

SUMMIT FINANCIAL GROUP INC  
Form 10-Q  
November 03, 2017  
UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10 – Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2017

or  
 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.

Commission File Number 0-16587

Summit Financial Group, Inc.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)  
West Virginia 55-0672148  
(State or other jurisdiction of (IRS Employer  
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)  
300 North Main Street  
Moorefield, West Virginia 26836  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)  
(304) 530-1000  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer   
Smaller reporting company  Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

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Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of Common Stock as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, \$2.50 par value

12,428,342 shares outstanding as of November 1, 2017

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## Item 1. Financial Statements

## Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)

	September 30, 2017 (unaudited)	December 31, 2016 (*)	September 30, 2016 (unaudited)
Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts			
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and due from banks	\$ 9,220	\$ 4,262	\$ 25,067
Interest bearing deposits with other banks	41,994	42,354	9,432
Cash and cash equivalents	51,214	46,616	34,499
Securities available for sale	328,726	266,542	262,102
Other investments	12,170	12,942	13,182
Loans held for sale	220	176	—
Loans, net	1,559,328	1,307,862	1,234,605
Property held for sale	22,622	24,504	24,767
Premises and equipment, net	34,220	23,737	21,802
Accrued interest receivable	7,979	6,167	5,470
Goodwill and other intangible assets	27,879	13,652	7,348
Cash surrender value of life insurance policies	41,076	39,143	38,504
Other assets	15,702	17,306	15,357
Total assets	\$ 2,101,136	\$ 1,758,647	\$ 1,657,636
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>			
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Deposits</b>			
Non interest bearing	\$ 215,910	\$ 149,737	\$ 122,652
Interest bearing	1,400,858	1,145,782	1,034,132
Total deposits	1,616,768	1,295,519	1,156,784
Short-term borrowings	202,988	224,461	234,657
Long-term borrowings	45,755	46,670	74,146
Subordinated debentures owed to unconsolidated subsidiary trusts	19,589	19,589	19,589
Other liabilities	17,254	17,048	18,640
Total liabilities	1,902,354	1,603,287	1,503,816
<b>Commitments and Contingencies</b>			
<b>Shareholders' Equity</b>			
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value, authorized 250,000 shares	—	—	—
Common stock and related surplus, \$2.50 par value; authorized 20,000,000 shares; issued: 2017 - 12,428,342 shares, December 2016 - 10,883,509 shares and September 2016 - 10,857,801 shares; outstanding: 2017 - 12,311,723 shares, December 2016 - 10,736,970 shares and September 2016 - 10,701,841 shares	80,496	46,757	46,114
Unallocated common stock held by Employee Stock Ownership Plan - 2017 - 116,619 shares, December 2016 - 146,539 shares and September 2016 - 155,960 shares	(1,260)	(1,583)	(1,684)
Retained earnings	119,157	113,448	109,808

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Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	389	(3,262	) (418	)
Total shareholders' equity	198,782	155,360	153,820	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 2,101,136	\$ 1,758,647	\$ 1,657,636	

(\* ) - Derived from audited consolidated financial statements

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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## Consolidated Statements of Income (unaudited)

Dollars in thousands, (except per share amounts)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest income				
Interest and fees on loans				
Taxable	\$19,387	\$14,009	\$54,487	\$40,788
Tax-exempt	103	133	391	412
Interest and dividends on securities				
Taxable	1,283	1,138	3,742	3,284
Tax-exempt	1,114	621	2,855	1,857
Interest on interest bearing deposits with other banks	149	5	466	13
Total interest income	22,036	15,906	61,941	46,354
Interest expense				
Interest on deposits	2,963	2,209	7,987	6,533
Interest on short-term borrowings	1,160	675	3,233	1,334
Interest on long-term borrowings and subordinated debentures	681	985	2,012	2,937
Total interest expense	4,804	3,869	13,232	10,804
Net interest income	17,232	12,037	48,709	35,550
Provision for loan losses	375	—	875	500
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	16,857	12,037	47,834	35,050
Noninterest income				
Insurance commissions	1,043	1,016	3,000	3,030
Trust and wealth management fees	589	126	1,284	358
Service fees related to deposit accounts	1,863	1,138	4,737	3,175
Realized securities gains, net	26	61	58	836
Bank owned life insurance income	255	258	758	772
Other	224	150	659	430
Total noninterest income	4,000	2,749	10,496	8,601
Noninterest expenses				
Salaries, commissions and employee benefits	6,610	4,819	18,555	14,265
Net occupancy expense	847	525	2,239	1,576
Equipment expense	1,093	716	2,859	2,059
Professional fees	373	270	1,012	1,171
Advertising and public relations	137	93	393	280
Amortization of intangibles	448	50	974	150
FDIC premiums	310	200	815	800
Merger-related expenses	11	80	1,575	345
Foreclosed properties expense	171	100	397	317
Gain on sales of foreclosed properties, net	(29)	(169)	(111)	(451)
Write-downs of foreclosed properties	91	134	538	503
Litigation settlement	—	—	9,900	—
Other	2,385	1,601	6,253	4,395
Total noninterest expenses	12,447	8,419	45,399	25,410
Income before income tax expense	8,410	6,367	12,931	18,241
Income tax expense	2,480	2,086	3,339	5,655
Net income	\$5,930	\$4,281	\$9,592	\$12,586

Basic earnings per common share	\$0.48	\$0.40	\$0.81	\$1.18
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.48	\$0.40	\$0.81	\$1.18
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements				

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## Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,	
Dollars in thousands	2017	2016
Net income	\$5,930	\$4,281
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Net unrealized gain on cashflow hedge of: 2017 - \$497, net of deferred taxes of \$184; 2016 - \$965, net of deferred taxes of \$357	313	608
Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale of: 2017 - \$608, net of deferred taxes of \$225 and reclassification adjustment for net realized gains included in net income of \$26, net of tax of \$10; 2016 - (\$1,437), net of deferred taxes of (\$532) and reclassification adjustment for net realized gains included in net income of \$61, net of tax of \$23	383	(905 )
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	696	(297 )
Total comprehensive income	\$6,626	\$3,984

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
Dollars in thousands	2017	2016
Net income	\$9,592	\$12,586
Other comprehensive income:		
Net unrealized gain (loss) on cashflow hedge of: 2017 - \$1,556, net of deferred taxes of \$576; 2016 - (\$2,114), net of deferred taxes of (\$782)	980	(1,332 )
Net unrealized gain on securities available for sale of: 2017 - \$3,892, net of deferred taxes of \$1,440 and reclassification adjustment for net realized gains included in net income of \$58, net of tax of \$21; 2016 - \$2,175, net of deferred taxes of \$805 and reclassification adjustment for net realized gains included in net income of \$836, net of tax of \$309	2,452	1,370
Net unrealized gain on other post-retirement benefits of: 2017 - \$348, net of deferred taxes of \$129	219	—
Total other comprehensive income	3,651	38
Total comprehensive income	\$13,243	\$12,624

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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## Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity (unaudited)

Dollars in thousands (except per share amounts)	Common Stock and Related Surplus	Unallocated Common Stock Held by ESOP	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Compre- hensive Income (Loss)	Total Share- holders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$ 46,757	\$ (1,583 )	\$ 113,448	\$ (3,262 )	\$ 155,360
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017					
Net income	—	—	9,592	—	9,592
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	3,651	3,651
Exercise of stock options - 2,000 shares	12	—	—	—	12
Share-based compensation expense	285	—	—	—	285
Unallocated ESOP shares committed to be released - 29,920 shares	358	323	—	—	681
Acquisition of First Century Bankshares, Inc. - 1,537,912 shares, net of issuance costs	32,968	—	—	—	32,968
Common stock issuances from reinvested dividends - 4,921 shares	116	—	—	—	116
Common stock cash dividends declared (\$0.33 per share)	—	—	(3,883 )	—	(3,883 )
Balance, September 30, 2017	\$ 80,496	\$ (1,260 )	\$ 119,157	\$ 389	\$ 198,782
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$ 45,741	\$ (1,964 )	\$ 100,423	\$ (456 )	\$ 143,744
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016					
Net income	—	—	12,586	—	12,586
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	38	38
Share-based compensation expense	150	—	—	—	150
Unallocated ESOP shares committed to be released - 25,862 shares	148	280	—	—	428
Common stock issuances from reinvested dividends - 4,235 shares	75	—	—	—	75
Common stock cash dividends declared (\$0.30 per share)	—	—	(3,201 )	—	(3,201 )
Balance, September 30, 2016	\$ 46,114	\$ (1,684 )	\$ 109,808	\$ (418 )	\$ 153,820

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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## Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

Dollars in thousands	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Net income	\$9,592	\$ 12,586
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	1,364	884
Provision for loan losses	875	500
Share-based compensation expense	285	150
Deferred income tax benefit	(364 )	(235 )
Loans originated for sale	(11,305 )	(7,068 )
Proceeds from sale of loans	11,492	8,001
Gains on loans held for sale	(231 )	(154 )
Realized securities gains, net	(58 )	(836 )
Gain on disposal of assets	(93 )	(480 )
Write-downs of foreclosed properties	538	503
Amortization of securities premiums, net	3,125	3,329
(Accretion) amortization related to acquisitions, net	(870 )	9
Amortization of intangibles	974	150
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	(425 )	(772 )
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable	(752 )	75
Decrease (increase) in other assets	1,539	(762 )
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities	(221 )	673
Net cash provided by operating activities	15,465	16,553
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>		
Proceeds from maturities and calls of securities available for sale	2,610	630
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	131,345	63,641
Principal payments received on securities available for sale	24,349	27,696
Purchases of securities available for sale	(118,346)	(73,595 )
Purchases of other investments	(13,116 )	(15,389 )
Proceeds from redemptions of other investments	13,274	10,942
Net loan originations	(26,099 )	(156,744 )
Purchases of premises and equipment	(5,672 )	(1,199 )
Proceeds from disposal of premises and equipment	—	43
Proceeds from sales of repossessed assets & property held for sale	4,463	3,659
Cash and cash equivalents acquired in acquisition, net of \$14,989 cash consideration paid	39,053	—
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	51,861	(140,316 )
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>		
Net (decrease) increase in demand deposit, NOW and savings accounts	(9,812 )	54,830
Net (decrease) increase in time deposits	(19,305 )	35,243
Net (decrease) increase in short-term borrowings	(28,782 )	63,263
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(915 )	(1,435 )
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	(43 )	75
Exercise of stock options	12	—
Dividends paid on common stock	(3,883 )	(3,201 )
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(62,728 )	148,775
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	4,598	25,012

Cash and cash equivalents:

Beginning	46,616	9,487
Ending	\$51,214	\$ 34,499

(Continued)

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Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) - continued

Dollars in thousands	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information		
Cash payments for:		
Interest	\$ 13,055	\$ 10,889
Income taxes	\$ 3,557	\$ 5,768
Supplemental Disclosures of Noncash Investing and Financing Activities		
Real property and other assets acquired in settlement of loans	\$ 289	\$ 2,053

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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#### NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

We, Summit Financial Group, Inc. and subsidiaries, prepare our consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with instructions to Form 10-Q and Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for annual year end financial statements. In our opinion, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included and are of a normal recurring nature.

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates.

The results of operations for the nine months and quarter ended September 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The consolidated financial statements and notes included herein should be read in conjunction with our 2016 audited financial statements and Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT NEW AUTHORITATIVE ACCOUNTING GUIDANCE

ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments – Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, among other things, (i) requires equity investments, with certain exceptions, to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income, (ii) simplifies the impairment assessment of equity investments without readily determinable fair values by requiring a qualitative assessment to identify impairment, (iii) eliminates the requirement for public business entities to disclose the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet, (iv) requires public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes, (v) requires an entity to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments, (vi) requires separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset on the balance sheet or the accompanying notes to the financial statements and (viii) clarifies that an entity should evaluate the need for a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to securities available-for-sale. ASU 2016-01 will be effective for us on January 1, 2018 and is not expected to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) will, among other things, require lessees to recognize a lease liability, which is a lessee's obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease, measured on a discounted basis; and a right-of-use asset, which is an asset that represents the lessee's right to use, or control the use of, a specified asset for the lease term. ASU 2016-02 does not significantly change lease accounting requirements applicable to lessors; however, certain changes were made to align, where necessary, lessor accounting with the lessee accounting model and ASC Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. ASU 2016-02 will be effective for us on January 1, 2019 and will require transition using a modified retrospective approach for leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements. While our full evaluation of the potential impact of ASU 2016-02 is ongoing, preliminarily, we expect that its adoption will not be significant to our financial statements.

ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments, requires the measurement of all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts and requires enhanced disclosures related to the significant estimates and judgments used in estimating credit losses, as well as the credit quality and underwriting standards of an organization's portfolio. In addition, ASU 2016-13 amends the accounting for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities and purchased financial assets with credit deterioration. ASU 2016-13 will be effective on January 1, 2020. An implementation committee has been formed and continues to plan for the standards' implementation and evaluate the impact of ASU 2016-13 on our financial statements.

ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230) - Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments provides guidance related to certain cash flow issues in order to reduce the current and potential future diversity in practice. ASU 2016-15 will be effective for us on January 1, 2018 and is not expected to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

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ASU No. 2017-01, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business clarifies the definition of a business with the objective of adding guidance to assist entities with evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. Under the current implementation guidance in Topic 805, there are three elements of a business—inputs, processes, and outputs. While an integrated set of assets and activities (collectively referred to as a “set”) that is a business usually has outputs, outputs are not required to be present. In addition, all the inputs and processes that a seller uses in operating a set are not required if market participants can acquire the set and continue to produce outputs. The amendments in this ASU provide a screen to determine when a set is not a business. If the screen is not met, the amendments (1) require that to be considered a business, a set must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create output and (2) remove the evaluation of whether a market participant could replace missing elements. The ASU provides a framework to assist entities in evaluating whether both an input and a substantive process are present. The amendments in this ASU are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those annual periods. The amendments in this ASU should be applied prospectively on or after the effective date. No disclosures are required at transition. We do not expect the adoption of ASU 2017-01 to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

ASU 2017-07, Compensation - Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost requires an employer that offers defined benefit pension plans, other postretirement benefit plans, or other types of benefits accounted for under Topic 715 to report the service cost component of net periodic benefit cost in the same line item(s) as other compensation costs arising from services rendered during the period. The other components of net periodic benefit cost are required to be presented in the income statement separately from the service cost component. If the other components of net periodic benefit cost are not presented on a separate line or lines, the line item(s) used in the income statement must be disclosed. In addition, only the service cost component will be eligible for capitalization as part of an asset, when applicable. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption is permitted. We do not expect the adoption of ASU 2017-07 to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

ASU 2017-08, Receivables-Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20), Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities shortens the amortization period for certain callable debt securities purchased at a premium. Upon adoption of the standard, premiums on these qualifying callable debt securities will be amortized to the earliest call date. Discounts on purchased debt securities will continue to be accreted to maturity. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. Upon transition, entities should apply the guidance on a modified retrospective basis, with a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption and provide the disclosures required for a change in accounting principle. We are currently assessing the impact that ASU 2017-08 will have on our consolidated financial statements.

During May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting which provides guidance on determining which changes to the terms and conditions of share-based payment awards require an entity to apply modification accounting under Topic 718. The amendments are effective for all entities for annual periods, including interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in any interim period, for reporting periods for which financial statements have not yet been issued. We are currently assessing the impact that ASU 2017-09 will have on our consolidated financial statements.

During August 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-12, Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities. The amendments in this ASU modify the designation and measurement guidance for hedge accounting as well as provide for increased transparency regarding the presentation of economic results on both the financial statements and related footnotes. Certain aspects of hedge effectiveness assessments will also be simplified upon implementation of this update. The amendments are effective for annual periods, including interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in any interim period. We do not expect the adoption of ASU 2017-12 to have a material impact on

our consolidated financial statements.

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## NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The table below presents the recorded amount of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Dollars in thousands	Balance at September 30, 2017	Fair Value Measurements Using:	
		Level 1 Level 2	Level 3
Available for sale securities			
U.S. Government sponsored agencies	\$ 24,135	\$-\$24,135	\$ —
Mortgage backed securities:			
Government sponsored agencies	121,759	—121,759	—
Nongovernment sponsored entities	2,755	—2,755	—
State and political subdivisions	13,435	—13,435	—
Corporate debt securities	16,190	—16,190	—
Other equity securities	137	—137	—
Tax-exempt state and political subdivisions	150,315	—150,315	—
Total available for sale securities	\$ 328,726	\$-\$328,726	\$ —
Derivative financial assets			
Interest rate swaps	\$ 125	\$-\$125	\$ —
Derivative financial liabilities			
Interest rate swaps	\$ 3,056	\$-\$3,056	\$ —

Dollars in thousands	Balance at December 31, 2016	Fair Value Measurements Using:	
		Level 1 Level 2	Level 3
Available for sale securities			
U.S. Government sponsored agencies	\$ 15,174	\$-\$15,174	\$ —
Mortgage backed securities:			
Government sponsored agencies	138,846	—138,846	—
Nongovernment sponsored entities	4,653	—4,653	—
Corporate debt securities	18,170	—18,170	—
Other equity securities	137	—137	—
Tax-exempt state and political subdivisions	89,562	—89,562	—
Total available for sale securities	\$ 266,542	\$-\$266,542	\$ —
Derivative financial assets			
Interest rate swaps	\$ 200	\$-\$200	\$ —
Derivative financial liabilities			
Interest rate swaps	\$ 4,611	\$-\$4,611	\$ —

We may be required, from time to time, to measure certain assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. These include assets that are measured at the lower of cost or

market that were recognized at fair value below cost at the end of the period. Assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis are included in the table below.

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Dollars in thousands	Balance at September 30, 2017	Fair Value Measurements Using:	
		Level 1	Level 2
Residential mortgage loans held for sale	\$ 220	\$—	\$—
Collateral-dependent impaired loans			
Commercial real estate	\$ 518	\$—	\$—
Construction and development	945	—	—
Residential real estate	203	—	—
Total collateral-dependent impaired loans	\$ 1,666	\$—	\$—
Property held for sale			
Commercial real estate	\$ 1,476	\$—	\$184
Construction and development	16,627	—	—
Residential real estate	352	—	—
Total property held for sale	\$ 18,455	\$—	\$184

Dollars in thousands	Balance at December 31, 2016	Fair Value Measurements Using:	
		Level 1	Level 2
Residential mortgage loans held for sale	\$ 176	\$—	\$—
Collateral-dependent impaired loans			
Construction and development	\$ 945	\$—	\$—
Residential real estate	130	—	—
Total collateral-dependent impaired loans	\$ 1,075	\$—	\$—
Property held for sale			
Commercial real estate	\$ 976	\$—	\$—
Construction and development	19,327	—	—
Residential real estate	279	—	—
Total property held for sale	\$ 20,582	\$—	\$—

The following summarizes the methods and significant assumptions we used in estimating our fair value disclosures for financial instruments, including those financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis or non-recurring basis.

**Cash and cash equivalents:** The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents approximate their estimated fair value.

**Securities:** Estimated fair values of securities are based on quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, estimated fair values are based on quoted market prices of comparable securities.

**Other investments:** Other investments consists of FHLB stock, which does not have readily determinable fair values and is carried at cost and an investment in a limited partnership which owns interests in a diversified portfolio of

qualified affordable housing projects which is reflected at its carrying value.

Loans held for sale: The carrying values of loans held for sale approximate their estimated fair values.

Loans: The estimated fair values for loans are computed based on scheduled future cash flows of principal and interest, discounted at interest rates currently offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality. No prepayments of principal are assumed.

Accrued interest receivable and payable: The carrying values of accrued interest receivable and payable approximate their estimated fair values.

Deposits: The estimated fair values of demand deposits (i.e. non-interest bearing checking, NOW, money market and savings accounts) and other variable rate deposits approximate their carrying values. Fair values of fixed maturity deposits are

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estimated using a discounted cash flow methodology at rates currently offered for deposits with similar remaining maturities. Any intangible value of long-term relationships with depositors is not considered in estimating the fair values disclosed.

Short-term borrowings: The carrying values of short-term borrowings approximate their estimated fair values.

Long-term borrowings: The fair values of long-term borrowings are estimated by discounting scheduled future payments of principal and interest at current rates available on borrowings with similar terms.

Subordinated debentures owed to unconsolidated subsidiary trusts: The carrying values of subordinated debentures owed to unconsolidated subsidiary trusts approximate their estimated fair values.

Derivative financial instruments: The fair value of the interest rate swaps is valued using independent pricing models.

Off-balance sheet instruments: The fair values of commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit are estimated using the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the present credit standing of the counter parties. The amounts of fees currently charged on commitments and standby letters of credit are deemed insignificant and therefore, the estimated fair values and carrying values are not shown below.

The carrying values and estimated fair values of our financial instruments are summarized below:

Dollars in thousands	September 30, 2017		Fair Value Measurements Using:	
	Carrying Value	Estimated Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2 Level 3
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$51,214	\$51,214	\$51,214	\$—
Securities available for sale	328,726	328,726	328,726	—
Other investments	12,170	12,170	12,170	—
Loans held for sale, net	220	220	220	—
Loans, net	1,559,328	1,557,227	1,666	1,555,561
Accrued interest receivable	7,979	7,979	7,979	—
Derivative financial assets	125	125	125	—
	\$1,959,762	\$1,957,661	\$402,100	\$1,555,561
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Deposits	\$1,616,768	\$1,637,258	\$1,637,258	\$—
Short-term borrowings	202,988	202,988	202,988	—
Long-term borrowings	45,755	46,962	46,962	—
Subordinated debentures owed to unconsolidated subsidiary trusts	19,589	19,589	19,589	—
Accrued interest payable	912	912	912	—
Derivative financial liabilities	3,056	3,056	3,056	—
	\$1,889,068	\$1,910,765	\$1,910,765	\$—

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Dollars in thousands	December 31, 2016		Fair Value Measurements Using:		
	Carrying Value	Estimated Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$46,616	\$46,616	\$46,616	\$—	\$—
Securities available for sale	266,542	266,542	—	266,542	—
Other investments	12,942	12,942	—	12,942	—
Loans held for sale, net	176	176	—	176	—
Loans, net	1,307,862	1,321,235	—	1,075	1,320,160
Accrued interest receivable	6,167	6,167	—	6,167	—
Derivative financial assets	200	200	—	200	—
	\$1,640,505	\$1,653,878	\$333,718	\$—	\$1,320,160
Financial liabilities					
Deposits	\$1,295,519	\$1,309,820	\$1,309,820	\$—	\$—
Short-term borrowings	224,461	224,461	—	224,461	—
Long-term borrowings	46,670	49,013	—	49,013	—
Subordinated debentures owed to unconsolidated subsidiary trusts	19,589	19,589	—	19,589	—
Accrued interest payable	736	736	—	736	—
Derivative financial liabilities	4,611	4,611	—	4,611	—
	\$1,591,586	\$1,608,230	\$1,608,230	\$—	\$—

NOTE 4. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The computations of basic and diluted earnings per share follow:

Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2017			2016		
	Income (Numerator)	Common Shares (Denominator)	Per Share	Income (Numerator)	Common Shares (Denominator)	Per Share
Net income	\$5,930			\$4,281		
Basic earnings per share	\$5,930	12,299,987	\$0.48	\$4,281	10,692,423	\$0.40
Effect of dilutive securities:						
Stock options		10,911			12,865	
Stock appreciation rights (SARs)		8,061			21,851	
Diluted earnings per share	\$5,930	12,318,959	\$0.48	\$4,281	10,727,139	\$0.40
Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017			2016		
	Income (Numerator)	Common Shares (Denominator)	Per Share	Income (Numerator)	Common Shares (Denominator)	Per Share
Net income	\$9,592			\$12,586		
Basic earnings per share	\$9,592	11,781,342	\$0.81	\$12,586	10,682,129	\$1.18

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Effect of dilutive securities:

Stock options	11,336	8,774
Stock appreciation rights (SARs)	14,324	1,443

Diluted earnings per share      \$9,592 11,807,002      \$0.81 \$12,586 10,692,346      \$1.18

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Stock option and stock appreciation right (SAR) grants are disregarded in this computation if they are determined to be anti-dilutive. Our anti-dilutive stock options for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2017 were 23,400 shares, and totaled 33,600 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 57,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Our anti-dilutive SARs for three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 were 87,615.

