# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

#### FORM 8-K

Current Report
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (date of earliest event reported): July 20, 2009

# HALLIBURTON COMPANY (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

001-03492 (Commission File Number) No. 75-2677995 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

1401 McKinney, Suite 2400, Houston, Texas (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

77010 (Zip Code)

(713) 759-2600 (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Not Applicable (Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- o Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- o Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

0	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

#### INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED IN REPORT

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition

On July 20, 2009, registrant issued a press release entitled "Halliburton Announces Second Quarter Earnings of \$0.30 Per Share Excluding Employee Separation Costs."

The text of the Press Release is as follows:

# HALLIBURTON ANNOUNCES SECOND QUARTER EARNINGS OF \$0.30 PER SHARE EXCLUDING EMPLOYEE SEPARATION COSTS Reported net income of \$0.29 per diluted share

HOUSTON, Texas – Halliburton (NYSE:HAL) announced today that net income for the second quarter of 2009 was \$274 million, or \$0.30 per diluted share excluding employee separation costs of \$12 million, after tax, or \$0.01 per diluted share. Reported net income for the second quarter of 2009 was \$262 million, or \$0.29 per diluted share. This compares to net income for the second quarter of 2008 of \$504 million, or \$0.55 per diluted share. The second quarter of 2009 results were negatively impacted by the steep continued downturn in North America drilling activity. The second quarter of 2008 results were negatively impacted by a \$30 million charge related to a patent settlement partially offset by a \$25 million gain related to the sale of two investments in the United States.

Halliburton's consolidated revenue in the second quarter of 2009 was \$3.5 billion, compared to \$3.9 billion in the first quarter of 2009. Revenue for most product service lines fell, with the exception of completion tools and software and asset solutions, primarily based on a reduction in North America rig count leading to lower pricing and demand for products and services. Consolidated operating income was \$476 million in the second quarter of 2009 compared to \$616 million in the first quarter of 2009.

"Weak global demand and volatility in the commodity markets continue to weigh on the oilfield services industry. The worldwide average rig count decreased 25% sequentially, further weakening industry fundamentals during the second quarter," said Dave Lesar, chairman, president and chief executive officer.

"North America continued to experience steep declines in drilling activity leading to increased overcapacity. North America average rig count declined in the second quarter by 39%. Activity in the United States has progressively shifted to unconventional plays, where horizontal drilling now accounts for 43% of the current rig count. This shift increases the demand for complex solutions, creating the opportunity for a packaged-services commercial approach helping to partially mitigate pricing erosion and protect market share.

"Due to the continued weakness in natural gas demand, reflected in the high injection rates for working gas storage, we believe it is unlikely that there will be a meaningful recovery in natural gas prices and, consequently, drilling activity for the remainder of the year.

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"The downturn in international markets has not been as pronounced due to the strengthening commodity prices, deflationary cost environment, and stabilizing financial markets which are improving our customers' overall project economics. The strength of international markets will ultimately be dependent on the health of commodity pricing, financial markets, and robustness of global demand.

"Operating margins outside of North America remained at 20%. We rationalized our costs to offset pricing pressures; however, customers have continued to focus on aggressively lowering their project costs.

"We believe that the long term economic fundamentals of our industry are bright. While we have taken prudent steps to control costs and improve financial flexibility, we continue to execute our strategy of maintaining disciplined investments in technology, capital equipment, and global infrastructure to ensure that we are well positioned at the other side of this cycle. The successful execution of this strategy has been validated by approximately \$3.5 billion of recent contract awards.

"Although the depth and duration of the cycle remains uncertain, we believe the market will benefit companies with broad, integrated offerings, and a strong capital structure such as ours, allowing them to customize solutions across global markets," concluded Lesar.

