

COVANTA HOLDING CORP

Form 10-Q

October 21, 2009

**Table of Contents**

**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**Form 10-Q**

- þ** **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2009**
- o** **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the transition period from to**

**Commission file number 1-06732**

**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION**  
*(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)*

**Delaware**  
*(State or Other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)*

**95-6021257**  
*(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification Number)*

**40 Lane Road, Fairfield, NJ**  
*(Address of Principal Executive Office)*

**07004**  
*(Zip Code)*

**(973) 882-9000**  
**(Registrant's telephone number including area code)**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company   
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

**Applicable Only to Corporate Issuers:**

The number of shares of the registrant's Common Stock outstanding as of the last practicable date.

| <b>Class</b>                   | <b>Outstanding at October 15, 2009</b> |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Common Stock, \$0.10 par value | 154,922,056 shares                     |

---

**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**FORM 10-Q QUARTERLY REPORT**  
**For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2009**

|  | <b>Page</b> |
|--|-------------|
| <b><u>PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u></b>  |             |
| <u>Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements</u>  | 3           |
| <u>Item 1. Financial Statements</u>  | 4           |
| <u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 (Unaudited)</u> | 4           |
| <u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2009 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2008</u>                        | 5           |
| <u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 (Unaudited)</u>       | 6           |
| <u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 (Unaudited)</u>           | 7           |
| <u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)</u>  | 8           |
| <u>Note 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation</u>  | 8           |
| <u>Note 2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements</u>  | 9           |
| <u>Note 3. Acquisitions, Business Development and Dispositions</u>   | 10          |
| <u>Note 4. Earnings Per Share</u>  | 13          |
| <u>Note 5. Financial Information by Business Segments</u>  | 14          |
| <u>Note 6. Changes in Capitalization</u>   | 14          |
| <u>Note 7. Income Taxes</u>  | 17          |
| <u>Note 8. Supplementary Information</u>   | 18          |
| <u>Note 9. Benefit Obligations</u>   | 20          |
| <u>Note 10. Stock-Based Compensation</u>   | 21          |
| <u>Note 11. Financial Instruments</u>  | 21          |
| <u>Note 12. Derivative Instruments</u>   | 25          |
| <u>Note 13. Related-Party Transactions</u>   | 26          |
| <u>Note 14. Commitments and Contingencies</u>  | 26          |
| <u>Note 15. Subsequent Events</u>  | 28          |
| <u>Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>                           | 29          |
| <u>Overview</u>  | 29          |
| <u>Results of Operations</u>   | 36          |
| <u>Liquidity and Capital Resources</u>   | 40          |
| <u>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>  | 47          |
| <u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u>   | 47          |
| <b><u>PART II. OTHER INFORMATION</u></b>   |             |
| <u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u>   | 48          |
| <u>Item 1A. Risk Factors</u>   | 48          |
| <u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>   | 48          |
| <u>Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>   | 48          |
| <u>Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders</u>   | 48          |
| <u>Item 5. Other Information</u>   | 48          |
| <u>Item 6. Exhibits</u>  | 48          |

**OTHER**

Signatures

49

EX-31.1

EX-31.2

EX-32

2

---

**Table of Contents**

**CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

Certain statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may constitute forward-looking statements as defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 (the Securities Act ), Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act ), the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the PSLRA ) or in releases made by the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ), all as may be amended from time to time. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of Covanta Holding Corporation and its subsidiaries ( Covanta ) or industry results, to differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Statements that are not historical fact are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements can be identified by, among other things, the use of forward-looking language, such as the words plan, believe, expect, anticipate, intend, estimate, project, may, will, would, could, should, seeks, similar words, or the negative of these terms or other variations of these terms or comparable language, or by discussion of strategy or intentions. These cautionary statements are being made pursuant to the Securities Act, the Exchange Act and the PSLRA with the intention of obtaining the benefits of the safe harbor provisions of such laws. Covanta cautions investors that any forward-looking statements made by Covanta are not guarantees or indicative of future performance. Important assumptions and other important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those forward-looking statements with respect to Covanta include, but are not limited to, the risks and uncertainties affecting their businesses described in Item 1A. Risk Factors of Covanta s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 and in other filings by Covanta with the SEC.

Although Covanta believes that its plans, intentions and expectations reflected in or suggested by such forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results could differ materially from a projection or assumption in any of its forward-looking statements. Covanta s future financial condition and results of operations, as well as any forward-looking statements, are subject to change and inherent risks and uncertainties. The forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are made only as of the date hereof and Covanta does not have or undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, subsequent events or otherwise, unless otherwise required by law.

Table of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**

|   | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b>     |                          | <b>Nine Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |                          |
|---|---|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|
|   | <b>2009</b>                                     | <b>2008</b>              | <b>2009</b>                                | <b>2008</b>              |
|   |   | <b>(As<br/>Adjusted)</b> |  | <b>(As<br/>Adjusted)</b> |
|   | <b>(Unaudited)</b>                              |                          |  |                          |
|   | <b>(In thousands, except per share amounts)</b> |                          |  |                          |
| <b>OPERATING REVENUES:</b>  |   |                          |  |                          |
| Waste and service revenues  | \$ 233,187                                      | \$ 238,304               | \$ 667,298                                 | \$ 698,616               |
| Electricity and steam sales   | 161,342   | 183,821                  | 439,751                                    | 500,718                  |
| Other operating revenues  | 14,180  | 16,546                   | 36,206                                     | 51,099                   |
| Total operating revenues  | 408,709   | 438,671                  | 1,143,255                                  | 1,250,433                |
| <b>OPERATING EXPENSES:</b>  |   |                          |  |                          |
| Plant operating expenses  | 233,290   | 245,966                  | 703,888                                    | 743,585                  |
| Depreciation and amortization expense   | 48,057  | 51,980                   | 150,717                                    | 152,144                  |
| Net interest expense on project debt  | 12,634  | 13,745                   | 37,511                                     | 41,282                   |
| General and administrative expenses   | 28,945  | 23,282                   | 81,366                                     | 70,571                   |
| Other operating expenses  | 14,804  | 15,615                   | 34,270                                     | 47,474                   |
| Total operating expenses  | 337,730   | 350,588                  | 1,007,752                                  | 1,055,056                |
| Operating income  | 70,979  | 88,083                   | 135,503                                    | 195,377                  |
| <b>Other income (expense):</b>  |   |                          |  |                          |
| Investment income   | 952   | 1,520                    | 3,136                                      | 4,212                    |
| Interest expense  | (10,843)  | (10,593)                 | (27,291)                                   | (35,876)                 |
| Non-cash convertible debt related expense   | (3,465)   | (4,535)                  | (14,562)                                   | (13,362)                 |
| Total other expenses  | (13,356)  | (13,608)                 | (38,717)                                   | (45,026)                 |
| Income before income tax expense, equity in net<br>income from unconsolidated investments and<br>noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries | 57,623  | 74,475                   | 96,786                                     | 150,351                  |
| Income tax expense  | (19,614)  | (29,753)                 | (34,197)                                   | (59,785)                 |
| Equity in net income from unconsolidated<br>investments   | 5,611   | 5,543                    | 17,091                                     | 18,355                   |

|   |           |           |           |            |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| <b>NET INCOME</b>   | 43,620    | 50,265    | 79,680    | 108,921    |
| Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries | (2,768)   | (3,166)   | (6,312)   | (7,260)    |
| <b>NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION</b>             | \$ 40,852 | \$ 47,099 | \$ 73,368 | \$ 101,661 |
| <b>Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding:</b>                        |           |           |           |            |
| Basic   | 153,779   | 153,411   | 153,660   | 153,321    |
| Diluted   | 155,110   | 154,833   | 154,935   | 154,751    |
| <b>Earnings Per Share:</b>  |           |           |           |            |
| Basic   | \$ 0.27   | \$ 0.31   | \$ 0.48   | \$ 0.66    |
| Diluted   | \$ 0.26   | \$ 0.30   | \$ 0.47   | \$ 0.66    |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.



**Table of Contents**

**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

|   | As of                                       |                      |
|---|---|----------------------|
|   | September 30,<br>2009<br>(Unaudited)        | December 31,<br>2008 |
|   | (In thousands, except per<br>share amounts) |                      |
| <b>ASSETS</b>   |   |                      |
| <b>Current:</b>   |   |                      |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | \$ 372,600                                  | \$ 192,393           |
| Restricted funds held in trust  | 181,043                                     | 175,093              |
| Receivables (less allowances of \$4,107 and \$3,437)                                  | 289,408                                     | 243,791              |
| Unbilled service receivables  | 41,504                                      | 49,468               |
| Deferred income taxes   | 38,921                                      |                      |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets   | 128,341                                     | 123,514              |
| <b>Total Current Assets</b>   | <b>1,051,817</b>                            | <b>784,259</b>       |
| Property, plant and equipment, net  | 2,612,304                                   | 2,530,035            |
| Investments in fixed maturities at market (cost: \$25,984 and \$26,620, respectively) | 26,749                                      | 26,737               |
| Restricted funds held in trust  | 154,161                                     | 149,818              |
| Unbilled service receivables  | 38,541                                      | 44,298               |
| Waste, service and energy contracts, net  | 388,390                                     | 223,397              |
| Other intangible assets, net  | 85,252                                      | 83,331               |
| Goodwill  | 202,996                                     | 195,617              |
| Investments in investees and joint ventures   | 124,347                                     | 102,953              |
| Other assets  | 289,469                                     | 139,544              |
| <b>Total Assets</b>   | <b>\$ 4,974,026</b>                         | <b>\$ 4,279,989</b>  |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>   |   |                      |
| <b>Current:</b>   |   |                      |
| Current portion of long-term debt   | \$ 6,599                                    | \$ 6,922             |
| Current portion of project debt   | 187,886                                     | 198,034              |
| Accounts payable  | 36,423                                      | 24,470               |
| Deferred revenue  | 21,809                                      | 15,202               |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities  | 223,532                                     | 215,046              |
| <b>Total Current Liabilities</b>  | <b>476,249</b>                              | <b>459,674</b>       |
| Long-term debt  | 1,408,085                                   | 941,596              |
| Project debt  | 834,901                                     | 880,336              |
| Deferred income taxes   | 595,962                                     | 493,919              |
| Waste and service contracts   | 104,662                                     | 114,532              |
| Other liabilities   | 158,544                                     | 165,881              |

|   |                     |                     |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Total Liabilities</b>  | 3,578,403           | 3,055,938           |
| <b>Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)</b>  |                     |                     |
| <b>Equity:</b>  |                     |                     |
| Covanta Holding Corporation stockholders' equity:   |                     |                     |
| Preferred stock (\$0.10 par value; authorized 10,000 shares; none issued and outstanding)   |                     |                     |
| Common stock (\$0.10 par value; authorized 250,000 shares; issued 155,598 and 154,797 shares; outstanding 154,922 and 154,280 shares) | 15,560              | 15,480              |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 895,551             | 832,595             |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss  | (3,906)             | (8,205)             |
| Accumulated earnings  | 422,587             | 349,219             |
| Treasury stock, at par  | (68)                | (52)                |
| <b>Total Covanta Holding Corporation stockholders' equity</b>   | <b>1,329,724</b>    | <b>1,189,037</b>    |
| Noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries  | 65,899              | 35,014              |
| <b>Total Equity</b>   | <b>1,395,623</b>    | <b>1,224,051</b>    |
| <b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>   | <b>\$ 4,974,026</b> | <b>\$ 4,279,989</b> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents**

**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

|  | <b>For the Nine Months Ended</b><br><b>September 30,</b><br><b>2009</b> <b>2008</b><br><b>(As Adjusted)</b><br><b>(Unaudited)</b><br><b>(In thousands)</b> |            |
|--|--|------------|
| <b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>   |  |            |
| Net income   | \$ 79,680  | \$ 108,921 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:        |  |            |
| Depreciation and amortization expense  | 150,717  | 152,144    |
| Amortization of long-term debt deferred financing costs                                  | 3,591  | 2,777      |
| Amortization of debt premium and discount  | (6,382)  | (8,282)    |
| Non-cash convertible debt related expense  | 14,562   | 13,362     |
| Stock-based compensation expense   | 10,724   | 11,386     |
| Equity in net income from unconsolidated investments                                     | (17,091)   | (18,355)   |
| Dividends from unconsolidated investments  | 2,941  | 16,156     |
| Deferred income taxes  | 14,612   | 37,526     |
| Other, net   | 5,544  | 9,140      |
| Increase in restricted funds held in trust   | (2,824)  | (55,570)   |
| Change in working capital, net of effects of acquisitions                                | (8,341)  | 1,497      |
| Net cash provided by operating activities  | 247,733  | 270,702    |
| <b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>   |  |            |
| Proceeds from the sale of investment securities  | 5,467  | 20,175     |
| Purchase of investment securities  | (6,053)  | (18,662)   |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment  | (59,109)   | (67,300)   |
| Purchase of equity interest  | (8,938)  | (18,503)   |
| Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired  | (251,734)  | (20,128)   |
| Acquisition of land use rights   |  | (16,004)   |
| Loan issued to client community to fund certain facility improvements, net of repayments | (8,605)  | (2,373)    |
| Property insurance proceeds  |  | 6,315      |
| Other, net   | (652)  | (1,776)    |
| Net cash used in investing activities  | (329,624)  | (118,256)  |
| <b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>   |  |            |
| Proceeds from borrowings on long-term debt   | 460,000  |            |
| Proceeds from issuance of warrants   | 53,958   |            |
| Purchase of convertible note hedge   | (112,378)  |            |
| Payment of long-term debt deferred financing costs                                       | (14,264)   |            |
| Payment of project debt deferred financing costs   | (1,384)  |            |
| Proceeds from borrowings on project debt   | 72,046   | 4,105      |

Edgar Filing: COVANTA HOLDING CORP - Form 10-Q

|   |            |            |
|---|------------|------------|
| Payment of interest rate swap termination costs                       | (9,760)    |            |
| Principal payments on long-term debt                                  | (5,009)    | (5,046)    |
| Principal payments on project debt                                    | (193,619)  | (74,331)   |
| Decrease (increase) in restricted funds held in trust                 | 30,977     | (44,589)   |
| Proceeds from the exercise of options for common stock, net           | 374        | 265        |
| Financings of insurance premiums, net                                 | (9,443)    | (8,062)    |
| Distributions to partners of noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries | (9,596)    | (5,038)    |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities                   | 261,902    | (132,696)  |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents          | 196        | (153)      |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents                             | 180,207    | 19,597     |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period                      | 192,393    | 149,406    |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period                            | \$ 372,600 | \$ 169,003 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents**

**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY**

|   | Covanta Holding Corporation Stockholders' Equity |                     | Accumulated     |                    | Treasury Stock |        | Noncontrolling Interests |           | Total        |
|---|--|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------|--------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------|
|   | Common Stock Shares                              | Common Stock Amount | Paid-In Capital | Comprehensive Loss | Shares         | Amount | in Subsidiaries          |           |              |
| Balance as of December 31, 2008 (As adjusted)                         | 154,797  | \$ 15,480           | \$ 832,595      | \$ (8,205)         | \$ 349,219     | 517    | \$ (52)                  | \$ 35,014 | \$ 1,224,051 |
| Stock-based compensation expense                                      |  |                     | 10,724          |                    |                |        |                          |           | 10,724       |
| Issuance of Warrants  |  |                     | 53,846          |                    |                |        |                          |           | 53,846       |
| Shares forfeited or terminated employees                              |  |                     | 2               |                    |                | 19     | (2)                      |           |              |
| Shares repurchased for tax withholdings or vested stock awards        |  |                     | (1,909)         |                    |                | 140    | (14)                     |           | (1,923)      |
| Exercise of options to purchase common stock                          | 61   | 6                   | 367             |                    |                |        |                          |           | 373          |
| Shares issued in non-vested stock award                               | 740  | 74                  | (74)            |                    |                |        |                          |           |              |
| Allocation for noncontrolling interests                               |  |                     |                 |                    |                |        |                          | 33,428    | 33,428       |
| Distributions to partners of noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries |  |                     |                 |                    |                |        |                          | (9,596)   | (9,596)      |
| Comprehensive income, net of income taxes:                            |  |                     |                 |                    |                |        |                          |           |              |
| Net income  |  |                     |                 |                    | 73,368         |        |                          | 6,312     | 79,680       |

|  |         |           |            |            |            |     |         |           |    |           |
|--|---------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|-----|---------|-----------|----|-----------|
| Foreign currency translation                         |         |           |            | 3,478      |            |     |         | 741       |    | 4,219     |
| Pension and other                                    |         |           |            |            |            |     |         |           |    |           |
| Postretirement plan                                  |         |           |            |            |            |     |         |           |    |           |
| Unrecognized net loss                                |         |           |            | (126)      |            |     |         |           |    | (126)     |
| Net unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities |         |           |            | 947        |            |     |         |           |    | 947       |
| Total comprehensive income                           |         |           |            | 4,299      | 73,368     |     |         | 7,053     |    | 84,720    |
| Balance as of September 30, 2009                     | 155,598 | \$ 15,560 | \$ 895,551 | \$ (3,906) | \$ 422,587 | 676 | \$ (68) | \$ 65,899 | \$ | 1,395,623 |

**Covanta Holding Corporation Stockholders Equity**

|  | Common Stock |           | Additional Paid-In Capital | Other Comprehensive Income | Accumulated Earnings | Treasury Stock |         | Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries | Total        |
|--|--------------|-----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------|--|--------------|
|  | Shares       | Amount    |                            |                            |                      | Shares         | Amount  |  |              |
| Balance as of December 31, 2007 (As adjusted)                  | 154,281      | \$ 15,428 | \$ 821,338                 | \$ 16,304                  | \$ 220,259           | 359            | \$ (36) | \$ 40,773                                | \$ 1,114,066 |
| Stock-based compensation expense                               |              |           | 11,386                     |                            |                      |                |         |  | 11,386       |
| Shares forfeited or terminated employees                       |              |           |                            | 2                          |                      | 19             | (2)     |  |              |
| Shares repurchased for tax withholdings or vested stock awards |              |           | (3,706)                    |                            |                      | 137            | (14)    |  | (3,720)      |
| Options to purchase common stock                               | 19           | 2         | 245                        |                            |                      |                |         |  | 247          |
|  | 494          | 49        | (49)                       |                            |                      |                |         |  |              |

|  |         |           |            |           |            |     |         |           |              |
|--|---------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----|---------|-----------|--------------|
| Shares issued in<br>non-vested stock<br>award<br>distributions to<br>partners of<br>noncontrolling<br>interests in<br>subsidiaries |         |           |            |           |            |     |         | (5,038)   | (5,038)      |
| Comprehensive<br>(loss) income,<br>net of income<br>taxes:   |         |           |            |           |            |     |         |           |              |
| Net income   |         |           |            | 101,661   |            |     |         | 7,260     | 108,921      |
| Foreign currency<br>translation  |         |           | (2,352)    |           |            |     |         | (2,798)   | (5,150)      |
| Extension and<br>other   |         |           |            |           |            |     |         |           |              |
| Postretirement<br>plan   |         |           |            |           |            |     |         |           |              |
| Unrecognized net<br>loss   |         |           | (508)      |           |            |     |         |           | (508)        |
| Net unrealized<br>loss on<br>available-for-sale<br>securities  |         |           | (994)      |           |            |     |         |           | (994)        |
| Total<br>comprehensive<br>(loss) income  |         |           | (3,854)    | 101,661   |            |     |         | 4,462     | 102,269      |
| Balance as of<br>September 30,<br>2008 (As<br>adjusted)  | 154,794 | \$ 15,479 | \$ 829,216 | \$ 12,450 | \$ 321,920 | 515 | \$ (52) | \$ 40,197 | \$ 1,219,210 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents**

**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The terms we, our, ours, us and Company refer to Covanta Holding Corporation and its subsidiaries; the term Energy refers to our subsidiary Covanta Energy Corporation and its subsidiaries.

**Organization**

We are a leading developer, owner and operator of infrastructure for the conversion of waste to energy (known as energy-from-waste ), as well as other waste disposal and renewable energy production businesses in the Americas, Europe and Asia. We conduct all of our operations through subsidiaries which are engaged predominantly in the businesses of waste and energy services. We also engage in the independent power production business outside the Americas.

We own, have equity investments in, and/or operate 66 energy generation facilities, 55 of which are in the United States and 11 of which are located outside the United States. Our energy generation facilities use a variety of fuels, including municipal solid waste, wood waste (biomass), landfill gas, water (hydroelectric), natural gas, coal, and heavy fuel-oil. We also own or operate several businesses that are associated with our energy-from-waste business, including a waste procurement business, four landfills, which we use primarily for ash disposal, and several waste transfer stations. We have two reportable segments, Domestic and International, which are comprised of our domestic and international waste and energy services operations, respectively.

**Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ( GAAP ) and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (including normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for fair presentation have been included in our financial statements. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Operating results for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. This Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the year ended December 31, 2008 Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Form 8-K filed on May 18, 2009.

We use the equity method to account for our investments for which we have the ability to exercise significant influence over the operating and financial policies of the investee. Consolidated net income includes our proportionate share of the net income or loss of these companies. Such amounts are classified as equity in net income from unconsolidated investments in our condensed consolidated financial statements. Investments in companies in which we do not have the ability to exercise significant influence are carried at the lower of cost or estimated realizable value. We monitor investments for other than temporary declines in value and make reductions when appropriate.

Effective January 1, 2009, we adopted the following standards which required us to retrospectively restate previously disclosed condensed consolidated financial statements. Certain prior period amounts have thus been recast in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements to conform to the current period presentation.



We adopted a recent accounting standard related to the presentation of noncontrolling interests in our consolidated financial statements. We now report noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries as a separate component of equity in our condensed consolidated financial statements and show both net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest and net income attributable to the controlling interest on the face of the condensed consolidated income statement.

We adopted a recent accounting standard related to accounting for convertible debt instruments that was effective for our \$373.8 million aggregate principal amount of 1.00% Senior Convertible Debentures (the Debentures ). As required, we separately accounted for the liability (\$276.0 million as of the date of the issuance of the Debentures) and equity components (\$97.8 million as of the date of the issuance of the Debentures) of the instrument. The debt component was recognized at the present value of its cash flows discounted using a 7.25% discount rate, our borrowing rate at the date of the issuance of the Debentures for a similar debt instrument without the conversion feature. The equity component, recorded as additional paid-in capital, was \$56.1 million, which represents the difference between the proceeds from the issuance of the Debentures and the fair value of the liability, net of deferred taxes of \$41.7 million as of the date of the issuance of the Debentures. For additional information, see Note 6. Changes in Capitalization.

The resultant debt discount is accreted over the expected life of the Debentures, which is February 1, 2007 to February 1, 2012, based on the first permitted redemption date of the Debentures. The condensed consolidated

**Table of Contents****COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

income statements were retrospectively modified compared to previously reported amounts as follows (in millions, except per share amounts):

|  | <b>Three Months<br/>Ended<br/>September 30, 2008</b> | <b>Nine Months<br/>Ended<br/>September 30, 2008</b> |
|--|--|---|
| Additional pre-tax non-cash convertible debt related expense | \$ (4.5)   | \$ (13.4)   |
| Additional deferred tax benefit                              | 1.9  | 5.7   |
| Retrospective change in net income and retained earnings     | \$ (2.6)   | \$ (7.7)  |
| Change to basic earnings per share                           | \$ (0.01)  | \$ (0.05)   |
| Change to diluted earnings per share                         | \$ (0.02)  | \$ (0.05)   |

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, the additional pre-tax non-cash convertible debt related expense recognized in our condensed consolidated income statement resulting from the adoption of this accounting standard was \$4.9 million and \$14.4 million, respectively.

**NOTE 2. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

The following is a summary of recent accounting standards issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ):

| <b>Subject</b>                               | <b>Date Issued</b> | <b>Summary</b>   | <b>Effect of Adoption</b>   | <b>Effective Date for<br/>Covanta</b>           |
|--|--------------------|--|---|---|
| Multiple Deliverable<br>Element Arrangements | October 2009       | Provides amendments to criteria for separating consideration in multiple element arrangements. As a result, multiple deliverable arrangements will be separate in more circumstances than in existing US GAAP. | Continuing to assess the potential effects of this standard on our consolidated financial statements. | January 1, 2011, with early adoption permitted. |

August 2009

Edgar Filing: COVANTA HOLDING CORP - Form 10-Q

|  |               |  |   |                          |
|--|---------------|--|---|--------------------------|
| Measuring Liabilities at Fair Value                            |               | Provides clarification about the determination of the fair value in circumstances in which a quoted price in an active market for an identical liability is not available.   | Continuing to assess the potential effects of this standard on our consolidated financial statements. | Year ended December 2009 |
| Redeemable Equity Instruments                                  | August 2009   | Preferred securities that are redeemable for cash or other assets are to be classified outside of permanent equity if they are redeemable at a fixed or determinable price on a fixed or determinable date, at the option of the holder, or upon the occurrence of an event that is not solely within the control of the issuer.   | No expected impact.   | January 1, 2010          |
| Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities                    | June 2009     | Requires an analysis to determine whether a variable interest gives the entity a controlling financial interest in a variable interest entity. This standard also requires an ongoing reassessment of the primary beneficiary of the variable interest entity and eliminates the quantitative approach previously required for determining whether an entity is the primary beneficiary. | Continuing to assess the potential effects of this standard on our consolidated financial statements. | January 1, 2010          |
| Employers Disclosures about Postretirement Benefit Plan Assets | December 2008 | Requires extensive new annual fair value disclosures about assets in defined benefit postretirement  | Additional annual financial reporting disclosures.  | Year ended December 2009 |

benefit plans, as well  
as any concentrations  
of associated risks.

**Table of Contents**

**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 3. ACQUISITIONS, BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT AND DISPOSITIONS**

Our growth strategy includes the acquisition of waste and energy related businesses located in markets with significant growth opportunities and the development of new projects and expansion of existing projects. We will also consider acquiring or developing new technologies and businesses that are complementary with our existing renewable energy and waste services business. We adopted recent accounting standards for business combinations which were effective for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after January 1, 2009. The results of operations reflect the period of ownership of the acquired businesses, business development projects and dispositions. The acquisitions in the section below are not material to our condensed consolidated financial statements individually or in the aggregate and therefore, disclosures of pro forma financial information have not been presented.

***Acquisitions and Business Development***

***Domestic***

***Veolia Energy-from-Waste Businesses***

In August 2009, we acquired six energy-from-waste businesses and one transfer station business from Veolia Environmental Services North America Corp. ( Veolia EfW Acquisition ). The acquired businesses have a combined capacity of 6,600 tons per day ( tpd ) and are located in New York, Pennsylvania, California and Canada. Each of the operations acquired includes a long-term operating contract with the respective municipal client. Five of the energy-from-waste facilities and the transfer station are publicly-owned facilities. We also acquired a majority ownership stake in one of the energy-from-waste facilities during the third quarter of 2009, and entered into an agreement to acquire the remaining ownership stake in this facility. See Note 15. Subsequent Events.

The six energy-from-waste businesses and one transfer station business acquired as of September 30, 2009 were acquired for \$259.3 million, including \$11.4 million of cash and cash equivalents. In August 2009, we paid cash consideration of \$245.3 million and expect to pay \$14.0 million, which is currently held in escrow, pending final resolution of certain tax withholding matters. The consideration is subject to certain post-closing adjustments. The preliminary purchase price allocation included \$138.5 million of property, plant and equipment, \$199.3 million of intangible assets related to long-term operating contracts at each acquired Veolia business, except for the facility in which we acquired a majority ownership stake and \$71.7 million of assumed debt. The acquired intangible assets will be amortized over an average remaining useful facility life of 29 years. The preliminary purchase price allocation, which includes no goodwill, is based on estimates and assumptions, any changes to which could affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests resulting from this acquisition.

In addition, we expect to complete the Veolia EfW Acquisition by acquiring the 3,000 tpd energy-from-waste business in Miami-Dade, Florida by fiscal year-end 2009, which is conditioned upon receipt of certain third party consents.

***Detroit Michigan Energy-from-Waste Facility***

On June 30, 2009, our long-term operating contract with the Greater Detroit Resource Recovery Authority ( GDRRA ) to operate the 2,832 tpd energy-from-waste facility located in Detroit, Michigan (the Detroit Facility ) expired. Effective June 30, 2009, we entered into the following transactions, which extend our interest in the Detroit Facility:

A newly-formed Covanta subsidiary purchased an undivided 30% owner participant interest in the Detroit Facility and final working capital for total cash consideration of approximately \$7.9 million.

We entered into an operating and maintenance agreement with owners of the Detroit Facility, pursuant to which we will operate, maintain and provide certain other services for a term of one year. Under this agreement, we will earn a fixed fee and pass through to the owners of the Detroit Facility (or pay from the operating account) all expenses associated with operations and maintenance of the facility. Under the operating and maintenance agreement, we are required to deposit all operating revenues into the operating account. After paying all expenses, excess net revenues in the operating account flow to the owners of the facility in accordance with a contractually specified allocation schedule.

We entered into a waste disposal agreement with GDRRA pursuant to which we will dispose of the waste of the City of Detroit for a term of at least one year. The term of the waste disposal agreement will automatically renew for successive one-year terms unless either party provides advance written notice of termination in accordance with the provisions thereof. In addition, as an owner participant we have the right, on one or more occasions, to call upon

**Table of Contents**

**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

GDRRA to deliver the waste of the City of Detroit to the Detroit Facility at market-based rates. The call right continues for the duration of the agreements expiring in 2035.

We have not finalized negotiation of pricing for a new steam agreement for the Detroit Facility. Securing a steam agreement with appropriate pricing is important for the long-term economic viability of the Detroit Facility.

**Philadelphia Transfer Stations**

On May 1, 2009, we acquired two waste transfer stations with combined capacity of 4,500 tpd in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania for cash consideration of approximately \$17.4 million, inclusive of final working capital adjustments. The final purchase price allocation includes \$5.9 million of identifiable intangible assets related primarily to customer relationships and goodwill of approximately \$1.3 million.

**Maine Biomass Energy Facilities**

On December 22, 2008, we acquired Indeck Maine Energy, LLC which owned and operated two biomass energy facilities. The two nearly identical facilities, located in West Enfield and Jonesboro, Maine, added a total of 49 gross megawatts ( MW ) to our renewable energy portfolio. We sell the electric output and renewable energy credits from these facilities into the New England market. We acquired these two facilities for cash consideration of approximately \$53.4 million, net of cash acquired, inclusive of final working capital adjustments. There were no amounts allocated to goodwill or other intangible assets in the final purchase price allocation.

**Kent County, Michigan Energy-from-Waste Facility**

On December 4, 2008, we entered into a new tip fee contract with Kent County, Michigan which commenced on January 1, 2009 and extended the existing contract from 2010 to 2023. This contract is expected to supply waste utilizing most or all of the facility's capacity. Previously this was a service fee contract.

**Pasco County, Florida Energy-from-Waste Facility**

On September 23, 2008, we entered into a new service fee contract with Pasco County, Florida which commenced on January 1, 2009 and extended the existing contract from 2011 to 2016.

**Indianapolis Energy-from-Waste Facility**

On July 25, 2008, we entered into a new tip fee contract with the City of Indianapolis for a term of 10 years which commenced upon expiration of the existing service fee contract in December 2008. This contract represents approximately 50% of the facility's capacity.

**Tulsa Energy-from-Waste Facility**

On June 2, 2008, we acquired an energy-from-waste facility in Tulsa, Oklahoma for cash consideration of approximately \$12.7 million. The design capacity of the facility is 1,125 tpd of waste and gross electric capacity of 16.5 MW. This facility was shut down by the prior owner in the summer of 2007 and we returned two of the facility's

three boilers to service in November 2008.

Peabody Landfill

On May 20, 2008, we acquired a landfill for the disposal of ash in Peabody, Massachusetts from Peabody Monofill Associates, Inc. and others for cash consideration of approximately \$7.4 million.

Alternative Energy Technology Development

We have entered into various agreements with multiple partners to invest in the development, testing or licensing of new technologies related to the transformation of waste materials into renewable fuels or the generation of energy. Initial licensing fees and demonstration unit purchases approximated \$6.5 million and \$3.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2008 and nine months ended September 30, 2009, respectively.



**Table of Contents**

**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Harrisburg Energy-from-Waste Facility**

In February 2008, we entered into a ten year agreement to maintain and operate an 800 tpd energy-from-waste facility located in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. Under the agreement, we have a right of first refusal to purchase the facility. We also have agreed to provide construction management services and to advance up to \$25.5 million in funding for certain facility improvements required to enhance facility performance, the repayment of which is guaranteed by the City of Harrisburg. We have advanced \$17.5 million, of which \$16.8 million is outstanding as of September 30, 2009 under this funding arrangement. The facility improvements are expected to be completed in late 2009. Current installment repayments of the advance have been received. However, due to the ongoing economic slowdown and precarious financial condition of the City of Harrisburg, we intend to closely monitor the situation and enforce our rights to require that all amounts we have advanced will be repaid when due.

**Hillsborough County Energy-from-Waste Facility**

We designed, constructed, and now operate and maintain the 1,200 tpd mass-burn energy-from-waste facility located in and owned by Hillsborough County, Florida. In 2005, we entered into agreements with Hillsborough County to implement a 600 tpd expansion of this energy-from-waste facility, and to extend the agreement under which we operate the facility through 2027. During the third quarter of 2009, the expansion of the facility was deemed mechanically complete and interim operation began. Acceptance testing was successfully completed and commercial operation commenced effective September 5, 2009.

***International***

**China Joint Ventures and Energy-from-Waste Facilities**

On April 2, 2008, our project joint venture with Chongqing Iron & Steel Company (Group) Limited received an award to build, own, and operate an 1,800 metric tpd energy-from-waste facility for Chengdu Municipality, in Sichuan Province, People's Republic of China. On June 25, 2008, the project's 25 year waste concession agreement was executed. In connection with this project, we invested \$17.1 million for a 49% equity interest in the project joint venture company. The joint venture has obtained project financing for Rmb 480 million for the project, which is 49% guaranteed by us and 51% guaranteed by Chongqing Iron & Steel Company (Group) Limited until the project has been constructed and for one year after operations commence. The Chengdu project is expected to commence construction in late 2009.

On March 24, 2009, our joint venture Taixing Covanta Yanjiang Cogeneration Co., Ltd. of which we own 85%, entered into a 25 year concession agreement and waste supply agreements to build, own and operate a 350 metric tpd energy-from-waste facility for Taixing Municipality, in Jiangsu Province, People's Republic of China. The project, which will be built on the site of our existing coal-fired facility in Taixing, will supply steam to an adjacent industrial park under short-term arrangements. The Taixing project is expected to commence construction in late 2009.

**Dublin Joint Venture**

On September 6, 2007, we entered into definitive agreements to build, own, and operate a 1,700 metric tpd energy-from-waste project serving the City of Dublin, Ireland and surrounding communities. The Dublin project is

being developed and will be owned by Dublin Waste to Energy Limited, which we control and co-own with DONG Energy Generation A/S. Project construction is estimated to cost approximately 350 million and is expected to require 36 months to complete, once full construction commences. Dublin Waste to Energy Limited has a 25-year tip fee type contract to provide disposal service for approximately 320,000 metric tons of waste annually. The project is expected to sell electricity into the local electricity grid. A portion of the electricity is expected to be eligible for a preferential renewable tariff. We and DONG Energy Generation A/S have committed to provide financing for all phases of the project, and we expect to utilize debt financing for the project. The primary approvals and licenses for the project have been obtained, and any remaining consents, approvals and conditions necessary to begin full construction are expected to be obtained in due course. We have begun to perform preliminary on-site work and expect to commence full construction in late 2009 or early 2010.

***Dispositions International***

In April 2009, we entered into agreements to terminate our joint venture with Guangzhou Development Power Investment Co., Ltd. ( GDPI ) and to sell our 40% equity interest in the joint venture entity, Guangzhou Development Covanta Environmental Energy Co., Ltd., at book value to an affiliate of GDPI for approximately \$1.2 million. The termination and sale are conditional upon various regulatory and other conditions precedent and is expected to close later this

Table of Contents**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

year. Notwithstanding the termination and sale, we intend to continue to cooperate with GDPI on the development of energy-from-waste projects in Guangdong Province, People's Republic of China on a project by project basis.

**NOTE 4. EARNINGS PER SHARE**

Per share data is based on the weighted average number of outstanding shares of our common stock, par value \$0.10 per share, during the relevant period. Basic earnings per share are calculated using only the weighted average number of outstanding shares of common stock. Diluted earnings per share computations, as calculated under the treasury stock method, include the weighted average number of shares of additional outstanding common stock issuable for stock options, restricted stock, rights and warrants whether or not currently exercisable. Diluted earnings per share for all the periods presented does not include securities if their effect was anti-dilutive (in thousands, except per share amounts).

|  | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |             | <b>Nine Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |             |
|--|---|-------------|--|-------------|
|  | <b>2009</b>                                 | <b>2008</b> | <b>2009</b>                                | <b>2008</b> |
| Net income attributable to Covanta Holding Corporation   | \$ 40,852                                   | \$ 47,099   | \$ 73,368                                  | \$ 101,661  |
| <b>Basic earnings per share:</b>   |   |             |  |             |
| Weighted average basic common shares outstanding   | 153,779                                     | 153,411     | 153,660                                    | 153,321     |
| Basic earnings per share   | \$ 0.27                                     | \$ 0.31     | \$ 0.48                                    | \$ 0.66     |
| <b>Diluted earnings per share:</b>   |   |             |  |             |
| Weighted average basic common shares outstanding   | 153,779                                     | 153,411     | 153,660                                    | 153,321     |
| Dilutive effect of stock options   | 434   | 696         | 434  | 687         |
| Dilutive effect of restricted stock  | 897   | 726         | 841  | 743         |
| Dilutive effect of convertible debentures  |   |             |  |             |
| Dilutive effect of warrants  |   |             |  |             |
| Weighted average diluted common shares outstanding   | 155,110                                     | 154,833     | 154,935                                    | 154,751     |
| Diluted earnings per share   | \$ 0.26                                     | \$ 0.30     | \$ 0.47                                    | \$ 0.66     |
| Stock options excluded from the weighted average dilutive common shares outstanding because their inclusion would have been antidilutive           | 1,981                                       | 300         | 1,981                                      | 300         |
| Restricted stock awards excluded from the weighted average dilutive common shares outstanding because their inclusion would have been antidilutive |   |             |  |             |

See Note 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation for a discussion of the retrospective accounting change resulting from the adoption of a recent accounting standard related to accounting for convertible debt instruments.

On May 22, 2009, we entered into privately negotiated warrant transactions in connection with the issuance of 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes due 2014. These warrants could have a dilutive effect to the extent that the price of our common stock exceeds the applicable strike price of the warrants. As of September 30, 2009, the warrants did not have a dilutive effect on earnings per share. See Note 6. Changes in Capitalization.

On January 31, 2007, we issued 1.00% Senior Convertible Debentures due 2027. The Debentures are convertible under certain circumstances if the closing sale price of our common stock exceeds a specified conversion price before February 1, 2025. As of September 30, 2009, the Debentures did not have a dilutive effect on earnings per share.

Table of Contents**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 5. FINANCIAL INFORMATION BY BUSINESS SEGMENTS**

We have two reportable segments, Domestic and International, which are comprised of our domestic and international waste and energy services operations, respectively. The results of our reportable segments are as follows (in thousands):

|   | Reportable Segments |               | All<br>Other(1) | Total        |
|---|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|
|   | Domestic            | International |                 |              |
| <b>Three Months Ended September 30, 2009:</b> |                     |               |                 |              |
| Operating revenues                            | \$ 345,643          | \$ 57,745     | \$ 5,321        | \$ 408,709   |
| Operating income (loss)                       | 68,731              | 4,601         | (2,353)         | 70,979       |
| <b>Three Months Ended September 30, 2008:</b> |                     |               |                 |              |
| Operating revenues                            | \$ 354,948          | \$ 80,107     | \$ 3,616        | \$ 438,671   |
| Operating income                              | 83,701              | 4,211         | 171             | 88,083       |
| <b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009:</b>  |                     |               |                 |              |
| Operating revenues                            | \$ 988,271          | \$ 140,788    | \$ 14,196       | \$ 1,143,255 |
| Operating income (loss)                       | 132,970             | 5,781         | (3,248)         | 135,503      |
| <b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008:</b>  |                     |               |                 |              |
| Operating revenues                            | \$ 1,028,961        | \$ 212,038    | \$ 9,434        | \$ 1,250,433 |
| Operating income (loss)                       | 182,608             | 13,555        | (786)           | 195,377      |

(1) All other is comprised of our insurance subsidiaries operations.

