EASTGROUP PROPERTIES INC Form 10-O

August 06, 2008

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1-07094

EASTGROUP PROPERTIES, INC. (EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

MARYLAND 13-2711135
(State or other jurisdiction (I.R.S. Employer of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

300 ONE JACKSON PLACE

188 EAST CAPITOL STREET

JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI 39201

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number: (601) 354-3555

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15\,\text{(d)}$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES (x) NO ()

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one)

Large Accelerated Filer (x) Accelerated Filer () Non-accelerated Filer () Smaller Reporting Company ()

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES () NO (x)

The number of shares of common stock, \$.0001 par value, outstanding as of August 5, 2008 was 25,053,238.

EASTGROUP PROPERTIES, INC.

FORM 10-Q

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EASTGROUP PROPERTIES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT FOR SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)

	Jı	ine 30, 2008
		(Unaudited)
ASSETS		
Real estate properties Development	\$	1,200,009 151,386
Less accumulated depreciation		1,351,395 (288,964)
		1,062,431
Unconsolidated investment		2,629 101 54,429

TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,119,590 ======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
LIABILITIES Mortgage notes payable Notes payable to banks Accounts payable & accrued expenses Other liabilities	\$ 535,567 87,821 27,226 14,377
	 664 , 991
Minority interest in joint ventures	 2,432
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Series C Preferred Shares; \$.0001 par value; 600,000 shares authorized; no shares issued Series D 7.95% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares and additional paid-in capital; \$.0001 par value; 1,320,000 shares authorized and issued; stated liquidation preference of \$33,000 Common shares; \$.0001 par value; 68,080,000 shares authorized; 25,049,738 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2008 and 23,808,768 at December 31, 2007 Excess shares; \$.0001 par value; 30,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued	 32,326 3 3 - 526,375 (106,438) (99)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	1,119,590
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.	

EASTGROUP PROPERTIES, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)
(UNAUDITED)

	Three Months E June 30,
	 2008
REVENUES Income from real estate operations	\$ 41 , 458 21
	 41,479

EXPENSES	
Expenses from real estate operations	11,536
Depreciation and amortization	12,625
General and administrative	2 , 018
	26,179
OPERATING INCOME	15,300
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)	
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated investment	79
Gain on sales of land	5
Interest income	27
Interest expense	(7 , 509)
Minority interest in joint ventures	(137)
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	7,765
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	
Income from real estate operations	32
Gain on sales of real estate investments	1,949
INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	1,981
NET INCOME	9,746
Preferred dividends-Series D	656
NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$ 9,090
	==========
DAGTO DED COMMON CUADE DAGA	
BASIC PER COMMON SHARE DATA Income from continuing operations	\$.29
Income from discontinued operations	.08
•	
Net income available to common stockholders	
	\$.37 =======
Net income available to common stockholders	\$.37 ====================================
	\$.37 =======
Weighted average shares outstanding DILUTED PER COMMON SHARE DATA	\$.37 ===================================
Weighted average shares outstanding DILUTED PER COMMON SHARE DATA Income from continuing operations	\$.37 ====================================
Weighted average shares outstanding DILUTED PER COMMON SHARE DATA	\$.37 ===================================
Weighted average shares outstanding DILUTED PER COMMON SHARE DATA Income from continuing operations	\$.37 ====================================
Weighted average shares outstanding DILUTED PER COMMON SHARE DATA Income from continuing operations	\$.37
Weighted average shares outstanding DILUTED PER COMMON SHARE DATA Income from continuing operations	\$.37
Weighted average shares outstanding	\$.37
Weighted average shares outstanding	\$.37

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

EASTGROUP PROPERTIES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES

IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT FOR SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)

(UNAUDITED)

		Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	In Exc
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2007	\$ 22 226	2	467 572	(97,4
Comprehensive income	7 32,320	۷	407,373	(97,4
Net income Net unrealized change in fair value of	-	-	_	17 , 8
interest rate swap	-	-	_	
Total comprehensive income				
Common dividends declared - \$1.04 per share	-	_	_	(25,5
Preferred dividends declared - \$.9938 per share	_	_	_	(1,3
Stock-based compensation, net of forfeitures Issuance of 1,198,700 shares of common stock,	-	_	1,509	
common stock offering, net of expenses Issuance of 5,720 shares of common stock,	-	1	57 , 221	
options exercised	_	-	119	
dividend reinvestment plan	-	-	142	
obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted stock	-	-	(189)	
BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2008			526 , 375	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

EASTGROUP PROPERTIES, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(IN THOUSANDS)
(UNAUDITED)

OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net income.... Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization from continuing operations.... Depreciation and amortization from discontinued operations.... Minority interest depreciation and amortization... Amortization of mortgage loan premiums...

Gain on sales of land and real estate investments
Stock-based compensation expense
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated investment, net of distributions
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:
Accrued income and other assets
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and prepaid rent
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES
INVESTING ACTIVITIES
Real estate development
Purchases of real estate
Real estate improvements
Proceeds from sales of land and real estate investments
Purchases of securities
Proceeds from sales of securities
Changes in other assets and other liabilities
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from bank borrowings
Proceeds from mortgage note payablePrincipal payments on mortgage notes payable
Debt issuance costs Distributions paid to stockholders
Proceeds from common stock offerings Proceeds from exercise of stock options
Proceeds from dividend reinvestment plan
Other
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION Cash paid for interest, net of amount capitalized of \$3,353 and \$2,853 for 2008 and 2007, respectively

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

(1) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited financial statements of EastGroup Properties, Inc. ("EastGroup" or "the Company") have been prepared in accordance with U.S.

generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In management's opinion, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements contained in the 2007 annual report on Form 10-K and the notes thereto.

(2) PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of EastGroup Properties, Inc., its wholly-owned subsidiaries and its investment in any joint ventures in which the Company has a controlling interest. At December 31, 2007 and June 30, 2008, the Company had a controlling interest in two joint ventures: the 80% owned University Business Center and the 80% owned Castilian Research Center. The Company records 100% of the joint ventures' assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses with minority interests provided for in accordance with the joint venture agreements. The equity method of accounting is used for the Company's 50% undivided tenant-in-common interest in Industry Distribution Center II. All significant intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated in consolidation.

