AMES NATIONAL CORP
Form 10-Q
November 06, 2018

Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[Mark One]

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2018

[_] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ____________ to ____________

Commission File Number 0-32637

AMES NATIONAL CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

IOWA	**42-1039071**
(State or Other Jurisdiction of	(I. R. S. Employer

Incorporation or Organization) Identification Number)

405 FIFTH STREET

AMES, IOWA 50010

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: **(515) 232-6251**

Not Applicable

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes _X_ No ___

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this Chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes __X _ No ____

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See definition of “accelerated filer”, “large accelerated filer”, “smaller reporting company” and “emerging growth company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer____ Accelerated filer__X__ Non-accelerated filer____ Smaller reporting company_X__ Emerging growth company____

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(1) of the Exchange Act. ____

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ____ No ___X_

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

COMMON STOCK, $2.00 PAR VALUE	**9,310,913**
(Class)	(Shares Outstanding at October 31, 2018)

Table of Contents

AMES NATIONAL CORPORATION

INDEX

Table of Contents

AMES NATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(unaudited)

	September 30, 2018	**December 31, 2017**
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	$25,318,944	$26,397,550
Interest bearing deposits in financial institutions	38,048,525	43,021,953
Securities available-for-sale	474,442,299	495,321,664
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) and Federal Reserve Bank (FRB) stock, at cost	2,946,100	3,021,200
Loans receivable, net	859,830,015	771,549,655
Loans held for sale	279,940	-
Bank premises and equipment, net	16,071,119	15,399,146
Accrued income receivable	9,485,035	8,382,391
Other real estate owned	729,795	385,509
Bank-owned life insurance	2,757,310	-
Deferred income taxes, net	4,803,300	2,542,533
Intangible assets, net	2,842,085	1,091,462
Goodwill	9,618,621	6,732,216
Other assets	1,079,179	1,214,371
Total assets	$1,448,252,267	$1,375,059,650
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Deposits		
Demand, noninterest bearing	$220,806,001	$227,332,347
NOW accounts	369,779,264	322,392,945
Savings and money market	414,057,574	389,630,180
Time, $250,000 and over	42,849,563	38,838,782
Other time	168,268,111	156,196,433
Total deposits	1,215,760,513	1,134,390,687
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	48,858,900	37,424,619
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) advances	8,400,000	13,500,000
Other borrowings	-	13,000,000
Dividends payable	2,141,510	2,048,401
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	4,461,535	3,942,801
Total liabilities	1,279,622,458	1,204,306,508

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common stock, $2 par value, authorized 18,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 9,310,913 shares as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017	18,621,826	18,621,826
Additional paid-in capital	20,878,728	20,878,728
Retained earnings	135,828,253	131,684,961
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) - net unrealized (loss) on securities available-for-sale	(6,698,998)	(432,373)
Total stockholders' equity	168,629,809	170,753,142
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	$1,448,252,267	$1,375,059,650

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

3

Table of Contents

AMES NATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		**Nine Months Ended September 30,**	
	2018	**2017**	**2018**	**2017**
Interest income:				
Loans, including fees	$9,557,527	$8,729,702	$27,442,604	$25,345,116
Securities:				
Taxable	1,545,541	1,557,872	4,638,503	4,637,498
Tax-exempt	1,085,131	1,210,510	3,451,084	3,819,380
Interest bearing deposits and federal funds sold	272,358	114,820	721,417	365,346
Total interest income	12,460,557	11,612,904	36,253,608	34,167,340
Interest expense:				
Deposits	1,740,579	1,169,296	4,736,455	3,204,115
Other borrowed funds	134,017	292,054	533,870	862,798
Total interest expense	1,874,596	1,461,350	5,270,325	4,066,913
Net interest income	10,585,961	10,151,554	30,983,283	30,100,427
Provision for loan losses	100,000	57,277	192,978	1,221,620
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	10,485,961	10,094,277	30,790,305	28,878,807
Noninterest income:				
Wealth management income	877,146	747,634	2,534,510	2,180,941
Service fees	363,993	401,237	1,036,841	1,126,122
Securities gains, net	-	37,881	-	498,560
Gain on sale of loans held for sale	207,856	179,553	576,441	544,095
Merchant and card fees	358,816	348,847	1,035,338	1,017,362
Gain on foreclosure of other real estate owned	162,862	-	162,862	-
Other noninterest income	191,130	144,953	570,685	598,791
Total noninterest income	2,161,803	1,860,105	5,916,677	5,965,871
Noninterest expense:				
Salaries and employee benefits	4,331,976	4,026,932	13,216,844	12,058,903
Data processing	838,414	807,419	2,506,804	2,481,331
Occupancy expenses, net	536,004	527,071	1,490,395	1,546,657
FDIC insurance assessments	99,934	111,987	308,002	326,958
Professional fees	423,172	307,484	1,123,577	919,157
Business development	327,985	262,408	821,344	722,869
Intangible asset amortization	94,883	89,861	266,337	280,837