**NOTE 6. CHANGES IN CAPITALIZATION****Short-Term Liquidity**

The credit facilities are comprised of a \$300 million revolving credit facility (the Revolving Loan Facility), a \$320 million funded letter of credit facility (the Funded L/C Facility), and a \$650 million term loan (the Term Loan Facility) (collectively referred to as the Credit Facilities). As of September 30, 2009, we were in compliance with all required covenants and had available credit for liquidity as follows (in thousands):

|                            | Total<br>Available<br>Under Facility | Maturing | Outstanding<br>Letters<br>of Credit as of<br>September 30, 2009 | Available as of<br>September 30, 2009 |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Revolving Loan Facility(1) | \$ 300,000                           | 2013     | \$  | \$ 300,000                            |
| Funded L/C Facility        | \$ 320,000                           | 2014     | \$ 264,963  | \$ 55,037                             |

(1) Up to \$200 million of which may be utilized for letters of credit.

In July 2009, the 6.8% pro rata commitment previously provided by Lehman Brothers Commercial Bank under the Revolving Loan Facility was assigned to another financial institution.

### Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt is as follows (in thousands):

|  | September 30,<br>2009 | As of<br>December 31,<br>2008 |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes due 2014           | \$ 460,000            | \$                            |
| Debt discount related to Cash Convertible Senior Notes | (117,464)             |                               |
| Cash conversion option derivative at fair value        | 114,285               |                               |
| 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes, net               | 456,821               |                               |
| 1.00% Senior Convertible Debentures due 2027           | 373,750               | 373,750                       |
| Debt discount related to Convertible Debentures        | (50,006)              | (64,369)                      |
| 1.00% Senior Convertible Debentures, net               | 323,744               | 309,381                       |
| Term Loan Facility due 2014                            | 633,750               | 638,625                       |
| Other long-term debt                                   | 369                   | 512                           |
| Total  | 1,414,684             | 948,518                       |
| Less: current portion                                  | (6,599)               | (6,922)                       |
| Total long-term debt                                   | \$ 1,408,085          | \$ 941,596                    |

**Table of Contents**

**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

***3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes due 2014***

On May 22, 2009, we issued \$400 million aggregate principal amount of 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes (the Notes ) due 2014 in a private transaction exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. On June 15, 2009, we issued an additional \$60 million aggregate principal amount of Notes upon exercise in full of an over-allotment option we granted as part of the private offering. We have used and will use the net proceeds from the offering for general corporate purposes, which may include capital expenditures, potential permitted investments or permitted acquisitions.

The Notes constitute general unsecured senior obligations and rank equally in right of payment with our existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness. The Notes are effectively junior to our existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. The Notes are not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries and are effectively subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and liabilities (including trade payables) of our subsidiaries.

The Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.25% per year, payable semi-annually in arrears, on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing on December 1, 2009, and will mature on June 1, 2014. Under limited circumstances, we may be required to pay contingent interest on the Notes as a result of failure to comply with the reporting obligations in the indenture, failure to file required SEC documents and reports or if the holders cannot freely trade the Notes. When applicable, the contingent interest payable per \$1,000 principal amount of Notes ranges from 0.25% to 0.50% per annum over the applicable term as provided under the indenture for the Notes. The contingent interest features of the Notes are embedded derivative instruments. The fair value of the contingent interest features of the Notes was zero as of September 30, 2009.

Under limited circumstances described below, the Notes are convertible by the holders thereof into cash only, based on an initial conversion rate of 53.9185 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Notes (which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$18.55 per share) subject to certain customary adjustments as provided in the indenture for the Notes. We will not deliver common stock (or any other securities) upon conversion under any circumstances. Holders may convert their Notes only under the following circumstances:

prior to March 1, 2014, on any date during any fiscal quarter commencing at any time after June 30, 2009 and only during such fiscal quarter if the closing sale price of our common stock for at least 20 trading days during the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter is greater than or equal to 130% of the then effective conversion price; or  
upon the occurrence of specified corporate transactions (as provided in the indenture for the Notes); or  
upon certain fundamental changes (as defined in the indenture for the Notes in which case the conversion rate will be increased as provided in the indenture); or  
during the five consecutive business day period following any five consecutive trading-day period in which the trading price for the Notes for each day during such five-day period was less than 95% of the product of the closing sale price of our common stock on such day multiplied by the then effective conversion rate; or  
at any time on or after March 1, 2014.

The Notes are also subject to repurchase by us, at the holder's option, if a fundamental change occurs, for cash at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest (including

contingent interest, if any).

The Notes are recognized as long-term debt in our condensed consolidated financial statements. The difference between the face value of the Notes (\$460.0 million as of the date of issuance of the Notes) and the amount recognized in the financial statements (\$335.6 million as of the date of the issuance of the Notes) is the debt discount (\$124.4 million as of the date of the issuance of the Notes) which is accreted to the Notes over their life and recognized as non-cash convertible debt related expense. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, the pre-tax non-cash convertible debt related expense recognized in our condensed consolidated income statement related to the Notes was \$4.7 million and \$7.0 million, respectively.

The Notes are convertible into cash only, and therefore the cash conversion option that is part of the Notes is accounted for as a derivative. The initial valuation of the cash conversion option (the Cash Conversion Option ) is an embedded derivative of \$124.4 million, which is recognized as long-term debt in our condensed consolidated financial statements. The Cash Conversion Option is recorded at fair value quarterly with any change in fair value being recognized in our condensed consolidated income statement as non-cash convertible debt related expense. As of September 30, 2009, the fair value of the Cash Conversion Option was \$114.3 million. See Note 11. Financial Instruments and Note 12. Derivative Instruments for additional information regarding the Cash Conversion Option.



**Table of Contents**

**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

In connection with the Notes offering, we entered into privately negotiated cash convertible note hedge transactions (the Note Hedge ) with affiliates of certain of the initial purchasers of the Notes (the Option Counterparties ) that are expected to reduce our exposure to potential cash payments in excess of the principal amount of the Notes that may be required to be made by us upon the cash conversion of the Notes. The Note Hedge consisted of our purchase for \$112.4 million of cash settled call options on our common stock (initially correlating to the same number of shares as those initially underlying the Notes subject to generally similar customary adjustments) that have economic characteristics similar to those of the Cash Conversion Option embedded in the Notes. The Note Hedge was recorded as a noncurrent asset in our condensed consolidated financial statements for \$112.4 million. The Note Hedge is also accounted for as a derivative instrument and as such, is recorded at fair value quarterly with any change in fair value being recognized in our condensed consolidated income statement as non-cash convertible debt related expense. As of September 30, 2009, the fair value of the Note Hedge was \$109.0 million. See Note 11. Financial Instruments and Note 12. Derivative Instruments for additional information regarding the Note Hedge.

We expect the gain or loss from the Note Hedge to substantially offset the gain or loss associated with changes to the valuation of the Cash Conversion Option. However, they will not be completely offsetting as a result of changes in the credit spreads of the Option Counterparties.

In connection with the Notes offering, we also sold warrants (the Warrants ) to the Option Counterparties, in privately negotiated transactions, initially correlating to the same number of shares as those initially underlying the Notes, which could have a dilutive effect to the extent that the market price of our common stock exceeds the then effective strike price of the Warrants. The Warrants were sold for aggregate proceeds of \$54.0 million. The strike price of the Warrants is approximately \$25.74 per share and is subject to customary adjustments. The Warrants are exercisable only at expiration in equal tranches over 60 days beginning on September 2, 2014 and ending on November 26, 2014. The Warrants are only net share settled which means that, with respect to any exercise date, we will deliver to the Warrant holders a number of shares for each warrant equal to the excess (if any) of the volume weighted average price of the shares on the exercise date over the then effective strike price of the Warrants, divided by such volume weighted average price of the shares, with a cash payment in lieu of fractional shares. Accordingly, the Warrants have been recorded as additional paid-in capital in our condensed consolidated financial statements for \$54.0 million. The Warrant transactions also meet the definition of a derivative under current accounting principles. However, because the Warrant transactions are indexed to our common stock and are recorded in equity in our condensed consolidated balance sheets, the Warrant transactions are exempt from the scope and fair value provisions of accounting principles related to accounting for derivative instruments.

Net proceeds from the above transactions were \$387.3 million, consisting of gross proceeds of \$460.0 million from the Notes and \$54.0 million of proceeds from the Warrants, less the \$112.4 million purchase price for the Note Hedge and \$14.3 million of purchase discounts and other offering expenses.

The Note Hedge transactions and the Warrant transactions are separate transactions, each of which we have entered into with the Option Counterparties, and are not part of the terms of the Notes and will not affect any rights of holders under the Notes. Holders of the Notes do not have any rights with respect to the Note Hedge transactions or Warrant transactions.

***1.00% Senior Convertible Debentures due 2027***

See Note 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation for a discussion of the liability component associated with the Debentures and the retrospective accounting change resulting from the adoption of a recent accounting standard related to accounting for convertible debt instruments.

Under limited circumstances, prior to February 1, 2025, the Debentures are convertible by the holders into cash and shares of our common stock, if any, initially based on a conversion rate of 35.4610 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Debentures, (which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$28.20 per share) or 13,253,867 issuable shares. As of September 30, 2009, if the Debentures were converted, no shares would have been issued since the trading price of our common stock was below the conversion price of the Debentures.

For specific criteria related to contingent interest, conversion or redemption features of the Debentures, refer to Note 6 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our Form 8-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed on May 18, 2009.

**Table of Contents****COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****Debt discount for the Debentures and the Notes**

The debt discount related to the Debentures and the debt discount related to the Notes is accreted over their respective terms and recognized as non-cash convertible debt related expense. The accretion of debt discount expected to be included in our condensed consolidated financial statements is as follows for each of the periods indicated (in millions):

|   | 2009    | 2010    | For the Years Ended |         | 2013    | 2014    |
|---|---------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|
|   |         |         | 2011                | 2012    |         |         |
| Non-cash convertible debt discount expense for the Debentures | \$ 19.3 | \$ 20.8 | \$ 22.3             | \$ 1.9  | \$      | \$      |
| Non-cash convertible debt discount expense for the Notes      | \$ 11.9 | \$ 21.3 | \$ 23.5             | \$ 26.0 | \$ 28.8 | \$ 12.9 |

**Equity**

During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, we awarded grants for 739,712 shares of restricted stock awards. See Note 10. Stock-Based Compensation.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, we did not repurchase shares of our common stock.

See Note 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation for a discussion of the equity component associated with the Debentures and the retrospective accounting change resulting from the adoption of a recent accounting standard related to accounting for convertible debt instruments.

**NOTE 7. INCOME TAXES**

We record our interim tax provision based upon our estimated annual effective tax rate and account for the tax effects of discrete events in the period in which they occur. We file a federal consolidated income tax return with our eligible subsidiaries. Our federal consolidated income tax return also includes the taxable results of certain grantor trusts described below.

We currently estimate our annual effective tax rate, including discrete items, for the year ended December 31, 2009 to be approximately 35.0%. We review the annual effective tax rate on a quarterly basis as projections are revised. The effective income tax rate was 35.3% and 40% for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The liability for uncertain tax positions, exclusive of interest and penalties, was \$132.1 million and \$132.5 million as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively. Liabilities for uncertain tax positions decreased by approximately \$0.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Included in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2009 are potential benefits of \$114.1 million that, if recognized, would impact the effective tax rate.

We continue to reflect interest accrued on uncertain tax positions and penalties as part of the tax provision. For the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, we recognized \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, we recognized \$0.5 million and \$1.0 million, respectively of interest and penalties on uncertain tax positions. As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, we had accrued interest and penalties associated with unrecognized tax benefits of \$8.5 million and \$8.1 million, respectively.

We will continue to monitor issues as they are examined by auditors representing tax authorities to determine whether an adjustment to existing liabilities for interest and penalties on uncertain tax positions is required or whether an additional liability should be provided for a new issue. As issues are examined by the Internal Revenue Service ( IRS ) and state auditors, we may decide to adjust the existing liability for interest and penalties on uncertain tax positions for issues that were not previously deemed an exposure. Accordingly, we will continue to monitor the results of audits and adjust the liability as needed. Federal income tax returns for Covanta Energy are closed for the years through 2003. However, to the extent NOLs are utilized from earlier years, federal income tax returns for Covanta Holding Corporation, formerly known as Danielson Holding Corporation, are still open. The tax returns of our subsidiary ARC Holdings had been under an IRS examination for 2004 and 2005. This examination was related to ARC Holdings refund requests related to NOL carryback claims from tax years prior to our acquisition of ARC Holdings in 2005 that required the approval of the Joint Committee. The audit was concluded with no change and the Joint Committee approved the refund, which we received during the third quarter of 2009. State income tax returns are generally subject to examination for a period of three to five years after the filing of the respective return. The state impact of any federal changes remains subject to examination by various states for a period of up to one year after formal notification to the states. We have various state income tax returns in the process of examination, administrative appeals or litigation.

Table of Contents**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Our NOLs predominantly arose from our predecessor insurance entities (which were subsidiaries of our predecessor, which was formerly named Mission Insurance Group, Inc., Mission ). These Mission insurance entities have been in state insolvency proceedings in California and Missouri since the late 1980 s. The amount of NOLs available to us will be reduced by any taxable income or increased by any taxable losses generated by current members of our consolidated tax group, which include grantor trusts associated with the Mission insurance entities.

While we cannot predict with certainty what amounts, if any, may be includable in taxable income as a result of the final administration of these grantor trusts, substantial actions toward such final administration have been taken and we believe that neither arrangements with the California Commissioner nor the final administration by the Missouri Director will result in a material reduction in available NOLs.

We had consolidated federal NOLs estimated to be approximately \$591 million for federal income tax purposes as of December 31, 2008, based on the tax returns as filed. The federal NOLs will expire in various amounts from December 31, 2009 through December 31, 2028, if not used. Current forecasts indicate we will utilize consolidated federal NOLs in 2009 which will otherwise expire in 2009. In addition to the consolidated federal NOLs, as of December 31, 2008, we had state NOL carryforwards of approximately \$119.7 million, which expire between 2012 and 2027, capital loss carryforwards of \$69.0 million expiring in 2009, additional federal credit carryforwards of \$32.7 million, and state credit carryforwards of \$0.8 million. These deferred tax assets are offset by a valuation allowance of \$34.3 million.

For further information, refer to Note 9. Income Taxes of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Form 8-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed on May 18, 2009.

**NOTE 8. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION****Operating Revenues**

The components of waste and service revenues are as follows (in thousands):

|   | <b>For the Three Months<br/>Ended September 30,</b> |             | <b>For the Nine Months<br/>Ended September 30,</b> |             |
|---|---|-------------|--|-------------|
|   | <b>2009</b>   | <b>2008</b> | <b>2009</b>  | <b>2008</b> |
| Waste and service revenues unrelated to project debt        | \$ 212,841  | \$ 214,314  | \$ 608,050   | \$ 627,143  |
| Revenue earned explicitly to service project debt-principal | 14,759  | 17,166      | 42,198   | 51,530      |
| Revenue earned explicitly to service project debt-interest  | 5,587   | 6,824       | 17,050   | 19,943      |
| Total waste and service revenues                            | \$ 233,187  | \$ 238,304  | \$ 667,298   | \$ 698,616  |

Under some of our service agreements, we bill municipalities fees to service project debt (principal and interest). The amounts billed are based on the actual principal amortization schedule for the project bonds. Regardless of the amounts billed to client communities relating to project debt principal, we recognize revenue earned explicitly to

service project debt principal on a levelized basis over the term of the applicable agreement. In the beginning of the agreement, principal billed is less than the amount of levelized revenue recognized related to principal and we record an unbilled service receivable asset. At some point during the agreement, the amount we bill will exceed the levelized revenue and the unbilled service receivable begins to reduce, and ultimately becomes nil at the end of the contract.

In the final year(s) of a contract, cash is utilized from debt service reserve accounts to pay remaining principal amounts due to project bondholders and such amounts are no longer billed to or paid by municipalities. Generally, therefore, in the last year of the applicable agreement, little or no cash is received from municipalities relating to project debt, while our levelized service revenue continues to be recognized until the expiration date of the term of the agreement.

Our independent power production facilities in India generate electricity and steam explicitly for specific purchasers and as such, these agreements are considered lease arrangements. Electricity and steam sales included lease income from our international business of \$46.4 million and \$69.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and \$110.0 million and \$182.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

### **Operating Costs**

#### *Pass through costs*

Pass through costs are costs for which we receive a direct contractually committed reimbursement from the municipal client which sponsors an energy-from-waste project. These costs generally include utility charges, insurance premiums, ash

Table of Contents**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

residue transportation and disposal and certain chemical costs. These costs are recorded net of municipal client reimbursements in our condensed consolidated financial statements. Total pass through costs were \$16.6 million and \$15.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and \$46.4 million and \$45.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

*Other operating expenses*

The components of other operating expenses are as follows (in thousands):

|   | <b>Other Operating Expenses</b>                     |             |  |             |
|---|---|-------------|--|-------------|
|   | <b>For the Three Months<br/>Ended September 30,</b> |             | <b>For the Nine Months<br/>Ended September 30,</b> |             |
|   | <b>2009</b>   | <b>2008</b> | <b>2009</b>  | <b>2008</b> |
| Construction costs                      | \$ 7,169  | \$ 11,340   | \$ 18,494  | \$ 36,607   |
| Insurance subsidiary operating expenses | 7,022   | 2,800       | 15,524   | 8,588       |
| Insurance recoveries                    | (44)  | (487)       | (126)  | (4,256)     |
| Foreign exchange loss (gain)            | 35  | 874         | (271)  | 870         |
| Other                                   | 622   | 1,088       | 649  | 5,665       |
| Total other operating expenses          | \$ 14,804   | \$ 15,615   | \$ 34,270  | \$ 47,474   |

*Amortization of waste, service and energy contracts*

Waste, service and energy contracts are recorded at the time of acquisition using then-available information at their estimated fair market values based upon discounted cash flows. See Note 3. Acquisitions, Business Development and Dispositions for information related to intangibles acquired in the Veolia EfW Acquisition. The following table details the amount of the actual/estimated amortization expense and contra-expense associated with these intangible assets and liabilities as of September 30, 2009 included or expected to be included in our condensed consolidated statement of income for each of the years indicated (in thousands):

|                                      | <b>Waste, Service and<br/>Energy Contracts<br/>(Amortization<br/>Expense)</b> | <b>Waste and Service<br/>Contracts<br/>(Contra-Expense)</b> |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Nine Months ended September 30, 2009 | \$ 34,882   | \$ (9,870)  |
| Remainder of 2009                    | \$ 9,716  | \$ (3,308)  |
| 2010                                 | 36,787  | (12,721)  |
| 2011                                 | 33,664  | (12,408)  |

|            |    |         |    |           |
|------------|----|---------|----|-----------|
| 2012       |    | 31,571  |    | (12,412)  |
| 2013       |    | 27,960  |    | (12,390)  |
| 2014       |    | 25,396  |    | (12,390)  |
| Thereafter |    | 223,296 |    | (39,033)  |
| Total      | \$ | 388,390 | \$ | (104,662) |

### Non-cash convertible debt related expense

The components of non-cash convertible debt related expense are as follows (in thousands):

|  | <b>Non-Cash Convertible Debt Related Expense</b>    |             |  |             |
|--|---|-------------|--|-------------|
|  | <b>For the Three Months<br/>Ended September 30,</b> |             | <b>For the Nine Months<br/>Ended September 30,</b> |             |
|  | <b>2009</b>   | <b>2008</b> | <b>2009</b>  | <b>2008</b> |
| Debt discount accretion related to the Debentures        | \$ 4,874  | \$ 4,535    | \$ 14,363  | \$ 13,362   |
| Debt discount accretion related to the Notes             | 4,742   |             | 6,967  |             |
| Fair value changes related to the Note Hedge             | 10,515  |             | 3,378  |             |
| Fair value changes related to the Cash Conversion Option | (16,666)  |             | (10,146)   |             |
| Total non-cash convertible debt related expense          | \$ 3,465  | \$ 4,535    | \$ 14,562  | \$ 13,362   |



Table of Contents**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****Comprehensive Income**

The components of comprehensive income are as follows (in thousands):

|   | <b>Three Months Ended</b> |             | <b>Nine Months Ended</b> |             |
|---|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|
|   | <b>September 30,</b>      |             | <b>September 30,</b>     |             |
|   | <b>2009</b>               | <b>2008</b> | <b>2009</b>              | <b>2008</b> |
| Comprehensive income, net of income taxes:                                    |                           |             |                          |             |
| Net income attributable to Covanta Holding Corporation                        | \$ 40,852                 | \$ 47,099   | \$ 73,368                | \$ 101,661  |
| Foreign currency translation  | (870)                     | (1,098)     | 3,478                    | (2,352)     |
| Pension and other postretirement plan unrecognized net loss                   | (42)                      | (169)       | (126)                    | (508)       |
| Net unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities                   | 458                       | (622)       | 947                      | (994)       |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income attributable to Covanta Holding Corporation | (454)                     | (1,889)     | 4,299                    | (3,854)     |
| Comprehensive income attributable to Covanta Holding Corporation              | \$ 40,398                 | \$ 45,210   | \$ 77,667                | \$ 97,807   |
| Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries           | \$ 2,768                  | \$ 3,166    | \$ 6,312                 | \$ 7,260    |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income Foreign currency translation                | (766)                     | (946)       | 741                      | (2,798)     |
| Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries | \$ 2,002                  | \$ 2,220    | \$ 7,053                 | \$ 4,462    |

See Note 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation for a discussion of the retrospective accounting change resulting from the adoption of recent accounting standards related to accounting for convertible debt instruments and the presentation of noncontrolling interests in consolidated financial statements.

