

AGCO CORP /DE  
Form 4  
November 07, 2013

**FORM 4** UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL

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**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES**

Filed pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Section 17(a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 or Section 30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

(Print or Type Responses)

1. Name and Address of Reporting Person \*  
SRINIVASAN MALLIKA

(Last) (First) (Middle)

TRACTORS AND FARM  
EQUIPMENT LIMITED, NO. 35  
NUNGAMBAKKAM HIGH ROAD

(Street)

CHENNAI, K7 600 034

(City) (State) (Zip)

2. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading Symbol  
AGCO CORP /DE [AGCO]

3. Date of Earliest Transaction  
(Month/Day/Year)  
11/06/2013

4. If Amendment, Date Original Filed(Month/Day/Year)

5. Relationship of Reporting Person(s) to Issuer

(Check all applicable)

Director  10% Owner  
 Officer (give title below)  Other (specify below)

6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check Applicable Line)

Form filed by One Reporting Person  
 Form filed by More than One Reporting Person

**Table I - Non-Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned**

1. Title of Security (Instr. 3)	2. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	2A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	3. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	4. Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4 and 5)	5. Amount of Securities Beneficially Owned Following Reported Transaction(s) (Instr. 3 and 4)	6. Ownership Form: Direct (D) or Indirect (I) (Instr. 4)	7. Nature of Indirect Ownership (Instr. 4)
			Code	V	Amount	(A) or (D)	Price
Common Stock	11/06/2013		P		221,487 (1)	A	\$ 57.68 (2)
					1,404,256	(3)	I
					5,089,543	(4)	I
					4,485	(5)	D

By TAFE  
Motors and  
Tractors  
Limited

By Tractors  
and Farm  
Equipment  
Limited

Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially owned directly or indirectly.

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SEC 1474  
(9-02)

**Table II - Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned**  
(e.g., puts, calls, warrants, options, convertible securities)

1. Title of Derivative Security (Instr. 3)	2. Conversion or Exercise Price of Derivative Security	3. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	3A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	4. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	5. Number of Derivative Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4, and 5)	6. Date Exercisable and Expiration Date (Month/Day/Year)	7. Title and Amount of Underlying Securities (Instr. 3 and 4)	8. Price of Derivative Security (Instr. 5)	9. Number of Derivative Securities Beneficially Owned (Instr. 6)
				Code	V (A) (D)	Date Exercisable	Expiration Date	Title	Amount or Number of Shares

## Reporting Owners

Reporting Owner Name / Address	Relationships			
	Director	10% Owner	Officer	Other
SRINIVASAN MALLIKA TRACTORS AND FARM EQUIPMENT LIMITED NO. 35 NUNGAMBAKKAM HIGH ROAD CHENNAI, K7 600 034	X			

## Signatures

/s/ Matthew M. Lucas,  
Attorney-In-Fact

11/06/2013

\_\_Signature of Reporting Person Date

## Explanation of Responses:

- \* If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 4(b)(v).
- \*\* Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute Federal Criminal Violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 78ff(a).
- (1) Shares were purchased pursuant to a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan entered into by Tractors and Farm Equipment Limited ("TAFE") and TAFE Motors and Tractors Limited ("TMTL") on August 26, 2013.
- (2) The price reported in Column 4 is a weighted average price. These shares were purchased in multiple transactions at prices ranging from \$57.47 to \$58.00. The reporting person undertakes to provide to AGCO Corporation, any security holder of AGCO Corporation, or the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission, upon request, full information regarding the number of shares purchased at each separate price within the range set forth in this footnote (2).

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(3) TMTL is a wholly-owned subsidiary of TAFE. The reporting person is an officer of TMTL and is a beneficial owner of certain equity securities of TMTL. The reporting person disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares reported in Column 5 of this row except to the extent of the reporting person's beneficial ownership of equity securities of TMTL, and this report shall not be deemed an admission that the reporting person is the beneficial owner of such shares for purposes of Section 16 or for any other purpose.

(4) The reporting person is an officer of TAFE and is a beneficial owner of certain equity securities of TAFE. The reporting person disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares reported in Column 5 of this row except to the extent of the reporting person's beneficial ownership of equity securities of TAFE, and this report shall not be deemed an admission that the reporting person is the beneficial owner of such shares for purposes of Section 16 or for any other purpose.

(5) These shares reflect awards under the AGCO Corporation 2006 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan.

Note: File three copies of this Form, one of which must be manually signed. If space is insufficient, see Instruction 6 for procedure.

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34

Interest expense

\*

(105  
)

(100  
)

(207  
)

(212  
)

Loss on impairment of investments

—

—

(24  
)

—

Share in results from associated companies (net of tax)

58

97

97

110

(Loss)/gain on derivative financial instruments

\*

(60

Explanation of Responses:

)  
44  
(147  
)  
(137  
)  
Net gain on debt extinguishment  
47  
—  
47  
—  
Foreign exchange gain/(loss)  
10  
(22  
)  
(5  
)  
28  
Gain on sale of tender rig business  
—  
22  
—  
22  
Other financial items and other income, net  
\*  
2  
26  
15  
42

Total financial items and other (expense) and income, net

(32  
)

84

(188  
)

(113  
)

Income before income taxes

332

468

504

974

Income tax expense

(56  
)

(45  
)

(140  
)

(103  
)

Net income

276

423

364

871

Net income attributable to the non-controlling interest

16

44

Explanation of Responses:

30

65

Net income attributable to the parent

260

379

334

806

Basic earnings per share (US dollar)

0.52

0.77

0.67

1.63

Diluted earnings per share (US dollar)

0.52

0.77

0.67

1.63

\* Includes transactions with related parties. Refer to Note 17.

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Seadrill Limited

## UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In \$ millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2016	2015	June 30, 2016	2015
Net income	276	423	364	871
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax:				
Change in unrealized gain/(loss) on marketable securities, net	50	10	12	(120)
Other than temporary impairment of marketable securities, reclassification to statement of operations	—	—	11	—
Change in unrealized foreign exchange differences	—	—	—	(10 )
Change in actuarial gain relating to pension	—	11	6	21
Change in unrealized loss on interest rate swaps in VIEs and subsidiaries	—	1	(2 )	—
Share of other comprehensive loss from associated companies	(3 )	—	(10 )	—
Other comprehensive income/(loss):	47	22	17	(109)
Total comprehensive income for the period	323	445	381	762
Comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interest	16	48	30	71
Comprehensive income attributable to the parent	307	397	351	691

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Seadrill Limited

## UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015

(In \$ millions)	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,287	1,044
Restricted cash	96	50
Marketable securities	141	96
Accounts receivables, net	727	718
Amount due from related parties	470	639
Other current assets	335	395
Total current assets	3,056	2,942
Non-current assets		
Investment in associated companies	2,656	2,590
Marketable securities	—	228
Newbuildings	1,507	1,479
Drilling units	14,637	14,930
Restricted cash	35	198
Deferred tax assets	84	81
Equipment	44	46
Amount due from related parties non-current	550	517
Assets held for sale - non-current	128	128
Other non-current assets	319	331
Total non-current assets	19,960	20,528
Total assets	23,016	23,470
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities		
Current portion of long-term debt	2,347	1,489
Trade accounts payable	158	141
Short-term amounts due to related parties	144	152
Other current liabilities	1,666	1,684
Total current liabilities	4,315	3,466
Non-current liabilities		
Long-term debt	7,717	9,054
Long-term debt due to related parties	337	438
Deferred tax liabilities	161	136
Other non-current liabilities	165	401
Total non-current liabilities	8,380	10,029
Equity		
Common shares of par value \$2.00 per share: 800,000,000 shares authorized 508,763,020 outstanding at June 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015, 492,759,940)	1,016	985
Additional paid in capital	3,300	3,275
Contributed surplus	1,956	1,956

Explanation of Responses:



Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(103 )	(120 )
Retained earnings	3,615	3,275
Total shareholders' equity	9,784	9,371
Non-controlling interest	537	604
Total equity	10,321	9,975
Total liabilities and equity	23,016	23,470

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Seadrill Limited

## UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In \$ millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net income	364	871
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	393	390
Amortization of deferred loan charges	21	19
Amortization of unfavorable contracts	(42 )	(74 )
Gain on sale of tender rig business	—	(22 )
Share of results from associated companies	(97 )	(112)
Share-based compensation expense	3	4
Gain on disposals and deconsolidations	—	(111)
Contingent consideration realized	(10 )	(10 )
Unrealized loss related to derivative financial instruments	74	14
Loss on impairment of investments	24	—
Dividends received from associated companies	42	126
Deferred income tax	22	(13 )
Unrealized foreign exchange loss/(gain) on long-term debt	17	(39 )
Payments for long-term maintenance	(48 )	(40 )
Net gain on debt extinguishment	(47 )	—
Other, net	(1 )	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effect of acquisitions and disposals		
Trade accounts receivable	(9 )	149
Trade accounts payable	(2 )	(27 )
Prepaid expenses/acrued revenue	6	(12 )
Deferred revenue	(85 )	(42 )
Related party receivables	(22 )	59
Related party payables	(7 )	(164)
Other assets	37	(13 )
Other liabilities	(36 )	(54 )
Net cash provided by operating activities	597	899

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Seadrill Limited

## UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In \$ millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 2015	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Additions to newbuildings	(28 )	(528 )
Additions to drilling units and equipment	(48 )	(200 )
Proceeds from contingent consideration	64	4
Refund of yard installments	26	—
Sale of business, net of cash disposed	—	1,183
Change in restricted cash	(44 )	87
Investment in associated companies	(16 )	(164 )
Loans granted to related parties	(89 )	(304 )
Payments received from loans granted to related parties	197	22
Proceeds from disposal of marketable securities	195	—
Net cash provided by investing activities	257	100
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from debt and revolving line of credit	—	1,050
Repayments of debt and revolving line of credit	(542 )	(1,945)
Debt fees paid	(21 )	(11 )
Repayments of debt to related party	(49 )	—
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(7 )	(7 )
Net cash used in financing activities	(619 )	(913 )
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	8	1
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	243	87
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	1,044	831
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	1,287	918

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Explanation of Responses:

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Seadrill Limited

## UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In \$ millions)	Common shares	Additional paid-in capital	Contributed surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Retained earnings	Total equity before NCI	NCI	Total equity
Balance at December 31, 2014	985	3,258	1,956	(448 )	4,013	9,764	626	10,390
Sale and purchase of treasury shares, net	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	10
Share based compensation charge	—	4	—	—	—	4	—	4
Other comprehensive (loss)/income	—	—	—	(115 )	—	(115 )	6	(109 )
Dividend to Non-controlling interests in VIEs	—	—	—	—	—	—	(7 )	(7 )
Net income	—	—	—	—	806	806	65	871
Balance at June 30, 2015	985	3,272	1,956	(563 )	4,819	10,469	690	11,159
Balance at December 31, 2015	985	3,275	1,956	(120 )	3,275	9,371	604	9,975
Share-based compensation charge	—	—	—	—	4	4	—	4
Historical stock option reclassification	—	(2 )	—	—	2	—	—	—
Bond conversion	31	27	—	—	—	58	—	58
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	17	—	17	—	17
Dividend to Non-controlling interests in VIEs	—	—	—	—	—	—	(97 )	(97 )
Net income	—	—	—	—	334	334	30	364
Balance at June 30, 2016	1,016	3,300	1,956	(103 )	3,615	9,784	537	10,321

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Seadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 1 – General information

Seadrill Limited is incorporated in Bermuda and is a publicly listed company on the New York Stock Exchange and the Oslo Stock Exchange. We provide offshore drilling services to the oil and gas industry. As of June 30, 2016 we owned and operated 38 offshore drilling units, had 13 units under construction and an additional unit classified as held for sale. Our fleet consists of drillships, jack-up rigs and semi-submersible rigs for operations in shallow and deepwater areas, as well as benign and harsh environments.

As used herein, and unless otherwise required by the context, the term "Seadrill" refers to Seadrill Limited and the terms "Company", "we", "Group", "our" and words of similar import refer to Seadrill and its consolidated companies. The use herein of such terms as group, organization, we, us, our and its, or references to specific entities, is not intended to be a precise description of corporate relationships.

#### Basis of presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the Company's audited financial statements and, in the opinion of management, include all material adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments that are considered necessary for a fair statement of the Company's financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("US GAAP"). The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the disclosures required in complete annual financial statements. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with our annual financial statements filed with the SEC on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2015. The amounts are presented in United States dollar ("US dollar") rounded to the nearest million, unless stated otherwise.

#### Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the unaudited interim financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of our annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015 except as discussed below or unless otherwise included in these unaudited interim financial statements as separate disclosures.

#### Dividends from Seadrill Partners Common Units

Historically the Company presented the dividend income received from Seadrill Partners Common Units within "Share in results from associated companies". From the period ended September 30, 2015, the Company has elected to present this income separately within "Other financial items" in order to distinguish the income from Seadrill Partners Common Units, which is accounted for as a "Marketable Security", to income from the Company's other investments in Seadrill Partners, which are accounted for as "Investment in associated companies" under the equity method and cost method. Accordingly the Company has re-presented income of \$18 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and \$37 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 from "Share in results from associated companies" to "Other financial items" on the statement of operations.