Data conversion costs	167,815	-	167,815	-
Other operating expenses, net	167,649	162,826	664,914	835,414
Total noninterest expense	6,987,832	6,295,988	20,566,032	19,172,126
Income before income taxes	5,659,932	5,658,394	16,140,950	15,672,552
Provision for income taxes	1,201,100	1,729,987	3,328,100	4,661,687
Net income	$4,458,832	$3,928,407	$12,812,850	$11,010,865
Basic and diluted earnings per share	$0.48	$0.42	$1.38	$1.18
Dividends declared per share	$0.23	$0.22	$0.94	$0.66

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

AMES NATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	**2017**	**2018**	**2017**
Net income	$4,458,832	$3,928,407	$12,812,850	$11,010,865
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax:				
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities before tax:				
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the period	(2,171,391)	(270,853)	(8,245,692)	5,828,684
Less: reclassification adjustment for gains realized in net income	-	37,881	-	498,560
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax	(2,171,391)	(308,734)	(8,245,692)	5,330,124
Tax effect related to other comprehensive income (loss)	542,848	114,233	2,061,767	(1,972,145)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(1,628,543)	(194,501)	(6,183,925)	3,357,979
Comprehensive income	$2,830,289	$3,733,906	$6,628,925	$14,368,844

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

AMES NATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(unaudited)
Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Taxes	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance, June 30, 2017	$18,621,826	$20,878,728	$129,167,032	$ 2,975,793	$171,643,379
Net income	-	-	3,928,407	-	3,928,407
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(194,501)	(194,501)
Cash dividends declared, $0.22 per share	-	-	(2,048,401)	-	(2,048,401)
Balance, September 30, 2017	$18,621,826	$20,878,728	$131,047,038	$ 2,781,292	$173,328,884
Balance, June 30, 2018	$18,621,826	$20,878,728	$133,510,931	$ (5,070,455)	$167,941,030
Net income	-	-	4,458,832	-	4,458,832
Other comprehensive (loss)	-	-	-	(1,628,543)	(1,628,543)
Cash dividends declared, $0.23 per share	-	-	(2,141,510)	-	(2,141,510)
Balance, September 30, 2018	$18,621,826	$20,878,728	$135,828,253	$ (6,698,998)	$168,629,809

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Taxes	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2016	$18,621,826	$20,878,728	$126,181,376	$ (576,687)	$165,105,243

Net income	-	-	11,010,865	-	11,010,865
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	3,357,979	3,357,979
Cash dividends declared, $0.66 per share	-	-	(6,145,203)	-	(6,145,203)
Balance, September 30, 2017	$18,621,826	$20,878,728	$131,047,038	$2,781,292	$173,328,884
Balance, December 31, 2017	$18,621,826	$20,878,728	$131,684,961	$(432,373)	$170,753,142
Net income	-	-	12,812,850	-	12,812,850
Other comprehensive (loss)	-	-	-	(6,183,925)	(6,183,925)
The cumulative effect from change in accounting policy (1)	-	-	82,700	(82,700)	-
Cash dividends declared, $0.94 per share	-	-	(8,752,258)	-	(8,752,258)
Balance, September 30, 2018	$18,621,826	$20,878,728	$135,828,253	$(6,698,998)	$168,629,809

(1) The cumulative effect for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, reflects adoption in first quarter 2018 of ASU 2018-02.

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

AMES NATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(unaudited)
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	**2017**
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	$12,812,850	$11,010,865
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Provision for loan losses	192,978	1,221,620
Provision for off-balance sheet commitments	9,000	4,000
Amortization, net	1,583,534	2,129,648
Amortization of intangible asset	266,337	280,837
Depreciation	845,163	861,700
Deferred income taxes	(24,000)	(303,999)
Securities gains, net	-	(498,560)
(Gain) on sales of loans held for sale	(576,441)	(544,095)
Proceeds from loans held for sale	23,480,924	22,668,307
Originations of loans held for sale	(23,184,423)	(22,161,394)
Loss on sale of premises and equipment, net	11,479	56,168
(Gain) on sale and foreclosure of other real estate owned, net	(226,054)	(14,648)
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) in accrued income receivable	(239,749)	(654,349)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	133,639	(377,095)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities	385,983	(126,404)
Net cash provided by operating activities	15,471,220	13,552,601
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of securities available-for-sale	(24,209,779)	(46,766,543)
Proceeds from sale of securities available-for-sale	-	11,756,963
Proceeds from maturities and calls of securities available-for-sale	52,143,244	48,326,502
Purchase of FHLB stock	(3,070,400)	(4,505,400)
Proceeds from the redemption of FHLB stock	3,275,100	4,261,600
Net (increase) decrease in interest bearing deposits in financial institutions	6,448,428	(3,749,025)
Net (increase) in loans	(12,239,005)	(13,190,423)
Net proceeds from the sale of other real estate owned	117,905	191,564
Purchase of bank premises and equipment, net	(591,165)	(447,039)
Cash paid, net of cash acquired, for bank acquired	(13,443,219)	-
Other	1,139,029	(61,761)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	9,570,138	(4,183,562)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase (decrease) in deposits	(1,795,096)	5,129,194
Increase (decrease) in securities sold under agreements to repurchase	2,434,281	(19,336,317)