**Goodwill**

The following table details the changes in carrying value of goodwill (in thousands):

|   | <b>Total</b> |
|---|--------------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2008                                   | \$ 195,617   |
| Purchase price adjustment related to the ARC Holdings acquisition | 6,060        |

|   |            |
|---|------------|
| Goodwill related to the Pennsylvania transfer stations acquisition (See Note 3) | 1,319      |
| Balance as of September 30, 2009  | \$ 202,996 |

We increased goodwill and current liabilities by \$6.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 to recognize a liability due to one of our municipal clients that should have been recognized in the purchase price allocation relating to the ARC Holdings acquisition of June 2005.

## NOTE 9. BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

### *Pension and Other Benefit Obligations*

The components of net periodic benefit costs are as follows (in thousands):

|  | Pension Benefits                              |          |  |          | Other Post-Retirement Benefits                |       |  |        |
|--|---|----------|--|----------|---|-------|--|--------|
|  | For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2009 |          | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008 |          | For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2009 |       | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008 |        |
| Service cost                           | \$  | \$       | \$   | \$       | \$  | \$    | \$   | \$     |
| Interest cost                          | 1,197   | 1,176    | 3,591  | 3,528    | 122   | 137   | 367  | 411    |
| Expected return on plan assets         | (975)   | (1,182)  | (2,925)                                      | (3,546)  |   |       |  |        |
| Amortization of net prior service cost | 19  |          | 57   |          |   |       |  |        |
| Amortization of actuarial gain         | (46)  | (131)    | (138)  | (393)    | (37)  | (38)  | (112)  | (115)  |
| Net periodic benefit cost              | \$ 195  | \$ (137) | \$ 585                                       | \$ (411) | \$ 85   | \$ 99 | \$ 255                                       | \$ 296 |

### *Defined Contribution Plans*

Substantially all of our domestic employees are eligible to participate in defined contribution plans we sponsor. Our costs related to defined contribution plans were \$3.3 million and \$3.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009

**Table of Contents**

**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

and 2008, respectively, and \$10.7 million and \$10.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

**NOTE 10. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION**

Compensation expense related to our stock-based awards totaled \$3.0 million and \$10.7 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, respectively, and \$3.3 million and \$11.4 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, we awarded certain employees 694,712 shares of restricted stock awards. The restricted stock awards will be expensed over the requisite service period, subject to an assumed ten percent forfeiture rate. The terms of the restricted stock awards include two vesting provisions; one based on a performance factor and continued service (applicable to 66% of the award) and one based solely on continued service (applicable to 34% of the award). If all performance and service criteria are satisfied, the awards vest during March of 2010, 2011 and 2012.

On May 7, 2009, in accordance with our existing program for annual director compensation, we awarded 45,000 restricted stock awards under the Directors Plan. We determined that the service vesting condition of the restricted stock awards granted to the directors on May 7, 2009 to be non-substantive and, in accordance with accounting principles for stock compensation, recorded the entire fair value of the award as compensation expense on the grant date.

As of September 30, 2009, we had approximately \$13.6 million and \$3.9 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to our unvested restricted stock awards and unvested stock options, respectively. We expect this compensation expense to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.1 years for our unvested restricted stock awards and 2.6 years for our unvested stock options.

**NOTE 11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

**Fair Value Measurements**

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

For cash and cash equivalents, restricted funds, and marketable securities, the carrying value of these amounts is a reasonable estimate of their fair value. The fair value of restricted funds held in trust is based on quoted market prices of the investments held by the trustee.

Fair values for long-term debt and project debt are determined using quoted market prices.

The fair value of the Note Hedge and the Cash Conversion Option are determined using an option pricing model based on observable inputs such as implied volatility, risk free rate, and other factors. The fair value of the Note Hedge is adjusted to reflect counterparty risk of non-performance, and is based on the counterparty's credit spread in the credit derivatives market. The contingent interest features related to the Debentures and the Notes are valued quarterly using the present value of expected cash flow models incorporating the probabilities of the contingent events occurring.

The estimated fair-value amounts have been determined using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, considerable judgment is necessarily required in interpreting market data to develop estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that we would realize in a current market exchange. The fair-value estimates presented herein are based on pertinent information available to us as of September 30, 2009. However, such amounts have not been comprehensively revalued for purposes of these financial statements since September 30, 2009, and current estimates of fair value may differ significantly from the amounts presented herein.

Table of Contents

## COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following tables present information about the fair value measurement of our assets and liabilities as of September 30, 2009:

| Financial Instruments Recorded at Fair Value<br>on a Recurring Basis:     | As of September 30, 2009 |   | Fair Value Measurements at<br>Reporting Date Using                                  |   |   |
|---|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|
|   | Carrying<br>Amount       | Estimated<br>Fair Value<br>(In thousands) | Quoted<br>Prices in<br>Active<br>Markets<br>for<br>Identical<br>Assets<br>(Level 1) | Significant<br>Other<br>Observable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 2) | Significant<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs<br>(Level<br>3) |
| <b>Assets:</b>  |                          |   |   |   |   |
| Cash and cash equivalents:  |                          |   |   |   |   |
| Bank deposits and certificates of deposit                                 | \$ 73,718                | \$ 73,718                                 | \$ 73,718   | \$  | \$  |
| Money market funds  | 298,882                  | 298,882                                   | 298,882   |   |   |
| Total cash and cash equivalents:  | 372,600                  | 372,600                                   | 372,600   |   |   |
| Restricted funds held in trust:   |                          |   |   |   |   |
| Bank deposits and certificates of deposit                                 | 47,500                   | 47,441                                    | 47,441  |   |   |
| Money market funds  | 211,484                  | 211,817                                   | 211,817   |   |   |
| U.S. Treasury/Agency obligations(a)                                       | 24,313                   | 24,326                                    | 24,326  |   |   |
| State and municipal obligations   | 13,098                   | 13,050                                    | 13,050  |   |   |
| Commercial paper/Guaranteed investment<br>contracts/Repurchase agreements | 59,041                   | 59,211                                    | 59,211  |   |   |
| Total restricted funds held in trust:                                     | 355,436                  | 355,845                                   | 355,845   |   |   |
| Investments:  |                          |   |   |   |   |
| Marketable securities available for sale                                  | 300                      | 300                                       | 300   |   |   |
| Investments held to maturity:   |                          |   |   |   |   |
| U.S. Treasury/Agency obligations  | 13,885                   | 13,885                                    | 13,885  |   |   |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities                                    | 3,758                    | 3,758                                     | 3,758   |   |   |
| Corporate investments   | 9,106                    | 9,106                                     | 9,106   |   |   |
| Equity securities   | 808                      | 808                                       | 808   |   |   |
| Total investments:  | 27,857                   | 27,857                                    | 27,857  |   |   |
| Derivative Asset Note Hedge   | 109,000                  | 109,000                                   |   | 109,000   |   |
| Total assets:   | \$ 864,893               | \$ 865,302                                | \$ 756,302  | \$ 109,000  | \$  |

**Liabilities:**

|   |    |         |    |         |    |         |    |
|---|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------|----|
| Derivative Liability - Cash Conversion Option                                     | \$ | 114,285 | \$ | 114,285 | \$ | 114,285 | \$ |
| Derivative Liabilities - Contingent interest features of the Debentures and Notes |    | 0       |    | 0       |    | 0       |    |
| Total liabilities:  | \$ | 114,285 | \$ | 114,285 | \$ | 114,285 | \$ |

**Financial Instruments Recorded at Carrying****Amount:****Assets:**

|                      |    |         |    |         |
|----------------------|----|---------|----|---------|
| Accounts receivables | \$ | 317,348 | \$ | 317,348 |
|----------------------|----|---------|----|---------|

**Liabilities:**

|   |    |           |    |           |
|---|----|-----------|----|-----------|
| Long-term debt (excluding Cash Conversion Option) | \$ | 1,300,399 | \$ | 1,267,241 |
| Project debt                                      | \$ | 1,022,787 | \$ | 1,030,669 |

- (a) The U.S. Treasury/Agency obligations in restricted funds held in trust are primarily comprised of Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation securities at fair value.

**Investments**

Our insurance subsidiaries' fixed maturity debt and equity securities portfolio are classified as available-for-sale and are carried at fair value. Equity securities that are traded on a national securities exchange are stated at the last reported sales price on the day of valuation. Debt security values are determined by third party matrix pricing based on the last days trading activity. Changes in fair value are credited or charged directly to Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ( AOCI ) in the condensed consolidated statements of equity as unrealized gains or losses, respectively. Investment gains or losses realized on the sale of securities are determined using the specific identification method. Realized gains and losses are recognized in the condensed consolidated statements of income based on the amortized cost of fixed maturities and cost basis for equity securities on the date of trade, subject to any previous adjustments for other-than-temporary declines. Other-than-temporary declines in fair value are recorded as realized losses in the condensed consolidated statements of income and the cost

Table of Contents**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

basis of the security is reduced. We consider the following factors in determining whether declines in the fair value of securities are other-than-temporary :

the significance of the decline in fair value compared to the cost basis;  
the time period during which there has been a significant decline in fair value;  
whether the unrealized loss is credit-driven or a result of changes in market interest rates;  
a fundamental analysis of the business prospects and financial condition of the issuer; and  
our ability and intent to hold the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value.

Other investments, such as investments in companies in which we do not have the ability to exercise significant influence, are carried at the lower of cost or estimated realizable value.

The cost or amortized cost, unrealized gains, unrealized losses and fair value of our investments categorized by type of security, were as follows (in thousands):

|   |                                       | <b>As of September 30, 2009</b> |                            |                       |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
|   | <b>Cost or<br/>Amortized<br/>Cost</b> | <b>Unrealized<br/>Gain</b>      | <b>Unrealized<br/>Loss</b> | <b>Fair<br/>Value</b> |
| <b>Current investments:</b>               |                                       |                                 |                            |                       |
| Fixed maturities                          | \$ 300                                | \$                              | \$                         | \$ 300                |
| Equity securities insurance business      | 732                                   | 88                              | 12                         | 808                   |
| <b>Total current investments</b>          | <b>\$ 1,032</b>                       | <b>\$ 88</b>                    | <b>\$ 12</b>               | <b>\$ 1,108</b>       |
| <b>Noncurrent investments:</b>            |                                       |                                 |                            |                       |
| Fixed maturities insurance business:      |                                       |                                 |                            |                       |
| U.S. government obligations               | \$ 315                                | \$ 8                            | \$                         | \$ 323                |
| U.S. government agencies                  | 13,216                                | 347                             | 1                          | 13,562                |
| Residential mortgage-backed               | 3,663                                 | 95                              |                            | 3,758                 |
| Corporate                                 | 8,790                                 | 317                             | 1                          | 9,106                 |
| Total fixed maturities insurance business | 25,984                                | 767                             | 2                          | 26,749                |
| Investment at cost international business | 3,437                                 |                                 |                            | 3,437                 |
| Mutual and bond funds                     | 1,729                                 | 211                             |                            | 1,940                 |
| <b>Total noncurrent investments</b>       | <b>\$ 31,150</b>                      | <b>\$ 978</b>                   | <b>\$ 2</b>                | <b>\$ 32,126</b>      |

**As of December 31, 2008**

|   | <b>Cost or<br/>Amortized<br/>Cost</b> | <b>Unrealized<br/>Gain</b> | <b>Unrealized<br/>Loss</b> | <b>Fair<br/>Value</b> |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Current investments:</b>               |                                       |                            |                            |                       |
| Fixed maturities                          | \$ 300                                | \$                         | \$                         | \$ 300                |
| Equity securities insurance business      | 760                                   | 62                         | 30                         | 792                   |
| <b>Total current investments</b>          | <b>\$ 1,060</b>                       | <b>\$ 62</b>               | <b>\$ 30</b>               | <b>\$ 1,092</b>       |
| <b>Noncurrent investments:</b>            |                                       |                            |                            |                       |
| Fixed maturities insurance business:      |                                       |                            |                            |                       |
| U.S. government obligations               | \$ 565                                | \$ 22                      | \$                         | \$ 587                |
| U.S. government agencies                  | 17,332                                | 307                        | 19                         | 17,620                |
| Residential mortgage-backed               | 4,183                                 | 27                         | 26                         | 4,184                 |
| Corporate                                 | 4,540                                 |                            | 194                        | 4,346                 |
| Total fixed maturities insurance business | 26,620                                | 356                        | 239                        | 26,737                |
| Investment at cost international business | 3,437                                 |                            |                            | 3,437                 |
| Mutual and bond funds                     | 1,404                                 |                            | 433                        | 971                   |
| <b>Total noncurrent investments</b>       | <b>\$ 31,461</b>                      | <b>\$ 356</b>              | <b>\$ 672</b>              | <b>\$ 31,145</b>      |



Table of Contents

## COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following table sets forth a summary of temporarily impaired investments held by our insurance subsidiary (in thousands):

| Description of Investments                                 | As of September 30,<br>2009 |                   | As of December 31,<br>2008 |                   |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
|  | Fair Value                  | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value                 | Unrealized Losses |
| U.S. Treasury and other direct U.S. Government obligations | \$                          | \$                | \$ 2,841                   | \$ 19             |
| Federal agency mortgage-backed securities                  | 353                         | 1                 | 1,547                      | 26                |
| Corporate bonds  | 255                         | 1                 | 3,996                      | 194               |
| Total fixed maturities                                     | 608                         | 2                 | 8,384                      | 239               |
| Equity securities  | 155                         | 12                | 307                        | 30                |
| Total temporarily impaired investments                     | \$ 763                      | \$ 14             | \$ 8,691                   | \$ 269            |

The number of U.S. Treasury and federal agency obligations, mortgage-backed securities, and corporate bonds temporarily impaired are 0, 1, and 9, respectively. As of September 30, 2009, all of the temporarily impaired fixed maturity investments with a fair value of \$0.6 million had maturities greater than 12 months.

Our fixed maturities held by our insurance subsidiary include mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations, collectively ( MBS ) representing 14.0%, and 15.6% of the total fixed maturities as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively. Our MBS holdings are issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association ( FNMA ), the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ( FHLMC ), or the Government National Mortgage Association ( GNMA ) all of which are rated AAA by Moody's Investors Services. MBS and callable bonds, in contrast to other bonds, are more sensitive to market value declines in a rising interest rate environment than to market value increases in a declining interest rate environment.

The expected maturities of fixed maturity securities, by amortized cost and fair value are shown below (in thousands):

| Available-for-sale:          | As of September 30, 2009 |            |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
|                              | Amortized Cost           | Fair Value |
| One year or less             | \$ 7,827                 | \$ 8,009   |
| Over one year to five years  | 17,189                   | 17,766     |
| Over five years to ten years | 968                      | 974        |
| More than ten years          |                          |            |

|                        |    |        |    |        |
|------------------------|----|--------|----|--------|
| Total fixed maturities | \$ | 25,984 | \$ | 26,749 |
|------------------------|----|--------|----|--------|

The following reflects the change in net unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities included as a separate component of accumulated AOCI in the condensed consolidated statements of equity (in thousands):

|   | <b>For the Three Months<br/>Ended September 30,<br/>2009</b> |             | <b>For the Nine Months<br/>Ended September 30,<br/>2009</b> |             |
|---|--|-------------|---|-------------|
|   |  | <b>2008</b> |   | <b>2008</b> |
| Fixed maturities, net                               | \$   | 265         | \$  | (482)       |
| Equity securities, net                              |  | 79          |   | (25)        |
| Mutual and bond funds                               |  | 114         |   | (115)       |
| Change in net unrealized gain (loss) on investments | \$   | 458         | \$  | (622)       |
|   | \$   | 692         | \$  | (660)       |
|   |  | 44          |   | (93)        |
|   |  | 211         |   | (241)       |
|   | \$   | 947         | \$  | (994)       |

Table of Contents**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The components of net unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities consist of the following (in thousands):

|   | <b>For the Three<br/>Months<br/>Ended September 30,<br/>2009</b> |          | <b>For the Nine<br/>Months<br/>Ended September 30,<br/>2008</b> |          |
|---|--|----------|---|----------|
| Net unrealized holding gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities arising during the period               | \$ 458   | \$ (625) | \$ 924  | \$ (985) |
| Reclassification adjustment for net realized losses on available-for-sale securities included in net income |  | 3        | 23  | (9)      |
| Net unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities   | \$ 458   | \$ (622) | \$ 947  | \$ (994) |

**NOTE 12. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS**

The following disclosures summarize the fair value of derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments in the condensed consolidated balance sheets and the effect of changes in fair value related to those derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments on the condensed consolidated statements of income.

**Derivative Instruments Not Designated**

| <b>As Hedging Instruments</b>                            | <b>Balance Sheet Location</b> | <b>Fair Value as of</b>       |                              |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
|  |                               | <b>September 30,<br/>2009</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2008</b> |
| <b>(In thousands)</b>                                    |                               |                               |                              |
| <b>Asset Derivatives:</b>                                |                               |                               |                              |
| Interest rate swap receivable                            | Other noncurrent assets       | \$                            | \$ 13,984                    |
| Note Hedge   | Other noncurrent assets       | \$ 109,000                    | \$                           |
| <b>Liability Derivatives:</b>                            |                               |                               |                              |
| Cash Conversion Option                                   | Long-term debt                | \$ 114,285                    | \$                           |
| Contingent interest features of the Debentures and Notes | Other noncurrent liabilities  | \$ 0                          | \$ 0                         |
| Interest rate swap payable                               | Other noncurrent liabilities  | \$                            | \$ 13,984                    |

| <b>Effect on Income of<br/>Derivative Instruments<br/>Not Designated</b> | <b>Location of Gain or (Loss)<br/>Recognized in Income on</b> | <b>Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income<br/>on Derivative</b> |                          |                     |                         |
|--|---|--|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
|  |   | <b>For the<br/>Three</b>   | <b>For the<br/>Three</b> | <b>For the Nine</b> | <b>For the<br/>Nine</b> |
|  |   |  |                          |                     |                         |

| As Hedging Instruments   | Derivatives                               | Months        | Months        | Months        | Months        |
|--|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|  |   | Ended         | Ended         | Ended         | Ended         |
|  |   | September 30, | September 30, | September 30, | September 30, |
|  |   | 2009          | 2008          | 2009          | 2008          |
| (In thousands)   |   |               |               |               |               |
| Note Hedge   | Non-cash convertible debt related expense | \$ (10,515)   | \$            | \$ (3,378)    | \$            |
| Cash Conversion Option   | Non-cash convertible debt related expense | 16,666        |               | 10,146        |               |
| Contingent interest features of the Debentures and Notes                         | Non-cash convertible debt related expense |               |               |               |               |
| Interest rate swap   | Net interest expense on project debt      |               |               |               |               |
| Effect on income of derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments |   | \$ 6,151      | \$            | \$ 6,768      | \$            |

***Cash Conversion Option, Note Hedge and Contingent Interest features related to the 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes***

The Cash Conversion Option is a derivative instrument which is recorded at fair value quarterly with any change in fair value being recognized in our condensed consolidated income statement as non-cash convertible debt related expense. The fair value of the Cash Conversion Option was \$114.3 million as of September 30, 2009. The Note Hedge is accounted for as a derivative instrument and as such, is recorded at fair value quarterly with any change in fair value being recognized in our condensed consolidated income statement as non-cash convertible debt related expense. The fair value of the Note Hedge was \$109.0 million as of September 30, 2009. The contingent interest features of the Notes are embedded derivative instruments. The fair value of the contingent interest features of the Notes was zero as of September 30, 2009.