### Note 2 – Recent Accounting Pronouncements

#### Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis, which changes guidance related to both the variable interest entity (VIE) and voting interest entity (VOE) consolidation models. With respect to the VIE model, the standard changes, among other things, the identification of variable interests associated with fees paid to a decision maker or service provider, the VIE characteristics for a

Explanation of Responses:

limited partner or similar entity, and the primary beneficiary determination. With respect to the VOE model, the ASU eliminates the presumption that a general partner controls a limited partnership or similar entity unless the presumption can otherwise be overcome. Under the new guidance, a general partner would largely not consolidate a partnership or similar entity under the VOE model. The Company adopted this ASU effective January 1, 2016. The adoption of this ASU did not impact the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-05, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other - Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Customer's Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangement, which provides explicit guidance about a customer's accounting for fees paid in a cloud computing arrangement. Under the ASU, if a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license, then the software license element of the arrangement should be accounted for consistent with the acquisition of other software licenses. If a cloud computing arrangement does not include a software license, the arrangement should be accounted for as a service contract. The Company adopted this ASU prospectively to arrangements entered into, or materially modified beginning January 1, 2016. The adoption of this ASU did not impact the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-16, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments. The amendments in this update require that an acquirer recognize adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined. The guidance further requires that the acquirer record, in the same period's financial statements, the effect on earnings of changes in depreciation, amortization, or other income effects, if any, as a result of the change to the provisional amounts, calculated as if the accounting had been completed at the acquisition date and present separately on the face of the income statement or disclose in the notes the portion of the amount recorded in current-period earnings by line item that would have been recorded in previous reporting periods if the adjustment to the provisional amounts had been recognized as of the acquisition date. The Company adopted this ASU effective January 1, 2016 with prospective application. The adoption of this ASU did not impact the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

#### Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which provides new authoritative guidance on the methods of revenue recognition and related disclosure requirements. This new standard supersedes all existing revenue recognition requirements, including most industry-specific guidance. The new standard requires a company to recognize revenue when it transfers goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration that the company expects to receive for those goods or services. The new standard also requires additional qualitative and quantitative disclosures. In April 2015 the FASB proposed to defer the effective date of the guidance by one year. Based on this proposal, public entities would need to apply the new guidance for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and shall be applied, at the Company's option, retrospectively to each period presented or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. Early adoption is not permitted until periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this standard update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

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Seadrill Limited

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern, which provides new authoritative guidance with regards to management's responsibility to assess an entity's ability to continue as a going concern, and to provide related footnote disclosures in certain circumstances. The ASU will be effective for all entities in the first annual period ending after December 15, 2016 (December 31, 2016 for calendar year-end entities) and early adoption is permitted. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this standard update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments—Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, which made targeted improvements to the recognition and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities. The update changes how entities measure equity investments that do not result in consolidation and are not accounted for under the equity method and how they present changes in the fair value of financial liabilities measured under the fair value option that are attributable to their own credit. The new guidance also changes certain disclosure requirements and other aspects of current US GAAP. The guidance will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years and early adoption is permitted in some cases. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this standard update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). The update requires an entity to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities on its balance sheet and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. It also offers specific accounting guidance for a lessee, a lessor and sale and leaseback transactions. Lessees and lessors are required to disclose qualitative and quantitative information about leasing arrangements to enable a user of the financial statements to assess the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The guidance will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years and early adoption is permitted. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this standard update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-07, Investments-Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Simplifying the Transition to the Equity Method of Accounting. The update eliminates the requirement that an investor retrospectively apply equity method accounting when an investment that it had accounted for by another method initially qualifies for use of the equity method. The guidance will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years and early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net). The update clarifies principal vs agent accounting of the new revenue standard. The guidance will be effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and shall be applied, at the Company's option, retrospectively to each period presented or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. Early adoption is not permitted until periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this standard update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. The update simplifies the accounting for share based payment transactions. The guidance will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years and early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this



standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing. The update provide more clarification about identifying performance obligations and licensing. The guidance will be effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and shall be applied, at the Company's option, retrospectively to each period presented or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. Early adoption is not permitted until periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this standard update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients. The update provide some further guidance on assessing the collectability criteria, presentation of sales tax and other similar taxes collected from customers, noncash considerations and certain other matters related to transition and technical corrections. The guidance will be effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and shall be applied, at the Company's option, retrospectively to each period presented or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. Early adoption is not permitted until periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this standard update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments, which revises guidance for the accounting for credit losses on financial instruments within its scope. The new standard introduces an approach, based on expected losses, to estimate credit losses on certain types of financial instruments and modifies the impairment model for available-for-sale debt securities. The guidance will be effective January 1, 2020, with early adoption permitted. Entities are required to apply the standard's provisions as a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the first reporting period in which the guidance is adopted. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this standard update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

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## Sadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 3 – Segment information

## Operating segments

The Company provides offshore drilling services to the oil and gas industry. Our business has been organized into segments based on differences in management structure and reporting, economic characteristics, customer base, asset class, and contract structure. We currently operate in the following segments:

**Floater:** Services encompassing drilling, completion and maintenance of offshore exploration and production wells. The drilling contracts for this segment relate to semi-submersible rigs and drillships for harsh and benign environments in mid-, deep- and ultra-deep waters.

**Jack-up rigs:** Services encompassing drilling, completion and maintenance of offshore exploration and production wells. The drilling contracts for this segment relate to jack-up rigs for operations in harsh and benign environments.

**Other:** Primarily consists of rig management services.

Segment results are evaluated on the basis of operating profit, and the information given below is based on information used for internal management reporting. The accounting principles for the segments are the same as for our consolidated financial statements.

## Total revenue

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
(In \$ millions)	June 30,		June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Floaters	610	786	1,226	1,618
Jack-up rigs	234	328	480	705
Other	24	33	53	68
Total	868	1,147	1,759	2,391

## Depreciation and amortization

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
(In \$ millions)	June 30,		June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Floater	142	142	290	283
Jack-up rigs	51	50	103	107
Total	193	192	393	390

## Operating income - Net Income

(In \$ millions)	Three Months	Six Months Ended
------------------	-----------------	---------------------

Explanation of Responses:

	Ended June 30,		June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Floaters	270	257	507	633
Jack-up rigs	92	123	178	448
Other	2	4	7	6
Operating income	364	384	692	1,087
Unallocated items:				
Total financial items and other	(32 )	84	(188)	(113 )
Income taxes	(56 )	(45 )	(140)	(103 )
Net Income	276	423	364	871

## Drilling Units and Newbuildings - Total Assets

	As of	
	June 30,	As of December
(In \$ millions)	2016	31, 2015
Floaters	12,003	12,189
Jack-up rigs	4,141	4,220
Total Drilling Units and Newbuildings	16,144	16,409

Unallocated items:		
Assets held for sale	128	128
Investments in associated companies	2,656	2,590
Marketable securities	141	324
Cash and restricted cash	1,418	1,292
Other assets	2,529	2,727
Total Assets	23,016	23,470

## Capital expenditures – fixed assets

	Six Months Ended	
(In \$ millions)	June 30,	June 30,
	2016	2015
Floaters	104	715
Jack-up rigs	20	60
Total	124	775

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## Seadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 4 - (Loss)/gain on disposals and contingent consideration

(In \$ millions)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015	Six Months Ended June 30, 2015
(Loss)/gain on disposals		
Loss on disposal of West Polaris to Seadrill Partners	— (75 )	— (75 )
Gain on SeaMex deconsolidation	— —	— 186
Total (Loss)/gain on disposals	— (75 )	— 111
Contingent Consideration realized - \$'m		
Polaris earn out realized	2 2	4 2
Vela earn out realized	3 4	6 8
Total Contingent Consideration recognized	5 6	10 10

Period ended June 30, 2016

Nothing to report for this period.

Year ended December 31, 2015

## West Rigel

On December 2, 2015, the West Rigel was classified as an Asset held for sale. As at the transfer date the West Rigel held assets at its book value of \$210 million and a loss on disposal of \$82 million was recognized. Please refer to Note 20 for more details. The expected recoverable value of \$128 million is classified as an Asset held for sale on the Balance Sheet for the period ended June 30, 2016.

## Cancellation of the West Mira

On September 14, 2015, the Company cancelled the construction contract for the West Mira with Hyundai Samho Heavy Industries Co Ltd. ("HSHI"), due to the Shipyard's inability to deliver the unit within the timeframe required under the contract. The carrying value of the newbuild at the date of cancellation was \$315 million, which included \$170 million of pre-delivery installments paid to HSHI, with the remainder relating to purchased equipment, internally capitalized construction costs and capitalized interest. Under the contract terms, the Company has the right to recoup the \$170 million in pre-delivery installments, plus accrued interest.

On October 12, 2015, HSHI launched arbitration proceedings under the contract. HSHI have claimed that Seadrill's cancellation was a repudiatory breach and claim they were due various extensions of time. The Company refutes this vigorously, and believes it has the contractual right to recover the \$170 million in pre-delivery installments, plus accrued interest and legal costs. The recovery is however now not expected until the conclusion of an arbitration process under English law, which is expected to take up to two years.

Based both on management's assessment of the facts and circumstances, and advice from external counsel, who have been engaged for the arbitration process, the Company believes the recovery of the installment, plus accrued interest,

Explanation of Responses:

is probable, as defined by US GAAP. As such, the Company has reclassified from "Newbuildings", a receivable of \$170 million plus accrued interest of \$29 million, which is presented in "Other non-current assets" on the balance sheet. The Company will continue to assess the recoverability throughout the arbitration process.

The Company redeployed a portion of equipment, totaling \$48 million, within Seadrill's remaining fleet, and did not write off these amounts. The resulting net loss on disposal recognized was \$80 million, which is included in "(Loss)/gain on disposals" in the Statement of Operations.

	As at
	September
(In \$ millions)	14, 2015
West Mira book value	315
Less: equipment redeployed	(48 )
Net book value disposed	267
Less: Yard Installments recoverable	(170 )
Less: interest accrued on installment	(29 )
Provisions for onerous commitments	12
Net Loss on disposal	80

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Seadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Disposal of the West Polaris

On June 19, 2015, the Company sold the entities that owned and operated the West Polaris (the "Polaris business"), to Seadrill Operating LP ("Seadrill Operating"), a consolidated subsidiary of Seadrill Partners LLC and 42% owned by the Company. The entities continue to be related parties subsequent to the sale.

The purchase price consisted of an initial enterprise value of \$540 million, less debt assumed of \$336 million. The fair value of consideration recognized on disposal was \$235 million, which comprised of \$204 million of cash consideration, and a working capital adjustment of \$31 million, due to the net working capital of the Polaris business being greater than the required working capital prescribed in the sale and purchase agreement.

Additional contingent consideration in the form of a seller's credit of \$50 million is also potentially due from Seadrill Partners in 2021, which will carry interest at a rate of 6.5% per annum. The repayment of the seller's credit is contingent on the future re-contracted day rate. During the 3 year period following the completion of the current customer contract, the final amount payable will be adjusted downwards to the extent the average re-contracted operating day rate (net of commissions), adjusted for utilization, over the period, is less than \$450 thousand per day. If the rig is off contract during this period, the reduction is equal to \$450 thousand per day.

In addition, the Company may be entitled to receive further contingent consideration from Seadrill Partners, consisting of (a) any day rates earned by Seadrill Partners in excess of \$450 thousand per day, adjusted for daily utilization, tax and agency commission for the remainder of the ExxonMobil contract completing in March 2018 and (b) 50% of any day rate earned above \$450 thousand per day, adjusted for daily utilization, tax and agency commission fee after the conclusion of the existing contract until 2025. In February 2016, the drilling contract with ExxonMobil was amended such that the day rate for the West Polaris was reduced from \$653 thousand per day to \$490 thousand per day, effective January 1, 2016.

The Company's accounting policy is not to recognize contingent consideration before it is considered realizable and has therefore not recognized on disposal any amounts receivable relating to the elements of consideration which are contingent on future events. From the disposal date of the West Polaris on June 19, 2015 to June 30, 2016, the Company has recognized \$36 million in contingent consideration, as it became realized, within "Contingent consideration realized" included within operating income.

The loss recognized at the time of disposal of the Polaris business was \$75 million, after taking into account a goodwill allocation of \$41 million. The loss has been presented in our consolidated statement of operations, under "(Loss)/gain on disposals" included within operating income and attributable to floaters segment.

	As at
	June
	19,
(In \$ millions)	2015
Initial enterprise value	540
Less: Debt assumed	(336)
Initial purchase price	204

Plus: Working capital adjustment	31
Adjusted initial purchase price	235
Cash	204
Plus: Working capital receivable	31
Fair value of purchase consideration recognized on disposal	235
Less: net carrying value of assets and liabilities	(269)
Less: allocated goodwill to subsidiaries	(41 )
Initial loss on disposal recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2015	(75 )
Measurement period adjustments *	(2 )
Loss on disposal recognized for the year ended December 31, 2015	(77 )
Contingent consideration realized since disposal	36

Under the terms of various agreements between Seadrill and Seadrill Partners LLC, entered into in connection with the initial public offering of Seadrill Partners LLC, Seadrill will continue to provide management, technical and administrative services to the Polaris business. See further discussion in Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements for details of these services and agreements.