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### 2009 Second Quarter Results

Completion and Production (C&P) operating income in the second quarter of 2009 was \$243 million compared to \$363 million in the first quarter of 2009. North America C&P operating income decreased \$114 million, primarily due to the decline in US land activity, volume reductions, and pricing declines across all product service lines in the United States. Latin America C&P operating income was flat as increased activity in Brazil and Mexico offset declines in Argentina and Colombia. Europe/Africa/CIS C&P operating income decreased \$8 million as higher activity in Norway and Russia was outweighed by declines in Africa and the United Kingdom. Middle East/Asia C&P operating income increased due to a better mix of completion tools sales and increased activity in Australasia and the Northern Gulf.

Drilling and Evaluation (D&E) operating income in the second quarter of 2009 was \$284 million compared to \$304 million in the first quarter of 2009. North America D&E operating income declined by \$36 million due to lower volumes and pricing declines across all product service lines except software and asset solutions. Latin America D&E operating income was flat as higher activity in Mexico offset sequential reductions in Colombia. Europe/Africa/CIS D&E operating income decreased as declines in Egypt and Angola offset higher activity in Russia and Norway. Middle East/Asia D&E operating income increased \$22 million with higher activity in Asia outweighing activity declines in certain countries in the Middle East.

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# Significant Recent Events and Achievements

- Halliburton won a five-year, \$1.5 billion contract with an Integrated Oil Company for its work throughout North America. The contract covers services that range from well construction to completion and production.
- Halliburton has been awarded over \$1 billion in new contracts globally for the provision of engineered fluid solutions including \$700 million for deepwater projects in Brazil, Gulf of Mexico, Indonesia, Angola and other countries, and \$300 million for shelf- and land-related work.
- Halliburton has been awarded a two-year contract by StatoilHydro to provide fluids systems for multiple fields, currently including cementing services for 20 rigs and drilling and completion fluids for 16 rigs on the Norwegian continental shelf. The contract is estimated by Halliburton to be valued at approximately \$450 million and encompasses solutions offerings across both of Halliburton's business segments, Completion and Production and Drilling and Evaluation.
- Halliburton has been awarded a contract in Algeria for the provision of integrated project management for a number of delineation wells initially with the potential to expand to 120 wells for full field development.
- Halliburton has added to its integrated project management backlog with the addition of over 150 wells over the next three years in Latin America.
- Halliburton has been awarded a five-year contract for more than \$100 million in the Middle East for directional/LWD services due to the success of the previous deployment of the StrataSteer® 3D geosteering service, InSite ADR<sup>TM</sup> azimuthal deep resistivity sensor, and Geo-Pilot® rotary steerable system.
- Halliburton has entered into agreements in Brazil and Iraq for the provision of wireline logging and formation evaluation technologies.
- Halliburton is augmenting its capability in the Caspian region in the anticipation of a significant five-year award for multiple services with the potential value of \$200 million per year.
- Halliburton announced the release of the GEM<sup>TM</sup> Elemental Analysis tool, which offers rapid and precise evaluation of formations with complex mineralogies. As the newest addition to Halliburton's portfolio of formation evaluation technologies, the GEM tool offers operators a complete elemental analysis solution for complex reservoirs and complements Halliburton's existing cuttings evaluation service performed while drilling. When combined with Halliburton's real-time data acquisition software, it offers customers onsite and remote visualization of formation elemental data quickly and accurately.

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- Halliburton launched a next generation stimulation vessel, the Stim Star Angola, in response to operators' needs for stimulation treatments on offshore West Africa assets. The new vessel will serve as a high performance platform for delivering technology and helping reduce rig downtime and associated costs for operators.
- Halliburton won three Hart's E&P meritorious engineering achievement awards. The three winning Halliburton technologies and the categories in which they won are: the Acid-on-the-Fly blending system for stimulation; Delta Stim® completion service for completions; and Pore Pressure and Geomechanics Solution for intelligent systems and components.
- As of June 30, 2009, Halliburton had \$3.1 billion in cash and equivalents and short- and long-term investments in United States Treasury securities. The Company has \$1.2 billion of unused borrowing capacity available on its revolving credit facility and continues to maintain investment-grade debt ratings.

