BANCORPSOUTH INC
Form 10-Q August 03, 2015
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015
OR
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission File Number: 001-12991
BANCORPSOUTH, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
Mississippi 64-0659571 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

One Mississippi Plaza, 201 South Spring Street	
Tupelo, Mississippi (Address of principal executive offices)	38804 (Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (662) 686	0-2000
NOT APPLICABLE	
(Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if chan	ged since last report)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed at the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such	months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was
Yes [X] No []	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted e any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and I (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or to submit and post such files). [X] Yes [] No	posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large acceler or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check One): [] Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting)	accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting Large accelerated filer $[X]$ Accelerated filer
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell compared [] No [X]	any (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes
As of July 30, 2015, the registrant had outstanding 96,844,05	5 shares of common stock, par value \$2.50 per share.

BANCORPSOUTH, INC.

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PART I.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

BANCORPSOUTH, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Balance Sheets

	housa	2014	ember 31, except per sl	201 (Un	audited)		
ASSETS							
Cash and due from banks	\$ 183,5	541	\$	204,231	\$	201,196	
Interest bearing deposits with other banks	34,438		153,0	019	44,949		
Available-for-sale securities, at fair value	2,251,153		2,150	6,927	2,332,192		
Loans and leases	10,041,455		9,749	9,540	9,34	17,429	
Less: Unearned income	33,884		36,60	04	35,7	768	
Allowance for credit losses	138,312		142,4	443	147	,132	
Net loans and leases	9,869,259		9,570	0,493	9,16	54,529	
Loans held for sale, at fair value	199,370		141,0	015	105	,643	
Premises and equipment, net	303,837		304,9	943		,515	
Accrued interest receivable	41,065		41,98	85	40,6	597	
Goodwill	291,498		291,4	498	291,498		
Other identifiable intangibles	22,415		24,50	08	26,745		
Bank-owned life insurance	247,983		247,0	076	241,962		
Other real estate owned	24,299		33,98	84	55,253		
Other assets	166,073		156,0	690	170,708		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 13,634,9	931	\$	13,326,369	\$	12,985,887	
LIABILITIES							
Deposits:							
Demand: Noninterest bearing	\$ 2,911,9	972	\$	2,778,686	\$	2,718,242	
Interest bearing	4,881,469		4,86	8,054	4,51	1,760	
Savings	1,407,616		1,33	1,963	1,29	9,203	
Other time	1,933,904		1,993	3,636	2,14	1,209	
Total deposits	11,134,961		10,9	72,339	10,6	570,414	
Federal funds purchased and securities							
sold under agreement to repurchase	375,980		388,	166	394	,446	
Short-term Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings							
and other short-term borrowing	92,500		3,500	0	2,00	00	
Accrued interest payable	3,494		3,400	0	3,92	26	
Junior subordinated debt securities	23,198		23,19	98	23,1	.98	
Long-term debt	73,962		78,14	48	83,8	335	
Other liabilities	250,640		251,	559	219	,218	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11,954,735		11,72	20,310	11,397,037		

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common stock, \$2.50 par value per share					
Authorized - 500,000,000 shares; Issued - 96,755,530					
96,254,903 and 96,046,057 shares, respectively	241,889	240,637	240,118		
Capital surplus	337,272	324,271	321,952		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(41,288)	(43,686)	(15,040)		
Retained earnings	1,142,323	1,084,837	1,041,820		
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	1,680,196	1,606,059	1,588,850		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 13,634,931	\$ 13,326,369	\$ 12,985,887		
(1) Derived from audited financial statements.					

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

BANCORPSOUTH, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)

						nonths end 30,	ed	
	2015		2014		2015		2014	
INTERFOR DEVENIUE	(In th	ousands, e	except for	re amo	ounts)			
INTEREST REVENUE: Loans and leases	\$	102 429	¢	00.062	¢	205 562	¢	100 706
		103,428	\$ 87	99,962	\$ 262	205,563	\$	198,706
Deposits with other banks	126		0/		362		363	
Available-for-sale securities: Taxable	6.42/	1	7 122		13,20	50	14,68	20
	6,424		7,133		-		-	
Tax-exempt Loans held for sale	3,335		3,669 648		6,712 2,222		7,384 965	+
	1,317			00				000
Total interest revenue	114,6	030	111,49	99	228,	121	222,0	198
INTEREST EXPENSE:								
Deposits:	2.266		1.005		4 4 4 4	_	2.004	_
Interest bearing demand	2,262	2	1,905		4,445)	3,825)
Savings	426	7	402		838	-	793	20
Other time	3,827		5,249		7,835		11,139	
Federal funds purchased and securities sold	0.5		90		167		158	
under agreement to repurchase	85 556			80		167)
Long-term debt	556			619		1,133		3
Junior subordinated debt	165		162		328		330	
Other Total interest surgers	- 7 221		1		(1)	15	17.40	14
Total interest expense	7,321		8,418	0.1	14,745		17,494 204,604	
Net interest revenue	107,3		103,081		213,382		-	004
Provision for credit losses	(5,00	U)	-		(10,000)		-	
Net interest revenue, after provision for	110.3	200	102.00	0.1	202 202		204.4	604
credit losses	112,3	809	103,08	51	223,3	382	204,6	004
NONINTEREST REVENUE:		_						
Mortgage lending	14,10		9,089		22,60		12,48	
Credit card, debit card and merchant fees	9,298		8,567	_	17,83		16,41	
Deposit service charges	11,52	27	12,437	7	22,7	79	24,97	73
Security gains, net	41		5		55		1	
Insurance commissions	29,31		28,621		62,8		60,22	
Wealth management	5,508		5,929		11,7		11,95	
Other	4,519		5,190	_	9,759		10,31	
Total noninterest revenue	74,31	4	69,838	3	147,0	529	136,3	355
NONINTEREST EXPENSE:								
Salaries and employee benefits	79,75		74,741		160,938			524
Occupancy, net of rental income	10,41	9	10,245	5	20,6	13	20,53	32
Equipment	4,024		4,169		7,998	3	8,668	
Deposit insurance assessments	2,377	7	2,035		4,688	3	3,635	5

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Other	31,5	98	36,7	64	70,8	373	68,2	202
Total noninterest expense	128,	128,177		127,954		265,110		,661
Income before income taxes	58,4	46	44,965		105,901		86,298	
Income tax expense	18,7	33	14,0	97	33,9	22	26,9	986
Net income	\$	39,713	\$	30,868	\$	71,979	\$	59,312
Earnings per share: Basic	\$	0.41	\$	0.32	\$	0.75	\$	0.62
Diluted	\$	0.41	\$	0.32	\$	0.74	\$	0.62
Dividends declared per common share	\$	0.075	\$	0.05	\$	0.15	\$	0.10

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

BANCORPSOUTH, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

	Three months ended June 30,				Six months ended June 30,				
	2015		201	2014		2015		4	
	(In	thousands)						
Net income	\$	39,713	\$	30,868	\$	71,979	\$	59,312	
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax									
Unrealized (losses) gains on securities	(5,3)	65)	6,56	6,564		178		14,007	
Pension and other postretirement benefits	1,11	10	456		2,220		912		
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(4,255)		7,020		2,398		14,9	919	
Comprehensive income	\$	35,458	\$	37,888	\$	74,377	\$	74,231	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

BANCORPSOUTH, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited)

(Onaudited)		months en	nded	
	201	•	201	4
	(In	thousands)	
Operating Activities:		-1.0-0		50.010
Net income	\$	71,979	\$	59,312
Adjustment to reconcile net income to net				
cash provided by operating activities:	(10	000)		
Provision for credit losses		(000)	-	
Depreciation and amortization	13,4	411	13,5	
Deferred taxes	-		(1,9	-
Amortization of intangibles	2,09		2,20	
Amortization of debt securities premium and discount, net	6,50		6,72	
Share-based compensation expense	3,90		1,08	39
Security gains, net	(55)		(1)	
Net deferred loan origination expense	(3,2)	-	(3,4)	-
Excess tax benefit from exercise of stock options	702		1,21	
Decrease in interest receivable	920		1,45	
Increase (decrease) in interest payable	94		(910	•
Realized gain on mortgages sold		,672)		477)
Proceeds from mortgages sold		,076		,915
Origination of mortgages held for sale	-	8,269)	(488	3,120)
Loss on other real estate owned, net	2,63	34	5,58	37
Increase in bank-owned life insurance	(3,6)	49)	(3,7)	33)
Decrease in prepaid pension asset	-		2,82	29
Other, net	12,9	949	17,3	352
Net cash provided by operating activities	35,3	325	94,6	545
Investing activities:				
Proceeds from calls and maturities of available-for-sale securities	151	,206	275	,038
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	1,1	10	-	
Purchases of available-for-sale securities	(26)	1,356)	-	5,055)
Net increase in loans and leases		0,005)	(395	5,544)
Purchases of premises and equipment	(12,	,818)	(8,9)	05)
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment	139		219	
Purchase of bank-owned life insurance, net of proceeds from death benefits	2,74	12	1,20)6
Acquisition of Insurance agency	-		(5,0)	60)
Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned	11,4	168	17,3	348
Other, net	(12))	(12))
Net cash used in investing activities	(39'	7,526)	(240),765)
Financing activities:				
Net increase (decrease) in deposits	162	,622	(103)	3,422)
Net increase (decrease) in short-term debt and other liabilities	76,8	306	(26,	590)
Advances of long-term debt	-		8,00	00

Repayment of long-term debt	(4,186)	(3,879)
Redemption of junior subordinated debt	-	(8,248)
Issuance of common stock	5,168	9,461
Repurchase of common stock	(2,288)	(675)
Excess tax benefit from exercise of stock options	(702)	(1,216)
Payment of cash dividends	(14,490)	(9,589)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	222,930	(136,158)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(139,271)	(282,278)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	357,250	528,423
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 217,979	\$ 246,145

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of BancorpSouth, Inc. (the "Company") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") and follow general practices within the industries in which the Company operates. For further information, refer to the audited consolidated financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements have been included and all such adjustments were of a normal, recurring nature. The results of operations for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. Certain 2014 amounts have been reclassified to conform with the 2015 presentation.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, its wholly-owned subsidiaries, BancorpSouth Bank (the "Bank") and Gumtree Wholesale Insurance Brokers, Inc., and the Bank's wholly-owned subsidiaries, BancorpSouth Insurance Services, Inc., BancorpSouth Municipal Development Corporation and BancorpSouth Bank Securities Corporation.

NOTE 2 – LOANS AND LEASES

The Company's loan and lease portfolio is disaggregated into the following segments: commercial and industrial; real estate; credit card; and all other loans and leases. The real estate segment is further disaggregated into the following classes: consumer mortgages; home equity; agricultural; commercial and industrial-owner occupied; construction, acquisition and development; and commercial real estate. A summary of gross loans and leases by segment and class as of the dates indicated follows:

June 30, December 31, 2015 2014 2014

(In thousands)

\$ 1,735,444 \$ 1,707,368 \$ 1,753,041

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Real estate			
Consumer mortgages	2,374,122	2,071,503	2,257,726
Home equity	558,460	506,988	531,374
Agricultural	239,884	238,003	239,616
Commercial and industrial-owner occupied	1,596,244	1,505,679	1,522,536
Construction, acquisition and development	860,407	772,162	853,623
Commercial real estate	2,081,394	1,901,759	1,961,977
Credit cards	110,552	109,186	113,426
All other	484,948	534,781	516,221
Total	\$ 10,041,455	\$ 9,347,429	\$ 9,749,540

The following table shows the Company's loans and leases, net of unearned income, as of June 30, 2015 by segment, class and geographical location:

	Alaba and F	ama Florida													
		andle	Arkansas		Louisiana		Mississippi		Missouri		Tennessee		Tex		
	(In th	nousands)						11							
Commercial and															
industrial	\$	204,492	\$	242,960	\$	223,437	\$	558,152	\$	81,380	\$	132,576	\$		
Real estate															
Consumer															
mortgages	216,9	904	290),517	195,	,055	781,620		69,	791	243,264		381		
Home equity	76,83	32	40,	315	58,910		216,732		21,724		134,093		8,7		
Agricultural	6,177	7	70,0	084	28,9	003	73,413		2,942		12,269		46,		
Commercial and															
industrial-owner															
occupied	178,5	562	192	2,245	187,334		596,559		58,108		163	,451	209		
Construction,															
acquisition and															
development	120,5	525	100	,107	83,1	.03	224,	127	19,	593	150	,280	133		
Commercial real															
estate	302,7	727	345	5,327	245,	,432	502,630		502,630		201	,763	185	,194	230
Credit cards	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
All other	29,61	18	36,4	406	25,0	19	198,	509	2,3	22	32,	805	36,		
Total	\$ 1	1,135,837	\$	1,317,961	\$	1,047,193	\$	3,151,742	\$	457,623	\$	1,053,932	\$		

The Company's loan concentrations which exceed 10% of total loans are reflected in the preceding tables. A substantial portion of construction, acquisition and development loans are secured by real estate in markets in which the Company is located. The Company's loan policy generally prohibits the use of interest reserves on loans originated after March 2010. Certain of the construction, acquisition and development loans were structured with interest-only terms. A portion of the consumer mortgage and commercial real estate portfolios originated through the permanent financing of construction, acquisition and development loans. Future economic distress could negatively impact borrowers' and guarantors' ability to repay their debt which would make more of the Company's loans collateral dependent.