The sale of the Polaris business does not qualify for reporting as a discontinued operation as the sale of the Polaris business is not considered to represent a strategic shift expected to have a major effect on the Company's operations and financial results.

During the second half of 2015, subsequent to the deconsolidation, certain immaterial measurement period \*adjustments were made to the values of the net assets as at the date of disposal, which increased the initial loss recognized by \$2 million.

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## Seadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## SeaMex Limited

During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company entered into a joint venture agreement with an investment fund controlled by Fintech Advisory Inc. ("Fintech"), for the purpose of owning and managing certain jack-up drilling units located in Mexico under contract with Pemex. The West Oberon, West Intrepid, West Defender, West Courageous and West Titania jack-up drilling rigs ("the jack-up drilling rigs") were included within the joint venture. The transaction was completed on March 10, 2015, when Fintech subscribed for a 50% ownership interest in the joint venture company, SeaMex Limited ("SeaMex"), which was previously 100% owned by the Company, and SeaMex simultaneously purchased the jack-up drilling rigs from Seadrill Limited.

As a result of the transaction the Company no longer controls the entities that own and operate these jack-up drilling units (the "Disposal Group"), and accordingly the Company has deconsolidated certain entities as of March 10, 2015, and has recognized its remaining 50% investment in the joint venture at fair value. The fair value of the retained 50% equity interest in the SeaMex joint venture was determined by reference to the price paid by Fintech to obtain a 50% equity interest in the disposal group from Seadrill. Seadrill accounts for its 50% investment in the joint venture under the Equity Method.

Total consideration in respect of the Disposal Group was \$1,077 million from SeaMex to Seadrill. This was comprised of net cash of \$586 million, a Seller's credit receivable of \$250 million, short term related party receivable balances of \$90 million and direct settlement of Seadrill's debt facilities relating to the West Oberon amounting to \$150 million. Subsequently, \$162 million of related party balance was received when the West Titania was refinanced. The Seller's credit bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus a margin of 6.50% and matures in December 2019. See Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements for further details on the related party balances.

Seadrill utilized the cash consideration to repay outstanding debt facilities in respect of the West Courageous, West Defender, West Intrepid and West Titania. See further details in Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

The total recognized gain on disposal was \$186 million, after taking into account a goodwill allocation of \$49 million, which has been presented in our consolidated statement of operations, under "(Loss)/gain on disposals" included within operating income.

The Company has not presented this disposal group as a discontinued operation in the statement of operations as it does not represent a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on the Company's operations and financial results.

(In \$ millions)	As at March 10, 2015
<b>FAIR VALUE OF CONSIDERATION RECEIVED</b>	
Net cash consideration received	749
Seller's credit recognized	250
Direct repayment of debt by the JV on behalf of Seadrill	150
Consideration receivable in respect of West Titania	162
Other related party balances payable	(71 )
Cash paid to acquire 50% interest in the JV	(163 )
Fair value of consideration received	1,077



FAIR VALUE OF RETAINED 50% INVESTMENT IN SEAMEX LIMITED	163
CARRYING VALUE OF NET ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	40
Deferred tax assets - short term	8
Other current assets	20
Total current assets	68
Non-current assets	
Drilling units	969
Deferred tax asset - long term	4
Other non-current assets	86
Goodwill	49
Total non-current assets	1,108
Total assets	1,176
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Trade accounts payable	(1 )
Other current liabilities	(61 )
Total current liabilities	(62 )
Non-current liabilities	
Other non-current liabilities	(60 )
Total non-current liabilities	(60 )
Total liabilities	(122 )
Carrying value of net assets	1,054
Initial gain on disposal recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2015	186
Measurement period adjustments *	(5 )
Gain on disposal recognized for the year ended December 31, 2015	181

In connection with the JV agreement, SeaMex entered into a management support agreement with Seadrill Management Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, pursuant to which Seadrill Management Ltd. provides SeaMex with certain management and administrative services. The services provided by Seadrill Management Ltd. are charged at cost plus management fee of 8% of Seadrill's costs and expenses incurred in connection with providing these services. The agreement can be terminated by SeaMex by providing 120 days written notice.

During the second half of 2015, subsequent to the deconsolidation, certain immaterial measurement period \*adjustments were made to the values of the net assets as at the date of deconsolidation, which reduced the initial gain recognized by \$5 million.

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Seadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 5 – Taxation

The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was 27.8% and 10.6%, respectively. The income tax expense increased \$37 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2015. The increase is primarily attributable to a change in balance of the relative components of our estimated 2016 earnings, with more earned in jurisdictions with higher tax rates. In addition, book discrete losses, for which no benefits were recognized, were higher during 2016. The Company has also recognized liabilities for uncertain tax positions associated with prior periods.

## Note 6 – Earnings per share

The computation of basic earnings per share ("EPS") is based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS includes the effect of the assumed conversion of potentially dilutive instruments.

The components of the numerator for the calculation of basic and diluted EPS are as follows:

(In \$ millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2016	2015	June 30, 2016	2015
Net income attributable to the parent	260	379	334	806
Less: Allocation to participating securities	(2 )	(1 )	(2 )	(2 )
Net income available to shareholders	258	378	332	804
Effect of dilution	—	—	—	—
Diluted net income available to shareholders	258	378	332	804

The components of the denominator for the calculation of basic and diluted EPS are as follows:

(In \$ millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2016	2015	June 30, 2016	2015
Basic earnings per share:				
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	498	493	496	493
Diluted earnings per share:				
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	498	493	496	493
Effect of dilutive share options	—	—	—	—
Effect of dilutive convertible bonds	—	—	—	—
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding adjusted for the effects of dilution	498	493	496	493
Basic earnings per share (US dollar)	0.52	0.77	0.67	1.63
Diluted earnings per share (US dollar)	0.52	0.77	0.67	1.63

Explanation of Responses:

## Note 7 – Marketable securities

The historic cost of marketable securities is marked to market, with changes in fair value recognized in "Other comprehensive income" ("OCI").

Marketable securities held by the Company are equity securities considered to be available-for-sale securities. The following tables summarize the carrying values of the marketable securities in the balance sheet:

(In \$ millions)	As at June 30, 2016		Carrying value
	Amortized cost	Cumulative unrealized fair value gains/(losses)	
SapuraKencana	—	—	—
Seadrill Partners - Common Units	247	(106)	141
Total	247	(106)	141

(In \$ millions)	As at December 31, 2015		Carrying value
	Amortized cost	Cumulative unrealized fair value gains/(losses)	
SapuraKencana	206	22	228
Seadrill Partners - Common Units	247	(151)	96
Total	453	(129)	324

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## Seadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Marketable securities and changes in their carrying value are as follows:

(In \$ millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2016						
	Gross realized gains	Gross realized losses	Gross Unrealized gains	Gross Unrealized losses	Gross proceeds from disposals	Recognition and purchases	Gain/(loss) reclassified into income
SapuraKencana	—	—	—	(33)	195	—	(11)
Seadrill Partners - Common Units	—	—	45	—	—	—	—
Total	—	—	45	(33)	195	—	(11)

(In \$ millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2015						
	Gross realized gains	Gross realized losses	Gross Unrealized gains	Gross Unrealized losses	Gross proceeds from disposals	Recognition and purchases	Gain/(loss) reclassified into income
SapuraKencana	—	—	—	(18)	—	—	—
Seadrill Partners - Common Units	—	—	—	(102)	—	—	—
Total	—	—	—	(120)	—	—	—

SapuraKencana

On April 27, 2016, the Company sold its entire shareholding in SapuraKencana for proceeds of \$195 million, net of transaction costs. In the period ending March 31, 2016 we recognized a net impairment charge to bring the carrying value of the asset to the realized value of \$195 million. As a result, we reclassified the accumulated unrecognized gains of \$22 million as of December 31, 2015, out of Other Comprehensive Income into earnings during the period. The resulting net impairment was a loss of \$11 million, which is recognized within "Loss on impairments of investments" in the Statement of Operations.

Seadrill Partners - Common Units

The Company's ownership interest in Seadrill Partners' common units is 28.6% of total outstanding units as of June 30, 2016.

Seadrill deconsolidated Seadrill Partners in January 2014, recognizing its investment in common units at market value of \$30.60. Seadrill also purchased further units in 2014 at a similar price. From October 2014 the share price began to fall to a position as at June 30, 2016, where the market price was at \$5.37.

Following the \$574 million other than temporary impairment of the Seadrill Partners investment made in September 2015, the market price of Common Units continues to be below book value. However, the market price for June 30, 2016 of \$5.37 is an increase on the price as at December 31, 2015, thus resulting in a half-year marked to market gains of \$45 million. This has been recognized in accumulated Other Comprehensive Income for the six months ended June 30, 2016. We have evaluated the near term prospects of our investment in Seadrill Partners in relation to the market volatility and market down turn. Based on that evaluation and our ability and intent to hold the investment for a reasonable period of time sufficient for a forecasted recovery of fair value, we do not consider the investment to be

other than temporarily impaired as at June 30, 2016.

Note 8 – Investment in associated companies

The Company has the following investments that are recorded using the equity method and cost method for the periods presented in these financial statements:

	June	December
(In \$ millions)	30,	31,
	2016	2015
Seabras Sapura Participacoes	33	29
Seabras Sapura Holdco	181	158
Itaunas Drilling	—	3
Camburi Drilling	—	6
Sahy Drilling	—	4
Sadrill Partners - Total direct ownership interests	1,790	1,767
Sadrill Partners - Subordinated Units	309	293
Sadrill Partners - Sadrill member interest and IDRs*	137	137
SeaMex Ltd	206	193
Total	2,656	2,590

\*The Sadrill Partners - Sadrill member interest and IDRs are accounted for as cost-method investments on the basis that they do not represent common stock interests and their fair value is not readily determinable. The investments are held at cost and not subsequently remeasured.

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## Seadrill Limited

### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Seadrill Partners

### Equity method investments

The Company holds investments, both in subordinated units of Seadrill Partners and direct ownership interests in controlled subsidiaries of Seadrill Partners, which are accounted for under the equity method. The fair value of these investments is not readily determinable, as they are not publicly traded. These investments were recognized at fair value on the deconsolidation of Seadrill Partners in January 2014, using valuations involving significant unobservable inputs, and categorized at level 3 on the fair value hierarchy.

During the third quarter of 2015, due to the deteriorating market conditions in the offshore drilling industry, the carrying value of the subordinated units was found to exceed the fair value by \$125 million, and the carrying value of the direct ownership interests was found to exceed the fair value by \$302 million. The company recognized an other than temporary impairment of the investments within "Loss on impairment of Investments" in the Statement of Operations for the period ended September 30, 2015.

### Cost method investments

The Company also holds the Seadrill member interest, which is a 0% non-economic interest, and which holds the rights to 100% of the Incentive Distribution Rights "IDRs" of Seadrill Partners. The Seadrill Member Interest and the IDRs in Seadrill Partners are accounted for as cost-method investments on the basis that they do not represent common stock interests and their fair value is not readily determinable. The fair value of the Company's interest in the Seadrill Member and the attached IDRs at deconsolidation in January 2014, was determined using a Monte Carlo simulation method ("Monte Carlo model"). The method takes into account the cash distribution waterfall, historical volatility, estimated dividend yield and share price of the common units as of the deconsolidation date.

During the third quarter of 2015, due to the deteriorating market conditions in the offshore drilling industry, the Company recognized an other than temporary impairment of \$106 million. The company recognized this impairment within "Loss on impairment of Investments" in the Statement of Operations for the period ended September 30, 2015.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016 Seadrill Partners' unit price has since increased from \$3.65 at December 31, 2015 to \$5.37 at June 30, 2016. We have evaluated the near term prospects of our investment in Seadrill Partners in relation to the market volatility and market down turn. Based on that evaluation and our ability and intent to hold the investment for a reasonable period of time sufficient for a forecasted recovery of fair value, we do not consider the investment to be other than temporarily impaired as at June 30, 2016.

## SeaMex Limited

During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company entered into a joint venture agreement with an investment fund controlled by Fintech, for the purpose of owning and managing certain jack-up drilling units located in Mexico under contract with Pemex. The West Oberon, West Intrepid, West Defender, West Courageous and West Titania jack-up drilling rigs were included within the joint venture. The transaction was completed on March 10, 2015, when Fintech subscribed for a 50% ownership interest in SeaMex, which was previously 100% owned by the Company, and the jack-up drilling rigs were acquired by SeaMex from Seadrill.

As a result of the transaction the Company no longer controls the entities that own and operate these jack-up drilling rigs, and accordingly the Company deconsolidated these entities as of March 10, 2015, and recognized its retained 50% investment in the joint venture at fair value. See Note 4 to the Financial Statements for further details.