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Founded in 1919, Halliburton is one of the world's largest providers of products and services to the energy industry. With more than 50,000 employees in approximately 70 countries, the company serves the upstream oil and gas industry throughout the lifecycle of the reservoir – from locating hydrocarbons and managing geological data, to drilling and formation evaluation, well construction and completion, and optimizing production through the life of the field. Visit the company's Web site at www.halliburton.com.

NOTE: The statements in this press release that are not historical statements, including statements regarding future financial performance, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. These statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the company's control, which could cause actual results to differ materially from the results expressed or implied by the statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: changes in the demand for or price of oil and/or natural gas which has been significantly impacted by the worldwide financial and credit crisis; consequences of audits and investigations by domestic and foreign government agencies and legislative bodies and related publicity, potential adverse proceedings by such agencies; protection of intellectual property rights; compliance with environmental laws; changes in government regulations and regulatory requirements, particularly those related to radioactive sources, explosives, and chemicals; compliance with laws related to income taxes and assumptions regarding the generation of future taxable income; unsettled political conditions, war, and the effects of terrorism, foreign operations, and foreign exchange rates and controls; weather-related issues including the effects of hurricanes and tropical storms; changes in capital spending by customers; delays or failures by customers to make payments owed to us; execution of long-term, fixed-price contracts; impairment of oil and gas properties; structural changes in the oil and natural gas industry; maintaining a highly skilled workforce; availability of raw materials; and integration of acquired businesses and operations of joint ventures. Halliburton's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2009, recent Current Reports on Form 8-K, and other Securities and Exchange Commission filings discuss some of the important risk factors identified that may affect Halliburton's business, results of operations, and financial condition. Halliburton undertakes no obligation to revise or update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason.

# HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Millions of dollars and shares except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended						
	June 30				March 31		
	2	2009		2008		2009	
Revenue: (a)							
Completion and Production	\$	1,752	\$	2,357	\$	2,028	
Drilling and Evaluation		1,742		2,130		1,879	
Total revenue	\$	3,494	\$	4,487	\$	3,907	
Operating income: (a)							
Completion and Production	\$	243	\$	537	\$	363	
Drilling and Evaluation		284		504		304	
Corporate and other		(51)		(92)		(51)	
Total operating income		476		949		616	
Interest expense		(82)		(42)(b)		(53)	
Interest income		3		9		2	
Other, net		(14)		(2)		(5)	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes							
and noncontrolling interest		383		914		560	
Provision for income taxes		(117)		(288)		(179)	
Income from continuing operations		266		626		381	
Loss from discontinued operations, net		(1)		(116)(c)		(1)	
Net income	\$	265	\$	510	\$	380	
Noncontrolling interest in net income of subsidiaries (d)		(3)		(6)		(2)	
Net income attributable to company	\$	262	\$	504	\$	378	
Amounts attributable to company shareholders:							
Income from continuing operations	\$	263	\$	620	\$	379	
Loss from discontinued operations, net		(1)		(116)(c)		(1)	
Net income attributable to company	\$	262	\$	504	\$	378	
Basic income (loss) per share attributable to company							
shareholders: (e)							
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.29	\$	0.71	\$	0.42	
Loss from discontinued operations, net		_		(0.13)(c)		_	
Net income per share	\$	0.29	\$	0.58	\$	0.42	
Diluted income (loss) per share attributable to company							
shareholders: (e)							
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.29	\$	0.68	\$	0.42	
Loss from discontinued operations, net		_		(0.13)(c)		_	
Net income per share	\$	0.29	\$	0.55	\$	0.42	
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding (e)		898		875		897	
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding (e)		900		918		899	