We expect the gain or loss from the Note Hedge to substantially offset the gain or loss associated with changes to the valuation of the Cash Conversion Option. However, they will not be completely offsetting as a result of changes in the credit spreads of the Option Counterparties. Our most significant credit exposure arises from the Note Hedge of the Notes. The fair

**Table of Contents****COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

value of the Note Hedge reflects the maximum loss that would be incurred should the Option Counterparties fail to perform according to the terms of the Note Hedge agreement. See Note 6. Changes in Capitalization for specific details related to the Cash Conversion Option, Note Hedge and contingent interest features of the Notes.

***Contingent Interest feature of the 1.00% Senior Convertible Debentures***

On January 31, 2007, we completed an underwritten public offering of \$373.8 million aggregate principal amount of Senior Convertible Debentures. The Debentures bear interest at a rate of 1.00% per year, payable semi-annually in arrears, on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing on August 1, 2007, and will mature on February 1, 2027. Beginning with the six-month interest period commencing February 1, 2012, we will pay contingent interest on the Debentures during any six-month interest period in which the trading price of the Debentures measured over a specified number of trading days is 120% or more of the principal amount of the Debentures. When applicable, the contingent interest payable per \$1,000 principal amount of Debentures will equal 0.25% of the average trading price of \$1,000 principal amount of Debentures during the five trading days ending on the second trading day immediately preceding the first day of the applicable six-month interest period. The contingent interest feature in the Debentures is an embedded derivative instrument. The first contingent cash interest payment period does not commence until February 1, 2012, and the fair value for the embedded derivative was zero as of September 30, 2009.

***Interest Rate Swaps***

On August 20, 2009, one of our client communities refinanced project debt (\$63.7 million outstanding) and we terminated a related interest rate swap (\$9.8 million liability) with the proceeds from new bonds and cash on hand. Prior to this refinancing, we had an interest rate swap agreement related to the existing project debt that economically fixed the interest rate on the adjustable-rate revenue bonds. Any payments made or received under the swap agreement, including amounts upon termination, were included as an explicit component of the client community's obligation under the related service agreement. Therefore, all payments made or received under the swap agreement were a pass through to the client community.

As a result of the refinancing, the client community issued two separate fixed rate bonds, \$53.7 million tax exempt bonds bearing interest from 3% to 5% due 2019 in order to pay down the existing project debt and \$12.7 million 4.67% taxable bonds due 2012 issued primarily to terminate the swap agreement. Consistent with other private, non-tip fee structures, the client community will pay us debt service revenue equivalent to the principal and interest on the bonds.

**NOTE 13. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

We hold a 26% investment in Quezon Power, Inc. ( Quezon ). We are party to an agreement with Quezon in which we assumed responsibility for the operation and maintenance of Quezon's coal-fired electricity generation facility. Accordingly, 26% of the net income of Quezon is reflected in our statements of income and as such, 26% of the revenue earned under the terms of the operation and maintenance agreement is eliminated against Equity in Net Income from Unconsolidated Investments. For the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, we collected \$8.5 million and \$7.5 million, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, we collected \$26.8 million and \$27.7 million, respectively, for the operation and maintenance of the facility. As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the net amount due to Quezon was \$2.6 million and \$3.2 million, respectively, which

represents advance payments received from Quezon for operation and maintenance costs.

On June 30, 2009, we acquired a 30% owner participant interest in the Detroit Facility. We are party to an operating and maintenance agreement with the owners of the Detroit Facility, pursuant to which we operate, maintain and provide certain other services for the owners of the Detroit Facility for a term of one year. Accordingly, 30% of the net income of the Detroit Facility is reflected in our statements of income and as such, 30% of the revenue earned under the terms of the operation and maintenance agreement is eliminated against Equity in Net Income from Unconsolidated Investments. See Note 3. Acquisitions, Business Development and Dispositions.

**NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

We and/or our subsidiaries are party to a number of claims, lawsuits and pending actions, most of which are routine and all of which are incidental to our business. We assess the likelihood of potential losses on an ongoing basis and when losses are considered probable and reasonably estimable, record as a loss an estimate of the ultimate outcome. If we can only

**Table of Contents**

**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

estimate the range of a possible loss, an amount representing the low end of the range of possible outcomes is recorded. The final consequences of these proceedings are not presently determinable with certainty.

***Environmental Matters***

Our operations are subject to environmental regulatory laws and environmental remediation laws. Although our operations are occasionally subject to proceedings and orders pertaining to emissions into the environment and other environmental violations, which may result in fines, penalties, damages or other sanctions, we believe that we are in substantial compliance with existing environmental laws and regulations.

We may be identified, along with other entities, as being among parties potentially responsible for contribution to costs associated with the correction and remediation of environmental conditions at disposal sites subject to federal and/or analogous state laws. In certain instances, we may be exposed to joint and several liabilities for remedial action or damages. Our ultimate liability in connection with such environmental claims will depend on many factors, including our volumetric share of waste, the total cost of remediation, and the financial viability of other companies that also sent waste to a given site and, in the case of divested operations, its contractual arrangement with the purchaser of such operations.

The potential costs related to the matters described below and the possible impact on future operations are uncertain due in part to the complexity of governmental laws and regulations and their interpretations, the varying costs and effectiveness of cleanup technologies, the uncertain level of insurance or other types of recovery and the questionable level of our responsibility. Although the ultimate outcome and expense of any litigation, including environmental remediation, is uncertain, we believe that the following proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In August 2004, the United States Environmental Protection Agency ( EPA ) notified Covanta Essex Company ( Essex ) that it was a potentially responsible party ( PRP ) for Superfund response actions in the Lower Passaic River Study Area, referred to as LPRSA, a 17 mile stretch of river in northern New Jersey. Essex is one of at least 73 PRPs named thus far that have joined the LPRSA PRP group. On May 8, 2007, EPA and the PRP group entered into an Administrative Order on Consent by which the PRP group is undertaking a Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study ( Study ) of the LPRSA under EPA oversight. The cost to complete the Study is estimated at \$75 million, in addition to EPA oversight costs. Essex's share of the Study costs to date are not material to its financial position and results of operations; however, the Study costs are exclusive of any costs that may be required of PRPs to remediate the LPRSA or costs associated with natural resource damages to the LPRSA that may be assessed against PRPs. On February 4, 2009, Essex and over 300 other PRPs were named as third-party defendants in a suit brought by the State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection ( NJDEP ) against Occidental Chemical Corporation and certain related entities ( Occidental ) with respect to alleged contamination of the LPRSA by Occidental. The Occidental third party complaint seeks contribution from the third-party defendants with respect to any award to NJDEP of damages against Occidental in the matter. Considering the history of industrial and other discharges into the LPRSA from other sources, including named PRPs, Essex believes any releases to the LPRSA from its facility to be de minimis in comparison; however, it is not possible at this time to predict that outcome with certainty or to estimate Essex's ultimate liability in the matter, including for LPRSA remedial costs and/or natural resource damages and/or contribution claims made by Occidental and/or other PRPs.

**Other Matters**

Other commitments as of September 30, 2009 were as follows (in thousands):

|                             | <b>Commitments Expiring by Period</b> |                               |                               |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|                             | <b>Total</b>                          | <b>Less Than<br/>One Year</b> | <b>More Than<br/>One Year</b> |
| Letters of credit           | \$ 270,516                            | \$ 3,999                      | \$ 266,517                    |
| Surety bonds                | 75,764                                |                               | 75,764                        |
| Total other commitments net | \$ 346,280                            | \$ 3,999                      | \$ 342,281                    |

The letters of credit were issued under various credit facilities (primarily the Funded L/C Facility) to secure our performance under various contractual undertakings related to our domestic and international projects or to secure obligations under our insurance program. Each letter of credit relating to a project is required to be maintained in effect for the period specified in related project contracts, and generally may be drawn if it is not renewed prior to expiration of that period.



**Table of Contents**

**COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Concluded)**

We believe that we will be able to fully perform under our contracts to which these existing letters of credit relate, and that it is unlikely that letters of credit would be drawn because of a default of our performance obligations. If any of these letters of credit were to be drawn by the beneficiary, the amount drawn would be immediately repayable by us to the issuing bank. If we do not immediately repay such amounts drawn under these letters of credit, unreimbursed amounts would be treated under the Credit Facilities as additional term loans in the case of letters of credit issued under the Funded L/C Facility, or as revolving loans in the case of letters of credit issued under the Revolving Loan Facility.

The surety bonds listed on the table above relate primarily to performance obligations (\$66.8 million) and support for closure obligations of various energy projects when such projects cease operating (\$9.0 million). Were these bonds to be drawn upon, we would have a contractual obligation to indemnify the surety company.

We have certain contingent obligations related to the Debentures. These are:

- holders may require us to repurchase their Debentures on February 1, 2012, February 1, 2017 and February 1, 2022;
- holders may require us to repurchase their Debentures, if a fundamental change occurs; and
- holders may exercise their conversion rights upon the occurrence of certain events, which would require us to pay the conversion settlement amount in cash and/or our common stock.

For specific criteria related to contingent interest, conversion or redemption features of the Debentures, refer to Note 6 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our Form 8-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed on May 18, 2009.

We have certain contingent obligations related to the Notes. These are:

- holders may require us to repurchase their Notes, if a fundamental change occurs; and
- holders may exercise their conversion rights upon the occurrence of certain events, which would require us to pay the conversion settlement amount in cash.

For specific criteria related to contingent interest, conversion or redemption features of the Notes, see Note 6. Changes in Capitalization.

We have issued or are party to guarantees and related contractual support obligations undertaken pursuant to agreements to construct and operate domestic and international waste and energy facilities. For some projects, such performance guarantees include obligations to repay certain financial obligations if the project revenues are insufficient to do so, or to obtain or guarantee financing for a project. With respect to our domestic and international businesses, we have issued guarantees to municipal clients and other parties that our subsidiaries will perform in accordance with contractual terms, including, where required, the payment of damages or other obligations. Additionally, damages payable under such guarantees on our energy-from-waste facilities could expose us to recourse liability on project debt. If we must perform under one or more of such guarantees, our liability for damages upon contract termination would be reduced by funds held in trust and proceeds from sales of the facilities securing the project debt and is presently not estimable. Depending upon the circumstances giving rise to such domestic and international damages, the contractual terms of the applicable contracts, and the contract counterparty's choice of

remedy at the time a claim against a guarantee is made, the amounts owed pursuant to one or more of such guarantees could be greater than our then-available sources of funds. To date, we have not incurred material liabilities under such guarantees, either on domestic or international projects.

**NOTE 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In August 2009, we acquired six energy-from-waste businesses and one transfer station business as part of the Veolia EfW Acquisition. We also acquired a majority ownership stake in one of the energy-from-waste facilities during the third quarter 2009. See Note 3. Acquisitions, Business Development and Dispositions. On October 20, 2009, we entered into an agreement with the minority ownership partner to obtain the remaining ownership stake in this energy-from-waste facility for approximately \$23.7 million. We expect to complete this transaction, which is conditioned upon receipt of customary regulatory approvals, by fiscal year-end 2009.

We have evaluated all significant activities through October 21, 2009 (the issue date of this interim report) and have concluded that no additional subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the condensed consolidated financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents**

**Item 2. *MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS***

The terms we, our, ours, us, Covanta and Company refer to Covanta Holding Corporation and its subsidiaries. The following discussion addresses our financial condition as of September 30, 2009 and our results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, compared with the same periods last year. It should be read in conjunction with our Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2008 and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our Form 8-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed on May 18, 2009, and in the interim unaudited financial statements and notes included in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for the period ended March 31, 2009 and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2009, to which the reader is directed for additional information.

The preparation of interim financial statements necessarily relies heavily on estimates. Due to the use of estimates and certain other factors, such as the seasonal nature of our waste and energy services business, as well as competitive and other market conditions, we do not believe that interim results of operations are indicative of full year results of operations. The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and classification of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

**OVERVIEW**

We are a leading developer, owner and operator of infrastructure for the conversion of waste to energy (known as energy-from-waste), as well as other waste disposal and renewable energy production businesses in the Americas, Europe and Asia. We are organized as a holding company and conduct all of our operations through subsidiaries which are engaged predominantly in the businesses of waste and energy services. We also engage in the independent power production business outside the United States.

We own, have equity investments in, and/or operate 66 energy generation facilities, 55 of which are in the United States and 11 of which are located outside the United States. Our energy generation facilities use a variety of fuels, including municipal solid waste, wood waste (biomass), landfill gas, water (hydroelectric), natural gas, coal, and heavy fuel-oil. We also own or operate several businesses that are associated with our energy-from-waste business, including a waste procurement business, four landfills, which we use primarily for ash disposal, and several waste transfer stations.

We have extensive experience in developing, constructing, operating, acquiring and integrating waste and energy services businesses. We intend to continue to focus our efforts on pursuing development and acquisition-based growth. We anticipate that a part of our future growth will come from acquiring or investing in additional energy-from-waste, waste disposal and renewable energy production businesses in the Americas, Europe and Asia. Our business is capital intensive because it is based upon building and operating municipal solid waste processing and energy generating projects. In order to provide meaningful growth through development, we must be able to invest our funds, obtain equity and/or debt financing, and provide support to our operating subsidiaries.

**The Energy-From-Waste Solution**

We believe that our business offers solutions to public sector leaders around the world in two related elements of critical infrastructure: waste disposal and renewable energy generation. We believe that the environmental benefits of

energy-from-waste, as an alternative to landfilling, are clear and compelling: by processing municipal solid waste in energy-from-waste facilities we reduce greenhouse gas ( GHG ) emissions, lower the risk of groundwater contamination, and conserve land. At the same time, energy-from-waste generates clean, reliable energy from a renewable fuel source, thus reducing dependence on fossil fuels, the combustion of which is itself a major contributor to GHG emissions. As public planners in the Americas, Europe and Asia address their needs for more environmentally sustainable waste disposal and energy generation in the years ahead, we believe that energy-from-waste will be an increasingly attractive alternative. We will also consider, for application in domestic and international markets, acquiring or developing new technologies that complement our existing renewable energy and waste services businesses.

Our business offers sustainable solutions to energy and environmental problems, and our corporate culture is increasingly focused on themes of sustainability in all of its forms. We aspire to continuous improvement in environmental performance, beyond mere compliance with legally required standards. This ethos is embodied in our Clean World Initiative , an umbrella program under which we are:

- investing in research and development of new technologies to enhance existing operations and create new business opportunities in renewable energy and waste management;
- exploring and implementing processes and technologies at our facilities to improve energy efficiency and lessen environmental impacts; and

**Table of Contents**

partnering with governments and non-governmental organizations to pursue sustainable programs, reduce the use of environmentally harmful materials in commerce and communicate the benefits of energy-from-waste.

Our Clean World Initiative is designed to be consistent with our mission to be the world's leading energy-from-waste company by providing environmentally superior solutions, advancing our technical expertise and creating new business opportunities. It represents an investment in our future that we believe will enhance stockholder value.

In order to create new business opportunities and benefits and enhance stockholder value, we are actively engaged in the current discussion among policy makers in the United States regarding the benefits of energy-from-waste and the reduction of our dependence on landfilling for waste disposal and fossil fuels for energy. Given the current economic dislocations and related unemployment, the Obama administration is also expected to focus on economic stimulus and job creation. We believe that the construction and permanent jobs created by additional energy-from-waste development represents the type of "green jobs", on critical infrastructure, that will be consistent with the administration's focus. The extent to which we are successful in growing our business will depend in part on our ability to effectively communicate the benefits of energy-from-waste to public planners seeking waste disposal solutions, and to policy makers seeking to encourage renewable energy technologies (and the associated "green jobs") as viable alternatives to reliance on fossil fuels as a source of energy.

The United States Congress is currently debating proposals designed to encourage two broad policy objectives: increased renewable energy generation, and reduction of fossil fuel usage and related GHG emissions. The United States House of Representatives passed a bill known as the America Clean Energy and Security Act of 2009 ("ACES") which addresses both topics, by means of a phased-in national renewable energy standard and a "cap-and-trade" system to reduce GHG emissions. Energy-from-waste and biomass have generally been included in the ACES bill to be among the technologies that help to achieve both of these policy objectives. Similar legislation has been introduced in the United States Senate. While legislation is far from final and a vigorous debate is expected when the House and Senate bills are reconciled, we believe the direction of Congressional efforts could create additional growth opportunities for our business and increase energy revenue from existing facilities.

**Quarterly Results Financial Summary**

Our financial results for the three months ended September 30, 2009, included total revenues of \$408.7 million compared to \$438.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008. Net income attributable to Covanta Holding Corporation was \$40.9 million and diluted earnings per share was \$0.26 for the three months ended September 30, 2009. In the same prior year period, net income attributable to Covanta Holding Corporation was \$47.1 million and diluted earnings per share was \$0.30.

A more detailed discussion of our financial results and liquidity can be found in the *Results of Operations* and *Liquidity and Capital Resources* discussions below. The highlights of the components of Operating Income between the two periods are as follows:

Domestic segment revenue declined \$9 million or 3% to \$346 million. New business revenue was \$23 million related primarily to the Veolia EfW Acquisition. Existing business revenues declined by \$32 million, of which \$20 million was largely due to the impact of the slow economy which caused lower recycled metal, energy and waste prices. In addition, lower debt service revenue, a decline in construction activity and contract changes at our Detroit, Kent and Indianapolis facilities contributed approximately \$11 million to the decline.

Domestic operating expenses during the quarter increased by \$6 million. New business plant operating expenses were \$20 million and we also incurred acquisition-related transaction costs of \$6 million, both of which were primarily associated with the Veolia EfW Acquisition. Expense reductions in the existing business provided a

significant offset to the new business related expenses, resulting in only a modest net increase in our total domestic operating expenses. Reductions in existing business expenses are primarily attributable to a \$4 million decline in energy related expenses and greater internalization of waste disposal, a \$7 million decline in depreciation expense and \$2 million in general and administrative cost savings. In addition, lower levels of construction activity and the contract changes at the Detroit, Kent and Indianapolis facilities contributed \$10 million to the expense reduction.

International segment revenue decreased \$22 million in the quarter while operating expenses declined by \$23 million, resulting in operating income that was essentially flat with the prior year comparable period. The decreases in revenues and operating expenses resulted primarily from lower fuel costs at our Indian facilities.

In addition to our ongoing cash flow, we have access to several sources of liquidity, as discussed in *Available Sources of Liquidity* below, including our existing cash on hand of \$372.6 million, restricted cash available to service project debt of \$335.2 million, and the Revolving Loan Facility, which had undrawn and available capacity of \$300 million as of September 30, 2009.

**Table of Contents**

**Factors Affecting Business Conditions and Financial Results**

**Economic** - The ongoing economic slowdown, both in the United States and internationally, has reduced demand for goods and services generally, which tends to reduce overall volumes of waste requiring disposal, and the pricing at which we can attract waste to fill available capacity. At the same time, the declines in global natural gas and other fossil fuel prices have pushed electricity and steam pricing lower generally which causes lower revenue for the portion of the energy we sell which is not under fixed price contracts. Lastly, the downturn in economic activity tends to reduce global demand for and pricing of certain commodities, such as the scrap metals we recycle from our energy-from-waste facilities. The combination of these factors has reduced our revenue and cash flow in 2009.

The economic slowdown may reduce the demand for the waste disposal services and the energy that our facilities offer. Many of our customers are municipalities and public authorities, which are generally experiencing fiscal pressure as local and central governments seek to reduce expenses in order to address declining tax revenues which may result from the slowdown and increases in unemployment. At the same time, dislocations in the financial sector may make it more difficult, and more costly, to finance new projects. These factors, particularly in the absence of energy policies which encourage renewable technologies such as energy-from-waste, may make it more difficult for us to sell waste disposal services or energy at prices sufficient to allow us to grow our business through developing and building new projects.

**Seasonal** - Our quarterly operating income from domestic and international operations within the same fiscal year typically differs substantially due to seasonal factors, primarily as a result of the timing of scheduled plant maintenance. We typically conduct scheduled maintenance periodically each year, which requires that individual boiler units temporarily cease operations. During these scheduled maintenance periods, we incur material repair and maintenance expenses and receive less revenue until the boiler units resume operations. This scheduled maintenance typically occurs during periods of off-peak electric demand in the spring and fall. The spring scheduled maintenance period is typically more extensive than scheduled maintenance conducted during the fall. As a result, we typically incur the highest maintenance expense in the first half of the year. Given these factors, we typically experience lower operating income from our projects during the first six months of each year and higher operating income during the second six months of each year.

In addition, at certain of our project subsidiaries, distributions of excess earnings (above and beyond monthly operation and maintenance service payments) are subject to periodic tests of project debt service coverage or requirements to maintain minimum working capital balances. While these distributions occur throughout the year based upon the specific terms of the relevant project debt arrangements, they are typically highest in the fourth quarter. Our net cash provided by operating activities exhibits seasonal fluctuations as a result of the timing of these distributions, including a benefit in the fourth quarter compared to the first nine months of the year.