## Itaunas Drilling, Camburi Drilling, and Sahy Drilling

Itaunas Drilling BV, Camburi Drilling BV and Sahy Drilling BV are joint ventures which are currently constructing three drillships. The joint ventures are owned 70% by Sete International (a subsidiary of Sete Brasil Participacoes SA) and 30% by the Company. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, due to the deteriorating market conditions in the offshore drilling industry, the uncertainty around the financial condition of Sete Brasil Participacoes SA, and the uncertainty around the recoverability of the investments, the Company recognized an other than temporary impairment of \$13 million to write down the value of these investments to nil. The company has recognized this impairment within "Loss on impairment of Investments" in the Statement of Operations.

## Note 9 – Newbuildings

	Six months ended June 30, 2016	Year ended December 31, 2015	
(In \$ millions)			
Opening balance	1,479	2,030	
Additions	28	661	
Transfers to drilling units	—	(725)	)
Reclassification to non-current assets*	—	(199)	)
Disposals*	—	(78)	)
Reclassification to assets held for sale**	—	(210)	)
Closing balance	1,507	1,479	

\* On September 14, 2015, the Company cancelled the construction contract for the West Mira with Hyundai Samho Heavy Industries Co Ltd. Please refer to Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, included herein, for more details.

\*\*On December 2, 2015, the West Rigel was classified as an Asset held for sale. As at the transfer date the West Rigel held assets at its book value of \$210 million. Please refer to Note 20 to the consolidated financial statements, included herein, for more details.

Seadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 10 – Drilling units

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
(In \$ millions)		
Cost	17,703	17,606
Accumulated depreciation	(3,066 )	(2,676 )
Net book value	14,637	14,930

Depreciation expense on drilling units was \$192 million and \$390 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, and \$188 million and \$383 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015.

In addition the depreciation expense on equipment was \$1 million and \$3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, and \$4 million and \$7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015.

## Note 11 – Goodwill

The goodwill balance and changes in the carrying amount of goodwill are as follows:

	Six months ended June 30, 2016	Year ended December 31, 2015
(In \$ millions)		
Opening balance		
Goodwill	795	836
Accumulated impairment losses	(795 )	(232 )
Total opening goodwill	—	604
Disposals and deconsolidations (see note 4)	—	(41 )
Impairment of goodwill	—	(563 )
Closing balance		
Goodwill	795	795
Accumulated impairment losses	(795 )	(795 )
Total closing goodwill	—	—

As at September 30, 2015, after a 43% decline in Seadrill closing spot price over a three month period, an impairment test was conducted. This resulted in the Company recognizing an impairment loss of \$563 million relating to the Floaters reporting unit which represented all of the Goodwill attributable to that reporting unit. Following the impairment the Company no longer retains any Goodwill balance. The impairment is a result of deteriorating market conditions and the Company's outlook on expected conditions through the current down-cycle. The impairment charge was allocated between the parent and non-controlling interests based upon the non-controlling interests' share



in each drilling unit within the Floater segment. The overall charge to the reporting unit was first allocated to each drilling unit based upon the relative fair values of those drilling units. The percentage non-controlling interest in each drilling unit was then applied to the allocated charge in order to determine the portion attributable to non-controlling interests. The total impairment allocated to the non-controlling interest was \$95 million.

The estimated fair value of the reporting unit was derived using an income approach, using discounted future free cash flows. The Company's estimated future free cash flows are primarily based on its expectations around day rates, drilling unit utilization, operating costs, capital and long term maintenance expenditures and applicable tax rates. The cash flows are estimated over the remaining useful economic lives of the assets but no longer than 30 years in total, and discounted using an estimated market participant weighted average cost of capital of 10%.

The assumptions used in the Company's estimated cash flows were derived from unobservable inputs (level 3) and are based on management's judgments and assumptions available at the time of performing the impairment test.

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## Seadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 12 – Debt

(In \$ millions)	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Credit facilities:		
\$2,000 facility (North Atlantic Drilling)	1,117	1,200
\$400 facility	220	240
\$440 facility	207	224
\$1,450 facility	373	393
\$360 facility (Asia Offshore Drilling)	255	273
\$300 facility	174	186
\$1,750 facility (Sevan Drilling)	1,015	1,085
\$450 facility	291	344
\$1,500 facility	1,281	1,344
\$1,350 facility	1,114	1,181
\$950 facility	655	688
\$450 facility (2015)	195	215
Total credit facilities	6,897	7,373
Loans contained within VIEs:		
\$375 facility	292	256
\$390 facility	260	221
\$475 facility	380	354
Total Loans contained within VIEs	932	831
Unsecured bonds:		
Unsecured bonds	2,295	2,381
Total unsecured bonds	2,295	2,381
Other credit facilities with corresponding restricted cash deposits	58	76
Total debt principal	10,182	10,661
Less: current portion of debt principal	(2,388 )	(1,526 )
Long-term portion of debt principal	7,794	9,135

The tables below show the debt issuance costs that are netted against the current and long-term debt for each of the periods presented:

## Outstanding debt as at June 30, 2016

(In \$ millions)	Principal outstanding	Less: Debt Issuance Costs	Total Debt
Current portion of long-term debt	2,388	(41 )	2,347
Long-term debt	7,794	(77 )	7,717

## Explanation of Responses:

Total	10,182	(118 )	10,064
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Outstanding debt as at December 31, 2015

(In \$ millions)	Principal outstanding	Less: Debt	
		Issuance Costs	Total Debt
Current portion of long-term debt	1,526	(37 )	1,489
Long-term debt	9,135	(81 )	9,054
Total	10,661	(118 )	10,543

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## Seadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The outstanding debt as of June 30, 2016 is repayable as follows:

(In \$ millions)	Year ended June 30,
2017	2,388
2018	2,403
2019	2,712
2020	2,106
2021	573
2022 and thereafter	—
Total debt principal	10,182

The Company routinely monitors the market for opportunities to strengthen its balance sheet and may from time take steps to do so, including making repurchases of its debt securities.

The movement in debt instruments above are largely due to scheduled principal repayments unless otherwise detailed below.

The significant developments relating to the Company's debt in the six months ended June 30, 2016 are explained below.

#### Bond conversion

In May 2016, Seadrill Limited entered into a privately negotiated exchange agreement with certain holders of its outstanding 5 <sup>5</sup>/<sub>8</sub>% (subsequently increased to 6.125%) Senior Notes due 2017 (the "2017 Notes"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue a total of 8,184,340 new shares of its common stock, par value \$2.00 per share, in exchange for \$55.0 million principal amount of the 2017 Notes in accordance with Section 3(a)(9) of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Settlement occurred on May 20, 2016, upon which the Company had a total of 500,944,280 shares of its common stock issued and outstanding.

In June 2016, Seadrill Limited entered into a privately negotiated exchange agreement with certain holders of its outstanding 5 <sup>5</sup>/<sub>8</sub>% (subsequently increased to 6.125%) Senior Notes due 2017 (the "2017 Notes"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue a total of 7,500,000 new shares of its common stock, par value \$2.00 per share, in exchange for \$50.0 million principal amount of the 2017 Notes in accordance with Section 3(a)(9) of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Settlement occurred on June 13, 2016, upon which the Company had a total of 508,444,280 shares of its common stock issued and outstanding.

As a result of the exchange the Company recorded a \$47 million gain on debt extinguishment which has been included within other financial items in the Company's consolidated statement of operations.

#### Loans contained within the Ship Finance Variable Interest Entities ("VIEs")

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the three VIEs that we consolidate in our financial statements, SFL Hercules Ltd, SFL Deepwater Ltd and SFL Linus Ltd, each drew down \$50 million on the revolving credit tranches of

their respective \$375 million term loan, \$390 million term loan and \$475 million term loan. Subsequently the VIE's repaid balances with Ship Finance, a related party to Seadrill, thus reducing the consolidated related party net debt.

Covenants contained in our debt facilities

The full list of the Company's covenants are disclosed in the annual report on 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2015.

#### April 2016 Amendments to Senior Secured Credit Facilities

On April 28, 2016, the Company executed temporary amendment agreements in respect of all of its senior secured credit facilities. The Company also executed maturity extension agreements in respect of three senior secured credit facilities maturing in the near term. The key terms and conditions of these agreements are as follows:

#### Extensions:

\$450 million Senior Secured Credit Facility: The maturity of the \$450 million senior secured credit facility, relating to the West Eminence rig, has been extended from June 20, 2016 to December 31, 2016. The outstanding balance on the credit facility of \$291 million is classified as a short term debt facility in the consolidated Balance Sheet as at June 30, 2016.

\$400 million Senior Secured Credit Facility: The maturity of the \$400 million senior secured credit facility, relating to jack-up rigs West Cressida, West Callisto, West Leda and West Triton, has been extended from December 8, 2016 to May 31, 2017. The outstanding balance on the credit facility of \$220 million is classified as a short term debt facility in the consolidated Balance Sheet as at June 30, 2016.

\$2 billion Senior Secured Credit Facility: The maturity of the \$2 billion senior secured credit facility of our majority-owned subsidiary NADL has been extended from April 15, 2017 to June 30, 2017. The outstanding balance on the credit facility of \$1,117 million is classified as a short term debt facility in the consolidated Balance Sheet as at June 30, 2016.

#### Key amendments and waivers:

Equity ratio: The Company is required to maintain a total equity to total assets ratio of at least 30.0%. Prior to the amendment, both total equity and total assets were adjusted for the difference between book and market values of drilling units, as determined by independent broker valuations. The amendment removes the need for the market value adjustment from the calculation of the equity ratio until June 30, 2017.

Leverage ratio: The Company is required to maintain a ratio of net debt to EBITDA. Prior to the amendment the leverage ratio had to be no greater than 6.0:1, falling to 5.5:1 from October 1, 2016, and falling again to 4.5:1 from January 1, 2017. The amendment retains the ratio at 6.0:1 until December 31, 2016, and then increases to 6.5:1 between January 1, 2017 and June 30, 2017.

Minimum-value-clauses: The Company's secured bank credit facilities contain loan-to-value clauses, or minimum-value-clauses ("MVC"), which could require the Company to prepay a portion of the outstanding borrowings should the value of the drilling units securing borrowings under each of such agreements decrease below required levels. This covenant has been suspended until June 30, 2017.

Minimum Liquidity: The Company has previously been required to maintain a minimum of \$150 million of liquidity. This has been reset to \$250 million.

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Seadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Additional undertakings:

Further process: The Company has agreed certain undertakings on a temporary basis while further discussions with its lenders under its senior secured credit facilities remain ongoing. This includes agreements in respect of progress milestones towards the agreement of, and implementation plan in respect of, a comprehensive financing package.

Restrictive undertakings: The Company has agreed to additional near-term restrictive undertakings applicable during this process, including limitations in respect of:

dividends, share capital repurchases and new total return swaps;

incurrence of certain indebtedness;

investments in, extensions of credit to or the provision of financial support for non-wholly owned subsidiaries;

investments in, extensions of credit to or the provision of financial support for joint ventures or associated entities;

acquisitions;

dispositions;

prepayment, repayment or repurchase of any debt obligations;

granting security; and

payments in respect of newbuild drilling units,

in each case, subject to limited exceptions.

## Other changes and provisions:

Undrawn availability: The Company has agreed to refrain from borrowing any undrawn commitments under its senior secured credit facilities.

Fees: The Company has agreed to pay certain fees to its lenders in consideration of these extensions and amendments.

These extensions and amendments are designed to provide the Company and the banking group with a period of stability and certainty while a more comprehensive financing package is agreed. The Company intends to further communicate these financing plans this year.

The Company is in compliance with all covenants as at June 30, 2016 and expects to remain in compliance with the amended covenants for the next twelve months.

## Note 13 – Common shares

	June 30, 2016		December 31, 2015	
	Shares	\$ million	Shares	\$ million
All shares are common shares of \$2.00 par value each				
Authorized share capital	800,000,000	1,600	800,000,000	1,600
Issued and fully paid share capital	508,763,020	1,017	493,078,680	986
Treasury shares held by Company	(318,740 )	(1 )	(318,740 )	(1 )
Outstanding common shares in issue	508,444,280	1,016	492,759,940	985

As a result of the share-for-debt exchange, the number of common shares outstanding in the Company increased by 15,684,340 shares. Refer to Note 12 – Debt for additional information.

## Note 14 – Accumulated other comprehensive income

Accumulated other comprehensive income as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 was as follows:

## Explanation of Responses:

(In \$ millions)	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	(106)	(129	)
Unrealized gain on foreign exchange	36	36	
Actuarial loss relating to pension	(34	)	(38 )
Share in unrealized gains from associated companies	1	11	
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(103)	(120	)

With the exception of actuarial loss relating to pension, income taxes associated with each component of other comprehensive income is nil. The income tax benefit on actuarial loss relating to pension is \$6 million as of June 30, 2016 and \$8 million as of December 31, 2015.