The following tables provide details regarding the aging of the Company's loan and lease portfolio, net of unearned income, by segment and class at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	June 30, 2015												00 L D	0.110
		59 Days t Due	60-89 Past l	Days Due		+ Days st Due	Tot Pas	tal st Due	Cu	ırrent	To Ou	tal tstanding	90+ D Past D Accru	ue still
	(In	thousands	3)											
Commercial and industrial Real estate	\$	3,144	\$	999	\$	1,141	\$	5,284	\$	1,724,858	\$	1,730,142	\$	20
Consumer mortgages Home equity	2,662		3,254 479		1,8	,719 803	4,9		55	349,207 3,516	558	74,122 8,460	1,022 141	
Agricultural Commercial and industrial-owner			12		9		192			9,692		9,884	-	
occupied Construction, acquisition and	4,12	27	1,209)	1,5	557	6,8	93	1,5	589,351	1,5	96,244	14	
development Commercial real	915		530		2,7	58	4,2	03	85	6,204	860	0,407	-	
estate Credit cards All other Total	3,04 364 1,33 \$		738 237 228 \$	7,686	4,7 360 230 \$		8,5 961 1,8 \$	[10	072,825 9,591 4,563 9,949,807	110 450	81,394 0,552 6,366 10,007,571	342 29 \$	1,568

	Dece	ember 31	, 2014										00 + Dov	
		9 Days Due	60-89 Past D	•		Days Due	Tot Pas	al t Due	Cu	ırrent	Tot Ou	tal tstanding	90+ Day Past Due Accruin	e still
	(In t	housands)											
Commercial and					544 \$ 601									
industrial	\$	2,322	\$	544	\$	601	\$	3,467	\$	1,743,019	\$	1,746,486	\$	41
Real estate Consumer														
mortgages	10,7	25	3,797	97 11,1		67	25.	689	2.2	232,037	2.2	57,726	1,828	
Home equity	1,83		397	*			2,8		-	8,485	-	1,374	-	
Agricultural	365		1		130		496	·)	23	9,120	239	9,616	-	
Commercial and														
industrial-owner	4.00	_	4.60			_		~ ~					•	
occupied Construction,	1,00	5	463		3,33	37	4,8	05	1,5	517,731	1,5	22,536	39	
acquisition and														
development	4,54	7	278		1,56	58	6,3	93	84	7,230	853	3,623	387	
Commercial real	,				,		- /-			,		, -		
estate	4,72	2	1		1,54	15	6,2	68	1,9	955,709	1,9	61,977	137	

Credit cards	447	312	379	1,138	112,288	113,426	327	
All other	1,562	203	102	1,867	484,305	486,172	4	
Total	\$ 27,529	\$ 5,99	6 \$ 19,487	\$ 53,012	\$ 9,659,924	\$ 9,712,936	\$ 2,76	53

The Company utilizes an internal loan classification system to grade loans according to certain credit quality indicators. These credit quality indicators include, but are not limited to, recent credit performance, delinquency, liquidity, cash flows, debt coverage ratios, collateral type and loan-to-value ratio. The Company's internal loan classification system is compatible with classifications used by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, as well as other regulatory agencies. Loans may be classified as follows:

Pass: Loans which are performing as agreed with few or no signs of weakness. These loans show sufficient cash flow, capital and collateral to repay the loan as agreed.

Special Mention: Loans where potential weaknesses have developed which could cause a more serious problem if not corrected.

Substandard: Loans where well-defined weaknesses exist that require corrective action to prevent further deterioration.

Doubtful: Loans having all the characteristics of Substandard and which have deteriorated to a point where collection and liquidation in full is highly questionable.

Loss: Loans that are considered uncollectible or with limited possible recovery.

Impaired: Loans for which it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement and for which a specific impairment reserve has been considered.

The following tables provide details of the Company's loan and lease portfolio, net of unearned income, by segment, class and internally assigned grade at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	June 30, 2015	Speci	i o 1									
	Pass	Ment		Sul	ostandard	Do	ubtful	Loss	Im	paired (1)	То	tal
	(In thousands))										
Commercial and												
industrial	\$ 1,688,364	\$	695	\$	33,809	\$	107	\$ -	\$	7,167	\$	1,730,142
Real estate												
Consumer mortgages	2,288,980	-		81,	312	226)	-	3,6	504	2,3	374,122
Home equity	547,169	-		9,4	80	-		-	1,8	311	55	8,460
Agricultural	232,626	-			58	-		-	-		23	9,884
Commercial and												
industrial-owner												
occupied	1,538,436	-		47,	991	233	3	-	9,5	584	1,5	596,244
Construction,												
acquisition and												
development	826,039	-		30,	309	444	ļ	-	3,6	515	86	0,407
Commercial real estate	2,016,614	-		55,	452	295	5	-	9,0	033	2,0)81,394
Credit cards	110,552	-		-		-		-	-		11	0,552
All other	443,484	-		12,	583	-		-	29	9	45	6,366
Total	\$ 9,692,264	\$	695	\$	278,194	\$ 1	,305	\$ -	\$	35,113	\$	10,007,571

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	D	Special Mention		0.1	. 1 1	D 1.6	1				. 171	T	. 1
	Pass	Ment	10n	Sub	standard	Doubtf	ul	Loss		Imp	paired (1)	То	tal
	(In thousands)											
Commercial and													
industrial	\$ 1,709,475	\$	978	\$	33,879	\$ -	-	\$	-	\$	2,154	\$	1,746,486
Real estate													
Consumer mortgages	2,167,965	-		84,9	975	-		-		4,7	86	2,2	257,726
Home equity	521,011	-		9,74	14	-		-		619)	53	1,374
Agricultural	227,688	-		11,928		-		-		-		23	9,616
Commercial and													
industrial-owner													
occupied	1,450,158	-		64,4	120	491		-		7,4	67	1,5	522,536
Construction,													
acquisition and													
development	811,227	-		39,6	575	334		-		2,3	87	85	3,623
Commercial real estate	1,893,514	-		57,7	761	184		-		10,	518	1,9	61,977
Credit cards	113,426	-		-		-		-		-		11	3,426
All other	471,662	-		14,3	340	-		-		170)	48	6,172
Total	\$ 9,366,126	\$	978	\$	316,722	\$ 1,009		\$	-	\$	28,101	\$	9,712,936
(1) Immained leaves and	ala a	c		. 41	. 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 4 .			("T	תם	. ? ? ``			

⁽¹⁾ Impaired loans are shown exclusive of accruing troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs")

The following tables provide details regarding impaired loans and leases, net of unearned income, by segment and class as of and for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014:

	Rec Inve in In Loa	e 30, 2015 orded estment mpaired ns thousands	Un Pri Bai Imp Los	paid ncipal lance of paired ans	All	ated owance Credit eses			led Inve Six mo ended June 3 2015	onths	Interest Intree mended June 30, 2015	onths	Recognize Six monended June 30, 2015	ths
With no related allowance: Commercial and industrial Real estate:	\$	4,361	\$	5,551	\$	-	\$	3,448	\$	2,341	\$	15	\$	
Consumer mortgages	3,60	М	4,0	22			3,006		3,207		18		37	
Home equity	1,41		1,4		_		1,010		610		3		4	
Agricultural	-	. 1	-		_		-		-		-		-	
Commercial and industrial-owner														
occupied Construction, acquisition and	6,31	19	7,4	50	-		6,947		5,495		41		72	
development	3,61	15	3,8	18	-		4,780		3,983		6		12	
Commercial real estate All other	8,23 299		10, 442	707	-		8,127 254		8,185 211		52 2		116 2	
Total	\$	27,847	\$	33,467	\$	_	\$	27,572	\$	24,032	\$	137	\$	20
With an allowance: Commercial and industrial Real estate:	\$	2,806	\$	2,806	\$	1,925	\$	3,903	\$	2,344	\$	11	\$	
Consumer	_		_		_		659		608		4		9	
mortgages Home equity	400		400)	69		402		404		4		9	
Agricultural	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-	
Commercial and industrial-owner	3,26	65	3,2	65	1,69	99	3,031		2,797 127		19		37	
de velopinent	-		-		-		55		14/		-		-	

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Commercial real				_							_		
estate	795		795)	249)	2,007		4,042		6		15
All other	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total	\$	7,266	\$	7,266	\$	3,942	\$	10,035	\$	10,322	\$	44	\$
Total:													
Commercial and													
industrial	\$	7,167	\$	8,357	\$	1,925	\$	7,351	\$	4,685	\$	26	\$
Real estate:	φ	7,107	φ	0,557	Ф	1,923	φ	7,331	φ	4,065	φ	20	φ
Consumer	2.66		4.0	0.0			2.665		2.015		22		1.6
mortgages	3,60		4,0		-		3,665		3,815		22		46
Home equity	1,81	.1	1,8	11	69		1,412		1,014		7		13
Agricultural	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Commercial and													
industrial-owner													
occupied	9,58	34	10,	715	1,69	99	9,978		8,292		60		109
Construction,													
acquisition and													
development	3,61	5	3,8	18	_		4,813		4,110		6		12
Commercial real	2,01	.0	2,0	10			1,010		.,110		Ü		12
estate	9,03	33	11.	502	249)	10,134	4	12,22	7	58		131
All other	299		442		_		254		211		2		2
Total	\$	35,113	\$	40,733	\$	3,942	\$	37,607	\$	34,354	\$	181	\$

	Decem	ber 31, 20		•						
	Record Investr in Impa Loans	nent	Unpaid Princip Balanc Impaire Loans	oal e of	Relate Allow for Cr Losse	ance edit	Averag Record Investi	ded	Interes Income Recogn	e
									C	
With no related allowance:	(In tho	usands)								
Commercial and industrial Real estate:	\$	1,235	\$	1,583	\$	-	\$	1,271	\$	43
Consumer mortgages	3,503		4,356		-		4,282		72	
Home equity	209		209		-		215		6	
Agricultural	-		-		-		370		2	
Commercial and										
industrial-owner occupied	6,503		7,634		-		4,687		70	
Construction, acquisition and										
development	2,387		3,654		-		5,796		66	
Commercial real estate	7,975		9,275		-		7,935		128	
All other	170		314		-		187		8	
Total	\$	21,982	\$	27,025	\$	-	\$	24,743	\$	395
With an allowance:										
Commercial and industrial Real estate:	\$	919	\$	919	\$	215	\$	328	\$	19
Consumer mortgages	1,283		1,658		123		1,376		30	
Home equity	410		410		70		-		-	
Agricultural	-		-		-		43		-	
Commercial and										
industrial-owner occupied	964		1,094		89		1,203		21	
Construction, acquisition and										
development	-		-		-		542		-	
Commercial real estate	2,543		2,543		1,022		5,706		87	
All other	-	6 1 1 0	-	6 60 4	-	1.510	6	0.204	-	1.55
Total	\$	6,119	\$	6,624	\$	1,519	\$	9,204	\$	157
Total:										
Commercial and industrial	\$	2,154	\$	2,502	\$	215	\$	1,599	\$	62
Real estate:										
Consumer mortgages	4,786		6,014		123		5,658		102	
Home equity	619		619		70		215		6	
Agricultural	-		-		-		413		2	
	7,467		8,728		89		5,890		91	

Commercial and industrial-owner occupied Construction, acquisition and development

development	2,387		3,654		-		6,338		66	
Commercial real estate	10,518		11,818		1,022		13,641		215	
All other	170		314		-		193		8	
Total	\$	28,101	\$	33,649	\$	1,519	\$	33,947	\$	552

The following tables provide details regarding impaired loans and leases, net of unearned income, which include troubled debt restructurings (TDRs), by segment and class as of and for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014:

	lowance:		Balanc Impaire and	l Principal e of ed Loans ng TDRs	Rel All	ated owance Credit sses			Six me ended June 3 2015	onths	Interest Three n ended June 30 2015	nonths	e Reco Six endo June 201.
With no related													
Commercial and													
industrial Real estate: Consumer	\$	4,361	\$	5,551	\$	-	\$	3,448	\$	2,341	\$	15	\$
mortgages	3,604		4,088		_		3,006		3,207		18		37
Home equity	1,411		1,411		_		1,010		610		3		4
Agricultural	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Commercial and													
industrial-owner	C 210		7.450				6.047		5.405		4.1		70
occupied Construction,	6,319		7,450		-		6,947		5,495		41		72
acquisition and													
development	3,615		3,818		_		4,780		3,983		6		12
Commercial real	,		,				,		,				
estate	8,238		10,707		-		8,127		8,185		52		116
All other	299		442		-		254		211		2		2
Total	\$	27,847	\$	33,467	\$	-	\$	27,572	\$	24,032	\$	137	\$
With an													
allowance:													
Commercial and industrial	\$	3,930	\$	3,931	\$	2,002	\$	4,382	\$	2,747	\$	17	\$
Real estate:	Ф	3,930	Ф	3,931	Φ	2,002	Ф	4,362	Ф	2,747	φ	1 /	Ф
Consumer													
mortgages	1,657		1,669		547	,	2,123		2,636		18		48
Home equity	400		410		69		402		410		4		9
Agricultural	-		-		-		-		3		-		-
Commercial and													
industrial-owner	0.004		0.404				= 4.40						4.40
occupied	8,924		9,184		1,8	61	7,140		7,092		51		113
Construction, acquisition and													
development	2,258		2,259		45		1,257		1,255		10		17
Commercial real	2,230		2,237		10		1,237		1,233		10		1/
estate	1,911		2,125		335	5	2,960		4,947		17		35
Credit card	1,028		1,028		51		1,069		1,028		107		210
All other	124		156		24		119		139		1		2
Total	\$	20,232	\$	20,762	\$	4,934	\$	19,452	\$	20,257	\$	225	\$

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Total:													
Commercial and													
industrial	\$	8,291	\$	9,482	\$	2,002	\$	7,830	\$	5,088	\$	32	\$
Real estate:													
Consumer													
mortgages	5,261		5,757		547	'	5,129		5,843		36		85
Home equity	1,811		1,821		69		1,412		1,020		7		13
Agricultural	-		-		-		-		3		-		-
Commercial and													
industrial-owner													
occupied	15,243		16,634		1,80	61	14,087		12,587		92		185
Construction,													
acquisition and													
development	5,873		6,077		45		6,037		5,238		16		29
Commercial real													
estate	10,149		12,832		335	i	11,087		13,132		69		151
Credit card	1,028		1,028		51		1,069		1,028		107		210
All other	423		598		24		373		350		3		4
Total	\$	48,079	\$	54,229	\$	4,934	\$	47,024	\$	44,289	\$	362	\$

