APARTMENT INVESTMENT & MANAGEMENT CO Form S-4/A December 13, 2010

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 13, 2010 Registration No. 333-169870

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

## Amendment No. 3 to Form S-4

## REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

## APARTMENT INVESTMENT AND MANAGEMENT COMPANY

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

#### Maryland

(State of other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

6798 (Primary standard industrial

*classification code number)* 

84-1259577

(IRS Employer Identification Number)

## AIMCO PROPERTIES, L.P.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

#### Delaware

(State of other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

6513 (Primary standard industrial classification code number) 84-1275621 (IRS Employer Identification Number)

4582 South Ulster Street Parkway, Suite 1100 Denver, Colorado 80237 (303) 757-8101

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant s principal executive offices)

John Bezzant

Senior Vice President Apartment Investment and Management Company 4582 South Ulster Street Parkway, Suite 1100 Denver, Colorado 80237

#### (303) 757-8101

(Name, address, including zip code and telephone number, including area code of agent for service)

Copies to:

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**Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public:** As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement is declared effective and all other conditions to the merger as described in the enclosed information statement/prospectus are satisfied or waived.

If the securities being registered on this Form are being offered in connection with the formation of a holding company and there is compliance with General Instruction G, check the following box: o

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering: o

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering: o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company o

If applicable, place an X in the box to designate the appropriate rule provision relied upon in conducting this transaction:

Exchange Act Rule 13e-4(i) (Cross-Border Issuer Tender Offer) o

Exchange Act Rule 14d-1(d) (Cross-Border Third-Party Tender Offer) o

The Registrants hereby amend this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrants will file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement will thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or until the Registration Statement will become effective on such date as the Securities and

Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

#### **INFORMATION STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS**

## **U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP**

U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership, or USRP, has entered into an agreement and plan of merger with a wholly owned subsidiary of Aimco Properties, L.P., or Aimco OP. Under the merger agreement, the Aimco Subsidiary, AIMCO USRP Merger Sub LLC, will be merged with and into USRP, with USRP as the surviving entity. The Aimco Subsidiary was formed for the purpose of effecting this transaction and does not have any assets or operations. In the merger, each unit of limited partnership interest of USRP, or each USRP Unit, will be converted into the right to receive, at the election of the holder of such USRP Unit, either:

\$2.76 in cash, or

\$2.76 in partnership common units of Aimco OP, or OP Units.

The number of OP Units offered for each USRP Unit will be calculated by dividing \$2.76 by the average closing price of common stock of Apartment Investment and Management Company, or Aimco, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange, over the ten consecutive trading days ending on the second trading day immediately prior to the consummation of the merger. For example, as of December 3, 2010, the average closing price of Aimco common stock over the preceding ten consecutive trading days was \$24.17, which would have resulted in 0.11 OP Units offered for each USRP Unit. However, if AIMCO OP determines that the law of the state or other jurisdiction in which a limited partner resides would prohibit the issuance of OP Units in that state or other jurisdiction (or that registration or qualification in that state or jurisdiction would be prohibitively costly), then such limited partner will not be entitled to elect OP Units, and will receive cash.

In the merger, Aimco OP s interest in the Aimco Subsidiary will be converted into USRP Units. As a result, after the merger, Aimco OP will be the sole limited partner of USRP and will own all of the outstanding USRP Units.

Within ten days after the effective time of the merger, Aimco OP will prepare and mail to you an election form pursuant to which you can elect to receive cash or OP Units. You may elect your form of consideration by completing and returning the election form in accordance with its instructions. If the information agent does not receive a properly completed election form from you before 5:00 p.m., New York time, on the 30th day after the merger, you will be deemed to have elected to receive cash. You may also use the election form to elect to receive, in lieu of the merger consideration, the appraised valued of your USRP Units, determined through an arbitration proceeding.

In addition and separate from the merger consideration, you may elect to receive an additional cash payment of \$0.31 in exchange for executing a waiver and release of certain claims. In order to receive such additional payment, you must complete the relevant section of the election form, execute the waiver and release that is attached to the election form and return both the election form and the executed waiver and release to the information agent as described above.

Under Delaware law, the merger must be approved by all general partners of USRP and a majority in interest of the USRP Units. Both USRP s corporate general partner, U.S. Realty I Corporation, or the Corporate General Partner, and USRP s other general partner, Aimco OP, or the Other General Partner (and, together with the Corporate General Partner, the General Partners), have determined that the merger is advisable and in the best interests of USRP and its limited partners and have approved the merger and the merger agreement. As of December 3, 2010, there were issued and outstanding 1,222,000 USRP Units, and Aimco OP and its affiliates owned 900,195 of those certificates, or approximately 73.67% of the number of USRP Units outstanding. Aimco OP and its affiliates have indicated that they intend to take action by written consent, as permitted under the partnership agreement, to approve the merger on or

about February 11, 2011. As a result, approval of the merger is assured, and your consent to the merger is not required.

## WE ARE NOT ASKING YOU FOR A PROXY AND YOU ARE REQUESTED NOT TO SEND US A PROXY

This information statement/prospectus contains information about the merger and the securities offered hereby, and the reasons that the general partners of USRP have decided that the merger is in the best interests of USRP and its limited partners. The general partners of USRP have conflicts of interest with respect to the merger that are described in greater detail herein. Please read this information statement/prospectus carefully, including the section entitled Risk Factors beginning on page 12. It provides you with detailed information about the merger and the securities offered hereby. The merger agreement is attached to this information statement/prospectus as <u>Annex A</u>.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the securities to be issued in connection with the merger or determined if this information statement/prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This information statement/prospectus is dated December 13, 2010, and is first being mailed to limited partners on or about December 13, 2010.

## WE ARE CURRENTLY SEEKING QUALIFICATION TO ALLOW ALL HOLDERS OF USRP UNITS THE ABILITY TO ELECT TO RECEIVE OP UNITS IN CONNECTION WITH THE MERGER. HOWEVER, AT THE PRESENT TIME, IF YOU ARE A RESIDENT OF ONE OF THE FOLLOWING STATES, YOU ARE NOT PERMITTED TO ELECT TO RECEIVE OP UNITS IN CONNECTION WITH THE MERGER:

#### CALIFORNIA

# THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK HAS NOT PASSED ON OR ENDORSED THE MERITS OF THIS OFFERING. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS UNLAWFUL.

#### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

This information statement/prospectus incorporates important business and financial information about Aimco from documents that it has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission but that have not been included in or delivered with this information statement/prospectus. For a listing of documents incorporated by reference into this information statement/prospectus, please see Where You Can Find Additional Information beginning on page 87 of this information statement/prospectus.

Aimco will provide you with copies of such documents relating to Aimco (excluding all exhibits unless Aimco has specifically incorporated by reference an exhibit in this information statement/prospectus), without charge, upon written or oral request to:

ISTC Corporation P.O. Box 2347 Greenville, South Carolina 29602 (864) 239-1029

If you have any questions or require any assistance, please contact our information agent, Eagle Rock Proxy Advisors, LLC, by mail at 12 Commerce Drive, Cranford, New Jersey 07016; by fax at (908) 497-2349; or by telephone at (800) 217-9608.

## ABOUT THIS INFORMATION STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS

This information statement/prospectus, which forms a part of a registration statement on Form S-4 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by Aimco and Aimco OP, constitutes a prospectus of Aimco OP under Section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, with respect to the OP Units that may be issued to holders of USRP Units in connection with the merger, and a prospectus of Aimco under Section 5 of the Securities Act with respect to shares of Aimco common stock that may be issued in exchange for such OP Units tendered for redemption by the holder thereof. This document also constitutes an information statement under Section 14(c) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, with respect to the action to be taken by written consent to approve the merger.

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## SUMMARY TERM SHEET

This summary term sheet highlights the material information with respect to the merger agreement, the merger and the other matters described herein. It may not contain all of the information that is important to you. You are urged to carefully read the entire information statement/prospectus and the other documents referred to in this information statement/prospectus, including the merger agreement. Aimco, Aimco OP, the General Partners and Aimco s subsidiaries that may be deemed to directly or indirectly beneficially own limited partnership units of USRP are referred to herein, collectively, as the Aimco Entities.

<u>The Merger</u>: USRP has entered into an agreement and plan of merger with the Aimco Subsidiary and Aimco OP. Under the merger agreement, at the effective time of the merger, the Aimco Subsidiary will be merged with and into USRP, with USRP as the surviving entity. A copy of the merger agreement is attached as <u>Annex A</u> to this information statement/prospectus. You are encouraged to read the merger agreement carefully in its entirety because it is the legal agreement that governs the merger.

<u>Merger Consideration</u>: In the merger, each USRP Unit will be converted into the right to receive, at the election of the holder of such USRP Unit, either \$2.76 in cash or equivalent value in OP Units, except in those jurisdictions where the law prohibits the offer of OP Units (or registration would be prohibitively costly). The number of OP Units issuable with respect to each USRP Unit will be calculated by dividing the \$2.76 per unit cash merger consideration by the average closing price of Aimco common stock, as reported on the NYSE, over the ten consecutive trading days ending on the second trading day immediately prior to the consummation of the merger. For a full description of the determination of the merger consideration, see The Merger Determination of Merger Consideration beginning on page 30.