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Seadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 15 – Risk management and financial instruments

The majority of gross earnings from the Company's drilling units are receivable in US dollars and the majority of the Company's other transactions, assets and liabilities are denominated in US dollars, the functional currency of the Company. However, the Company has operations and assets in a number of countries worldwide and incurs expenditures in other currencies, causing its results from operations to be affected by fluctuations in currency exchange rates, primarily relative to the US dollar. The Company is also exposed to changes in interest rates on floating interest rate debt, and to the impact of changes in currency exchange rates on primarily NOK and SEK denominated debt. There is a potential that currency and interest rate fluctuations may have a positive or negative effect on the value of the Company's cash flows.

Interest rate risk management

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk relates mainly to its floating interest rate debt and balances of surplus funds placed with financial institutions. This exposure is managed through the use of interest rate swaps and other derivative arrangements. The Company's objective is to obtain the most favorable interest rate borrowings available without risking exposure to fluctuating interest rates. Surplus funds are generally used to repay revolving credit facilities, which yield higher returns than are available on fixed or overnight deposits with banks. The extent to which the Company utilizes interest rate swaps and other derivatives to manage its interest rate risk is determined by the net debt exposure.

## Interest rate swap agreements not qualified as hedge accounting

At June 30, 2016 the Company had interest rate swap agreements with an outstanding principal of \$6,417 million (December 31, 2015: \$7,266 million). The agreements have maturity dates between September 2016 and January 2027, swapping the floating element of interest on our facilities for fixed rates ranging between 0.69% and 3.83%. In addition we have one interest rate swap agreement with an outstanding principal of \$170 million (December 31, 2015: \$178 million) under which we pay a floating rate of LIBOR and receive a fixed rate of 2.12%. These agreements do not qualify for hedge accounting and accordingly any changes in the fair values of the swap agreements are included in the consolidated statement of operations under "Loss on derivative financial instruments". The total fair value of the interest rate swaps outstanding at June 30, 2016 amounted to a gross liability of \$228 million, a net liability of \$223 million due to master netting agreements with our counterparties, and an asset of nil (December 31, 2015: a gross liability of \$191 million, a net liability of \$134 million and an asset of \$2 million). The fair value of the interest rate swaps are classified as either "Other current liabilities" or "Other current assets" in the balance sheet.

## Cross currency interest rate swaps not qualified as hedge accounting

At June 30, 2016 the Company had outstanding cross currency interest rate swaps with a principal amount of \$807 million (December 31, 2015: \$807 million) with maturity dates between March 2018 and March 2019, swapping the floating element of interest as well as fluctuations in exchange rates on our facilities for fixed rates ranging from 4.94% to 6.18%. These agreements do not qualify for hedge accounting and accordingly any changes in the fair values of the swap agreements are included in the consolidated statement of operations under "Loss on derivative financial instruments". The total fair value of cross currency interest swaps outstanding at June 30, 2016 amounted to a gross and net liability of \$274 million (December 31, 2015: gross and net liability of \$291 million). The fair value of the cross currency interest swaps are classified as other current liabilities in the balance sheet.



## Interest rate hedge accounting

A Ship Finance subsidiary consolidated by the Company as a Variable Interest Entity ("VIE") (refer to Note 16) has entered into interest rate swaps in order to mitigate its exposure to variability in cash flows for future interest payments on the loans taken out to finance the acquisition of the West Linus. These interest rate swaps qualify for hedge accounting and any changes in its fair value are included in "Other comprehensive income". Below is a summary of the notional amount, fixed interest rate payable and duration of the outstanding principal as of June 30, 2016.

Variable interest entity	Outstanding principal as at June 30, 2016 (In \$ millions)	Receive rate	Pay rates	Length of contracts
SFL Linus Limited (West Linus)	188	1 - 3 month LIBOR	1.77 - 2.01%	Dec 2013 - Dec 2018

The total fair value of interest swaps under hedge accounting at June 30, 2016 amounted to a liability of \$4 million (December 31, 2015: liability of \$2 million), classified as other non-current liabilities in the balance sheet.

In the six months ended June 30, 2016, the VIE Ship Finance subsidiary recognized \$2 million fair value losses (six months ended June 30, 2015: nil). Any such losses or losses recorded by the VIE in "Other comprehensive income" are allocated to "Non-controlling interests" in our consolidated statement of changes in equity due to their ownership by Ship Finance. Any change in fair value resulting from hedge ineffectiveness is recognized immediately in earnings.

The VIE, and therefore the Company, recognized no gain or loss due to hedge ineffectiveness in the consolidated financial statements during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 (three and six months ended June 30, 2015: no fair value gain or loss).

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Seadrill Limited

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Foreign exchange risk management

The Company and the majority of its subsidiaries use the US dollar as their functional currency because the majority of their revenues and expenses are denominated in US dollars. The Company's reporting currency is also US dollars. We do, however, earn revenue and incur expenses in other currencies and there is thus a risk that currency fluctuations could have an adverse effect on the value of our cash flows.

Foreign currency forwards not qualified as hedge accounting

As at June 30, 2016 the Company had no outstanding forward currency forwards.

Other derivative agreements

Total Return Swap Agreements

On June 3, 2016, the Company settled TRS agreements for 4,000,000 Seadrill Limited shares at a strike price of NOK 21.16. The Company subsequently entered into a new TRS agreement for 4,000,000 Seadrill Limited common shares. The expiry date for the new TRS is September 5, 2016 and the reference price is NOK 26.2 per share.

The fair value of the TRS agreements at June 30, 2016 was a liability of \$0 million (December 31, 2015: liability of \$9 million). The fair values of the TRS agreements are classified as other current liabilities/(liabilities) in the balance sheet as at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 respectively.

SapuraKencana financing agreements

In September 2013, the Company entered into two derivative contract arrangements with a bank to finance a portion of its equity investment in SapuraKencana, in which the Company received \$250 million upfront as prepayment for one of the agreements. The agreements had a settlement date three years from the inception date and include an interest equivalent component which is based on the prepaid amount received and LIBOR plus 1.9% per annum.

On July 8, 2015, the Company amended the financing arrangement relating to its equity investment in SapuraKencana and extended the agreement to July 2018. The total financing was reduced by \$90 million to \$160 million, and the corresponding restricted cash held as collateral of \$93 million was settled against the liability. In addition the interest rate increased to LIBOR plus 2.6%. As at December 31, 2015, the Company had associated restricted cash of \$160 million due to the significant fall in the share price of SapuraKencana.

As part of these agreements, all of shares which we owned SapuraKencana were pledged as security, the value of which as of December 31, 2015 was \$228 million, and was presented as a long term marketable security on the balance sheet. The unrealized gains and losses resulting from measuring the fair value of these contracts as at December 31, 2015 were a gross asset of \$135 million and gross liability of \$135 million, which were offset in the balance sheet and income statement as these agreements met the criteria for offsetting. The \$160 million received as a prepayment to Seadrill was included in other long-term liabilities as at December 31, 2015.

On February 24, 2016, the Company elected to exercise the optional termination notice under the prepaid forward and equity swap agreements, and the corresponding liability of \$160 million and restricted cash of \$160 million were settled, and the pledged security was released.

Realized gains and losses

The total realized and unrealized gains and losses recognized in the consolidated statement of operations relating to above derivative arrangements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

(In \$ millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
(Losses)/gains recognized in statement of operations relating to derivative financial instruments				
Interest rate swap agreements not qualified as hedge accounting	(40)	16	(150)	(80 )
Cross currency interest rate swaps not qualified as hedge accounting	(20)	21	7	(47 )
Foreign currency forwards not qualified as hedge accounting	—	6	(1 )	(5 )
Total Return Swap Agreements	—	2	(3 )	(4 )
Other	—	(1 )	—	(1 )
(Loss)/gain on derivative financial instruments	(60)	44	(147)	(137)

#### Fair values of financial instruments

The carrying value and estimated fair value of the Company's financial instruments at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were as follows:

(In \$ millions)	June 30, 2016		December 31, 2015	
	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,287	1,287	1,044	1,044
Restricted cash	131	131	248	248
Related party loans receivable - short term	219	219	371	371
Related party loans receivable - long term	567	500	464	464
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current portion of floating rate debt	2,365	2,365	1,493	1,493
Long-term portion of floating rate debt	5,464	5,464	6,711	6,711
Current portion of fixed rate CIRR loans	23	23	33	33
Long term portion of fixed rate CIRR loans	35	35	43	43
Fixed interest bonds - long term	781	1,735	944	1,840
Floating interest bonds - long term	210	560	283	541
Related party fixed rate debt - long term	415	415	415	415

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Seadrill Limited

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash, which are liquid, is a reasonable estimate of fair value and categorized at level 1 on the fair value measurement hierarchy.

The fair value of the related party loans receivable from Seadrill Partners and SeaMex are estimated to be equal to the carrying value. This debt is not freely tradable and cannot be recalled by the Company at prices other than specified in the loan note agreements. The loans were entered into at market rates. They are categorized as level 2 on the fair value measurement hierarchy. Refer to Note 17 for further information.

The fair value of the current and long-term portion of floating rate debt is estimated to be equal to the carrying value since it bears variable interest rates, which are reset regularly, usually every one to six months. This debt is not freely tradable and cannot be purchased by the Company at prices other than the outstanding balance plus accrued interest. We have categorized this at level 2 on the fair value measurement hierarchy.

The fair value of the long-term portion of the fixed rate CIRR loans is equal to the carrying value, as they are matched with equal balances of restricted cash. We have categorized this at level 2 on the fair value measurement hierarchy.

The fixed interest rate bonds are freely tradable and their fair value has been set equal to the price at which they were traded at on June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015. We have categorized this at level 1 on the fair value measurement hierarchy.

The floating interest bonds are freely tradable and their fair value has been set equal to the price at which they were traded at on June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015. We have categorized this at level 1 on the fair value measurement hierarchy.

The related party fixed rate debt relates to the loans provided by Ship Finance to the Company's VIE's totaling \$415 million. The fair value of these loans are estimated to be equal to the carrying value as the loans were entered into at market rates. The debt is not freely tradable and cannot be purchased by the Company at prices other than the outstanding balance. We have categorized this at level 2 on the fair value measurement hierarchy. Refer to Note 17 for further information.

Financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Fair value measurements at reporting date using Quoted Prices in Active Markets		
	Total	for Other	Significant
	Fair	Identical	Unobservable
	value	Assets	Inputs
	June		
	30,	(Level	
(In \$ millions)	2016	1)	(Level 2) (Level 3)

Explanation of Responses:

Assets:				
Marketable securities	141	141	—	—
Other derivative instruments – short term receivable	—	—	—	—
Total assets	141	141	—	—
Liabilities:				
Interest rate swap contracts – short term payable	223	—	223	—
Interest rate swap contracts – long term payable	4	—	4	—
Cross currency swap contracts – short term payable	274	—	274	—
Total liabilities	501	—	501	—

		Fair value measurements at reporting date using		
		Quoted		
		Prices		
		in		
		Active		
		Markets		
		Significant	Other	Significant
		for	Observable	Unobservable
		Identical	Inputs	Inputs
	Total	(Level		
	Fair value	1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
	December			
(In \$ millions)	31, 2015			
Assets:				
Marketable securities	324	324	—	—
Interest rate swap contracts – short term receivable	2	—	2	—
Total assets	326	324	2	—
Liabilities:				
Interest rate swap contracts – short term payable	124	—	124	—
Interest rate swap contracts – long term payable	2	—	2	—
Cross currency swap contracts – short term payable	291	—	291	—
Other derivative instruments – short term payable	9	—	9	—
Total liabilities	426	—	426	—

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Seadrill Limited

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

US GAAP emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement, and should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, US GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs that are classified within levels one and two of the hierarchy) and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within level three of the hierarchy).

Level one input utilizes unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Level two inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in level one that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level two inputs may include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, as well as inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, other than quoted prices, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals. Level three inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, which are typically based on an entity's own assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity. In instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the entire fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

Quoted market prices are used to estimate the fair value of marketable securities, which are valued at fair value on a recurring basis.

The fair value of total return equity swaps is calculated using the closing prices of the underlying listed shares, dividends paid since inception and the interest rate charged by the counterparty.

The fair values of interest rate swaps, cross currency swaps and forward exchange contracts are calculated using well-established independent valuation techniques, using the income method approach, applied to contracted cash flows and LIBOR, NIBOR and STIBOR interest rates as of June 30, 2016.

The fair value of other derivative instruments is calculated using the closing prices of the underlying securities, dividends paid since inception and the interest charged by the counterparty.

Credit risk

The Company has financial assets, including cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, other receivables and certain amounts receivable on derivative instruments, mainly forward exchange contracts and interest rate swaps. These assets expose the Company to credit risk arising from possible default by the counterparty. The Company considers the counterparties to be creditworthy financial institutions and does not expect any significant loss to result from non-performance by such counterparties. The Company, in the normal course of business, does not demand collateral. The credit exposure of interest rate swap agreements, currency option contracts and foreign currency contracts is represented by the fair value of contracts with a positive fair value at the end of each period, reduced by the effects of master netting agreements. It is the Company's policy to enter into master netting agreements with the counterparties to derivative financial instrument contracts, which give the Company the legal right to discharge all or

a portion of amounts owed to counterparty by offsetting them against amounts that the counterparty owes to the Company.

#### Note 16 – Variable Interest Entities

As of June 30, 2016, the Company leased two semi-submersible rigs, and one jack-up rig from Ship Finance VIEs under capital leases. Each of the units had been sold by the Company to single purpose subsidiaries of Ship Finance and simultaneously leased back by the Company on bareboat charter contracts for a term of 15 years. The Company has several options to repurchase the units during the charter periods, and obligations to purchase the assets at the end of the 15 year lease period.

The following table gives a summary of the sale and leaseback arrangements, as of June 30, 2016:

Unit	Effective from	Sale value (In \$ millions)	First repurchase option (In \$ millions)	Month of first repurchase option	Last repurchase option (In \$ millions)	Month of last repurchase Option *
West Taurus	Nov 2008	850	418	Feb 2015	149	Nov 2023
West Hercules	Oct 2008	850	580	Aug 2011	135	Aug 2023
West Linus*	June 2013	600	370	June 2018	170	June 2028

\*Ship Finance has a right to require the Company to purchase the West Linus rig on the 15<sup>th</sup> anniversary for the price of \$100 million if the Company doesn't exercise the final repurchase option.

The Company has determined that the Ship Finance subsidiaries, which own the units, are VIEs, and that the Company is the primary beneficiary of the risks and rewards connected with the ownership of the units and the charter contracts. Accordingly, these VIEs are fully consolidated in the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company did not record any gains from the sale of the units, as they continued to be reported as assets at their original cost in the Company's balance sheet at the time of each transaction. The equity attributable to Ship Finance in the VIEs is included in non-controlling interests in the Company's consolidated accounts. At June 30, 2016 and at December 31, 2015 the units are reported under drilling units in the Company's balance sheet.

The bareboat charter rates are set on the basis of a Base LIBOR Interest Rate for each bareboat charter contract, and thereafter are adjusted for differences between the LIBOR fixing each month and the Base LIBOR Interest Rate for each contract. A summary of the bareboat charter rates per day for each unit is given below.

Unit	(In \$ thousands)					
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
West Taurus	165	158	158	144	143	136
West Hercules	179	170	166	143	141	135
West Linus	222	222	222	173	140	140

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## Seadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The assets and liabilities in the accounts of the VIEs as at June 30, 2016 and as at December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In \$ millions)	June 30, 2016			December 31, 2015		
	SFL Deepwater Limited West Taurus	SFL Hercules Limited West Hercules	SFL Linus Limited West Linus	SFL Deepwater Limited West Taurus	SFL Hercules Limited West Hercules	SFL Linus Limited West Linus
Investment in finance lease	380	378	507	394	394	530
Other assets	6	7	—	6	7	—
Total assets	386	385	507	400	401	530
Short-term interest bearing debt	23	28	51	23	28	51
Long-term interest bearing debt	237	265	329	198	229	302
Other liabilities	3	1	4	3	1	2
Short-term debt due to related parties	—	—	—	—	—	23
Long-term debt due to related parties	123	91	123	137	125	125
Total liabilities	386	385	507	361	383	503
Equity	—	—	—	39	18	27
Book value of units in the Company's consolidated accounts	424	555	548	434	571	559

The Company presents balances due to/from Ship Finance on a net basis, due to the fact there is a right of offset established in the long-term loan agreements, and the balances are intended to be settled on a net basis. As at June 30, 2016, the Company has presented receivable balances (current assets) of \$22 million related to SFL Deepwater Ltd, \$54 million related to SFL Hercules Ltd, and \$2 million related to SFL Linus Ltd against Long-term debt due to related parties (non-current liabilities). As at December 31, 2015, the balances offset were \$8 million related to SFL Deepwater Ltd, \$20 million related to SFL Hercules Ltd, and \$0 million related to SFL Linus Ltd.

In the period ended June 30, 2016 the VIEs declared and paid dividends totaling \$97 million.

## Note 17 – Related party transactions

Seadrill Partners

The Net income /(expenses) with Seadrill Partners for the years ended three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 and were as follows:

(In US\$ millions)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2016		Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Management fees charged to Seadrill Partners - Other revenues (a) and (b)	14	12	33	25
Rig operating expenses charged to Seadrill Partners - Other revenues (c)	6	7	14	12

Explanation of Responses:



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Insurance premiums charged to Seadrill Partners (d)	4	5	9	11
Rig operating costs charged by Seadrill Partners (e)	(3)	(2)	(5)	(7)
Bareboat charter arrangements (f)	3	(1)	5	(5)
Interest expenses charged to Seadrill Partners (g)	3	4	7	8
Derivatives recharged to Seadrill Partners (h)	3	(1)	11	7
Net related party income from Seadrill Partners	30	24	74	51

Receivables/(payables) with Seadrill Partners and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
(In \$ millions)		
Rig financing and loan agreements (i)	179	197
\$109.5 million Vendor financing loan (j)	—	110
Deferred consideration receivable (k)	67	96
Other receivables (l)	300	355
Other payables (l)	(141)	(179)

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Sadrill Limited

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following is a summary of the related party agreements with Sadrill Partners:

(a, b) Management, administrative, and technical service agreements

Income recognized under the management, administrative and technical service agreements for the six months ended June 30, 2016 were a total of \$33 million (six months ended June 30, 2015: income of \$25 million).

(c) Rig operating costs charged to Sadrill Partners

Sadrill has charged to Sadrill Partners certain rig operating costs in relation to costs incurred on behalf of the West Polaris operating in Angola in 2016 and 2015 and the West Vencedor which operated in Angola in 2015. The total other revenues earned for the six months ended June 30, 2016 were \$14 million (six months ended June 30, 2015: \$12 million).

(d) Insurance premiums

The Company negotiates insurance for drilling units on a centralized basis. The total insurance premiums related to Sadrill Partners drilling units charged to Sadrill Partners for the six months ended June 30, 2016 were \$9 million (six months ended June 30, 2015: \$11 million).

(e) Rig operating costs charged by Sadrill Partners

Sadrill Partners has charged to Sadrill, through its Nigerian service company, certain services, including the provision of onshore and offshore personnel, which was provided for the West Jupiter and West Saturn drilling rigs operating in Nigeria. The total rig operating expenses incurred for the six months ended June 30, 2016 were \$5 million (six months ended June 30, 2015: \$7 million).

(f) Bareboat charter arrangements

In connection with the transfer of the West Aquarius operations to Canada, the West Aquarius drilling contract was assigned to Sadrill Canada Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary of Sadrill Partners, necessitating certain changes to the related party contractual arrangements relating to the West Aquarius. Sadrill China Operations Ltd, the owner of the West Aquarius and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sadrill Partners, had previously entered into a bareboat charter arrangement with Sadrill Offshore AS, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sadrill, providing Sadrill Offshore AS with the right to use the West Aquarius. In October 2012, this bareboat charter arrangement was replaced with a new bareboat charter between Sadrill China Operations Ltd and Sadrill Offshore AS, and at the same time, Sadrill Offshore AS entered into a bareboat charter arrangement providing Sadrill Canada Ltd. with the right to use the West Aquarius in order to perform its obligations under the drilling contract described above. The net effect to Sadrill of the bareboat charters for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was net revenue of \$5 million (six months ended June 30, 2015: net expense of \$5 million).

(g) Interest expenses

The total interest income charged to Sadrill Partners for the related party loan arrangements outlined below, including commitment fees and other fees, for the six months ended June 30, 2016 were \$7 million (six months ended June 30, 2015: \$8 million).

(h) Derivative interest rate swap agreements

The Company has interest rate swap agreements with Sadrill Partners on a back to back basis with certain of its own interest rate swap agreements. The total net derivative gains and losses charged to Sadrill Partners for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was a gain of \$11 million (six months ended June 30, 2015: gain of \$7 million).

(i) Rig financing agreements

Total amounts owed under the rig financing agreements as of June 30, 2016, relating to the T-15 and T-16, totaled \$129 million (December 31, 2015: \$139 million). Under the terms of the secured credit facility agreements for the T-15 and T-16, certain subsidiaries of the Company and Seadrill Partners are jointly and severally liable for their own debt and obligations under the relevant facility and the debt and obligations of other borrowers who are also party to such agreements. These obligations are continuing and extend to amounts payable by any borrower under the relevant agreement. The Company has provided an indemnification to Seadrill Partners for any payments or obligations related to these facilities which do not relate to the T-15 and T-16.

West Vencedor loan agreement - The West Vencedor Loan Agreement between the Company and Seadrill Partners was scheduled to mature in June 2015 and all outstanding amounts thereunder would be due and payable, including a balloon payment of \$70 million. On April 14, 2015 the Loan Agreement was amended and the maturity date was extended to June 25, 2018. The West Vencedor Loan Agreement bears a margin of 2.25%, a guarantee fee of 1.4% and a balloon payment of \$21 million due at maturity in June 2018. As at June 30, 2016 the total net book value of the West Vencedor pledged as security by Seadrill Partners was \$179 million. The outstanding balance under the West Vencedor Loan Agreement due to the Company was \$49 million as of June 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015: \$58 million).

(j) \$110 million Vendor financing loan

In May, 2013, Seadrill Partners borrowed from the Company \$110 million as vendor financing to fund the acquisition of the T-15. The loan had an interest rate of LIBOR plus a margin of 5.0%. The loan matured in May 2016 and was repaid in full. The outstanding balance as at June 30, 2016 was \$0 million (December 31, 2015: \$110 million).

(k) Deferred consideration receivable

On the disposal of the West Vela to Seadrill Partners in November 2014, the Company recognized deferred consideration receivable. On the disposal of the West Polaris to Seadrill Partners in June 2015, the Company is entitled to a deferred contingent consideration based on the contract of the West Polaris. The total outstanding balance in relation to these receivables as at June 30, 2016 was \$67 million (December 31, 2015: \$96 million).

West Sirius bareboat charter financing loan

In December, 2015, an operating subsidiary of Seadrill Partners borrowed from a subsidiary of the Company \$143 million in order to provide sufficient immediate liquidity to meet the terms of its bareboat charter termination payment in connection with the West Sirius contract termination. The loan bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus a margin of 0.6% and matures in July 2017. The outstanding balance as at June 30, 2016 was \$94 million (December 31, 2015: \$143 million). In December, 2015, the Company borrowed \$143 million from a rig owning subsidiary of Seadrill Partners in order to restore its liquidity with respect to the West Sirius bareboat charter financing loan referred to above. The loan bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus a margin of 0.6% and matures in July 2017. The outstanding balance as at June 30, 2016 was \$94 million (December 31, 2015: \$143 million). Each of the loan parties understand and agree that the loan agreements act in parallel with each other. These transactions have been classified within current and long-term portions of "Amount due from related party", "Related party payable" and "Long-term related party payable".

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Sadrill Limited

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Receivables and Payables

Receivables and payables with Sadrill Partners and its subsidiaries are comprised of management fees, advisory and administrative services, and other items including accrued interest. In addition, certain receivables and payables arise when the Company pays an invoice on behalf of Sadrill Partners or its subsidiaries and vice versa. Receivables and payables are generally settled quarterly in arrears. Trading balances to Sadrill Partners and its subsidiaries are unsecured, bear interest at a rate equal to LIBOR plus approximately 4% per annum, and are intended to be settled in the ordinary course of business.

Guarantees

Sadrill provides certain guarantees on behalf of Sadrill Partners.

- Guarantees in favor of customers, which guarantee the performance of the Sadrill Partners drilling units, totaled \$280 million as at June 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015: \$370 million).

Guarantees in favor of banks provided on behalf of Sadrill Partners totaled \$659 million as at June 30, 2016 and correspond to the outstanding credit facilities relating to the West Polaris and West Vela (December 31, 2015: \$698 million).

Guarantees in favor of suppliers provided on behalf of Sadrill Partners, relating to custom guarantees in Nigeria, totaled \$2 million as at June 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015: \$86 million).

West Vela facility

Under the terms of the \$1,450 million secured credit facility agreement, certain subsidiaries of Sadrill and Sadrill Partners are jointly and severally liable for their own debt and obligations under the facility and the debt and obligations of other borrowers who are also party to such agreement. These obligations are continuing and extend to amounts payable by any borrower under the facility. Sadrill has provided an indemnity to Sadrill Partners for any payments or obligations related to this facility that are not related to the West Vela.

West Polaris facility

In June 2015, the Company completed the sale of the entities that own and operate the West Polaris to Sadrill Partners. One of the entities sold was the sole borrower under \$420 million senior secured credit facility. See Note 4 for further details. Sadrill Limited continues to act as the guarantor under the facility.