	Decem	per 31, 201	4							
	Recor	ded	Unpaid	d Principal						
	Invest	ment	Balanc	ee of	Rel	ated				
	in Imp	paired	Impair	ed Loans	All	owance	Aveı	rage	Interes	t
	Loans		and			Credit		orded	Incom	
		ing TDRs		ng TDRs	Los			stment	Recog	
		ousands)	110010			,500	111,0	J	110008	
With no related allowance:										
Commercial and industrial	\$	1,235	\$	1,583	\$	_	\$	1,271	\$	43
Real estate:	*	-,	*	-,	7		т.	-,	*	
Consumer mortgages	3,503		4,356		_		4,28	2	72	
Home equity	209		209		_		215	_	6	
Agricultural	-		-		_		370		2	
Commercial and industrial-owner							370		2	
occupied	6,503		7,634		_		4,68	7	70	
Construction, acquisition and	0,505		7,054				1,00	,	70	
development	2,387		3,654				5,79	6	66	
Commercial real estate	7,975		9,275		-		7,93		128	
All other	170		314		-		187	J	8	
Total	\$	21,982	\$	27,025	\$		\$	24,743	\$	395
Total	Ф	21,962	Ф	27,023	Ф	-	Ф	24,743	Ф	393
With an allowance:										
Commercial and industrial	\$	1,275	\$	1,276	\$	239	\$	1,208	\$	63
Real estate:		,		,				,		
Consumer mortgages	4,832		5,549		875	5	4,27	8	140	
Home equity	427		438		70		18		1	
Agricultural	8		8		1		305		11	
Commercial and industrial-owner										
occupied	5,520		5,856		404	ļ	6,57	1	243	
Construction, acquisition and	,		,				*			
development	1,488		1,752		241		2,410	0	70	
Commercial real estate	3,957		4,200		1,2		8,13		195	
Credit cards	1,109		1,109		64		1,37		137	
All other	154		195		46		143		5	
Total	\$	18,770	\$	20,383	\$	3,230	\$	24,442	\$	865
Total:										
Commercial and industrial	\$	2,510	\$	2,859	\$	239	\$	2,479	\$	106
Real estate:	Ф	2,310	Ф	2,039	Ф	239	Φ	2,479	Φ	100
Consumer mortgages	8,335		9,905		875	5	8,56	0	212	
Home equity	636		647		70		233		7	
Agricultural	8		8		1		675		13	
Commercial and industrial-owner	Ü		Ü		-		070		10	
occupied	12,02	3	13,490)	404	Ĺ	11,2	58	313	
o to the production of the pro	12,02.	-	15,170	•	10	•	,		010	

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Construction, acquisition and					
development	3,875	5,406	241	8,206	136
Commercial real estate	11,932	13,475	1,290	16,070	323
Credit cards	1,109	1,109	64	1,374	137
All other	324	509	46	330	13
Total	\$ 40,752	\$ 47,408	\$ 3,230	\$ 49,185	\$ 1,260

Loans considered impaired under Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 310, Receivables ("FASB ASC 310"), are loans for which, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. The Company's recorded investment in loans considered impaired exclusive of accruing TDRs at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was \$35.1 million and \$28.1 million, respectively. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, \$7.3 million and \$6.1 million, respectively, of those impaired loans had a valuation allowance of \$3.9 million and \$1.5 million, respectively. The remaining balance of impaired loans of \$27.8 million and \$22.0 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, were charged down to fair value, less estimated selling costs which approximated net realizable value. Therefore, such loans did not have an associated valuation allowance. Impaired loans that were characterized as TDRs totaled \$3.3 million and \$4.6 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. The average recorded investment in impaired loans was \$37.6 million and \$34.4 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and \$33.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Non-performing loans and leases ("NPLs") consist of non-accrual loans and leases, loans and leases 90 days or more past due and still accruing, and loans and leases that have been restructured (primarily in the form of reduced interest rates and modified payment terms) because of the borrower's weakened financial condition or bankruptcy proceedings. The following table presents information concerning NPLs as of the dates indicated:

	June 30, 2015		2014		Dece 2014	mber 31,
	(In thousands)					
Non-accrual loans and leases	\$	67,766	\$	64,533	\$	58,052
Loans and leases 90 days or more past due, still accruing	1,568		2,406		2,763	
Restructured loans and leases still accruing	10,109		6,71	2	10,92	20
Total non-performing loans and leases	\$	79,443	\$	73,651	\$	71,735

The Bank's policy for all loan classifications provides that loans and leases are generally placed in non-accrual status if, in management's opinion, payment in full of principal or interest is not expected or payment of principal or interest is more than 90 days past due, unless such loan or lease is both well-secured and in the process of collection. At June 30, 2015, the Company's geographic NPL distribution was concentrated primarily in its Arkansas and Mississippi markets. The following table presents the Company's nonaccrual loans and leases by segment and class as of the dates indicated:

June	30,			Dece	ember 31,	
2015		201	4	2014		
(In tl	housands	s)				
\$	9 740	\$	2 917	\$	3 934	

Commercial and industrial

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Real estate				
Consumer mortgages	21,636	24,355	23,668	
Home equity	3,550	2,116	2,253	
Agricultural	259	595	291	
Commercial and industrial-owner occupied	14,007	11,094	11,190	
Construction, acquisition and development	5,411	9,202	4,162	
Commercial real estate	12,397	13,406	11,915	
Credit cards	157	132	133	
All other	609	716	506	
Total	\$ 67,766	\$ 64,533	\$ 58,052	

In the normal course of business, management will sometimes grant concessions, which would not otherwise be considered, to borrowers that are experiencing financial difficulty. Loans identified as meeting the criteria set out in FASB ASC 310 are identified as TDRs. The concessions granted most frequently for TDRs

involve reductions or delays in required payments of principal and interest for a specified period, the rescheduling of payments in accordance with a bankruptcy plan or the charge-off of a portion of the loan. In most cases, the conditions of the credit also warrant nonaccrual status, even after the restructure occurs. Other conditions that warrant a loan being considered a TDR include reductions in interest rates to below market rates due to bankruptcy plans or by the bank in an attempt to assist the borrower in working through liquidity problems. As part of the credit approval process, the restructured loans are evaluated for adequate collateral protection in determining the appropriate accrual status at the time of restructure. TDRs recorded as nonaccrual loans may generally be returned to accrual status in years after the restructure if there has been at least a six-month period of sustained repayment performance by the borrower in accordance with the terms of the restructured loan and the interest rate at the time of restructure was at or above market for a comparable loan. During the second quarter of 2015, the most common concessions that were granted involved rescheduling payments of principal and interest over a longer amortization period, granting a period of reduced principal payment or interest only payment for a limited time period, or the rescheduling of payments in accordance with a bankruptcy plan.

The following tables summarize the financial effect of TDRs recorded during the periods indicated:

	Three months ended June 30, 2015						
		Pre-Modifi	cation	Post-Modification			
	Number	Outstandin	Outstanding				
	of	Recorded		Recorded			
	Contracts	Investment thousands)		Investment			
	(Dollars in						
Commercial and industrial	4	\$	969	\$	964		
Real estate							
Consumer mortgages	5	322		322			
Commercial and industrial-owner occupied	2	2,278		2,269			
Construction, acquisition and development	2	201		199			
Commercial real estate	2	603		210			
All other	1	17		11			
Total	16	\$	4,390	\$	3,975		

Six months ended June 30, 2015							
	Pre-Modifie	cation	Post-Modific	ation			
Number	Outstanding	3	Outstanding				
of	Recorded		Recorded				
Contracts	Investment		Investment				
(Dollars in	thousands)						
5	\$	1,096	\$	1,089			
of Contracts	Outstanding Recorded Investment		Outstanding Recorded	1,089			

Commercial and industrial

6	392		392	
7	5,277		5,257	
2	201		199	
7	2,450		2,036	
2	38		31	
29	\$	9,454	\$	9,004
	6 7 2 7 2 29	7 5,277 2 201 7 2,450 2 38	7 5,277 2 201 7 2,450 2 38	7 5,277 5,257 2 201 199 7 2,450 2,036 2 38 31

	Year ended	December	Post-Modification		
	Number of		Pre-Modification Outstanding		auon
	Contracts	Investment	t	Recorded Investment	
	(Dollars in	thousands)			
Commercial and industrial	5	\$	613	\$	613
Real estate					
Consumer mortgages	33	4,823		4,263	
Home equity	2	31		30	
Agricultural	1	10		10	
Commercial and industrial-owner occupied	8	2,103		1,810	
Construction, acquisition and development	3	924		924	
Commercial real estate	7	1,426		1,519	
All other	14	290		286	
Total	73	\$	10,220	\$	9,455

The tables below summarize TDRs within the previous 12 months for which there was a payment default during the period indicated (i.e., 30 days or more past due at any given time during the period indicated).

	Three month	0, 2015	
	Number of	Recorded	
	Contracts	Investment	
	(Dollars in t	housands)	
Commercial and industrial	1	\$	84
Real estate			
Commercial and industrial-owner occupied	1	517	
Commercial real estate	1	151	
Total	3	\$	752

Six months ended June 30, 2015

Number of Recorded Contracts Investment

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	(Dollar		
Commercial and industrial	1	\$	84
Real estate			
Consumer mortgages	3	207	
Commercial and industrial-owner occupied	1	517	
Commercial real estate	1	151	
Total	6	\$	959

	Year ended December 31, 2014			
	Number of	Recorded		
	Contracts	Investment		
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Real estate				
Consumer mortgages	8	\$	540	
Commercial and industrial-owner occupied	2	784		
Construction, acquisition and development	2	279		
Commercial real estate	5	901		
All other	6	65		
Total	23	\$	2,569	

NOTE 3 – ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES

The following tables summarize the changes in the allowance for credit losses by segment and class for the periods indicated:

	Six months ended										
	June 30, 2015										
	Bala	Balance,								Balance,	
	Begi	Beginning of							En	d of	
	Perio	od	Charg	e-offs	Recoveries		Provision		Per	riod	
	(In t	housands)									
Commercial and industrial	\$	21,419	\$	(1,819)	\$	784	\$	1,094	\$	21,478	
Real estate											
Consumer mortgages	40,0	15	(1,467)		1,652		(1,895)		38,305		
Home equity	9,54	2	(743)		426		408		9,633		
Agricultural	3,42	0	(8)		305		(678)		3,0	39	
Commercial and industrial-owner											
occupied	16,3	25	(798)		696		1,121		17,344		
Construction, acquisition and development	9,88	5	(615)		9,5	82	(9,	061)	9,7	91	
Commercial real estate	23,5	62	(2,124)	1)	1,3	20	(96	53)	21,	795	
Credit cards	6,51	4	(1,203)	3)	336		(134)		5,513		
All other	11,7	61	(1,020)		565		108		11,414		
Total	\$	142,443	\$	(9,797)	\$	15,666	\$	(10,000)	\$	138,312	

	Year ended December 31, 2014									
	Balance, Beginning of Period		Charge-offs		Recoveries		Provision		Balance, End of Period	
	(In thousands)									
Commercial and industrial	\$	18,376	\$	(2,546)	\$	2,298	\$	3,291	\$	21,419
Real estate										
Consumer mortgages	39,525		(6,037)		3,267		3,260		40,015	
Home equity	5,663		(1,359)		625		4,613		9,542	
Agricultural	2,800		(765)		96		1,289		3,420	
Commercial and industrial-owner										
occupied	17,059		(3,591)		1,112		1,745		16,325	
Construction, acquisition and development	11,828		(3,731)		3,734		(1,946)		9,885	
Commercial real estate	43,853		(1,795)		1,458		(19,954)		23,562	
Credit cards	3,782		(2,359)		542		4,549		6,514	
All other	10,350		(2,844)		1,102		3,153		11,761	
Total	\$	153,236	\$	(25,027)	\$	14,234	\$	-	\$	142,443

	Six months ended June 30, 2014 Balance,									
									Balance,	
	Beginning of							End of		
	Period		Charge-offs		Recoveries		Provision		Period	
	(In t	thousands)								
Commercial and industrial	\$	18,376	\$	(1,061)	\$	1,435	\$	848	\$	19,598
Real estate										
Consumer mortgages	39,525		(3,627)		1,494		(922)		36,470	
Home equity	5,663		(756)		366		147		5,420	
Agricultural	2,800		(714)		35		355		2,476	
Commercial and industrial-owner										
occupied	17,059		(2,142)		436		2,274		17,627	
Construction, acquisition and development	11,828		(1,707)		2,445		(2,157)		10,409	
Commercial real estate	43,853		(1,262)		549		158		43,298	
Credit cards	3,782		(1,167)		266		(331)		2,550	
All other	10,350		(1,254)		560		(372)		9,284	
Total	\$	153,236	\$	(13,690)	\$	7,586	\$	_	\$	147,132

The following tables provide the allowance for credit losses by segment, class and impairment status as of the dates indicated::

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	June 30, 2015 Recorded Balance of Impaired Loans		Allowance for Impaired Loans and Leases			nce for er Loans ases	Total Allowance	
	(In thou	sands)						
Commercial and industrial	\$	7,167	\$	1,925	\$	19,553	\$	21,478
Real estate								
Consumer mortgages	3,604		-		38,305		38,	305
Home equity	1,811		69		9,564		9,6	33
Agricultural	-		-		3,039		3,0	39
Commercial and industrial-owner occupied	9,584		1,699		15,645		17,	344
Construction, acquisition and development	3,615		-		9,791		9,7	91
Commercial real estate	9,033		249		21,546		21,	795
Credit cards	-		-		5,513		5,5	13
All other	299		-		11,414		11,	414
Total	\$	35,113	\$	3,942	\$	134,370	\$	138,312

	Decemb Recorde Balance Impaired	of	Allowa	d Loans	Allowa All Oth and Lea	er Loans	Total Allowance	
	(In thou	sands)						
Commercial and industrial	\$	2,154	\$	215	\$	21,204	\$	21,419
Real estate								
Consumer mortgages	4,786		123		39,892		40,	015
Home equity	619		70		9,472		9,5	42
Agricultural	-		-		3,420		3,4	20
Commercial and industrial-owner occupied	7,467		89		16,236		16,	325
Construction, acquisition and development	2,387		-		9,885		9,8	85
Commercial real estate	10,518		1,022		22,540		23,	562
Credit cards	-		_		6,514		6,5	14
All other	170		_		11,761		11,	761
Total	\$	28,101	\$	1,519	\$	140,924	\$	142,443

Management evaluates impaired loans individually in determining the adequacy of the allowance for impaired loans. As a result of the Company individually evaluating loans of \$500,000 or more that are 60 or more days past due for impairment, further review of remaining loans collectively, as well as the corresponding potential allowance, would be immaterial in the opinion of management.