Payments on FHLB borrowings and other borrowings	(24,500,000)	(1,000,000)
Proceeds from short-term borrowings and other borrowings	6,400,000	5,500,000
Dividends paid	(8,659,149)	(6,052,094)
Net cash (used in) financing activities	(26,119,964)	(15,759,217)
Net (decrease) in cash and due from banks	(1,078,606)	(6,390,178)
CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS		
Beginning	26,397,550	29,478,068
Ending	$25,318,944	$23,087,890

7

Table of Contents

AMES NATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)
(unaudited)
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	**2017**
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Cash payments for:		
Interest	$5,039,767	$4,027,782
Income taxes	3,484,746	5,050,220
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Transfer of loans receivable to other real estate owned	$116,137	$16,668
Business Combination:		
Fair value of interest bearing deposits in financial institutions acquired	$1,475,000	$-
Fair value of federal funds sold acquired	1,154,000	
Fair value of securities available-for-sale acquired	17,196,715	-
Fair value of loans receivable acquired	76,041,470	-
Fair value of bank premises and equipment acquired	924,400	-
Fair value of accrued interst receivable acquired	862,895	
Fair value of other real estate owned acquired	120,000	-
Fair value of other tangible assets acquired	318,596	-
Fair value of bank owned life insurance	2,754,798	
Goodwill	2,886,405	-
Core deposit intangible	2,002,000	-
Deposits assumed	83,169,311	-
Federal funds purchased assumed	9,000,000	
Other liabilities assumed	123,749	-

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

AMES NATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements *(unaudited)*

1. Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 are unaudited. In the opinion of the management of Ames National Corporation (the "Company"), these financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring accruals, necessary to present fairly these consolidated financial statements. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results which may be expected for an entire year. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in complete financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been omitted in accordance with the requirements for interim financial statements. The interim financial statements and notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the year-end audited financial statements contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 (the “Annual Report”). The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned banking subsidiaries (the “Banks”). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Goodwill: Goodwill represents the excess of cost over the fair value of net assets acquired. Goodwill resulting from acquisitions is not amortized, but is tested for impairment annually or whenever events change and circumstances indicate that it is more likely than not that an impairment loss has occurred. Goodwill is tested for impairment using a two-step process that begins with an estimation of the fair value of a reporting unit. The second step, if necessary, measures the amount of impairment, if any.

Significant judgment is applied when goodwill is assessed for impairment. This judgment includes developing cash flow projections, selecting appropriate discount rates, identifying relevant market comparables, incorporating general economic and market conditions and selecting an appropriate control premium. At September 30, 2018, Company management has performed a goodwill impairment assessment and determined goodwill was not impaired.

New and Pending Accounting Pronouncements: In January 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standard Update (“ASU”) No. 2016-01, Financial Instruments—Overall (Subtopic 825-10): *Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities.* The update enhances the reporting model for financial instruments to provide users of financial statements with more decision-useful information by updating certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial instruments. Among other changes, the update includes requiring changes in fair value of equity securities with readily determinable fair value to be recognized in net income and clarifies that entities should evaluate the need for a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to available for sale securities in combination with the entities' other deferred tax assets. Among other items the ASC requires public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes. The Company adopted this guidance effective January 1, 2018 and is to be applied on a modified retrospective basis. The fair value of the Company's loan portfolio is presented using an exit price method. Also, the Company is no longer required to disclose the methodologies used for estimating fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost on a recurring or nonrecurring basis. The remaining requirements of this update did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). The ASU requires a lessee to recognize on the balance sheet assets and liabilities for leases with lease terms of more than 12 months. Consistent with current GAAP, the recognition, measurement, and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by a lessee primarily will depend on its classification as a finance or operating lease. Unlike current GAAP, which requires that only capital leases be recognized on the balance sheet, the ASC requires that both types of leases by recognized on the balance sheet. In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-11, Targeted Improvements, which amends ASC 842, Leases. This update provides for an adoption option that will not require earlier periods to be restated at the adoption date. For public companies, this update will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early application is permitted. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments. The ASU requires an organization to measure all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Financial institutions and other organizations will now use forward-looking information to better inform their credit loss estimates. Many of the loss estimation techniques applied today will still be permitted, although the inputs to those techniques will change to reflect the full amount of expected credit losses. Organizations will continue to use judgment to determine which loss estimation method is appropriate for their circumstances. Additionally, the ASU amends the accounting for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities and purchased financial assets with credit deterioration. For public companies, this update will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company is currently planning for the implementation of this accounting standard. It is too early to assess the impact that the guidance will have on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): *Summary and Amendments that Create Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) and Other Assets and Deferred Costs—Contracts with Customers (Subtopic 340-40)* . The guidance in this update supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in ASC Topic 605, Revenue Recognition, and most industry-specific guidance throughout the industry topics of the Codification. The Company adopted this guidance effective January 1, 2018. The guidance does not apply to revenues associated with financial instruments, including loans and securities that are accounted for under U.S. GAAP. The requirements of this update did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, Intangibles-Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): *Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment*. The guidance in this update eliminates the Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. For public companies, this update will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted for interim and annual goodwill impairment test with a measurement date after January 1, 2017. The Company does not expect the guidance to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02, Income Statement-Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): *Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income.* The amendments in this ASU would require a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the newly enacted federal corporate income tax rate. The amount of the reclassification would be the difference between the historical corporate income tax rate and the newly enacted 21 percent corporate income tax rate. The amendments in this update will be effective for all entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption of the amendments in this update is permitted. The Company adopted this ASU in the first quarter of 2018. The Company made an election to reclassify the income tax effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act from accumulated comprehensive income to retained earnings. This update did not have a material impact on the Company’s financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): *Disclosure Framework – Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement.* The amendments in this update modify the disclosure requirements for fair value measurements by removing, modifying, or adding certain disclosures. The update is effective for interim and annual periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted for the removed disclosures and delayed adoption until fiscal year 2020 permitted for the new disclosures. The removed and modified disclosures will be adopted on a retrospective basis, and the new disclosures will be adopted on a prospective basis. The adoption will not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Reclassifications: Certain amounts in prior year financial statements have been reclassified, with no effect on net income, comprehensive income or stockholder's equity, to conform with current period presentation.