- Prior period segment information was reclassified to reflect the movement of certain operations from the Completion and Production segment to the Drilling and Evaluation segment.
- (b) On January 1, 2009, Halliburton adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Staff Position (FSP) Accounting Principles Board (APB) 14-1, "Accounting for Convertible Debt Instruments That May Be Settled in Cash upon Conversion (Including Partial Cash Settlement)." This FSP clarifies that convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash upon conversion, including partial cash settlement, should separately account for the liability and equity components in a manner that will reflect the entity's nonconvertible debt borrowing rate when interest cost is recognized in subsequent periods. Upon adopting FSP APB 14-1, the provisions were retroactively applied. As a result, \$3 million of additional non-cash interest expense was recorded in the second quarter of 2008.
- (c) Loss from discontinued operations, net, in the second quarter of 2008 included additional charges totaling \$117 million, net of tax, related to adjustments to the indemnities and guarantees provided to KBR, Inc. upon separation.
- (d) On January 1, 2009, Halliburton adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 160 "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements an amendment of ARB No. 51," the provisions of which, among others, requires the recognition of noncontrolling interest (previously referred to as minority interest) as equity in the condensed consolidated balance sheets and a revised presentation of the condensed consolidated statements of operations. All periods presented have been restated.
- (e) On January 1, 2009, Halliburton adopted FSP Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) 03-6-1, "Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities," which provides that unvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents, whether paid or unpaid, are participating securities and shall be included in the computation of both basic and diluted earnings per share. All prior periods' basic and diluted earnings per share were restated. Upon adoption, basic income per share for the second quarter of 2008 decreased by \$0.01 for continuing operations.

See Footnote Table 1 for a list of significant items included in operating income.

### HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Millions of dollars and shares except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30			
		2009		2008
Revenue: (a)				
Completion and Production	\$	3,780	\$	4,479
Drilling and Evaluation		3,621		4,037
Total revenue	\$	7,401	\$	8,516
Operating income: (a)				
Completion and Production	\$	606	\$	1,041
Drilling and Evaluation		588		913
Corporate and other		(102)		(158)
Total operating income		1,092		1,796
Interest expense		(135)		(84)(b)
Interest income		5		29
Other, net		(19)		(3)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes and				
noncontrolling interest		943		1,738
Provision for income taxes		(296)		(526)
Income from continuing operations		647		1,212
Loss from discontinued operations, net		(2)		(115)(c)
Net income	\$	645	\$	1,097
Noncontrolling interest in net income of subsidiaries (d)		(5)		(13)
Net income attributable to company	\$	640	\$	1,084
Amounts attributable to company shareholders:				
Income from continuing operations	\$	642	\$	1,199
Loss from discontinued operations, net		(2)		(115)(c)
Net income attributable to company	\$	640	\$	1,084
Basic income (loss) per share attributable to company				
shareholders: (e)				
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.71	\$	1.37
Loss from discontinued operations, net		_		(0.13)(c)
Net income per share	\$	0.71	\$	1.24
Diluted income (loss) per share attributable to company				
shareholders: (e)				
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.71	\$	1.31
Loss from discontinued operations, net		_		(0.13)(c)
Net income per share	\$	0.71	\$	1.18
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding (e)	·	898	-	877
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding (e)		899		916

- (a) Prior period segment information was reclassified to reflect the movement of certain operations from the Completion and Production segment to the Drilling and Evaluation segment.
- (b) On January 1, 2009, Halliburton adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Staff Position (FSP) Accounting Principles Board (APB) 14-1, "Accounting for Convertible Debt Instruments That May Be Settled in

Cash upon Conversion (Including Partial Cash Settlement)." This FSP clarifies that convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash upon conversion, including partial cash settlement, should separately account for the liability and equity components in a manner that will reflect the entity's nonconvertible debt borrowing rate when interest cost is recognized in subsequent periods. Upon adopting FSP APB 14-1, the provisions were retroactively applied. As a result, \$7 million of additional non-cash interest expense was recorded in the six months ended June 30, 2008.