The following table presents the activity in other real estate owned ("OREO") for the periods indicated:							
0							

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	Six i June 2015	,	ded 20	14	Year ended December 2014	nded lber 31,
	(In t	housands)				
Balance at beginning of period		33,984	\$	69,338	\$	69,338
Additions to foreclosed properties						
New foreclosed properties	4,53	4	8,9	99	14,732	
Reductions in foreclosed properties						
Sales	(11,0	010)	(19	,036)	(42,01	3)
Writedowns	(3,20)	09)	(4,	048)	(8,073))
Balance at end of period	\$	24,299	\$	55,253	\$	33,984

The following tables present the OREO by geographical location, segment and class as of the dates indicated:

	Ala	e 30, 20 bama Florida												
		handle		ansas	Lou	isiana	Mississippi	Missouri	Tennessee	Texas	Other		Total	
	(In	thousan	ds)											ļ
Commercial and														
industrial	\$	84	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	84
Real estate														
Consumer														
mortgages	213	1	30		25		1,599	-	71	110	-		2,048	ļ
Home equity	-		-		-		101	-	-	-	-		101	ļ
Agricultural	-		-		-		25	-	-	-	-		25	
Commercial and														
industrial-owner														
occupied	260	1	-		-		587	-	307	60	-		1,214	
Construction,														
acquisition and														
development	3,88	37	84		130		13,165	-	2,373	-	-		19,639	9
Commercial real														
estate	170	1	-		-		714	-	122	63	-		1,069	
All other	-		21		-		98	-	-	-	-		119	
Total	\$	4,614	\$	135	\$	155	\$ 16,289	\$ -	\$ 2,873	\$ 233	\$	_	\$ 24.	,299

	Ala and	cember 3 lbama l Florida lhandle		14 ansas	Lou	ıisiana	Mississi	nni	Missour	i	Tennessee	Te	xas	Other		Total	
		thousan		ansas	Lot	iisiaiia	1411221221	ppi	Missoui	1	Telliessee	10	лаз	Other		Total	
Commercial and			,														
industrial	\$	84	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -		\$ -		\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	84
Real estate																	
Consumer																	
mortgages	309)	97		470)	1,181		-		198	39		-		2,294	
Home equity	24		-		-		188		-		-	-		-		212	
Agricultural	-		-		-		25		-		-	-		-		25	
Commercial and																	
industrial-owner																	
occupied	-		-		-		1,162		-		223	60		-		1,445	
Construction,																	
acquisition and																	
development	7,30)2	84		140)	17,152		-		3,006	56		-		27,740)
Commercial real																	
estate	1,00	30	256		-		646		-		121	63		-		2,086	
All other	-		-		-		98		-		-	-		-		98	
Total	\$	8,719	\$	437	\$	610	\$ 20,452	2	\$ -		\$ 3,548	\$	218	\$	-	\$ 33,	984

	Alabar	na													
	بانالمصم														ľ
		orida			_ ,						-	_			•
	Panhar (In tho		Arkan ds)	sas	Louis	isiana	Missis	sippi	Misso	uri	Tennessee	Texas	Other	Total	
Commercial and															•
industrial	\$	84	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	84
Real estate															•
Consumer															•
mortgages	979		223		-		1,999		29		117	5	-	3,352	•
Home equity	-		-		-		370				-	-	-	370	•
Agricultural	-		-		-		216				462	-	-	678	•
Commercial and															•
industrial-owner															
occupied	-		33		-		2,645				722	60	-	3,460	
Construction,															•
acquisition and															
	11,084	r	91		239		24,817	/	794		6,491	-	-	43,516	6
Commercial real															
	352		288		-		1,771				1,102	-	-	3,513	
A 11 a 41a a 4	_		_		_		148				38	94	-	280	
All other Total		,499		635	\$	239	\$ 31,90		\$ 82	323	\$ 8,932	\$ 159	\$ -	\$ 55,	,253

The Company incurred total foreclosed property expenses of \$1.6 million and \$4.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Realized net losses on dispositions and holding losses on valuations of these properties, a component of total foreclosed property expenses, were \$1.2 million and \$3.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Company incurred total foreclosed property expenses of \$3.6 million and \$6.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Realized net losses on dispositions and holding losses on valuations of these properties, a component of total foreclosed property expenses, were \$2.6 million and \$5.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

NOTE 5 – SECURITIES

A comparison of amortized cost and estimated fair values of available-for-sale securities as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and December 31, 2014 follows:

	June 30, 2015			
	Amortized	Gross Unrealized	Gross Unrealized	Estimated Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
	(In thousands)			
U.S. Government agencies	\$ 1,331,589	\$ 5,341	\$ 84	\$ 1,336,846
Government agency issued residential				
mortgage-backed securities	214,390	3,518	717	217,191
Government agency issued commercial				
mortgage-backed securities	224,386	2,064	2,000	224,450
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	434,980	23,488	146	458,322
Other	13,123	1,221	-	14,344
Total	\$ 2,218,468	\$ 35,632	\$ 2,947	\$ 2,251,153

	December 31,	2014		
		Gross	Gross	Estimated
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
	(In thousands)			
U.S. Government agencies	\$ 1,213,310	\$ 4,093	\$ 2,349	\$ 1,215,054
Government agency issued residential				
mortgage-backed securities	204,918	4,751	439	209,230
Government agency issued commercial				
mortgage-backed securities	241,449	2,319	3,200	240,568
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	458,026	25,986	148	483,864
Other	6,864	1,347	-	8,211
Total	\$ 2,124,567	\$ 38,496	\$ 6,136	\$ 2,156,927

June 30, 2014			
	Gross	Gross	Estimated
Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair

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	Cost (In thousands)	Gains	Losses	Value
U.S. Government agencies	\$ 1,328,852	\$ 6,995	\$ 2,479	\$ 1,333,368
Government agency issued residential				
mortgage-backed securities	225,960	4,157	703	229,414
Government agency issued commercial				
mortgage-backed securities	240,693	2,225	5,597	237,321
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	497,547	23,656	306	520,897
Other	10,056	1,136	-	11,192
Total	\$ 2,303,108	\$ 38,169	\$ 9,085	\$ 2,332,192

Gross gains of approximately \$55,000 and no gross losses were recognized on available-for-sale securities during the first six months of 2015, while gross gains of approximately \$9,000 and gross losses of approximately \$8,000 were recognized during the first six months of 2014.

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of available-for-sale securities at June 30, 2015 by contractual maturity are shown below. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Equity securities are considered as maturing after ten years.

	June 30, 2015 Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value	Weighted Average Yield
	(Dollars in tho	usands)	
Maturing in one year or less	\$ 368,578	\$ 370,600	1.48 %
Maturing after one year through five years	1,083,006	1,087,776	1.23
Maturing after five years through ten years	47,952	49,740	4.96
Maturing after ten years	280,156	301,396	5.92
Mortgage-backed securities	438,776	441,641	2.04
Total	\$ 2,218,468	\$ 2,251,153	

The following tables summarize information pertaining to temporarily impaired available-for-sale securities with continuous unrealized loss positions at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	Co Le	ne 30, 2015 ontinuous U ss Than 12	Inreali Mont	hs	12	Months or	_			otal		
	Fa		_	alized	Fai		_	alized	Fa		_	alized
	Va	llue	Losse	es	Val	ue	Loss	es	Va	alue	Loss	es
	(In	thousands	3)									
U.S. Government agencies Government agency issued residential	\$	118,826	\$	68	\$	9,956	\$	16	\$	128,782	\$	84
mortgage-backed securities Government agency issued commercial	38	,008	327		22,	399	390		60	,407	717	
mortgage-backed securities	11	2,453	966		80,	229	1,034	ļ	19	2,682	2,000)
Obligations of states and												
political subdivisions	21	,582	109		4,1	01	37		25	,683	146	
Total	\$	290,869	\$	1,470	\$	116,685	\$	1,477	\$	407,554	\$	2,947

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December 31, 2014 Continuous Unrealized Loss Position Less Than 12 Months 12 Months or Longer Total Fair Unrealized Fair Unrealized Fair Unrealized Value Losses Value Losses Value Losses (In thousands) U.S. Government agencies \$ 237,891 \$ 471 \$ 283,643 \$ 1.878 \$ 521,534 \$ 2,349 Government agency issued residential mortgage-backed securities 439 439 24,565 24,565 Government agency issued commercial mortgage-backed securities 24 3,822 203,520 3,176 207,342 3,200 Obligations of states and political subdivisions 62 86 27,933 148 17,317 10,616 Total \$ 259,030 \$ 557 \$ 522,344 \$ 5,579 \$ 781,374 \$ 6,136

Based upon a review of the credit quality of these securities, and considering that the issuers were in compliance with the terms of the securities, management had no intent to sell these securities, and it was more likely than not that the Company would not be required to sell the securities prior to recovery of costs. Therefore, the impairments related to these securities were determined to be temporary. No other-than-temporary impairment was recorded during the first six months of 2015.

NOTE 6 – PER SHARE DATA

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") are calculated using the two-class method. The two-class method provides that unvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) are participating securities and shall be included in the computation of basic EPS. Diluted EPS is computed using the weighted-average number of shares determined for the basic EPS computation plus the shares resulting from the assumed exercise of all outstanding share-based awards using the treasury stock method. Weighted-average antidilutive stock options to purchase approximately 32,400 shares of Company common stock with a weighted average exercise price of \$25.31 per share for both the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 were excluded from diluted shares. Antidilutive other equity awards of approximately 12,000 and 6,000 shares of Company common stock for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 were also excluded from diluted shares. Weighted-average antidilutive stock options to purchase approximately 414,000 and approximately 69,000 shares of Company common stock with a weighted average exercise price of \$24.32 and \$24.89 per share for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2014 were excluded from diluted shares. Antidilutive other equity awards of approximately 10,000 and 5,000 shares of Company common stock for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2014 were also excluded from diluted shares. The following table provides a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted earnings per share computations for the periods shown:

	201: Inco	5	ended June 30, Shares (Denominator)	Per Amo	Share ount	2014 Inco (Nu:		Shares (Denominator)	Per S	Share ount
Basic EPS Income available to	(In th	ousands, e	except per share an	noun	ts)					
common shareholders Effect of dilutive share- based awards	\$	39,713	96,626 332	\$	0.41	\$	30,868	96,034 339	\$	0.32
Diluted EPS Income available to common shareholders plus assumed exercise of all outstanding share-based awards	\$	39,713	96,958	\$	0.41	\$	30,868	96,373	\$	0.32
	201: Inco	5	ded June 30, Shares (Denominator)		Share ount	2014 Inco (Nu:		Shares (Denominator)	Per S Amo	Share ount
Basic EPS Income available to	(In th	ousands, e	except per share a	moun	ts)					
common shareholders Effect of dilutive share- based awards	\$	71,979	96,493 329	\$	0.75	\$	59,312	95,832 331	\$	0.62
Diluted EPS Income available to common shareholders plus assumed exercise of all outstanding share-based awards	\$	71,979	96,822	\$	0.74	\$	59,312	96,163	\$	0.62
share-based awards	φ	11,717	70,022	Ψ	0.74	Ψ	39,314	70,103	Ψ	0.02

١	V	()TF	7	_	C	\cap	N	11	ÞΙ	5.	F	Ľ	H	וּד	V	71	Γ	/F	7	IN	J	\bigcap	\cap	٨	1	F	

The following tables present the components of other comprehensive (loss) income and the related tax effects allocated to each component for the periods indicated:

	Th: 201	ree month .5	s end	led June	30,		20	14				
	Bef	ore			Ne	:t	Be	efore			Net	[
	tax am	ount	Tax effe			tax iount	tax an	ount	Tax effe		of t	ax ount
Net unrealized (losses) gains on available-for- sale securities: Unrealized (losses) gains arising	(In	thousands	s)									
during												
holding period	\$	(8,653)	\$	3,313	\$	(5,340)	\$	10,643	\$	(4,076)	\$	6,567
Reclassification adjustment for												
net gains realized in net income												
(1)	(41)	16		(25	5)	(5))	2		(3)	
Recognized employee benefit plan												
net periodic benefit cost (2)	1,7	97	(68	7)	1,1	.10	73	8	(28	32)	456	·)
Other comprehensive (loss)												
income	\$	(6,897)	\$	2,642	\$	(4,255)	\$	11,376	\$	(4,356)	\$	7,020
Net income					39,	,713						868
Comprehensive income					\$	35,458					\$	37,888

Six month	s ended June	30,			
2015			2014		
Before		Net	Before		Net
tax	Tax	of tax	tax	Tax	of tax
amount	effect	amount	amount	effect	amount

⁽¹⁾ Reclassification adjustments for net gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities are reported as net security gains on the consolidated statements of income.

⁽²⁾ Recognized employee benefit plan net periodic benefit cost include amortization of unrecognized transition amount, recognized prior service cost and recognized net loss. For more information, see Note 9 - Pension Benefits.

Net unrealized gains on												
available-for-	(In t	thousand	ls)									
sale securities:												
Unrealized gains arising												
during holding period	\$	380	\$	(168)	\$	212	\$	22,705	\$	(8,697)	\$	14,008
Reclassification adjustment for												
net gains realized in net income												
(1)	(55))	21		(34))	(1)	-		(1))
Recognized employee benefit												
plan												
net periodic benefit cost (2)	3,59	94	(1, 1)	374)	2,22	20	1,4	476	(56	54)	91	2
Other comprehensive income												
(loss)	\$	3,919	\$	(1,521)	\$	2,398	\$	24,180	\$	(9,261)	\$	14,919
Net income					71,9	979					59	,312
Comprehensive income					\$	74,377					\$	74,231

⁽¹⁾ Reclassification adjustments for net gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities are reported as net security gains on the consolidated statements of income.