#### NOTE 5. SECURITIES

The amortized cost, unrealized gains, unrealized losses and estimated fair values of securities at September 30, 2017, December 31, 2016, and September 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

Dollars in thousands	September 30, 2017			Estimated Fair Value
	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	
Available for Sale				
Taxable debt securities				
U.S. Government and agencies and corporations	\$23,591	\$608	\$64	\$24,135
Residential mortgage-backed securities:				
Government-sponsored agencies	120,898	1,580	719	121,759
Nongovernment-sponsored entities	2,714	49	8	2,755
State and political subdivisions				
General obligations	2,803	11	1	2,813
Other revenues	10,568	83	29	10,622
Corporate debt securities	16,326	—	136	16,190
Total taxable debt securities	176,900	2,331	957	178,274
Tax-exempt debt securities				
State and political subdivisions				
General obligations	70,714	1,382	510	71,586
Water and sewer revenues	25,049	433	74	25,408
Lease revenues	14,250	283	71	14,462
Electric revenues	6,226	76	23	6,279
University revenues	5,290	3	22	5,271
Other revenues	26,831	593	115	27,309
Total tax-exempt debt securities	148,360	2,770	815	150,315
Equity securities	137	—	—	137
Total available for sale securities	\$325,397	\$5,101	\$1,772	\$328,726
December 31, 2016				
Dollars in thousands	AmortizedUnrealized			Estimated Fair Value
	Cost	Gains	Losses	
Available for Sale				
Taxable debt securities				
U.S. Government and agencies and corporations	\$14,580	\$642	\$48	\$15,174
Residential mortgage-backed securities:				
Government-sponsored agencies	138,451	1,554	1,159	138,846
Nongovernment-sponsored entities	4,631	44	22	4,653
Corporate debt securities	18,295	23	148	18,170
Total taxable debt securities	175,957	2,263	1,377	176,843
Tax-exempt debt securities				
State and political subdivisions				
General obligations	49,449	569	1,388	48,630

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Water and sewer revenues	9,087	63	149	9,001
Lease revenues	9,037	7	201	8,843
Electric revenues	3,247	10	48	3,209
Sales tax revenues	2,870	—	34	2,836
Other revenues	17,321	93	371	17,043
Total tax-exempt debt securities	91,011	742	2,191	89,562
Equity securities	137	—	—	137
Total available for sale securities	\$267,105	\$3,005	\$3,568	\$266,542

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Dollars in thousands	September 30, 2016			Estimated Fair Value
	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	
Available for Sale				
Taxable debt securities:				
U.S. Government and agencies and corporations	\$14,818	\$921	\$ 47	\$15,692
Residential mortgage-backed securities:				
Government-sponsored agencies	132,913	2,556	264	135,205
Nongovernment-sponsored agencies	5,382	48	29	5,401
State and political subdivisions:				
Water and sewer revenues	250	—	—	250
Corporate debt securities	20,003	49	149	19,903
Total taxable debt securities	173,366	3,574	489	176,451
Tax-exempt debt securities:				
State and political subdivisions:				
General obligations	47,014	2,221	115	49,120
Water and sewer revenues	7,980	265	11	8,234
Lease revenues	7,392	321	38	7,675
Sales tax revenues	2,880	124	—	3,004
Other revenues	16,869	701	29	17,541
Total tax-exempt debt securities	82,135	3,632	193	85,574
Equity securities	77	—	—	77
Total available for sale securities	\$255,578	\$7,206	\$ 682	\$262,102

The below information is relative to the five states where issuers with the highest volume of state and political subdivision securities held in our portfolio are located. We own no such securities of any single issuer which we deem to be a concentration.

Dollars in thousands	September 30, 2017			Estimated Fair Value
	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	
Texas	\$20,215	\$440	\$ 71	\$20,584
Michigan	18,823	235	212	18,846
California	15,314	260	64	15,510
Illinois	12,463	244	38	12,669
Pennsylvania	10,603	91	79	10,615

Management performs pre-purchase and ongoing analysis to confirm that all investment securities meet applicable credit quality standards.

The maturities, amortized cost and estimated fair values of securities at September 30, 2017, are summarized as follows:

Dollars in thousands	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$46,461	\$46,984
Due from one to five years	82,524	83,284
Due from five to ten years	33,110	33,119

Due after ten years	163,165	165,202
Equity securities	137	137
	\$ 325,397	\$ 328,726

The proceeds from sales, calls and maturities of available for sale securities, including principal payments received on mortgage-backed obligations, and the related gross gains and losses realized, for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

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Dollars in thousands	Proceeds from			Gross realized	
	Sales	Calls and Maturities	Principal Payments	Gains	Losses
For the Nine Months Ended					
September 30,					
2017					
Securities available for sale	\$ 131,345	\$ 2,610	\$ 24,349	\$ 416	\$ 358
2016					
Securities available for sale	\$ 63,641	\$ 630	\$ 27,696	\$ 1,117	\$ 281

We held 81 available for sale securities having an unrealized loss at September 30, 2017. We do not intend to sell these securities, and it is more likely than not that we will not be required to sell these securities before recovery of their amortized cost bases. We believe that this decline in value is primarily attributable to the lack of market liquidity and to changes in market interest rates and not due to credit quality. Accordingly, no other-than-temporary impairment charge to earnings is warranted at this time.

Provided below is a summary of securities available for sale which were in an unrealized loss position at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

Dollars in thousands	September 30, 2017					
	Less than 12 months		12 months or more		Total	
	Estimated Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Estimated Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Estimated Fair Value	Unrealized Loss
Temporarily impaired securities						
Taxable debt securities						
U.S. Government agencies and corporations	\$ 5,374	\$ (25 )	\$ 2,712	\$ (39 )	\$ 8,086	\$ (64 )
Residential mortgage-backed securities:						
Government-sponsored agencies	29,222	(316 )	13,476	(403 )	42,698	(719 )
Nongovernment-sponsored entities	—	—	949	(8 )	949	(8 )
State and political subdivisions:						
General obligations	734	(1 )	—	—	734	(1 )
Other revenues	4,816	(29 )	—	—	4,816	(29 )
Corporate debt securities	3,014	(39 )	1,653	(97 )	4,667	(136 )
Tax-exempt debt securities						
State and political subdivisions:						
General obligations	14,204	(164 )	10,236	(346 )	24,440	(510 )
Water and sewer revenues	6,702	(74 )	—	—	6,702	(74 )
Lease revenues	571	(2 )	1,061	(69 )	1,632	(71 )
Electric revenues	2,146	(23 )	—	—	2,146	(23 )
University revenues	3,508	(22 )	—	—	3,508	(22 )
Other revenues	4,279	(42 )	1,278	(73 )	5,557	(115 )
Total temporarily impaired securities	74,570	(737 )	31,365	(1,035 )	105,935	(1,772 )
Total	\$ 74,570	\$ (737 )	\$ 31,365	\$ (1,035 )	\$ 105,935	\$ (1,772 )

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Dollars in thousands	December 31, 2016					
	Less than 12 months		12 months or more		Total	
	Estimated Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Estimated Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Estimated Fair Value	Unrealized Loss
Temporarily impaired securities						
Taxable debt securities						
U.S. Government agencies and corporations	\$763	\$ (5 )	\$2,575	\$ (43 )	\$3,338	\$ (48 )
Residential mortgage-backed securities:						
Government-sponsored agencies	55,388	(985 )	8,389	(174 )	63,777	(1,159 )
Nongovernment-sponsored entities	97	—	3,013	(22 )	3,110	(22 )
Corporate debt securities	968	(31 )	3,136	(117 )	4,104	(148 )
Tax-exempt debt securities						
State and political subdivisions:						
General obligations	33,115	(1,388 )	—	—	33,115	(1,388 )
Water and sewer revenues	4,761	(149 )	—	—	4,761	(149 )
Lease revenues	7,011	(201 )	—	—	7,011	(201 )
Electric revenues	1,973	(48 )	—	—	1,973	(48 )
Sales tax revenues	2,836	(34 )	—	—	2,836	(34 )
Other revenues	8,445	(371 )	—	—	8,445	(371 )
Total temporarily impaired securities	115,357	(3,212 )	17,113	(356 )	132,470	(3,568 )
Total	\$115,357	\$ (3,212 )	\$17,113	\$ (356 )	\$132,470	\$ (3,568 )

NOTE 6. LOANS

Loans are summarized as follows:

Dollars in thousands	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Commercial	\$ 187,193	\$ 119,088	\$ 110,466
Commercial real estate			
Owner-occupied	239,840	203,047	192,254
Non-owner occupied	464,543	381,921	367,196
Construction and development			
Land and land development	71,412	72,042	65,430
Construction	28,756	16,584	11,276
Residential real estate			
Non-jumbo	355,642	265,641	228,777
Jumbo	61,253	65,628	57,276
Home equity	82,720	74,596	75,161
Mortgage warehouse lines	33,525	85,966	108,983
Consumer	36,915	25,534	19,756
Other	9,994	9,489	9,649
Total loans, net of unearned fees	1,571,793	1,319,536	1,246,224
Less allowance for loan losses	12,465	11,674	11,619
Loans, net	\$ 1,559,328	\$ 1,307,862	\$ 1,234,605

The outstanding balance and the recorded investment of acquired loans included in the consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2017 are as follows:

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Dollars in thousands	Acquired Loans		Total
	Purchased Credit Impaired	Purchased Performing	
Outstanding balance	\$6,393	\$ 238,314	\$244,707
Recorded investment			
Commercial	\$11	\$ 31,430	\$31,441
Commercial real estate			
Owner-occupied	695	23,084	23,779
Non-owner occupied	1,846	35,704	37,550
Construction and development			
Land and land development	—	9,080	9,080
Construction	—	2,226	2,226
Residential real estate			
Non-jumbo	1,861	114,756	116,617
Jumbo	1,005	3,443	4,448
Home equity	—	3,431	3,431
Consumer	—	13,050	13,050
Other	—	236	236
Total recorded investment	\$5,418	\$ 236,440	\$241,858

The following table presents a summary of the change in the accretable yield of the PCI loan portfolio for the period from January 1, 2017 to September 30, 2017:

Dollars in thousands	
Accretable yield, January 1, 2017	\$290
Accretion	(135 )
Additions for First Century Bankshares, Inc. acquisition	661
Reclassification of nonaccretable difference due to improvement in expected cash flows	—
Other changes, net	(13 )
Accretable yield, September 30, 2017	\$803

The following table presents the contractual aging of the recorded investment in past due loans by class as of September 30, 2017 and 2016 and December 31, 2016.

Dollars in thousands	At September 30, 2017			Total	Current	> 90 days and Accruing
	Past Due 30-59 days	60-89 days	> 90 days			
Commercial	\$204	\$175	\$65	\$444	\$186,749	\$ —
Commercial real estate						
Owner-occupied	469	45	740	1,254	238,586	—
Non-owner occupied	177	252	1,969	2,398	462,145	—
Construction and development						
Land and land development	268	21	3,880	4,169	67,243	—
Construction	—	—	—	—	28,756	—
Residential mortgage						
Non-jumbo	4,860	2,062	4,837	11,759	343,883	—
Jumbo	—	—	—	—	61,253	—
Home equity	50	290	657	997	81,723	—
Mortgage warehouse lines	—	—	—	—	33,525	—

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Consumer	387	173	405	965	35,950	35
Other	56	—	—	56	9,938	—
Total	\$6,471	\$3,018	\$12,553	\$22,042	\$1,549,751	\$ 35

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Dollars in thousands	At December 31, 2016				Current	> 90 days and Accruing
	Past Due 30-59 days	60-89 days	> 90 days	Total		
Commercial	\$90	\$86	\$165	\$341	\$118,747	\$ —
Commercial real estate						
Owner-occupied	93	—	509	602	202,445	—
Non-owner occupied	340	—	65	405	381,516	—
Construction and development						
Land and land development	423	129	3,852	4,404	67,638	—
Construction	—	—	—	—	16,584	—
Residential mortgage						
Non-jumbo	4,297	1,889	3,287	9,473	256,168	—
Jumbo	—	—	—	—	65,628	—
Home equity	—	302	57	359	74,237	—
Mortgage warehouse lines	—	—	—	—	85,966	—
Consumer	308	84	150	542	24,992	—
Other	—	—	—	—	9,489	—
Total	\$5,551	\$2,490	\$8,085	\$16,126	\$1,303,410	\$ —

Dollars in thousands	At September 30, 2016				Current	> 90 days and Accruing
	Past Due 30-59 days	60-89 days	> 90 days	Total		
Commercial	\$301	\$138	\$602	\$1,041	\$109,425	\$ —
Commercial real estate						
Owner-occupied	251	—	505	756	191,498	—
Non-owner occupied	311	78	—	389	366,807	—
Construction and development						
Land and land development	238	—	3,731	3,969	61,461	—
Construction	—	—	—	—	11,276	—
Residential mortgage						
Non-jumbo	1,932	1,488	2,762	6,182	222,595	—
Jumbo	—	—	—	—	57,276	—
Home equity	—	136	318	454	74,707	—
Mortgage warehouse lines	—	—	—	—	108,983	—
Consumer	135	44	148	327	19,429	21
Other	—	—	—	—	9,649	—
Total	\$3,168	\$1,884	\$8,066	\$13,118	\$1,233,106	\$ 21

Nonaccrual loans: The following table presents the nonaccrual loans included in the net balance of loans at September 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016.

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	September 30,		December
	2017	2016	31,
Dollars in thousands			2016
Commercial	\$757	\$846	\$ 298
Commercial real estate			
Owner-occupied	740	505	509
Non-owner occupied	2,033	4,362	4,336
Construction and development			
Land & land development	3,931	4,360	4,465
Construction	—	—	—
Residential mortgage			
Non-jumbo	7,309	3,680	4,621
Jumbo	—	—	—
Home equity	773	494	194
Mortgage warehouse lines	—	—	—
Consumer	494	148	151
Total	\$16,037	\$14,395	\$ 14,574

Impaired loans: Impaired loans include the following:

Loans which we risk-rate (consisting of loan relationships having aggregate balances in excess of \$2.5 million, or loans exceeding \$500,000 and exhibiting credit weakness) through our normal loan review procedures and which, based on current information and events, it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts due in accordance with the original contractual terms of the loan agreement. Risk-rated loans with insignificant delays or insignificant short falls in the amount of payments expected to be collected are not considered to be impaired.