- (c) Loss from discontinued operations, net, in the six months ended June 30, 2008 included additional charges totaling \$117 million, net of tax, related to adjustments to the indemnities and guarantees provided to KBR, Inc. upon separation.
- (d) On January 1, 2009, Halliburton adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 160 "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements an amendment of ARB No. 51," the provisions of which, among others, requires the recognition of noncontrolling interest (previously referred to as minority interest) as equity in the condensed consolidated balance sheets and a revised presentation of the condensed consolidated statements of operations. All periods presented have been restated.
- (e) On January 1, 2009, Halliburton adopted FSP Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) 03-6-1, "Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities," which provides that unvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents, whether paid or unpaid, are participating securities and shall be included in the computation of both basic and diluted earnings per share. All prior periods' basic and diluted earnings per share were restated. Upon adoption, both basic and diluted income per share for the six months ended June 30, 2008 decreased by \$0.01 for continuing operations and net income.

See Footnote Table 1	1 for a list of significant	items included in one	erating income.

# HALLIBURTON COMPANY Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Millions of dollars) (Unaudited)

	June 30, 2009		December 31, 2008	
Assets				
Current assets: Cash and equivalents Receivables, net Inventories, net Investments in marketable securities	\$	1,568 3,152 1,832 753	\$	1,124 3,795 1,828
Other current assets		703		664
Total current assets		8,008		7,411
Property, plant, and equipment, net Goodwill Investments in marketable securities		5,357 1,068 763		4,782 1,072
Other assets		1,019		1,120
Total assets	\$	16,215	\$	14,385
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	755	\$	898
Accrued employee compensation and benefits		454		643
Other current liabilities		1,011		1,240
Total current liabilities		2,220		2,781
Long-term debt		4,573		2,586
Other liabilities		1,098		1,274
Total liabilities		7,891		6,641
Company's shareholders' equity Noncontrolling interest in consolidated subsidiaries (a)		8,301 23		7,725 19
Total shareholders' equity		8,324		7,744
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	16,215	\$	14,385

<sup>(</sup>a) On January 1, 2009, Halliburton adopted SFAS No. 160 "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements – an amendment of ARB No. 51," the provisions of which, among others, requires the recognition of noncontrolling interest (previously referred to as minority interest) as equity in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. All periods presented have been restated.

### HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Millions of dollars)
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30				
		2009	2008		
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income	\$	645 \$	1,097(a)		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operations:					
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization		439	342		
Payments of Department of Justice and Securities and Exchange Commission					
settlement and indemnity		(322)	_		
Other		256	(454)		
Total cash flows from operating activities		1,018	985		
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Sales (purchases) of investments in marketable securities, net		(1,518)	388		
Capital expenditures		(950)	(837)		
Other		48	(92)		
Total cash flows from investing activities		(2,420)	(541)		
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from long-term borrowings, net of offering costs		1,975	_		
Payments to reacquire common stock		(11)	(381)		
Other		(104)	(34)		
Total cash flows from financing activities		1,860	(415)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(14)	4		
Increase in cash and equivalents		444	33		
Cash and equivalents at beginning of period		1,124	1,847		
Cash and equivalents at end of period	\$	1,568 \$	1,880		

(a) On January 1, 2009, Halliburton adopted FSP APB 14-1, "Accounting for Convertible Debt Instruments That May Be Settled in Cash upon Conversion (Including Partial Cash Settlement)." This FSP clarifies that convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash upon conversion, including partial cash settlement, should separately account for the liability and equity components in a manner that will reflect the entity's nonconvertible debt borrowing rate when interest cost is recognized in subsequent periods. Upon adopting FSP APB 14-1, the provisions were retroactively applied. As a result, net income before noncontrolling interest (minority interest) was reduced by \$7 million for additional non-cash interest expense recorded in the six months ended June 30, 2008.

# HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Revenue and Operating Income Comparison By Segment and Geographic Region (Millions of dollars) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30 M.					March 31	
Revenue by geographic region:		2009 2008				2009	
Completion and Production:		2007		2000		2007	
North America	\$	795	\$	1,265	\$	1,071	
Latin America	_	227	_	232	_	232	
Europe/Africa/CIS		439		509		426	
Middle East/Asia		291		351		299	
Total		1,752		2,357		2,028	
Drilling and Evaluation:		,		ŕ		,	
North America		464		725		612	
Latin America		317		365		324	
Europe/Africa/CIS		532		607		542	
Middle East/Asia		429		433		401	
Total		1,742		2,130		1,879	
Total by revenue by region:						·	
North America		1,259		1,990		1,683	
Latin America		544		597		556	
Europe/Africa/CIS		971		1,116		968	
Middle East/Asia		720		784		700	
Operating income by geographic region (excluding Corporate and other): Completion and Production:							
North America	\$	52	\$	317	\$	166	
Latin America	Ψ	53	Ψ	51	Ψ	54	
Europe/Africa/CIS		69		93		77	
Middle East/Asia		69		76		66	
Total		243		537		363	
Drilling and Evaluation:							
North America		28		189		64	
Latin America		53		77		54	
Europe/Africa/CIS		86		124		91	
Middle East/Asia		117		114		95	
Total		284		504		304	
Total operating income by region:							
North America		80		506		230	
Latin America		106		128		108	
Europe/Africa/CIS		155		217		168	
Middle East/Asia							

Prior period segment information was reclassified to reflect the movement of certain operations from the Completion
and Production segment to the Drilling and Evaluation segment.

See Footnote Table 1 and Footnote Table 2 for a list of significant items included in operating income.

# HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Revenue and Operating Income Comparison
By Segment and Geographic Region
(Millions of dollars)
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30			ded June
Revenue by geographic region:	2009			2008
Completion and Production:				
North America	\$	1,866	\$	2,429
Latin America		459		449
Europe/Africa/CIS		865		922
Middle East/Asia		590		679
Total		3,780		4,479
Drilling and Evaluation:				
North America		1,076		1,423
Latin America		641		657
Europe/Africa/CIS		1,074		1,152
Middle East/Asia		830		805
Total		3,621		4,037
Total by revenue by region:				
North America		2,942		3,852
Latin America		1,100		1,106
Europe/Africa/CIS		1,939		2,074
Middle East/Asia		1,420		1,484
Operating income by geographic region (excluding Corporate and other):				
Completion and Production:				
North America	\$	218	\$	638
Latin America		107		104
Europe/Africa/CIS		146		157
Middle East/Asia		135		142
Total		606		1,041
Drilling and Evaluation:				
North America		92		359
Latin America		107		131
Europe/Africa/CIS		177		235
Middle East/Asia		212		188
Total		588		913
Total operating income by region:				
North America		310		997
Latin America		214		235

Europe/Africa/CIS	323	392
Middle East/Asia	347	330

Prior period segment information was reclassified to reflect the movement of certain operations from the Completion and Production segment to the Drilling and Evaluation segment.

See Footnote Table 1 and Footnote Table 2 for a list of significant items included in operating income.

# FOOTNOTE TABLE 1

# HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Items Included in Operating Income (Millions of dollars except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2009 Operating After Tax		Three Mor June 30 Operating		Three Months Ended March 31, 2009 Operating After Tax		
	operating	pe		operating	per	Operating	per
	Income	Share		Income	Share	Income	Share
Completion and Production:							
Employee separation costs	\$ (10	\$	(0.01) \$	_	\$ -	- \$ (11)	\$ (0.01)
Drilling and Evaluation: Gain on sale of investments		_	_	25	0.02	_	_
Employee separation costs	(7	)	_	_	-	- (12)	(0.01)
Corporate and other:				(= 0)	(0.00)		
Patent settlement Employee separation costs		_	_	(30)	(0.02)		
Employee separation costs	•	_	_	_	-	$- \qquad (5)$	_

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2009 Operating After Tax Income per Share		Op	Six Mont June 30 perating acome	hs Ended ), 2008 After Tax per Share	
Completion and Production:						
Gain on sale of investment	\$	-	\$	- \$	35	\$ 0.02
Employee separation costs		(21)	(0.02)	2)	-	-
Drilling and Evaluation:						
Impairment of oil and gas property		-		-	(23)	(0.02)
Gain on sale of investments		-		-	25	0.02
Employee separation costs		(19)	(0.01)	.)	-	-
Corporate and other:						
Patent settlement		-		-	(30)	(0.02)
Employee separation costs		(5)		-	-	-

