.5 Class A units. As of January 31, 2015, the Tucson entity has discretionary Priority Return payments to unrelated unit holders of approximately \$264,000 to the Partnership of approximately \$283,000 and to Rare Earth of approximately \$8,000 per year payable quarterly for calendar years 2015 and 2016.

## SALE OF OWNERSHIP INTERESTS IN ONTARIO HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES SUBSIDIARY

On February 29, 2012, the Trust and Partnership entered into a restructuring agreement with Rare Earth to allow for the sale of non-controlling interest units in Ontario Hospitality Properties, LP for \$10,000 per unit, which operates the Ontario hotel property, then wholly-owned by the Partnership. Under the agreement, Rare Earth agreed to either purchase or bring in other investors to purchase up to 250 units, which represents approximately 49% of the outstanding partnership units in the Ontario entity, on a post-transaction basis, and the parties agreed to restructure the limited partnership agreement of the Ontario entity. The Board of Trustees approved this restructuring on February 1, 2012. Under the restructured limited partnership agreement, Rare Earth became a general partner of the Ontario entity along with the Trust and Partnership.

On March 1, 2014, the Trust and Partnership entered into an updated restructuring agreement with Rare Earth to allow for the sale of additional interest units in the Ontario entity for \$10,000 per unit. Under the updated restructuring agreement, Rare Earth agreed to either purchase or bring in other investors to purchase up to 235 (and potentially up to 275 if the overallotment is exercised) units. Under the terms of the updated restructuring agreement, the Partnership agreed to hold at least 50.1% of the outstanding limited partnership units in the Ontario entity, on a post-transaction basis and intends to maintain this minimum ownership percentage through the purchase of units under this offering. The Board of Trustees approved this restructuring on March 24, 2014. The limited partnership interests in the Ontario entity are allocated to three classes with differing cumulative discretionary priority distribution rights through March 31, 2017. Class A units are owned by unrelated third parties and have first priority for distributions. Class B units are owned by the Trust and have second priority for distributions. Class C units are owned by Rare Earth or other affiliates of Mr. Wirth and have the lowest priority for distributions from the Ontario entity. Priority distributions of \$700 per unit per year are cumulative until December 31, 2015; however, after March 31, 2017 Class A unit holders continue to hold a preference on distributions over Class B and Class C unit holders.

If certain triggering events related to the Ontario entity occur prior to the payment of all accumulated distributions to its members, such accumulated distributions will be paid out of any proceeds of the event before general distribution of the proceeds to the members. In the event that funds generated from a triggering event are insufficient to pay the total amount of all such accumulated distributions owed to the members, all Class A members will participate pro rata in the funds available for distribution to them until paid in full, then Class B, and then Class C. After all investors have received their initial capital plus a 7% per annum simple return, any additional profits will be allocated 50% to Rare Earth, with the remaining 50% allocated proportionately to all unit classes. Rare Earth also received a restructuring fee of \$128,000, conditioned upon and arising from the sale of the first 100 units in the Ontario entity following the March 1, 2014 restructuring. The Ontario entity is required to use its best efforts to pay the priority distributions. The Trust does not guarantee and is not otherwise obligated to pay the cumulative priority distributions. InnSuites Hotels will continue to provide management, licensing and reservation services to the Ontario, California property.

During the twelve months ended January 31, 2015, there were 109 Class A units of the Ontario entity sold, 84 Class B units sold and 20 Class C units sold at \$10,000 per unit. As of January 31, 2015, and after the recognition of upward adjustments to certain of the unit holders, the Partnership held a 51.71% ownership interest, or 498 Class B units, in

the Ontario entity, Mr. Wirth and his affiliates held a 3.64% interest through Rare Earth, or 35 Class C units, and other parties held a 44.65% interest, or 430 Class A units. As of January 31, 2014, the Partnership held a 61.55% ownership interest, or 392.7 Class B units, in the Ontario entity, Mr. Wirth and his affiliates held a 1.57% interest through Rare Earth, or 10 Class C units, and other parties held a 36.83% interest, or 235 Class A units. As of January 31, 2015 the Ontario entity has discretionary Priority Return payments to unrelated unit holders of approximately \$349,000, to the Partnership of approximately \$301,000 and to Rare Earth of approximately \$25,000 per year payable quarterly for calendar years 2015, 2016 and 2017.

#### SALE OF OWNERSHIP INTERESTS IN YUMA HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES SUBSIDIARY

On October 24, 2014, the Trust and Partnership entered into a restructuring agreement with Rare Earth to allow for the sale of non-controlling interest units in Yuma Hospitality Properties, Limited Partnership (the “Yuma” entity) for \$10,000 per unit, which operates the Yuma hotel property, then wholly-owned by the Trust. Prior to the agreement there were 750 units outstanding and as a result of the agreement, an additional 50 units will be created for sale. Under the agreement, Rare Earth agreed to either purchase or bring in other investors to purchase up to 398 units, which represents approximately 49% of the outstanding partnership units in the Yuma entity, on a post-transaction basis, and the parties agreed to restructure the limited partnership agreement of the Yuma entity. The Board of Trustees approved this restructuring on October 24, 2014. Under the restructured limited partnership agreement, Rare Earth became a general partner of the Yuma entity along with the Trust and Partnership.

The limited partnership interests in the Yuma entity are allocated to three classes with differing cumulative discretionary priority distribution rights through January 31, 2020. Class A units are owned by unrelated third parties and have first priority for distributions. Class B units are owned by the Trust and have second priority for distributions. Class C units are owned by Rare Earth or other affiliates of Mr. Wirth and have the lowest priority for distributions from the Yuma entity. Priority distributions of \$700 per unit per year are cumulative until January 31, 2020. After January 31, 2020, all Partnership Interests will share equally in all distributions.

If certain triggering events related to the Yuma entity occur prior to the payment of all accumulated distributions to its members, such accumulated distributions will be paid out of any proceeds of the event before general distribution of the proceeds to the members. In the event that funds generated from a triggering event are insufficient to pay the total amount of all such accumulated distributions owed to the members, all Class A members will participate pro rata in the funds available for distribution to them until paid in full, then Class B, and then Class C. After all investors have received their initial capital plus a 7% per annum simple return, any additional profits will be allocated 50% to Rare Earth, with the remaining 50% allocated proportionately to all unit classes. Rare Earth will receive a restructuring fee of \$350,000, conditioned upon and arising from the sale of the first 150 units in the Yuma entity following the October 24, 2014 restructuring. The Trust has paid out \$85,000 of the \$350,000 restructuring fee and accrued the remaining \$265,000 at January 31, 2015. The \$265,000 was paid in March, 2016. The Yuma entity is required to use its best efforts to pay the priority distributions. The Trust does not guarantee and is not otherwise obligated to pay the cumulative priority distributions. InnSuites Hotels will continue to provide management, licensing and reservation services to the Yuma, Arizona property.

During the twelve months ended January 31, 2015, there were 210.10 Class A units of the Yuma entity sold at \$10,000 per unit, of which 160.10 were sold from the Trust and the remaining 50 units were newly issued units. As of January 31, 2015, the Trust held a 73.61% ownership interest, or 588.90 Class B units, in the Tucson entity, Mr. Wirth and his affiliates held a 0.13% interest, or 1 Class C unit, and other parties held a 26.26% interest, or 210.10 Class A units. As of January 31, 2015, the Yuma entity has discretionary Priority Return payments to unrelated unit holders of approximately \$147,000 to the Trust of approximately \$412,000 and to Rare Earth of approximately \$1,000 per year payable quarterly for calendar years 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020.

#### COMPLIANCE WITH CONTINUED LISTING STANDARDS OF NYSE MKT

##### NYSE MKT Compliance:

On January 8, 2013, the Trust received a letter from the NYSE MKT LLC (f/k/a AMEX) (the "NYSE MKT") informing the Trust that the staff of the NYSE MKT's Corporate Compliance Department has determined that the Trust is not in compliance with Section 1003(a)(ii) of the NYSE MKT Company Guide due to the Trust having stockholders' equity of less than \$4.0 million and losses from continuing operations in three of its four most recent fiscal years.

The Trust was afforded the opportunity to submit a plan of compliance to the NYSE MKT and submitted its plan on February 5, 2013. On March 21, 2013, the NYSE MKT notified the Trust that it accepted the Trust's plan of compliance and granted the Trust an extension until April 30, 2014 to regain compliance with the continued listing standards.

On May 2, 2013, the Trust received another letter from the NYSE MKT informing the Trust that the Trust is not in compliance with an additional continued listing standard of the NYSE MKT, Section 1003(a)(iii) of the NYSE MKT Company Guide, due to the Trust having stockholders' equity of less than \$6.0 million and net losses in five consecutive fiscal years as of January 31, 2013. The plan submitted in response to the first letter received increased stockholders' equity in excess of \$6.0 million before the April 30, 2014 deadline; therefore, the Trust was not required to submit an additional plan to regain compliance with the continued listing standards.

On December 16, 2013, the Trust requested an extension of the plan period. Based on a review of information provided by the Trust, on January 10, 2014, the NYSE MKT granted the Trust an extension of time to regain compliance with the NYSE MKT continued listing standards until July 8, 2014.