Loans that have been modified in a troubled debt restructuring.

Both commercial and consumer loans are deemed impaired upon being contractually modified in a troubled debt restructuring. Troubled debt restructurings typically result from our loss mitigation activities and occur when we grant a concession to a borrower who is experiencing financial difficulty in order to minimize our economic loss and to avoid foreclosure or repossession of collateral. Once restructured, a loan is generally considered impaired until its maturity, regardless of whether the borrower performs under the modified terms. Although such a loan may be returned to accrual status if the criteria set forth in our accounting policy are met, the loan would continue to be evaluated for an asset-specific allowance for loan losses and we would continue to report the loan in the impaired loan table below.

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The following tables present loans individually evaluated for impairment at September 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016.

Dollars in thousands	September 30, 2017			Average Impaired Balance	Interest Income Recognized while impaired
	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance		
Without a related allowance					
Commercial	\$254	\$254	\$ —	\$264	\$ 10
Commercial real estate					
Owner-occupied	7,138	7,141	—	4,869	185
Non-owner occupied	9,884	9,886	—	10,142	511
Construction and development					
Land & land development	5,029	5,029	—	4,729	87
Construction	—	—	—	—	—
Residential real estate					
Non-jumbo	4,200	4,210	—	4,294	209
Jumbo	3,581	3,580	—	3,605	171
Home equity	524	523	—	523	25
Mortgage warehouse lines	—	—	—	—	—
Consumer	29	29	—	34	3
Total without a related allowance	\$30,639	\$30,652	\$ —	\$28,460	\$ 1,201
With a related allowance					
Commercial	\$259	\$259	\$ 259	\$266	\$ —
Commercial real estate					
Owner-occupied	2,448	2,448	127	2,456	121
Non-owner occupied	1,014	1,018	501	2	—
Construction and development					
Land & land development	1,470	1,470	525	1,482	56
Construction	—	—	—	—	—
Residential real estate					
Non-jumbo	1,728	1,729	217	1,681	82
Jumbo	841	842	15	847	42
Home equity	—	—	—	—	—
Mortgage warehouse lines	—	—	—	—	—
Consumer	—	—	—	—	—
Total with a related allowance	\$7,760	\$7,766	\$ 1,644	\$6,734	\$ 301
Total					
Commercial	\$27,496	\$27,505	\$ 1,412	\$24,210	\$ 970
Residential real estate	10,874	10,884	232	10,950	529
Consumer	29	29	—	34	3
Total	\$38,399	\$38,418	\$ 1,644	\$35,194	\$ 1,502



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Dollars in thousands	December 31, 2016			Average Impaired Balance	Interest Income Recognized while impaired
	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance		
Without a related allowance					
Commercial	\$285	\$285	\$ —	\$247	\$ 10
Commercial real estate					
Owner-occupied	520	520	—	534	31
Non-owner occupied	10,203	10,205	—	10,675	294
Construction and development					
Land & land development	5,227	5,227	—	5,270	80
Construction	—	—	—	—	—
Residential real estate					
Non-jumbo	4,055	4,065	—	3,910	193
Jumbo	3,640	3,639	—	3,693	175
Home equity	524	523	—	523	22
Mortgage warehouse lines					
Consumer	44	44	—	50	5
Total without a related allowance	\$24,498	\$24,508	\$ —	\$24,902	\$ 810
With a related allowance					
Commercial	\$—	\$—	\$ —	\$—	\$ —
Commercial real estate					
Owner-occupied	6,864	6,864	347	6,879	269
Non-owner occupied	1,311	1,311	197	1,327	43
Construction and development					
Land & land development	2,066	2,066	585	2,074	80
Construction	—	—	—	—	—
Residential real estate					
Non-jumbo	2,055	2,057	251	1,851	78
Jumbo	853	853	24	862	44
Home equity	—	—	—	—	—
Mortgage warehouse lines					
Consumer	—	—	—	—	—
Total with a related allowance	\$13,149	\$13,151	\$ 1,404	\$12,993	\$ 514
Total					
Commercial	\$26,476	\$26,478	\$ 1,129	\$27,006	\$ 807
Residential real estate	11,127	11,137	275	10,839	512
Consumer	44	44	—	50	5
Total	\$37,647	\$37,659	\$ 1,404	\$37,895	\$ 1,324

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Dollars in thousands	September 30, 2016				Interest Income Recognized while impaired
	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Average Impaired Balance	
Without a related allowance					
Commercial	\$791	\$790	\$ —	\$400	\$ 9
Commercial real estate					
Owner-occupied	4,914	4,914	—	4,932	188
Non-owner occupied	10,394	10,396	—	10,831	456
Construction and development					
Land & land development	6,181	6,181	—	6,207	104
Construction	—	—	—	—	—
Residential real estate					
Non-jumbo	3,852	3,861	—	3,732	170
Jumbo	3,683	3,682	—	3,711	176
Home equity	713	713	—	710	21
Mortgage warehouse lines	—	—	—	—	—
Consumer	48	48	—	52	5
Total without a related allowance	\$30,576	\$30,585	\$ —	\$30,575	\$ 1,129
With a related allowance					
Commercial	\$19	\$19	\$ 19	\$6	\$ —
Commercial real estate					
Owner-occupied	2,499	2,499	12	2,491	112
Non-owner occupied	1,321	1,321	132	1,332	43
Construction and development					
Land & land development	1,140	1,141	492	1,155	58
Construction	—	—	—	—	—
Residential real estate					
Non-jumbo	2,617	2,619	216	2,329	103
Jumbo	859	859	25	864	43
Home equity	—	—	—	—	—
Mortgage warehouse lines	—	—	—	—	—
Consumer	—	—	—	—	—
Total with a related allowance	\$8,455	\$8,458	\$ 896	\$8,177	\$ 359
Total					
Commercial	\$27,259	\$27,261	\$ 655	\$27,354	\$ 970
Residential real estate	11,724	11,734	241	11,346	513
Consumer	48	48	—	52	5
Total	\$39,031	\$39,043	\$ 896	\$38,752	\$ 1,488

Included in impaired loans are TDRs of \$29.1 million, of which \$28.3 million were current with respect to restructured contractual payments at September 30, 2017, and \$28.6 million, of which \$28.1 million were current with respect to restructured contractual payments at December 31, 2016. There were no commitments to lend additional funds under these restructurings at either balance sheet date.

The following table presents by class the TDRs that were restructured during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016 . Generally, the modifications were extensions of term, modifying the payment terms from principal and interest to interest only for an extended period, or reduction in interest rate. All TDRs are evaluated individually for allowance for loan loss purposes.

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Dollars in thousands	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2017		For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016	
	Number of Recorded Modifications	Post-modification Recorded Investment	Number of Recorded Modifications	Post-modification Recorded Investment
Commercial real estate				
Owner-occupied	1 \$ 2,302	\$ 2,302	— \$ —	\$ —
Non-owner occupied	1 148	148	—	—
Construction and development				
Land & land development	1 438	438	—	—
Residential real estate				
Non-jumbo	—	—	1 307	307
Total	3 \$ 2,888	\$ 2,888	1 \$ 307	\$ 307

Dollars in thousands	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017		For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016	
	Number of Recorded Modifications	Post-modification Recorded Investment	Number of Recorded Modifications	Post-modification Recorded Investment
Commercial real estate				
Owner-occupied	1 \$ 2,302	\$ 2,302	— \$ —	\$ —
Non-owner occupied	1 148	148	—	—
Construction and development				
Land & land development	1 438	438	—	—
Residential real estate				
Non-jumbo	5 1,086	1,086	4 702	702
Consumer	—	—	1 2	2
Total	8 \$ 3,974	\$ 3,974	5 \$ 704	\$ 704

During the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2017, four non-jumbo residential real estate loans and one land & land development loan that had been restructured within the past twelve months defaulted. A default is considered as either the loan was past due 30 days or more at any time during the period, or the loan was fully or partially charged off during the period.

The following tables detail the activity regarding TDRs by loan type, net of fees, for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2017, and the related allowance on TDRs.

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

Dollars in thousands	Construction & Land Development		Commercial Real Estate		Residential Real Estate					Other	Total	
	Land & Develop- ment	Const- tion	Owner Occupied	Non- Owner Occupied	Non- jumbo	Jumbo	Home Equity	Mortgage Warehouse Lines	Con- sumer			
Troubled debt restructurings												
Balance July 1, 2017	\$ 2,639	\$ —	\$ 438	\$ 7,315	\$ 5,245	\$ 6,200	\$ 4,456	\$ 523	\$ —	\$ 34	\$ —	\$ 26,850
Additions	438	—	—	2,302	148	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,888
Charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net (paydowns) advances	(15 )	—	(12 )	(31 )	(45 )	(621 )	(33 )	—	—	(5 )	—	(762 )

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Transfer into foreclosed properties	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Refinance out of TDR status	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance, September 30, 2017	\$ 3,062	\$ —	\$ 426	\$ 9,586	\$ 5,348	\$ 5,579	\$ 4,423	\$ 523	\$ —	\$ 29	\$ 28,976
Allowance related to troubled debt restructurings	\$ 461	\$ —	\$ 259	\$ 127	\$ —	\$ 217	\$ 15	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,079

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Jumbo	61,253	65,628	57,276	—	—	—
Home Equity	81,947	74,402	74,667	773	194	494
Consumer	36,349	25,368	19,574	566	166	182
Other	9,994	9,489	9,649	—	—	—
Total	\$537,876	\$ 435,907	\$ 386,263	\$ 8,648	\$ 4,981	\$ 4,356

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## NOTE 7. ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

An analysis of the allowance for loan losses for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, and for the year ended December 31, 2016 is as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Year Ended December 31,
Dollars in thousands	2017	2016	2016
Balance, beginning of year	\$11,674	\$11,472	\$ 11,472
Charge-offs:			
Commercial	23	379	489
Commercial real estate			
Owner occupied	3	179	179
Non-owner occupied	65	122	124
Construction and development			
Land and land development	3	50	127
Construction	21	—	9
Residential real estate			
Non-jumbo	200	119	169
Jumbo	2	—	—
Home equity	95	117	175
Mortgage warehouse lines	—	—	—
Consumer	147	61	98
Other	179	128	185
Total	738	1,155	1,555
Recoveries:			
Commercial	13	69	73
Commercial real estate			
Owner occupied	82	25	31
Non-owner occupied	92	13	17
Construction and development			
Land and land development	246	514	840
Construction	—	—	—
Real estate - mortgage			
Non-jumbo	50	58	136
Jumbo	—	6	6
Home equity	29	3	3
Mortgage warehouse lines	—	—	—
Consumer	64	55	76
Other	78	59	75
Total	654	802	1,257
Net charge-offs	84	353	298
Provision for loan losses	875	500	500
Balance, end of period	\$12,465	\$11,619	\$ 11,674

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Activity in the allowance for loan losses by loan class during the first nine months of 2017 is as follows:

	Allowance for loan losses					Allowance related to:				Loans			
	Beginning Balance	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Provision	Ending Balance	Loans individually evaluated for impairment	Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (PCI)	Total	Loans individually evaluated for impairment	Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (PCI)	Total
Commercial real estate	\$934	\$(23)	\$13	\$293	\$1,217	\$259	\$958	\$—	\$1,217	\$513	\$186,669	\$11	\$187,193
Owner occupied	2,109	(3)	82	121	2,309	127	2,178	4	2,309	9,586	229,559	695	239,840
Non-owner occupied	3,438	(65)	92	1,709	5,174	501	4,670	3	5,174	10,898	451,799	1,846	464,543
Construction and development													
Land and land development	2,263	(3)	246	(1,858)	648	525	123	—	648	6,499	64,913	—	71,412
Construction	24	(21)	—	13	16	—	16	—	16	—	28,756	—	28,756
Residential real estate													
Non-jumbo	2,174	(200)	50	24	2,048	217	1,829	2	2,048	5,928	347,853	1,861	355,642
Jumbo	95	(2)	—	(15)	78	15	63	—	78	4,422	55,826	1,005	61,253
Home equity	413	(95)	29	261	608	—	608	—	608	524	82,196	—	82,720
Mortgage warehouse lines	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	33,525	—	33,525
Consumer	121	(147)	64	177	215	—	215	—	215	29	36,886	—	36,915
Other	103	(179)	78	150	152	—	152	—	152	—	9,994	—	9,994
Total	\$11,674	\$(738)	\$654	\$875	\$12,465	\$1,644	\$10,812	\$9	\$12,465	\$38,399	\$1,527,976	\$5,418	\$1,571,793

NOTE 8. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Effective July 1, 2017, we early adopted ASU No. 2017-04, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment which simplifies how an entity is required to test goodwill for impairment by eliminating Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. Step 2 measures a goodwill impairment loss by comparing the implied fair value of a reporting unit's goodwill with the carrying amount of that goodwill. Instead, under the amendments in this ASU, an entity should perform its annual, or interim, goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount. An entity still has the option to perform the qualitative assessment for a reporting unit to determine if the quantitative impairment test is necessary. The adoption of ASU 2017-04 had no impact on our consolidated financial statements.