(3) USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and revenues and expenses during the reporting period, and to disclose material contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(4) REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

EastGroup has one reportable segment-industrial properties. These properties are concentrated in major Sunbelt markets of the United States, primarily in the states of Florida, Texas, Arizona and California, have similar economic characteristics and also meet the other criteria that permit the properties to be aggregated into one reportable segment. The Company reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. Real estate properties held for investment are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value. Depreciation of buildings and other improvements, including personal property, is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of generally 40 years for buildings and 3 to 15 years for improvements and personal property. Building improvements are capitalized, while maintenance and repair expenses are charged to expense as incurred. Significant renovations and improvements that extend the useful life of or improve the assets are capitalized. Depreciation expense for continuing and discontinued operations was \$10,298,000 and \$20,520,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, and \$9,938,000 and \$19,249,000 for the same periods in 2007. The Company's real estate properties at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 were as follows:

June 30, 2008 December

Real estate properties:			
Land	\$	185,473	
Buildings and building improvements		828,833	
Tenant and other improvements		185,703	
Development		151,386	
		1,351,395	1,
Less accumulated depreciation		(288,964)	(
	\$	1,062,431	
	===:		

(5) DEVELOPMENT

During the period in which a property is under development, costs associated with development (i.e., land, construction costs, interest expense during construction and lease-up, property taxes and other direct and indirect costs associated with development) are aggregated into the total capitalized costs of the property. Included in these costs are management's estimates for the portions of internal costs (primarily personnel costs) that are deemed directly or indirectly related to such development activities. As the property becomes occupied, costs are capitalized only for the portion of the building that remains vacant. When the property becomes 80% occupied or one year after completion of the shell construction (whichever comes first), capitalization of development costs ceases on properties developed for lease and properties developed for sale. Properties developed for lease are then transferred to real estate properties, and depreciation commences on the entire property (excluding the land). Properties developed for sale remain classified as development properties until the criteria for classifying the properties as held for sale, as discussed in Note 7, have been met. Costs associated with the properties developed for sale (i.e., property taxes, insurance, and utilities) are expensed as incurred, and these properties are not depreciated.

(6) BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND ACQUIRED INTANGIBLES

Upon acquisition of real estate properties, the Company applies the principles of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141, Business Combinations, to determine the allocation of the purchase price among the individual components of both the tangible and intangible assets based on their respective fair values. The Company determines whether any financing assumed is above or below market based upon comparison to similar financing terms for similar properties. The cost of the properties acquired may be adjusted based on indebtedness assumed from the seller that is determined to be above or below market rates. Factors considered by management in allocating the cost of the properties acquired include an estimate of carrying costs during the expected lease-up periods considering current market conditions and costs to execute similar leases. The allocation to tangible assets (land, building and improvements) is based upon management's determination of the value of the property as if it were vacant using discounted cash flow models.

The remaining purchase price is allocated among three categories of intangible assets consisting of the above or below market component of in-place leases, the value of in-place leases and the value of customer relationships. The value allocable to the above or below market component of an acquired in-place lease is determined based upon the present value (using a discount rate which reflects the risks associated with the acquired leases) of the difference between (i) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to the lease over its remaining term, and (ii) management's estimate of the amounts that would be paid

using fair market rates over the remaining term of the lease. The amounts allocated to above and below market leases are included in Other Assets and Other Liabilities, respectively, on the consolidated balance sheets and are amortized to rental income over the remaining terms of the respective leases. The total amount of intangible assets is further allocated to in-place lease values and to customer relationship values based upon management's assessment of their respective values. These intangible assets are included in Other Assets on the consolidated balance sheets and are amortized over the remaining term of the existing lease, or the anticipated life of the customer relationship, as applicable. Amortization expense for in-place lease intangibles was \$961,000 and \$1,703,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, and \$889,000 and \$1,593,000 for the same periods in 2007. Amortization of above and below market leases was immaterial for all periods presented.

The Company acquired five operating properties and 9.9 acres of developable land in a single transaction during the six months ended June 30, 2008, for a total cost of \$41,913,000, of which \$39,018,000 was allocated to real estate properties and \$855,000 to development. In accordance with SFAS No. 141, intangibles associated with the purchase of real estate were allocated as follows: \$2,143,000 to in-place lease intangibles and \$252,000 to above market leases (both included in Other Assets on the consolidated balance sheet) and \$355,000 to below market leases (included in Other Liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet). These costs are amortized over the remaining lives of the associated leases in place at the time of acquisition.

The Company periodically reviews (at least annually) the recoverability of goodwill and (on a quarterly basis) the recoverability of other intangibles for possible impairment. In management's opinion, no material impairment of goodwill and other intangibles existed at June 30, 2008, and December 31, 2007.

(7) REAL ESTATE HELD FOR SALE/DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The Company considers a real estate property to be held for sale when it is probable that the property will be sold within a year. A key indicator of probability of sale is whether the buyer has a significant amount of earnest money at risk. Real estate properties that are held for sale are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less estimated costs to sell and are not depreciated while they are held for sale. In accordance with the guidelines established under SFAS No. 144, the results of operations for the properties sold or held for sale during the reported periods are shown under Discontinued Operations on the consolidated income statements. Interest expense is not generally allocated to the properties that are held for sale or whose operations are included under Discontinued Operations unless the mortgage is required to be paid in full upon the sale of the property.

During the second quarter, EastGroup received a condemnation award from the State of Texas for its North Stemmons I property in Dallas. The Company was awarded \$4,698,000 as payment for the building and a portion of the land associated with the property, and a gain of \$1,949,000 was recognized as a result of this transaction.

The Company had no real estate $\;$ properties $\;$ that were considered to be held for sale at June 30, 2008.

(8) OTHER ASSETS

A summary of the Company's Other Assets is as follows:

Ju

	Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts
(9)	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES
foll	A summary of the Company's Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses is as ows:
	Property taxes payable Development costs payable Dividends payable Other payables and accrued expenses
(10)	OTHER LIABILITIES
	A summary of the Company's Other Liabilities is as follows:
	Security deposits Prepaid rent and other deferred income Other liabilities
(11)	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
incor	Comprehensive income is comprised of net income plus all other changes in ty from nonowner sources. The components of accumulated other comprehensive me (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2008 are presented in the any's consolidated statement of changes in stockholders' equity and for the e and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 are summarized below.

Three Months
June 30,
2008

===

Jυ

	===		_===
Balance at end of period	\$	(99)	
Change in fair value of interest rate swap		252	
Balance at beginning of period	\$	(351)	l
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS):			

(12) EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share (EPS) represents the amount of earnings for the period available to each share of common stock outstanding during the reporting period. The Company's basic EPS is calculated by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding.

Diluted EPS represents the amount of earnings for the period available to each share of common stock outstanding during the reporting period and to each share that would have been outstanding assuming the issuance of common shares for all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the reporting period. The Company calculates diluted EPS by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus the dilutive effect of nonvested restricted stock and stock options had the options been exercised. The dilutive effect of stock options and their equivalents (such as nonvested restricted stock) was determined using the treasury stock method which assumes exercise of the options as of the beginning of the period or when issued, if later, and assumes proceeds from the exercise of options are used to purchase common stock at the average market price during the period.

Reconciliation of the numerators and denominators in the basic and diluted ${\sf EPS}$ computations is as follows:

		Three Month June 3	_
		2008	
BASIC EPS COMPUTATION			
Numerator-net income available to common stockholders	\$	9,090	
Denominator-weighted average shares outstanding		24,488	
DILUTED EPS COMPUTATION			
Numerator-net income available to common stockholders	\$	9,090	
Denominator:			
Weighted average shares outstanding		24,488	
Common stock options		63	
Nonvested restricted stock		96	
Total Shares		24,647	
	==		===

(13) STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Management Incentive Plan

The Company has a management incentive plan which was approved by the shareholders and adopted in 2004. This plan authorizes the issuance of up to 1,900,000 shares of common stock to employees in the form of options, stock

appreciation rights, restricted stock (limited to 570,000 shares), deferred stock units, performance shares, stock bonuses, and stock. Total shares available for grant were 1,685,794 at June 30, 2008. Typically, the Company issues new shares to fulfill stock grants or upon the exercise of stock options.