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# FOOTNOTE TABLE 2

# HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Items Included in Operating Income by Geographic Region (Millions of dollars except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended				Three Mo			Three Months Ended			
	June 30, 2009				June 3	0, 200	8	March 31, 2009			
	Ope	Operating After Tax		Tax	Operating	Operating After		Operating	After Tax		
			pe	er			per		per		
	Inc	ome	Share		Income	Shar	e	Income	Share		
North America:											
Gain on sale of investments	\$	_	- \$	_	\$ 25	\$	0.02	\$ -	- \$		
Employee separation costs		(9)	(	(0.01)	_	-	_	(14)	(0.02)		
Latin America:											
Employee separation costs		(6)		_	_	-	_	(2)	_		
Europe/Africa/CIS:											
Employee separation costs		(1)		_	_	-	_	(4)	_		
Middle East/Asia:											
Employee separation costs		(1)		_	_	-	_	(3)	_		
Corporate and other:											
Patent settlement		_	-	_	(30)		(0.02)	_	-		
Employee separation costs		_	-	_	_	-	_	(5)	_		

	S	Six Months Ended June 30, 2009				Six Months Ended June 30, 2008		
	Operating		After Tax			Operating	After Tax	
			per				per	
	Inc	ome	Share			Income	Share	
North America:								
Gain on sale of investments	\$	_	\$		- 5	\$ 60	\$	0.04
Employee separation costs		(23)		(0.03)	)	_	-	_
Latin America:								
Employee separation costs		(8)			_	_	-	_
Europe/Africa/CIS:								
Employee separation costs		(5)			_	_	-	_
Middle East/Asia:								
Impairment of oil and gas property		_			_	(23)		(0.02)

Employee separation costs	(4)	_	_	_
Corporate and other:				
Patent settlement	_	_	(30)	(0.02)
Employee separation costs	(5)	_	_	_

### FOOTNOTE TABLE 3

#### HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Reconciliation of As Reported Results to Adjusted Results
(Millions of dollars)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2009			
As reported net income attributable to company Employee separation costs, net of tax (a) Adjusted net income attributable to company (a)	\$	262 12 274		
As reported diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	Ť	900		
As reported net income per share (b) Adjusted net income per share (b)	\$ \$	0.29 0.30		

- (a) Management believes it is important to point out to investors that included in net income attributable to company for the second quarter of 2009 is a \$12 million after-tax expense related to employee separation costs. The adjustment removes the effect of the expense. Adjusted net income attributable to company is calculated as: "As reported net income attributable to company" plus "Employee separation costs, net of tax."
- (b) As reported net income per share is calculated as: "As reported net income attributable to company" divided by "As reported diluted weighted average common shares outstanding." Adjusted net income per share is calculated as: "Adjusted net income attributable to company" divided by "As reported diluted weighted average common shares outstanding."

### FOOTNOTE TABLE 4

## HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Reconciliation of As Reported Results to Adjusted Results (Millions of dollars) (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2009

Ψ	(1,399)
	(1,518)
\$	119
	\$ \$

- (a) Management believes it is important to point out to investors that included in decrease in cash and equivalents for the second quarter of 2009 are \$1.5 billion in purchases of investments in marketable securities. The adjustment removes these purchases of investments in marketable securities. Adjusted increase in cash and equivalents (cash flow) for the second quarter of 2009 is calculated as: "As reported decrease in cash and equivalents (cash flow) for the second quarter of 2009" less "As reported purchases of investments in marketable securities."
- (b) As reported decrease in cash and equivalents (cash flow) for the second quarter of 2009 is calculated as the change in cash and equivalents from March 31, 2009 to June 30, 2009.

###

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

# HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Date: July 23, 2009 By: /s/ Bruce A. Metzinger

Bruce A. Metzinger Assistant Secretary