2. Bank Acquisition

On September 14, 2018, First National Bank (FNB) completed the purchase and merger of Clarke County State Bank (CCSB) located in Osceola and Murray, Iowa (the "Acquisition"). The Acquisition was consistent with the Bank's strategy to strengthen and expand its Iowa market share. The acquired assets and liabilities are recorded at fair value at the date of acquisition and were reflected in the September 30, 2018 financial statements as such. 100% of the stock of CCSB was purchased for cash consideration of $14.8 million. As a result of this acquisition, the Company recorded a core deposit intangible asset of $2.0 million and goodwill of $2.9 million. The results of operations for this acquisition have been included since the transaction date of September 14, 2018. The fair value of purchased credit deteriorated loans related to the Acquisition is $386,000. These purchased loans are included in the impaired loan category in the financial statements. Non-routine expenses associated with this transaction were approximately $340,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Table of Contents

The following table summarizes the fair value of the total consideration transferred as a part of the Acquisition as well as the fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the effective date of the transaction.

Cash consideration transferred	$14,806,981
Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed:	
Cash and due from banks	$1,363,762
Federal funds sold	1,154,000
Interest bearing deposits in financial institutions	1,475,000
Securities available-for-sale	17,196,715
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	129,600
Loans receivable	76,041,470
Accrued interest receivable	862,895
Bank premises and equipment	924,400
Other real estate owned	120,000
Deferred income taxes	175,000
Bank owned life insurance	2,754,798
Core deposit intangible asset	2,002,000
Other assets	13,996
Deposits	(83,169,311)
Federal funds purchased	(9,000,000)
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	(123,749)
Total identifiable net assets	11,920,576
Goodwill	$2,886,405

On September 14, 2018, the contractual balance of loans receivable acquired was $77.2 million and the contractual balance of deposits assumed was $83.1 million. Loans receivable acquired include commercial real estate, 1-4 family real estate agricultural real estate, commercial operating, agricultural operating and consumer loans.

The acquired loans at contractual values as of September 14, 2018 were determined to be risk rated as follows:

Pass	$63,220,130
Watch	9,430,540
Special Mention	2,733,940
Substandard	1,426,137
Deteriorated credit	385,884
Total loans acquired at book value	$77,196,631

Loans acquired as deteriorated credit loans will be included with impaired loans.

The core deposit intangible asset is amortized to expense on a declining basis over a period of ten years. The loan market valuation is accreted to income on the effective yield method over a ten year period. The time deposits market valuation is amortized to expense on a declining basis over a two year period.

Table of Contents

3. Dividends

On August 8, 2018, the Company declared a cash dividend on its common stock, payable on November 15, 2018 to stockholders of record as of November 1, 2018, equal to $0.23 per share

4. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share amounts were calculated using the weighted average shares outstanding during the periods presented. The weighted average outstanding shares for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 were 9,310,913. The Company had no potentially dilutive securities outstanding during the periods presented.

5. Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company is party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. These instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet. No material changes in the Company’s off-balance sheet arrangements have occurred since December 31, 2017.

6. Fair Value Measurements

Assets and liabilities carried at fair value are required to be classified and disclosed according to the process for determining fair value. There are three levels of determining fair value.