*Effects of the Merger:* After the merger, Aimco OP will be the sole limited partner in USRP, and will own all of the outstanding USRP Units. As a result, after the merger, you will cease to have any rights in USRP as a limited partner. *See* Special Factors Effects of the Merger, beginning on page 5.

<u>Appraisal Rights</u>: Pursuant to the terms of the merger agreement, Aimco OP will provide each limited partner with contractual dissenters appraisal rights that are similar to the dissenters appraisal rights available to a stockholder of a corporation in a merger under Delaware law, and which will enable a limited partner to obtain an appraisal of the value of the limited partner s USRP Units in connection with the merger. See The Merger Appraisal Rights, beginning on page 32. A description of the appraisal rights being provided, and the procedures that a limited partner must follow to seek such rights, is attached to this information statement/prospectus as <u>Annex B</u>.

<u>Additional Payment for Waiver and Release</u>: In addition to the merger consideration, each limited partner unaffiliated with Aimco OP or its affiliates may elect to receive an additional cash payment of \$0.31 per USRP Unit in exchange for executing a waiver and release of potential claims such unaffiliated limited partner may have had in the past, may now have or may have in the future (through and including the date of the consummation of the merger) against USRP, the General Partners, Aimco OP or its affiliates and certain other persons and entities, including but not limited to claims related to the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, but excluding claims limited partners may have under federal securities laws. See The Merger Waiver and Release and Additional Consideration, beginning on page 31.

Parties Involved:

U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership, or USRP, is a Delaware limited partnership formed on January 23, 1986. USRP owns and operates one investment property, Twin Lakes Apartments, a 262 unit apartment project located in Palm Harbor, Florida. See Information About U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership, beginning on page 25. USRP s principal address is 55 Beattie Place, P.O. Box 1089, Greenville, South Carolina 29602, and its telephone number is (864) 239-1000.

Apartment Investment and Management Company, or Aimco, is a Maryland corporation that is a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust, or REIT, focused on the ownership and management of quality apartment communities located in the 20 largest markets in the United States. Aimco is one of the largest owners and operators of apartment properties in the United States. Aimco s

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common stock is listed and traded on the NYSE under the symbol AIV. See Information about the Aimco Entities, beginning on page 23.

AIMCO Properties, L.P., or Aimco OP, is a Delaware limited partnership which, through its operating divisions and subsidiaries, holds substantially all of Aimco s assets and manages the daily operations of Aimco s business and assets. See Information about the Aimco Entities, beginning on page 23.

AIMCO USRP Merger Sub LLC, or the Aimco Subsidiary, is a Delaware limited liability company formed for the purpose of consummating the merger with USRP. The Aimco Subsidiary is a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Aimco OP. See Information about the Aimco Entities, beginning on page 23.

<u>Reasons for the Merger</u>: Aimco and Aimco OP are in the business of acquiring, owning and managing apartment properties such as the one owned by USRP, and have decided to proceed with the merger as a means of acquiring the property currently owned by USRP in a manner that they believe (i) provides fair value to limited partners, (ii) offers limited partners an opportunity to receive immediate liquidity, or defer recognition of taxable gain (except where the law of the state or other jurisdiction in which a limited partner resides would prohibit the issuance of OP Units in that state or other jurisdiction, or where registration or qualification would be prohibitively costly), and (iii) relieves USRP of the expenses associated with a sale of the property, including marketing and other transaction costs. The Aimco Entities decided to proceed with the merger at this time for the following reasons:

In the absence of a transaction, USRP limited partners have only limited options to liquidate their investment in USRP. The USRP Units are not traded on an exchange or other reporting system, and transactions in the securities are limited and sporadic.

The value of the single property owned by USRP is not sufficient to justify its continued operation as a public company. As a public company with a significant number of unaffiliated limited partners, USRP incurs costs associated with preparing audited annual financial statements, unaudited quarterly financial statements, tax returns for partners on schedule K-1, periodic SEC reports and other expenses. The Aimco Entities estimate these costs to be approximately \$51,000 per year.

USRP has been operating at a loss for the past several years. Since 2007, Aimco OP has made loans of \$2,036,000 to USRP to help fund operating expenses, but it is not willing to continue to make advances to USRP. The Aimco Entities do not believe that USRP can obtain financing from an independent third party. If the Aimco Entities acquire 100% ownership of USRP, they will have greater flexibility in financing and operating its property.

*Fairness of the Merger:* Although the Aimco Entities have interests that may conflict with those of USRP s unaffiliated limited partners, each of the Aimco Entities believe that the merger is fair to the unaffiliated limited partners of USRP. See Special Factors Fairness of the Transaction beginning on page 6.

<u>Conflicts of Interest</u>: The Corporate General Partner is indirectly wholly owned by Aimco. Therefore, the Corporate General Partner has a conflict of interest with respect to the merger. The Corporate General Partner has fiduciary duties to AIMCO/IPT, Inc., the Corporate General Partner s sole stockholder and an affiliate of Aimco, on the one hand, and to USRP and its limited partners, on the other hand. The duties of the Corporate General Partner to AIMCO/IPT, Inc., which could result in the Corporate General Partner approving a transaction that is more favorable to Aimco than might be the case absent such conflict of interest. See, The Merger Conflicts of Interest, beginning on page 31.

<u>*Risk Factors:*</u> In evaluating the merger agreement and the merger, USRP limited partners should carefully read this information statement/prospectus and especially consider the factors discussed in the section entitled Risk Factors beginning on page 12. Some of the risk factors associated with the merger are summarized below:

Aimco owns the Corporate General Partner. As a result, the Corporate General Partner has a conflict of interest in the merger. A transaction with a third party in the absence of this conflict could result in better terms or greater consideration to USRP limited partners.

USRP limited partners who receive cash may recognize taxable gain in the merger and that gain could exceed the merger consideration.

There are a number of significant differences between USRP Units and Aimco OP Units relating to, among other things, the nature of the investment, voting rights, distributions and liquidity and transferability/redemption. For more information regarding those differences, see Comparison of USRP Units and Aimco OP Units, beginning on page 53.

USRP limited partners may elect to receive OP Units as merger consideration, and there are risks related to an investment in OP Units, including the fact that there are restrictions on transferability of OP Units; and there is no assurance as to the value that might be realized upon a future redemption of OP Units.

<u>Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Merger</u>: The merger will generally be treated as a partnership merger for Federal income tax purposes. In general, any payment of cash for USRP Units will be treated as a sale of such USRP Units by such holder, and any exchange of USRP Units for OP Units under the terms of the merger agreement will be treated, in accordance with Sections 721 and 731 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code, as a tax free transaction, except to the extent described in Material United States Federal Income Tax Matters Taxation of Aimco OP and OP Unitholders United States Federal Income Tax Consequences Relating to the Merger, beginning on page 59.

The foregoing is a general discussion of the United States federal income tax consequences of the merger. This summary does not discuss all aspects of federal income taxation that may be relevant to you in light of your specific circumstances or if you are subject to special treatment under the federal income tax laws. The particular tax consequences of the merger to you will depend on a number of factors related to your tax situation. You should review Material United States Federal Income Tax Matters, herein and consult your tax advisors for a full understanding of the tax consequences to you of the merger.

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## SPECIAL FACTORS

#### Purposes, Alternatives and Reasons for the Merger

Aimco and Aimco OP are in the business of acquiring, owning and managing apartment properties such as the one owned by USRP, and have decided to proceed with the merger as a means of acquiring the property currently owned by USRP in a manner that they believe (i) provides fair value to limited partners, (ii) offers limited partners an opportunity to receive immediate liquidity, or defer recognition of taxable gain (except where the law of the state or other jurisdiction in which a limited partner resides would prohibit the issuance of OP Units in that state or other jurisdiction, or where registration or qualification would be prohibitively costly), and (iii) relieves USRP of the expenses associated with a sale of the property, including marketing and other transaction costs.

The Aimco Entities decided to proceed with the merger at this time for the following reasons:

In the absence of a transaction, USRP limited partners have only limited options to liquidate their investment in USRP. The USRP Units are not traded on an exchange or other reporting system, and transactions in the securities are limited and sporadic.

The value of the single property owned by USRP is not sufficient to justify its continued operation as a public company. As a public company with a significant number of unaffiliated limited partners, USRP incurs costs associated with preparing audited annual financial statements, unaudited quarterly financial statements, tax returns for partners on schedule K-1, periodic SEC reports and other expenses. The Aimco Entities estimate these costs to be approximately \$51,000 per year.

USRP has been operating at a loss for the past several years. Since 2007, Aimco OP has made loans of \$2,036,000 to USRP to help fund operating expenses, but it is not willing to continue to make advances to USRP. The Aimco Entities do not believe that USRP can obtain additional financing from an independent third party. If the Aimco Entities acquire 100% ownership of USRP, they will have greater flexibility in financing and operating its property.

Before deciding to proceed with the merger, the Corporate General Partner and the other Aimco Entities considered the alternatives described below:

*Continuation of USRP as a Public Company Operating the Property.* As discussed above, the Corporate General Partner and the Aimco Entities did not consider this a viable alternative primarily because of the costs associated with preparing financial statements, tax returns, periodic SEC reports and other expenses, and the inability of USRP to generate sufficient funds to cover operating expenses without advances from Aimco OP which would not be available in the future.