Archer transactions

Loans

On March 6, 2015, the Company purchased a \$50 million subordinated loan made by Metrogas, a related party, to Archer, a related party. The aggregate consideration paid for the loan by the Company to Metrogas was \$51 million which is equal to the sum of the outstanding principal amount of \$50 million and \$1 million accrued commitment fee and interest on the loan. The loan bears interest at 7.5% per annum and has a commitment fee of 1% on any undrawn amount. As of the date of the purchase by the Company there was no undrawn amount. Interest and any commitment fee is due upon maturity of the loan on June 30, 2018. Interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2016 for this loan was \$2 million (six months ended June 30, 2015: \$1 million)

In the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company's \$50 million subordinated loan to Archer was written down to nil due to the Company's share of net losses of Archer reducing the investment balance. The Company's accounting policy, once its investment in the common stock of an investee has reached nil, is to apply the equity method to other investments in the investees securities, loans and or advances based on seniority and liquidity. The Company's share of equity method losses or gains is determined based on the change in the Company's claim on net assets of the

investee. Archer's net losses and other comprehensive income were therefore applied to the Company's loan to Archer at its invested ownership of 39.89%.

On May 27, 2016, the Company granted a \$75 million subordinated loan to Archer. The loan bears interest at a rate of 10.0% per annum and is repayable together with the interest on June 30, 2018.

During the quarter, the \$75 million loan was written down by \$18 million due to the Company's share of net losses of Archer reducing the investment balance. The Company's accounting policy once its investment in the common stock of an investee has reached nil is to apply the equity method to other investments in the investees securities, loans and or advances based on seniority and liquidity. The Company's share and equity method losses or gains is determined based on the change in the Company's claim on net assets of the investee. Archer's net losses and other comprehensive income were therefore applied to the Company's loan to Archer at its invested ownership of 39.89%. The outstanding book value of the loan as at June 30, 2016 was \$57 million.

#### Guarantees

On March 7, 2013, the Company provided a guarantee to Archer on its payment obligations on certain financing arrangements. The maximum liability to the Company was limited to \$100 million. The guarantee fee was 1.25% per annum. On July 31, 2014, the Company provided Archer with an additional guarantee of \$100 million, which was provided as part of Archer's divestiture of a division, to support Archer's existing bank facilities. During 2014, the guarantees above were increased to a total of \$250 million. The guarantee fee is 1.25% per annum.

On December 31, 2013, we provided Archer Topaz Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Archer, with a guarantee of a maximum of EUR 48.4 million to support Archer's credit facilities. The guarantee fee is 1.25% per annum. The guarantee outstanding as at June 30, 2016 was \$32 million (December 31, 2015: \$36 million).

On July 14, 2014, we provided Archer Norge AS, a wholly owned subsidiary of Archer, with a guarantee of maximum of \$20 million to support Archer's credit facilities. The guarantee fee is 1.25% per annum. The guarantee outstanding as at June 30, 2016 was \$17 million (December 31, 2015: \$18 million)

We provide Archer Well Services, a wholly owned subsidiary of Archer, with a performance guarantee of a maximum of NOK 66 million to support Archer's operations in Norway with a customer. The guarantee outstanding as at June 30, 2016 was \$8 million (December 31, 2015: \$8 million)

On February 5, 2014, the Company provided Archer with a guarantee to support Archer's leasing obligations of a warehouse for a period of 10 years. The guarantee outstanding as at June 30, 2016 is GBP 10 million or \$12.0 million (December 31, 2015: \$14 million).

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Seadrill Limited

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These guarantee fees are included in other financial items in our consolidated statement of operations. The guarantee fees charged were \$2.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 (six months ended June 30, 2015: \$1.7 million).

The total interest and guarantees fees receivable from Archer as at June 30, 2016 was \$16 million (December 31, 2015: \$12 million)

Operating activities

Archer provides certain technical vessel and rig services for the Company, and charged the Company fees of \$0.2 million and \$1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 (three and six months ended June 30, 2015: \$1 million and \$2 million, respectively). These amounts are included in vessel and rig operating expenses.

SeaMex Limited transactions

As of March 10, 2015, the date of deconsolidation, SeaMex Limited is considered to be a related party and not a controlled subsidiary of the Company. The following is a summary of the related party agreements/transactions with SeaMex:

Management and administrative service agreements

In connection with the JV agreement, SeaMex, entered into a management support agreement with Seadrill Management Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, pursuant to which Seadrill Management Ltd provides SeaMex certain management and administrative services. The services provided by Seadrill Management Ltd are charged at cost plus management fee of 8%. The agreement can be terminated by providing 60 days written notice. Income recognized under the management and administrative agreements for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$4 million (six months ended June 30, 2015: \$2 million).

It is also agreed that Seadrill Jack Up Operations De Mexico, which is a 100% owned subsidiary of SeaMex and provides support services to the rigs acquired by the JV, will continue to provide management services to Seadrill in respect of managing the rigs West Pegasus and West Freedom and charge a fee of 5% plus costs incurred in connection with managing the rigs on its behalf.

Seadrill Jack Up Operations De Mexico has charged the Company fees, under the above agreements of \$3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 (six months ended June 30, 2015: \$1 million). These amounts are included in general and administrative expenses.

Loans

\$250 million Seller's credit - In March 2015, SeaMex borrowed from the Company \$250 million as Seller's credit. The loan is divided into two facilities, (a) a term loan facility for an amount up to \$230 million and (b) a revolving loan facility of up to \$20m. Both facilities bear interest at a rate of LIBOR plus a margin of 6.50% and mature in December 2019. Interest on the loan is payable quarterly in arrears. The outstanding balance as at June 30, 2016 was \$250 million (December 31, 2015: \$250 million).

\$162 million consideration receivable - SeaMex agreed to pay to the Company an amount of \$162 million being consideration receivable in respect of disposal which was payable at the time of allocation of rig contract in relation to West Titania to the Joint Venture. This amount has been paid in full during July 2015.

Interest income accrued for the six months ended June 30, 2016 on these loans was \$9 million (six months ended June 30, 2015: \$8 million).

#### Receivables and Payables

Receivables and payables with SeaMex joint venture are comprised of short-term funding, management fees, advisory and administrative services, and other items including accrued interest. Receivables and payables are generally settled quarterly in arrears. Trading balances with SeaMex Joint Venture are unsecured, bear a monthly interest rate equal to 1.5%, compounded monthly and are intended to be settled in the ordinary course of business.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, Seadrill has provided additional \$76 million of short term funding to SeaMex, of which, SeaMex has repaid a total of \$31 million during the same period.

Receivables/(payables) with SeaMex Joint Venture as of June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
(In \$ millions)		
Seller's credit	250	250
Funding	45	45
Other receivables	44	34
Other payables	(3 )	—

#### Capital contributions

During the year ended December 31, 2015, both the JV partners each made an additional \$19 million of equity investment in SeaMex while retaining their 50% share in the JV.

#### Financial Guarantees

During the latter part of 2015, SeaMex experienced issues regarding the delayed payment of invoices by its sole customer. The customer deferred payment into 2016 and SeaMex has since recovered the majority of the overdue balances. In order to ease the resulting cash flow impact on SeaMex, the Company, along with Fintech, its Joint Venture Partner, agreed to provide certain support to Seamex. Simultaneously, the lenders to SeaMex have provided a short-term amendment to the bank facility to provide some additional flexibility.

The Company and Fintech provided a Joint and Several guarantee for potential prepayment deficits that SeaMex might face under its loan agreements for the period between December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2016. The total guarantee for the potential prepayment deficits based on the December 31, 2015 testing date was \$51 million. As of the balance sheet date, we have not recognized a liability for this guarantee as we do not consider it probable for the guarantee to be called.

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Seadrill Limited

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Seadrill and Fintech also made available a fully-subordinated unsecured credit facility of \$20 million which will expire at the anniversary of the first draw-down of this amount or a portion thereof. The above facility is to be provided by both Seadrill and Fintech at a ratio of 50% each. The facility bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus a margin of 6.50%. The facility will be repayable once SeaMex has complied with certain conditions with regards to its lenders. As of June 30, 2016 the facility remained undrawn. Seadrill and Fintech have also provided loan facilities (Sponsor Loans) for the two bank guarantee amounts, which are undrawn as at June 30, 2016.

In respect of the guarantees and facilities described above, Seadrill has also obtained an indemnity from Fintech in order to be able to recover up to 50% of funding and costs, should Seadrill be called to make a contribution greater than its 50% share.

SeaMex are currently finalizing a revised amendment to their bank facility, to reflect an agreement made between them and their lenders, which will result in a release of the Joint and Several guarantee provided by the Company and Fintech. This amendment is expected to be finalized imminently at which point the Joint and Several guarantee will be released.

Performance Guarantees

In addition, Seadrill has also provided performance guarantees for the SeaMex drilling units, up to a total of \$30 million as of June 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015: \$30 million).

Seabras Sapura transactions

Seabras Sapura Participacoes SA and Seabras Sapura Holdco Ltd, along with their wholly owned subsidiaries, are together referred to as Seabras Sapura. Seabras Sapura are joint ventures that construct, own and operate pipe-laying service vessels in Brazil. and are owned 50% by the Company and 50% by SapuraKencana.

Yard guarantees

The Company has provided yard guarantees in relation to the construction of Seabras Sapura Holdco's pipe-laying vessels which have been provided on a 50:50 basis with TL Offshore. As at June 30, 2016 there were no guarantees outstanding as construction of the final vessel was completed during the second quarter of 2016 (December 31, 2015: \$125 million).

Capital contributions

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company made a \$16 million of equity investment in the Seabras Sapura joint venture while retaining its 50% share in the joint venture.

Loans

In May 2014, the Company provided a loan to Sapura Navegaceo Martima S.A. of \$10.8 million. The loan bears an interest rate of 3.4% and was initially repayable by May 31, 2015. On May 28, 2015 the maturity date for this loan was extended to May 31, 2016. Subsequently, the loan agreement was amended and maturity date extended to February 28, 2017. The outstanding balance as at June 30, 2016 was \$10.8 million (December 31, 2015: \$10.8 million).

In May 2014, the Company provided a loan to Sapura Navegaceo Martima S.A. of €3 million (\$4 million). The loan bears an interest rate of 3.4% and was initially repayable by May 31, 2015. On May 28, 2015 the maturity date for this loan was extended to May 31, 2016, however the loan was repaid in full in January 2016. The outstanding balance as at June 30, 2016 was nil (December 31, 2015: \$3 million).



In January 2015, the Company provided a loan to Sapura Nacegacao Martina S.A. of \$17.5 million. The loan bears an interest rate of 3.4% and was initially repayable by February 16, 2016. Subsequently, the loan agreement was amended and maturity date extended to February 28, 2017. The outstanding balance as at June 30, 2016 was \$17.5 million (December 31, 2015: \$17.5 million).

In April 2015 the Company provided a loan to Sapura Onix GmbH of \$14 million in connection with delivery of the Seabras Onix pipe-laying vessel. The outstanding balance as at June 30, 2016 was \$14 million (December 31, 2015: \$14 million). The loan bears an interest rate of 3.99% and is repayable on demand, subject to certain restrictions under the agreement.

In June 2016 the Company provided a loan to Seabras Rubi GmbH of \$14 million in connection with delivery of the Seabras Rubi pipe-laying vessel. The loan bears an interest rate of 3.99% and is repayable on demand, subject to certain restrictions under the agreement. The outstanding balance as at June 30, 2016 was \$14 million (December 31, 2015: nil).

The total net interest income of the above loans relating to Seabras Sapura for six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$0.8 million (six months ended June 30, 2015: \$0.2 million). The total accrued interest as at June 30, 2016 was \$2 million.

#### Financial guarantees

In December 2013 certain subsidiaries of the joint venture entered into a \$543 million senior secured credit facility agreement in order to part fund the acquisition of the Sapura Diamante, and Sapura Topazio pipe-laying support vessels. As a condition to the lenders making the loan available to each of the borrowers, the Company provides a Sponsor Guarantee, on a 50:50 basis with SapuraKencana, in respect of the obligations of the borrowers during certain defined time periods, the release of such guarantees being subject to the satisfaction of certain defined conditions. The guarantees cover periods including (a) between delivery of the vessel from the shipyard and customer acceptance and (b) between expiry of the pipe-laying support vessels charter contracts and contract renewal. The total amount guaranteed as at June 30, 2016 was \$230 million (December 31, 2015: \$242 million).

In April 2015 certain subsidiaries of the joint venture entered into a \$780 million senior secured credit facility agreement in order to part fund the acquisition of the Sapura Onix, Sapura Jade and Sapura Rubi pipe-laying support vessels. As a condition to the lenders making the loan available to each of the borrowers, the Company provides a Sponsor Guarantee, on a 50:50 basis with SapuraKencana, in respect of the obligations of the borrowers during certain defined time periods, the release of such guarantees being subject to the satisfaction of certain defined conditions. The guarantees cover periods including (a) between delivery of the vessel from the shipyard and customer acceptance and (b) between expiry of the pipe-laying support vessels charter contracts and contract renewal. The amount guaranteed as at June 30, 2016 was \$378 million (December 31, 2015: \$256 million).

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Seadrill Limited

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In addition, Seadrill provides bank guarantees in relation to the above credit facilities to cover 6 months of debt service costs and 3 months of operating expenses under retention accounts. The total amount guaranteed as at June 30, 2016 was \$34 million (December 31, 2015: \$52 million).

In November 2012 a subsidiary of the joint venture entered into a \$179 million senior secured credit facility agreement in order to part fund the acquisition of the Sapura Esmeralda pipe-laying support vessel. As a condition to the lenders making the loan available the borrower, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company provided a Sponsor Guarantee, on a joint and several basis with the joint venture partner, in respect of the obligations of the borrower. The total amount guaranteed by the subsidiaries of the joint venture partners as at June 30, 2016 was \$176 million (December 31, 2015: \$170 million).

As of the balance sheet date, we have not recognized a liability as we do not consider it probable for the guarantees to be called.

Operating activities

A subsidiary of Seabras Sapura sublets warehouse and office space to subsidiaries of the Company in Brazil. The amount charged for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$1 million (six months ended June 30, 2015: nil). These amounts are included in vessel and rig operating expenses.

Trading balances with Seabras Sapura were a receivable of \$3 million as at June 30, 2016.

Related parties to Hemen Holding Ltd ("Hemen")

The Company transacts business with the following related parties, being companies in which our principal shareholder, Hemen, has a significant interest:

- Ship Finance International Limited ("Ship Finance");
- Metrogas Holdings Inc. ("Metrogas");
- Frontline Management (Bermuda) Limited ("Frontline"); and
- Seatankers Management Norway AS ("Seatankers").

Ship Finance transactions

We have entered into a number of sale and leaseback contracts for several drilling units with Ship Finance, a company in which our principal shareholders, Hemen and companies associated with Hemen have a significant interest. The shares of Hemen are held by trusts established by the Company's President and Chairman Mr. John Fredriksen for the benefit of his immediate family. We have determined that the Ship Finance subsidiaries, which own the units, are variable interest entities (VIEs), and that we are the primary beneficiary of the risks and rewards connected with the ownership of the units and the charter contracts. Accordingly, these VIEs are consolidated in our financial statements. Refer to Note 16 Variable Interest Entities. The equity attributable to Ship Finance in the VIEs is included in non-controlling interests in our consolidated financial statements.

During the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we incurred the following lease costs on units leased back from Ship Finance subsidiaries:

Three	Six
Months	Months
Ended	Ended

Explanation of Responses:

	June 30,		June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
West Hercules	15	14	29	27
West Taurus	12	12	25	32
West Linus	22	20	42	40
Total	49	46	96	99

These lease costs are eliminated on consolidation.

The VIEs had net loans due to Ship Finance amounting to \$337 million as at June 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015: \$387 million). The related party loans are disclosed as "Long-term debt due to related parties" on the balance sheet. The loans bear interest at a fixed rate of 4.5% per annum. The total interest expense incurred for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$9 million (six months ended June 30, 2015: \$9 million).

#### Frontline transactions

Frontline provides certain management support and administrative services for the Company, and charged the Company fees of \$0.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 (six months ended June 30, 2015: \$3 million).

#### Seatankers Management transactions

The Company and its subsidiaries receive services from Seatankers Management Norway AS, an affiliate of Hemen. The fee was \$0.4 million and nil for the for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

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## Seadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 18 – Commitments and contingencies

## Purchase Commitments

At June 30, 2016, we had thirteen contractual commitments under newbuilding contracts. The contracts are for the construction of one semi-submersible rig, four drillships and, eight jack-up rigs. The units are contracted to be delivered between the fourth quarter of 2016 and 2019. As of June 30, 2016 we have paid \$988 million related to these rigs, including payments to the construction yards and other payments, and are committed to make further payments amounting to \$4,082 million. These amounts include contract variation orders, spares, accrued interest expense, construction supervision and operation preparation.

The table below shows the maturity schedule for the newbuilding contractual commitments, which reflects all recent deferral agreements with DSME, Samsung, Cosco and Dalian, and assumes we exercise the remaining deferral options for the Sevan Developer with Cosco. The commitments shown include yard installments, variation orders, estimated operations preparation costs and estimated deferral costs.

(In \$ millions)

2017	2,369
2018	1,189
2019	524
Total	4,082

## Legal Proceedings

From time to time we are a party, as plaintiff or defendant, to lawsuits in various jurisdictions for demurrage, damages, off-hire and other claims and commercial disputes arising from the construction or operation of our drilling units, in the ordinary course of business or in connection with our acquisition or disposal activities. We believe that the resolution of such claims will not have a material impact individually or in the aggregate on our operations or financial condition. Our best estimate of the outcome of the various disputes has been reflected in our financial statements as of June 30, 2016.

In December 2014, a purported shareholder class action lawsuit, Fuchs et al. v. Seadrill Limited et al., No. 14-cv-9642 (LGS)(KNF), was filed in US Federal District Court in the Southern District of New York, alleging, among other things, that Seadrill and certain of its executives made materially false and misleading statements in connection with the payment of dividends. In January 2015, a second purported shareholder class action lawsuit, Heron v. Seadrill Limited et al., No. 15-cv-0429 (LGS)(KNF), was filed in the same court on similar grounds. In March 2015, a third purported shareholder class action lawsuit, Glow v. Seadrill Limited et al., No. 15-cv-1770 (LGS)(KNF), was filed in the same court on similar grounds. On March 24, 2015, the court consolidated these complaints into a single action. On June 23, 2015 the court appointed co-lead plaintiffs and co-lead counsel and ordered the co-lead plaintiffs to file a single consolidated amended complaint by July 23, 2015.

The amended complaint was filed on July 23, 2015 alleging, among other things, that Seadrill, North Atlantic Drilling Limited and certain of their executives made materially false and misleading statements in connection with the payment of dividends, the failure to disclose the risks to the Rosneft transaction as a result of various enacted government sanctions and the inclusion in backlog of \$4.1 billion attributable to the Rosneft transaction.

The defendants filed their Motion to Dismiss the Complaint on October 13, 2015. The plaintiffs, in turn, filed their Opposition to the Motion to Dismiss on November 12, 2015 and the defendants' Reply Brief was served on December 4, 2015.

On June 21, 2016 the court issued an order granting the defendants' Motion to Dismiss. On July 15, 2016 the Court entered a judgment dismissing the Complaint with prejudice. The thirty days' appeal period has expired without appeal and the matter is therefore closed.

In addition, the Company has received voluntary requests for information from the US Securities and Exchange Commission concerning, among other things, statements in connection with its payment of dividends, inclusion of contracts in the Company's backlog, and its contracts with Rosneft.

Other matters

On October 12, 2015, HSHI launched arbitration proceedings with regard to Seadrill's cancellation of the West Mira construction contract. HSHI have claimed that Seadrill's cancellation was a repudiatory breach and claim they were due various extensions of time. The Company refutes this vigorously, and believes it has the contractual right to recover the \$170 million in pre-delivery installments, plus accrued interest, and legal costs. The recovery is however now not expected until the conclusion of an arbitration process under English law, which is expected to take up to two years. Based both on management's assessment of the facts and circumstances, and advice from external counsel, who have been engaged for the arbitration process, the Company believes the recovery of the installment, plus accrued interest, and legal costs, is probable, as defined by US GAAP. As such, the Company has reclassified from "Newbuildings," a receivable of \$170 million plus accrued interest of \$38 million, which is presented in "Other non-current assets" on the balance sheet. The Company will continue to assess the recoverability throughout the arbitration process.

Sevan Drilling is a controlled subsidiary of the Company. On June 29, 2015, Sevan Drilling disclosed that it had initiated an internal investigation into activities with an agent under certain drilling contracts with Petrobras in Brazil, which were entered prior to the separation from the Sevan Marine Group. On October 16, 2015, Sevan further disclosed that Sevan Drilling ASA had been accused of breaches of Sections 276 a and 276 b of the Norwegian Criminal Code in respect of payments made in connection with the performance during 2012 to 2015 of drilling contracts originally awarded by Petrobras to Sevan Marine ASA in the period between 2005-2008. For further details please refer to the Sevan Drilling Annual Report and Financial Statements for the Year Ended December 31, 2015, which is publicly available. We cannot predict whether any other governmental authority will seek to investigate this matter, or if a proceeding were opened, the scope or ultimate outcome of any such investigation and as a result no loss contingency has been recognized in Seadrill's consolidated financial statements.

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Seadrill Limited

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In February 2016, NADL was notified of certain customer claims. After an initial assessment including advice from external counsel, NADL fully refutes the validity of these claims and will take appropriate actions related to its position. The client has withheld amounts from invoice payments due in the first quarter of 2016, which total \$36.2 million. No provision has been recognized in relation to these claims.

North Atlantic Drilling, and all other offshore contractors that are members of the Norwegian Shipowners' Association, lost a Norwegian court case in July 2015 concerning the pension rights of night shift compensation for offshore workers. The case was appealed to the Supreme Court of Norway and the hearing was held in June 2016. The Supreme Court of Norway ruled in favor of the members of the Norwegian Shipowners' Association, and as such the Company does not consider there to be any remaining contingent liability.

## Note 19 - Supplementary cash flow information

The table below summarizes the non-cash investing and financing activities relating to the periods presented:

(In \$ millions)	Six months ended	
	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Non-cash investing activities		
Disposal of subsidiaries - existing bank loan repaid (1)	—	150
Non-cash financing activities		
Repayment of bank loan through disposal of subsidiaries (1)	—	(150)
Repayment relating to share forward contracts and other derivatives (2)	—	(136)
Conversion of bonds into shares, decrease in long term debt (5)	(105)	
Conversion of bonds into shares, net increase in equity (5)	58	
Repayment relating to SapuraKencana financing agreements (3)	(160)	—
Dividend to non-controlling interests in VIEs (6)	(97)	
Proceeds from long-term loans (4)	150	—
Long term loans netted-down with related party balances (4)	(150)	—

(1) Existing debt of the Company was directly settled as consideration for the disposal of certain drilling rigs to the SeaMex joint venture - see Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements included herein, for more details.

(2) During the period, the Company settled SapuraKencana financing agreements using cash balances already classified as restricted.

(3) During the period, the Company settled SapuraKencana financing agreements using cash balances already classified as restricted.

(4) During the three months ended June 30, 2016 certain consolidated VIEs of the company withdrew bank loans and made loans to a related party Ship Finance International. These balances are presented net in the cash flow statement. Refer to Note 17 for more details.

(5) As a result of two share-for-debt exchanges during the period, the Company converted \$105m of bonds into 15,684,340 shares. Refer to Note 12 for more details.

(6) In the period ended June 30, 2016 the Ship Finance VIEs that we consolidate declared dividends payable totaling \$97 million to Ship Finance. Refer to Note 16 for more details.

#### Note 20 – Assets held for sale

On December 2, 2015, NADL signed an amendment with Jurong Shipyard ("Jurong") for the deferral of the delivery of the semi-submersible drilling unit, the West Rigel (the "Unit"). The deferral period lasts until June 2016, following completion of which, the Company and Jurong have agreed to form a Joint Asset Holding Company for joint ownership of the Unit, to be owned 23% by the NADL and 77% by Jurong, in the event no employment is secured for the Unit and no alternative transaction is completed. Until the end of the deferral period, the Company will continue to market the unit for an acceptable drilling contract, and the Unit will remain at the Jurong Shipyard in Singapore. The Company and Jurong may also consider other commercial opportunities for the Unit during this period. However, based on current market conditions, management deems the most probable outcome to be that the Unit will be contributed to the Joint Asset Holding Company.

As a result, the Company classified the Unit as "Held for Sale" in its balance sheet. This resulted in a loss of \$82 million being the difference between the net book value of the unit of \$210 million, compared to the expected recoverable value of the Company's investment in the Joint Asset Holding Company of \$128 million. The loss was recognized in "Loss on disposal" in the Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2015.

	Six months ended June 30, 2016	Year ended December 31, 2015
(In millions of US\$)		
Opening balance at the beginning of the period	128	—
West Rigel newbuild investment, classified as held for sale	—	210
Loss on disposal	—	(82 )
Non-current assets held for sale	128	128

#### Note 21 – Subsequent Events

##### West Pegasus

On August 22, 2016 the Company received a notice of termination from Pemex Exploracion y Servicios ("Pemex") for the West Pegasus drilling contract (the "Contract") effective 16 August 2016. Seadrill has disputed the grounds for termination and is reviewing its legal options. During the second quarter of 2015 Seadrill signed a provisional commitment for a two year extension to the Contract with Pemex for the West Pegasus. In conjunction with the extension, the dayrate for the remaining term of the initial contract was reduced. The extension of the Contract was finalized during the first quarter of 2016. As part of this agreement, Seadrill and Seamex Limited ("Seamex"), our 50% owned joint venture with Fintech, agreed to reduce the dayrate on five jack-ups for a period of 365 days. The agreement to reduce the dayrates of the existing contracts was contingent upon final confirmation of the two year extension of the West Pegasus by Pemex management. In the event of termination, Seadrill and Seamex are entitled to recover the dayrate concessions as well as the demobilization for the West Pegasus. In addition, Seadrill will seek reimbursement of certain costs incurred in anticipation of the extension.