During third quarter 2017, we performed the qualitative assessment of the goodwill of our community banking and insurance services reporting units and determined that the fair values of the reporting units were more likely than not greater than their carrying values. In performing the qualitative assessments, we considered certain events and

circumstances specific to each reporting unit, such as macroeconomic conditions, industry and market considerations, overall financial performance and cost factors when evaluating whether it is more likely than not that the fair values of our community banking or insurance services reporting units are less than their carrying values. No indicators of impairment for either reporting unit were noted as of September 30, 2017.

The following tables present our goodwill by reporting unit at September 30, 2017 and other intangible assets by reporting unit at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

Dollars in thousands	Goodwill Activity		
	Community Banking	Insurance Services	Total
Balance, January 1, 2017	\$6,280	\$ 4,710	\$10,990
Reclassifications to goodwill	31	—	31
Acquired goodwill, net	4,252	—	4,252
Balance, September 30, 2017	\$10,563	\$ 4,710	\$15,273

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Dollars in thousands	Other Intangible Assets September 30, 2017			December 31, 2016		
	Community Banking	Insurance Services	Total	Community Banking	Insurance Services	Total
Identifiable intangible assets						
Gross carrying amount	\$12,528	\$ 3,000	\$15,528	\$1,610	\$ 3,000	\$4,610
Less: accumulated amortization	872	2,050	2,922	47	1,900	1,947
Net carrying amount	\$11,656	\$ 950	\$12,606	\$1,563	\$ 1,100	\$2,663

We recorded amortization expense of approximately \$974,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 relative to our identifiable intangible assets.

Amortization relative to our identifiable intangible assets is expected to approximate the following during the next five years:

Dollars in thousands	Core Deposit Intangible	Customer Intangible
2017	\$ 1,210	\$ 200
2018	1,471	200
2019	1,368	200
2020	1,265	200
2021	1,162	200

#### NOTE 9. DEPOSITS

The following is a summary of interest bearing deposits by type as of September 30, 2017 and 2016 and December 31, 2016:

Dollars in thousands	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Demand deposits, interest bearing	\$ 397,843	\$ 262,591	\$ 212,172
Savings deposits	362,653	337,348	321,563
Time deposits	640,362	545,843	500,397
Total	\$ 1,400,858	\$ 1,145,782	\$ 1,034,132

Included in time deposits are deposits acquired through a third party ("brokered deposits") totaling \$219.8 million, \$205.7 million and \$178.9 million at September 30, 2017, December 31, 2016, and September 30, 2016, respectively.

A summary of the scheduled maturities for all time deposits as of September 30, 2017 is as follows:

Dollars in thousands	
Three month period ending December 31, 2017	\$81,870
Year ending December 31, 2018	232,020
Year ending December 31, 2019	140,028
Year ending December 31, 2020	88,444
Year ending December 31, 2021	54,858
Thereafter	43,142
Total	\$640,362

The following is a summary of the maturity distribution of all certificates of deposit in denominations of \$100,000 or more as of September 30, 2017:

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Dollars in thousands	Amount	Percent
Three months or less	\$52,185	11.9 %
Three through six months	54,568	12.4 %
Six through twelve months	66,426	15.1 %
Over twelve months	265,855	60.6 %
Total	\$439,034	100.00%

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## NOTE 10. BORROWED FUNDS

Short-term borrowings: A summary of short-term borrowings is presented below:

Dollars in thousands	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2017		2016			
	Short-term FHLB Advances	Federal Funds Purchased and Lines of Credit	Short-term FHLB Advances	Federal Funds Purchased and Lines of Credit		
Balance at September 30	\$ 199,500	\$ 3,488	\$ 231,200	\$ 3,457		
Average balance outstanding for the period	196,728	3,474	177,239	3,455		
Maximum balance outstanding at any month end during period	229,300	3,488	231,200	3,457		
Weighted average interest rate for the period	1.10	% 1.03	% 0.59	% 0.50	%	%
Weighted average interest rate for balances outstanding at September 30	1.32	% 1.25	% 0.54	% 0.50	%	%

Long-term borrowings: Our long-term borrowings of \$45.8 million, \$46.7 million and \$74.1 million at September 30, 2017, December 31, 2016, and September 30, 2016 respectively, consisted primarily of advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank (“FHLB”) and structured repurchase agreements with unaffiliated institutions. All FHLB advances are collateralized primarily by similar amounts of residential mortgage loans, certain commercial loans, mortgage backed securities and securities of U. S. Government agencies and corporations.

Dollars in thousands	Balance at		Balance at
	September 30,	September 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016	2016
Long-term FHLB advances	\$ 755	\$ 792	\$ 767
Long-term repurchase agreements	45,000	72,000	45,000
Term loan	—	1,354	903
Total	\$ 45,755	\$ 74,146	\$ 46,670

At December 31, 2016, the term loan was secured by the common stock of our subsidiary bank, had a variable interest rate of prime minus 50 basis points and matured in second quarter 2017. Our long term FHLB borrowings and repurchase agreements bear both fixed and variable rates and mature in varying amounts through the year 2026.

The average interest rate paid on long-term borrowings for the nine month period ended September 30, 2017 was 4.32% compared to 4.43% for the first nine months of 2016.

Subordinated debentures owed to unconsolidated subsidiary trusts: We have three statutory business trusts that were formed for the purpose of issuing mandatorily redeemable securities (the “capital securities”) for which we are obligated to third party investors and investing the proceeds from the sale of the capital securities in our junior subordinated debentures (the “debentures”). The debentures held by the trusts are their sole assets. Our subordinated debentures totaled \$19.6 million at September 30, 2017, December 31, 2016, and September 30, 2016.

The capital securities held by SFG Capital Trust I, SFG Capital Trust II, and SFG Capital Trust III qualify as Tier 1 capital under Federal Reserve Board guidelines. In accordance with these Guidelines, trust preferred securities generally are limited to 25% of Tier 1 capital elements, net of goodwill. The amount of trust preferred securities and certain other elements in excess of the limit can be included in Tier 2 capital.



A summary of the maturities of all long-term borrowings and subordinated debentures for the next five years and thereafter is as follows:

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Dollars in thousands	Long-term borrowings	Subordinated debentures owed to unconsolidated subsidiary trusts
Year Ending December 31, 2017	\$ 4	\$ —
2018	45,017	—
2019	18	—
2020	19	—
2021	20	—
Thereafter	677	19,589
	\$ 45,755	\$ 19,589

NOTE 11. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The 2014 Long-Term Incentive Plan (“2014 LTIP”) was adopted by our shareholders in May 2014 to enhance the ability of the Company to attract and retain exceptionally qualified individuals to serve as key employees. The LTIP provides for the issuance of up to 500,000 shares of common stock, in the form of equity awards including stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights (“SARs”), performance units, other stock-based awards or any combination thereof, to our key employees.

Stock options awarded under the 2009 Officer Stock Option Plan and the 1998 Officer Stock Option Plan (collectively, the “Plans”) were not altered by the 2014 LTIP, and remain subject to the terms of the Plans. However, under the terms of the 2014 LTIP, all shares of common stock remaining issuable under the Plans at the time the 2014 LTIP was adopted ceased to be available for future issuance.

Under the 2014 LTIP and the Plans, stock options and SARs have generally been granted with an exercise price equal to the fair value of Summit's common stock on the grant date. We periodically grant employee stock options to individual employees. During first quarter 2017, we granted 53,309 SARs that become exercisable ratably over five years (20% per year) and expire ten years after the grant date. We granted 34,306 SARs that become exercisable ratably over seven years (14.29% per year) and expire ten years after the grant date. There were no grants of stock options or SARs during the three months ended September 30, 2017 or the first nine months of 2016.

The fair value of our employee stock options and SARs granted under the Plans is estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. This model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, changes to which can materially affect the fair value estimate. Additionally, there may be other factors that would otherwise have a significant effect on the value of employee stock options and SARs granted but are not considered by the model. Because our employee stock options and SARs have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management’s opinion, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of its employee stock options and SARs at the time of grant. The assumptions used to value SARs issued during 2017 were as follows:

	5-year vesting SARs	7-year vesting SARs	
Risk-free interest rate	2.16	% 2.24	%
Expected dividend yield	1.45	% 1.45	%
Expected common stock volatility	60.05	% 59.60	%
Expected life	6.5 years	7.0 years	

We recognize compensation expense based on the estimated number of stock awards expected to actually vest, exclusive of the awards expected to be forfeited. During the first nine months of 2017 and 2016, our share-based compensation expense was \$285,000 and \$150,000 and the related deferred tax benefits were approximately \$105,000 and \$56,000.

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A summary of activity in our Plans during the first nine months of 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017		2016	
	Options/SARs	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Options/SARs	Weighted-Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, January 1	217,857	\$ 13.56	244,147	\$ 14.05
Granted	87,615	26.01	—	—
Exercised	(2,000 )	6.21	—	—
Forfeited	—	—	—	—
Expired	—	—	—	—
Outstanding, September 30	303,472	\$ 17.20	244,147	\$ 14.05

Other information regarding awards outstanding and exercisable at September 30, 2017 is as follows:

Range of exercise price	# of awards	Options/SARs Outstanding			Options/SARs Exercisable		
		WAEP	Wted. Avg. Remaining Contractual Life (yrs)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)	# of awards	WAEP	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
\$2.54 - \$6.00	5,000	\$ 2.54	5.83	\$ 116	5,000	\$ 2.54	\$ 116
6.01 - 10.00	5,640	8.91	1.29	94	5,640	8.91	94
10.01 - 17.50	166,717	12.01	7.57	2,275	66,687	12.01	910
17.51 - 20.00	15,100	17.81	0.78	119	15,100	17.81	119
20.01 - 25.93	111,015	25.99	7.64	—	23,400	25.93	—
	303,472	17.20		\$ 2,604	115,827	15.02	\$ 1,239

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We are a party to certain financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of our customers. These instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the statement of financial position. The contract amounts of these instruments reflect the extent of involvement that we have in this class of financial instruments.

Many of our lending relationships contain both funded and unfunded elements. The funded portion is reflected on our balance sheet. The unfunded portion of these commitments is not recorded on our balance sheet until a draw is made under the loan facility. Since many of the commitments to extend credit may expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash flow requirements.

A summary of the total unfunded, or off-balance sheet, credit extension commitments follows:

Dollars in thousands	September 30, 2017
Commitments to extend credit:	
Revolving home equity and credit card lines	\$ 68,616
Construction loans	56,715
Other loans	104,778
Standby letters of credit	3,469
Total	\$ 233,578

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. We evaluate each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if we deem necessary upon extension of credit, is based on our credit evaluation. Collateral held varies but may include accounts receivable, inventory, equipment or real estate.

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Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Standby letters of credit generally are contingent upon the failure of the customer to perform according to the terms of the underlying contract with the third party.

Our exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments. We use the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as we do for on-balance sheet instruments.

#### Litigation

On May 13, 2014, the ResCap Liquidating Trust (“ResCap”), as successor to Residential Funding Company, LLC f/k/a Residential Funding Corporation (“RFC”), filed a complaint against Summit Financial Mortgage, LLC (“Summit Mortgage”), a former residential mortgage subsidiary of Summit whose operations were discontinued in 2007, in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York and subsequently amended its complaint on July 25, 2014.

Furthermore, on January 23, 2017, ResCap, as successor to RFC (together with RFC, the “RFC Parties”), filed a complaint against Summit Community Bank, Inc., as successor to Shenandoah Valley Community Bank (“Summit”), in the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota (collectively, the “ResCap Litigation”). Additional information regarding the ResCap Litigation is included under the caption “Legal Contingencies” in Note 17 of our consolidated financial statements beginning on page 92 of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

On April 24, 2017, Summit Community Bank, Inc. entered into a Settlement and Release Agreement (the “Settlement Agreement”) with the RFC parties with respect to the Rescap Litigation. Under the Settlement Agreement, Summit Community Bank paid \$9.9 million to fully resolve all claims by the RFC Parties, and to avoid the further costs, disruption, and distraction of defending the Rescap Litigation. Summit recorded a charge to noninterest expense in its consolidated statement of income for the three months ended March 31, 2017 to recognize this settlement.

We are not a party to any other litigation except for matters that arise in the normal course of business. While it is impossible to ascertain the ultimate resolution or range of financial liability if any, with respect to these contingent matters, in the opinion of management, the outcome of these matters will not have a significant adverse effect on the consolidated financial statements.

#### NOTE 13. REGULATORY MATTERS

We and our subsidiaries are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the banking regulatory agencies. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, we and each of our subsidiaries must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of our and our subsidiaries’ assets, liabilities and certain off-balance sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. We and each of our subsidiaries’ capital amounts and classifications are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors.

Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require us and each of our subsidiaries to maintain minimum amounts and ratios of Common Equity Tier (“CET1”) 1, Total capital and Tier I capital (as defined in the regulations) to risk-weighted assets (as defined), and of Tier I capital (as defined) to average assets (as defined). We believe, as of September 30, 2017, that we and each of our subsidiaries met all capital adequacy requirements to which they were subject.