*Liquidation of USRP*. The Corporate General Partner and the other Aimco Entities considered a liquidation of USRP in which USRP is property would be marketed and sold to a third party for cash, with any net proceeds remaining, after payment of all liabilities, distributed to USRP is limited partners. The primary advantage of such a transaction would be that the sale price would reflect arm s-length negotiations and might therefore be higher than the appraised value which has been used to determine the merger consideration. The Corporate General Partner and the other Aimco Entities rejected this alternative because of: (i) the risk that a third party purchaser might not be found that would offer a satisfactory price; (ii) the costs that USRP would incur in connection with marketing and selling the property; (iii) the fact that limited partners would recognize taxable gain on the sale; and (iv) the prepayment penalties that USRP would

incur in repaying its mortgage debt upon a sale of the property.

*Contribution of the property to Aimco OP.* The Aimco Entities considered a transaction in which USRP s property would be contributed to Aimco OP in exchange for OP Units. The primary advantage of such a transaction would be that USRP limited partners would not recognize taxable gain. The Aimco Entities rejected this alternative because it would not offer an opportunity for immediate liquidity to those limited partners who desire it.

## **Effects of the Merger**

The Aimco Entities believe that the merger will have the following benefits and detriments to unaffiliated limited partners, USRP and the Aimco Entities:

*Benefits to Unaffiliated Limited Partners.* The merger is expected to have the following principal benefits to unaffiliated limited partners:

<u>Option to Defer Taxable Gain.</u> Limited partners are given a choice of merger consideration, and may elect to receive either cash or OP Units in the merger, except in those jurisdictions where the law prohibits the offer of OP Units (or registration would be prohibitively costly). Limited partners who receive OP Units in the merger may defer recognition of taxable gain.

*Liquidity.* Limited partners who receive the cash consideration will receive immediate liquidity with respect to their investment.

*Diversification.* Limited partners who receive OP Units in the merger will have the opportunity to participate in Aimco OP, which has a more diversified property portfolio than USRP.

Benefits to USRP. The merger is expected to have the following principal benefits to USRP:

<u>Elimination of Costs Associated with SEC Reporting Requirements and Multiple Limited Partners.</u> After the merger, the Aimco Entities will own all of the interests in USRP, and USRP will terminate its registration and cease filing periodic reports with the SEC. As a result, USRP will no longer incur costs associated with preparing audited annual financial statements, unaudited quarterly financial statements, tax returns for partners on schedule K-1, periodic SEC reports and other expenses. The Aimco Entities estimate these expenses to be approximately \$51,000 per year.

Benefits to the Aimco Entities. The merger is expected to have the following principal benefits to the Aimco Entities:

*Increased Interest in USRP.* Upon completion of the merger, Aimco OP will be the sole limited partner of USRP. As a result, the Aimco Entities will receive all of the benefit from any future appreciation in value of the property after the merger, and any future property income.

*Detriments to Unaffiliated Limited Partners.* The merger is expected to have the following principal detriments to unaffiliated limited partners:

*Taxable Gain.* Limited partners who receive cash consideration may recognize taxable gain in the merger and that gain could exceed the merger consideration. Limited partners who receive OP Units in the merger could recognize taxable gain if Aimco subsequently sells the property.

<u>*Risks Related to OP Units.*</u> Limited partners who receive OP Units in the merger will be subject to the risks related to an investment in OP Units, as described in greater detail under the heading Risk Factors Risks Related to an Investment in OP Units.

<u>Conflicts of Interest: No Separate Representation of Unaffiliated Limited Partners.</u> The Corporate General Partner is indirectly wholly owned by Aimco. Therefore, the Corporate General Partner has a conflict of interest with respect to the merger. The Corporate General Partner has fiduciary duties to AIMCO/IPT, Inc., the Corporate General Partner s

sole stockholder and an affiliate of Aimco, on the one hand, and to USRP and its limited partners, on the other hand. The duties of the Corporate General Partner to USRP and its limited partners conflict with the duties of the Corporate General Partner to AIMCO/IPT, Inc., which could result in the Corporate General Partner approving a transaction that is more favorable to Aimco than might be the case absent such conflict of interest. In negotiating the merger agreement, no one separately represented the interests of the unaffiliated limited partners. If an independent advisor had been engaged, it is possible that such advisor could have negotiated better terms for USRP s unaffiliated limited partners.

Detriments to USRP. The merger is not expected to have any detriments to USRP.

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*Detriments to the Aimco Entities.* The merger is expected to have the following principal detriments to the Aimco Entities:

*Increased Interest in USRP.* Upon completion of the merger, the Aimco Entities interest in the net book value of USRP will increase from 73.7% to 100%, or from a deficit of \$3,734,000 to a deficit of \$5,064,000 as of December 31, 2009, and their interest in the net losses of USRP will increase from 74.0% to 100%, or from \$404,000 to \$546,000 for the period ended December 31, 2009. As a result, Aimco OP will bear the burden of all future operating or other losses, as well as any decline in the value of USRP s property.

*Burden of Capital Expenditures.* Upon completion of the merger, the Aimco Entities will have sole responsibility for providing any funds necessary to pay for capital expenditures at the property.

#### Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Merger

For a discussion of the material United States federal income tax consequences of the merger, see Material United States Federal Income Tax Matters United States Federal Income Tax Consequences Relating to the Merger.

#### **Fairness of the Transaction**

*Factors in Favor of Fairness Determination.* The Aimco Entities (including the Corporate General Partner) believe that the merger is fair and in the best interests of USRP and its unaffiliated limited partners. In support of such determination, the Aimco Entities considered the following factors:

The merger consideration of \$2.76 per USRP Unit was based on an independent third party appraisal of USRP s property by CRA, an independent valuation firm.

The merger consideration is equal to the Aimco Entities estimate of going concern value, calculated as the appraised value of USRP s property, plus the amount of its other assets, less the amount of USRP s liabilities, including mortgage debt (but without deducting any prepayment penalties thereon).

The merger consideration is greater than the Aimco Entities estimate of liquidation value because there was no deduction for certain amounts that would be payable upon an immediate sale of the property, such as prepayment penalties on the mortgage debt, currently estimated to be \$2,892,958.

The merger consideration exceeds the net book value per unit (a deficit of \$4.43 per USRP Unit at September 30, 2010).

Limited partners may defer recognition of taxable gain by electing to receive OP Units in the merger, except in those jurisdictions where the law prohibits the offer of OP Units (or registration would be prohibitively costly).

The number of OP Units issuable to limited partners in the merger will be determined based on the average closing price of Aimco common stock, as reported on the NYSE, over the ten consecutive trading days ending on the second trading day immediately prior to the consummation of the merger.

Limited partners who receive cash consideration will achieve immediate liquidity with respect to their investment.

Limited partners who receive OP Units in the merger will have the opportunity to participate in Aimco OP, which has a more diversified property portfolio than USRP.

Although limited partners are not entitled to dissenters appraisal rights under Delaware law, the merger agreement provides them with contractual dissenters appraisal rights that are similar to the dissenters appraisal rights that are available to stockholders in a corporate merger under Delaware law.

Although the merger agreement may be terminated by either side at any time, Aimco OP and the Aimco Subsidiary are very likely to complete the merger on a timely basis.

Unlike a typical property sale agreement, the merger agreement contains no indemnification provisions, so there is no risk of subsequent reduction of the proceeds.

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In contrast to a sale of the property to a third party, which would involve marketing and other transaction costs, Aimco OP has agreed to pay all expenses associated with the merger.

The merger consideration is greater than some of the prices at which USRP Units have historically sold in the secondary market (\$1.20 to \$4.50 per USRP Unit from January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2009).

The merger consideration is greater than the prices at which USRP Units have recently sold in the secondary market (\$1.00 per USRP Unit from January 1, 2010 through December 3, 2010).

*Factors Not in Favor of Fairness Determination.* In addition to the foregoing factors, the Aimco Entities also considered the following countervailing factors:

The Corporate General Partner has substantial conflicts of interest with respect to the merger as a result of (i) the fiduciary duties it owes to unaffiliated limited partners, who have an interest in receiving the highest possible consideration, and (ii) the fiduciary duties it owes to its sole stockholder, a subsidiary of Aimco, which has an interest in obtaining the USRP property for the lowest possible consideration.

The terms of the merger were not approved by any independent directors.

An unaffiliated representative was not retained to act solely on behalf of the unaffiliated limited partners for purposes of negotiating the merger agreement on an independent, arm s-length basis, which might have resulted in better terms for the unaffiliated limited partners.

The merger agreement does not require the approval of any unaffiliated limited partners.

No opinion has been obtained from an independent financial advisor that the merger is fair to the unaffiliated limited partners.

The merger consideration is less than some of the prices at which USRP Units have historically sold in the secondary market (\$1.20 to \$4.50 per USRP Unit from June 1, 2008 through December 31, 2009).

Limited partners who receive cash consideration in the merger may recognize taxable gain and that gain could exceed the merger consideration.

Limited partners who receive OP Units in the merger could recognize taxable gain if Aimco subsequently sells the property.

Limited partners who receive OP Units in the merger will be subject to the risks related to an investment in OP Units, as described in greater detail under the heading Risk Factors Risks Related to an Investment in OP Units.

CRA, the valuation firm that appraised the USRP property, has performed work for Aimco OP and its affiliates in the past and this pre-existing relationship could negatively impact CRA s independence.