NOTE 8 – GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The carrying amounts of goodwill by operating segment for the six months ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

⁽²⁾ Recognized employee benefit plan net periodic benefit cost include amortization of unrecognized transition amount, recognized prior service cost and recognized net loss. For more information, see Note 9 - Pension Benefits.

		nmunity king		urance encies	Tot	al
	(In t	thousands)				
Balance as of December 31, 2014	\$	217,618	\$	73,880	\$	291,498
Goodwill recorded during the period	-		-		-	
Balance as of June 30, 2015	\$	217,618	\$	73,880	\$	291,498

The Company's policy is to assess goodwill for impairment at the reporting segment level on an annual basis or sooner if an event occurs or circumstances change which indicate that the fair value of a reporting segment is below its carrying amount. Impairment is the condition that exists when the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds its implied fair value. Accounting standards require management to estimate the fair value of each reporting segment in assessing impairment at least annually. The Company's annual assessment date is during the Company's fourth quarter. No events occurred during the first six months of 2015 that indicated the necessity of an earlier goodwill impairment assessment.

In the current economic environment, forecasting cash flows, credit losses and growth in addition to valuing the Company's assets with any degree of assurance is very difficult and subject to significant changes over very short periods of time. Management will continue to update its analysis as circumstances change. As market conditions continue to be volatile and unpredictable, impairment of goodwill related to the Company's reporting segments may be necessary in future periods.

The following tables present information regarding the components of the Company's identifiable intangible assets for the dates and periods indicated:

		30, 2015 Carrying int		mulated rtization		mber 31, 20 Carrying	Accu	mulated tization
Amortized intangible assets:	(In the	ousands)						
Core deposit intangibles	\$	27,801	\$	23,028	\$	27,801	\$	22,782
Customer relationship intangibles	49,639	9	33,44	-3	49,63	9	31,82	1
Non-solicitation intangibles	1,650		892		1,650		667	
Total	\$	79,090	\$	57,363	\$	79,090	\$	55,270
Unamortized intangible assets:		500						
Trade names	\$	688	\$	-	\$	688	\$	-

Three months ended June 30,

Six months ended June 30.

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	2015		2014		2015		2014	
Aggregate amortization expense for:	(In tho	usands)						
Core deposit intangibles	\$	153	\$	130	\$	246	\$	267
Customer relationship intangibles	796		905		1,622		1,739	
Non-solicitation intangibles	112		113		225		200	
Total	\$	1,061	\$	1,148	\$	2,093	\$	2,206

The following table presents information regarding estimated amortization expense on the Company's amortizable identifiable intangible assets for the year ending December 31, 2015 and the succeeding four years:

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	Core Dep Intangibl		Custon Relatio Intangi	nship	Non- Solicitati Intangible		Total	
Estimated Amortization Expense:	(In thous	ands)						
For year ending December 31, 2015	\$	487	\$	3,134	\$	375	\$	3,996
For year ending December 31, 2016	451		2,673		225		3,349	
For year ending December 31, 2017	419		2,380		200		2,999	
For year ending December 31, 2018	390		2,009		183		2,582	
For year ending December 31, 2019	363		1,689		-		2,052	

NOTE 9 – PENSION BENEFITS

The following table presents the components of net periodic benefit costs for the periods indicated:

	Three mor	nths ended	Six months June 30,	s ended
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(In thousan	nds)		
Service cost	\$ 2,615	\$ 2,234	\$ 5,230	\$ 4,468
Interest cost	2,588	2,339	5,176	4,678
Expected return on assets	(2,693)	(2,634)	(5,387)	(5,268)
Amortization of unrecognized transition amount	-	5	_	10
Recognized prior service cost	(180)	(192)	(359)	(384)
Recognized net loss	1,976	926	3,952	1,852
Net periodic benefit costs	\$ 4,306	\$ 2,678	\$ 8,612	\$ 5,356

NOTE 10 - RECENT PRONOUNCEMENTS

There are currently no new accounting standards that have been issued that will have a significant impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

NOTE 11 - SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company is a financial holding company with subsidiaries engaged in the business of banking and activities closely related to banking. The Company determines reportable segments based upon the services offered, the significance of those services to the Company's financial condition and operating results and management's regular review of the operating results of those services. The Company's primary segment is Community Banking, which includes providing a full range of deposit products, commercial loans and consumer loans. The Company has also designated two additional reportable segments -- Insurance Agencies and General Corporate and Other. The Company's insurance agencies serve as agents in the sale of commercial lines of insurance and full lines of property and casualty, life, health and employee benefits products and services. The General Corporate and Other operating segment includes mortgage lending, trust services, credit card activities, investment services and other activities not allocated to the Community Banking or Insurance Agencies operating segments.

Results of operations and selected financial information by operating segment for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

					Gene			
	Commi	•	Insura		•	orate	_	_
	Bankin	_	Agen	cies	and (Other	Tota	ıl
FT 1 1 1 1 20 2015	(In thous	ands)						
Three months ended June 30, 2015:								
Results of Operations	Φ.	0= 6=0	Φ.	o #	Φ.	0.707	4	10= 200
Net interest revenue	\$	97,679	\$	35	\$	9,595	\$	107,309
Provision for credit losses	(5,831)		-		831		(5,0)	00)
Net interest revenue after provision for		_				_		
credit losses	103,510)	35		8,76		112.	
Noninterest revenue	16,311		29,28		28,72		74,3	
Noninterest expense	72,041		25,29		30,84		128.	
Income before income taxes	47,780		4,019		6,64		58,4	
Income tax expense	15,856		1,609		1,268		18,7	
Net income	\$	31,924	\$	2,410	\$	5,379	\$	39,713
Selected Financial Information								
Total assets at end of period		,867,629	\$	211,142	\$	3,556,160	\$	13,634,931
Depreciation and amortization	5,551		1,232		\$	966	7,74	.9
Three months ended June 30, 2014:								
Results of Operations								
Net interest revenue	\$	94,425	\$	30	\$	8,626	\$	103,081
Provision for credit losses	(548)		-		548		-	
Net interest revenue after provision for								
credit losses	94,973		30		8,078	8	103	,081
Noninterest revenue	19,113		28,87	2	21,83	53	69,8	38
Noninterest expense	74,453		24,37	1	29,13	30	127.	,954
Income before income taxes	39,633		4,531		801		44,9	65
Income tax expense (benefit)	12,952		1,807		(662))	14,0	97
Net income	\$	26,681	\$	2,724	\$	1,463	\$	30,868
Selected Financial Information								
Total assets at end of period	\$ 9	,550,723	\$	205,756	\$	3,229,408	\$	12,985,887
Depreciation and amortization	5,833		1,346		\$	342	8,14	4

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	•		Insurance Agencies		General Corpor and Oth	ate	Total	
	(In t	thousands)						
Six months ended June 30, 2015								
Results of Operations								
Net interest revenue	\$	194,518	\$	67	\$	18,797	\$	213,382
Provision for credit losses	(9,7)	98)	-		(202)		(10,	(000)
Net interest revenue after provision for								
credit losses		,316	67		18,999			,382
Noninterest revenue	32,3		62,478		52,844			,629
Noninterest expense		,806	50,612		60,692			,110
Income before income taxes	82,8		11,933		11,151		105,901	
Income tax expense	26,3	347	4,755			2,820		922
Net income	\$	56,470	\$	7,178	\$	8,331	\$	71,979
Selected Financial Information								
Total assets at end of period	\$	9,867,629	\$	211,142	3,556,1	.60	\$	13,634,931
Depreciation and amortization	11,0)89	2,497		1,918		15,5	504
Six months ended June 30, 2014								
Results of Operations								
Net interest revenue	\$	187,588	\$	58	\$	16,649	\$	204,604
Provision for credit losses	476		-		(476)		-	
Net interest revenue after provision for								
credit losses	187	,112	58		17,434		204	,604
Noninterest revenue	38,4	183	60,493		37,379		136	,355
Noninterest expense	151	,088	48,686		54,887		254	,661
Income before income taxes	74,5	507	11,865		(74)		86,2	298
Income tax expense (benefit)	24,1	82	4,725		(1,921))	26,9	986
Net income	\$	50,325	\$	7,140	\$	1,847	\$	59,312
Selected Financial Information								
Total assets at end of period	\$	9,550,723	\$	205,756	\$ 3	,229,408	\$	12,985,887
Depreciation and amortization	11,2	229	2,623		1,923		15,7	775

The increase in income for the General, Corporate and Other division for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the same periods in 2014 is mainly due to an increase in mortgage lending revenue.

NOTE 12 - MORTGAGE SERVICING RIGHTS

Mortgage servicing rights ("MSRs"), which are recognized as a separate asset on the date the corresponding mortgage loan is sold, are recorded at fair value as determined at each accounting period end. An estimate of the fair value of the Company's MSRs is determined utilizing assumptions about factors such as mortgage interest rates, discount rates, mortgage loan prepayment speeds, market trends and industry demand. Data and assumptions used in the fair value

calculation related to MSRs as of the dates indicated were as follows:

	June 30,		December 31,
	2015	2014	2014
	(Dollars in t	chousands)	
	\$	\$	\$
Unpaid principal balance	5,802,407	5,630,192	5,686,756
Weighted-average prepayment speed (CPR)	10.0	11.3	11.6
Discount rate (annual percentage)	9.8	10.3	9.8
Weighted-average coupon interest rate (percentage)	4.1	4.1	4.1
Weighted-average remaining maturity (months)	316.0	312.0	314.0
Weighted-average servicing fee (basis points)	26.6	26.6	26.5

Because the valuation is determined by using discounted cash flow models, the primary risk inherent in valuing the MSRs is the impact of fluctuating interest rates on the estimated life of the servicing revenue stream. The use of different estimates or assumptions could also produce different fair values. The Company does not hedge the change in fair value of MSRs and, therefore, the Company is susceptible to significant fluctuations in the fair value of its MSRs in changing interest rate environments.

The Company has only one class of mortgage servicing asset comprised of closed end loans for one-to-four family residences, secured by first liens. The following table presents the activity in this class for the periods indicated:

	2015		2014	
Fair value as of January 1	(In th	ousands) 51,296	\$	54,662
Additions:	Ψ	31,270	Ψ	34,002
Origination of servicing assets	6,843	3	4,025	
Changes in fair value:				
Due to payoffs/paydowns	(3,49	4)	(2,754)	4)
Due to change in valuation inputs or assumptions				
used in the valuation model	1,282	2	(3,658	3)
Other changes in fair value	(3)		(3)	
Fair value as of June 30	\$	55,924	\$	52,272

All of the changes to the fair value of the MSRs are recorded as part of mortgage lending noninterest revenue on the income statement. As part of mortgage lending noninterest revenue, the Company recorded contractual servicing fees of \$4.0 million and \$3.8 million and late and other ancillary fees of approximately \$314,000 and \$306,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Company recorded contractual servicing fees of \$7.8 million and \$7.5 million and late and other ancillary fees of approximately \$662,000 and \$640,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

NOTE 13 – DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND OFFSETTING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The derivatives held by the Company include commitments to fund fixed-rate mortgage loans to customers and forward commitments to sell individual fixed-rate mortgage loans. The Company's objective in obtaining the forward commitments is to mitigate the interest rate risk associated with the commitments to fund the fixed-rate mortgage loans. Both the commitments to fund fixed-rate mortgage loans and the forward commitments to sell individual fixed-rate mortgage loans are reported at fair value, with adjustments being recorded in current period earnings, and are not accounted for as hedges. At June 30, 2015, the notional amount of forward commitments to sell individual fixed-rate mortgage loans was \$280.8 million with a carrying value and fair value reflecting a gain of \$2.2 million. At June 30, 2014, the notional amount of forward commitments to sell individual fixed-rate mortgage loans was \$151.3 million with a carrying value and fair value reflecting a loss of \$1.0 million. At June 30, 2015, the notional amount of

commitments to fund individual fixed-rate mortgage loans was \$184.9 million with a carrying value and fair value reflecting a gain of \$4.5 million. At June 30, 2014, the notional amount of commitments to fund individual fixed-rate mortgage loans was \$114.2 million with a carrying value and fair value reflecting a gain of \$3.5 million.

The Company also enters into derivative financial instruments in the form of interest rate swaps to meet the financing, interest rate and equity risk management needs of its customers. Upon entering into these interest rate swaps to meet customer needs, the Company enters into offsetting positions to minimize interest rate and equity risk to the Company. These derivative financial instruments are reported at fair value with any resulting gain or loss recorded in current period earnings. These instruments and their offsetting positions are recorded in other assets and other liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets. As of June 30, 2015, the notional amount of customer related derivative financial instruments was \$288.7 million with an average maturity of 44 months, an average interest receive rate of 2.5% and an average interest pay rate of 5.6%. As of June 30, 2014, the notional amount of customer related derivative financial instruments was \$352.7 million with an average maturity of 53 months, an average interest receive rate of 2.5% and an average interest pay rate of 5.6%.

Certain financial instruments such as derivatives, may be eligible for offset in the consolidated balance sheet and/or subject to master netting arrangements or similar agreements. The Bank's derivative transactions with upstream financial institution counterparties are generally executed under International Swaps and Derivative Association master agreements which include "right of set-off" provisions. In such cases there is generally a legally enforceable right to offset recognized amounts and there may be an intention to settle such amounts on a net basis. Nonetheless, the Bank does not generally offset such financial instruments for financial reporting purposes.