On January 31, 2014, both the Audit Committee of the Board of Trustees and the independent members of the Board of Trustees met in separate meetings to discuss the potential purchase of 51% of the partnership interests of Fort Worth/Dallas Suite Hospitality Partnership by the Trust and other potential ideas to increase the Trust's equity to meet the NYSE MKT's shareholders' equity requirements. The Fort Worth/Dallas Suite Hospitality Partnership is controlled by Mr. Wirth and his affiliates. During both meetings, the participants concluded that the combination of our 51% purchase of Fort Worth/Dallas Partnership and additional syndication of our Tucson, Albuquerque and Ontario entities were the most cost effective way to meet the NYSE MKT's shareholders' equity requirements.

On February 3, 2014, the Audit Committee of the Board of Trustees met to review and discuss the draft Purchase Agreement for the Fort Worth/Dallas Suite Hospitality Partnership and the implications of this purchase to our shareholders. Due to Mr. Wirth's and his family members' interests in the Fort Worth/Dallas Suite Hospitality Partnership, the Audit Committee of the Board of Trustees concluded that this transaction was a related party transaction, considered such transaction in accordance with our Related Party Transactions Policy, and determined that it was fair to the Trust and its shareholders. The independent Trustees of our Board also met on February 3, 2014. Both the Audit Committee and the independent Trustees of our Board concluded that purchase price of Fort Worth/Dallas Suite Hospitality Partnership, which is based on the audited book value as of January 31, 2014, is significantly less than the market value of the Hotel Trinity property. The Audit Committee of the Board of Trustees recommended, by unanimous vote, to our Board of Trustees to approve our purchase of 51% of the partnership interests of Fort Worth/Dallas Suite Hospitality Partnership recognizing that the transaction is with a related party. On February 3, 2014, the independent members of our Board of Trustees voted unanimously to approve this acquisition, subject to the consent of a lender of Fort Worth/Dallas Suite Hospitality Partnership to the acquisition and shareholder approval of the issuance of our Shares of Beneficial Interest as consideration for the acquisition, which was approved at our annual meeting in June 2014. The lender has consented to the acquisition.

On March 24, 2014, the Trust entered into the Purchase Agreement with Fort Worth/Dallas Suite Hospitality Partnership, an affiliate of Mr. Wirth, our Chairman of the Board of Trustees, Chief Executive Officer and largest shareholder, to purchase 51% of the partnership interests of Fort Worth/Dallas Suite Hospitality Partnership, upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Purchase Agreement. The Purchase Agreement was unanimously approved by our Audit Committee and by our independent Trustees. In addition, the RRF Limited Partnership Agreement was amended to facilitate this acquisition by eliminating the requirement for the Trust to contribute its 51% of the partnership interests of Fort Worth/Dallas Suite Hospitality Partnership, when and if acquired, to the Partnership in exchange of additional general partner interests in the Partnership.

On June 27, 2014, the Trusts' Shareholders approved the issuance of Shares of Beneficial Interest of the Trust as consideration for the acquisition of 51% of the partnership interests of Fort Worth/Dallas Suite Hospitality Partnership. After completion of the Shareholder Meeting on June 27, 2014, the independent Trustees jointly with Hotel Trinity's seller, Suite Hotels, LLC, elected not to have the Trust complete the acquisition of Hotel Trinity at this time pending further Board of Trustee review.

On June 27, 2014, the Trust received another letter from the NYSE MKT informing the Trust that the Trust is not in compliance with continued listing standards of the NYSE MKT, Section 1003(a)(ii) and Section 1003(a)(iii) of the NYSE MKT Company Guide, due to the Trust having stockholders' equity of less than \$4.0 million and \$6.0 million, respectively, as of April 30, 2014, and net losses in five consecutive fiscal years as of January 31, 2014. The Trust was informed by the NYSE MKT that a significant portion of the Trust's non-controlling interest may not be used in its compliance calculation. The Trust was afforded the opportunity to submit a plan to the NYSE MKT by July 29, 2014 (the "plan period") on how it intends to regain compliance with Section 1003(a)(ii) and 1003(a)(iii) by June 27, 2015. On July 24, 2014, the Trust submitted a plan to the NYSE MKT for its review and approval and subsequently provided additional information to the NYSE MKT.

On September 19, 2014, the NYSE MKT notified the Trust that it is not in compliance with Section 1003(a)(i) of the NYSE MKT Company Guide since it reported Stockholders' Equity of less than \$2.0 million at July 31, 2014 and has incurred losses in two of its three fiscal years ended January 31, 2014. The NYSE has accepted Trusts' equity expansion compliance plan and has granted the Trust an extension of time until December 29, 2015 to comply with Sections 1003(a)(i), 1003(a)(ii) and 1003(a)(iii) of the NYSE MKT Company Guide.