The Aimco Entities did not assign relative weights to the above factors in reaching their decision that the merger is fair to USRP and its unaffiliated limited partners. However, in determining that the benefits of the proposed merger outweigh the costs and risks, they relied primarily on the following factors: (i) the merger consideration of \$2.76 per USRP Unit is based on independent third party appraisal of USRP s property, (ii) limited partners may defer

recognition of taxable gain by electing to receive OP Units in the merger (except in certain jurisdictions) and (iii) limited partners are entitled to contractual dissenters appraisal rights. The Aimco Entities were aware of, but did not place much emphasis on, information regarding prices at which USRP Units may have sold in the secondary market because they do not view that information as a reliable measure of value. The USRP Units are not traded on an exchange or other reporting system, and transactions in the secondary market are very limited and sporadic.

*Procedural Fairness.* The Aimco Entities determined that the merger is fair from a procedural standpoint despite the absence of any customary procedural safeguards, such as the engagement of an unaffiliated representative, the approval of independent directors or approval by a majority of unaffiliated limited partners. In making this determination, the Aimco Entities relied primarily on the dissenters appraisal rights provided to unaffiliated

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limited partners under the merger agreement that are similar to the dissenters appraisal rights available to stockholders in a corporate merger under Delaware law.

#### The Appraisal

*Selection and Qualifications of Independent Appraiser.* The Corporate General Partner retained the services of CRA to appraise the market value of USRP s property. CRA is an experienced independent valuation consulting firm that has performed appraisal services for Aimco OP and its affiliates in the past. Aimco OP believes that its relationship with CRA had no negative impact on its independence in conducting the appraisal related to the merger.

*Factors Considered.* CRA performed a complete appraisal of Twin Lakes Apartments. CRA has represented that its reports were prepared in conformity with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice, as promulgated by the Appraisal Standards Board of the Appraisal Foundation and the Code of Professional Ethics and Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice of the Appraisal Institute. USRP furnished CRA with all of the necessary information requested by CRA in connection with the appraisal. The appraisal was not prepared in conjunction with a request for a specific value or a value within a given range or predicated upon loan approval. In preparing its valuation of the property, CRA, among other things:

Inspected the property and its environs;

Reviewed demographic and other socioeconomic trends pertaining to the city and region where the property is located;

Examined regional apartment market conditions, with special emphasis on the property s apartment submarket;

Investigated lease and sale transactions involving comparable properties in the influencing market;

Reviewed the existing rent roll and discussed the leasing status with the building manager and leasing agent. In addition, CRA reviewed the property s recent operating history and those of competing properties;

Utilized appropriate appraisal methodology to derive estimates of value; and

Reconciled the estimates of value into a single value conclusion.

*Summary of Approaches and Methodologies Employed.* The following summary describes the approaches and analyses employed by CRA in preparing the appraisal. CRA principally relied on two approaches to valuation: (i) the income capitalization approach and (ii) the sales comparison approach.

The income capitalization approach is based on the premise that value is derived by converting anticipated benefits into property value. Anticipated benefits include the present value of the net income and the present value of the net proceeds resulting from the re-sale of the property. CRA reported that the property has an adequate operations history to determine its income-producing capabilities over the near future. In addition, performance levels of competitive properties served as an adequate check as to the reasonableness of the property s actual performance. As such, the income capitalization approach was utilized in the appraisal of the property.

As part of the income capitalization approach, CRA used the direct capitalization method to estimate a value for Twin Lakes Apartments. According to CRA s report, the basic steps in the direct capitalization analysis to valuing the property are as follows: (i) calculate potential gross income from all sources that a competent owner could legally generate; (ii) estimate and deduct an appropriate vacancy and collection loss factor to arrive at effective gross income;

(iii) estimate and deduct operating expenses that would be expected during a stabilized year to arrive at a probable net operating income; (iv) develop an appropriate overall capitalization rate to apply to the net operating income; and (v) estimate value by dividing the net operating income by the overall capitalization rate. In addition, any adjustments to account for differences between the current conditions and stabilized conditions are also considered. The assumptions utilized by CRA with respect to the property are set forth below. The property-specific assumptions were determined by CRA to be reasonable based on its review of historical operating and financial data for the property and comparison of said data to the operating statistics of similar properties in the influencing market area. The capitalization rate for each property was determined to be reasonable by CRA based on their review of applicable data ascertained within the market in which the property is located.

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The sales comparison approach is an estimate of value based upon a process of comparing recent sales of similar properties in the surrounding or competing areas to the subject property. Inherent in and central to this approach is the principle of substitution. This comparative process involves judgment as to the similarity of the subject property and the comparable sales with respect to many value factors such as location, contract rent levels, quality of construction, reputation and prestige, age and condition, and the interest transferred, among others. The value estimated through this approach represents the probable price at which the subject property would be sold by a willing seller to a willing and knowledgeable buyer as of the date of value. The reliability of this technique is dependent upon the availability of comparable sales data, the verification of the sales data, the degree of comparability and extent of adjustment necessary for differences, and the absence of atypical conditions affecting the individual sales prices. CRA reported that, although the volume of sales activity is down as a result of market conditions, its research revealed adequate sales activity to form a reasonable estimation of the subject property s market value pursuant to the sales comparison approach. In the appraisal, numerous sales were uncovered and the specific sales included in the appraisal report were deemed representative of the most comparable data available at the time the appraisal was prepared. Important criteria utilized in selecting the most comparable data included: conditions under which the sale occurred (i.e. seller and buyer were typically motivated); date of sale every attempt was made to utilize recent sales transactions; sales were selected based on their physical similarity to the appraised property; transactions were selected based on the similarity of location between the comparable and appraised property; and, similarity of economic characteristics between the comparable and appraised property. Sales data that may have been uncovered during the course of research that was not included in the appraisal did not meet the described criteria and/or could not be adequately confirmed.

According to CRA s report, the basic steps in processing the sales comparison approach are outlined as follows: (i) research the market for recent sales transactions, listings, and offers to purchase or sell of properties similar to the subject property; (ii) select a relevant unit of comparison and develop a comparative analysis; (iii) compare comparable sale properties with the subject property using the elements of comparison and adjust the price of each comparable to the subject property; and (iv) reconcile the various value indications produced by the analysis of the comparables.

The final step in the appraisal process is the reconciliation of the value indicators into a single final estimate. CRA reviewed each approach in order to determine its appropriateness relative to the property. The accuracy of the data available and the quantity of evidence were weighted in each approach. For the appraisal of Twin Lakes Apartments, CRA relied principally on the income capitalization approach to valuation, and the direct capitalization method was given greatest consideration in the conclusion of value under this approach. CRA relied secondarily on the sales comparison approach, and reported that the value conclusion derived pursuant to the sales comparison approach is supportive of the conclusion derived pursuant to the income capitalization approach.

*Summary of Independent Appraisal of Twin Lakes Apartments.* CRA performed a complete appraisal of Twin Lakes Apartments. The appraisal report of Twin Lakes Apartments is dated May 21, 2010, and provides an estimate of the property s market value as of April 26, 2010. The summary set forth below describes the material conclusions reached by CRA based on the value determined under the valuation approaches and subject to the assumptions and limitations described below. According to CRA s report, the estimated aggregate market value of Twin Lakes Apartments is \$15,900,000 as of April 26, 2010. The following is a summary of the appraisal report dated May 21, 2010:

*Valuation Under Income Capitalization Approach.* Using the income capitalization approach, CRA performed a direct capitalization analysis to derive a value for Twin Lakes Apartments.

The direct capitalization analysis resulted in a valuation conclusion for Twin Lakes Apartments of approximately \$15,900,000.

The assumptions employed by CRA to determine the value of Twin Lakes Apartments under the income capitalization approach using a direct capitalization analysis included:

potential gross income from apartment unit rentals of \$214,488 per month or \$2,573,856 for the appraised year;

no allowance attributable to loss for lease;

rent concessions of 4.0% of the gross rent potential;

a combined vacancy and collection loss allowance of 7.0%;

estimated utility recovery of \$715 per unit in 2010;

other income of \$600 per unit for the appraised fiscal year;

projected total expenses (including reserves) of \$1,363,258;

capitalization rate of 8.0%.

Using a direct capitalization analysis, CRA calculated the value of Twin Lakes Apartments by dividing the stabilized net operating income (including an allowance for reserves) by the concluded capitalization rate of 8.0%.

CRA calculated the value conclusion of Twin Lakes Apartments under the income capitalization approach of approximately \$15,900,000 as of April 26, 2010.

*Valuation Under Sales Comparison Approach.* CRA estimated the property value of Twin Lakes Apartments under the sales comparison approach by analyzing sales from the influencing market that were most similar to Twin Lakes Apartments in terms of age, size, tenant profile and location. CRA reported that adequate sales existed to formulate a defensible value for Twin Lakes Apartments under the sales comparison approach.

The sales comparison approach resulted in a valuation conclusion for Twin Lakes Apartments of approximately \$15,500,000.

In reaching a valuation conclusion for Twin Lakes Apartments, CRA examined and analyzed comparable sales of five properties in the influencing market. The sales reflected unadjusted sales prices ranging from \$42,460 to \$71,759 per unit. After adjustment, the comparable sales illustrated a value range of \$55,198 to \$60,995 per unit, with mean and median adjusted sale prices of \$58,761 and \$59,018 per unit, respectively. CRA reported that three of the comparable sales required the least adjustment and were accorded most significance in the analysis, and that the adjusted sales prices for these properties ranged from \$58,594 to \$60,000 per unit. CRA estimated a value of \$59,000 per unit for Twin Lakes Apartments. Applied to Twin Lakes Apartment s 262 units, this resulted in CRA s total value estimate for Twin Lakes Apartments of approximately \$15,500,000.