The following tables present components of financial instruments eligible for offsetting for the periods indicated:

	June 30	0, 2015					in t	oss Amounts he Consolid lance Sheet	ncial			
	Gross A	Amount nized	Gross Amo Offset	ount	Net An Recog			ancial truments	Colla Pled	ateral ged	Net Am	ount
Financial assets: Derivatives: Forward	(In tho	usands)										
commitments Loan/lease interest rate	\$	7,013	\$	-	\$	7,013	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,013
swaps Total financial	18,565		-		18,565	5	-		-		18,5	665
assets	\$	25,578	\$	-	\$	25,578	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,578
Financial liabilities: Derivatives: Forward												
commitments Loan/lease interest rate	\$	304	\$	-	\$	304	\$	-	\$	-	\$	304
swaps Repurchase	18,565		-		18,565	5	-		(18,5	565)	-	
arrangements Total financial	375,98	0	-		375,98	30	(37	(5,980)	-		-	
liabilities	\$	394,849	\$	-	\$	394,849	\$	(375,980)	\$	(18,565)	\$	304

December 31, 2014

	Beccin	Ser 31, 201	'	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheet Financial								
	Gross Amount Recognized		Gross Amount Offset		Net Amount Recognized		Financial Instruments		Collateral Pledged		Net Amount	
Financial assets: Derivatives: Forward	(In tho	usands)										
commitments Loan/lease interest rate	\$	2,177	\$	-	\$	2,177	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,177
swaps Total financial	22,004		-		22,004		-	-		-		04
assets	\$	24,181	\$	-	\$	24,181	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,181
Financial liabilities: Derivatives: Forward commitments Loan/lease interest rate	\$	1,203	\$	-	\$	1,203	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,203
swaps	22,004		-		22,004		-		(22,0	004)	-	
Repurchase arrangements Total financial	388,166		-		388,16	6	(38	38,166)	-		-	
liabilities	\$	411,373	\$	-	\$	411,373	\$	(388,166)	\$	(22,004)	\$	1,203

	June 30), 2014		Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheet Financial								
	Gross Amount Recognized		Gross Amount Offset		Net Amount Recognized		Financial Instruments		Collateral Pledged		Net Amount	
Financial assets: Derivatives: Forward	(In thou	usands)										
commitments Loan/lease	\$	3,607	\$ -	- \$	5	3,607	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,607
interest rate swaps Total financial	26,434		-		26,434		-		-		26,434	
assets	\$	30,041	\$ -	- \$	5	30,041	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,041
Financial liabilities: Derivatives: Forward commitments Loan/lease	\$	1,159	\$ -	- \$	5	1,159	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,159
interest rate swaps	26,434		-	2	26,434		-		(26,	434)	-	
Repurchase arrangements Total financial	394,440	6	-	3	394,446		(39	94,446)	-		-	
liabilities	\$	422,039	\$ -	- \$	5	422,039	\$	(394,446)	\$	(26,434)	\$	1,159

NOTE 14 – FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES

[&]quot;Fair value" is defined by FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure ("FASB ASC 820"), as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. FASB ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation

techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available under the circumstances. The hierarchy is broken down into the following three levels, based on the reliability of inputs:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that are accessible at the measurement date.

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs for the asset or liability that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Determination of Fair Value

The Company uses the valuation methodologies listed below to measure different financial instruments at fair value. An indication of the level in the fair value hierarchy in which each instrument is generally classified is included. Where appropriate, the description includes details of the valuation models, the key inputs to those models as well as any significant assumptions.

Available-for-sale securities. Available-for-sale securities are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Fair value measurement is based upon quoted prices, if available. If quoted prices are not available, fair values are determined by matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique widely used in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities. The Company's available-for-sale securities that are traded on an active exchange, such as the New York Stock Exchange, are classified as Level 1. Available-for-sale securities valued using matrix pricing are classified as Level 2. Available-for-sale securities valued using matrix pricing that has been adjusted to compensate for the present value of expected cash flows, market liquidity, credit quality and volatility are classified as Level 3.

Mortgage servicing rights. The Company records MSRs at fair value on a recurring basis with subsequent remeasurement of MSRs based on change in fair value. An estimate of the fair value of the Company's MSRs is determined by utilizing assumptions about factors such as mortgage interest rates, discount rates, mortgage loan prepayment speeds, market trends and industry demand. All of the Company's MSRs are classified as Level 3. For additional information about the Company's valuation of MSRs, see Note 12, Mortgage Servicing Rights.

Derivative instruments. The Company's derivative instruments consist of commitments to fund fixed-rate mortgage loans to customers and forward commitments to sell individual fixed-rate mortgage loans. Fair value of these derivative instruments is measured on a recurring basis using recent observable market prices. The Company also enters into interest rate swaps to meet the financing, interest rate and equity risk management needs of its customers. The fair value of these instruments is either an observable market price or a discounted cash flow valuation using the terms of swap agreements but substituting original interest rates with prevailing interest rates ranging from 1.5% to 5.8%. The Company also considers the associated counterparty credit risk when determining the fair value of these instruments. The Company's interest rate swaps, commitments to fund fixed-rate mortgage loans to customers and forward commitments to sell individual fixed-rate mortgage loans are classified as Level 3.

Loans held for sale. Loans held for sale are carried at fair value. The fair value of loans held for sale is based on commitments outstanding from investors as well as what secondary markets are currently offering for portfolios with similar characteristics. Therefore, loans held for sale are subjected to recurring fair value adjustments and are classified as Level 2. The Company obtains quotes, bids or pricing indications on all or part of these loans directly from the buyers. Premiums and discounts received or to be received on the quotes, bids or pricing indications are indicative of the fact that the cost is lower or higher than fair value. Loans held for sale prior to the second quarter of 2014 were carried at the lower of cost or estimated fair value and were subject to nonrecurring fair value adjustments.

Impaired loans. Loans considered impaired under FASB ASC 310 are loans for which, based on current information and events, it is probable that the creditor will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Impaired loans are subject to nonrecurring fair value adjustments to reflect (1) partial write-downs that are based on the observable market price or current appraised value of the collateral, or (2) the full charge-off of the loan carrying value. All of the Company's impaired loans are classified as Level 3.

Other real estate owned. OREO is carried at the lower of cost or estimated fair value, less estimated selling costs and is subject to nonrecurring fair value adjustments. Estimated fair value is determined on the basis of independent appraisals and other relevant factors less an average of 7% for estimated selling costs. All of the Company's OREO is classified as Level 3.

Off-Balance sheet financial instruments. The fair value of commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit is estimated using the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreement and the present creditworthiness of the counterparties. The Company has reviewed the unfunded portion of commitments to extend credit as well as standby and other letters of credit, and has determined that the fair value of such financial instruments is not material. The Company classifies the estimated fair value of credit-related financial instruments as Level 3.

Assets and Liabilities Recorded at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following tables present the balances of the assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	June 30, 2015 Level 1			Level 2		Level 3		tal
Assets:	(In thous	sands)						
Available-for-sale securities:								
U.S. Government agencies	\$	-	\$	1,336,846	\$	-	\$	1,336,846
Government agency issued residential								
mortgage-backed securities	-		21′	7,191	-		21	7,191
Government agency issued commercial								
mortgage-backed securities	-		224	4,450	-		22	4,450
Obligations of states and								
political subdivisions	-		458	8,322	-		45	8,322
Other	1,160		13,	,184	-		14	,344
Mortgage servicing rights	-		-		55	,924	55	,924
Derivative instruments	-		-		25	,307	25	,307
Loans held for sale	-		199	9,370	-		19	9,370
Total	\$	1,160	\$	2,449,363	\$	81,231	\$	2,531,754
Liabilities:								
Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,869	\$	18,869

	June 30, 2014 Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets: Available-for-sale securities:	(In thousands)			
U.S. Government agencies	\$ -	\$ 1,333,368	\$ -	\$ 1,333,368
Government agency issued residential				
mortgage-backed securities	-	229,414	-	229,414
Government agency issued commercial				
mortgage-backed securities	-	237,321	-	237,321
Obligations of states and				

political subdivisions	-		52	0,897	-		52	0,897	
Other	1,090		10	,102	-		11	,192	
Mortgage servicing rights	-		-		52	,272	52	,272	
Derivative instruments	-	-			29	,625	29,625		
Loans held for sale	-		10	5,643	-		105,643		
Total	\$	1,090	\$	2,436,745	\$	81,897	\$	2,519,732	
Liabilities:									
Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,593	\$	27,593	

The following tables present the changes in Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

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		rtgage	D	Derivative		able-
		vicing	Deriva	ative	for-sa	lie
	Rig	hts	Instru	ments	Secur	ities
	(In	thousands)				
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$	51,296	\$	623	\$	-
Year to date net gains included in:						
Net (loss) gain	(2,2)	215)	5,815		-	
Other comprehensive income	-		-		-	
Additions	6,84	43	-		-	
Transfers in and/or out of Level 3	-		-		-	
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	55,924	\$	6,438	\$	-
Net unrealized gains included in net income for the						
quarter relating to assets and liabilities held at June 30, 2015	\$	4,321	\$	3,017	\$	-

		rtgage vicing hts	Deriva Instru		Availab for-sale Securiti	
	(In t	thousands)				
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$	54,662	\$	878	\$	-
Year to date net gains included in:						
Net (loss) gain	(6,4	15)	1,154		-	
Other comprehensive income	-		-		-	
Additions	4,02	25	-		-	
Transfers in and/or out of Level 3	-		-		-	
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$	52,272	\$	2,032	\$	-
Net unrealized (losses) gains included in net income for the						
quarter relating to assets and liabilities held at June 30, 2014	\$	(2,111)	\$	1,417	\$	-

Assets and Liabilities Recorded at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

The following tables present the balances of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Losses
Assets: Impaired loans Other real estate owned	(In thousands) \$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,113 24,299	35,113 24,299	\$ (3,942) (11,807)

June 30, 2014

Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total Losses

Assets: (In thousands)

Impaired loans - - 30,128 30,128 (1,371) Other real estate owned - 55,253 55,253 (17,357)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

FASB ASC 825, Financial Instruments ("FASB ASC 825"), requires that the Company disclose estimated fair values for its financial instruments. Fair value estimates, methods and assumptions are set forth below for the Company's financial instruments.

Cash and Due From Banks. The carrying amounts for cash and due from banks approximate fair values due to their immediate and shorter-term maturities.

Loans and Leases. Fair values are estimated for portfolios of loans and leases with similar financial characteristics. The fair value of loans and leases is calculated by discounting scheduled cash flows through the estimated maturity using rates the Company would currently offer customers based on the credit and interest rate risk inherent in the loan or lease. Assumptions regarding credit risk, cash flows and discount rates are judgmentally determined using available market and borrower information. Estimated maturity represents the expected average cash flow period, which in some instances is different than the stated maturity. This entrance price approach results in a calculated fair value that would be different than an exit or estimated actual sales price approach and such differences could be significant. All of the Company's loans and leases are classified as Level 3.

Deposit Liabilities. Under FASB ASC 825, the fair value of deposits with no stated maturity, such as noninterest bearing demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits and savings, is equal to the amount payable on demand as of the reporting date. The fair value of certificates of deposit is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows. The discount rate is estimated using the prevailing rates offered for deposits of similar maturities. The Company's noninterest bearing demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits and savings are classified as Level 1. Certificates of deposit are classified as Level 2.

Debt. The carrying amounts for federal funds purchased and repurchase agreements approximate fair value because of their short-term maturity. The fair value of the Company's fixed-term Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") advances is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows. The discount rate is estimated using the prevailing rates available for advances of similar maturities. The fair value of the Company's long-term borrowings with U.S. Bank is based on the LIBOR rates plus an interest rate spread. The fair value of the Company's junior subordinated debt is based on market prices or dealer quotes. The Company's federal funds purchased, repurchase agreements and junior subordinated debt are classified as Level 1. FHLB and U.S. Bank advances are classified as Level 2.

Lending Commitments. The Company's lending commitments are negotiated at prevailing market rates and are relatively short-term in nature. As a matter of policy, the Company generally makes commitments for fixed-rate loans for relatively short periods of time. Therefore, the estimated value of the Company's lending commitments approximates the carrying amount and is immaterial to the financial statements. The Company's lending commitments are classified as Level 2. The Company's off-balance sheet commitments including letters of credit, which totaled \$96.4 million at June 30, 2015, are funded at current market rates at the date they are drawn upon. It is management's

opinion that the fair value of these commitments would approximate their carrying value, if drawn upon.									
The following table presents carrying and fair value information of financial instruments at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:									
38									

June 30, 2015 December 31, 2014	
Carrying Fair Carrying Fair	
Value Value Value Value	ıe
Assets: (In thousands)	
	204,231
Interest bearing deposits with other banks 34,438 34,438 153,019 153,019	
	6,927
Net loans and leases 9,869,259 9,967,969 9,570,493 10,00	66,945
Loans held for sale 199,370 199,370 141,015 141,0	015
Liabilities:	
	8,686
	0,017
Other time deposits 1,933,904 1,946,877 1,993,636 2,000	5,023
Federal funds purchased and securities	
sold under agreement to repurchase	
and other short-term borrowings 468,480 468,503 391,666 391,	743
Long-term debt and other borrowings 97,177 100,961 101,372 106,3	218
Derivative instruments:	
Forward commitments to sell fixed rate	
mortgage loans 2,204 2,204 (1,163) (1,163)	53)
Commitments to fund fixed rate	_
mortgage loans 4,505 4,505 2,137 2,137	
Interest rate swap position to receive 18,294 18,294 21,653 21,65	
Interest rate swap position to pay $(18,565)$ $(18,565)$ $(22,004)$ $(22,004)$	004)

NOTE 15 – OTHER NONINTEREST REVENUE AND EXPENSE

The following table details other noninterest revenue for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three months ended June 30,				Six n June	nonths e 30,	nded			
	2015		2014		2015		2014			
	(In thousands)									
Bank-owned life insurance	\$	1,835	\$	1,885	\$	3,734	\$	3,733		
Other miscellaneous income	2,684		3,305		6,025		6,584			
Total other noninterest income	\$	4,519	\$	5,190	\$	9,759	\$	10,317		

The following table details other noninterest expense for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:										
39										
39										

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	Three months ended June 30,							mont e 30,	nde	d		
	2015		2014		2015			2014				
	(In thousands											
Amortization of bond issue cost	\$		12	\$		12	\$,	24	\$		24
Advertising	1,6	86		1,3	31		2,4	67		1,9	63	
Foreclosed property expense	1,6	25		4,2	02		3,5	96		6,7	57	
Telecommunications	1,8	97		2,2	58		3,8	19		4,5	06	
Public relations	653	3		857	7		1,2	23		1,6	79	
Data processing	5,3	24		5,3	84		10,	717		10,	614	
Computer software	2,6	90		2,8	51		5,2	96		5,2	74	
Amortization of intangibles	1,0	61		1,1	48		2,0	93		2,2	06	
Legal fees	1,9	98		3,0	02		9,679			4,880		
Merger expense	4			1,0	10		4			1,5	70	
Postage and shipping	1,1	94		1,116			2,366			2,403		
Other miscellaneous expense	13,	454		13,	593		29,	589		26,	326	
Total other noninterest expense	\$	31,5	598	\$	36,	764	\$	70,8	73	\$	68,2	202

NOTE 16 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The nature of the Company's business ordinarily results in a certain amount of claims, litigation, investigations and legal and administrative cases and proceedings. Although the Company and its subsidiaries have developed policies and procedures to minimize the impact of legal noncompliance and other disputes, and endeavored to provide reasonable insurance coverage, litigation and regulatory actions present an ongoing risk.