The most recent notifications from the banking regulatory agencies categorized us and each of our subsidiaries as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as well capitalized, we and each of our subsidiaries must maintain minimum CET1, Total risk-based, Tier I risk-based, and Tier I leverage

ratios as set forth in the table below.

The Basel III Capital Rules became effective for us on January 1, 2015, with full compliance with all of the final rule's requirements phased in over a multi-year schedule, to be fully phased-in by January 1, 2019. As of September 30, 2017, our capital levels remained characterized as "well-capitalized" under the new rules. See the Capital Requirements section included in Part I Item 1 Business of our 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K for further discussion of Basel III.

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The following table presents Summit's, as well as our subsidiary, Summit Community Bank's ("Summit Community"), actual and required minimum capital amounts and ratios as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 under the Basel III Capital Rules. The minimum required capital levels presented below reflect the minimum required capital levels (inclusive of the full capital conservation buffers) that will be effective as of January 1, 2019 when the Basel III Capital Rules have been fully phased-in. Capital levels required to be considered well capitalized are based upon prompt corrective action regulations, as amended to reflect the changes under the Basel III Capital Rules.

	Actual		Minimum Required Capital - Basel III Fully Phased-in		Minimum Required To Be Well Capitalized	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Dollars in thousands						
As of September 30, 2017						
CET1 (to risk weighted assets)						
Summit	\$176,666	10.8%	\$114,506	7.0 %	\$106,327	6.5 %
Summit Community	194,410	11.8%	115,328	7.0 %	107,090	6.5 %
Tier I Capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Summit	195,666	11.9%	139,761	8.5 %	131,540	8.0 %
Summit Community	194,410	11.8%	140,041	8.5 %	131,803	8.0 %
Total Capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Summit	208,130	12.7%	172,076	10.5 %	163,882	10.0%
Summit Community	206,874	12.6%	172,395	10.5 %	164,186	10.0%
Tier I Capital (to average assets)						
Summit	195,666	9.5 %	82,386	4.0 %	102,982	5.0 %
Summit Community	194,410	9.4 %	82,728	4.0 %	103,410	5.0 %
	Actual		Minimum Required Capital - Basel III Fully Phased-in		Minimum Required To Be Well Capitalized	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Dollars in thousands						
As of December 31, 2016						
CET1 (to risk weighted assets)						
Summit	146,494	10.5%	97,663	7.0 %	90,687	6.5 %
Summit Community	165,747	11.9%	97,498	7.0 %	90,534	6.5 %
Tier I Capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Summit	164,357	11.8%	118,393	8.5 %	111,428	8.0 %
Summit Community	165,747	11.9%	118,391	8.5 %	111,427	8.0 %
Total Capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Summit	176,031	12.6%	146,693	10.5 %	139,707	10.0%
Summit Community	177,421	12.7%	146,687	10.5 %	139,702	10.0%
Tier I Capital (to average assets)						
Summit	164,357	9.4 %	69,939	4.0 %	87,424	5.0 %
Summit Community	165,747	9.5 %	69,788	4.0 %	87,235	5.0 %

NOTE 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

We operate three business segments: community banking, insurance services and trust and wealth management services. These segments are primarily identified by the products or services offered. The community banking segment consists of our full service banks which offer customers traditional banking products and services through



various delivery channels. The insurance services segment includes two insurance agency offices that sell insurance products. The trust and wealth management segment includes Summit Community Bank's trust division and other non-bank investment products. The accounting policies discussed throughout the notes to the consolidated financial statements apply to each of our business segments.

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Inter-segment revenue and expense consists of management fees allocated to the community banking, insurance services and trust and wealth management segments for all centralized functions that are performed by the parent, including overall direction in the areas of strategic planning, investment portfolio management, asset/liability management, financial reporting and other financial and administrative services. Information for each of our segments is included below:

Dollars in thousands	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017					
	Community Banking	Trust and Wealth Management	Insurance Services	Parent	Eliminations	Total
Net interest income	\$17,408	\$ —	\$—	\$(176 )	\$—	\$17,232
Provision for loan losses	375	—	—	—	—	375
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	17,033	—	—	(176 )	—	16,857
Other income	2,408	589	1,003	491	(491 )	4,000
Other expenses	10,844	546	814	734	(491 )	12,447
Income (loss) before income taxes	8,597	43	189	(419 )	—	8,410
Income tax expense (benefit)	2,482	16	92	(110 )	—	2,480
Net income (loss)	\$6,115	\$ 27	\$ 97	\$(309 )	\$—	\$5,930
Inter-segment revenue (expense)	\$(451 )	\$ —	\$(40 )	\$491	\$—	\$—
Average assets	\$2,110,832	\$ —	\$ 6,288	\$217,928	\$(246,788 )	\$2,088,260
Capital expenditures	\$1,497	\$ —	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$1,497

Dollars in thousands	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016					
	Community Banking	Trust and Wealth Management	Insurance Services	Parent	Eliminations	Total
Net interest income	\$12,197	\$ —	\$—	\$(160 )	\$—	\$12,037
Provision for loan losses	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	12,197	—	—	(160 )	—	12,037
Other income	1,622	126	1,001	389	(389 )	2,749
Other expenses	7,249	100	902	557	(389 )	8,419
Income (loss) before income taxes	6,570	26	99	(328 )	—	6,367
Income tax expense (benefit)	2,145	10	40	(109 )	—	2,086
Net income (loss)	\$4,425	\$ 16	\$ 59	\$(219 )	\$—	\$4,281
Inter-segment revenue (expense)	\$(361 )	\$ —	\$(28 )	\$389	\$—	\$—
Average assets	\$1,609,343	\$ —	\$ 6,005	\$175,581	\$(201,875 )	\$1,589,054
Capital expenditures	\$766	\$ —	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$766

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Dollars in thousands	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017					
	Community Banking	Trust and Wealth Management	Insurance Services	Parent	Eliminations	Total
Net interest income	\$49,220	\$ —	\$ —	\$(511)	\$ —	\$48,709
Provision for loan losses	875	—	—	—	—	875
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	48,345	—	—	(511)	—	47,834
Other income	6,280	1,284	2,932	1,473	(1,473)	10,496
Other expenses	41,351	1,219	2,495	1,807	(1,473)	45,399
Income (loss) before income taxes	13,274	65	437	(845)	—	12,931
Income tax expense (benefit)	3,386	24	190	(261)	—	3,339
Net income (loss)	\$9,888	\$ 41	\$ 247	\$(584)	\$ —	\$9,592
Inter-segment revenue (expense)	\$(1,353)	\$ —	\$(120)	\$1,473	\$ —	\$ —
Average assets	\$1,994,042	\$ —	\$ 6,197	\$203,459	\$(232,211)	\$1,971,487
Capital expenditures	\$5,544	\$ —	\$ 36	\$92	\$ —	\$5,672

Dollars in thousands	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016					
	Community Banking	Trust and Wealth Management	Insurance Services	Parent	Eliminations	Total
Net interest income	\$36,028	\$ —	\$ —	\$(478)	\$ —	\$35,550
Provision for loan losses	500	—	—	—	—	500
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	35,528	—	—	(478)	—	35,050
Other income	5,240	358	3,003	1,166	(1,166)	8,601
Other expenses	21,735	335	2,771	1,735	(1,166)	25,410
Income (loss) before income taxes	19,033	23	232	(1,047)	—	18,241
Income tax expense (benefit)	5,888	9	95	(337)	—	5,655
Net income (loss)	\$13,145	\$ 14	\$ 137	\$(710)	\$ —	\$12,586
Inter-segment revenue (expense)	\$(1,081)	\$ —	\$(85)	\$1,166	\$ —	\$ —
Average assets	\$1,565,099	\$ —	\$ 5,951	\$172,840	\$(199,962)	\$1,543,928
Capital expenditures	\$1,099	\$ —	\$ 9	\$91	\$ —	\$1,199

NOTE 15. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

We have entered into three forward-starting, pay-fixed/receive LIBOR interest rate swaps. \$40 million notional with an effective date of July 18, 2016, was designated as a cash flow hedge of \$40 million of forecasted variable rate Federal Home Loan Bank advances. Under the terms of this swap we will pay a fixed rate of 2.98% for a 3 year period. \$30 million notional with an effective date of April 18, 2016, was designated as a cash flow hedge of \$30 million of forecasted variable rate Federal Home Loan Bank advances. Under the terms of this swap we will pay a fixed rate of 2.89% for a 4.5 year period. \$40 million notional with an effective date of October 18, 2016, was designated as a cash flow hedge of \$40 million of forecasted variable rate Federal Home Loan Bank advances. Under the terms of the swap we will pay a fixed rate of 2.84% for a 3 year period.

We have entered into two pay fixed/receive variable interest rate swaps to hedge fair value variability of two commercial fixed rate loans with the same principal, amortization, and maturity terms of the underlying loans, which are designated as fair value hedges. Under the terms of a \$9.95 million original notional swap with an effective date of January 15, 2015, we will pay a

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fixed rate of 4.33% for a 10 year period. Under the terms of a \$11.3 million original notional swap with an effective date of December 18, 2015, we will pay a fixed rate of 4.30% for a 10 year period.

A summary of our derivative financial instruments as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 follows:

Dollars in thousands	September 30, 2017			
	Notional Amount	Derivative Fair Value	Asset Liability	Net Ineffective Hedge Gains/(Losses)
<b>CASH FLOW HEDGES</b>				
Pay-fixed/receive-variable interest rate swaps				
Short term borrowings	\$ 110,000	\$—	\$ 3,056	\$ —
<b>FAIR VALUE HEDGES</b>				
Pay-fixed/receive-variable interest rate swaps				
Commercial real estate loans	\$ 20,103	\$ 125	\$—	\$ —
Dollars in thousands	December 31, 2016			
	Notional Amount	Derivative Fair Value	Asset Liability	Net Ineffective Hedge Gains/(Losses)
<b>CASH FLOW HEDGES</b>				
Pay-fixed/receive-variable interest rate swaps				
Short term borrowings	\$ 110,000	\$—	\$ 4,611	\$ —
<b>FAIR VALUE HEDGES</b>				
Pay-fixed/receive-variable interest rate swaps				
Commercial real estate loans	\$ 20,507	\$ 200	\$—	\$ —

Loan commitments: ASC Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, requires that commitments to make mortgage loans should be accounted for as derivatives if the loans are to be held for sale, because the commitment represents a written option and accordingly is recorded at the fair value of the option liability.

## NOTE 16. ACQUISITIONS

### FCB Acquisition

On April 1, 2017, Summit Community Bank, Inc. ("SCB"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Summit, acquired 100% of the ownership of First Century Bankshares, Inc. ("FCB") and its subsidiary First Century Bank, headquartered in Bluefield, West Virginia. Partnering with FCB not only expands Summit's community banking footprint into southwest West Virginia and southwestern Virginia, it also notably will provide us the opportunity to offer trust services throughout our Bank's market area, a capability which we currently do not possess. Pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger dated June 1, 2016, FCB's shareholders received cash in the amount of \$22.50 per share or 1.2433 shares of Summit common stock, or a combination of cash and Summit stock, subject to proration to result in approximately 35% cash and 65% stock consideration in the aggregate. Total stock consideration was \$33.1 million or 1,537,912 shares of Summit common stock and cash consideration was \$15.0 million. FCB's assets and liabilities approximated \$406 million and \$361 million, respectively, at March 31, 2017.

The assets and liabilities of FCB were recorded at their respective acquisition date fair values. Determining the fair value of assets and liabilities, particularly related to the loan portfolio, is a complicated process involving significant judgment regarding methods and assumptions used to calculate the estimated fair values. The fair values are preliminary and subject to refinement for up to one year after the acquisition date as additional information relative to the acquisition date fair values becomes available. We recognized goodwill of \$4.25 million in connection with the acquisition, which is not amortized for financial reporting purposes but is subject to annual impairment testing. The core deposit intangible represents the value of long-term deposit relationships acquired in this transaction and will be amortized over an estimated weighted average life of 15 years using an accelerated method which approximates the estimated run-off of the acquired deposits. The following table details the total consideration paid on April 1, 2017 in connection with the acquisition of FCB, the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed and the resulting goodwill.

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Dollars in thousands	As Recorded by FCB	Estimated Fair Value Adjustments	Estimated Fair Values as Recorded by Summit
Cash consideration			\$ 14,989
Stock consideration			33,127
Total consideration			48,116
Identifiable assets acquired:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 54,042	\$ —	\$ 54,042
Securities available for sale, at fair value	101,022	295	101,317
Loans			
Purchased performing	224,809	(2,693)	) 222,116
Purchased credit impaired	4,167	(540)	) 3,627
Allowance for loan losses	(2,511)	) 2,511	—
Premises and equipment	10,396	(4,222)	) 6,174
Property held for sale	4,596	(2,219)	) 2,377
Goodwill	5,183	(5,183)	) —
Core deposit intangibles	—	10,916	10,916
Other assets	4,450	652	5,102
Total identifiable assets acquired	406,154	(483)	) 405,671
Identifiable liabilities assumed:			
Deposits	349,726	807	350,533
Other liabilities	11,216	58	11,274
Total identifiable liabilities assumed	360,942	865	361,807
Net identifiable assets acquired	\$ 45,212	\$ (1,348)	) \$ 43,864

Goodwill resulting from acquisition \$ 4,252

The following is a description of the methods used to determine the fair values of significant assets and liabilities presented above.