Stock-based compensation was \$663,000 and \$1,266,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, of which \$172,000 and \$356,000 were capitalized as part of the Company's development costs. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, stock-based compensation was \$651,000 and \$1,196,000, respectively, of which \$218,000 and \$435,000 were capitalized as part of the Company's development costs.

Restricted Stock

In the second quarter of 2008, the Company granted shares to executive officers contingent upon the attainment of certain annual performance goals. These goals are for the period ending December 31, 2008, so any shares issued upon attainment of these goals will be issued after that date. The number of shares to be issued could range from zero to 44,802. These shares will vest 20% on the date shares are determined and awarded and 20% per year on each January 1 for the subsequent four years.

Following is a summary of the total restricted shares granted, forfeited and delivered (vested) to employees with the related weighted average grant date fair value share prices. The table does not include shares granted in 2006 that are contingent on market conditions and shares granted in 2008 that are contingent on the attainment of certain annual performance goals. As of the vesting date, the fair value of shares that vested during the first quarter of 2008 was \$1,161,000. There were no shares that vested in the second quarter of 2008.

Restricted Stock Activity:	Three Months Ended June 30, 2008		Six Month June 30,	
	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested at beginning of period	149,167	\$ 33.42	144,089	\$ 31.65
Granted (1)	_	_	34,668	49.14
Forfeited	_	_	(1,820)	25.99
Vested	_	_	(27,770)	44.33
Nonvested at end of period	149,167	33.42	149,167	33.42

(1) Represents shares issued in March 2008 that were granted in 2007 subject to the satisfaction of annual performance goals.

Directors Equity Plan

The Company has a directors equity plan that was approved by shareholders and adopted in 2005 and was further amended by the Board of Directors in May 2008, which authorizes the issuance of up to 50,000 shares of common stock through awards of shares and restricted shares granted to non-employee directors of the Company. Stock-based compensation expense for directors was \$39,000 and \$78,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, and \$39,000 and \$77,000 for the same periods in 2007.

(14) RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, which provides guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. SFAS No. 157 applies whenever other standards require (or permit) assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value but does not expand the use of fair value in any new circumstances. The Statement requires disclosure of the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall, including measurements using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1), quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active (Level 2), and significant valuation assumptions that are not readily observable in the market (Level 3). The provisions of Statement 157, with the exception of nonfinancial assets and liabilities, were effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The FASB deferred for one year the Statement's fair value measurement requirements for nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are not required or permitted to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. These provisions will be effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008, and the Company is in the process of evaluating the impact that the adoption of these provisions will have on the Company's overall financial position and results of operations. As required under SFAS No. 133, the Company accounts for its interest rate swap cash flow hedge on the Tower Automotive mortgage at fair value. At the end of each quarter, the fair value of the swap is determined by estimating the expected cash flows over the life of the swap using the mid-market rate and price environment as of the last trading day of the quarter. This market information is considered a Level 2 input as defined by SFAS No. 157. The application of Statement 157 to the Company in 2008 had an immaterial impact on the Company's overall financial position and results of operations.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (Revised 2007), Business Combinations, which retains the fundamental requirements in SFAS No. 141 and requires the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree be measured at fair value as of the acquisition date. In addition, Statement 141(R) requires that any goodwill acquired in the business combination be measured as a residual, and it provides guidance in determining what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. The Statement also requires that acquisition-related costs be recognized as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received. SFAS No. 141(R) applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008, and may not be applied before that date.

Also in December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, which is an amendment of Accounting Research Bulletin (ARB) No. 51. Statement 160 provides guidance for entities that prepare consolidated financial statements that have an outstanding noncontrolling interest in one or more subsidiaries or that deconsolidate a subsidiary. SFAS No. 160 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008, and may not be applied before that date. The Company anticipates that the adoption of Statement 160 on January 1, 2009, will have an immaterial impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, which is an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133. SFAS No. 161 requires all entities with derivative instruments to disclose information regarding how and why the entity uses derivative instruments and how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect the entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. The Statement is effective prospectively for periods beginning on or after November 15, 2008.

(15) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

During the second quarter, the Company called for redemption all 1,320,000 shares of its 7.95% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. The redemption took place on July 2, 2008, at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends for the period from July 1, 2008, through and including the redemption date of \$.011 per share, for an aggregated redemption price of \$25.011 per Series D Preferred Share. Original issuance costs of \$674,000 will be expensed in the third quarter.

On July 11, 2008, EastGroup closed on the acquisition of 12th Street Distribution Center, a 150,000 square foot building in Jacksonville, Florida. This purchase was part of the Company's previously disclosed build-to-suit transaction with United Stationers Supply Co. EastGroup purchased the vacant property for \$3,730,000 and plans to redevelop it for multi-tenant use for a projected total investment of \$4,685,000.

On July 18, 2008, EastGroup acquired 12.2 acres of land in San Antonio, Texas, for \$1.9 million. The Company plans to construct three buildings with a total of 176,000 square feet on this development land.

EastGroup is under contract to purchase a 128,000 square foot building in Tampa, Florida, as part of the Company's build-to-suit transaction with United Stationers Supply Co. The Company is also under contract to sell this property, and these transactions are expected to close during the third quarter of 2008.

In addition, the Company is under contract to purchase 130 acres of land in Orlando, Florida, for approximately \$15 million, and plans to construct 1.2 million square feet on this development land. This acquisition is expected to close during the fourth quarter of 2008.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

OVERVIEW

EastGroup's goal is to maximize shareholder value by being the leading provider in its markets of functional, flexible, and quality business distribution space for location-sensitive tenants primarily in the 5,000 to 50,000 square foot range. The Company develops, acquires and operates distribution facilities, the majority of which are clustered around major transportation features in supply constrained submarkets in major Sunbelt regions. The Company's core markets are in the states of Florida, Texas, Arizona and California.

The Company's primary revenue is rental income; as such, EastGroup's greatest challenge is leasing space. During the six months ended June 30, 2008, leases on 2,006,000 square feet (8.0%) of EastGroup's total square footage of 24,974,000 expired, and the Company was successful in renewing or re-leasing 1,681,000 square feet, representing 84% of that total. In addition, EastGroup leased 621,000 square feet of other vacant space during this period. During the six months ended June 30, 2008, average rental rates on new and renewal leases increased by 11.0%.

EastGroup's total leased percentage was 95.6% at June 30, 2008, compared to 97.6% at June 30, 2007. Leases scheduled to expire for the remainder of 2008 were 6.2% of the portfolio on a square foot basis at June 30, 2008, and this figure was reduced to 4.0% as of August 5, 2008. Property net operating income from same properties increased 0.9% for the quarter ended June 30, 2008 and 1.6% for the six months as compared to the same periods in 2007.

The Company generates new sources of leasing revenue through its acquisition and development programs. During the first six months of 2008, EastGroup purchased five operating properties (669,000 square feet) and 9.9 acres of developable land in a single transaction for a total cost of \$41.9 million. These properties are located in metropolitan Charlotte, North Carolina,

where the Company now owns over 1.6 million square feet.