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices, unadjusted, for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. A quoted price in an active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and shall be used to measure fair value whenever available.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include: quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (such as interest rates, volatility, prepayment speeds, credit risk); or inputs derived principally from or can be corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using discounted cash flow methodologies, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

Table of Contents

The following table presents the balances of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis by level as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. *(in thousands)*

Description	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
2018				
U.S. government treasuries	$8,209	$8,209	$-	$ -
U.S. government agencies	117,011	-	117,011	-
U.S. government mortgage-backed securities	73,277	-	73,277	-
State and political subdivisions	221,930	-	221,930	-
Corporate bonds	54,015	-	54,015	-
	$474,442	$8,209	$466,233	$ -
2017				
U.S. government treasuries	$6,367	$6,367	$-	$ -
U.S. government agencies	111,263	-	111,263	-
U.S. government mortgage-backed securities	81,780	-	81,780	-
State and political subdivisions	237,413	-	237,413	-
Corporate bonds	58,464	-	58,464	-
Equity securities, other	35	35	-	-
	$495,322	$6,402	$488,920	$ -

Level 1 securities include U.S. Treasury securities and other equity securities that are traded by dealers or brokers in active over-the-counter markets. U.S government agencies, mortgage-backed securities, state and political subdivisions, and most corporate bonds are reported at fair value utilizing Level 2 inputs. For these securities, the Company obtains fair value measurements from an independent pricing service. The fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, the U.S. Treasury yield curve, live trading levels, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information and the security's terms and conditions, among other things.

The Company's policy is to recognize transfers between levels at the end of each reporting period, if applicable. There were no transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Table of Contents

Certain assets are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis; that is, they are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances (for example, when there is evidence of impairment). The following table presents the assets carried on the balance sheet (after specific reserves) by caption and by level within the valuation hierarchy as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. *(in thousands)*

Description	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
2018				
Loans receivable	$2,338	$ -	$ -	$2,338
Other real estate owned	730	-	-	730
Total	$3,068	$ -	$ -	$3,068
2017				
Loans receivable	$2,606	$ -	$ -	$2,606
Other real estate owned	386	-	-	386
Total	$2,992	$ -	$ -	$2,992

Loans Receivable: Loans in the tables above consist of impaired credits held for investment. In accordance with the loan impairment guidance, impairment was measured based on the fair value of collateral less estimated selling costs for collateral dependent loans. Fair value for impaired loans is based upon appraised values of collateral adjusted for trends observed in the market. A valuation allowance was recorded for the excess of the loan's recorded investment over the amounts determined by the collateral value method. This valuation allowance is a component of the allowance for loan losses. The Company considers these fair value measurements as level 3.

Other Real Estate Owned: Other real estate owned in the table above consists of real estate obtained through foreclosure. Other real estate owned is recorded at fair value less estimated selling costs, at the date of transfer, with any impairment amount charged to the allowance for loan losses. Subsequent to the transfer, other real estate owned is carried at the lower of cost or fair value, less estimated selling costs, with any impairment amount recorded as a noninterest expense. The carrying value of other real estate owned is not re-measured to fair value on a recurring basis but is subject to fair value adjustments when the carrying value exceeds the fair value less estimated selling costs. Management uses appraised values and adjusts for trends observed in the market and for disposition costs in determining the value of other real estate owned. A valuation allowance was recorded for the excess of the asset's recorded investment over the amount determined by the fair value, less estimated selling costs. This valuation allowance is a component of the allowance for other real estate owned. The valuation allowance was $239,000 and $287,000 as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The Company considers these fair value measurements as level 3.

15

Table of Contents

The significant inputs used in the fair value measurements for Level 3 assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows: *(in thousands)*

	2018 Estimated Fair Value	Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Inputs	Range (Average)
Impaired Loans	$2,338	Evaluation of collateral	Estimation of value	NM*
Other real estate owned	$730	Appraisal	Appraisal adjustment	6% - 8% (7%)

	2017 Estimated Fair Value	Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Inputs	Range (Average)
Impaired Loans	$2,606	Evaluation of collateral	Estimation of value	NM*
Other real estate owned	$386	Appraisal	Appraisal adjustment	6% - 8% (7%)

* Not Meaningful. Evaluations of the underlying assets are completed for each impaired loan with a specific reserve. The types of collateral vary widely and could include accounts receivables, inventory, a variety of equipment and real estate. Collateral evaluations are reviewed and discounted as appropriate based on knowledge of the specific type of collateral. In the case of real estate, an independent appraisal may be obtained. Types of discounts considered included aging of receivables, condition of the collateral, potential market for the collateral and estimated disposal costs. These discounts will vary from loan to loan, thus providing a range would not be meaningful.

GAAP requires disclosure of the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, including those that are not measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis or nonrecurring basis. The methodologies for estimating the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring or nonrecurring basis are discussed above. The methodologies for other financial assets and financial liabilities are discussed below.

Fair value of financial instruments:

Disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments, for which it is practicable to estimate that value, is required whether or not recognized in the consolidated balance sheets. In cases in which quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimate of future cash flows. In that regard, the derived fair value estimates cannot be substantiated by comparison to independent markets and, in many cases could not be realized in immediate settlement of the instruments. Certain financial instruments with a fair value that is not practicable to estimate and all non-financial instruments are excluded from the disclosure requirements. Accordingly, the aggregate fair value amounts presented do not necessarily represent the underlying value of the Company.