CRA also performed an EGIM analysis, which resulted in an indicated EGIM of approximately 5.9 on a stabilized basis. The EGIM (Effective Gross Income Multiplier) is the ratio of the sale price of a property to its effective gross income at the time of sale. The EGIM is used to compare the income-producing characteristics of properties. In the appraisal, the indicated EGIM for the appraised property, calculated by dividing the value concluded for the appraised property via the sale comparison approach by its projected effective gross income, was compared to the EGIMs produced by the sales data. In the appraisal, the appraised property s indicated EGIM was aligned toward the middle of the range exhibited by the most recent transactions (5.4 to 6.4 with an average of 5.8), which is considered reasonable. CRA reported that the indicator suggested that the value concluded for the property via comparative analysis was reasonable based on the income-producing characteristics of Twin Lakes Apartments.

*Reconciliation of Values and Conclusion of Appraisal.* For the appraisal of Twin Lakes Apartments, CRA relied principally on the income capitalization approach to valuation, and the direct capitalization method was given greatest consideration in the conclusion of value under this approach. CRA relied secondarily on the sales comparison

approach, and reported that the value conclusion derived pursuant to the sales comparison approach was supportive of the conclusion derived pursuant to the income capitalization approach. The income capitalization approach using a direct capitalization method resulted in a value of \$15,900,000, and the sales comparison approach resulted in a value of \$15,500,000. CRA concluded that the market value of Twin Lakes Apartments as of April 26, 2010 was \$15,900,000.

Assumptions, Limitations and Qualifications of CRA s Valuation. CRA s appraisal report was subject to the following assumptions and limiting conditions: no responsibility was assumed for the legal description or for matters including legal or title considerations, and title to the property was assumed to be good and marketable unless otherwise stated; the property was appraised free and clear of any or all liens or encumbrances unless otherwise stated; responsible ownership and competent property management were assumed; the information

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furnished by others was believed to be reliable, and no warranty was given by CRA for the accuracy of such information; all engineering was assumed to be correct; there were no hidden or unapparent conditions of the property, subsoil, or structures that render it more or less valuable, and no responsibility was assumed for such conditions or for arranging for engineering studies that may be required to discover them; there was full compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local environmental regulations and laws unless noncompliance was stated, defined, and considered in the appraisal report; all applicable zoning and use regulations and restrictions have been complied with, unless nonconformity had been stated, defined, and considered in the appraisal report; all required licenses, certificates of occupancy, consents, or other legislative or administrative authority from any local, state, or national government or private entity or organization have been or can be obtained or renewed for any use on which the value estimate contained in the appraisal report was based; the utilization of the land and improvements is within the boundaries or property lines of the property described and there is no encroachment or trespass unless noted in the appraisal report; the distribution, if any, of the total valuation in the appraisal report between land and improvements applies only under the stated program of utilization; unless otherwise stated in the appraisal report, the existence of hazardous substances, including without limitation, asbestos, polychlorinated biphenyls, petroleum leakage, or agricultural chemicals, which may or may not be present on the property, or other environmental conditions, were not called to the attention of nor did the appraiser become aware of such during the appraiser s inspection, and the appraiser had no knowledge of the existence of such materials on or in the property unless otherwise stated; the appraiser has not made a specific compliance survey and analysis of the property to determine whether or not it is in conformity with the various detailed requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act; and former personal property items such as kitchen and bathroom appliances were, at the time of the appraisal report, either permanently affixed to the real estate or were implicitly part of the real estate in that tenants expected the use of such items in exchange for rent and never gained any of the rights of ownership, and the intention of the owners was not to remove the articles which are required under the implied or express warranty of habitability.

*Compensation of Appraiser.* CRA s fee for the appraisal was approximately \$6,862. Aimco OP paid for the costs of the appraisal. In addition to the appraisal performed in connection with the merger, during the prior two years, CRA has been paid approximately \$115,031 for appraisal services by Aimco OP and its affiliates. Except as set forth above, during the prior two years, no material relationship has existed between CRA and USRP or Aimco OP or any of their affiliates. Aimco OP believes that its relationship with CRA had no negative impact on its independence in conducting the appraisals.

Availability of Appraisal Reports. You may obtain a full copy of CRA s appraisal upon request, without charge, by contacting Eagle Rock Proxy Advisors, LLC, by mail at 12 Commerce Drive, Cranford, New Jersey 07016; by fax at (908) 497-2349; or by telephone at (800) 217-9608. In addition, the appraisal report has been filed with the SEC. For more information about how to obtain a copy of the appraisal report see Where You Can Find Additional Information.

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## **RISK FACTORS**

#### **Risks Related to the Merger**

*Conflicts of Interest.* The Corporate General Partner is indirectly wholly owned by Aimco. Therefore, it has a conflict of interest with respect to the merger. The Corporate General Partner has fiduciary duties to its sole stockholder, which is wholly owned by Aimco, on the one hand, and to USRP and its limited partners, on the other hand. The duties of the Corporate General Partner to USRP and its limited partners conflict with its duties to its sole stockholder, which could result in the Corporate General Partner approving a transaction that is more favorable to Aimco than might be the case absent such conflict of interest. The Corporate General Partner s desire to seek the best possible terms for USRP s limited partners conflicts with Aimco s interest in obtaining the best possible terms for Aimco OP.

No independent representative was engaged to represent the unaffiliated limited partners in negotiating the terms of the merger. If an independent advisor had been engaged, it is possible that such advisor could have negotiated better terms for USRP s unaffiliated limited partners.

*The terms of the merger have not been determined in arm s-length negotiations.* The terms of the merger, including the merger consideration, were determined through discussions between officers and directors of the Corporate General Partner, on the one hand, and officers of Aimco, on the other. All of the officers and directors of the Corporate General Partner are also officers of Aimco. There are no independent directors of the Corporate General Partner. If the terms of the merger had been determined through arm s-length negotiations, the terms might be more favorable to USRP and its limited partners.

*The merger agreement does not require approval of the merger by a majority of the unaffiliated limited partners.* Under the provisions of the USRP partnership agreement and applicable Delaware law, the merger must be approved by a majority in interest of the USRP Units. As of December 3, 2010, Aimco OP and its affiliates owned approximately 73.67% of the outstanding USRP Units, enabling them to approve the merger without the consent or approval of any unaffiliated limited partners.

Alternative valuations of USRP s property might exceed the appraised value relied on to determine the merger consideration. Aimco determined the merger consideration in reliance on the appraised value of USRP s property. See, Special Factors The Appraisal, beginning on page 8, for more information about the appraisal. Although an independent appraiser was engaged to perform a complete appraisal of the property, valuation is not an exact science. There are a number of other methods available to value real estate, each of which may result in different valuations of a property. Also, others using the same valuation methodology could make different assumptions and judgments, and obtain different results. As of September 30, 2010, Aimco internally valued Twin Lakes Apartments at \$16,500,000.

*The actual sales price of USRP s property could exceed the appraised value that Aimco relied on to determine the merger consideration.* No recent attempt has been made to market Twin Lakes Apartments to unaffiliated third parties. There can be no assurance that Twin Lakes Apartments could not be sold for a value higher than the appraised value used to determine the merger consideration if it was marketed to third-party buyers interested in a property of this type.

The merger consideration may not represent the price limited partners could obtain for their USRP Units in an open market. There is no established or regular trading market for USRP Units, nor is there another reliable standard for determining the fair market value of the USRP Units. The merger consideration does not necessarily reflect the price that USRP limited partners would receive in an open market for their USRP Units. Such prices could be higher than

the aggregate value of the merger consideration.

*No opinion has been obtained from an independent financial advisor that the merger is fair to unaffiliated limited partners.* While the Corporate General Partner and each of the other Aimco Entities believes that the terms of the merger are fair to USRP limited partners unaffiliated with the Corporate General Partner or Aimco for the reasons discussed in Special Factors Fairness of the Transaction, beginning on page 6, no opinion has been obtained as to whether the merger is fair to the limited partners of USRP unaffiliated with the Corporate General Partner or Aimco from a financial point of view.

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*Limited partners may recognize taxable gain in the merger, and that gain could exceed the merger consideration.* Limited partners who elect to receive cash in the merger will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between their amount realized and their adjusted tax basis in the USRP Units sold. The resulting tax liability could exceed the value of the cash received in the merger.

*Limited partners in certain jurisdictions will not be able to elect OP Units.* In those states or jurisdictions where the issuance of the OP Units hereby is not permitted (or the registration or qualification of OP Units in that state or jurisdiction would be prohibitively costly), residents of those states will receive only the cash consideration in the merger.

#### Risks Related to an Investment in Aimco or Aimco OP

For a description of risks related to an investment in Aimco and Aimco OP, please see the information set forth under Part I Item 1A. Risk Factors in the Annual Reports on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 of each of Aimco and Aimco OP. Aimco s Annual Report is incorporated herein by reference and is available electronically through the SEC s website, www.sec.gov, or by request to Aimco. Aimco OP s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 (excluding the report of the independent registered public accounting firm, the financial statements and the notes thereto) is included as <u>Annex G</u> to this information statement/prospectus.