EastGroup continues to see targeted development as a major contributor to the Company's growth. The Company mitigates risks associated with development through a Board-approved maximum level of land held for development and by adjusting development start dates according to leasing activity. During the six months ended June 30, 2008, the Company transferred seven properties (733,000 square feet) with aggregate costs of \$40.6 million at the date of transfer from development to real estate properties. These properties, which were collectively 98% leased as of August 5, 2008, are located in Orlando, Florida; Phoenix, Arizona; and Houston and San Antonio, Texas.

The Company primarily funds its acquisition and development programs through a four-year, \$200 million line of credit (as discussed in Liquidity and Capital Resources). As market conditions permit, EastGroup issues equity, including preferred equity, and/or employs fixed-rate, non-recourse first mortgage debt to replace the short-term bank borrowings.

EastGroup has one reportable segment-industrial properties. These properties are primarily located in major Sunbelt regions of the United States, have similar economic characteristics and also meet the other criteria that permit the properties to be aggregated into one reportable segment. The Company's chief decision makers use two primary measures of operating results in making decisions: property net operating income (PNOI), defined as income from real estate operations less property operating expenses (before interest expense and depreciation and amortization), and funds from operations available to common stockholders (FFO), defined as net income (loss) computed in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), excluding gains or losses from sales of depreciable real estate property, plus real estate related depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. The Company calculates FFO based on the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts' (NAREIT) definition.

PNOI is a supplemental industry reporting measurement used to evaluate the performance of the Company's real estate investments. The Company believes that the exclusion of depreciation and amortization in the industry's calculation of PNOI provides a supplemental indicator of the property's performance since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions. PNOI as calculated by the Company may not be comparable to similarly titled but differently calculated measures for other real estate investment trusts (REITs). The major factors that influence PNOI are occupancy levels, acquisitions and sales, development properties that achieve stabilized operations, rental rate increases or decreases, and the recoverability of operating expenses. The Company's success depends largely upon its ability to lease space and to recover from tenants the operating costs associated with those leases.

Real estate income is comprised of rental income, pass-through income and other real estate income including lease termination fees. Property operating expenses are comprised of property taxes, insurance, utilities, repair and maintenance expenses, management fees, other operating costs and bad debt expense. Generally, the Company's most significant operating expenses are property taxes and insurance. Tenant leases may be net leases in which the total operating expenses are recoverable, modified gross leases in which some of the operating expenses are recoverable, or gross leases in which no expenses are recoverable (gross leases represent only a small portion of the Company's total leases). Increases in property operating expenses are fully recoverable under net leases and recoverable to a high degree under modified gross leases. Modified gross leases often include base year amounts and expense increases over these amounts are recoverable. The Company's exposure to property operating expenses is primarily due to vacancies and leases for occupied space that limit the amount of expenses that can be recovered.

The Company believes FFO is a meaningful supplemental measure of operating performance for equity real estate investment trusts. The Company believes that excluding depreciation and amortization in the calculation of FFO is appropriate since real estate values have historically increased or decreased based on market conditions. FFO is not considered as an alternative to net income (determined in accordance with GAAP) as an indication of the Company's financial

performance, nor is it a measure of the Company's liquidity or indicative of funds available to provide for the Company's cash needs, including its ability to make distributions. The Company's key drivers affecting FFO are changes in PNOI (as discussed above), interest rates, the amount of leverage the Company employs and general

and administrative expense. The following table presents on a comparative basis for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 reconciliations of PNOI and FFO Available to Common Stockholders to Net Income.

	Three Months June 30,
	2008
	(In thous
Income from real estate operations	\$ 41,458 (11,536) (
PROPERTY NET OPERATING INCOME	29 , 922
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated investment (before depreciation) Income from discontinued operations	112
(before depreciation and amortization)	49
Interest income	27
Gain on sales of securities	-
Other income	21
Interest expense	(7 , 509)
General and administrative expense	(2,018)
Minority interest in earnings (before depreciation and amortization)	(188)
Gain on sales of land	5
Dividends on Series D preferred shares	(656)
FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS Depreciation and amortization from continuing operations Depreciation and amortization from discontinued operations Depreciation from unconsolidated investment Minority interest depreciation and amortization Gain on sales of depreciable real estate investments	19,765 (12,625) ((17) (33) 51 1,949
NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	9,090 656
NET INCOME	\$ 9,746
Net income available to common stockholders per diluted share Funds from operations available to common stockholders per diluted share	\$.37 .80
Diluted shares for earnings per share and funds from operations	24,647

The Company analyzes the following performance trends in evaluating the progress of the Company:

The FFO change per share represents the increase or decrease in FFO per share from the same quarter in the current year compared to the prior year. FFO per share for the second quarter of 2008 was \$.80 per share compared with \$.74 per share for the same period of 2007, an increase of 8.1% per share. PNOI increased 11.7% primarily due to additional PNOI of \$2,089,000 from newly developed properties, \$826,000 from 2007 and 2008 acquisitions and \$243,000 from same property growth. The second quarter of 2008 was the sixteenth consecutive quarter of increased FFO per share as compared to the previous year's quarter.

For the six months ended June 30, 2008, FFO was \$1.63 per share compared with \$1.46 for the same period of 2007, an increase of 11.6% per share. PNOI increased 12.5% mainly due to additional PNOI of \$3,762,000 from newly developed properties, \$2,013,000 from 2007 and 2008 acquisitions and \$794,000 from same property growth.

- Same property net operating income change represents the PNOI increase or decrease for operating properties owned during the entire current period and prior year reporting period. PNOI from same properties increased 0.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2008, and 1.6% for the six months. The second quarter of 2008 was the twentieth consecutive quarter of improved same property results.
- Occupancy is the percentage of total leasable square footage for which the lease term has commenced as of the close of the reporting period. Occupancy at June 30, 2008, was 95.0%. Occupancy has ranged from 94.4% to 95.7% in the previous four quarters.
- Rental rate change represents the rental rate increase or decrease on new and renewal leases compared to the prior leases on the same space. Rental rate increases on new and renewal leases (4.9% of total square footage) averaged 9.4% for the second quarter. For the six months ended June 30, 2008, rental rate increases on new and renewal leases (9.2% of total square footage) averaged 11.0%.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The Company's management considers the following accounting policies and estimates to be critical to the reported operations of the Company.

Real Estate Properties

The Company allocates the purchase price of acquired properties to net tangible and identified intangible assets based on their respective fair values. Factors considered by management in allocating the cost of the properties acquired include an estimate of carrying costs during the expected lease-up periods considering current market conditions and costs to execute similar leases. The allocation to tangible assets (land, buildings and improvements) is based upon management's determination of the value of the property as if it were vacant using discounted cash flow models. The remaining purchase price is allocated among three categories of intangible assets consisting of the above or below market component of in-place leases, the value of in-place leases and the value of customer relationships. The value allocable to the above or below market component of an acquired in-place lease is determined based upon the present value (using a discount rate which reflects the risks associated with the acquired leases) of the difference between (i) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to the lease over its remaining term, and (ii) management's estimate of the amounts that would be paid using fair market rates over the remaining term of the lease. The amounts allocated to above and below market leases are included in Other Assets and Other Liabilities, respectively, on the

consolidated balance sheets and are amortized to rental income over the remaining terms of the respective leases. The total amount of intangible assets is further allocated to in-place lease values and to customer relationship values based upon management's assessment of their respective values. These intangible assets are included in Other Assets on the consolidated balance sheets and are amortized over the remaining term of the existing lease, or the anticipated life of the customer relationship, as applicable.