The following disclosures represent financial instruments in which the ending balances at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are not carried at fair value in their entirety on the consolidated balance sheets.

Table of Contents

Securities available-for-sale: Fair value measurement for Level 1 securities is based upon quoted prices. Fair value measurement for Level 2 securities are based upon quoted prices, if available. If quoted prices are not available, the Company obtains fair value measurements from an independent pricing service. The fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, the U.S. Treasury yield curve, live trading levels, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information and the security's terms and conditions, among other things. Level 1 securities include U.S. Treasury and other equity securities that are traded by dealers or brokers in active over-the-counter markets. U.S government mortgage-backed securities, state and political subdivisions, and some corporate bonds are reported at fair value utilizing Level 2 inputs.

Loans held for sale: The fair value of loans held for sale is based on prevailing market prices.

Limitations: Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. Because no market exists for a significant portion of the Company's financial instruments, fair value estimates are based on judgments regarding future expected loss experience, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments, and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments as described above as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows: *(in thousands)*

		2018		**2017**	
	Fair Value Hierarchy Level	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value
Financial assets:					
Cash and due from banks	Level 1	$25,319	$25,319	$26,398	$26,398
Interest bearing deposits	Level 1	38,049	38,049	43,022	43,022
Securities available-for-sale	See previous table	474,442	474,442	495,322	495,322
FHLB and FRB stock	Level 2	2,946	2,946	3,021	3,021
Loans receivable, net	Level 2	859,830	836,630	771,550	768,444
Loans held for sale	Level 2	280	280	-	-
Accrued income receivable	Level 1	9,485	9,485	8,382	8,382
Financial liabilities:					
Deposits	Level 2	$1,215,761	$1,214,578	$1,134,391	$1,134,468
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	Level 1	48,859	48,859	37,425	37,425
FHLB advances	Level 2	8,400	8,346	13,500	13,482
Other borrowings	Level 2	-	-	13,000	13,079

Accrued interest payable	Level 1	643	643	477	477

The methodologies used to determine fair value as of September 30, 2018 did not change from the methodologies described in the December 31, 2017 Annual Financial Statements, except for loans receivables which are now presented using an exit price method.

Table of Contents

7. Debt and Equity Securities

The amortized cost of securities available-for-sale and their fair values as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are summarized below: *(in thousands)*

2018:	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
U.S. government treasuries	$ 8,415	$ -	$ (206)	$ 8,209
U.S. government agencies	119,886	1	(2,876)	117,011
U.S. government mortgage-backed securities	75,111	75	(1,909)	73,277
State and political subdivisions	224,514	334	(2,918)	221,930
Corporate bonds	55,448	3	(1,436)	54,015
	$ 483,374	$ 413	$ (9,345)	$ 474,442

2017:	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
U.S. government treasuries	$ 6,413	$ 2	$ (48)	$ 6,367
U.S. government agencies	111,900	136	(773)	111,263
U.S. government mortgage-backed securities	81,685	422	(327)	81,780
State and political subdivisions	237,349	1,233	(1,169)	237,413
Corporate bonds	58,647	206	(389)	58,464
Equity securities, other	15	20	-	35
	$ 496,009	$ 2,019	$ (2,706)	$ 495,322

The proceeds, gains and losses from securities available-for-sale are summarized as follows: *(in thousands)*

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	**2017**	**2018**	**2017**
Proceeds from sales of securities available-for-sale	$ -	$ 933	$ -	$ 11,757

Gross realized gains on securities available-for-sale	-	38	-	501
Gross realized losses on securities available-for-sale	-	-	-	(2)
Tax provision applicable to net realized gains on securities available-for-sale	-	14	-	175

Table of Contents

Unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position are summarized as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows: *(in thousands)*

2018:	Less than 12 Months Estimated Fair Value	Less than 12 Months Unrealized Losses	12 Months or More Estimated Fair Value	12 Months or More Unrealized Losses	Total Estimated Fair Value	Total Unrealized Losses
Securities available-for-sale:						
U.S. government treasuries	$4,876	$ (85)	$2,833	$ (121)	$7,709	$ (206)
U.S. government agencies	72,358	(1,270)	44,156	(1,606)	116,514	(2,876)
U.S. government mortgage-backed securities	54,391	(1,371)	13,993	(538)	68,384	(1,909)
State and political subdivisions	132,856	(1,475)	35,338	(1,443)	168,194	(2,918)
Corporate bonds	36,003	(796)	16,999	(640)	53,002	(1,436)
	$300,484	$ (4,997)	$113,319	$ (4,348)	$413,803	$ (9,345)

2017:	Less than 12 Months Fair Value	Less than 12 Months Unrealized Losses	12 Months or More Fair Value	12 Months or More Unrealized Losses	Total Fair Value	Total Unrealized Losses
Securities available-for-sale:						
U.S. government treasuries	$4,894	$ (48)	$-	$ -	$4,894	$ (48)
U.S. government agencies	73,953	(549)	10,168	(224)	84,121	(773)
U.S. government mortgage-backed securities	39,565	(245)	5,344	(82)	44,909	(327)
State and political subdivisions	89,904	(703)	16,631	(466)	106,535	(1,169)
Corporate bonds	29,808	(198)	6,709	(191)	36,517	(389)
	$238,124	$ (1,743)	$38,852	$ (963)	$276,976	$ (2,706)

Gross unrealized losses on debt securities totaled $9,345,000 as of September 30, 2018. These unrealized losses are generally due to changes in interest rates or general market conditions. In analyzing an issuer’s financial condition, management considers whether the securities are issued by the federal government or its agencies, state or political subdivision, or corporations. Management then determines whether downgrades by bond rating agencies have occurred, and reviews industry analysts’ reports. The Company’s procedures for evaluating investments in states, municipalities and political subdivisions include but are not limited to reviewing the offering statement and the most current available financial information, comparing yields to yields of bonds of similar credit quality, confirming capacity to repay, assessing operating and financial performance, evaluating the stability of tax revenues, considering debt profiles and local demographics, and for revenue bonds, assessing the source and strength of revenue structures for municipal authorities. These procedures, as applicable, are utilized for all municipal purchases and are utilized in whole or in part for monitoring the portfolio of municipal holdings. The Company does not utilize third party credit rating agencies as a primary component of determining if the municipal issuer has an adequate capacity to meet the financial commitments under the security for the projected life of the investment, and, therefore, does not compare internal assessments to those of the credit rating agencies. Credit rating downgrades are utilized as an additional indicator of credit weakness and as a reference point for historical default rates. Management concluded that the gross unrealized losses on debt securities were temporary. Due to potential changes in conditions, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in fair values and management's assessments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the Company's financial statements.

Table of Contents

8. Loans Receivable and Credit Disclosures

Activity in the allowance for loan losses, on a disaggregated basis, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 is as follows: *(in thousands)*

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018

	Construction Real Estate	1-4 Family Residential Real Estate	Commercial Real Estate	Agricultural Real Estate	Commercial	Agricultural	Consumer and Other	Total
Balance, June 30, 2018	$846	$ 1,732	$ 4,842	$ 977	$ 1,688	$ 1,178	$ 120	$11,383
Provision (credit) for loan losses	(209)	131	(372)	218	92	168	72	100
Recoveries of loans charged-off	-	2	-	-	1	-	5	8
Loans charged-off	-	(23)	(107)	-	(10)	(58)	(5)	(203)
Balance, September 30, 2018	$637	$ 1,842	$ 4,363	$ 1,195	$ 1,771	$ 1,288	$ 192	$11,288

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018

	Construction Real Estate	1-4 Family Residential Real Estate	Commercial Real Estate	Agricultural Real Estate	Commercial	Agricultural	Consumer and Other	Total
Balance, December 31, 2017	$796	$ 1,716	$ 4,734	$ 997	$ 1,739	$ 1,171	$ 168	$11,321
Provision (credit) for loan losses	(159)	144	(264)	198	33	175	66	193
Recoveries of loans charged-off	-	5	-	-	22	-	19	46
Loans charged-off	-	(23)	(107)	-	(23)	(58)	(61)	(272)
Balance, September 30, 2018	$637	$ 1,842	$ 4,363	$ 1,195	$ 1,771	$ 1,288	$ 192	$11,288

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

	Construction Real Estate	1-4 Family Residential Real Estate	Commercial Real Estate	Agricultural Real Estate	Commercial	Agricultural	Consumer and Other	Total

Balance, June 30, 2017	$780	$ 1,713	$ 4,437	$ 907	$ 2,071	$ 1,154	$ 126	$11,188
Provision (credit) for loan losses	(74)	15	155	36	(80)	(34)	39	57
Recoveries of loans charged-off	-	4	-	-	2	-	4	10
Loans charged-off	-	-	-	-	(109)	-	(6)	(115)
Balance, September 30, 2017	$706	$ 1,732	$ 4,592	$ 943	$ 1,884	$ 1,120	$ 163	$11,140

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

	Construction Real Estate	1-4 Family Residential Real Estate	Commercial Real Estate	Agricultural Real Estate	Commercial	Agricultural	Consumer and Other	Total
Balance, December 31, 2016	$908	$ 1,711	$ 3,960	$ 861	$ 1,728	$ 1,216	$ 123	$10,507
Provision (credit) for loan losses	(202)	12	632	82	735	(96)	59	1,222
Recoveries of loans charged-off	-	9	-	-	30	-	8	47
Loans charged-off	-	-	-	-	(609)	-	(27)	(636)
Balance, September 30, 2017	$706	$ 1,732	$ 4,592	$ 943	$ 1,884	$ 1,120	$ 163	$11,140

Table of Contents

Allowance for loan losses disaggregated on the basis of impairment analysis method as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 is as follows: *(in thousands)*

2018	Construction Real Estate	1-4 Family Residential Real Estate	Commercial Real Estate	Agricultural Real Estate	Commercial	Agricultural	Consumer and Other	Total
Individually evaluated for impairment	$ -	$ 53	$ 13	$ -	$ 510	$ -	$ 22	$598
Collectively evaluated for impairment	637	1,789	4,350	1,195	1,261	1,288	170	10,690
Balance September 30, 2018	$ 637	$ 1,842	$ 4,363	$ 1,195	$ 1,771	$ 1,288	$ 192	$11,288

2017	Construction Real Estate	1-4 Family Residential Real Estate	Commercial Real Estate	Agricultural Real Estate	Commercial	Agricultural	Consumer and Other	Total
Individually evaluated for impairment	$ -	$ 42	$ 115	$ -	$ 607	$ -	$ 47	$811
Collectively evaluated for impairment	796	1,674	4,619	997	1,132	1,171	121	10,510
Balance December 31, 2017	$ 796	$ 1,716	$ 4,734	$ 997	$ 1,739	$ 1,171	$ 168	$11,321

Loans receivable disaggregated on the basis of impairment analysis method as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 is as follows *(in thousands)*:

2018	Construction Real Estate	1-4 Family Residential Real Estate	Commercial Real Estate	Agricultural Real Estate	Commercial	Agricultural	Consumer and Other	Total
Individually evaluated for impairment	$ -	$367	$135	$76	$3,039	$ -	$22	$3,639
Collectively evaluated for impairment	44,810	171,368	373,779	103,507	79,343	78,429	16,329	867,565

Balance September 30, 2018	$ 44,810	$ 171,735	$ 373,914	$ 103,583	$ 82,382	$ 78,429	$ 16,351	$ 871,204

2017	Construction Real Estate	1-4 Family Residential Real Estate	Commercial Real Estate	Agricultural Real Estate	Commercial	Agricultural	Consumer and Other	Total
Individually evaluated for impairment	$ -	$ 689	$ 901	$ -	$ 3,140	$ -	$ 80	$ 4,810
Collectively evaluated for impairment	50,309	145,569	349,725	81,790	70,676	69,806	10,265	778,140
Balance December 31, 2017	$ 50,309	$ 146,258	$ 350,626	$ 81,790	$ 73,816	$ 69,806	$ 10,345	$ 782,950

A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect the scheduled payment of principal and interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value, and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. The Company will apply its normal loan review procedures to identify loans that should be evaluated for impairment.

Table of Contents

Impaired loans, on a disaggregated basis, as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017: *(in thousands)*

	2018			2017		
	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance
With no specific reserve recorded:						
Real estate - construction	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Real estate - 1 to 4 family residential	250	275	-	572	677	-
Real estate - commercial	122	617	-	671	1,353	-
Real estate - agricultural	76	89	-	-	-	-
Commercial	255	262	-	125	148	-
Agricultural	-	-	-	-	-	-
Consumer and other	-	1	-	25	44	-
Total loans with no specific reserve:	703	1,244	-	1,393	2,222	-
With an allowance recorded:						
Real estate - construction	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate - 1 to 4 family residential	117	141	53	117	180	42
Real estate - commercial	13	130	13	230	230	115
Real estate - agricultural	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial	2,784	3,127	510	3,015	3,336	607
Agricultural	-	-	-	-	-	-
Consumer and other	22	26	22	55	43	47
Total loans with specific reserve:	2,936	3,424	598	3,417	3,789	811
Total						
Real estate - construction	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate - 1 to 4 family residential	367	416	53	689	857	42
Real estate - commercial	135	747	13	901	1,583	115
Real estate - agricultural	76	89	-	-	-	-
Commercial	3,039	3,389	510	3,140	3,484	607
Agricultural	-	-	-	-	-	-
Consumer and other	22	27	22	80	87	47
	$3,639	$ 4,668	$ 598	$4,810	$ 6,011	$ 811

Table of Contents

Average recorded investment and interest income recognized on impaired loans for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017: *(in thousands)*

	Three Months Ended September 30,			
	2018		**2017**	
	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized
With no specific reserve recorded:				
Real estate - construction	$-	$ -	$-	$ -
Real estate - 1 to 4 family residential	315	135	631	18
Real estate - commercial	123	-	716	-
Real estate - agricultural	38	-	-	-
Commercial	160	-	139	2
Agricultural	-	-	-	-
Consumer and other	-	-	46	-
Total loans with no specific reserve:	636	135	1,532	20
With an allowance recorded:				
Real estate - construction	-	-	-	-
Real estate - 1 to 4 family residential	120	6	128	-
Real estate - commercial	74	-	-	-
Real estate - agricultural	-	-	-	-
Commercial	2,838	2	3,263	-
Agricultural	29	-	-	-
Consumer and other	26	-	29	-
Total loans with specific reserve:	3,087	8	3,420	-
Total				
Real estate - construction	-	-	-	-
Real estate - 1 to 4 family residential	435	141	759	18
Real estate - commercial	197	-	716	-
Real estate - agricultural	38	-	-	-
Commercial	2,998	2	3,402	2
Agricultural	29	-	-	-
Consumer and other	26	-	75	-
	$3,723	$ 143	$4,952	$