#### **Risks Related to an Investment in OP Units**

There are restrictions on the ability to transfer OP Units, and there is no public market for Aimco OP Units. The Aimco OP partnership agreement restricts the transferability of OP Units. Until the expiration of a one-year holding period, subject to certain exceptions, investors may not transfer OP Units without the consent of Aimco OP s general partner. Thereafter, investors may transfer such OP Units subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including the general partner s right of first refusal. There is no public market for the OP Units. Aimco OP has no plans to list any OP Units on a securities exchange. It is unlikely that any person will make a market in the OP Units, or that an active market for the OP Units will develop. If a market for the OP Units develops and the OP Units are considered readily tradable on a secondary market (or the substantial equivalent thereof), Aimco OP would be classified as a publicly traded partnership for United States Federal income tax purposes, which could have a material adverse effect on Aimco OP.

Cash distributions by Aimco OP are not guaranteed and may fluctuate with partnership performance. Aimco OP makes guarterly distributions to holders of OP Units (on a per unit basis) that generally are equal to dividends paid on the Aimco common stock (on a per share basis). However, such distributions will not necessarily continue to be equal to such dividends. Although Aimco OP makes quarterly distributions on its OP Units, there can be no assurance regarding the amounts of available cash that Aimco OP will generate or the portion that its general partner will choose to distribute. The actual amounts of available cash will depend upon numerous factors, including profitability of operations, required principal and interest payments on our debt, the cost of acquisitions (including related debt service payments), its issuance of debt and equity securities, fluctuations in working capital, capital expenditures, adjustments in reserves, prevailing economic conditions and financial, business and other factors, some of which may be beyond Aimco OP s control. Cash distributions depend primarily on cash flow, including from reserves, and not on profitability, which is affected by non-cash items. Therefore, cash distributions may be made during periods when Aimco OP records losses and may not be made during periods when it records profits. The Aimco OP partnership agreement gives the general partner discretion in establishing reserves for the proper conduct of the partnership s business that will affect the amount of available cash. Aimco is required to make reserves for the future payment of principal and interest under its credit facilities and other indebtedness. In addition, Aimco OP s credit facility limits its ability to distribute cash to holders of OP Units. As a result of these and other factors, there can be no assurance regarding actual levels of cash distributions on OP Units, and Aimco OP s ability to distribute cash may be limited

during the existence of any events of default under any of its debt instruments.

*Holders of OP Units are limited in their ability to effect a change of control.* The limited partners of Aimco OP are unable to remove the general partner of Aimco OP or to vote in the election of Aimco s directors unless they own shares of Aimco. In order to comply with specific REIT tax requirements, Aimco s charter has restrictions on

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the ownership of its equity securities. As a result, Aimco OP limited partners and Aimco stockholders are limited in their ability to effect a change of control of Aimco OP and Aimco, respectively.

*Holders of OP Units have limited voting rights.* Aimco OP is managed and operated by its general partner. Unlike the holders of common stock in a corporation, holders of OP Units have only limited voting rights on matters affecting Aimco OP s business. Such matters relate to certain amendments of the partnership agreement and certain transactions such as the institution of bankruptcy proceedings, an assignment for the benefit of creditors and certain transfers by the general partner of its interest in Aimco OP or the admission of a successor general partner. Holders of OP Units have no right to elect the general partner on an annual or other continuing basis, or to remove the general partner. As a result, holders of OP Units have limited influence on matters affecting the operation of Aimco OP, and third parties may find it difficult to attempt to gain control over, or influence the activities of, Aimco OP.

*Holders of OP Units are subject to dilution.* Aimco OP may issue an unlimited number of additional OP Units or other securities for such consideration and on such terms as it may establish, without the approval of the holders of OP Units. Such securities could have priority over the OP Units as to cash flow, distributions and liquidation proceeds. The effect of any such issuance may be to dilute the interests of holders of OP Units.

*Holders of OP Units may not have limited liability in specific circumstances.* The limitations on the liability of limited partners for the obligations of a limited partnership have not been clearly established in some states. If it were determined that Aimco OP had been conducting business in any state without compliance with the applicable limited partnership statute, or that the right or the exercise of the right by the OP Unitholders as a group to make specific amendments to the agreement of limited partnership or to take other action under the agreement of limited partnership constituted participation in the control of Aimco OP s business, then a holder of OP Units could be held liable under specific circumstances for Aimco OP s obligations to the same extent as the general partner.

Aimco may have conflicts of interest with holders of OP Units. Conflicts of interest have arisen and could arise in the future as a result of the relationships between the general partner of Aimco OP and its affiliates (including Aimco), on the one hand, and Aimco OP or any partner thereof, on the other. The directors and officers of the general partner have fiduciary duties to manage the general partner in a manner beneficial to Aimco, as the sole stockholder of the general partner. At the same time, as the general partner of Aimco OP, it has fiduciary duties to manage Aimco OP in a manner beneficial to Aimco OP and its limited partners. The duties of the general partner of Aimco OP and its partner of Aimco OP to Aimco OP and its partners may therefore come into conflict with the duties of the directors and officers of the general partner to its sole stockholder, Aimco. Such conflicts of interest might arise in the following situations, among others:

Decisions of the general partner with respect to the amount and timing of cash expenditures, borrowings, issuances of additional interests and reserves in any quarter will affect whether or the extent to which there is available cash to make distributions in a given quarter.

Under the terms of the Aimco OP partnership agreement, Aimco OP will reimburse the general partner and its affiliates for costs incurred in managing and operating Aimco OP, including compensation of officers and employees.

Whenever possible, the general partner seeks to limit Aimco OP s liability under contractual arrangements to all or particular assets of Aimco OP, with the other party thereto having no recourse against the general partner or its assets.

Any agreements between Aimco OP and the general partner and its affiliates will not grant to the OP Unitholders, separate and apart from Aimco OP, the right to enforce the obligations of the general partner and such affiliates in favor of Aimco OP. Therefore, the general partner, in its capacity as the general partner of

Aimco OP, will be primarily responsible for enforcing such obligations.

Under the terms of the Aimco OP partnership agreement, the general partner is not restricted from causing Aimco OP to pay the general partner or its affiliates for any services rendered on terms that are fair and reasonable to Aimco OP or entering into additional contractual arrangements with any of such entities on behalf of Aimco OP. Neither the Aimco OP partnership agreement nor any of the other agreements, contracts and arrangements between Aimco OP, on the one hand, and the general partner of Aimco OP and its affiliates, on the other, are or will be the result of arm s-length negotiations.

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*Provisions in the Aimco OP partnership agreement may limit the ability of a holder of OP Units to challenge actions taken by the general partner*. Delaware law provides that, except as provided in a partnership agreement, a general partner owes the fiduciary duties of loyalty and care to the partnership and its limited partners. The Aimco OP partnership agreement expressly authorizes the general partner to enter into, on behalf of Aimco OP, a right of first opportunity arrangement and other conflict avoidance agreements with various affiliates of Aimco OP and the general partner, on such terms as the general partner, in its sole and absolute discretion, believes are advisable. The latitude given in the Aimco OP partnership agreement to the general partner in resolving conflicts of interest may significantly limit the ability of a holder of OP Units to challenge what might otherwise be a breach of fiduciary duty. The general partner believes, however, that such latitude is necessary and appropriate to enable it to serve as the general partner of Aimco OP without undue risk of liability.

The Aimco OP partnership agreement limits the liability of the general partner for actions taken in good faith. Aimco OP s partnership agreement expressly limits the liability of the general partner by providing that the general partner, and its officers and directors, will not be liable or accountable in damages to Aimco OP, the limited partners or assignees for errors in judgment or mistakes of fact or law or of any act or omission if the general partner, its affiliates and their respective officers, directors, employees and agents to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, against any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities, joint or several, expenses, judgments, fines and other actions incurred by the general partner or such other persons, provided that Aimco OP will not indemnify for (i) willful misconduct or a knowing violation of the law or (ii) for any transaction for which such person received an improper personal benefit in violation or breach of any provision of the partner to be modified by a partnership agreement have not been resolved in a court of law, and the general partner has not obtained an opinion of counsel covering the provisions set forth in the Aimco OP partnership agreement that purport to waive or restrict the fiduciary duties of the general partner that would be in effect under common law were it not for the partnership agreement.

#### Certain United States Tax Risks Associated with an Investment in the OP Units

The following are among the United States Federal income tax considerations to be taken into account in connection with an investment in OP Units. For a general discussion of certain United States Federal income tax consequences resulting from acquiring, holding, exchanging, and otherwise disposing of OP Units, see Material United States Federal Income Tax Matters Taxation of Aimco OP and OP Unitholders.

Aimco OP may be treated as a publicly traded partnership taxable as a corporation. If Aimco OP were treated as a publicly traded partnership taxed as a corporation for United States Federal income tax purposes, material adverse consequences to the partners and their owners would result. In addition, Aimco would not qualify as a REIT for United States Federal income tax purposes, which would have a material adverse impact on Aimco and its shareholders. Aimco believes and intends to take the position that Aimco OP should not be treated as a publicly traded partnership or taxable as a corporation. No assurances can be given that the Internal Revenue Service, or the IRS, would not assert, or that a court would not sustain a contrary position. Accordingly, each prospective investor is urged to consult his tax advisor regarding the classification and treatment of Aimco OP as a partnership for United States Federal income tax purposes.

*The limited partners may recognize gain on the transaction.* If a limited partner receives or is deemed to receive cash or consideration other than OP Units in connection with the merger, the receipt of such cash or other consideration would be taxable to the limited partner either as boot or under the disguised sale rules. Subject to certain exceptions, including exceptions applicable to periodic distributions of operating cash flow, any transfer or deemed transfer of cash by Aimco OP to the limited partner (or its owners), including cash paid at closing, within two years before or

after a contribution of property that has an adjusted tax basis in excess of its fair market value, will generally be treated as part of a disguised sale. The application of the disguised sale rules is complex and depends, in part, upon the facts and circumstances applicable to the limited partner (and its owners), which Aimco has not undertaken to review. Accordingly, limited partners and their owners are particularly urged to consult with their tax advisors concerning the extent to which the disguised sale rules would apply.

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A contribution of appreciated or depreciated property may result in special allocations to the contributing partner. If property is contributed to Aimco OP, and the adjusted tax basis of the property differs from its fair market value, then Aimco OP tax items must be specially allocated, for United States Federal income tax purposes, in a manner chosen by Aimco OP such that the contributing partner is charged with and must recognize the unrealized gain, or benefits from the unrealized loss, associated with the property at the time of the contribution. As a result of such special allocations, the amount of net taxable income allocated to a contributing partner is likely to exceed the amount of cash distributions, if any, to which such contributing partner is entitled.

*The Aimco OP general partner could take actions that would impose tax liability on a contributing partner.* There are a variety of transactions that Aimco OP may in its sole discretion undertake following a property contribution that could cause the transferor (or its partners) to incur a tax liability without a corresponding receipt of cash. Such transactions include, but are not limited to, the sale or distribution of a particular property and a reduction in nonrecourse debt, or certain tax elections made by Aimco OP. In addition, future economic, market, legal, tax or other considerations may cause Aimco OP to dispose of the contributed property or to reduce its debt. As permitted by the Aimco OP partnership agreement, the general partner intends to make decisions in its capacity as general partner of Aimco OP so as to maximize the profitability of Aimco OP as a whole, independent of the tax effects on individual holders of OP Units.

An investor s tax liability from OP Units could exceed the cash distributions received on such OP Units. A holder of OP Units will be required to pay United States Federal income tax on such holder s allocable share of Aimco OP s income, even if such holder receives no cash distributions from Aimco OP. No assurance can be given that a holder of OP Units will receive cash distributions equal to such holder s allocable share of taxable income from Aimco OP or equal to the tax liability to such holder resulting from that income. Further, upon the sale, exchange or redemption of any OP Units, a reduction in nonrecourse debt, or upon the special allocation at the liquidation of Aimco OP, an investor may incur a tax liability in excess of the amount of cash received.

# SELECTED SUMMARY HISTORICAL FINANCIAL DATA OF APARTMENT INVESTMENT AND MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The following tables set forth Aimco s selected summary historical financial data as of the dates and for the periods indicated. Aimco s historical consolidated statements of income data set forth below for each of the five fiscal years in the period ended December 31, 2009 and the historical consolidated balance sheet data for each of the five fiscal year-ends in the period ended December 31, 2009, are derived from information included in Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 19, 2010. Aimco s historical consolidated statements of income data set forth below for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, and the historical consolidated balance sheet data as of September 30, 2010, are derived from Aimco s unaudited interim Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010.

You should read this information together with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations' and with the consolidated financial statements and notes to the consolidated financial statements included in Aimco's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 19, 2010 and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, filed with the SEC on November 1, 2010, which are incorporated by reference in this information statement/prospectus. See Where You Can Find Additional Information in this information statement/prospectus.

	For the Nin Ended Sept 2010 (Unaud	tem	nber 30, 2009(1)		2009(1)		For the Y 2008(1)	<i>[</i> ear	rs Ended Deco 2007(1)	emł	ber 31, 2006(1)	2005(1)
	(encar	1100		(Dc	ollar amounts	s in	thousands, e	xce	pt per unit da	ıta)		
onsolidated atements of perations:												
otal revenues	\$ 869,180	\$	859,848	\$	1,151,736	\$	1,199,423	\$	1,132,109	\$	1,043,683	\$ 866,992
otal operating penses(2) perating income(2) oss from continuing	(770,635) 98,545		(783,101) 76,747		(1,051,394) 100,342		(1,151,459) 47,964		(958,070) 174,039		(879,107) 164,576	(731,102 135,890
come from scontinued	(123,944)		(136,045)		(198,703)		(119,163)		(50,097)		(44,798)	(36,366
erations, net(3) et (loss) income et loss (income) tributable to	68,532 (55,412)		86,289 (49,756)		153,903 (44,800)		746,165 627,002		175,603 125,506		331,820 287,022	161,718 125,352
oncontrolling terests et income tributable to eferred	5,147		(20,725)		(19,474)		(214,995)		(95,595)		(110,234)	(54,370
ockholders	(36,626)		(37,631)		(50,566)		(53,708)		(66,016)		(81,132)	(87,948

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4														,
et (loss) income tributable to Aimco mmon ockholders arnings (loss) per mmon share basic id diluted: oss from continuing	;	(86,891)		(108,112)		(114,840)		351,314		(40,586)		93,710		(21,223
berations tributable to Aimco														
mmon									,		,			
ockholders	\$	(1.12)	\$	(1.18)	\$	(1.75)	\$	(2.11)	\$	(1.42)	\$	(1.48)	\$	(1.33
et (loss) income														
tributable to Aimco mmon														
ockholders	\$	(0.75)	\$	(0.95)	\$	(1.00)	\$	3.96	\$	(0.43)	\$	0.98	\$	(0.23
onsolidated	4	(,	~	(~··· - ,	+	(,	4		4	X~- ,	4	<del>~</del>	~	X - 1
alance Sheets:														
eal estate, net of														
cumulated														
preciation	\$	6,685,389			\$	6,795,391	\$	, ,	\$	, ,	\$		\$	
otal assets		7,617,072				7,906,468		9,441,870		10,617,681		10,292,587		10,019,160
otal indebtedness		5,542,562				5,541,148		5,919,771		5,534,154		4,852,928		4,192,292
otal equity ther Information:		1,462,808				1,534,703		1,646,749		2,048,546		2,650,182		3,060,969
ividends declared														
r common share	\$	0.20	\$	0.20	\$	0.40	\$	7.48	\$	4.31	\$	2.40	\$	3.00
otal consolidated	Ψ	0	4	··	Ψ		Ψ		4		Ψ	<u>-</u> ,	¥	
operties (end of														
eriod)		419		458		426		514		657		703		619
otal consolidated														
artment units (end		17.000						10						
period)		93,008		104,301		95,202		117,719		153,758		162,432		158,548
otal unconsolidated														
operties (end of riod)		59		79		77		85		94		102		264
otal unconsolidated		J7		17		11		05		フォ		102		204
artment units (end														
period)		6,933		8,657		8,478		9,613		10,878		11,791		35,269
nits managed (end		- /-		÷ , -		- /		- /		,		- ,		/
period)(4)		27,357		33,623		31,974		35,475		38,404		42,190		46,667
						17	7							
l	—				—		—				—		—	!
														,

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- Certain reclassifications have been made to conform to the September 30, 2010 financial statement presentation, including retroactive adjustments to reflect additional properties sold or classified as held for sale as of September 30, 2010, as discontinued operations (see Note 3 to the condensed consolidated financial statements in Item 1 Financial Statements in Aimco s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, and Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 Financial Statements and Supplementary Data in Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on November 19, 2010, which are incorporated by reference in this information statement/prospectus.).
- (2) Total operating expenses, operating income and loss from continuing operations for the year ended December 31, 2008, include a \$91.1 million pre-tax provision for impairment losses on real estate development assets, which is discussed further in Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 19, 2010, which is incorporated by reference in this information statement/prospectus.
- (3) Income from discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, 2007, 2006 and 2005 includes \$221.8 million, \$800.3 million, \$117.6 million, \$337.1 million and \$162.7 million in gains on disposition of real estate, respectively. Income from discontinued operations for 2009, 2008 and 2007 is discussed further in Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 19, 2010, which is incorporated by reference in this information statement/prospectus.
- (4) Units managed represents units in properties for which Aimco provides asset management services only, although in certain cases Aimco may indirectly own generally less than one percent of the economic interest in such properties through a partnership syndication or other fund.

# SELECTED SUMMARY HISTORICAL FINANCIAL DATA OF AIMCO PROPERTIES, L.P.

The following table sets forth Aimco OP s selected summary historical financial data as of the dates and for the periods indicated. Aimco OP s historical consolidated statements of income data set forth below for each of the five fiscal years in the period ended December 31, 2009 and the historical consolidated balance sheet data for each of the five fiscal year-ends in the period ended December 31, 2009, are derived from information included in <u>Annex I</u> to this information statement/prospectus. Aimco OP s historical consolidated statements of income data set forth below for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, and the historical consolidated balance sheet data as of September 30, 2010, are derived from Aimco OP s unaudited interim Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010 included as <u>Annex H</u> to this information statement/prospectus.

You should read this information together with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and with the consolidated financial statements included in <u>Annex</u> I and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, filed with the SEC on November 1, 2010, which is included as <u>Annex H</u> to this information statement/prospectus.