During the industrial development stage, costs associated with development (i.e., land, construction costs, interest expense during construction and lease-up, property taxes and other direct and indirect costs associated with development) are aggregated into the total capitalization of the property. Included in these costs are management's estimates for the portions of internal costs (primarily personnel costs) that are deemed directly or indirectly related to such development activities.

The Company reviews its real estate investments for impairment of value whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If any real estate investment is considered permanently impaired, a loss is recorded to reduce the carrying value of the property to its estimated fair value. Real estate assets to be sold are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less selling costs. The evaluation of real estate investments involves many subjective assumptions dependent upon future economic events that affect the ultimate value of the property. Currently, the Company's management is not aware of any impairment issues nor has it experienced any significant impairment issues in recent years. In the event of impairment, the property's basis would be reduced and the impairment would be recognized as a current period charge in the income statement.

Valuation of Receivables

The Company is subject to tenant defaults and bankruptcies that could affect the collection of outstanding receivables. In order to mitigate these risks, the Company performs credit reviews and analyses on prospective tenants before significant leases are executed. On a quarterly basis, the Company evaluates outstanding receivables and estimates the allowance for doubtful accounts. Management specifically analyzes aged receivables, customer credit-worthiness, historical bad debts and current economic trends when evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts. The Company believes that its allowance for doubtful accounts is adequate for its outstanding receivables for the periods presented. In the event that the allowance for doubtful accounts is insufficient for an account that is subsequently written off, additional bad debt expense would be recognized as a current period charge in the income statement.

Tax Status

EastGroup, a Maryland corporation, has qualified as a real estate investment trust under Sections 856-860 of the Internal Revenue Code and intends to continue to qualify as such. To maintain its status as a REIT, the Company is required to distribute at least 90% of its ordinary taxable income to its stockholders. The Company has the option of (i) reinvesting the sales price of properties sold through tax-deferred exchanges, allowing for a deferral of capital gains on the sale, (ii) paying out capital gains to the stockholders with no tax to the Company, or (iii) treating the capital gains as having been distributed to the stockholders, paying the tax on the gain deemed distributed and allocating the tax paid as a credit to the stockholders. The Company distributed all of its 2007 taxable income to its stockholders and expects to distribute all of its taxable income to its stockholders, no provision for income taxes was necessary in 2007, nor is it expected to be necessary for 2008.

EastGroup's assets were \$1,119,590,000 at June 30, 2008, an increase of \$63,757,000 from December 31, 2007. Liabilities increased \$13,855,000 to \$664,991,000 and stockholders' equity increased \$49,782,000 to \$452,167,000 during the same period. The paragraphs that follow explain these changes in detail.

ASSETS

Real Estate Properties

Real estate properties increased \$85,043,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2008, primarily due to the purchase of five operating properties in a single transaction and the transfer of seven properties from development, as detailed below. These increases were offset by the sale of one property, North Stemmons I, in the second quarter.

Real Estate Properties Acquired in 2008	Location	Size	Date Acquired
		(Square feet)	
Airport Commerce Center I & II, Interchange Park, Ridge Creek			
Distribution Center and Waterford Distribution Center	Charlotte, NC	669,000	02/29/08

(1) Total cost of the properties acquired was \$41,913,000, of which \$39,018,000 was allocated to real estate properties as indicated above and \$855,000 was allocated to development. Intangibles associated with the purchases of real estate were allocated as follows: \$2,143,000 to in-place lease intangibles, \$252,000 to above market leases (both included in Other Assets on the consolidated balance sheet) and \$355,000 to below market leases (included in Other Liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet). All of these costs are amortized over the remaining lives of the associated leases in place at the time of acquisition.

Real Estate Properties Transferred from Development in 2008	Location	Size	Date Transfe
		(Square feet)	
Beltway Crossing IV	Houston, TX	55,000	01/21
Beltway Crossing III	Houston, TX	55,000	02/01
Southridge XII	Orlando, FL	404,000	03/20
Arion 18	San Antonio, TX	20,000	03/31
Southridge VII	Orlando, FL	92,000	04/01
Wetmore II, Building C	San Antonio, TX	69,000	05/29
Interstate Commons III	Phoenix, AZ	38,000	06/01
Total Developments Transferred		733,000	ļ
		=========	

The Company made capital improvements of \$7,822,000 on existing and acquired properties (included in the Capital Expenditures table under Results of Operations). Also, the Company incurred costs of \$1,523,000 on development properties subsequent to transfer to real estate properties; the Company records these expenditures as development costs on the consolidated statements of cash flows during the 12-month period following transfer.

Development

The investment in development at June 30, 2008, was \$151,386,000 compared to \$152,963,000 at December 31, 2007. Total capital invested for development during the first six months of 2008 was \$40,085,000, which primarily consisted of costs of \$39,043,000 as detailed in the development activity table and costs of \$1,523,000 on developments transferred to real estate properties during the 12-month period ended June 30, 2008.

During 2007, the Company executed a ten-year lease for a 404,000 square foot build-to-suit development in its Southridge Commerce Park in Orlando. In March 2008, construction on this project was completed, and the tenant, United Stationers Supply Co., occupied the space. As part of this transaction, EastGroup entered into contracts with United Stationers to purchase two of its existing properties (278,000 square feet) in Jacksonville and Tampa, Florida. The acquisition of the Jacksonville property closed subsequent to June 30, 2008. The Company purchased this vacant property for \$3,730,000 and plans to redevelop it for multi-tenant use for a projected total investment of \$4,685,000. The acquisition and re-sale of the Tampa property is expected to close during the third quarter of 2008.

During the six months ended June 30, 2008, EastGroup purchased 9.9 acres of developable land for \$855,000. Costs associated with this acquisition are included in the development activity table. The Company transferred seven developments to real estate properties during the first six months of 2008 with a total investment of \$40,620,000 as of the date of transfer.

			Costs Incurr
DEVELOPMENT	Size	Costs Transferred in 2008(1)	For the Six Month Ended 6/30/
	(Square feet)		I)
LEASE-UP			
Oak Creek A & B, Tampa, FL(2)	35,000	\$ -	84
SunCoast I, Fort Myers, FL	63,000	_	149
World Houston 24, Houston, TX	93,000	-	708
World Houston 25, Houston, TX	66,000	_	480
Centennial Park, Denver, CO	68,000	-	306
Beltway Crossing V, Houston, TX	83,000	-	465
Wetmore II, Building A, San Antonio, TX	34,000	_	275
40th Avenue Distribution Center, Phoenix, AZ	89,000	-	268
Wetmore II, Building B, San Antonio, TX	55,000	-	325
Beltway Crossing VI, Houston, TX	127,000	-	1,634
Oak Creek VI, Tampa, FL	89,000	_	1,395
Southridge VIII, Orlando, FL	91,000	_	1,668
World Houston 27, Houston, TX	92,000	_	1,765
Techway SW IV, Houston, TX	94,000	_	2,425
Wetmore II, Building D, San Antonio, TX	124,000	_	4,878
Total Lease-up	1,203,000	_	16,825
UNDER CONSTRUCTION			
Sky Harbor, Phoenix, AZ	261,000	_	7,109
SunCoast III, Fort Myers, FL	93,000	_	2,002
World Houston 26, Houston, TX	59 , 000	1,110	1,563
Country Club III & IV, Tucson, AZ	138,000	2,552	-
Oak Creek IX, Tampa, FL	86,000	1,369	_
Blue Heron III, West Palm Beach, FL	20,000	863	_