The Company and its subsidiaries are engaged in lines of business that are heavily regulated and involve a large volume of financial transactions and potential transactions with numerous customers or applicants. From time to time, borrowers, customers, former employees and other third parties have brought actions against the Company or its subsidiaries, in some cases claiming substantial damages. Financial services companies are subject to the risk of class action litigation and, from time to time, the Company and its subsidiaries are subject to such actions brought against it. Additionally, the Bank is, and management expects it to be, engaged in a number of foreclosure proceedings and other collection actions as part of its lending and leasing collections activities, which, from time to time, have resulted in counterclaims against the Bank. Various legal proceedings have arisen and may arise in the future out of claims against entities to which the Company is a successor as a result of business combinations. The Company's insurance has deductibles, and will likely not cover all such litigation or other proceedings or the costs of defense. The Company and its subsidiaries may also be subject to enforcement actions by federal or state regulators, including the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Federal Reserve, the FDIC, the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, the Department of Justice, state attorneys general and the Mississippi Department of Banking and Consumer Finance.

When and as the Company determines it has meritorious defenses to the claims asserted, it vigorously defends against such claims. The Company will consider settlement of claims when, in management's judgment and in consultation with counsel, it is in the best interests of the Company to do so.

The Company cannot predict with certainty the cost of defense, the cost of prosecution or the ultimate outcome of litigation and other proceedings filed by or against it, its directors, management or employees, including remedies or damage awards. On at least a quarterly basis, the Company assesses its liabilities and contingencies in connection with outstanding legal proceedings as well as certain threatened claims (which are not considered incidental to the ordinary conduct of the Company's business) utilizing the latest and most reliable information available. For matters where a loss is not probable or the amount of the loss cannot be estimated, no accrual is established. For matters where it is probable the Company will incur a loss and the amount can be reasonably estimated, the Company establishes an accrual for the loss. Once established, the accrual is adjusted periodically to reflect any relevant developments. The actual cost of any outstanding legal proceedings or threatened claims,

however, may turn out to be substantially higher than the amount accrued. Further, the Company's insurance will not cover all such litigation, other proceedings or claims, or the costs of defense.

While the final outcome of any legal proceedings is inherently uncertain, based on the information available, advice of counsel and available insurance coverage, management believes that the litigation-related accrual of \$16.6 million as of June 30, 2015 is adequate and that any incremental liability arising from the Company's legal proceedings and threatened claims, including the matters described herein and those otherwise arising in the ordinary course of business, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business or consolidated financial condition. It is possible, however, that future developments could result in an unfavorable outcome for or resolution of any one or more of the lawsuits in which the Company or its subsidiaries are defendants, which may be material to the Company's results of operations for a given fiscal period.

On May 18, 2010, the Bank was named as a defendant in a class action lawsuit filed by an Arkansas customer of the Bank in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Florida. The suit challenges the manner in which overdraft fees were charged and the policies related to posting order of debit card and ATM transactions. The suit also makes a claim under Arkansas' consumer protection statute. The plaintiff is seeking to recover damages in an unspecified amount and equitable relief. The case was transferred to pending multi-district litigation in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida wherein an order was entered certifying a class in this case. The consolidated pretrial proceedings in the multi-district litigation court have concluded and the case has been remanded to the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Florida for further proceedings. There are significant uncertainties involved in any purported class action litigation. Although it is not possible to predict the ultimate resolution or financial liability with respect to this litigation, management is currently of the opinion that the outcome of this lawsuit will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, consolidated financial position or results of operations. However, there can be no assurance that an adverse outcome or settlement would not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated results of operations for a given fiscal period.

On August 16, 2011, a shareholder filed a putative derivative action purportedly on behalf of the Company in the Circuit Court of Lee County, Mississippi, against certain current and past executive officers and members of the Board of Directors of the Company. The plaintiff in this shareholder derivative lawsuit asserts that the individual defendants violated their fiduciary duties by allegedly issuing materially false and misleading statements regarding the Company's business and financial results. The plaintiff is seeking to recover alleged damages to the Company in an unspecified amount, equitable and/or injunctive relief, and attorney's fees. A motion to dismiss filed by the defendants was granted by the Court on January 5, 2015, and the plaintiff filed a notice of appeal of that decision on February 2, 2015. Although it is not possible to predict the ultimate resolution or financial liability with respect to this litigation, management is currently of the opinion that the outcome of this lawsuit will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, consolidated financial position or results of operations.

On July 31, 2014, the Company and its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer were named in a purported class-action lawsuit filed in the U.S. District Court for the Middle District of Tennessee on behalf of certain purchasers of the Company's common stock. The complaint has subsequently been amended to add the former President and Chief Operating Officer. The complaint alleges that the defendants made misleading statements concerning the Company's expectation that it would be able to close two merger transactions within a specified time period and the Company's compliance with certain Bank Secrecy Act and anti-money laundering requirements. On July 10, 2015 the court granted in part and denied in part the defendants' motion to dismiss and dismissed the claims concerning the Company's expectations about the closing of the mergers. The plaintiff seeks class certification, an unspecified amount of damages and awards of costs and attorneys' fees and such other equitable relief as the Court may deem just and proper. No class has been certified and, at this stage of the lawsuit, management cannot determine the probability of an unfavorable outcome to the Company. Although it is not possible to predict the ultimate resolution or financial liability with respect to this litigation, management is currently of the opinion that the outcome of this lawsuit will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, consolidated financial position or results of operations.

NOTE 17 - LONG-TERM DEBT

On August 8, 2013, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement with U.S. Bank National Association ("U.S. Bank") as a lender and administrative agent, and First Tennessee Bank, National Association, as a lender. The Credit Agreement includes an unsecured revolving loan of up to \$25.0 million that terminates and the outstanding balance of which is payable in full on August 8, 2015, which the Bank does not plan to renew, and an

unsecured multi-draw term loan of up to \$60.0 million, which commitment terminated on February 28, 2014 and the outstanding balance of which is payable in full on August 8, 2018. The proceeds from the term loan may be used to repurchase trust preferred securities, and the proceeds from the revolving loan may be used for working capital, capital expenditures and other lawful corporate purposes. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement bear interest at a Eurocurrency or base rate plus, in each case, an applicable interest rate margin.

The Company had long-term borrowings from U.S. Bank totaling \$44.0 million at June 30, 2015 and \$48.2 million at December 31, 2014. The Company also had long-term borrowings from FHLB of \$30.0 million at both June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this report may not be based upon historical facts and are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These forward-looking statements may be identified by their reference to a future period or periods or by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "estimate," "expect," "foresee," "hope," "intend," "may," "might," "plan," "will," or "would" or future or conditional verb tens variations or negatives of such terms. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, those relating to the terms, timing and closings of the proposed mergers with Ouachita Bancshares Corp. and Central Community Corporation, the Company's ability to operate its regulatory compliance programs consistent with federal, state and local laws, including its Bank Secrecy Act ("BSA") and anti-money laundering ("AML") compliance programs, the findings and results of the joint investigation by the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (the "CFPB") and the United States Department of Justice ("DOJ") of the Company's fair lending practices, the acceptance by customers of Ouachita Bancshares Corp. and Central Community Corporation of the Company's products and services if the proposed mergers close, the outcome of any instituted, pending or threatened material litigation, amortization expense for intangible assets, goodwill impairments, loan impairment, utilization of appraisals and inspections for real estate loans, maturity, renewal or extension of construction, acquisition and development loans, net interest revenue, fair value determinations, the amount of the Company's non-performing loans and leases, additions to OREO, credit quality, credit losses, liquidity, off-balance sheet commitments and arrangements, valuation of mortgage servicing rights, allowance and provision for credit losses, continued weakness in the economic environment, early identification and resolution of credit issues, utilization of non-GAAP financial measures, the ability of the Company to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of loan agreements, the Company's reserve for losses from representation and warranty obligations, the Company's foreclosure process related to mortgage loans, the resolution of non-performing loans that are collaterally dependent, real estate values, fully-indexed interest rates, interest rate risk, interest rate sensitivity, calculation of economic value of equity, impaired loan charge-offs, troubled debt restructurings, diversification of the Company's revenue stream, liquidity needs and strategies, sources of funding, net interest margin, declaration and payment of dividends, cost saving initiatives, improvement in the Company's efficiencies, operating expense trends, future acquisitions and consideration to be used therefore, the impact of litigation regarding debit card fees and the impact of certain claims and ongoing, pending or threatened litigation, administrative and investigatory matters.

The Company cautions readers not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements contained in this report, in that actual results could differ materially from those indicated in such forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of factors. These factors may include, but are not limited to, the Company's ability to operate its regulatory compliance programs consistent with federal, state and local laws, including its BSA/AML compliance programs, the findings and results of the CFPB in its review of the Company's fair lending practices, the ability of the Company, Ouachita Bancshares Corp. and Central Community Corporation to obtain regulatory approval of and close the proposed mergers, the potential impact upon the Company of the delay in the closings of these proposed mergers, the impact of any ongoing, pending or threatened litigation, administrative and investigatory matters involving the Company, conditions in the financial markets and economic conditions generally, the adequacy of the Company's provision and allowance for credit losses to cover actual credit losses, the credit risk associated with real estate construction, acquisition and development loans, losses resulting from the significant amount of the Company's OREO, limitations on the Company's ability to declare and pay dividends, the availability of capital on

favorable terms if and when needed, liquidity risk, governmental regulation, including the Dodd-Frank Act, and supervision of the Company's operations, the short-term and long-term impact of changes to banking capital standards on the Company's regulatory capital and liquidity, the impact of regulations on service charges on the Company's core deposit accounts, the susceptibility of the Company's business to local economic and environmental conditions, the soundness of other financial institutions, changes in interest rates, the impact of monetary policies and economic factors on the Company's ability to attract deposits or make loans, volatility in capital and credit markets, reputational risk, the impact of the loss of any key Company personnel, the impact of hurricanes or other adverse weather events, any requirement that the Company write down goodwill or other intangible assets, diversification in the types of financial services the Company offers, the Company's ability to adapt its products and services to evolving industry standards and consumer preferences, competition with other financial services companies, risks in connection with completed or potential acquisitions, the Company's growth strategy, interruptions or breaches in the Company's information system security, the failure of certain third-party vendors to perform, unfavorable ratings by rating agencies, dilution caused by the Company's issuance of any additional shares of its common stock to raise capital or acquire other banks, bank holding companies, financial holding companies and insurance agencies, other factors generally understood to affect the assets, business, cash flows, financial condition, liquidity, and prospects and/or results of operations of financial services companies.

We provide greater detail regarding these and other factors elsewhere in this report including in the Risk Factors and Management's Discussion and Analysis, and from time to time in the Company's press and news releases, reports and other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date that they were made, and, except as required by law, the Company does not undertake any obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date of this report.

OVERVIEW

BancorpSouth, Inc. (the "Company") is a regional financial holding company headquartered in Tupelo, Mississippi with \$13.6 billion in assets at June 30, 2015. BancorpSouth Bank (the "Bank"), the Company's wholly-owned banking subsidiary, has commercial banking operations in Mississippi, Tennessee, Alabama, Arkansas, Texas, Louisiana, Florida and Missouri. The Bank's insurance agency subsidiary also operates an office in Illinois. The Bank and its insurance agency subsidiary provide commercial banking, leasing, mortgage origination and servicing, insurance, brokerage and trust services to corporate customers, local governments, individuals and other financial institutions through an extensive network of branches and offices.

Management's discussion and analysis provides a narrative discussion of the Company's financial condition and results of operations. For a complete understanding of the following discussion, please refer to the unaudited consolidated financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 and as of December 31, 2014 and the notes to such financial statements found under "Part I, Item 1. Financial Statements" of this report. This discussion and analysis is based on such reported financial information.

As a financial holding company, the financial condition and operating results of the Company are heavily influenced by economic trends nationally and in the specific markets in which the Company's subsidiaries provide financial services. Generally, during recent years, the pressures of the national and regional economic cycle created a difficult operating environment for the financial services industry. The Company was not immune to such pressures and the economic downturn had a negative impact on the Company and its customers in all of the markets that it serves. However, the Company's financial condition has improved the past two years and continued to improve during the first six months of 2015 as reflected by decreases in the allowance for credit losses, gross charge-offs and recoveries, and total non-performing assets ("NPAs"), when compared to prior periods.

Management believes that the Company is better positioned with respect to overall credit quality as evidenced by the continued improvement in credit quality metrics especially when comparing June 30, 2015 to December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014. Management believes, however, that future weakness in the economic environment could adversely affect the strength of the credit quality of the Company's assets overall. Therefore, management will continue to focus on early identification and resolution of any credit issues.

The largest source of the Company's revenue is derived from the operation of its principal operating subsidiary, the Bank. The financial condition and operating results of the Bank are affected by the level and volatility of interest rates on loans, investment securities, deposits and other borrowed funds, and the impact of economic downturns on loan demand, collateral value and creditworthiness of existing borrowers. The financial services industry is highly competitive and heavily regulated. The Company's success depends on its ability to

compete aggressively within its markets while maintaining sufficient asset quality and cost controls to generate net income.

The information that follows is provided to enhance comparability of financial information between periods and to provide a better understanding of the Company's operations:

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

	Three June 3 2015	-					Six mod June 30 2015	nths ende	ed	2014			
F : 0	(Dolla	rs in th	ousand	ls, excep	t per share	data))						
Earnings Summary: Total interest revenue	\$	114,6	30	\$	111,499		\$	228,127		\$	222,098	3	
Total interest expense	7,321			8,418			14,745			17,49			
Net interest income	107,30			103,08	31		213,382			204,6	04		
Provision for credit losses	(5,000	-		-)		(10,000	•		1262	<i>E E</i>		
Noninterest revenue	74,314 128,17			69,838 127,95			147,629 265,110			136,3 254,6			
Noninterest expense Income before income taxes	58,440			44,965			105,90			86,29			
Income tax expense	18,733			14,097			33,922			26,98			
Net income	\$	39,7	13	\$	30,868		\$	71,979		\$	59,312	2	
Balance Sheet - Period-end balances:													
Total assets		3,634,9	31		\$ 12,985,887			,634,931		\$ 12,985,887			
Total securities	2,251,153		2,332,192		2,251,153			2,332,192					
Loans and leases, net of	10.00			0.011.661			10 007 571			0.211.661			
unearned income	10,00	-		9,311,661			10,007,571			9,311,661			
Total deposits	11,134				10,670,414			11,134,961			10,670,414 83,835		
Long-term debt Total shareholders' equity	73,962 1,680,				83,835 1,588,850		73,962			83,833 1,588,850			
Total shareholders equity	1,000,	190		1,500,	650		1,680,196			1,500	,630		
Balance Sheet-Average													
Balances: Total assets	\$ 13	3,516,5	16	\$	12 022 970		¢ 12	197 270		¢ 1	2 010 090	`	
Total securities	3,211,		+0	ه 2,394,	12,933,879 045		\$ 13,487,270 2,201,518			\$ 13,010,080 2,422,951			
Loans and leases, net of	2,211,	,731		2,374,	U T J		2,201,3	2,201,518			,,,,,,,,		
unearned income	9,868,	318		9,232,	743		9,770,1	97		9,128	.031		
Total deposits	11,148			10,650			11,137,				7,208		
Long-term debt	73,962	-		83,967			75,014			85,85			
Total shareholders' equity	1,659,			1,574,			1,642,3	42		1,556			
Common Share Data:													
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.4	41	\$	0.32		\$	0.75		\$	0.62	2	
Diluted earnings per share	0.41			0.32			0.74			0.62			
Cash dividends per share	0.075			0.05			0.15			0.10			
Book value per share	17.37			16.54			17.37			16.54			
Tangible book value per													
share	14.12		~	13.23		~	14.12		~	13.23		~	
Dividend payout ratio	18.25		%	15.56		%	20.16		%	16.13		%	

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Financial Ratios								
(Annualized):								
C	1.18	%	0.96	%	1.08	%	0.92	%
Return on average	0.60		7 0.6		0.04		7.60	
1 2	9.60		7.86		8.84		7.69	
Total shareholders' equity to total assets	10.22		12.24		10.20		12.24	
Tangible shareholders'	12.32		12.24		12.32		12.24	
	10.26		10.03		10.26		10.03	
Net interest margin-fully	10.20		10.03		10.20		10.03	
	3.54		3.59		3.55		3.57	
tuxuote equivalent	3.54		3.37		3.33		3.37	
Credit Quality Ratios								
(Annualized):								
Net charge-offs to average								
loans and leases	(0.27)	%	0.11	%	(0.13)	%	0.13	%
Provision for credit losses to								
average loans and leases	(0.20)		-		(0.11)		-	
Allowance for credit losses								
	1.38		1.58		1.38		1.58	
Allowance for credit losses								
	174.10		199.77		174.10		199.77	
Allowance for credit losses								
	133.32		114.14		133.32		114.14	
	0.79		0.79		0.79		0.79	
NPAs to net loans and leases	1.04		1.38		1.04		1.38	
Captial Adequacy:								
Common equity Tier 1								
1 2	12.68	%	NA		12.68	%	NA	
-	12.89	70	13.09	%	12.89	70	13.09	%
-	14.13		14.35	,,,	14.13		14.35	,,
-	10.96		10.33		10.96		10.33	
~ I								

In addition to financial ratios based on measures defined by U.S. GAAP, the Company utilizes tangible shareholders' equity, tangible asset and tangible book value per share measures when evaluating the performance of the Company. Tangible shareholders' equity is defined by the Company as total shareholders' equity less goodwill and identifiable intangible assets. Tangible assets are defined by the Company as total assets less goodwill and identifiable intangible assets. Management believes the ratio of tangible shareholders' equity to tangible assets to be important to investors who are interested in evaluating the adequacy of the Company's capital levels. Tangible book value per share is defined by the Company as tangible shareholders' equity divided by total common shares outstanding. Management believes that tangible book value per share is important to investors who are interested in changes from period to period in book value per share exclusive of changes in intangible assets. The following table reconciles tangible shareholders' equity, tangible assets and tangible book value per share as presented above to U.S. GAAP financial measures as reflected in the Company's unaudited consolidated financial statements:

	June 30, 2015			2014				
	(Dollars in thousands, except per data)							
Tangible Assets:								
Total assets	\$	13,634,93	1	\$	12,983	5,887		
Less: Goodwill	29	1,498	291,4	291,498				
Other identifiable intangible assets	22,	,415		26,745				
Total tangible assets	\$	13,321,013	8	\$	12,66	7,644		
Tangible Shareholders' Equity:								
Total shareholders' equity	\$	1,680,190	6	\$		8,850		
Less: Goodwill		1,498		291,498				
Other identifiable intangible assets	22,	,415		26,745				
Total tangible shareholders' equity	\$	1,366,283	3	\$	1,270	0,607		
Total common shares outstanding	96,	,755,530		96,04	16,057			
Tangible shareholders' equity to tangible assets	10.	.26	%	10.03	3	%		
Tangible book value per share	\$	14.12	2	\$		13.23		

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Company reported net income of \$39.7 million for the second quarter of 2015, compared to net income of \$30.9 million for the same quarter of 2014. For the first six months of 2015, the Company reported net income of \$72.0 million, compared to net income of \$59.3 million for the first six months of 2014. A factor contributing to the increase in net income for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 was the increase in net interest income, as net interest revenue was \$107.3 million for the second quarter of 2015, compared to \$103.1 million for the second quarter of 2014 and was \$213.4 million for the first six months of 2015 compared to \$204.6 million for the first six months of 2014. The increase in net interest revenue for the comparable three month and six month periods is

a result of the increase in loan and lease revenue coupled with the decrease in interest expense associated with other time deposits. The negative provision for credit losses reflected the impact of elevated levels of recoveries and continued improvement in portfolio credit. Net recoveries were \$6.7 million, or 0.27% of average loans and leases, during the second quarter of 2015, compared to net charge-offs of \$2.6 million, or 0.11% of average loans and leases, during the second quarter of 2014 and net recoveries were \$5.9 million, or 0.13% of average loans and leases, during the first six months of 2015, compared to net charge-offs of \$6.1 million, or 0.13% of average loans and leases, during the first six months of 2014.

The primary source of revenue for the Company is the net interest revenue earned by the Bank. Net interest revenue is the difference between interest earned on loans, investments and other earning assets and interest paid on deposits and other obligations. Net interest revenue was \$107.3 million for the second quarter of 2015, an increase of \$4.2 million, or 4.1%, from \$103.1 million for the second quarter of 2014. Net interest revenue was \$213.4 million for the first six months of 2015, an increase of \$8.8 million, or 4.3%, from \$204.6 million for the first

six months of 2014. Net interest revenue is affected by the general level of interest rates, changes in interest rates and changes in the amount and composition of interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities. The Company's objective is to manage those assets and liabilities to maximize net interest revenue, while balancing interest rate, credit, liquidity and capital risks. The increase in net interest revenue for the second quarter and first six months of 2015 compared to the second quarter and first six months of 2014 was primarily a result of the increase in interest revenue related to loans and leases due to the increasing loan portfolio coupled with the decrease in interest expense related to the decrease in rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities. Rates paid on interest bearing liabilities decreased as a result of reduced average balances and rates on other time deposits.

Interest revenue increased approximately \$3.1 million or 2.8%, in the second quarter of 2015 compared to the second quarter of 2014 and increased \$6.0 million, or 2.7%, in the first six months of 2015 compared to the first six months of 2014. The Company has managed to increase loans as new loan production more than offset loan runoff in several loan categories during 2015. The decrease in interest expense was the result of a decrease in other time deposits and the corresponding rates, which resulted in a decrease in total interest expense of \$1.1 million, or 13.0%, in the second quarter of 2015 compared to the second quarter of 2014 and a decrease of \$2.7 million, or 15.7% for the first six months of 2015 compared to the first six months of 2014.

The Company attempts to diversify its revenue stream by increasing the amount of revenue received from mortgage lending operations, insurance agency activities, brokerage and securities activities and other activities that generate fee income. Management believes this diversification is important to reduce the impact of fluctuations in net interest revenue on the overall operating results of the Company. Noninterest revenue increased \$4.5 million, or 6.4%, for the second quarter of 2015 compared to the second quarter of 2014 and increased \$11.3 million, or 8.3%, for the first six months of 2015 compared to the first six months of 2014. One of the primary contributors to the increase in noninterest revenue was the increase in mortgage lending revenue to \$14.1 million for the second quarter of 2015 compared to \$9.1 million for the second quarter of 2014 and to \$22.7 million for the first six months of 2015 compared to \$12.5 million for the first six months of 2014. The increase in mortgage lending revenue was impacted by the change in fair value of MSRs. The fair value of MSRs increased \$4.3 million during the second quarter of 2015 compared to a decrease of \$2.1 million during the second quarter of 2014 and increased \$1.3 million during the first six months of 2015 compared to a decrease of \$3.7 million for the first six months of 2014. Mortgage origination volume increased 43.3% to \$417.2 million for the second quarter of 2015 compared to \$291.0 million for the second quarter of 2014 and increased 49.2% to \$728.3 million for the first six months of 2015 compared to \$488.1 million for the first six months of 2014.

The increase in insurance commissions also contributed to the increase in noninterest revenue as insurance commissions increased approximately \$700,000 or 2.4% to \$29.3 million during the second quarter of 2015 compared to \$28.6 million during the second quarter of 2014 and increased \$2.6 million or 4.3% to \$62.8 million during the first six months of 2015 compared to \$60.2 million during the first six months of 2014. The increases in insurance commissions that are received from insurance carriers are primarily a result of new policies and growth from existing customers. There were no significant non-recurring noninterest revenue items during the first six months of 2015 or 2014.

Total noninterest expense increased 0.2% to \$128.2 million for the second quarter of 2015 compared to \$128.0 million for the second quarter of 2014 and increased 4.1% to \$265.1 million for the first six months of 2015 compared to \$254.7 million for the first six months of 2014. The increase in noninterest expense during the first six months of 2015 compared to the first six months of 2014 was primarily a result of increases in salaries and employee benefits. Salaries and employee benefits increased as a result of increases in pension expenses due to annual revisions to actuarial assumptions, including updates to the Society of Actuaries pension plan mortality tables. The increase in other noninterest expenses was primarily a result of additional litigation reserves related to various legal matters recorded during the first six months of 2015. The Company continues to focus attention on controlling noninterest expense. The major components of net income are discussed in more detail below.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Interest Revenue

Net interest revenue is the difference between interest revenue earned on assets, such as loans, leases and securities, and interest expense paid on liabilities, such as deposits and borrowings, and continues to provide the Company with its principal source of revenue. Net interest revenue is affected by the general level of interest rates, changes in interest rates and changes in the amount and composition of interest-earning assets and interest bearing

liabilities. The Company's long-term objective is to manage interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities to maximize net interest revenue, while balancing interest rate, credit and liquidity risk. Net interest margin is determined by dividing fully taxable equivalent net interest revenue by average earning assets. For purposes of the following discussion, revenue from tax-exempt loans and investment securities has been adjusted to a fully taxable equivalent ("FTE") basis, using an effective tax rate of 35%. The following table presents average interest earning assets, average interest bearing liabilities, net interest revenue-FTE, net interest margin-FTE and net interest rate spread for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three months ended June 30,											
	2015					2014						
	Ave	rage			Yield/	Avera	age			Yield/		
	Bala	nce	Inter	rest	Rate	Balar	nce	Inte	rest	Rate		
ASSETS	(Dol	lars in milli	ons,	yields c	n taxable	e equiv	valent basis	s)				
Loans and leases (net of unearned	•					•						
income) (1)(2)	\$	9,868.3	\$	104.3	4.24%	\$	9,232.7	\$	100.9	4.38%		
Loans held for sale	151.	1	1.3		3.50%	53.7		0.7		4.84%		
Available-for-sale securities:												
Taxable	1,83	4.0	6.4		1.40%	1,977	'.5	7.1		1.45%		
Non-taxable (3)	377.	9	5.2		5.44%	416.5	;	5.6		5.44%		
Federal funds sold, securities												
purchased under agreement to resell												
and short-term investments	212.	7	0.1		0.24%	145.6	·)	0.1		0.24%		
Total interest earning												
assets and revenue	12,4	44.0	117.	3	3.78%	11,82	26.0	114.	4	3.88%		
Other assets	1,21					1,257						
Less: Allowance for credit losses	(140	.2)				(149.	7)					
Total	\$	13,516.5				\$	12,933.9					
LIADH ITHEG AND												
LIABILITIES AND												
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY												
Deposits:	Φ	4.000.5	ф	2.2	0.100	ф	4 400 5	Ф	1.0	0.170		
Demand - interest bearing	\$	4,899.5	\$	2.3	0.19%	\$	4,492.5	\$	1.9	0.17%		
Savings	1,40		0.4		0.12%	1,298		0.4		0.12%		
Other time	1,94	9.0	3.8		0.79%	2,174	1.8	5.2		0.97%		
Federal funds purchased, securities												
sold under agreement to repurchase,												
short-term FHLB borrowings	100	0	0.1		0.110/	420.0	•	0.1		0.000		
and other short term borrowings	406.		0.1		0.11%	439.2		0.1		0.09%		
Junior subordinated debt securities	23.2		0.2		2.86%	23.2		0.2		2.81%		
Long-term debt	74.0		0.5		2.90%	84.0		0.6		2.84%		
Total interest bearing	0.75	()	7.2		0.2407	0.510		0.4		0.4007		
liabilities and expense	8,75	0.0	7.3		0.34%	8,512	23	8.4		0.40%		
Demand deposits -	2.00	E 1				2 (02						
noninterest bearing	2,89					2,683						
Other liabilities	205.					162.9						
Total liabilities	11,8					11,35						
Shareholders' equity	1,66					1,574	·.U					
Total	\$	13,516.5										