**Cash and cash equivalents:** The carrying amount of these assets approximates their fair value based on the short-term nature of these assets.

**Securities:** Fair values for securities are based on quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair value estimates are based on observable inputs including quoted market prices for similar instruments, quoted market prices that are not in an active market or other inputs that are observable in the market.

**Loans:** Fair values for loans are based on a discounted cash flow methodology that considered factors including the type of loan and related collateral, collectibility, fixed or variable interest rate, term of loan, amortization status and current market rates. Loans were grouped together according to similar characteristics and were treated in the aggregate when applying various valuation techniques. The discount rates used for loans are based on current market rates for new originations of comparable loans and include adjustments for liquidity concerns, if any.

**Premises and equipment:** The fair value of FCB's real property was determined based upon appraisals by licensed appraisers. The fair value of tangible personal property, which is not material, was assumed to equal the carrying value by FCB.

Property held for sale: The fair value of FCB's property held for sale was determined on a property by property basis based upon the lesser of the properties present asking price or its appraised value by licensed appraisers, less estimated costs to sell.

Core deposit intangible: This intangible asset represents the value of the relationships with deposit customers. The fair value was estimated based on a discounted cash flow methodology that gave appropriate consideration to expected

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customer attrition rates, cost of the deposit base, reserve requirements and the net maintenance cost attributable to customer deposits.

Deposits: The fair values of the demand and savings deposits by definition equal the amount payable on demand at the acquisition date. The fair values for time deposits are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered to the contractual interest rates on such time deposits.

Loans acquired in a business combination are recorded at estimated fair value on the date of acquisition without the carryover of the related allowance for loan losses. Purchased credit-impaired (PCI) loans are those for which there is evidence of credit deterioration since origination and for which it is probable at the date of acquisition that we will not collect all contractually required principal and interest payments. When determining fair value, PCI loans are identified as of the date of acquisition based upon evidence of credit quality such as internal risk grades and past due and nonaccrual status. The difference between contractually required payments of principal and interest at acquisition and the cash flows expected to be collected at acquisition is accounted for as a "nonaccretable difference". For purposes of determining the nonaccretable difference, no prepayments are generally assumed in determining contractually required payments of principal and interest or cash flows expected to be collected. Subsequent decreases to the expected cash flows will generally result in a provision for loan losses. Subsequent significant increases in cash flows may result in a reversal of the provision for loan losses to the extent of prior charges, or a transfer from nonaccretable difference to accretable yield. Further, any excess of cash flows expected at acquisition over the estimated fair value is accounted for as accretable yield and is recognized as interest income over the remaining life of the loan when there is a reasonable expectation about the amount and timing of such cash flows.

Loans not designated PCI loans as of the acquisition date are designated purchased performing loans. We account for purchased performing loans using the contractual cash flows method of recognizing discount accretion based on the acquired loans' contractual cash flows. Purchased performing loans are recorded at fair value, including a credit discount. The fair value discount is accreted as an adjustment to yield over the estimated lives of the loans. There is no allowance for loan losses established at the acquisition date for purchased performing loans. A provision for loan losses is recorded for any deterioration in these loans subsequent to the acquisition.

The PCI loan portfolio related to the FCB acquisition was recorded at estimated fair value on the date of acquisition, April 1, 2017, as follows:

Dollars in thousands	Acquired Loans -PCI
Contractual principal and interest due	\$ 4,885
Nonaccretable difference	(597 )
Expected cash flows	4,288
Accretable yield	(661 )
Purchase credit impaired loans - estimated fair value	\$ 3,627

#### HC B Acquisition

On October 1, 2016, Summit Community Bank, Inc. ("SCB"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Summit, acquired 100% of the ownership of Highland County Bankshares, Inc. ("HCB") and its subsidiary First and Citizens Bank, headquartered in Monterey, Virginia for cash consideration of \$21.8 million. HCB's assets and liabilities approximated \$123 million and \$107 million, respectively, at September 30, 2016.

Pro Forma

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The following table estimates the pro forma revenue, net income and diluted earnings per share of the combined entities of Summit, HCB and FCB as if the acquisitions had taken place on January 1, 2016. All acquisition related expenses were excluded from the pro forma information. We expect to achieve operational cost savings and other efficiencies as a result of the acquisitions which are not reflected in the pro forma amounts below.

	Summit, HCB & FCB Pro Forma For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts	2017	2016
Total revenues, net of interest expense	\$64,313	\$61,457
Net income	\$11,176	\$15,017
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.95	\$1.23

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The following presents the financial effects of adjustments recognized in the statement of income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 related to business combinations that occurred during 2016 or 2017.

Dollars in thousands	Income increase (decrease)	
	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017
Interest and fees on loans	\$224	\$ 712
Interest expense on deposits	76	167
Amortization of intangibles	(399 )	(825 )
Income before income tax expense	\$(99 )	\$ 54

NOTE 17. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following is changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component, net of tax, for the three and nine months ending September 30, 2017 and 2016.

Dollars in thousands	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2017			Total
	Gains and Losses on Other Post- Retirement Benefits	Gains and Losses on Cash Flow Retirement Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available-for-Sale Securities	
Beginning balance	\$219	\$(2,238)	\$ 1,712	\$(307)
Other comprehensive income before reclassification	—	313	399	712
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	—	—	(16 )	(16 )
Net current period other comprehensive income	—	313	383	696
Ending balance	\$219	\$(1,925)	\$ 2,095	\$389

Dollars in thousands	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016			Total
	Gains and Losses on Other Post- Retirement Benefits	Gains and Losses on Cash Flow Retirement Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available-for-Sale Securities	
Beginning balance	\$(5,135)	\$ 5,014		\$(121)
Other comprehensive income before reclassification	—608	(867 )		(259 )
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	—	(38 )		(38 )
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	—608	(905 )		(297 )
Ending balance	\$(4,527)	\$ 4,109		\$(418)

Dollars in thousands	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017			Total
	Gains and Losses on Other Post-Retirement Benefits	Gains and Losses on Cash Flow Retirement Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available-for-Sale Securities	
Beginning balance	\$—	\$(2,905)	\$ (357 )	\$(3,262)
Other comprehensive income before reclassification	219	980	2,489	3,688
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	—	—	(37 )	(37 )
Net current period other comprehensive income	219	980	2,452	3,651
Ending balance	\$219	\$(1,925)	\$ 2,095	\$389

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Dollars in thousands	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016			Total
	Gains and Losses on Other Post-Retirement Benefits	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available-for-Sale Securities Hedges		
Beginning balance	\$-(3,195)	\$ 2,739		\$(456)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassification	—(1,332 )	1,897		565
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	—	(527 )		(527 )
Net current period other comprehensive income	—(1,332 )	1,370		38
Ending balance	\$-(4,527)	\$ 4,109		\$(418)

NOTE 18. INCOME TAXES

Our income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016 totaled \$2.5 million and \$2.1 million, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016 our income tax expense totaled \$3.3 million and \$5.7 million, respectively. Our effective tax rate (income tax expense as a percentage of income before taxes) for the quarters ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 was 29.5% and 32.8%, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 were 25.8% and 31.0%, respectively. A reconciliation between the statutory income tax rate and our effective income tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

Dollars in thousands	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2017		For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016	
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Applicable statutory rate	35.0 %	35.0 %	35.0 %	35.0 %
Increase (decrease) in rate resulting from:				
Tax-exempt interest and dividends, net	(5.1 )%	(4.2 )%	(8.8 )%	(4.4 )%
State income taxes (benefit), net of Federal income tax benefit	1.8 %	1.7 %	1.8 %	1.6 %
Other, net	(2.2 )%	0.3 %	(2.2 )%	(1.2 )%
Effective income tax rate	29.5 %	32.8 %	25.8 %	31.0 %

The components of applicable income tax expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

Dollars in thousands	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2017		For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Current				
Federal	\$2,436	\$1,992	\$3,315	\$5,439
State	251	171	388	451
	2,687	2,163	3,703	5,890
Deferred				
Federal	(190 )	(76 )	(333 )	(234 )
State	(17 )	(1 )	(31 )	(1 )
	(207 )	(77 )	(364 )	(235 )

Total \$2,480 \$2,086 \$3,339 \$5,655

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## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

## INTRODUCTION

The following discussion and analysis focuses on significant changes in our financial condition and results of operations of Summit Financial Group, Inc. ("Company" or "Summit") and its operating subsidiaries, Summit Community Bank ("Summit Community") and Summit Insurance Services, LLC, for the periods indicated. See Note 14 of the accompanying consolidated financial statements for our segment information. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our 2016 audited financial statements and Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The Private Securities Litigation Act of 1995 indicates that the disclosure of forward-looking information is desirable for investors and encourages such disclosure by providing a safe harbor for forward-looking statements by us. Our following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations contains certain forward-looking statements that involve risk and uncertainty. In order to comply with the terms of the safe harbor, we note that a variety of factors could cause our actual results and experience to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in those forward-looking statements.

## OVERVIEW

On October 1, 2016, we acquired Highland County Bankshares, Inc. ("HCB") and its subsidiary, First and Citizens Bank, headquartered in Monterey, Virginia. On April 1, 2017, we acquired First Century Bankshares, Inc. ("FCB") and its subsidiary, First Century Bank, headquartered in Bluefield, West Virginia. Since results of the two acquisitions are included in our results from the acquisition dates forward, comparisons to prior periods are significantly impacted by the acquired companies' results.

Our primary source of income is net interest income from loans and deposits. Business volumes tend to be influenced by the overall economic factors including market interest rates, business spending, and consumer confidence, as well as competitive conditions within the marketplace.

Primarily due to our two recent acquisitions, interest earning assets increased by 27.39% for the first nine months in 2017 compared to the same period of 2016 while our net interest earnings on a tax equivalent basis increased 37.42%. Our tax equivalent net interest margin increased 27 basis points as our yield on interest earning assets increased 23 basis points while our cost of interest bearing funds decreased 3 basis points.

We recorded a charge of \$9.9 million, or \$6.2 million after-tax, to noninterest expense in the first quarter of 2017 to recognize our full resolution of the ResCap Litigation which had been pending since 2014.

## BUSINESS SEGMENT RESULTS

We are organized and managed along three major business segments, as described in Note 14 of the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The results of each business segment are intended to reflect each segment as if it were a stand alone business. Net income by segment follows:

	Three Months		Nine Months	
	Ended		Ended September	
	September 30,		30,	
Dollars in thousands	2017	2016	2017	2016
Community banking	\$6,115	\$4,425	\$9,888	\$13,145
Trust and wealth management	27	16	41	14
Insurance services	97	59	247	137
Parent	(309 )	(219 )	(584 )	(710 )
Consolidated net income	\$5,930	\$4,281	\$9,592	\$12,586

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and follow general practices within the financial services industry. Application of these principles requires us to make estimates, assumptions and judgments that affect the amounts reported in our financial statements and accompanying notes. These estimates, assumptions and judgments are based on information available as of the date of the financial statements; accordingly, as this information changes, the financial statements could reflect different estimates, assumptions and judgments. Certain policies inherently have a greater reliance on the use of estimates, assumptions and judgments and as such have a greater possibility of producing results that could be materially different than originally reported.

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Our most significant accounting policies are presented in the notes to the consolidated financial statements of our 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K. These policies, along with the other disclosures presented in the financial statement notes and in this financial review, provide information on how significant assets and liabilities are valued in the financial statements and how those values are determined.

Based on the valuation techniques used and the sensitivity of financial statement amounts to the methods, assumptions and estimates underlying those amounts, we have identified the determination of the allowance for loan losses, the valuation of goodwill, fair value measurements, accounting for acquired loans and deferred tax assets to be the accounting areas that require the most subjective or complex judgments and as such could be most subject to revision as new information becomes available.

For additional information regarding critical accounting policies, refer to Critical Accounting Policies section in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in the 2016 Form 10-K. There have been no significant changes in our application of critical accounting policies since December 31, 2016.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Earnings Summary

Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 decreased to \$9.6 million, or \$0.81 per diluted share compared to \$12.6 million, or \$1.18 per diluted share for the same period of 2016. Net income for the quarter ended September 30, 2017 was \$5.9 million, or \$0.48 per diluted share, compared to \$4.3 million, or \$0.40 per diluted share for the same period of 2016. The decrease for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was primarily attributable to the charge for a \$9.9 million pre-tax litigation settlement recognized in the first quarter of 2017. Otherwise, net income for the both the nine months and quarter ended September 30, 2017, compared to earnings for the same periods of 2016, were positively impacted by increased net interest income and increased fee income including trust and wealth management fees and fees related to deposit accounts while being negatively impacted by smaller gains realized on sales of securities, smaller gains on sales of foreclosed properties, and generally higher operating expenses due to the two recent acquisitions mentioned below. Returns on average equity and assets for the first nine months of 2017 were 7.06% and 0.65%, respectively, compared with 11.29% and 1.09% for the same period of 2016.

FCB's results of operations are included in our consolidated results of operations from the date of acquisition, and therefore our third quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2017 results reflect increased levels of average balances, income and expense as compared to the same periods of 2016 results. At consummation (prior to fair value acquisition adjustments), FCB had total assets of \$406.2 million, net loans of \$226.5 million, and deposits of \$350.0 million.

HCB's results of operations are included in our consolidated results of operation from the date of acquisition, and therefore our third quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2017 results reflect increased levels of average balances, income and expense as compared to the same periods of 2016 results. At consummation (prior to fair value acquisition adjustments), HCB had total assets of \$122.8 million, loans of \$60.8 million, and deposits of \$106.9 million.

### Net Interest Income

Net interest income is the principal component of our earnings and represents the difference between interest and fee income generated from earning assets and the interest expense paid on deposits and borrowed funds. Fluctuations in interest rates as well as changes in the volume and mix of earning assets and interest bearing liabilities can materially

impact net interest income. Due to increases in interest earnings assets and interest bearing liabilities from the HCB and FCB acquisitions and recent FOMC increases to its target Federal funds rate, we have experienced higher levels of net interest income and an increased net interest margin.

For the quarter ended September 30, 2017, our net interest income on a fully tax-equivalent basis increased \$5.5 million to \$17.9 million compared to \$12.4 million for the quarter end September 30, 2016. Our tax-equivalent earnings on interest earning assets increased \$6.4 million, while the cost of interest bearing liabilities increased \$0.9 million (see Tables I and III).

Our net interest income on a fully tax-equivalent basis totaled \$50.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, or \$13.7 million or 37.4% more than the \$36.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Our tax-equivalent earnings on interest earning assets increased \$16.2 million, while the cost of interest bearing liabilities also increased \$2.4 million (see Tables II and III).

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For the three months ended September 30, 2017 average interest earning assets increased 30.7% to \$1.94 billion compared to \$1.49 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2016, while average interest bearing liabilities increased 28.2% from \$1.29 billion at September 30, 2016 to \$1.66 billion at September 30, 2017.

Average interest earning assets increased 27.4% from \$1.44 billion during the first nine months of 2016 to \$1.84 billion for the first nine months of 2017, while average interest bearing liabilities increased 25.6% from \$1.26 billion at September 30, 2016 to \$1.58 billion at September 30, 2017.

For the quarter ended September 30, 2017, our net interest margin increased to 3.65%, compared to 3.32% for the same period of 2016, as the yields on earning assets increased 27 basis points, while the cost of our interest bearing funds decreased by 4 basis points. Our net interest margin increased to 3.67% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, compared to 3.40% for the same period of 2016, as the yields on earning assets increased 23 basis points, while the cost of our interest bearing funds decreased by 3 basis points.

Excluding the impact of accretion and amortization of fair value acquisition accounting adjustments related to the interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities acquired from FCB and HCB, Summit's net interest margin was 3.59% for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 3.61% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Assuming no significant unanticipated changes in market interest rates, we expect growth in our net interest income to continue over the near term primarily due to continuing expected growth in loans. We continue to monitor the net interest margin through net interest income simulation to minimize the potential for any significant negative impact. See the "Market Risk Management" section for further discussion of the impact changes in market interest rates could have on us. Further analysis of our yields on interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities are presented in Tables I, II and III below.

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Table I - Average Balance Sheet and Net Interest Income Analysis

Dollars in thousands	For the Three Months Ended					
	September 30, 2017			September 30, 2016		
	Average Balance	Earnings/ Expense	Yield/ Rate	Average Balance	Earnings/ Expense	Yield/ Rate
Interest earning assets						
Loans, net of unearned fees (1)						
Taxable	\$1,539,945	\$ 19,387	4.99 %	\$1,187,205	\$ 14,008	4.69 %
Tax-exempt (2)	16,314	158	3.84 %	14,300	202	5.62 %
Securities						
Taxable	198,913	1,283	2.56 %	198,411	1,139	2.28 %
Tax-exempt (2)	145,599	1,714	4.67 %	77,489	941	4.83 %
Federal funds sold and interest bearing deposits with other banks	42,926	149	1.38 %	10,029	5	0.2 %
Total interest earning assets	1,943,697	22,691	4.63 %	1,487,434	16,295	4.36 %
Noninterest earning assets						
Cash & due from banks	9,591			3,938		
Premises and equipment	33,667			21,613		
Property held for sale	23,185			23,311		
Other assets	90,538			64,325		
Allowance for loan losses	(12,418 )			(11,567 )		
Total assets	\$2,088,260			\$1,589,054		
Interest bearing liabilities						
Interest bearing demand deposits	\$384,539	\$ 323	0.33 %	211,264	85	0.16 %
Savings deposits	365,150	637	0.69 %	316,358	608	0.76 %
Time deposits	636,424	2,003	1.25 %	481,060	1,516	1.25 %
Short-term borrowings	205,536	1,160	2.24 %	189,760	675	1.42 %
Long-term borrowings and capital trust securities	65,346	681	4.13 %	94,106	985	4.16 %
Total interest bearing liabilities	1,656,995	4,804	1.15 %	1,292,548	3,869	1.19 %
Noninterest bearing liabilities and shareholders' equity						
Demand deposits	217,760			124,490		
Other liabilities	17,414			20,280		
Total liabilities	1,892,169			1,437,318		
Shareholders' equity	196,091			151,736		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$2,088,260			\$1,589,054		
Net interest earnings		\$ 17,887			\$ 12,426	
Net yield on interest earning assets			3.65 %			3.32 %

(1)- For purposes of this table, nonaccrual loans are included in average loan balances.

- Interest income on tax-exempt securities and loans has been adjusted assuming a Federal tax rate of 35% and 34% for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. The tax equivalent adjustment resulted in an increase in interest income of \$655,000 and \$389,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

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Table II - Average Balance Sheet and Net Interest Income Analysis

Dollars in thousands	For the Nine Months Ended					
	September 30, 2017			September 30, 2016		
	Average Balance	Earnings/Expense	Yield/Rate	Average Balance	Earnings/Expense	Yield/Rate
<b>Interest earning assets</b>						
<b>Loans, net of unearned fees (1)</b>						
Taxable	\$1,452,840	\$ 54,487	5.01 %	\$1,134,463	\$ 40,788	4.8 %
Tax-exempt (2)	14,223	602	5.66 %	14,890	624	5.6 %
<b>Securities</b>						
Taxable	199,995	3,742	2.50 %	206,437	3,284	2.12 %
Tax-exempt (2)	124,860	4,392	4.70 %	76,155	2,814	4.94 %
Federal funds sold and interest bearing deposits with other banks	43,862	466	1.42 %	9,093	13	0.19 %
<b>Total interest earning assets</b>	<b>1,835,780</b>	<b>63,689</b>	<b>4.64 %</b>	<b>1,441,038</b>	<b>47,523</b>	<b>4.41 %</b>
<b>Noninterest earning assets</b>						
Cash & due from banks	8,071			3,819		
Premises and equipment	30,904			21,575		
Property held for sale	24,393			24,365		
Other assets	84,390			64,648		
Allowance for loan losses	(12,051 )			(11,517 )		
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$1,971,487</b>			<b>\$1,543,928</b>		
<b>Interest bearing liabilities</b>						
Interest bearing demand deposits	\$342,358	\$ 722	0.28 %	208,755	248	0.16 %
Savings deposits	365,068	1,879	0.69 %	296,458	1,663	0.75 %
Time deposits	602,175	5,386	1.20 %	474,691	4,622	1.3 %
Short-term borrowings	200,929	3,233	2.15 %	180,694	1,334	0.99 %
Long-term borrowings and capital trust securities	65,725	2,012	4.09 %	94,574	2,937	4.15 %
<b>Total interest bearing liabilities</b>	<b>1,576,255</b>	<b>13,232</b>	<b>1.12 %</b>	<b>1,255,172</b>	<b>10,804</b>	<b>1.15 %</b>
<b>Noninterest bearing liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>						
Demand deposits	196,019			121,701		
Other liabilities	17,990			18,423		
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1,790,264</b>			<b>1,395,296</b>		
Shareholders' equity	181,223			148,632		
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$1,971,487</b>			<b>\$1,543,928</b>		
Net interest earnings		\$ 50,457			\$ 36,719	
Net yield on interest earning assets			3.67 %			3.40 %

(1)- For purposes of this table, nonaccrual loans are included in average loan balances.

- Interest income on tax-exempt securities and loans has been adjusted assuming a Federal tax rate of 35% and 34% for the periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. The tax equivalent adjustment resulted in an increase in interest income of \$1,748,000 and \$1,169,000 for the periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

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Table III - Changes in Interest Margin Attributable to Rate and Volume

Dollars in thousands	For the Three Months Ended			For the Nine Months Ended		
	September 30, 2017 vs. September 30, 2016			September 30, 2017 vs. September 30, 2016		
	Increase (Decrease) Due to Change in:			Increase (Decrease) Due to Change in:		
	Volume	Rate	Net	Volume	Rate	Net
Interest earned on:						
Loans						
Taxable	\$4,425	\$954	\$5,379	\$11,839	\$1,860	\$13,699
Tax-exempt	26	(70 )	(44 )	(29 )	7	(22 )
Securities						
Taxable	3	141	144	(105 )	563	458
Tax-exempt	805	(32 )	773	1,717	(139 )	1,578
Federal funds sold and interest bearing deposits with other banks	51	93	144	169	284	453
Total interest earned on interest earning assets	5,310	1,086	6,396	13,591	2,575	16,166
Interest paid on:						
Interest bearing demand deposits	103	135	238	215	259	474
Savings deposits	90	(61 )	29	361	(145 )	216
Time deposits	493	(6 )	487	1,160	(396 )	764
Short-term borrowings	60	425	485	164	1,735	1,899
Long-term borrowings and capital trust securities	(298 )	(5 )	(303 )	(886 )	(39 )	(925 )
Total interest paid on interest bearing liabilities	448	488	936	1,014	1,414	2,428
Net interest income	\$4,862	\$598	\$5,460	\$12,577	\$1,161	\$13,738

## Noninterest Income

Total noninterest income for the three months ended September 30, 2017 increased 45.5% compared to same period in 2016 and increased 22.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to the same period in 2016 principally due to increased trust and wealth management fees and service fees on deposit accounts as a result of the HCB and FCB acquisitions. Further detail regarding noninterest income is reflected in the following table.

Table IV - Noninterest Income

Dollars in thousands	For the Quarter Ended		For the Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
Insurance commissions	\$1,043	\$1,016	\$3,000	\$3,030
Trust and wealth management fees	589	126	1,284	358
Service fees related to deposit accounts	1,863	1,138	4,737	3,175
Realized securities gains	26	61	58	836
Bank owned life insurance income	255	258	758	772
Other	224	150	659	430
Total	\$4,000	\$2,749	\$10,496	\$8,601

## Noninterest Expense

Total noninterest expense increased 78.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, as compared to the same period in 2016, with the litigation settlement and higher salaries, commissions, and employee benefits having the largest negative impact. Table V below shows the breakdown of the changes.

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Table V - Noninterest Expense

	For the Quarter Ended September 30,				For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2017	Change		2016	2017	Change		2016
Dollars in thousands		\$	%			\$	%	
Salaries, commissions, and employee benefits	\$6,610	\$1,791	37.2 %	\$4,819	\$18,555	\$4,290	30.1 %	\$14,265
Net occupancy expense	847	322	61.3 %	525	2,239	663	42.1 %	1,576
Equipment expense	1,093	377	52.7 %	716	2,859	800	38.9 %	2,059
Professional fees	373	103	38.1 %	270	1,012	(159 )	(13.6 )%	1,171
Advertising and public relations	137	44	47.3 %	93	393	113	40.4 %	280
Amortization of intangibles	448	398	796.0 %	50	974	824	549.3 %	150
FDIC premiums	310	110	55.0 %	200	815	15	1.9 %	800
Merger-related expenses	11	(69 )	(86.3 )%	80	1,575	1,230	N/A	345
Foreclosed properties expense	171	71	71.0 %	100	397	80	25.2 %	317
(Gain) loss on sales of foreclosed properties	(29 )	140	N/A	(169 )	(111 )	340	(75.4 )%	(451 )
Write-downs of foreclosed properties	91	(43 )	(32.1 )%	134	538	35	7.0 %	503
Litigation settlement	—	—	N/A	—	9,900	9,900	N/A	—
Other	2,385	784	49.0 %	1,601	6,253	1,858	42.3 %	