World Houston 28, Houston, TX	59,000 70,000	733 849	- -
Total Under Construction	786 , 000	7,476	10,674
PROSPECTIVE DEVELOPMENT (PRIMARILY LAND) Tucson, AZ	70,000 249,000 229,000	(2,552) (1,369)	920 535 904
West Palm Beach, FL. Fort Myers, FL. Dallas, TX. El Paso, TX. Houston, TX. San Antonio, TX. Charlotte, NC. Jackson, MS.	659,000 70,000 251,000 1,169,000 414,000 95,000 28,000	(863) - - - (2,692) - - -	1,470 537 - 1,060 385 959
Total Prospective Development	5,223,000	(7,476)	6,822
DEVELOPMENTS COMPLETED AND TRANSFERRED TO REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES DURING 2008 Beltway Crossing IV, Houston, TX Beltway Crossing III, Houston, TX Southridge XII, Orlando, FL Arion 18, San Antonio, TX Southridge VII, Orlando, FL Wetmore II, Building C, San Antonio, TX Interstate Commons III, Phoenix, AZ	55,000 55,000 404,000 20,000 92,000 69,000 38,000	\$ - - - - - -	5 14 3,421 638 414 185 45
Total Transferred to Real Estate Properties	733,000	\$ –	4,722

- (1) Represents costs transferred from Prospective Development (primarily land) to Under Construction during the period.
- (2) These buildings were developed for sale.
- (3) Represents cumulative costs at the date of transfer.

Accumulated depreciation on real estate properties increased \$19,832,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2008, primarily due to depreciation expense on real estate properties, offset by accumulated depreciation related to North Stemmons I, which was sold during the second quarter. A summary of Other Assets is presented in Note 8 in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

LIABILITIES

Mortgage notes payable increased \$70,207,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2008, as a result of a \$78,000,000 mortgage loan signed by the Company during the first quarter, which was offset by regularly scheduled principal payments of \$7,733,000 and mortgage loan premium amortization of \$60,000.

Notes payable to banks decreased \$47,623,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2008, as a result of repayments of \$219,529,000 exceeding advances of \$171,906,000. The Company's credit facilities are described in greater detail under Liquidity and Capital Resources.

See Note 9 in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a

summary of Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses. See Note 10 in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a summary of Other Liabilities.

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

During the second quarter, the Company sold 1,198,700 shares of its common stock to Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated. The net proceeds were \$57.2 million. The Company used the proceeds to repay indebtedness outstanding under its revolving credit facility and for other general corporate purposes.

Distributions in excess of earnings increased \$8,978,000 as a result of dividends on common and preferred stock of \$26,815,000 exceeding net income for financial reporting purposes of \$17,837,000. See Note 13 in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for information related to the changes in additional paid—in capital resulting from stock—based compensation.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(Comments are for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2007.)

Net income available to common stockholders for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, was \$9,090,000 (\$.37 per basic and diluted share) and \$16,525,000 (\$.69 per basic and \$.68 per diluted share) compared to \$5,476,000 (\$.23 per basic and diluted share) and \$11,407,000 (\$.48 per basic and diluted share) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007.

PNOI for the three months ended June 30, 2008, increased by \$3,140,000, or 11.7%, as compared to the same period in 2007. The increase was primarily attributable to \$2,089,000 from newly developed properties, \$826,000 from 2007 and 2008 acquisitions and \$243,000 from same property growth.

PNOI for the six months ended June 30, 2008, increased by \$6,559,000, or 12.5%, as compared to the same period in 2007. The increase was mainly due to \$3,762,000 from newly developed properties, \$2,013,000 from 2007 and 2008 acquisitions and \$794,000 from same property growth. The increases in PNOI were offset by increased depreciation and amortization expense and other costs as discussed below.

Expense to revenue ratios for real estate operations were 27.8% and 27.4% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to 27.5% and 27.7% for the same periods in 2007. The Company's percentages leased and occupied were 95.6% and 95.0%, respectively, at June 30, 2008, compared to 97.6% and 95.6%, respectively, at June 30, 2007.

The following table presents the components of interest expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007:

Three	Mont	hs	Ended
Ċ	June	30,	,

	oune 30,									
	2008		2008 200		2008 2007		2008 2007		Increa 108 2007 (Decrea	
			(In the	ousands, ex						
Average bank borrowings Weighted average variable interest rates	\$ 9	97,122	116,697	(19 , 575)						
(excluding loan cost amortization)		3.77%	6.41%							
VARIABLE RATE INTEREST EXPENSE										
Variable rate interest (excluding loan cost amortization)	\$	910	1,865	(955)						
Amortization of bank loan costs		74	89	(15)						

Total variable rate interest expense		1,954	` ,
FIXED RATE INTEREST EXPENSE Fixed rate interest (excluding loan cost amortization) Amortization of mortgage loan costs	8,001 172	•	1,770 39
Total fixed rate interest expense			
Total interest Less capitalized interest	•	8,318 (1,413)	
TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE	\$ 7,509	6 , 905	604

Interest costs incurred during development of real estate properties are capitalized and offset against interest expense. The Company's weighted average variable interest rates in the first six months of 2008 were significantly lower than in 2007. Although average bank borrowings were higher for the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the same period in 2007, the Company experienced a decrease in variable rate interest expense due to the lower interest rates.

The increase in mortgage interest expense in the first six months of 2008 as compared to the same period of 2007 was primarily due to the new mortgages detailed in the table below.

NEW MORTGAGES IN 2007 AND 2008	INTEREST RATE		
Broadway VI, World Houston 1 & 2, 21 & 23, Arion 16,			
Ethan Allen, Northpark I-IV, South 55th Avenue, East			
University I & II and Santan 10 II	5.570%	08	
Beltway II, III & IV, Eastlake, Fairgrounds I-IV, Nations			
Ford I-IV, Techway Southwest III, Westinghouse,			
Wetmore I-IV and World Houston 15 & 22	5.500%	03	
Weighted Average/Total Amount	5.534%		
	==========		

These increases were offset by regularly scheduled principal payments and the repayments of two mortgages in 2007 as shown in the following table:

INTEREST RATE	DATE REPAID	
7.770%	04/12/07	\$
8.060%	05/25/07	1
7.978%		\$ 1
	7.770%	RATE REPAID 7.770% 04/12/07 8.060% 05/25/07

Depreciation and amortization for continuing operations increased \$694,000

and \$1,960,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the same periods in 2007. This increase was primarily due to properties acquired and transferred from development during 2007 and 2008.

NAREIT has recommended supplemental disclosures concerning straight-line rent, capital expenditures and leasing costs. Straight-lining of rent for continuing operations increased income by \$132,000\$ and \$412,000\$ for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to \$262,000 and \$407,000 in the same periods of 2007.

Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

		Three Mont June	
	Estimated Useful Life	2008	2007
			(In thou
Upgrade on Acquisitions Tenant Improvements:	40 yrs	\$ 19	20
New Tenants	Lease Life	1,268	1,876
New Tenants (first generation) (1)	Lease Life	238	37
Renewal Tenants	Lease Life	650	426
Other:			
Building Improvements	5-40 yrs	1,122	533
Roofs	5-15 yrs	723	796
Parking Lots	3-5 yrs	237	304
Other	5 yrs	32	17
Total capital expenditures		\$ 4,289	4,009

(1) First generation refers to space that has never been occupied under EastGroup's ownership.

Capitalized Leasing Costs

The Company's leasing costs (principally commissions) are capitalized and included in Other Assets. The costs are amortized over the terms of the associated leases and are included in depreciation and amortization expense. Capitalized leasing costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

	Estimated Useful Life	Three Mon	
		 2008	2007
		 	(In thou
Development	Lease Life	\$ 1,296	725
New Tenants	Lease Life	618	738
New Tenants (first generation) (1)	Lease Life	51	50
Renewal Tenants	Lease Life	646	523
Total capitalized leasing costs		\$ 2 , 611	2 , 036

Amortization of leasing costs (2)	\$	1,383	1,199
	==		

- (1) First generation refers to space that has never been occupied under EastGroup's ownership.
- (2) Includes discontinued operations.

Discontinued Operations

The results of operations, including interest expense (if applicable), for the properties sold or held for sale during the periods reported are shown under Discontinued Operations on the consolidated income statements. The following table presents the components of revenue and expense for the properties sold or held for sale during the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007. EastGroup sold North Stemmons I during the second quarter of 2008, as described below, and Delp Distribution Center I during the fourth quarter of 2007. The Company has reclassified the operations of both entities to Discontinued Operations as shown in the following table.

	Т	hree Mont' June	ths Ended
Discontinued Operations	_	8008	
			(In thou
Income from real estate operations		72 (23)	
Property net operating income from discontinued operations		49	152
Depreciation and amortization		(17)	(95)
Income from real estate operations	1	32 ,949	57 _
Income from discontinued operations	\$ 1 ===	,981 =======	57

In May, EastGroup received a condemnation award from the State of Texas for its North Stemmons I property in Dallas. The Company was awarded \$4,698,000 as payment for the building and a portion of the land associated with the property, and a gain of \$1,949,000 was recognized as a result of this transaction. The Company plans to develop a new business distribution building on the remaining 4.9 acres.

A summary of gain on sales of real estate investments for the six months ended June 30, 2008 is as follows:

Real Estate Properties	Location	Size	Date Sold	Net Sales Price
North Stemmons I	Dallas, TX	123,000 SF	05/12/08	\$ 4,633

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, which provides guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. SFAS No. 157 applies whenever other standards require (or permit) assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value but does not expand the use of fair value in any new circumstances. The provisions of Statement 157, with the exception of nonfinancial assets and liabilities, were effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The FASB deferred for one year the Statement's fair value measurement requirements for nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are not required or permitted to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. These provisions will be effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008, and the Company is in the process of evaluating the impact that the adoption of these provisions will have on the Company's overall financial position and results of operations. As required under SFAS No. 133, the Company accounts for its interest rate swap cash flow hedge on the Tower Automotive mortgage at fair value. The application of Statement 157 to the Company in 2008 had an immaterial impact on the Company's overall financial position and results of operations.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (Revised 2007), Business Combinations, which retains the fundamental requirements in SFAS No. 141 and requires the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree be measured at fair value as of the acquisition date. In addition, Statement 141(R) requires that any goodwill acquired in the business combination be measured as a residual, and it provides guidance in determining what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. The Statement also requires that acquisition-related costs be recognized as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received. SFAS No. 141(R) applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008, and may not be applied before that date.

Also in December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, which is an amendment of Accounting Research Bulletin (ARB) No. 51. Statement 160 provides guidance for entities that prepare consolidated financial statements that have an outstanding noncontrolling interest in one or more subsidiaries or that deconsolidate a subsidiary. SFAS No. 160 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008, and may not be applied before that date. The Company anticipates that the adoption of Statement 160 on January 1, 2009, will have an immaterial impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, which is an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133. SFAS No. 161 requires all entities with derivative instruments to disclose information regarding how and why the entity uses derivative instruments and how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect the entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. The Statement is effective prospectively for periods beginning on or after November 15, 2008.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$39,235,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2008. The primary other sources of cash were from bank borrowings, mortgage note proceeds, proceeds from common stock offerings,

proceeds from sales of securities, and proceeds from sales of land and real estate investments. The Company distributed \$25,378,000 in common and \$1,312,000 in preferred stock dividends during the six months ended June 30, 2008. Other primary uses of cash were for bank debt repayments, purchases of real estate, construction and development of properties, capital improvements at various properties, principal payments on mortgage notes payable, and purchases of securities.

Total debt at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 is detailed below. The Company's bank credit facilities have certain restrictive covenants, and the Company was in compliance with all of its debt covenants at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007.

	Ju	ne 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
		(In t	housands)
Mortgage notes payable - fixed rate Bank notes payable - floating rate	\$	535,567 87,821	465,360 135,444
Total debt	\$	623,388	600,804

EastGroup has a four-year, \$200 million unsecured revolving credit facility with a group of seven banks that matures in January 2012. The Company customarily uses this line of credit for acquisitions and developments. The interest rate on the facility is based on the LIBOR index and varies according to total liability to total asset value ratios (as defined in the credit agreement), with an annual facility fee of 15 to 20 basis points. The interest rate on each tranche is usually reset on a monthly basis and is currently LIBOR plus 70 basis points with an annual facility fee of 20 basis points. The line of credit can be expanded by \$100 million and has an option for a one-year extension. At June 30, 2008, the weighted average interest rate was 3.150% on a balance of \$84,000,000.

The Company also has a four-year, \$25 million unsecured revolving credit facility with PNC Bank, N.A. that matures in January 2012. This credit facility is customarily used for working capital needs. The interest rate on this working cash line is based on the LIBOR index and varies according to total liability to total asset value ratios (as defined in the credit agreement). Under this facility, the Company's current interest rate is LIBOR plus 75 basis points with no annual facility fee. At June 30, 2008, the interest rate was 3.213% on a balance of \$3,821,000.

As market conditions permit, EastGroup issues equity, including preferred equity, and/or employs fixed-rate, non-recourse first mortgage debt to replace the short-term bank borrowings.

During the first quarter of 2008, the Company closed on a \$78 million, non-recourse first mortgage loan secured by properties containing 1,571,000 square feet. The loan has a fixed interest rate of 5.50%, a seven-year term and an amortization schedule of 20 years. The proceeds of this note were used to reduce variable rate bank borrowings.

During the second quarter of 2008, EastGroup sold 1,198,700 shares of its common stock to Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated. The net proceeds were \$57.2 million after deducting the underwriting discount and other offering expenses. The Company used the proceeds to repay indebtedness outstanding under its revolving credit facility and for other general corporate purposes.

Also during the second quarter, the Company called for redemption all 1,320,000 shares of its 7.95% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. The redemption took place on July 2, 2008, at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends for the period from July 1, 2008, through and including the redemption date of \$.011 per share, for an aggregated

redemption price of \$25.011 per Series D Preferred Share. Original issuance costs of \$674,000 will be expensed in the third quarter.