**Growth and Development**

In our domestic business, we are pursuing additional growth opportunities through project expansions, new energy-from-waste and other renewable energy projects, contract extensions, acquisitions, and businesses ancillary to our existing business, such as additional waste transfer, transportation, processing and disposal.

We are also pursuing international waste and/or renewable energy business opportunities, particularly in locations where the market demand, regulatory environment or other factors encourage technologies such as energy-from-waste to reduce dependence on landfilling for waste disposal and fossil fuels for energy production in order to reduce GHG emissions. In particular, we are focusing on the United States, United Kingdom, Ireland, Canada and China, and are also pursuing opportunities in certain markets in Europe, Asia and the Americas.

The following is a discussion of acquisitions and business development for 2009 and 2008.



**Table of Contents****ACQUISITIONS AND BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT**

| <b>Facility/Operating Contract</b> | <b>Location</b> | <b>Year</b> | <b>Transaction</b> | <b>Type</b> | <b>Cash Consideration<br/>(in millions)</b> | <b>Summary</b>   |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|---|--|
| Long Beach                         | CA              | 2009        | Acquisition        | EfW         | \$259.3                                     | We acquired six energy-from-waste businesses and one transfer station business from Veolia Environmental Services North America Corp. ( Veolia EfW Acquisition ). The acquired businesses have a combined capacity of 6,600 tons per day ( tpd ). Each of the operations acquired includes a long-term operating contract with the respective municipal client. Five of the energy-from-waste facilities and the transfer station are publicly-owned facilities. We also acquired a majority ownership stake in one of the energy-from-waste facilities. On October 20, 2009, we entered into an agreement with the minority ownership partner to obtain the remaining ownership stake in this energy-from-waste facility for approximately \$23.7 million. We expect to complete this transaction, which is conditioned upon receipt of customary regulatory approvals, by fiscal year-end 2009. In addition, we expect to complete the Veolia EfW Acquisition by acquiring the 3,000 tpd energy-from-waste business in Miami-Dade, Florida by fiscal year-end 2009, which is conditioned upon receipt of certain third party consents. |
| Hudson Valley                      | NY              |             |                    | EfW         |   |  |
| MacArthur                          | NY              |             |                    | EfW         |   |  |
| Plymouth                           | PA              |             |                    | EfW         |   |  |
| York                               | PA              |             |                    | EfW         |   |  |
| Burnaby                            | Canada          |             |                    | EfW         |   |  |
| Abington                           | PA              |             |                    | Trans.St.   |   |  |
| Detroit                            | MI              | 2009        | Contract           | EfW         |   | We entered into an operating and maintenance agreement with owners of the Detroit  |

Facility (2,832 tpd energy-from-waste facility), pursuant to which we will operate, maintain and provide certain other services for a term of one year. Under this agreement, we will earn a fixed fee and pass through to the owners of the Detroit Facility (or pay from the operating account) all expenses associated with operations and maintenance of the facility. Under the operating and maintenance agreement, we are required to deposit all operating revenues into the operating account. After paying all expenses, excess net revenues in the operating account flow to the owners of the facility in accordance with a contractually specified allocation schedule. We entered into a waste disposal agreement with the Greater Detroit Resource Recovery Authority ( GDRRA ) pursuant to which we will dispose of the waste of the City of Detroit for a term of at least one year. The term of the waste disposal agreement will automatically renew for successive one-year terms unless either party provides advance written notice of termination in accordance with the provisions thereof. See discussion of owner participant below. We have not finalized negotiation of pricing for a new steam agreement for the Detroit Facility. Securing a steam agreement with appropriate pricing is important for the long-term economic viability of the Detroit Facility.

|                                 |          |      |             |                   |        |  |
|---------------------------------|----------|------|-------------|-------------------|--------|--|
| Detroit                         | MI       | 2009 | Acquisition | EfW               | \$7.9  | A newly-formed Covanta subsidiary purchased an undivided 30% owner participant interest in the Detroit Facility. In addition, as an owner participant, we have the right, on one or more occasions, to call upon GDRRA to deliver the waste of the City of Detroit to the Detroit Facility at market-based rates. The call right continues for the duration of the agreements expiring in 2035, and is supported by the undertaking of the City of Detroit until 2021. |
| Philadelphia Transfer Stations  | PA<br>PA | 2009 | Acquisition | Transfer Stations | \$17.4 | We acquired two waste transfer stations with combined capacity of 4,500 tpd in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.   |
| Maine Biomass Energy Facilities | ME       | 2008 | Acquisition | Biomass           | \$53.4 | We acquired Indeck Maine Energy, LLC which owned and operated two biomass energy facilities. The two nearly identical facilities, located in West Enfield and Jonesboro, Maine, added a total of 49 gross megawatts ( MW ) to our renewable energy portfolio. We sell the electric output and renewable energy credits from these facilities into the New England market.  |
| Tulsa                           | OK       | 2008 | Acquisition | EfW               | \$12.7 | The design capacity of the facility is 1,125 tpd of waste and gross electric capacity of 16.5 MW. This facility was shut down by the prior owner in the summer of 2007 and we returned two of the facility's three boilers to service in November 2008.  |



**Table of Contents*****ACQUISITIONS AND BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT***

| <b>Facility/Operating Contract</b> | <b>Location</b> | <b>Year</b> | <b>Transaction</b> | <b>Type</b>  | <b>Cash Consideration<br/>(in millions)</b> | <b>Summary</b>  |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|---|---|
| Peabody                            | MA              | 2008        | Acquisition        | Ash Landfill | \$7.4                                       | We acquired a landfill for the disposal of ash.   |
| Harrisburg                         | PA              | 2008        | Contract           | EfW          |   | We entered into a ten year agreement to maintain and operate an 800 tpd energy-from-waste facility located in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania and obtained a right of first refusal to purchase the facility. See Construction discussion below related to this facility.      |
| Indianapolis                       | IN              | 2008        | Contract           | EfW          |   | We entered into a new tip fee contract for a term of 10 years which commenced upon expiration of the existing service fee contract in December 2008. This contract represents approximately 50% of the facility's capacity.   |
| Kent County                        | MI              | 2008        | Contract           | EfW          |   | We entered into a new tip fee contract which commenced on January 1, 2009 and extended the existing contract from 2010 to 2023. This contract is expected to supply waste utilizing most or all of the facility's capacity. Previously this was a service fee contract. |
| Pasco County                       | FL              | 2008        | Contract           | EfW          |   | We entered into a new service fee contract which commenced on January 1, 2009 and extended the existing contract from 2011 to 2016.   |
| Wallingford                        | CT              | 2008        | Contract           | EfW          |   | We entered into new tip fee contracts which will supply waste to the facility, following  |

the expiration of the existing service fee contract in 2010. These contracts in total are expected to supply waste utilizing most or all of the facility's capacity through 2020.

***ENERGY-FROM-WASTE  
PROJECTS UNDER ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT OR CONSTRUCTION***

| <b>Project/Facility</b> | <b>Location</b> | <b>Summary</b>   |
|-------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Technology Development  |                 | We entered into various agreements with multiple partners to invest in the development, testing or licensing of new technologies related to the transformation of waste materials into renewable fuels or the generation of energy. Initial licensing fees and demonstration unit purchases approximated \$6.5 million and \$3.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2008 and nine months ended September 30, 2009, respectively.   |
| <b>DOMESTIC</b>         |                 |  |
| Harrisburg              | PA              | See operating contract discussion above. Agreement to provide construction management services and advance up to \$25.5 million (of which \$17.5 million has been advanced and \$16.8 million is outstanding as of September 30, 2009) in funding for certain facility improvements required to enhance facility performance, the repayment of which is guaranteed by the City of Harrisburg. Current installment repayments of the advance have been received. However, due to the ongoing economic slowdown and precarious financial condition of the City of Harrisburg, we intend to closely monitor this situation and enforce our rights to require that all amounts we have advanced will be repaid when due. |
| Hillsborough            | FL              | A 600 tpd expansion of this energy-from-waste facility and extension of the agreement under which we operate the facility to 2027. During the third quarter of 2009, the expansion of the facility was deemed mechanically complete and interim operation began. Acceptance testing was successfully completed and commercial operation commenced effective September 5, 2009.   |

**Table of Contents**

***ENERGY-FROM-WASTE  
PROJECTS UNDER ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT OR CONSTRUCTION***

| <b>Project/Facility<br/>INTERNATIONAL</b> | <b>Location</b> | <b>Summary</b>  |
|---|-----------------|---|
| Dublin                                    | IRL             | <p>Development of a 1,700 metric tpd energy-from-waste project serving the City of Dublin, Ireland and surrounding communities. The Dublin project is being developed and will be owned by Dublin Waste to Energy Limited, which we control and co-own with DONG Energy Generation A/S.</p> <p>We are responsible for the design and construction of the project, which is estimated to cost approximately 350 million and will require 36 months to complete, once full construction commences. We will operate and maintain the project for Dublin Waste to Energy Limited, which has a 25-year tip fee type contract with Dublin to provide disposal service for approximately 320,000 metric tons of waste annually. The project is structured on a build-own-operate-transfer model, where ownership will transfer to Dublin after the 25-year term, unless extended. The project is expected to sell electricity into the local grid. A portion of the electricity is expected to be eligible for a preferential renewable tariff. We and DONG Energy Generation A/S have committed to provide financing for all phases of the project, and we expect to utilize debt financing for the project. The primary approvals and licenses for the project have been obtained, and any remaining consents, approvals and conditions necessary to begin full construction are expected to be obtained in due course. We have begun to perform preliminary on-site work and expect to commence full construction in late 2009 or early 2010.</p> |
| Taixing                                   | CHN             | <p>Our joint venture, Taixing Covanta Yanjiang Cogeneration Co., Ltd., of which we own 85%, entered into a 25 year concession agreement and waste supply agreements to build, own and operate a 350 metric tpd energy-from-waste facility for Taixing Municipality, in Jiangsu Province, People's Republic of China. The project, which will be built on the site of our existing coal-fired facility in Taixing, will supply steam to an adjacent industrial park under short-term arrangements. The Taixing project is expected to commence construction in late 2009.</p>  |
| Chengdu                                   | CHN             | <p>We and Chongqing Iron &amp; Steel Company (Group) Limited have entered into a 25 year contract to build, own, and operate an 1,800 metric tpd energy-from-waste facility for Chengdu Municipality in Sichuan Province, People's Republic of China. In connection with this award, we invested \$17.1 million for a 49% equity interest in the project joint venture company. The joint venture has obtained project financing for Rmb 480 million for the project, which is 49% guaranteed by us and 51% guaranteed by Chongqing Iron &amp; Steel Company (Group) Limited until the project has been constructed and for one year after operations commence. The Chengdu project is expected to commence construction in late 2009.</p>  |

**Business Segments**

Our reportable segments are Domestic and International, which are comprised of our domestic and international waste and energy services operations, respectively.

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>  |
|----------------|---|
| Domestic       | For all energy-from-waste projects, we receive revenue from two primary sources: fees charged for operating projects or processing waste received and payments for electricity and steam sales. We also operate, and in some cases have ownership interests in, transfer stations and landfills which generate revenue from waste and ash disposal fees or operating fees. In addition, we own and in some cases operate, other renewable energy projects in the United States which generate electricity from wood waste (biomass), landfill gas, and hydroelectric resources. The electricity from these other renewable energy projects is sold to utilities. For these projects, we receive revenue from electricity sales, and in some cases cash from equity distributions. |
| International  | We have ownership interests in and/or operate facilities internationally, including independent power production facilities in the Philippines, Bangladesh, China and India where we generate electricity by combusting coal, natural gas and heavy fuel-oil, and energy-from-waste facilities in China and Italy. We receive revenue from operating fees, electricity and steam sales, and in some cases cash from equity distributions.   |



**Table of Contents****Contract Structures**

Most of our energy-from-waste projects were developed and structured contractually as part of competitive procurement processes conducted by municipal entities. As a result, many of these projects have common features. However, each service agreement is different reflecting the specific needs and concerns of a client community, applicable regulatory requirements and other factors. Often, we design the facility, help to arrange for financing and then we either construct and equip the facility on a fixed price and schedule basis, or we undertake an alternative role, such as construction management, if that better meets the goals of our municipal client. Following construction and during operations, we receive revenue from two primary sources: fees we receive for operating projects or for processing waste received, and payments we receive for electricity and/or steam we sell. Typical features of these agreements are as follows:

| <b>Contract types</b> | <b>Current number of projects</b> | <b>Fees for operating projects or for processing waste received</b>   | <b>Payments for electricity and/or steam we sell</b>   |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Service Fee           | 28                                | We charge a fixed fee (which escalates over time pursuant to contractual indices that we believe are appropriate to reflect price inflation) for operation and maintenance services provided to these energy-from-waste projects. Our contracts at Service Fee projects provide revenue that does not materially vary based on the amount of waste processed or energy generated and as such is relatively stable for the contract term. (28 Domestic Service Fee projects).  | At most of our Service Fee projects, the operating subsidiary retains only a fraction of the energy revenues generated, with the balance (generally 90%) used to provide a credit to the municipal client against its disposal costs. Therefore, in these projects, the municipal client derives most of the benefit and risk of energy production and changing energy prices. |
| Tip Fee               | 16                                | We receive a per-ton fee under contracts for processing waste at Tip Fee projects. We generally enter into long-term waste disposal contracts for a substantial portion of project disposal capacity and retain all of the energy revenue generated. These Tip Fee service agreements include stated fixed fees earned by us for processing waste up to certain base contractual amounts during specified periods. These Tip Fee service agreements also set forth the per-ton fees that are payable if we accept waste in excess of the base contractual amounts. The waste disposal and energy revenue from these projects is more dependent upon operating performance and, as such, is subject to greater revenue fluctuation to the extent performance levels fluctuate. (13 Domestic and 3 International Tip Fee projects). | Where Tip Fee structures exist, we generally retain 100% of the energy revenues.   |

Under both structures, our returns are expected to be stable if we do not incur material unexpected operation and maintenance costs or other expenses. In addition, most of our energy-from-waste project contracts are structured so that contract counterparties generally bear, or share in, the costs associated with events or circumstances not within our control, such as uninsured force majeure events and changes in legal requirements. The stability of our revenues and returns could be affected by our ability to continue to enforce these obligations. Also, at some of our energy-from-waste facilities, commodity price risk is mitigated by passing through commodity costs to contract counterparties. With respect to our other domestic renewable energy projects and international independent power projects, such structural features generally do not exist because either we operate and maintain such facilities for our own account or we do so on a cost-plus basis rather than a fixed-fee basis.

We receive the majority of our revenue under short and long term contracts, with little or no exposure to price volatility, but with adjustments intended to reflect changes in our costs. Where our revenue is received under other arrangements and depending upon the revenue source, we have varying amounts of exposure to price volatility. The largest component of this revenue is comprised of waste revenue, which has generally not been subject to material price volatility. Energy and metal pricing tends to be more volatile. During the second and third quarters of 2008, pricing for energy and recycled metals reached historically high levels and has subsequently declined materially.

At some of our domestic renewable energy and international independent power projects, our operating subsidiaries purchase fuel in the open markets which exposes us to fuel price risk. At other plants, fuel costs are contractually included in our electricity revenues, or fuel is provided by our customers. In some of our international projects, the project entity (which in some cases is not our subsidiary) has entered into long-term fuel purchase contracts that protect the project from fuel shortages, provided counterparties to such contracts perform their commitments.

We generally sell the energy output from our projects to local utilities pursuant to long-term contracts. At several of our energy-from-waste projects, we sell energy output under short-term contracts or on a spot-basis to our customers. At our Tip Fee projects, we generally have a greater exposure to energy market price fluctuation, as well as a greater exposure to variability in project operating performance.

**Table of Contents****Contract Duration**

We operate energy-from-waste projects under long-term agreements. For those projects we own, our contract to sell the project's energy output (either electricity or steam) generally expires at or after the date when the initial term of our contract to operate or receive waste also expires. Expiration of these contracts will subject us to greater market risk in maintaining and enhancing revenues as we enter into new contracts. Following the expiration of the initial contracts, we intend to enter into replacement or additional contracts for waste supplies and will sell our energy output either into the regional electricity grid or pursuant to new contracts. Because project debt on these facilities will be paid off at such time, we believe that we will be able to offer disposal services at rates that will attract sufficient quantities of waste and provide acceptable revenues. For those projects we operate but do not own, prior to the expiration of the initial term of our operating contract, we will seek to enter into renewal or replacement contracts to continue operating such projects. We will seek to bid competitively in the market for additional contracts to operate other facilities as similar contracts of other vendors expire.

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The comparability of the information provided below with respect to our revenues, expenses and certain other items was affected by several factors. As outlined above under *Acquisitions and Business Development*, our acquisition and business development initiatives resulted in various additional projects which increased comparative 2009 revenues and expenses. These factors must be taken into account in developing meaningful comparisons between the periods compared below. The following general discussions should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and the Notes thereto and other financial information appearing and referred to elsewhere in this report.

Effective January 1, 2009, we adopted accounting standards which required us to retrospectively restate previously disclosed condensed consolidated financial statements. Certain prior period amounts have thus been recast in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements to conform to the current period presentation. For a discussion of these changes, see *Recent Accounting Pronouncements* below.

***Consolidated Results of Operations Comparison of Results for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 vs. Results for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008***

|  | <b>For the</b>                   |             | <b>For the</b>           |              | <b>Variance</b>            |              |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------|
|  | <b>Three Months Ended</b>        |             | <b>Nine Months Ended</b> |              | <b>Increase/(Decrease)</b> |              |
|  | <b>September 30,</b>             |             | <b>September 30,</b>     |              | <b>Three</b>               | <b>Nine</b>  |
|  | <b>2009</b>                      | <b>2008</b> | <b>2009</b>              | <b>2008</b>  | <b>Month</b>               | <b>Month</b> |
|  | <b>(As</b>                       |             | <b>(As</b>               |              |                            |              |
|  | <b>Adjusted)</b>                 |             | <b>Adjusted)</b>         |              |                            |              |
|  | <b>(Unaudited, in thousands)</b> |             |                          |              |                            |              |
| <b>CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS:</b> |                                  |             |                          |              |                            |              |
| Total operating revenues                   | \$ 408,709                       | \$ 438,671  | \$ 1,143,255             | \$ 1,250,433 | \$ (29,962)                | \$ (107,178) |
| Total operating expenses                   | 337,730                          | 350,588     | 1,007,752                | 1,055,056    | (12,858)                   | (47,304)     |

Edgar Filing: COVANTA HOLDING CORP - Form 10-Q

|  |           |           |           |            |           |           |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Operating income   | 70,979    | 88,083    | 135,503   | 195,377    | (17,104)  | (59,874)  |
| Other Income<br>(Expense):   |           |           |           |            |           |           |
| Investment income  | 952       | 1,520     | 3,136     | 4,212      | (568)     | (1,076)   |
| Interest expense   | (10,843)  | (10,593)  | (27,291)  | (35,876)   | 250       | (8,585)   |
| Non-cash convertible<br>debt related expense   | (3,465)   | (4,535)   | (14,562)  | (13,362)   | (1,070)   | 1,200     |
| Total other expense  | (13,356)  | (13,608)  | (38,717)  | (45,026)   | (252)     | (6,309)   |
| Income before<br>income tax expense,<br>equity in net income<br>from unconsolidated<br>investments and<br>noncontrolling<br>interests in<br>subsidiaries | 57,623    | 74,475    | 96,786    | 150,351    | (16,852)  | (53,565)  |
| Income tax expense   | (19,614)  | (29,753)  | (34,197)  | (59,785)   | (10,139)  | (25,588)  |
| Equity in net income<br>from unconsolidated<br>investments   | 5,611     | 5,543     | 17,091    | 18,355     | 68        | (1,264)   |
| NET INCOME   | 43,620    | 50,265    | 79,680    | 108,921    | (6,645)   | (29,241)  |
| Less: Net income<br>attributable to<br>noncontrolling<br>interests in<br>subsidiaries  | (2,768)   | (3,166)   | (6,312)   | (7,260)    | (398)     | (948)     |
| NET INCOME<br>ATTRIBUTABLE<br>TO COVANTA<br>HOLDING<br>CORPORATION   | \$ 40,852 | \$ 47,099 | \$ 73,368 | \$ 101,661 | (6,247)   | (28,293)  |
| Weighted Average<br>Common<br>Shares Outstanding:  |           |           |           |            |           |           |
| Basic  | 153,779   | 153,411   | 153,660   | 153,321    | 368       | 339       |
| Diluted  | 155,110   | 154,833   | 154,935   | 154,751    | 277       | 184       |
| Earnings Per Share:  |           |           |           |            |           |           |
| Basic  | \$ 0.27   | \$ 0.31   | \$ 0.48   | \$ 0.66    | \$ (0.04) | \$ (0.18) |
| Diluted  | \$ 0.26   | \$ 0.30   | \$ 0.47   | \$ 0.66    | \$ (0.04) | \$ (0.19) |



**Table of Contents**

The following general discussions should be read in conjunction with the above table, the consolidated financial statements and the Notes thereto and other financial information appearing and referred to elsewhere in this report. Additional detail relating to changes in operating revenues and operating expenses, and the quantification of specific factors affecting or causing such changes, is provided in the Domestic and International segment discussions below.