The Trust will continue to be subject to periodic reviews by the NYSE MKT's staff during this period. Failure to make progress consistent with the Plan or regain compliance with all continued listing standards of the NYSE MKT by the end of the plan period could result in the Trust being delisted from the NYSE MKT.

#### NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

The following non-GAAP presentations of earnings before interest taxes depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") and funds from operations ("FFO") are made to assist our investors in evaluating our operating performance.

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as earnings before minority interest, interest expense, amortization of loan costs, interest income, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, and non-controlling interests in the Trust. We present Adjusted EBITDA because we believe these measurements (a) more accurately reflect the ongoing performance of our hotel assets and other investments, (b) provide more useful information to investors as indicators of our ability to meet our future debt payment and working capital requirements, and (c) provide an overall evaluation of our financial condition. Adjusted EBITDA as calculated by us may not be comparable to Adjusted EBITDA reported by other companies that do not define Adjusted EBITDA exactly as we define the term. Adjusted EBITDA does not represent cash generated from operating activities determined in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to (a) GAAP net income or loss as an indication of our financial performance or (b) GAAP cash flows from operating activities as a measure of our liquidity.

A reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net loss attributable to controlling interests for the twelve months ended January 31, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	<b>Twelve Months Ended</b>	
	<b>January 31,</b>	
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Net loss attributable to controlling interests	\$(2,103,637)	\$(1,021,823)
Adjustments:		
Depreciation	1,782,421	1,783,595
Interest expense	880,069	822,581
Non-controlling interest	(137,287 )	180,592
Taxes	198,648	37,148
Interest income	(9,168 )	(5,610 )
<b>ADJUSTED EBITDA</b>	<b>\$611,046</b>	<b>\$1,796,483</b>

FFO is calculated on the basis defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (“NAREIT”), which is net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders, computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains or losses on sales of properties, asset impairment adjustments, and extraordinary items as defined by GAAP, plus depreciation and amortization of real estate assets, and after adjustments for unconsolidated joint ventures and non-controlling interests in the operating partnership. NAREIT developed FFO as a relative measure of performance of an equity REIT to recognize that income-producing real estate historically has not depreciated on the basis determined by GAAP. The Trust is an unincorporated Ohio real estate investment trust; however, the Trust is not a real estate investment trust for federal taxation purposes. Management uses this measurement to compare itself to REITs with similar depreciable assets. We consider FFO to be an appropriate measure of our ongoing normalized operating performance. We compute FFO in accordance with our interpretation of standards established by NAREIT, which may not be comparable to FFO reported by other companies that either do not define the term in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or interpret the NAREIT definition differently than us. FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities as determined by GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to (a) GAAP net income or loss as an indication of our financial performance or (b) GAAP cash flows from operating activities as a measure of our liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to satisfy our cash needs, including our ability to make cash distributions. However, to facilitate a clear understanding of our historical operating results, we believe that FFO should be considered along with our net income or loss and cash flows reported in the consolidated financial statements.

A reconciliation of FFO to net loss attributable to controlling interests for twelve months ended January 31, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	<b>Twelve Months Ended</b>	
	<b>January 31,</b>	
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Net loss attributable to controlling interest	\$(2,103,637)	\$(1,021,823)

Adjustments:

Loss on Disposal of Assets	-	15,010
Depreciation	1,782,421	1,783,595
Non-controlling interest	(137,287 )	180,592
FFO	\$(458,503 )	\$957,374

FUTURE POSITIONING

In viewing the hotel industry cycles, the Board of Trustees determined that 2008 may have been the high point of the current hotel industry cycle and further determined it was appropriate to actively seek buyers for our properties. We engaged the services of several hotel brokers and began independently advertising our Hotels for sale. We continue to independently advertise our Hotels for sale, including on our website ([www.suitehotelsrealty.com](http://www.suitehotelsrealty.com)).

The table below lists our hotel properties, their respective book values, mortgage balance and the listed asking price for the hotel properties.

<b>Hotel Property</b>	<b>Book Value</b>	<b>Mortgage Balance</b>	<b>Listed Asking Price</b>
Albuquerque	\$1,254,031	\$-	\$6,900,000
Ontario	5,618,511	5,580,409	14,900,000
Tucson Oracle	6,508,847	3,462,188	11,200,000
Tucson St. Mary's	7,335,342	4,861,936	10,900,000
Yuma	5,101,715	5,217,203	12,500,000