Contractual Obligations

EastGroup's fixed, noncancelable obligations as of December 31, 2007, did not materially change during the six months ended June 30, 2008, except for the decrease in bank borrowings and the increase in mortgage notes payable discussed above and the purchase of the properties in Charlotte.

The Company anticipates that its current cash balance, operating cash flows, borrowings under its lines of credit, proceeds from new mortgage debt and/or proceeds from the issuance of equity instruments will be adequate for (i) operating and administrative expenses, (ii) normal repair and maintenance expenses at its properties, (iii) debt service obligations, (iv) distributions to stockholders, (v) capital improvements, (vi) purchases of properties, (vii) development, and (viii) any other normal business activities of the Company, both in the short- and long-term.

INFLATION AND OTHER ECONOMIC CONSIDERATIONS

Most of the Company's leases include scheduled rent increases. Additionally, most of the Company's leases require the tenants to pay their pro rata share of operating expenses, including real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance, thereby reducing the Company's exposure to increases in operating expenses resulting from inflation.

EastGroup's financial results are affected by general economic conditions in the markets in which the Company's properties are located. An economic recession, or other adverse changes in general or local economic conditions, could result in the inability of some of the Company's existing tenants to make lease payments and may impact our ability to (i) renew leases or re-lease space as leases expire, or (ii) lease development space. In addition, an economic downturn or recession could also lead to an increase in overall vacancy rates or decline in rents we can charge to re-lease properties upon expiration of current leases. In all of these cases, our cash flow would be adversely affected.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

The Company is exposed to interest rate changes primarily as a result of its lines of credit and long-term debt maturities. This debt is used to maintain liquidity and fund capital expenditures and expansion of the Company's real estate investment portfolio and operations. The Company's objective for interest rate risk management is to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flows and to lower its overall borrowing costs. To achieve its objectives, the Company borrows at fixed rates but also has several variable rate bank lines as discussed under Liquidity and Capital Resources. The table below presents the principal payments due and weighted average interest rates for both the fixed rate and variable rate debt.

	lly-Dec 2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	,
Fixed rate debt (1) (in thousands) Weighted average interest rate	\$ 8,752 6.09%	47,696 6.52%	16,477 5.89%	82 , 977 6.95%	60,201 6.64%	
Variable rate debt (in thousands) Weighted average interest rate	\$ - -	-	- -	- -	87,821 3.15%	

⁽¹⁾ The fixed rate debt shown above includes the Tower Automotive mortgage,

which has a variable interest rate based on the one-month LIBOR. EastGroup has an interest rate swap agreement that fixes the rate at 4.03% for the 8-year term. Interest and related fees result in an annual effective interest rate of 5.30%.

(2) The fair value of the Company's fixed rate debt is estimated based on the quoted market prices for similar issues or by discounting expected cash flows at the rates currently offered to the Company for debt of the same remaining maturities, as advised by the Company's bankers.

As the table above incorporates only those exposures that existed as of June 30, 2008, it does not consider those exposures or positions that could arise after that date. The ultimate impact of interest rate fluctuations on the Company will depend on the exposures that arise during subsequent periods. If the weighted average interest rate on the variable rate bank debt as shown above changes by 10% or approximately 32 basis points, interest expense and cash flows would increase or decrease by approximately \$281,000 annually.

The Company has an interest rate swap agreement to hedge its exposure to the variable interest rate on the Company's \$9,540,000 Tower Automotive Center recourse mortgage, which is summarized in the table below. Under the swap agreement, the Company effectively pays a fixed rate of interest over the term of the agreement without the exchange of the underlying notional amount. This swap is designated as a cash flow hedge and is considered to be fully effective in hedging the variable rate risk associated with the Tower mortgage loan. Changes in the fair value of the swap are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss. The Company does not hold or issue this type of derivative contract for trading or speculative purposes.

Type of Hedge	Current Notional Amount	Maturity Date	Reference Rate	Fixed Rate	Fai at
	(In thousands)				
Swap	\$9 , 540	12/31/10	1 month LIBOR	4.03%	

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this report may be deemed "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements, which generally are not historical in nature. All statements that address operating performance, events or developments that the Company expects or anticipates will occur in the future, including statements relating to rent and occupancy growth, development activity, the acquisition or sale of properties, general conditions in the geographic areas where the Company operates and the availability of capital, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties, many of which the Company cannot predict, including, without limitation: changes in general economic conditions; the extent of tenant defaults or of any early lease terminations; the Company's ability to lease or re-lease space at current or anticipated rents; changes in the supply of and demand for industrial/warehouse properties; increases in interest rate levels; increases in operating costs; the availability of financing; natural disasters and the Company's ability to obtain adequate insurance; changes in governmental regulation, tax rates and similar matters; and other risks associated with the development and acquisition of

properties, including risks that development projects may not be completed on

schedule, development or operating costs may be greater than anticipated, or that acquisitions may not close as scheduled. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions at the time made, the Company can give no assurance that such expectations will be achieved. The Company assumes no obligation whatsoever to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements. See also the Company's reports to be filed from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

(i) Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

The Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2008, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in timely alerting them to material information relating to the Company (including its consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in the Company's periodic SEC filings.

(ii) Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

There was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the Company's second fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2008, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in EastGroup's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

On May 29, 2008, the Registrant held its Annual Meeting of Shareholders. At the Annual Meeting, D. Pike Aloian, H.C. Bailey, Jr., Hayden C. Eaves III, Fredric H. Gould, David H. Hoster II, Mary E. McCormick, David M. Osnos and Leland R. Speed were elected directors of the Registrant, each to serve until the 2009 Annual Meeting. The following is a summary of the voting for directors:

Nominee		n Stock Vote Withheld
D. Pike Aloian	22,422,146	55 , 784
H.C. Bailey, Jr.	22,118,873	359 , 057
Hayden C. Eaves III	22,421,532	56 , 398
Fredric H. Gould	22,421,994	55 , 936
David H. Hoster II	22,316,518	161,412
Mary E. McCormick	22,417,362	60,568
David M. Osnos	22,113,868	364,062
Leland R. Speed	22,318,059	159 , 871

In addition, the stockholders voted to ratify the appointment of KPMG LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for the 2008 fiscal year. The results of the voting are set forth below:

	Vote For	Vote Against	Vote Abstained
Ratification of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	22,278,274	175 , 418	24,238

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.

- (a) Form 10-Q Exhibits:
 - (10) Material contracts
 - 10.1 Amendment No. 2 to EastGroup Properties, Inc. 2005 Directors Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed June 3, 2008).
 - (31) Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications (pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)
 - (a) David H. Hoster II, Chief Executive Officer
 - (b) N. Keith McKey, Chief Financial Officer
 - (32) Section 1350 Certifications (pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)
 - (a) David H. Hoster II, Chief Executive Officer
 - (b) N. Keith McKey, Chief Financial Officer

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 6, 2008

EASTGROUP PROPERTIES, INC.

By: /s/ BRUCE CORKERN

Bruce Corkern, CPA Senior Vice President, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer

By: /s/ N. KEITH MCKEY

N. Keith McKey, CPA Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary