

INDEPENDENCE HOLDING CO
Form 8-K
May 23, 2017

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported) May 22, 2017

INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) **001-32244** (Commission File Number) **58-1407235** (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

96 Cummings Point Road, Stamford, Connecticut
(Address of principal executive offices)

06902
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(203) 358-8000**

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13a-4(c))

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

The information set forth under this Item 2.02 (Results of Operations and Financial Condition) is intended to be furnished. Such information, including the Exhibit attached hereto, shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

On May 22, 2017, Independence Holding Company issued a news release announcing its 2016 Fourth Quarter and Annual Results, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit 99.1.

Item 8.01

Other Events

On May 22, 2017, Independence Holding Company issued a press release announcing that it intends to commence, within the next week, a tender offer to purchase up to 2,000,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$20.00 per share. A copy of the press release is filed as Exhibit 99.2 hereto and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 9.01.

Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d)

Exhibits

99.1

News Release of Independence Holding Company dated May 22, 2017: Independence Holding Company Announces 2016 Fourth-Quarter and Annual Results.

99.2

Press Release issued on May 22, 2017 regarding the Company's intention to commence a tender offer for its common stock

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY

(Registrant)

By: Teresa A. Herbert

Date: May 22, 2017

/s/ Teresa A. Herbert

Teresa A. Herbert

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY
96 CUMMINGS POINT ROAD
STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT 06902
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NEWS RELEASE

INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY ANNOUNCES

2016 FOURTH-QUARTER AND ANNUAL RESULTS

Stamford, Connecticut, May 22, 2017. Independence Holding Company (NYSE: IHC) today reported 2016 fourth-quarter and annual results.

Financial Results

Net income attributable to IHC of \$8,529,000, or \$.49 per share diluted, for the three months ended December 31, 2016 increased from \$4,933,000, or \$.28 per share diluted, in the same period of 2015. Income from continuing operations increased to \$.44 per share, diluted, or \$7,753,000, for the three months ended December 31, 2016 compared to \$.21 per share, diluted, or \$3,892,000, for the three months ended December 31, 2015. As the result of the liquidation of Health Plan Administrators, Inc. (HPA), a subsidiary of IHC, a tax benefit of approximately \$3,903,000 was recognized for IHC's unrecovered investment in HPA in the fourth quarter of 2016.

Net income attributable to IHC of \$123,298,000, or \$7.09 per share diluted, for the year ended December 31, 2016 increased from \$29,944,000, or \$1.71 per share diluted, in the same period of 2015. As IHC previously reported, we completed the sale of IHC Risk Solutions, LLC (Risk Solutions) and exited the medical stop-loss business. The Company recorded a gain on this transaction of \$100,819,000, net of applicable income taxes and noncontrolling interest, which is presented in discontinued operations on our Consolidated Statement of Income for the year ended December 31, 2016. Income from continuing operations decreased to \$1.27 per share, diluted, or \$22,510,000, for the year ended December 31, 2016 compared to \$1.58 per share, diluted, or \$27,974,000, for the year ended December 31, 2015. The Company recorded two significant gains in the third quarter 2015, both having a positive impact in 2015 but not in 2016. The first was a gain of \$3,285,000, net of applicable income tax, resulting from the ceding of substantially all of our run-off blocks of individual life and annuities and the sale of the infrastructure related to those blocks. The second, effective September 1, 2015, related to IHC entering into a joint venture with Ebix, Inc. to form Ebix Health Exchange Holdings, LLC, which acquired our subsidiary Ebix Health Administration Exchange. The transaction resulted in a gain of \$6,884,000, net of applicable income tax.

The Company reported revenues of \$78,871,000 and \$311,004,000 for the three months and year ended December 31, 2016, respectively, compared to revenues for the three months and year ended December 31, 2015 of \$124,602,000 and \$530,495,000, respectively. Revenues decreased primarily due to a reduction in premiums from the 100% co-insurance of the Company's stop-loss business produced by Risk Solutions.

Chief Executive Officer's Comments

Roy T. K. Thung, Chief Executive Officer, commented, In the past two years, IHC has sold our capital-intensive medical stop-loss business for \$152.5 million, which generated a

material gain of \$100.8 million, as reported above, sold our life and annuity blocks and related infrastructure for \$42 million, and used some of our cash to retire all of our debt and to take American Independence Corp. (AMIC) private. We have made five equity investments to bolster the distribution of our specialty health products, worksite marketing expertise, and most recently acquired 85% of the stock of PetPartners, Inc. (PetPartners), which is a pet insurance administrator with a very solid administrative system that allows for worksite marketing of pet insurance. With this acquisition, we now have a fully vertically integrated structure for marketing, administering, pricing and retaining the risk on our pet insurance product, and PetPartners also has an exclusive relationship with the American Kennel Club (AKC) that allows us to directly market pet insurance to breeders and owners who register their dogs with AKC.

Mr. Thung further commented, Through these efforts, we have successfully transformed IHC from a company with relatively higher risk products requiring higher statutory capital to a lower risk company by moving into lines of business that have higher margins, are less capital intensive and are less volatile. We are now a specialty benefits company with multiple group and individual specialty health lines, pet insurance and niche specialty group disability (including New York statutory disability benefit policies (DBL)) and group life lines of business. We are delighted to report that sales of our specialty health products have more than doubled in the first four months of this year versus last year led by sales of our hospital indemnity and short-term medical products. Our individual premiums will accelerate during 2018 Open Enrollment as a result of major medical carriers exiting many markets, and our short-term medical sales will benefit from the withdrawal of several significant competitors and by the introduction of a new product in the fourth quarter. We anticipate writing considerably more group business in 2018 as a result of a new marketing relationship with a large United States health insurer who has contracted with IHC for supplemental health products. We look forward to soon providing more details on this new strategic partnership. Our DBL revenues should more than double in 2018 as a result of the newly enacted Paid Family Leave Act in New York.

Mr. Thung then stated, Therefore, although our earnings and premiums have been temporarily reduced as a result of selling our medical stop-loss business, our 2018 operating income is expected to exceed our operating income prior to the sale of the medical stop-loss segment excluding any gains from the sale of securities and assets due to the aforementioned activity. Our parent company's balance sheet is much stronger; we have no debt, and we still have over \$160 million (after given effect to the recent stock repurchases, repayment of debt and aforementioned acquisitions) in cash and undeployed capital. In order to enhance shareholder value, we have determined to decrease our cash position and offer liquidity to our shareholders through our intention, as recently announced, to commence a tender offer to purchase up to 2,000,000 shares of our common stock at a price per share of \$20.00. After giving effect to this tender, we will still have abundant capital and liquidity to take advantage of numerous opportunities in the current ever-changing health insurance marketplace, support our anticipated growth of specialty health business and generate more earnings. Our overall investment portfolio continues to be very highly rated (on average, AA) and has a duration of approximately five years. Our book value increased to \$25.53 per share (after including a charge of \$.60 per share due to the sharp increase in the U.S. interest rate environment in the fourth quarter of 2016) at December 31, 2016 from \$18.73 per share at December 31, 2015, and our total stockholders' equity increased to \$437 million at December 31, 2016 compared to \$323 million at December 31, 2015.

THIS PRESS RELEASE IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO BUY OR THE SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO SELL SHARES OF INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY COMMON STOCK. THE TENDER OFFER FOR SHARES OF INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY COMMON STOCK DESCRIBED IN THIS PRESS RELEASE HAS NOT

YET COMMENCED. THE TENDER OFFER WILL BE MADE ONLY PURSUANT TO AN OFFER TO PURCHASE, LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL AND RELATED MATERIALS THAT IHC INTENDS TO DISTRIBUTE TO ITS STOCKHOLDERS AND FILE WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION. STOCKHOLDERS AND INVESTORS SHOULD READ CAREFULLY THE OFFER TO PURCHASE, LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL AND RELATED MATERIALS BECAUSE THEY WILL CONTAIN IMPORTANT INFORMATION, INCLUDING THE VARIOUS TERMS OF, AND CONDITIONS TO, THE TENDER OFFER. STOCKHOLDERS AND INVESTORS WILL BE ABLE TO OBTAIN A FREE COPY OF THE TENDER OFFER STATEMENT ON SCHEDULE TO, THE OFFER TO PURCHASE, LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL AND OTHER DOCUMENTS THAT IHC INTENDS TO FILE WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AT THE COMMISSION S WEBSITE AT WWW.SEC.GOV OR BY CALLING THE INFORMATION AGENT (TO BE IDENTIFIED AT THE TIME THE OFFER IS MADE) FOR THE TENDER OFFER. STOCKHOLDERS ARE URGED TO CAREFULLY READ THESE MATERIALS PRIOR TO MAKING ANY DECISION WITH RESPECT TO THE TENDER OFFER.

About The IHC Group

Independence Holding Company (NYSE:IHC) is a holding company that is principally engaged in underwriting, administering and/or distributing group and individual specialty benefit products, including disability, supplemental health, pet, and group life insurance through its subsidiaries since 1980. The IHC Group owns three insurance companies (Standard Security Life Insurance Company of New York, Madison National Life Insurance Company, Inc. and Independence American Insurance Company), and IHC Specialty Benefits, Inc., a technology-driven insurance sales and marketing company that creates value for insurance producers, carriers and consumers (both individuals and small businesses) through a suite of proprietary tools and products (including ACA plans and small group medical stop-loss). All products are placed with highly rated carriers.

Forward-looking Statements

Certain statements and information contained in this release may be considered forward-looking statements, such as statements relating to management's views with respect to future events and financial performance. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical experience or from future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Potential risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, economic conditions in the markets in which IHC operates, new federal or state governmental regulation, IHC s ability to effectively operate, integrate and leverage any past or future strategic acquisition, and other factors which can be found in IHC s other news releases and filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. IHC expressly disclaims any duty to update its forward-looking statements unless required by applicable law.

INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

December 31, 2016

(In Thousands, Except Per Share Data)

	2016	Three Months Ended December 31,	2015
REVENUES:			
Premiums earned	\$67,180		\$117,939
Net investment income	3,870		3,407
Fee income	3,905		1,456
Other income	3,359		1,918
Gain on sale of subsidiary to joint venture	-		(221)
Net realized investment gains	557		103
Net impairment losses recognized in earnings	-		-
	78,871		124,602
EXPENSES:			
Insurance benefits, claims and reserves	35,734		73,960
Selling, general and administrative expenses	34,227		44,001
Interest expense on debt	168		444
	70,129		118,405
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	8,742		6,197
Income taxes	989		2,305
Income from continuing operations, net of tax	7,753		3,892
Discontinued operations:			
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, before			
income taxes	(19)		2,056
	(911)		801

Income taxes (benefits) on discontinued operations		
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	892	1,255
Net income	8,645	5,147
Less: income from noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries	(116)	(214)
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO IHC	\$ 8,529	\$ 4,933
Basic income per common share:		
Income from continuing operations	\$.45	\$.22
Income from discontinued operations	.05	.07
Basic income per common share	\$.50	\$.29
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING	17,084	17,262
Diluted income per common share:		
Income from continuing operations	\$.44	\$.21
Income from discontinued operations	.05	.07
Diluted income per common share	\$.49	\$.28
WEIGHTED AVERAGE DILUTED SHARES	&n0.75pt;padding-Bottom:0pt;width:1%;white-space:nowrap;">	128,246
Accrued expenses, accrued compensation and other current liabilities	256,221	231,9
Total current liabilities	415,091	360,2
Long-term debt	—	—
Deferred rent and other	289,709	291,6

liabilities		
Total Liabilities	704,800	651,8
Commitments and contingencies (see Note 12)		
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred shares; \$.0001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, none issued	—	—
Common shares; \$.0001 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized, 108,670,688, 108,248,568 and 116,290,358 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	11	11
Additional paid-in-capital	6,434	684
Retained earnings	1,358,683	1,310
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(18,713)	(10,6
Total Shareholders' Equity	1,346,415	1,300
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ 2,051,215	\$ 1,952

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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URBAN OUTFITTERS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	April 30,	
	2018	2017
Net sales	\$855,688	\$761,190
Cost of sales	575,028	521,410
Gross profit	280,660	239,780
Selling, general and administrative expenses	226,764	218,744
Income from operations	53,896	21,036
Other income, net	80	319
Income before income taxes	53,976	21,355
Income tax expense	12,716	9,417
Net income	\$41,260	\$11,938
Net income per common share:		
Basic	\$0.38	\$0.10
Diluted	\$0.38	\$0.10
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:		
Basic	108,490,926	116,276,289
Diluted	109,743,677	116,539,305

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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URBAN OUTFITTERS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(amounts in thousands)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended April 30,	
	2018	2017
Net income	\$41,260	\$11,938
Other comprehensive (loss) income:		
Foreign currency translation	(7,969)	1,788
Change in unrealized losses (gains) on marketable securities, net of tax	(93)	12
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(8,062)	1,800
Comprehensive income	\$33,198	\$13,738

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

URBAN OUTFITTERS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(amounts in thousands, except share data)

(unaudited)

	Common Shares Number of Shares	Par Value	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
Balances as of January 31, 2018	108,248,568	\$ 11	\$ 684	\$1,310,859	\$ (10,651)	\$1,300,903
Comprehensive income	—	—	—	41,260	(8,062)	33,198
Share-based compensation	—	—	5,524	—	—	5,524
Share-based awards	560,430	—	5,273	—	—	5,273
Cumulative effect of change in accounting pronouncements (see Note 2)	—	—	—	6,564	—	6,564
Share repurchases	(138,310)	—	(5,047)	—	—	(5,047)
Balances as of April 30, 2018	108,670,688	\$ 11	\$ 6,434	\$1,358,683	\$ (18,713)	\$1,346,415

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

URBAN OUTFITTERS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(amounts in thousands)

(unaudited)

	April 30,	
	2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$41,260	\$11,938
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	30,464	32,136
Benefit for deferred income taxes	(7,166)	(3,872)
Share-based compensation expense	5,524	6,163
Loss on disposition of property and equipment, net	1,985	528
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	(12,194)	(29,308)
Inventory	(54,379)	(20,365)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	1,599	2,356
Payables, accrued expenses and other liabilities	47,022	13,454
Net cash provided by operating activities	54,115	13,030
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Cash paid for property and equipment	(24,634)	(23,541)
Cash paid for marketable securities	(52,237)	(50,272)
Sales and maturities of marketable securities	57,400	64,903
Net cash used in investing activities	(19,471)	(8,910)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	5,273	—
Share repurchases related to taxes for share-based awards	(5,047)	(1,142)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	226	(1,142)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(3,377)	1,366
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	31,493	4,344
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	282,220	248,140
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$313,713	\$252,484
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Income taxes	\$2,414	\$6,865
Non-cash investing activities—Accrued capital expenditures	\$26,177	\$7,961

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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URBAN OUTFITTERS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (“U.S. GAAP”) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. These condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with Urban Outfitters, Inc.’s (the “Company’s”) Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2018, filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission on April 2, 2018.

The Company’s business experiences seasonal fluctuations in net sales and net income, with a more significant portion typically realized in the second half of each year predominantly due to the year-end holiday period. Historically, and consistent with the retail industry, this seasonality also impacts our working capital requirements, particularly with regard to inventory. Accordingly, the results of operations for the three months ended April 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

The Company’s fiscal year ends on January 31. All references in these notes to the Company’s fiscal years refer to the fiscal years ended on January 31 in those years. For example, the Company’s fiscal year 2019 will end on January 31, 2019.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Adopted

In October 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued an accounting standards update that amends the existing guidance on the income tax effects of intra-entity asset transfers with the exception of transfers of inventory. The update requires the recognition of tax expense when an intra-entity asset transfer occurs as opposed to being deferred under the existing guidance. The Company adopted the new guidance on February 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective approach. The net cumulative effect of this change was \$4,496 and was recognized as a decrease to retained earnings as of February 1, 2018.

In May 2014, the FASB issued an accounting standards update that clarifies the principles for recognizing revenue from contracts with customers. The update outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes the most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance. The update states that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in the amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. Entities are required to apply the following steps when recognizing revenue under the update: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligation in the contract(s); (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract(s); and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. The Company adopted this update on February 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective approach and applied the new

guidance to all contracts that were not completed as of the adoption date. Adoption resulted in a change in the timing of recognizing breakage income related to its gift cards and in recognizing estimated sales returns on a gross basis on its balance sheet. The net cumulative effect of this change was \$11,060, after tax, and was recognized as an increase to retained earnings as of February 1, 2018. The difference in financial statement line item amounts in the current period under the new accounting guidance as compared to what the balances would be as reported under the previous accounting guidance is immaterial.

Recently Issued

In June 2016, the FASB issued an accounting standards update that introduces a new model for recognizing credit losses on financial instruments based on an estimate of current expected credit losses. This includes loan commitments, accounts receivable, trade receivables, and certain off-balance sheet credit exposures. The guidance

also modifies the impairment model for available-for-sale debt securities. The update will be effective for the Company on February 1, 2020 and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the potential effects this update may have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued an accounting standards update that amends the existing accounting standards for lease accounting. This update requires lessees to recognize a right-of-use asset and lease liability for all leases with terms of more than 12 months. Lessees are permitted to make an accounting policy election to not recognize the asset and liability for leases with a term of 12 months or less. The update will be effective for the Company on February 1, 2019 and early adoption is permitted. The update requires a modified retrospective transition approach, which includes a number of practical expedients. While the Company expects adoption to result in a significant increase in the assets and liabilities recorded on its balance sheet, the Company is currently assessing the overall impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

3. Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Revenue Recognition

Merchandise: Merchandise is sold through retail stores, catalogs and the digital sales channel, as well as to wholesale customers and franchise partners. Revenue is recognized when control of the promised goods is transferred to the customer. The Company has elected to treat shipping and handling as fulfillment activities, and not a separate performance obligation. Accordingly, the Company will recognize revenue for its single performance obligation at the point of sale or at the time of shipment, which is when transfer of control to the customer occurs. Revenue does not include taxes assessed by governmental authorities, including value-added and other sales-related taxes, that are imposed on and concurrent with revenue-producing activities. Revenue is recognized net of estimated customer returns. Retail segment return policies vary by brand, but generally provide for no time limit on returns and the refund to be issued in either the form of original payment or as a gift card. Payment for merchandise is tendered primarily by cash, check, credit card, debit card or gift card. Uncollectible accounts receivable primarily results from unauthorized credit card transactions. The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts for its Wholesale segment accounts receivable, which management reviews on a regular basis and believes is sufficient to cover potential credit losses and billing adjustments. Payment terms in the Wholesale segment vary by customer with the most common being a net 30-day policy.

Food and Beverage: Revenue from restaurant sales and events is recognized upon completion of the service, when the Company satisfies its single performance obligation. Customer deposits may be received in advance for events which represents a contract liability until the Company satisfies its performance obligation.

Franchise Fees: Revenue from franchise operations primarily relate to merchandise sales to franchisees and royalty fees. Merchandise sales to franchisees are discussed above under Merchandise. Royalty fees are based upon a percentage of franchisee net sales to third party customers and are recognized when such sales occur.

Gift Cards: The Company accounts for a gift card transaction by recording a liability at the time the gift card is issued to the customer in exchange for consideration from the customer. At the time of issuance, the Company has an open performance obligation for the future delivery of promised goods or services. The liability remains outstanding until the card is redeemed by the customer, at which time the Company recognizes revenue. Over time, a portion of the outstanding gift cards will not be redeemed by the customer (“breakage”). Revenue is recognized from breakage over time in proportion to gift card redemptions. Judgment is used in determining the amount of breakage revenue to be recognized and is based on historical gift card redemption patterns. Gift card breakage revenue is included in net sales and is not material. The Company’s gift cards do not expire.

See Note 13, “Segment Reporting,” of the Notes to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information including net sales recorded by reportable segment and net sales from contracts with customers by merchandise category.

Contract Balances

Contract receivables occur when the Company satisfies all of its performance obligations under a contract and recognizes revenue prior to billing or receiving consideration from a customer for which it has an unconditional right to payment. Contract receivables arise from credit card transactions and sales to Wholesale segment customers and franchisees. For the three month period ended April 30, 2018, the opening and closing balance of contract

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receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, was \$76,962 and \$88,936, respectively. For the three month period ended April 30, 2017, the opening and closing balance of contract receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, was \$54,505 and \$83,949, respectively. Contract receivables are included in “Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts” in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Contract liabilities represent unearned revenue and result from the Company receiving consideration in a contract with a customer for which it has not satisfied all of its performance obligations. The Company’s contract liabilities result from customer deposits and the issuance of gift cards. Gift cards are expected to be redeemed within two years of issuance, with the majority of redemptions occurring in the first year. For the three month period ended April 30, 2018, the opening and closing balance of contract liabilities was \$56,637 and \$34,543, respectively. For the three month period ended April 30, 2017, the opening and closing balance of contract liabilities was \$59,013 and \$49,926, respectively. Contract liabilities are included in “Accrued expenses, accrued compensation and other current liabilities” in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. During the three month period ended April 30, 2018, the Company recognized \$14,541 of revenue that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period.

4. Marketable Securities

During all periods shown, marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale. The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains (losses) and fair value of available-for-sale securities by major security type and class of security as of April 30, 2018, January 31, 2018 and April 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value
As of April 30, 2018				
Short-term Investments:				
Corporate bonds	\$ 110,657	\$ —	\$ (294)	\$ 110,363
Municipal and pre-refunded municipal bonds	54,659	—	(47)	54,612
Certificates of deposit	1,392	—	—	1,392
	166,708	—	(341)	166,367
Long-term Investments:				
Corporate bonds	18,137	—	(212)	17,925
Municipal and pre-refunded municipal bonds	7,873	—	(30)	7,843
Mutual funds, held in rabbi trust	6,453	33	(3)	6,483
Certificates of deposit	2,828	—	—	2,828
	35,291	33	(245)	35,079
	\$ 201,999	\$ 33	\$ (586)	\$ 201,446
As of January 31, 2018				
Short-term Investments:				
Corporate bonds	\$ 111,612	\$ —	\$ (184)	\$ 111,428
Municipal and pre-refunded municipal bonds	52,474	11	(39)	52,446
Certificates of deposit	1,251	—	—	1,251
	165,337	11	(223)	165,125
Long-term Investments:				
Corporate bonds	39,853	—	(228)	39,625
Municipal and pre-refunded municipal bonds	9,873	8	(24)	9,857
Mutual funds, held in rabbi trust	5,973	274	(10)	6,237
Certificates of deposit	2,969	—	—	2,969
	58,668	282	(262)	58,688
	\$ 224,005	\$ 293	\$ (485)	\$ 223,813
As of April 30, 2017				
Short-term Investments:				
Corporate bonds	\$ 77,313	\$ 4	\$ (58)	\$ 77,259
Municipal and pre-refunded municipal bonds	40,788	24	(3)	40,809
Certificates of deposit	425	—	—	425
	118,526	28	(61)	118,493
Long-term Investments:				
Corporate bonds	27,586	3	(36)	27,553
Municipal and pre-refunded municipal bonds	4,758	17	—	4,775
Mutual funds, held in rabbi trust	5,011	62	(1)	5,072
Certificates of deposit	1,051	—	—	1,051
	38,406	82	(37)	38,451
	\$ 156,932	\$ 110	\$ (98)	\$ 156,944

Proceeds from the sales and maturities of available-for-sale securities were \$57,400 and \$64,903 for the three months ended April 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The Company included in "Other income, net," in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, a net realized loss of \$13 for the three months ended April 30, 2018, and a net realized gain of \$14 for the three months ended April 30, 2017. Amortization of discounts and premiums,

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net, resulted in a reduction of “Other income, net” of \$634 and \$803 for the three months ended April 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Mutual funds represent assets held in an irrevocable rabbi trust for the Company’s Non-qualified Deferred Compensation Plan (“NQDC”). These assets are a source of funds to match the funding obligations to participants in the NQDC but are subject to the Company’s general creditors. The Company elected the fair value option for financial assets for the mutual funds held in the rabbi trust resulting in all unrealized gains and losses being recorded in “Other income, net” in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

5. Fair Value

The Company utilizes a hierarchy that prioritizes fair value measurements based on the types of inputs used for the various valuation techniques (market approach, income approach and cost approach that relate to its financial assets and financial liabilities). The levels of the hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; these include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that reflect the Company’s own assumptions.

Management’s assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the valuation of financial assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy. The Company’s financial assets that are accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis are presented in the tables below:

	Marketable Securities Fair Value as of			
	April 30, 2018			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Corporate bonds	\$ 128,288	\$—	\$ —	\$ 128,288
Municipal and pre-refunded				
municipal bonds	—	62,455	—	62,455
Mutual funds, held in rabbi trust	6,483	—	—	6,483
Certificates of deposit	—	4,220	—	4,220
	\$ 134,771	\$ 66,675	\$ —	\$ 201,446

	Marketable Securities Fair Value as of			
	January 31, 2018			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Corporate bonds	\$ 151,053	\$—	\$ —	\$ 151,053
Municipal and pre-refunded				
municipal bonds	—	62,303	—	62,303
Mutual funds, held in rabbi trust	6,237	—	—	6,237
Certificates of deposit	—	4,220	—	4,220
	\$ 157,290	\$ 66,523	\$ —	\$ 223,813

	Marketable Securities Fair Value as of April 30, 2017			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Corporate bonds	\$104,812	\$—	\$ —	\$104,812
Municipal and pre-refunded				
municipal bonds	—	45,584	—	45,584
Mutual funds, held in rabbi trust	5,072	—	—	5,072
Certificates of deposit	—	1,476	—	1,476
	\$109,884	\$47,060	\$ —	\$156,944

Financial assets

Level 1 assets consist of financial instruments whose value has been based on inputs that use, as their basis, readily observable market data that are actively quoted and are validated through external sources, including third-party pricing services and brokers.

Level 2 assets consist of financial instruments whose value has been based on quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets as well as quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.

Level 3 assets consist of financial instruments where there has been no active market. The Company held no Level 3 financial instruments as of April 30, 2018, January 31, 2018 and April 30, 2017.

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents (Level 1) approximates carrying value since cash and cash equivalents consist of short-term highly liquid investments with maturities of less than three months at the time of purchase. As of April 30, 2018, January 31, 2018 and April 30, 2017, cash and cash equivalents included cash on hand, cash in banks, money market accounts and marketable securities with maturities of less than three months at the time of purchase.

Non-financial assets

The Company's non-financial assets, primarily consisting of property and equipment and goodwill, are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable and, in the case of goodwill, an annual assessment is performed.

The fair value of property and equipment was determined using a discounted cash-flow model that utilized Level 3 inputs. The Company's retail locations are reviewed for impairment at the retail location level, which is the lowest level at which individual cash flows can be identified. In calculating future cash flows, the Company makes estimates regarding future operating results based on its experience and knowledge of market factors in which the retail location is located. Goodwill has been assigned to reporting units for purposes of impairment testing. The Company evaluates goodwill to determine if the carrying value exceeds the fair value of the reporting unit. For the three months ended April 30, 2018 and 2017, impairment charges were zero.

6. Debt

On July 1, 2015, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries entered into a five-year asset-based revolving Credit Agreement (“Credit Agreement”) with certain lenders, including JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as joint lead arrangers and co-book managers.

The Credit Agreement provides senior secured revolving credit for loans and letters of credit up to \$400,000 (the “Credit Facility”), subject to a borrowing base that is comprised of the Company’s eligible accounts receivable and inventory. The Credit Facility includes a swing-line sub-facility, a multicurrency sub-facility and the option to expand the facility by up to \$150,000. The funds available under the Credit Facility may be used for working capital and other general corporate purposes.

The Credit Facility provides for interest on borrowings, at the Company’s option, at either (i) adjusted LIBOR, CDOR or EURIBOR plus an applicable margin ranging from 1.125% to 1.625%, or (ii) an adjusted ABR plus an applicable margin ranging from 0.125% to 0.625%, each such rate depending on the level of availability under the Credit Facility and the Company’s adjusted leverage ratio. Interest is payable either monthly or quarterly depending on the type of borrowing. A commitment fee is payable quarterly on the unused portion of the Credit Facility based on the Company’s adjusted leverage ratio.

All obligations under the Credit Facility are unconditionally guaranteed by the Company and its domestic subsidiaries. The obligations under the Credit Facility are secured by a first-priority security interest in inventory, accounts receivable, and certain other assets of the borrowers and guarantors. The Credit Agreement contains customary representations and warranties, negative and affirmative covenants and provisions relating to events of default.

As of April 30, 2018, the Company was in compliance with all terms of the Credit Agreement and borrowings under the Credit Facility totaled \$0. Outstanding stand-by letters of credit, which reduce the funds available under the Credit Facility, were \$12,987.

Additionally, the Company has borrowing agreements with two separate financial institutions under which the Company may borrow an aggregate of \$130,000 for the purposes of trade letter of credit issuances. The availability of any future borrowings under the trade letter of credit facilities is subject to acceptance by the respective financial institutions. As of April 30, 2018, the Company had outstanding trade letters of credit of \$51,301, and available trade letters of credit of \$78,699 under these facilities.

7. Income Taxes

The new federal tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cut and Jobs Act (the “Tax Act”) enacted on December 22, 2017 (the “Enactment Date”) introduced significant changes to U.S. income tax law. Effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, the Tax Act reduced the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21% and created new taxes on certain foreign-sourced earnings and certain intercompany payments.

The Company’s effective tax rate for the three months ended April 30, 2018 was 23.6% of income before income taxes compared to 44.1% of income before income taxes in the three months ended April 30, 2017. The decrease in the effective tax rate for the three months ended April 30, 2018, compared with the same period in 2017, was primarily affected by the Tax Act, which reduced the Company’s income tax rate to 21%, and by favorable discrete items occurring in the quarter related to share-based award activity.

Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118 (“SAB 118”) issued by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission allows registrants to record provisional estimates for the Tax Act during a measurement period not to exceed one year from the Enactment Date. Due to the timing of the enactment and the complexity involved in applying the provisions of the Tax Act, the Company made reasonable estimates of the effects and recorded provisional amounts in its financial statements as of January 31, 2018 amounting to a net expense of \$64,705. The impacts of the Tax Act may differ from the Company’s provisional estimates due to many factors, including, but not limited to, changes to its interpretations of the provisions in the Tax Act; guidance that may be issued; and actions that the Company may take.

For the three months ended April 30, 2018, the Company recorded an additional measurement-period adjustment to its provisional estimate for the deemed repatriation transition tax obligation, with an immaterial impact to income tax expense. The Company has not made any measurement-period adjustments related to reduction of U.S. federal corporate tax rate or global intangibles low-tax income and amounts remain provisional. The Company is still evaluating the effects of the Tax Act's provisions on its consolidated financial statements;

however, the Company expects to complete its evaluation within the applicable measurement period, pursuant to SAB 118. As such, the Company's provisional estimates for the Tax Act could change significantly within this period, resulting in a material impact to its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. The accounting for the tax effects of the Tax Act will be completed during fiscal 2019.

Each year, the Company files income tax returns in U.S. federal and state jurisdictions and non-U.S. jurisdictions. These tax returns are subject to examination and possible challenge by taxing authorities. Positions challenged by the taxing authorities may be settled or appealed by the Company. As a result, income tax uncertainties are recognized in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with accounting for income taxes under FASB Accounting Standards Codification 740, Income Taxes, when applicable.

8. Share-Based Compensation

The Company maintains stock incentive plans pursuant to which it can grant restricted shares, unrestricted shares, incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, restricted stock units ("RSU's"), performance stock units ("PSU's") or stock appreciation rights ("SAR's"). A lattice binomial pricing model was used to estimate the fair values of stock options and SAR's. The fair value of each of the PSU's was determined using a Monte Carlo simulation. Share-based compensation expense included in "Selling, general and administrative expenses" in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, for the three months ended April 30, 2018 and 2017 was as follows:

	Three Months Ended April 30,	
	2018	2017
Stock Options	\$217	\$249
Stock Appreciation Rights	4	61
Performance Stock Units	2,021	4,018
Restricted Stock Units	3,282	1,835
Total	\$5,524	\$6,163

Share-based awards granted and the weighted-average fair value of such awards for the three months ended April 30, 2018 was as follows:

	April 30, 2018	
	Awards Granted	Weighted- Average Fair Value
Stock Options	—	\$ —
Stock Appreciation Rights	—	\$ —
Performance Stock Units	100,000	\$ 34.76
Restricted Stock Units	525,000	\$ 35.97
Total	625,000	

During the three months ended April 30, 2018, 160,000 stock options were exercised, 115,950 SAR's were exercised, 176,666 PSU's vested and 207,500 RSU's vested.

The total unrecognized compensation cost related to outstanding share-based awards and the weighted-average period in which the cost is expected to be recognized as of April 30, 2018 was as follows:

	April 30, 2018 Unrecognized Compensation Cost	Weighted- Average Years
Stock Options	\$61	0.1
Stock Appreciation Rights	—	0.0
Performance Stock Units	12,392	2.1
Restricted Stock Units	29,667	2.5
Total	\$42,120	

9. Shareholders' Equity

On February 23, 2015, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of 20,000,000 common shares under a share repurchase program; all shares were repurchased by the end of August 2017. On August 22, 2017, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of an additional 20,000,000 common shares under a share repurchase program, of which 17,902,153 common shares were remaining as of April 30, 2018. During the three months ended April 30, 2018 and April 30, 2017, there were no common shares repurchased under a share repurchase program.

During the three months ended April 30, 2018, the Company acquired and subsequently retired 138,310 common shares at a total cost of \$5,047 from employees to meet minimum statutory tax withholding requirements. During the three months ended April 30, 2017, the Company acquired and subsequently retired 43,423 common shares at a total cost of \$1,142 from employees to meet minimum statutory tax withholding requirements.

10. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) and Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following tables present the changes in "Accumulated other comprehensive loss," by component, net of tax, for the three months ended April 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Three Months Ended April 30, 2018		
	Unrealized Gains and (Losses) on Available-for- Sale Securities		
	Foreign Currency Translation		Total
Balance at beginning of period	\$(10,340)	\$ (311)	\$(10,651)
Other comprehensive income (loss)			
before reclassifications	(7,969)	(80)	(8,049)
Amounts reclassified from	—	(13)	(13)
accumulated other comprehensive			

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income (loss)				
Net current-period other				
comprehensive income (loss)	(7,969)	(93)		(8,062)
Balance at end of period	\$(18,309)	\$ (404)		\$(18,713)

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	Three Months Ended April 30, 2017		
	Unrealized Gains		
	Foreign	and (Losses) on	
	Currency	Available-for-	
	Translation	Sale Securities	Total
Balance at beginning of period	\$(34,012)	\$ (57)	\$(34,069)
Other comprehensive income (loss)			
before reclassifications	1,788	(2)	1,786
Amounts reclassified from			
accumulated other comprehensive			
income (loss)	—	14	14
Net current-period other			
comprehensive income (loss)	1,788	12	1,800
Balance at end of period	\$(32,224)	\$ (45)	\$(32,269)

All unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss were recorded in “Other income, net” in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

11. Net Income per Common Share

The following is a reconciliation of the weighted-average common shares outstanding used for the computation of basic and diluted net income per common share:

	Three Months Ended	
	April 30,	
	2018	2017
Basic weighted-average common shares		
outstanding	108,490,926	116,276,289
Effect of dilutive options, stock appreciation		
rights, performance stock units and restricted		
stock units	1,252,751	263,016
Diluted weighted-average shares outstanding	109,743,677	116,539,305

For the three months ended April 30, 2018 and 2017, awards to purchase 267,500 common shares ranging in price from \$37.02 to \$46.02 and 1,128,400 common shares ranging in price from \$25.60 to \$46.02, respectively, were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per common share because the impact would be anti-dilutive.

Excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per common share as of April 30, 2018 and 2017 were 1,713,773 and 2,941,727 performance-based equity awards, respectively, because they did not meet the required performance criteria.

12. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is party to various legal proceedings arising from normal business activities. Management believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

13. Segment Reporting

The Company offers lifestyle-oriented general merchandise and consumer products and services through a portfolio of global consumer brands. The Company operates two reportable segments—"Retail" and "Wholesale." The Company's Retail segment consists of the "Anthropologie," "Bhldn," "Free People," "Terrain" and "Urban Outfitters" brands and the Food and Beverage division. The Anthropologie, Bhldn and Terrain brands make up the

“Anthropologie Group.” As of April 30, 2018, there were 246 Urban Outfitters stores, 226 Anthropologie Group stores, 134 Free People stores, ten restaurants under the Food and Beverage division and one Urban Outfitters franchise location. Each of Urban Outfitters, the Anthropologie Group and Free People, including their stores and digital channels, and the restaurants operated under the Company’s Food and Beverage division, are considered an operating segment. Net sales from the Retail segment accounted for approximately 90.6% and 90.7% of total consolidated net sales for the three months ended April 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The remaining net sales are derived from the Company’s Wholesale segment which consists of the Free People and Anthropologie brands that sell through approximately 2,100 department and specialty stores worldwide, digital businesses and the Company’s Retail segment. The Wholesale segment primarily designs, develops and markets young women’s contemporary casual wear (including intimates), FP Movement activewear and shoes under the Free People brand and home goods including gifts, tabletop and textiles under the Anthropologie brand. The Anthropologie wholesale division was established in the third quarter of fiscal 2018.

The Company has aggregated its brands into the Retail segment based upon their shared management, customer base and economic characteristics. Reporting in this format provides management with the financial information necessary to evaluate the success of the segments and the overall business. The Company evaluates the performance of the segments based on the net sales and pre-tax income from operations (excluding intercompany charges) of the segment. Corporate expenses include expenses incurred and directed by the corporate office that are not allocated to segments. The principal identifiable assets for each reporting segment are inventory and property and equipment.

Other assets are comprised primarily of general corporate assets, which principally consist of cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, deferred taxes and prepaid expenses, which are typically not allocated to the Company’s segments. The Company accounts for intersegment sales and transfers as if the sales and transfers were made to third parties making similar volume purchases.

The Company’s omni-channel strategy enhances its customers’ brand experience by providing a seamless approach to the customer shopping experience. All available shopping channels are fully integrated, including stores, websites, mobile applications, catalogs and customer contact centers. The Company’s investments in areas such as marketing campaigns and technology advancements are designed to generate demand for the omni-channel and not the separate store or digital channels. Store sales are primarily fulfilled from that store’s inventory, but may also be shipped from any of the Company’s fulfillment centers or from a different store location if an item is not available at the original store. We also allow customers to view in-store inventory from our websites and mobile applications. Digital orders are primarily shipped to the Company’s customers through its fulfillment centers, but may also be shipped from any store, or a combination of fulfillment centers and stores depending on the availability of a particular item. In addition, customers can pick up digital orders and return certain merchandise purchased through digital channels at retail locations. As the Company’s customers continue to shop across multiple channels, the Company has adapted its approach towards meeting this demand. Due to the availability of like product in a variety of shopping channels, the Company sources these products utilizing single stock keeping units based on the omni-channel demand rather than the demand of the separate channels. These and other technological capabilities allow the Company to better serve its customers and help it to complete a sale that otherwise may not have occurred due to out-of-stock positions. We manage and analyze our performance based on a single omni-channel rather than separate channels and believe that the omni-channel results present the most meaningful and appropriate measure of our performance. Over the next several years we plan to continue to shift investment to the digital channel to align with changing customer preferences and focus on improving our speed-to-customer capabilities.

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the policies described in Note 2, “Summary of Significant Accounting Policies,” in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2018. Both the Retail and Wholesale segments are highly diversified. No one customer constitutes more than 10% of the Company’s total consolidated net sales. A summary of the information about the Company’s operations by segment is as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	April 30,	
	2018	2017
Net sales		
Retail operations	\$775,564	\$690,352
Wholesale operations	82,941	72,949
Intersegment elimination	(2,817)	(2,111)
Total net sales	\$855,688	\$761,190
Income from operations		
Retail operations	\$51,872	\$19,905
Wholesale operations	14,805	16,269
Intersegment elimination	34	10
Total segment operating income	66,711	36,184
General corporate expenses	(12,815)	(15,148)
Total income from operations	\$53,896	\$21,036

	April 30,	January 31,	April 30,
	2018	2018	2017
Inventory			
Retail operations	\$353,423	\$300,493	\$324,126
Wholesale operations	51,194	50,902	35,367
Total inventory	\$404,617	\$351,395	\$359,493
Property and equipment, net			
Retail operations	\$817,277	\$811,128	\$847,926
Wholesale operations	2,448	2,640	3,333
Total property and equipment, net	\$819,725	\$813,768	\$851,259

The following tables summarize net sales and percentage of net sales from contracts with customers by merchandise category:

	Three Months Ended April 30,		
	2018	2017	
Net sales			
Apparel ⁽¹⁾	\$599,688	\$520,119	
Home ⁽²⁾	114,348	111,980	
Accessories ⁽³⁾	98,775	89,602	
Other ⁽⁴⁾	42,877	39,489	
Total net sales	\$855,688	\$761,190	
As a percentage of net sales			
Apparel ⁽¹⁾	70	% 68	%
Home ⁽²⁾	13	% 15	%
Accessories ⁽³⁾	12	% 12	%
Other ⁽⁴⁾	5	% 5	%
Total net sales	100	% 100	%

- (1) Apparel includes intimates and activewear
(2) Home includes home furnishings, electronics, gifts and decorative items
(3) Accessories includes footwear, jewelry and handbags
(4) Other includes beauty, shipping and handling revenues and the Food and Beverage division

Apparel, Home, and Accessories are sold through both the Retail and Wholesale segments. Revenue recognized from the Other category is primarily attributable to the Retail segment.

The Company has foreign operations primarily in Europe and Canada. Revenues and long-lived assets, based upon the Company's domestic and foreign operations, are as follows:

	April 30, 2018	January 31, 2018	April 30, 2017
Property and equipment, net			
Domestic operations	\$735,473	\$720,890	\$754,965
Foreign operations	84,252	92,878	96,294
Total property and equipment, net	\$819,725	\$813,768	\$851,259

	Three Months Ended	
	April 30,	
	2018	2017
Net Sales		
Domestic operations	\$747,151	\$677,953
Foreign operations	108,537	83,237
Total net sales	\$855,688	\$761,190

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Certain matters contained in this filing with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") may contain forward-looking statements and are being made pursuant to the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the words "project," "believe," "plan," "will," "anticipate," "expect" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Any one, or all, of the following factors could cause actual financial results to differ materially from those financial results mentioned in the forward-looking statements: the difficulty in predicting and responding to shifts in fashion trends, changes in the level of competitive pricing and promotional activity and other industry factors, overall economic and market conditions and worldwide political events and the resultant impact on consumer spending patterns, any effects of war, terrorism and civil unrest, natural disasters or severe or unseasonable weather conditions, increases in labor costs, increases in raw material costs, availability of suitable retail space for expansion, timing of store openings, risks associated with international expansion, seasonal fluctuations in gross sales, the departure of one or more key senior executives, import risks, changes to U.S. and foreign trade policies, including the enactment of tariffs, border adjustment taxes or increases in duties or quotas, the closing or disruption of, or any damage to, any of our distribution centers, our ability to protect our intellectual property rights, risks associated with internet sales, our ability to maintain and expand our digital sales channels, response to new store concepts, our ability to integrate acquisitions, failure of our manufacturers and third-party vendors to comply with our social compliance program, changes in our effective income tax rate, the impact of the U.S. Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, changes in accounting standards and subjective assumptions, regulatory changes and legal matters and other risks identified in our filings with the SEC, including those set forth in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2018, filed on April 2, 2018. We disclaim any intent or obligation to update forward-looking statements even if experience or future changes make it clear that actual results may differ materially from any projected results expressed or implied therein.

Unless the context otherwise requires, all references to the "Company," "we," "us" or "our" refer to Urban Outfitters, Inc., together with its subsidiaries.

Overview

We operate two reportable segments: a leading lifestyle specialty Retail segment and a Wholesale segment. Our Retail segment consists of our Anthropologie, Bhldn, Free People, Terrain and Urban Outfitters brands and our Food and Beverage division. Our Retail segment consumer products and services are sold directly to our customers through our stores, websites, mobile applications, catalogs and customer contact centers and franchised or third-party operated stores and digital businesses. The Wholesale segment consists of our Free People and Anthropologie brands that sell through department and specialty stores worldwide, digital businesses and our Retail segment. The Wholesale segment primarily designs, develops and markets young women's contemporary casual wear (including intimates), FP Movement activewear and shoes under the Free People brand and home goods including gifts, tabletop and textiles under the Anthropologie brand.

Our fiscal year ends on January 31. All references to our fiscal years refer to the fiscal years ended on January 31 in those years. For example, our fiscal year 2019 will end on January 31, 2019.

Retail Segment

Our omni-channel strategy enhances our customers' brand experience by providing a seamless approach to the customer shopping experience. All available shopping channels are fully integrated, including stores, websites, mobile applications, catalogs and customer contact centers. Our investments in areas such as marketing campaigns and technology advancements are designed to generate demand for the omni-channel and not the separate store or digital channels. Store sales are primarily fulfilled from that store's inventory, but may also be shipped from any of our

fulfillment centers or from a different store location if an item is not available at the original store. We also allow customers to view in-store inventory from our websites and mobile applications. Digital orders are primarily shipped to our customers through our fulfillment centers, but may also be shipped from any store, or a combination of fulfillment centers and stores depending on the availability of particular items. Digital orders may also be picked up at a store location, and customers may also return certain merchandise purchased through digital channels at store

locations. As our customers continue to shop across multiple channels, we have adapted our approach towards meeting this demand. Due to the availability of like product in a variety of shopping channels, we source these products utilizing single stock keeping units based on the omni-channel demand rather than the demand of the separate channels. These and other technological capabilities allow us to better serve our customers and help us complete sales that otherwise may not have occurred due to out-of-stock positions. We manage and analyze our performance based on a single omni-channel rather than separate channels and believe that the omni-channel results present the most meaningful and appropriate measure of our performance. Over the next several years we plan to continue to shift investment to the digital channel to align with changing customer preferences and focus on improving our speed-to-customer capabilities.

Our comparable Retail segment net sales data is equal to the sum of our comparable store and comparable digital channel net sales. A store is considered to be comparable if it has been open at least 12 full months, unless it was materially expanded or remodeled within that year or was not otherwise operating at its full capacity within that year. A digital channel is considered to be comparable if it has been operational for at least 12 full months. Sales from stores and digital channels that do not fall within the definition of comparable store or channel are considered to be non-comparable. The effects of foreign currency translation are also considered non-comparable.

We monitor customer traffic, average unit selling price, transactions and average units per transaction at our stores, and customer sessions, average order value and conversion rates on our websites and mobile applications. We believe that changes in any of these metrics may be caused by a response to our brands' fashion offerings, our marketing and digital marketing campaigns, circulation of our catalogs and an overall growth in brand recognition.

As of April 30, 2018, we operated 246 Urban Outfitters stores, of which 180 were located in the United States, 18 were located in Canada and 48 were located in Europe. For the three months ended April 30, 2018, we opened two new Urban Outfitters stores located in Europe, and we closed one store located in Europe. Total store selling square footage increased 1.6% over the prior year period to 2.2 million square feet. Urban Outfitters operates websites and mobile applications in North America and Europe that capture the spirit of the brand by offering a similar yet broader selection of merchandise as found in its stores and offers a catalog in Europe offering select merchandise, most of which is also available in its stores. Urban Outfitters targets young adults aged 18 to 28 through a unique merchandise mix, compelling store environment, websites and mobile applications through a product offering that includes women's and men's fashion apparel, activewear, intimates, footwear, accessories, home goods, electronics and beauty. A large portion of our merchandise is exclusive to Urban Outfitters, consisting of an assortment of product designed internally and designed in collaboration with third-party brands. Urban Outfitters' North American and European Retail segment net sales accounted for approximately 29.2% and 8.5% of consolidated net sales, respectively, for the three months ended April 30, 2018, compared to 30.8% and 6.6%, respectively, for the comparable period in fiscal 2018.

The Anthropologie Group consists of the Anthropologie, Bhldn and Terrain brands. As of April 30, 2018, we operated 226 Anthropologie Group stores, of which 204 were located in the United States, 12 were located in Canada and ten were located in Europe. For the three months ended April 30, 2018, no Anthropologie Group stores were opened or closed. Total store selling square footage increased 0.8% over the prior year period to 1.7 million square feet. The Anthropologie Group operates websites and mobile applications in North America and Europe that capture the spirit of its brands by offering a similar yet broader selection of merchandise as found in its stores. In addition, the brand offers catalogs in North America and Europe that market select merchandise, most of which is also available in Anthropologie brand stores. Merchandise at the Anthropologie brand is tailored to sophisticated and contemporary women aged 28 to 45. Product assortment includes women's casual apparel and accessories, intimates, shoes, home furnishings, a diverse array of gifts and decorative items and beauty. The Bhldn brand emphasizes every element that contributes to a wedding. The Bhldn brand offers a curated collection of heirloom quality wedding gowns, bridesmaid frocks, party dresses, assorted jewelry, headpieces, footwear, lingerie and decorations. The Terrain brand is designed

to appeal to women and men interested in a creative and sophisticated outdoor living and gardening experience. Merchandise includes lifestyle home, garden and outdoor living products, antiques, live plants, flowers, wellness products and accessories. We plan to open additional Anthropologie Group stores, some of which may be expanded format stores that include multiple Anthropologie Group brands and that allow us to present an expanded assortment of products in certain categories such as petites, jewelry and accessories, footwear, intimates, beauty, wedding and events, outdoor living and home furnishings. The Anthropologie Group's North American and European Retail segment net sales accounted for approximately 38.7% and 1.6% of

consolidated net sales, respectively, for the three months ended April 30, 2018, compared to 39.4% and 1.5%, respectively, for the comparable period in fiscal 2018.

As of April 30, 2018, we operated 134 Free People stores, of which 128 were located in the United States and six were located in Canada. For the three months ended April 30, 2018, we opened two new Free People stores located in the United States, and no Free People stores were closed. Total store selling square footage increased 7.4% over the prior year period to 291,000. The increase in selling square footage compared to the prior year period was a result of operating four net new stores that were not in operation during the prior 12 month period. Free People operates websites and mobile applications in North America, Europe and Asia that capture the spirit of the brand by offering a similar yet broader selection of merchandise as found in its stores, as well as substantially all of the Free People wholesale offerings. Free People also offers a catalog that markets select merchandise, most of which is also available in our Free People stores. Free People focuses its product offering on private label merchandise targeted to young contemporary women aged 25 to 30 and provides a unique merchandise mix of casual women's apparel, intimates, FP Movement activewear, shoes, accessories, home products, gifts and beauty and wellness. Free People's Retail segment net sales accounted for approximately 12.1% of consolidated net sales for the three months ended April 30, 2018, compared to approximately 11.7% for the comparable period in fiscal 2018.

As of April 30, 2018, we operated ten restaurants under our Food and Beverage division, all of which were located in the United States. For the three months ended April 30, 2018, no Food and Beverage restaurants were opened or closed. The Food and Beverage division focuses on a dining experience that provides excellence in food, beverage and service. The Food and Beverage division net sales accounted for less than 1.0% of consolidated net sales for the three months ended April 30, 2018 and the comparable period in fiscal 2018.

We plan to open approximately 18 new stores during fiscal 2019, including five Urban Outfitters stores, four Anthropologie Group stores, six Free People stores and three Food and Beverage restaurants. We plan to close approximately ten stores during fiscal 2019, including five Urban Outfitters stores, two Anthropologie Group stores and three Free People stores, all due to lease expirations. Within the United States and Canada, we are at or close to our currently planned store count for the Urban Outfitters, Anthropologie and Free People brands. We plan for growth for all three brands to come from modest expansion internationally, which may include opening new stores or entering into franchise or joint venture agreements.

Wholesale Segment

Our Wholesale segment consists of the Free People and Anthropologie brands that sell through approximately 2,100 department and specialty stores worldwide, digital businesses and our Retail segment. The Wholesale segment primarily designs, develops and markets young women's contemporary casual wear (including intimates), FP Movement activewear and shoes under the Free People brand and home goods including gifts, tabletop and textiles under the Anthropologie brand. The Anthropologie wholesale division was established in the third quarter of fiscal 2018. Our Wholesale segment net sales accounted for approximately 9.4% of consolidated net sales for the three months ended April 30, 2018, compared to 9.3% for the comparable period in fiscal 2018.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. These generally accepted accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, net sales and expenses during the reporting period.

Our senior management has reviewed the critical accounting policies and estimates with the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors. Our significant accounting policies are described in Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," in the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2018, which are included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on April 2, 2018. Critical accounting policies are those that are most important to the portrayal of our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows and require management's most difficult, subjective and complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. If actual results were to differ

significantly from estimates made, the reported results could be materially affected. We are not currently aware of any reasonably likely events or circumstances that would cause our actual results to be materially different from our estimates. We adopted new accounting standards related to revenue recognition and intra-entity asset transfers on February 1, 2018, which changed certain accounting policies (see Note 2, "Recent Accounting Pronouncements," of the Notes to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q). Other than the adoption of the new accounting standards, there have been no significant changes to our critical accounting policies during the three months ended April 30, 2018.

Results of Operations

As a Percentage of Net Sales

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the percentage of our net sales represented by certain income statement data and the change in certain income statement data from period to period. This table should be read in conjunction with the discussion that follows:

	Three Month Ended April 30,	
	2018	2017
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales	67.2	68.5
Gross profit	32.8	31.5
Selling, general and administrative expenses	26.5	28.7
Income from operations	6.3	2.8
Other income, net	0.0	0.0
Income before income taxes	6.3	2.8
Income tax expense	1.5	1.2
Net income	4.8	1.6
	%	%

Three Months Ended April 30, 2018 Compared To Three Months Ended April 30, 2017

Net sales in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 were \$855.7 million, compared to \$761.2 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2018. The \$94.5 million increase was attributable to an \$85.2 million, or 12.3%, increase in Retail segment net sales and a \$9.3 million, or 13.1%, increase in our Wholesale segment net sales. Retail segment net sales for the first quarter of fiscal 2019 accounted for 90.6% of total net sales compared to 90.7% of total net sales in the first quarter of fiscal 2018.

The increase in our Retail segment net sales during the first quarter of fiscal 2019 was due to an increase of \$67.7 million, or 10.0%, in Retail segment comparable net sales, which includes our digital channel, and an increase of \$17.5 million in non-comparable net sales, including the impact of foreign currency translation and new store net sales. Retail segment comparable net sales increased 14.7% at Free People, 10.4% at the Anthropologie Group and 8.3% at Urban Outfitters. The increase in Retail segment comparable net sales was driven by continued growth in the digital channel and positive comparable store net sales. The digital channel net sales increase was driven by an increase in average order value, sessions and conversion rate. Positive comparable store net sales resulted from an increase in average unit selling price, partially offset by a decrease in transactions and units per transaction. Store

traffic for the quarter increased. The increase in net sales attributable to non-comparable sales was primarily due to the impact of foreign currency translation and the result of operating ten net new stores and restaurants during the first quarter of fiscal 2019 that were not in operation for the full comparable quarter in fiscal 2018. Thus far during the second quarter of fiscal 2019, comparable Retail segment net sales are mid teens positive.

The increase in Wholesale segment net sales in the first quarter of fiscal 2019, as compared to the first quarter of fiscal 2018, was primarily due to domestic and international growth at department stores, specialty stores and digital businesses. Wholesale sales growth was driven by an increase in units sold that was partially offset by a decrease in average unit selling price.

Gross profit percentage for the first quarter of fiscal 2019 increased to 32.8% of net sales, from 31.5% of net sales in the comparable quarter in fiscal 2018. Gross profit increased to \$280.7 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 from \$239.8 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2018. The increase in gross profit percentage was primarily driven by lower markdowns at all three brands and leverage in store occupancy cost due to growth in Retail segment comparable net sales. These gains were partially offset by lower initial margins, due in part to a lower mix of private label merchandise, and deleverage in delivery expense, due in part to increased penetration of the digital channel. Total inventory at April 30, 2018 increased by \$45.1 million, or 12.6%, to \$404.6 million from \$359.5 million at April 30, 2017. Comparable Retail segment inventory increased 7.7% at cost. The remainder of the increase was primarily related to increased wholesale inventory.

Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales decreased during the first quarter of fiscal 2019 to 26.5% of net sales, compared to 28.7% of net sales for the first quarter of fiscal 2018. This leverage was primarily driven by the net sales growth, continued savings associated with the fiscal 2018 store reorganization project and the current year benefit associated with the nonrecurring store reorganization expenses incurred in the prior year. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$8.0 million, or 3.7%, to \$226.8 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2019, compared to the first quarter of fiscal 2018. The growth in selling, general and administrative expenses was primarily due to increased marketing expenses which contributed to the sales increase.

Income from operations increased to 6.3% of net sales, or \$53.9 million, for the first quarter of fiscal 2019 compared to 2.8% of net sales, or \$21.0 million, for the first quarter of fiscal 2018.

Our effective tax rate for the first quarter of fiscal 2019 was 23.6% of income before income taxes compared to 44.1% of income before income taxes in the first quarter of fiscal 2018. The decrease in the effective tax rate was primarily due to the lower federal statutory rate resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities were \$515.2 million as of April 30, 2018, as compared to \$506.0 million as of January 31, 2018 and \$409.4 million as of April 30, 2017. During the first three months of fiscal 2019, we generated \$54.1 million in cash from operations and invested \$24.6 million in property and equipment. Our working capital was \$682.0 million at April 30, 2018 compared to \$618.5 million at January 31, 2018 and \$571.4 million at April 30, 2017.

During the last two years, we have satisfied our cash requirements primarily through our cash flow from operating activities. Our primary uses of cash have been to repurchase our common shares, open new stores, purchase inventory, fund store operations and expand our home offices and fulfillment centers. We have also continued to invest in our omni-channel capabilities and technology.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities during the first three months of fiscal 2019 increased by \$41.1 million to \$54.1 million from \$13.0 million in the first three months of fiscal 2018. For both periods, our major source of cash from operations was merchandise sales and our primary outflow of cash from operations was for the payment of operational costs. The period over period increase in cash flows from operations was primarily due to higher net income.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities during the first three months of fiscal 2019 increased by \$10.6 million to \$19.5 million from \$8.9 million in the first three months of fiscal 2018. Cash used in investing activities in both periods

primarily related to purchases of marketable securities and property and equipment, partially offset by the sales and maturities of marketable securities. Cash paid for property and equipment in the first three months of fiscal 2019 and 2018 was \$24.6 million and \$23.5 million, respectively, which was primarily used to expand our store base.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Cash provided by financing activities during the first three months of fiscal 2019 increased by \$1.3 million to a cash inflow of \$0.2 million compared to a cash outflow of \$1.1 million in the first three months of fiscal 2018. Cash provided by financing activities in the first three months of fiscal 2019 primarily related to proceeds from the exercise of stock options, partially offset by share repurchases related to taxes for share-based awards. Cash used in financing activities in the first three months of fiscal 2018 were for share repurchases related to taxes for share-based awards.

Credit Facilities

See Note 6, “Debt,” of the Notes to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information regarding the Company’s debt.

Capital and Operating Expenditures

During fiscal 2019, we plan to construct and open approximately 18 new retail locations, expand or relocate certain existing retail locations, upgrade our systems, improve our capabilities in the digital channel, invest in omni-channel marketing, expand our fulfillment capabilities, purchase inventory for our Retail and Wholesale segments at levels appropriate to maintain our planned sales growth and we could repurchase common shares. We believe that our new store openings, merchandise expansion programs, and our marketing, social media, website and mobile initiatives are significant contributors to our Retail segment sales growth. During fiscal 2019, we plan to continue our investment in these initiatives for all brands. We anticipate our capital expenditures during fiscal 2019 to be approximately \$110 million, all of which are expected to be financed by cash flow from operating activities. We believe that our new store investments have the potential to generate positive cash flow within a year. We may also enter into one or more acquisitions or transactions related to the expansion of our brand offerings, including franchise and joint venture agreements. We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents, availability under our current credit facilities and future cash flows provided by operations will be sufficient to fund these initiatives.

Share Repurchases

See Note 9, “Shareholders’ Equity,” of the Notes to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information regarding the Company’s share repurchases.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of and for the three months ended April 30, 2018, except for operating leases entered into in the normal course of business, we were not party to any material off-balance sheet arrangements that are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, revenues, expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Other Matters

See Note 2, “Recent Accounting Pronouncements,” of the Notes to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a description of recently adopted and issued accounting pronouncements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes to our quantitative or qualitative disclosures found in Item 7A, “Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk,” in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended

January 31, 2018.

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Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in our Securities Exchange Act of 1934 reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported on a timely basis and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Principal Executive Officer and the Principal Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding the required disclosure. As of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Principal Executive Officer and the Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of these disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, the Principal Executive Officer and the Principal Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

There have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended April 30, 2018 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II

OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are party to various legal proceedings arising from normal business activities. Management believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in our risk factors since January 31, 2018. Please refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2018, filed with the SEC on April 2, 2018, for our risk factors.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit	Description
Number	
3.1	<u>Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation are incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (file no. 000-22754) filed on September 9, 2004.</u>
3.2	<u>Amendment No. 1 to Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (file no. 000-22754) filed on September 9, 2004.</u>
3.3	<u>Amendment No. 2 to Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 31, 2013.</u>
3.4	<u>Amended and Restated By-laws are incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on December 12, 2016.</u>
31.1*	<u>Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of the Principal Executive Officer.</u>
31.2*	<u>Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of the Principal Financial Officer.</u>
32.1**	<u>Section 1350 Certification of the Principal Executive Officer.</u>
32.2**	<u>Section 1350 Certification of the Principal Financial Officer.</u>
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.

*Filed herewith

**Furnished herewith

Attached as Exhibits 101 to this report are the following financial statements from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended April 30, 2018, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 11, 2018, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets; (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income; (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income; (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity; (v) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (vi) the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

URBAN OUTFITTERS,
INC.

Date: June 11, 2018 By: /s/ RICHARD A. HAYNE
Richard A. Hayne
Chief Executive Officer

URBAN OUTFITTERS, INC.

Date: June 11, 2018 By: /s/ FRANCIS J. CONFORTI
Francis J. Conforti
Chief Financial Officer