Operating revenues decreased by \$30.0 million and \$107.2 million for the three and nine month comparative periods, respectively, primarily due to the following:

- decreased electricity and steam sales revenue due to lower fuel pass through costs at our Indian facilities and foreign exchange impacts in 2009, and
- decreased waste and service revenues and decreased recycled metal revenues at our existing energy-from-waste facilities in our Domestic segment, offset by
- increased waste and services revenues at our new businesses in our Domestic segment, primarily due to the Veolia EfW acquisition, and
- increased electricity and steam sales in our Domestic segment due to the Veolia EfW acquisition, other acquired businesses and new contracts at our Indianapolis and Kent facilities.

Operating expenses decreased by \$12.9 million and \$47.3 million for the three and nine month comparative periods, respectively, primarily due to the following:

- decreased plant operating expenses at our Indian facilities resulting primarily from lower fuel costs and foreign exchange impacts in 2009, and
- decreased plant operating expenses at our existing energy-from-waste facilities resulting primarily from lower energy costs, greater internalization of waste disposal and reduced maintenance expense due to less unscheduled down time, offset by
- increased plant operating expenses at our existing energy-from-waste facilities resulting from cost escalations, and
- increased operating costs resulting from the Veolia EfW Acquisition, and
- \$6.0 million of acquisition-related transaction costs primarily related to the Veolia EfW Acquisition, and
- \$5.2 million of business interruption insurance recoveries at our SEMASS facility recorded in the second quarter of 2008, and
- higher costs resulting from the transition of the Indianapolis and Kent facilities from Service Fee to Tip Fee contracts, and
- additional operating costs, net of contra expenses recorded related to the generation of renewable energy credits, from new businesses acquired in the Domestic segment.

Investment income decreased by \$0.6 million and \$1.1 million for the three and nine month comparative periods, respectively, primarily due to lower interest rates on invested funds. Interest expense increased by \$0.3 million for the three month comparative period due to the issuance of the 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes, offset by lower floating interest rates on the Term Loan Facility, and decreased by \$8.6 million for the nine month comparative period primarily due to lower floating interest rates on the Term Loan Facility (as defined in the *Liquidity* section below). Non-cash convertible debt related expense decreased by \$1.1 million and increased by \$1.2 million for the three and nine month comparative periods, respectively, primarily due to the net changes to the valuation of the Cash Conversion Option and Note Hedge combined with the amortization of the debt discount related to the 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes issued during the second quarter of 2009.

Income tax expense decreased by \$10.1 million and \$25.6 million for the three and nine month comparative periods, respectively, primarily due to lower pre-tax income resulting from decreased waste and service revenues and recycled

metal revenue at our energy-from-waste facilities.

Equity in net income from unconsolidated investments decreased by \$1.3 million for the nine month comparative period primarily due to higher taxes for Quezon Power, Inc., offset by improved performance of our Chinese joint ventures.

**Table of Contents****Domestic Business Results of Operations Comparison of Results for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 vs. Results for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008**

|                                       | For the<br>Three Months Ended<br>September 30, |                  | For the<br>Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |                   | Variance<br>Increase/(Decrease)<br>Three<br>Month<br>Nine<br>Month |                 |
|---------------------------------------|--|------------------|---|-------------------|--|-----------------|
|                                       | 2009   | 2008             | 2009  | 2008              |  |                 |
|                                       | (Unaudited, in thousands)                      |                  |   |                   |  |                 |
| Waste and service revenues            | \$ 232,197                                     | \$ 237,271       | \$ 664,430                                    | \$ 695,826        | \$ (5,074)   | \$ (31,396)     |
| Electricity and steam sales           | 104,587  | 104,747          | 301,831                                       | 291,470           | (160)  | 10,361          |
| Other operating revenues              | 8,859  | 12,930           | 22,010  | 41,665            | (4,071)  | (19,655)        |
| <b>Total operating revenues</b>       | <b>345,643</b>                                 | <b>354,948</b>   | <b>988,271</b>                                | <b>1,028,961</b>  | <b>(9,305)</b>   | <b>(40,690)</b> |
| Plant operating expenses              | 190,320  | 179,428          | 595,812                                       | 565,226           | 10,892   | 30,586          |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | 45,710   | 49,775           | 144,816                                       | 145,160           | (4,065)  | (344)           |
| Net interest expense on project debt  | 11,574   | 12,341           | 34,409  | 36,707            | (767)  | (2,298)         |
| General and administrative expenses   | 22,083   | 17,782           | 61,464  | 57,064            | 4,301  | 4,400           |
| Other operating expense               | 7,225  | 11,921           | 18,800  | 42,196            | (4,696)  | (23,396)        |
| <b>Total operating expenses</b>       | <b>276,912</b>                                 | <b>271,247</b>   | <b>855,301</b>                                | <b>846,353</b>    | <b>5,665</b>   | <b>8,948</b>    |
| <b>Operating income</b>               | <b>\$ 68,731</b>                               | <b>\$ 83,701</b> | <b>\$ 132,970</b>                             | <b>\$ 182,608</b> | <b>(14,970)</b>  | <b>(49,638)</b> |

*Operating Revenues*

Operating revenues for the domestic segment decreased by \$9.3 million and \$40.7 million for the three and nine month comparative periods, respectively, as reflected in the comparison of existing business and new business in the chart below and the discussion of key variance drivers which follows (in millions):

|  | Domestic Segment Operating Revenue Variances<br>Three Months |                        |       | Domestic Segment Operating Revenue Variances<br>Nine Months |                        |       |
|--|--|------------------------|-------|---|------------------------|-------|
|  | Existing<br>Business   | New<br>Business<br>(A) | Total | Existing<br>Business  | New<br>Business<br>(B) | Total |

Waste and service revenues



Edgar Filing: COVANTA HOLDING CORP - Form 10-Q

|                                  |           |         |          |           |         |           |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---------|----------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Service fee                      | \$ (17.3) | \$ 11.9 | \$ (5.4) | \$ (37.0) | \$ 11.9 | \$ (25.1) |
| Tip fee                          | 3.5       | 5.0     | 8.5      | 12.1      | 9.1     | 21.2      |
| Recycled metal                   | (8.3)     | 0.1     | (8.2)    | (27.7)    | 0.2     | (27.5)    |
| Total waste and service revenues | (22.1)    | 17.0    | (5.1)    | (52.6)    | 21.2    | (31.4)    |
| Electricity and steam sales      | (5.1)     | 5.0     | (0.1)    | (4.1)     | 14.5    | 10.4      |
| Other operating revenues         | (4.6)     | 0.5     | (4.1)    | (20.2)    | 0.5     | (19.7)    |
| Total operating revenues         | \$ (31.8) | \$ 22.5 | \$ (9.3) | \$ (76.9) | \$ 36.2 | \$ (40.7) |

- (A) This column represents the results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2009 for businesses acquired and operated after September 30, 2008.
- (B) This column represents the results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 for businesses acquired and operated after September 30, 2008 plus the results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2009 for businesses acquired and operated during the quarter ended June 30, 2008, plus the results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2009 for businesses acquired and operated during the quarter ended March 31, 2008.

Revenues from Service Fee arrangements for existing business decreased primarily due to the new contracts at our Indianapolis, Kent, and Detroit facilities and lower revenues earned explicitly to service project debt of \$5.1 million and \$13.6 million for the three and nine month comparative periods, respectively, partially offset by contractual escalations.

Revenues from Tip Fee arrangements for existing business increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 primarily due to the new contracts at our Indianapolis and Kent facilities, offset by lower waste prices and increased levels of waste disposal internalization.

Recycled metal revenues were \$9.1 million and \$20.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, respectively, which decreased compared to the same prior year periods due to lower pricing, partially offset by increased recovered metal volume. During the second and third quarters of 2008, we experienced historically high

**Table of Contents**

prices for recycled metal which declined significantly during the fourth quarter of 2008 and the impact on revenue is reflected in the table below (in millions):

| <b>Total Recycled Metal Revenues</b>  | <b>For the Quarters Ended</b> |             |             |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                       | <b>2009</b>                   | <b>2008</b> | <b>2007</b> |
| March 31,                             | \$ 5.2                        | \$ 11.4     | \$ 7.0      |
| June 30,                              | 5.8                           | 19.0        | 7.5         |
| September 30,                         | 9.1                           | 17.3        | 7.9         |
| December 31,                          | N/A                           | 5.9         | 9.1         |
| Total for the Year Ended December 31, | N/A                           | \$ 53.6     | \$ 31.5     |

Electricity and steam sales for existing business decreased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 by \$5.1 million and \$4.1 million, respectively. This was due to lower energy pricing, lower production and the contract change at the Detroit facility offset by increased revenues of \$4.7 million and \$15.9 million related to contract changes at our Indianapolis and Kent facilities, respectively.

Other operating revenues for existing business decreased primarily due to the timing of construction activity.

*Operating Expenses*

Variances in plant operating expenses for the domestic segment are as follows (in millions):

|                                | <b>Domestic Segment Plant Operating Expense Variances</b> |                         |              |                          |                         |              |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
|                                | <b>Three Months</b>                                       |                         |              | <b>Nine Months</b>       |                         |              |
|                                | <b>Existing Business</b>                                  | <b>New Business (A)</b> | <b>Total</b> | <b>Existing Business</b> | <b>New Business (B)</b> | <b>Total</b> |
| Total plant operating expenses | \$ (9.3)  | \$ 20.2                 | \$ 10.9      | \$ (9.9)                 | \$ 40.5                 | \$ 30.6      |

(A) This column represents the results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2009 for businesses acquired and operated after September 30, 2008.

(B) This column represents the results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 for businesses acquired and operated after September 30, 2008 plus the results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2009 for businesses acquired and operated during the quarter ended June 30, 2008, plus the results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2009 for businesses acquired and operated during the quarter ended March 31, 2008.

Existing business plant operating expenses decreased by \$9.3 million and \$9.9 million for the three and nine month comparative periods, respectively, primarily due to the new contract at the Detroit facility, the impact of lower energy related costs, greater internalization of waste disposal, and reduced maintenance expense due to less unscheduled downtime, partially offset by cost escalations and higher costs resulting from the new contracts at our Indianapolis and Kent facilities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the decrease in existing business plant operating

expense was partially offset by \$5.2 million of business interruption insurance recoveries at our SEMASS facility which was recorded in the second quarter of 2008.

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased by \$4.1 million and \$0.3 million for the three and nine month comparative periods, respectively, primarily due to the end of the depreciation cycle for certain assets which were acquired during 2005 from ARC Holdings.

General and administrative expense increased by \$4.3 million and \$4.4 million for the three and nine month comparative periods, respectively, due to the recognition of approximately \$6.0 million in acquisition-related costs, primarily related to the Veolia EfW Acquisition.

Other operating expense decreased by \$4.7 million and \$23.4 million for the three and nine month comparative periods, respectively, primarily due to timing of construction activity and lower losses on retirement of assets.

**Table of Contents*****International Business Results of Operations Comparison of Results for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 vs. Results for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008***

|                                       | For the<br>Three Months<br>Ended<br>September 30, |          | For the<br>Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |           | Variance<br>Increase/(Decrease) |               |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------|---|-----------|---------------------------------|---------------|
|                                       | 2009  | 2008     | 2009  | 2008      | Three<br>Month                  | Nine<br>Month |
|                                       | (Unaudited, in thousands)                         |          |   |           |                                 |               |
| Waste and service revenues            | \$ 990  | \$ 1,033 | \$ 2,868                                      | \$ 2,790  | \$ (43)                         | \$ 78         |
| Electricity and steam sales           | 56,755  | 79,074   | 137,920                                       | 209,248   | (22,319)                        | (71,328)      |
| Total operating revenues              | 57,745  | 80,107   | 140,788                                       | 212,038   | (22,362)                        | (71,250)      |
| Plant operating expenses              | 42,970  | 66,538   | 108,076                                       | 178,359   | (23,568)                        | (70,283)      |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | 2,310   | 2,184    | 5,819   | 6,929     | 126                             | (1,110)       |
| Net interest expense on project debt  | 1,060   | 1,404    | 3,102   | 4,575     | (344)                           | (1,473)       |
| General and administrative expenses   | 6,247   | 4,874    | 18,064  | 11,928    | 1,373                           | 6,136         |
| Other operating expense (income)      | 557   | 896      | (54)  | (3,308)   | (339)                           | (3,254)       |
| Total operating expenses              | 53,144  | 75,896   | 135,007                                       | 198,483   | (22,752)                        | (63,476)      |
| Operating income                      | \$ 4,601  | \$ 4,211 | \$ 5,781                                      | \$ 13,555 | 390                             | (7,774)       |

The decreases in revenues and plant operating expenses resulted primarily from lower fuel costs at our Indian facilities, which are a pass through at both facilities, and decreased demand from the electricity offtaker and resulting lower electricity generation.

General and administrative expenses increased by \$1.4 million and \$6.1 million for the three and nine month comparative periods, respectively, primarily due to additional business development spending, and normal wage and benefit escalations.

Other operating expense decreased by \$0.3 million for the three month comparative period primarily due to foreign currency gains recorded during the three months ended September 30, 2009, compared to foreign currency losses in the comparative period in 2008. Other operating income decreased by \$3.3 million for the nine month comparative period primarily due to insurance recoveries received during the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and unfavorable foreign exchange impacts in 2008.

**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

We generate substantial cash flow from our ongoing business, which we believe will allow us to meet our liquidity needs, invest in our business, pay down debt, and pursue strategic growth opportunities. In addition to our ongoing

cash flow, we have access to several sources of liquidity, as discussed in *Available Sources of Liquidity* below, including our existing cash on hand of \$372.6 million, restricted cash available to service project debt of \$335.2 million, and the Revolving Loan Facility, which had undrawn and available capacity of \$300 million as of September 30, 2009.

We derive our cash flows principally from our operations at our domestic and international projects, which allow us to satisfy project debt covenants and payments, and distribute cash. We typically receive cash distributions from our domestic projects on either a monthly or quarterly basis, whereas a material portion of cash from our international projects is received semi-annually, during the second and fourth quarters. The frequency and predictability of our receipt of cash from projects differs, depending upon various factors, including whether restrictions on distributions exist in applicable project debt arrangements, whether a project is domestic or international, and whether a project has been able to operate at historical levels of production.

Our primary future cash requirements will be to fund capital expenditures to maintain our existing businesses, make debt service payments and grow our business through acquisitions and business development, both domestically and internationally. We will also seek to enhance our cash flow from renewals or replacement of existing contracts, from new contracts to expand existing facilities or operate additional facilities and by investing in new projects.

**Table of Contents****Sources and Uses of Cash Flow for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:**

|  | <b>For the Nine Months<br/>Ended September 30,<br/>2009                      2008</b> |            | <b>Increase<br/>(Decrease)<br/>2009 vs 2008</b> |
|--|---|------------|---|
|  | <b>(Unaudited, in thousands)</b>  |            |   |
| Net cash provided by operating activities                    | \$ 247,733  | \$ 270,702 | \$ (22,969)                                     |
| Net cash used in investing activities                        | (329,624)   | (118,256)  | 211,368   |
| Net cash provided by (used) in financing activities          | 261,902   | (132,696)  | 394,598   |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | 196   | (153)      | 349   |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents                    | \$ 180,207  | \$ 19,597  | 160,610   |

Net cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$247.7 million, a decrease of \$23.0 million from the prior year period. The decrease was primarily due to results of operations and the timing of working capital, offset by reduced interest expense and \$10.6 million received for an income tax refund.

Net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$329.6 million, an increase of \$211.4 million from the prior year period. The increase was primarily comprised of higher cash outflows of:

\$231.6 million related to higher acquisition of businesses in 2009, primarily the Veolia EfW acquisition;  
\$6.2 million related to a loan issued for the Harrisburg energy-from-waste facility; and  
\$6.3 million of property insurance proceeds received in the first nine months of 2008.

Offset by lower cash outflows of:

\$8.2 million in purchases of property, plant and equipment primarily due to lower non-maintenance capital expenditures in the nine months ended September 30, 2009;  
\$16.0 million in purchases to acquire land use rights in the United Kingdom and United States in connection with development activities in 2008; and  
\$9.6 million related to lower purchases of equity interests in 2009; and

Net cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$261.9 million, an increase of \$394.6 million from the prior year period principally comprised of \$387.3 million related to the proceeds received from the issuance of the Notes more fully described below:

The Notes and related transactions resulted in net proceeds of \$387.3 million, consisting of:

proceeds of \$460 million from the sale of the Notes;  
proceeds of \$54.0 million from the sale of Warrants;  
use of cash of \$112.4 million to purchase the Note Hedge; and  
use of cash of \$14.3 million for transaction related costs.

The remaining net increase in sources of cash of \$7.3 million was primarily driven by:

release of \$75.6 million from restricted funds; offset by a

payment of \$9.7 million of interest rate swap termination costs (see Restricted Funds Held in Trust discussion below);  
payment of \$55.1 million of the Hempstead energy-from-waste facility project debt; and  
payment of \$4.6 million in higher distributions to partners of noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries.

**Available Sources of Liquidity**

***Cash and Cash Equivalents***

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances and highly liquid investments having maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase. These short-term investments are stated at cost, which approximates market value. As of September 30, 2009, we had unrestricted cash and cash equivalents of \$372.6 million.

***Restricted Funds Held in Trust***

Restricted funds held in trust are primarily amounts received by third party trustees relating to certain projects we own which may be used only for specified purposes. We generally do not control these accounts. They primarily include debt service reserves for payment of principal and interest on project debt, and deposits of revenues received with respect to projects prior to their disbursement, as provided in the relevant indenture or other agreements. Such funds are invested

**Table of Contents**

principally in United States Treasury bills and notes, United States government agency securities and AAA- rated money market funds. Restricted fund balances are as follows (in thousands):

|                    | As of September 30, 2009 |            | As of December 31, 2008 |            |
|--------------------|--------------------------|------------|-------------------------|------------|
|                    | Current                  | Noncurrent | Current                 | Noncurrent |
| Debt service funds | \$ 100,568               | \$ 107,622 | \$ 103,371              | \$ 97,761  |
| Revenue funds      | 25,368                   |            | 25,105                  |            |
| Other funds        | 55,107                   | 46,539     | 46,617                  | 52,057     |
| Total              | \$ 181,043               | \$ 154,161 | \$ 175,093              | \$ 149,818 |

Of the \$335.2 million in total restricted funds as of September 30, 2009, approximately \$189.5 million was designated for future payment of project debt principal.

On August 20, 2009, one of our client communities refinanced project debt (\$63.7 million outstanding) and we terminated a related interest rate swap (\$9.8 million liability) with the proceeds from new bonds and cash on hand. As a result of the refinancing, the client community issued \$53.7 million tax exempt bonds bearing interest from 3% to 5% due 2019 in order to pay down the existing project debt and \$12.7 million 4.67% taxable bonds due 2012 issued primarily to terminate the swap. See Note 12. Financial Instrument of the Notes for additional information related to the termination of the interest rate swap. Consistent with other private, non-tip fee structures, the client community will pay us debt service revenue equivalent to the principal and interest on the bonds.

On June 22, 2009, we redeemed approximately \$55.1 million of the outstanding serial revenue bonds related to the Hempstead energy-from-waste facility which were due on December 1, 2009 in the accordance with the terms of our indenture. The redemption was made from debt service reserves and included accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption.

**Short-Term Liquidity**

The credit facilities are comprised of a \$300 million revolving credit facility (the Revolving Loan Facility), a \$320 million funded letter of credit facility (the Funded L/C Facility), and a \$650 million term loan (the Term Loan Facility) (collectively referred to as the Credit Facilities). As of September 30, 2009, we had available credit for liquidity as follows (in thousands):

|                            | Total Available Under Facility | Maturing | Outstanding Letters of Credit as of September 30, 2009 | Available as of September 30, 2009 |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|--|------------------------------------|
| Revolving Loan Facility(1) | \$ 300,000                     | 2013     | \$   | \$ 300,000                         |
| Funded L/C Facility        | \$ 320,000                     | 2014     | \$ 264,963   | \$ 55,037                          |

(1) Up to \$200 million of which may be utilized for letters of credit.



In July 2009, the 6.8% pro rata commitment previously provided by Lehman Brothers Commercial Bank under the Revolving Loan Facility was assigned to another financial institution.

**Credit Agreement Financial Covenants**

The loan documentation under the Credit Facilities contains customary affirmative and negative covenants and financial covenants as discussed in Note 6. Long-Term Debt of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Form 8-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed on May 18, 2009. As of September 30, 2009, we were in compliance with the covenants under the Credit Facilities.

The financial covenants of the Credit Facilities, which are measured on a trailing four quarter period basis, include the following:

maximum Covanta Energy leverage ratio of 4.00 to 1.00 for the four quarter period ended September 30, 2009, which measures Covanta Energy's principal amount of consolidated debt less certain restricted funds dedicated to repayment of project debt principal and construction costs ( Consolidated Adjusted Debt ) to its adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, as calculated under the Credit Facilities ( Adjusted EBITDA ). The definition of Adjusted EBITDA in the Credit Facilities excludes certain non-cash charges. The maximum Covanta Energy leverage ratio allowed under the Credit Facilities adjusts in future periods as follows:

- 4.00 to 1.00 for each of the four quarter periods ended September 30, 2009;
- 3.75 to 1.00 for each of the four quarter periods ended December 31, 2009, March 31, June 30 and September 30, 2010;
- 3.50 to 1.00 for each four quarter period thereafter;

**Table of Contents**

maximum Covanta Energy capital expenditures incurred to maintain existing operating businesses of \$100 million per fiscal year, subject to adjustment due to an acquisition by Covanta Energy; and minimum Covanta Energy interest coverage ratio of 3.00 to 1.00, which measures Covanta Energy's Adjusted EBITDA to its consolidated interest expense plus certain interest expense of ours, to the extent paid by Covanta Energy.

**Long-Term Debt**

Long-term debt is as follows (in thousands):

|  | As of                 |                      |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
|  | September 30,<br>2009 | December 31,<br>2008 |
| 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes due 2014           | \$ 460,000            | \$                   |
| Debt discount related to Cash Convertible Senior Notes | (117,464)             |                      |
| Cash conversion option derivative at fair value        | 114,285               |                      |
| 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes, net               | 456,821               |                      |
| 1.00% Senior Convertible Debentures due 2027           | 373,750               | 373,750              |
| Debt discount related to Senior Convertible Debentures | (50,006)              | (64,369)             |
| 1.00% Senior Convertible Debentures, net               | 323,744               | 309,381              |
| Term Loan Facility due 2014                            | 633,750               | 638,625              |
| Other long-term debt                                   | 369                   | 512                  |
| Total  | 1,414,684             | 948,518              |
| Less: current portion                                  | (6,599)               | (6,922)              |
| Total long-term debt                                   | \$ 1,408,085          | \$ 941,596           |

See *Recent Accounting Pronouncements* below for a discussion of the liability component associated with the Debentures and the retrospective accounting change resulting from the adoption of a recent accounting standard related to accounting for convertible debt instruments.

***3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes due 2014***

During the three months ended June 30, 2009, we issued \$460 million aggregate principal amount of 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes (the "Notes") due 2014 in a private transaction exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The Notes are convertible by the holders into cash only, based on an initial conversion rate of 53.9185 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Notes (which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$18.55 per share) and only in certain limited circumstances. This Cash Conversion Option is an embedded derivative and is recorded at fair value quarterly as a component of our long-term debt.

In order to reduce our exposure to potential cash payments in excess of the principal amount of the Notes resulting from the Cash Conversion Option, we entered into two separate privately negotiated transactions with affiliates of certain of the initial purchasers of the Notes (the Option Counterparties ) for a net cash outflow of \$58.4 million.

We purchased, for \$112.4 million, cash settled call options on our common stock (the Note Hedge ) initially correlating to the same number of shares as those initially underlying the Notes subject to generally similar customary adjustments, which have economic characteristics similar to those of the Cash Conversion Option embedded in the Notes. The Note Hedge is a derivative which is recorded at fair value quarterly and is recorded in Other Assets.

We sold, for \$54.0 million, warrants (the Warrants ) correlating to the same number of shares as those initially underlying the Notes, which are net share settled and could have a dilutive effect to the extent that the market price of our common stock exceeds the then effective strike price of the Warrants. The strike price of the Warrants is approximately \$25.74 per share and is subject to customary adjustments. The Warrants are recorded at the amounts received net of expenses within additional paid-in capital.

When combined with the Note Hedge and Warrants, we believe that the net financial impact upon maturity of the Notes will consist of cash payments of the face value of \$460 million and net share settlement of the Warrants to the extent that the stock price exceeds \$25.74 at that time.

Net proceeds from the above transactions were \$387.3 million, consisting of gross proceeds of \$460.0 million from the Notes and \$54.0 million of proceeds from the Warrants, less the \$112.4 million purchase price for the Note Hedge and \$14.3 million of purchase discounts and other offering expenses.

We have used and will use the net proceeds from the offering for general corporate purposes, which may include capital expenditures, potential permitted investments or permitted acquisitions.

## **Table of Contents**

The Notes constitute general unsecured senior obligations and rank equally in right of payment with our existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness. The Notes are effectively junior to our existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. The Notes are not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries and are effectively subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and liabilities (including trade payables) of our subsidiaries.

For a more detailed description of the terms of the Notes, the Note Hedge, the Cash Conversion Option, and the Warrants (each of which is defined above) and their accounting treatment, see Note 6. Changes in Capitalization, Note 11. Financial Instruments and Note 12. Derivative Instruments in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

### ***1.00% Senior Convertible Debentures due 2027***

See *Recent Accounting Pronouncements* below for a discussion of the liability component associated with the Debentures and the retrospective accounting change resulting from the adoption of a recent accounting standard related to accounting for convertible debt instruments.

For specific criteria related to contingent interest, conversion or redemption features of the Debentures, refer to Note 6 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying Notes in our Form 8-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed on May 18, 2009.

## **Project Debt**

### ***Domestic Project Debt***

Financing for the energy-from-waste projects is generally accomplished through tax-exempt and taxable municipal revenue bonds issued by or on behalf of the municipal client. For such facilities that are owned by a subsidiary of ours, the municipal issuers of the bond loans the bond proceeds to our subsidiary to pay for facility construction. For such facilities, project-related debt is included as Project debt (short- and long-term) in our condensed consolidated financial statements. Generally, such project debt is secured by the revenues generated by the project and other project assets including the related facility. The only potential recourse to us with respect to project debt arises under the operating performance guarantees described below under *Other Commitments*. Certain subsidiaries had recourse liability for project debt which is recourse to Covanta ARC LLC, but is non-recourse to us, which as of September 30, 2009 aggregated to \$251.2 million.

### ***International Project Debt***

Financing for projects in which we have an ownership or operating interest is generally accomplished through commercial loans from local lenders or financing arranged through international banks, bonds issued to institutional investors and from multilateral lending institutions based in the United States. Such debt is generally secured by the revenues generated by the project and other project assets and is without recourse to us. Project debt relating to two international projects in India is included as Project debt (short- and long-term) in our condensed consolidated financial statements. In most projects, the instruments defining the rights of debt holders generally provide that the project subsidiary may not make distributions to its parent until periodic debt service obligations are satisfied and other financial covenants are complied with.

## **Capital Requirements**

Except for amounts related to the issuance of the 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes due 2014, our projected contractual obligations are consistent with amounts disclosed in our Form 8-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed on May 18, 2009. During the three months ended June 30, 2009, we issued the following aggregate principal amount of 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 for resale to certain qualified institutional buyers (in thousands):

|   | <b>Total</b> | <b>Remainder<br/>of<br/>2009</b> | <b>Payments Due by Period</b> |                          |                            |
|---|--------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
|   |              |                                  | <b>2010 and<br/>2011</b>      | <b>2012 and<br/>2013</b> | <b>2014 and<br/>Beyond</b> |
| 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior<br>Notes due 2014(1)          | \$ 460,000   | \$                               | \$                            | \$                       | \$ 460,000                 |
| Interest payments on 3.25% Cash<br>Convertible Senior Notes | \$ 75,149    | \$ 7,874                         | \$ 29,900                     | \$ 29,900                | \$ 7,475                   |

(1) The Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.25% per year, payable semi-annually in arrears, on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing on December 1, 2009, and will mature on June 1, 2014. Under limited circumstances, the Notes are convertible by the holders thereof, at any time prior to March 1, 2014, into cash only, based on an initial conversion rate of 53.9185 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Notes, (which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$18.55 per share).

**Table of Contents*****Other Commitments***

Other commitments as of September 30, 2009 were as follows (in thousands):

|                             | Total      | Commitments Expiring by Period |                       |
|-----------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
|                             |            | Less Than<br>One Year          | More Than<br>One Year |
| Letters of credit           | \$ 270,516 | \$ 3,999                       | \$ 266,517            |
| Surety bonds                | 75,764     |                                | 75,764                |
| Total other commitments net | \$ 346,280 | \$ 3,999                       | \$ 342,281            |

The letters of credit were issued under various credit facilities (primarily the Funded L/C Facility) to secure our performance under various contractual undertakings related to our domestic and international projects, or to secure obligations under our insurance program. Each letter of credit relating to a project is required to be maintained in effect for the period specified in related project contracts, and generally may be drawn if it is not renewed prior to expiration of that period.

We believe that we will be able to fully perform under our contracts to which these existing letters of credit relate and that it is unlikely that letters of credit would be drawn because of a default of our performance obligations. If any of these letters of credit were to be drawn by the beneficiary, the amount drawn would be immediately repayable by us to the issuing bank. If we do not immediately repay such amounts drawn under these letters of credit, unreimbursed amounts would be treated under the Credit Facilities as additional term loans in the case of letters of credit issued under the Funded L/C Facility, or as revolving loans in the case of letters of credit issued under the Revolving Loan Facility.

The surety bonds listed on the table above relate primarily to performance obligations (\$66.8 million) and support for closure obligations of various energy projects when such projects cease operating (\$9.0 million). Were these bonds to be drawn upon, we would have a contractual obligation to indemnify the surety company.

We have certain contingent obligations related to the Debentures. These are:

- holders may require us to repurchase their Debentures on February 1, 2012, February 1, 2017 and February 1, 2022;
- holders may require us to repurchase their Debentures, if a fundamental change occurs; and
- holders may exercise their conversion rights upon the occurrence of certain events, which would require us to pay the conversion settlement amount in cash and/or our common stock.

For specific criteria related to contingent interest, conversion or redemption features of the Debentures, see Note 6. Long-Term Debt of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying Notes in our Form 8-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed on May 18, 2009.

We have certain contingent obligations related to the Notes. These are:

- holders may require us to repurchase their Notes, if a fundamental change occurs; and

holders may exercise their conversion rights upon the occurrence of certain events, which would require us to pay the conversion settlement amount in cash.

For specific criteria related to contingent interest, conversion or redemption features of the Notes, see *Liquidity and Capital Resources* above.

We have issued or are party to guarantees and related contractual support obligations undertaken pursuant to agreements to construct and operate certain domestic and international energy and waste facilities. For some projects, such performance guarantees include obligations to repay certain financial obligations if the project revenues are insufficient to do so, or to obtain or guarantee financing for a project. With respect to our domestic and international businesses, we have issued guarantees to municipal clients and other parties that our subsidiaries will perform in accordance with contractual terms, including, where required, the payment of damages or other obligations. Additionally, damages payable under such guarantees on our energy-from-waste facilities could expose us to recourse liability on project debt. If we must perform under one or more of such guarantees, our liability for damages upon contract termination would be reduced by funds held in trust and proceeds from sales of the facilities securing the project debt and is presently not estimable. Depending upon the circumstances giving rise to such domestic and international damages, the contractual terms of the applicable contracts, and the contract counterparty's choice of remedy at the time a claim against a guarantee is made, the amounts owed pursuant to one or more of such guarantees could be material. To date, we have not incurred material liabilities under such performance guarantees, either on domestic or international projects.

**Table of Contents****Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

Effective January 1, 2009, we adopted the following accounting standards which required us to retrospectively restate previously disclosed condensed consolidated financial statements. Certain prior period amounts have thus been recast in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements to conform to the current period presentation.

We adopted a recent accounting standard related to the presentation of noncontrolling interests in our consolidated financial statements. We now report noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries as a separate component of equity in our condensed consolidated financial statements and show both net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest and net income attributable to the controlling interest on the face of the condensed consolidated income statement.

We adopted a recent accounting standard related to accounting for convertible debt instruments that was effective for our 1.00% Senior Convertible Debentures (the Debentures). As required, we separately accounted for the liability and equity components of the instrument. The resultant debt discount is accreted over the expected life of the Debentures, which is February 1, 2007 to February 1, 2012, the first permitted redemption date of the Debentures. The condensed consolidated income statements were retrospectively modified compared to previously reported amounts as follows (in millions, except per share amounts):

|  | <b>Three Months<br/>Ended<br/>September 30, 2008</b> | <b>Nine Months<br/>Ended<br/>September 30,<br/>2008</b> |
|--|--|---|
| Additional pre-tax non-cash convertible debt related expense | \$ (4.5)   | \$ (13.4)   |
| Additional deferred tax benefit                              | 1.9  | 5.7   |
| Retrospective change in net income and retained earnings     | \$ (2.6)   | \$ (7.7)  |
| Change to basic earnings per share                           | \$ (0.01)  | \$ (0.05)   |
| Change to diluted earnings per share                         | \$ (0.02)  | \$ (0.05)   |

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, the additional pre-tax non-cash convertible debt related expense recognized in our condensed consolidated income statement related to the adoption of recent accounting standard related to accounting for convertible debt instruments was \$4.9 million and \$14.4 million, respectively.

See Note 2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for information related to new accounting pronouncements.

**Discussion of Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

In preparing our condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles, we are required to use judgment in making estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in our financial statements and related notes. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.



Many of our critical accounting policies are subject to significant judgments and uncertainties which could potentially result in materially different results under different conditions and assumptions. Future events rarely develop exactly as forecast, and the best estimates routinely require adjustment. Except for the adoption of the pronouncements discussed below, management believes there have been no material changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 to the items discussed in Discussion of Critical Accounting Policies in Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Form 8-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed on May 18, 2009.

Effective January 1, 2009, we adopted a recent accounting standard related to accounting for convertible debt instruments. As discussed above in *Recent Accounting Pronouncements*, we were required to separately account for the liability and equity components of our convertible debt instruments with cash settlement features. The debt component was recognized at the present value of its cash flows discounted using a 7.25% discount rate, our estimated borrowing rate at the date of the issuance of the Debentures for a similar debt instrument without the conversion feature.

Beginning with the quarter ended June 30, 2009, we adopted various accounting standards related to fair value measurements and disclosures. These standards were intended to provide additional application guidance and enhance disclosures regarding fair value measurements. They require management to use judgment to determine whether a market is distressed or not orderly, disclose methods and significant assumptions used to estimate fair value and use judgment to determine whether a debt security is other-than-temporarily impaired. The adoption of these standards did not have a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements and resulted primarily in additional financial reporting disclosures.

The fair value of the Note Hedge and the Cash Conversion Option are determined using an option pricing model based on observable inputs such as implied volatility, risk free rate, and other factors. The fair value of the Note Hedge is adjusted to

**Table of Contents**

reflect counterparty risk of non-performance, and is based on the counterparty's credit spread in the credit derivatives market. The contingent interest features related to the Debentures and the Notes are valued quarterly using the present value of expected cash flow models incorporating the probabilities of the contingent events occurring.

**Item 3. *QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK***

In the normal course of business, our subsidiaries are party to financial instruments that are subject to market risks arising from changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, and commodity prices. Our use of derivative instruments is very limited and we do not enter into derivative instruments for trading purposes.

Except as described below, there has been no material changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 to the items discussed in Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

***Cash Conversion Option and Note Hedge related to the 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes***

The Cash Conversion Option is a derivative instrument which is recorded at fair value quarterly with any change in fair value being recognized in our condensed consolidated income statement as non-cash convertible debt related expense. The fair value of the Cash Conversion Option was \$114.3 million as of September 30, 2009. The Note Hedge is accounted for as a derivative instrument and as such, is recorded at fair value quarterly with any change in fair value being recognized in our condensed consolidated income statement as non-cash convertible debt related expense. The fair value of the Note Hedge was \$109.0 million as of September 30, 2009. The contingent interest features of the Notes are embedded derivative instruments. The fair value of the contingent interest features of the Notes was zero as of September 30, 2009.

We expect the gain or loss from the Note Hedge transactions to offset the gain or loss associated with changes to the valuation of the Cash Conversion Option. However, they will not be completely offsetting as a result of changes in the credit spreads of the Option counterparties. Our most significant credit exposure arises from the Note Hedge of the Notes. The fair value of the Note Hedge reflects the maximum loss that would be incurred should the Option Counterparties fail to perform according to the terms of the Note Hedge agreement.

For additional information related to the Notes, Cash Conversion Option, and Note Hedge, see *Liquidity and Capital Resources* above.

**Item 4. *CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES***

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of Covanta's disclosure controls and procedures, as required by Rule 13a-15(b) and 15d-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act) as of September 30, 2009. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to reasonably assure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure and is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) rules and forms.

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, based on their review, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide such reasonable assurance.

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, believes that any disclosure controls and procedures or internal controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must consider the benefits of controls relative to their costs. Inherent limitations within a control system include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by unauthorized override of the control. While the design of any system of controls is to provide reasonable assurance of the effectiveness of disclosure controls, such design is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and such assumptions, while reasonable, may not take into account all potential future conditions. Accordingly, because of the inherent limitations in a cost effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and may not be prevented or detected.

### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In August 2009, we completed the acquisition of six energy-from-waste businesses and one transfer station business located in New York, Pennsylvania, California and Canada. The acquisition is not material to our results of operations, financial position and cash flows in 2009. We will continue to evaluate the impact of the acquisition of these businesses on

**Table of Contents**

our system of internal controls over financial reporting. We intend to exclude these businesses from Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting at December 31, 2009.

There has not been any change in our system of internal control over financial reporting during the most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, internal control over financial reporting.

**PART II OTHER INFORMATION**

**Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

See Note 14. Commitments and Contingencies of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Item 1A. RISK FACTORS**

Except as described below, there have been no material changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 to the risk factors discussed in Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

*We are subject to counterparty risk with respect to the cash convertible note hedge transactions.*

The option counterparties to our cash convertible note hedge transactions are financial institutions or affiliates of financial institutions, and we are subject to risks that these option counterparties default under these transactions. Our exposure to counterparty credit risk is not secured by any collateral.

Recent global economic conditions have resulted in the actual or perceived failure or financial difficulties of many financial institutions, including a bankruptcy filing by Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. and its various affiliates. If one or more of the option counterparties to one or more of our cash convertible note hedge transactions becomes subject to insolvency proceedings, we will become an unsecured creditor in those proceedings with a claim equal to our exposure at the time under those transactions. Our exposure will depend on many factors but, generally, the increase in our exposure will be correlated to the increase in our stock price and in volatility of our stock. We may also suffer adverse tax consequences as a result of a default by one of the option counterparties. In addition, a default by an option counterparty may result in our inability to repay the 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes under the negative covenants in the credit agreement or otherwise. We can provide no assurances as to the financial stability or viability of any of our counterparties.

**Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

On May 22, 2009, we issued \$400 million aggregate principal amount of 3.25% Cash Convertible Senior Notes (the Notes) due 2014 in a private transaction exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. On June 15, 2009, we issued an additional \$60 million aggregate principal amount of Notes to the same qualified institutional buyers to cover over-allotments. See Note 6. Changes in Capitalization of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

None.

**Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

None

**Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

(a) None.

(b) Not applicable.

**Item 6. EXHIBITS**

| <b>Exhibit<br/>Number</b> | <b>Description</b>   |
|---------------------------|--|
| 31.1                      | Certification pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Executive Officer.  |
| 31.2                      | Certification pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Financial Officer.  |
| 32                        | Certification of periodic financial report pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. |

**Table of Contents**

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION  
(Registrant)

By: /s/ Mark A. Pytosh  
Mark A. Pytosh  
*Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer*

By: /s/ Thomas E. Bucks  
Thomas E. Bucks  
*Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer*

Date: October 21, 2009