	For the Nin Ended Sept 2010 (Unaud	tem	1ber 30, 2009(1)		2009(1)		For the Y 2008(1)	'ear	rs Ended Decc 2007(1)	emł	ber 31, 2006(1)	2005(1)
	(Ullaut	nu	,	(Dc	ollar amounts	; in	thousands, e	xcej	pt per unit da	ata)		
onsolidated atements of perations:												
	\$ 869,180	\$	859,848	\$	1,151,736	\$	1,199,423	\$	1,132,109	\$	1,043,683	\$ 866,992
penses(2)	(770,635)		(783,101)		(1,051,394)		(1,151,459)		(958,070)		(879,107)	(731,102
perating income(2) poss from continuing	98,545		76,747		100,342		47,964		174,039		164,576	135,890
come from scontinued	(123,302)		(135,431)		(197,883)		(118,377)		(49,348)		(41,838)	(31,908
erations, net(3)	68,532		86,289		153,903		746,165		175,603		331,820	161,718
et (loss) income et loss (income) tributable to pncontrolling	(54,770)		(49,142)		(43,980)		627,788		126,255		289,982	129,810
terests et income tributable to	1,795		(24,665)		(22,442)		(155,749)		(92,138)		(92,917)	(49,064
eferred unitholders et (loss) income tributable to the artnership s common	(39,918)		(42,189)		(56,854)		(61,354)		(73,144)		(90,527)	(98,946
nitholders	(92,893)		(115,996)		(123,276)		403,700		(43,508)		104,592	(22,458

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arnings (loss) per mmon unit basic id diluted:														
oss from continuing perations														
tributable to the														
artnership s common			*		*	( <b>-</b> )	*	(1.0.0)	•		<b>†</b>		<b>•</b>	
	\$	(1.12)	\$	(1.17)	\$	(1.75)	\$	(1.96)	\$	(1.40)	\$	(1.47)	\$	(1.32
et (loss) income														ļ
tributable to the														ľ
artnership s common		(0, <b>75</b> )	φ.	(0.0.4)	φ.	(1,00)	ተ	4 1 1	ф	(0.40)	ተ	0.00	ተ	(0.21
	\$	(0.75)	\$	(0.94)	\$	(1.00)	\$	4.11	\$	(0.42)	\$	0.99	\$	(0.21
onsolidated														ľ
alance Sheets:														ļ
eal estate, net of														ľ
cumulated	ተ	5 505 904			<u></u>	6 705 006	<u></u>	6 057 126	¢	6 720 410	ኖ		¢	5 572 006
		6,685,894			\$	6,795,896	\$	, ,	\$		\$		\$	
otal assets		7,633,385				7,922,139		9,456,721		10,631,746		10,305,903		10,031,761
otal indebtedness		5,542,562				5,541,148		5,919,771		5,534,154		4,852,928		4,192,292
otal partners capital	J	1,479,121				1,550,374		1,661,600		2,152,326		2,753,617		3,164,111
ther Information:														l
istributions														
clared per common	ሰ	0.20	\$	0.20	\$	0.40	¢	7.48	\$	4.31	\$	2.40	¢	3.00
hit Sonsolidated	\$	0.20	Ф	0.20	Ф	0.40	\$	/.40	Ф	4.31	Ф	2.40	\$	5.00
operties (end of														ļ
eriod)		419		458		426		514		657		703		619
otal consolidated		417		400		720		ЛТ		007		105		017
artment units (end														ļ
period)		93,008		104,301		95,202		117,719		153,758		162,432		158,548
period)		93,000		104,301		95,202		11/,/17		133,730		102,432		130,540
operties (end of														
eriod)		59		79		77		85		94		102		264
btal unconsolidated		57		17		11		05		27		102		201
artment units (end period)		6,933		8,657		8,478		9,613		10,878		11,791		35,269
nits managed (end		0,755		0,007		0,470		7,015		10,070		11,/71		33,207
period)(4)		27,357		33,623		31,974		35,475		38,404		42,190		46,667
periou)(+)		21,331		33,043		31,777		33,413		20,707		42,170		40,007
			_		_	19	)		_		_		_	

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- Certain reclassifications have been made to conform to the September 30, 2010 financial statement presentation, including retroactive adjustments to reflect additional properties sold or classified as held for sale as of September 30, 2010, as discontinued operations (see Note 3 to the condensed consolidated financial statements in Item 1 Financial Statements in Aimco OP s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, and Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 Financial Statements and Supplementary Data included in Annex I to this information statements/prospectus.
- (2) Total operating expenses, operating income and loss from continuing operations for the year ended December 31, 2008, include a \$91.1 million pre-tax provision for impairment losses on real estate development assets, which is discussed further in Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in Annex I to this information statements/prospectus.
- (3) Income from discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, 2007, 2006 and 2005 includes \$221.8 million, \$800.3 million, \$117.6 million, \$337.1 million and \$162.7 million in gains on disposition of real estate, respectively. Income from discontinued operations for 2009, 2008 and 2007 is discussed further in Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in Annex I to this information statements/prospectus.
- (4) Units managed represents units in properties for which Aimco OP provides asset management services only, although in certain cases Aimco OP may indirectly own generally less than one percent of the economic interest in such properties through a partnership syndication or other fund.

# SELECTED SUMMARY HISTORICAL FINANCIAL DATA OF U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

The following table sets forth USRP s selected summary historical financial data as of the dates and for the periods indicated. USRP s historical statements of income and cash flow data set forth below for each of the two fiscal years in the period ended December 31, 2009 and the historical balance sheet data as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, are derived from USRP s financial statements included in USRP s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. USRP s historical statements of income and cash flow data set forth below for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, and the historical balance sheet data as of September 30, 2010, are derived from USRP s unaudited interim Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010.

You should read this information together with Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and with the financial statements and notes to the financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 included in USRP s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010 filed with the SEC on November 12, 2010, which are attached to this information statement/prospectus. See Where You Can Find Additional Information in this information statement/prospectus.

			For the `	Years
	For the Nine		E	. I
	Ende		Ende	
	Septemb 2010		Decemb	<i>,</i>
		2009	2009	2008
	(Unaud) (Dollar am	· ·	sands, except	oon unit
	(Donar an	data		per unit
		uata	()	
Operating Data:				
Total Revenues	1,911	1,886	2,515	2,550
Loss from Continuing Operations	(372)	(400)	(546)	(553)
Net Loss	(372)	(400)	(546)	(553)
Loss from Continuing Operations per depository unit	(0.30)	(0.32)	(0.44)	(0.45)
certificate				
Net Loss per depository unit certificate	(0.30)	(0.32)	(0.44)	(0.45)
Distributions per depository unit certificate				
Deficit of earnings to fixed charges	(372)	(400)	(546)	(554)
Balance Sheet Data:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	95	54	101	44
Real Estate, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	6,644	7,254	7,087	7,602
Total Assets	7,117	7,738	7,561	8,162
Mortgage Notes Payable	10,506	10,636	10,604	10,727
Due to Affiliates	1,695	1,641	1,764	1,646
General Partners Deficit	(18)	(13)	(14)	(9)
Limited Partners Deficit	(5,418)	(4,905)	(5,050)	(4,509)
Total Partners Deficit	(5,436)	(4,918)	(5,064)	(4,518)
Total Distributions				

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Book value per depository unit certificate Cash Flow Data:	(4.43)	(4.01)	(4.13)	(3.69)							
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(6)	10	57 190	(61) 260							
Net cash provided by operating activities	314	201	190	260							

# **COMPARATIVE PER SHARE DATA**

Aimco common stock trades on the NYSE under the symbol AIV. The OP Units are not listed on any securities exchange and do not trade in an active secondary market. However, as described below, the trading price of Aimco common stock is considered a reasonable estimate of the fair market value of an OP Unit.

The OP Units are not listed on any securities exchange nor do they trade in an active secondary market. However, after a one-year holding period, OP Units are redeemable for shares of Aimco common stock (on a one-for-one basis) or cash equal to the value of such shares, as Aimco elects. As a result, the trading price of Aimco common stock is considered a reasonable estimate of the fair market value of an OP Unit. The number of OP Units offered in the merger with respect to each USRP Unit was calculated by dividing the per USRP Unit cash merger consideration by the average closing price of Aimco common stock, as reported on the NYSE over the ten consecutive trading days ending on the second trading day immediately prior to the consummation of the merger. The closing price of Aimco common stock as reported on the NYSE on October 7, 2010, the last trading day before the merger agreement was entered into, was \$22.38.

The USRP Units are not listed on any securities exchange nor do they trade in an active secondary market. The per unit cash merger consideration payable to each holder of USRP Units is greater than the Corporate General Partner s estimate of the proceeds that would be available for distribution to limited partners (following the repayment of debt and other liabilities) if Twin Lakes Apartments was sold at a price equal to its appraised value, given that the Corporate General Partner did not deduct certain amounts that would be payable upon an immediate sale of the property, such as prepayment penalties on the mortgage debt of the property.

The following tables summarize the historical per share information for Aimco, Aimco OP and USRP for the periods indicated:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		ded ,	
	2010	2009	2008	2007
Cash dividends declared per share/unit/unit certificate Aimco Common Stock Aimco OP Units USRP Units Loss per common share/unit/unit certificate from	\$ 0.20 \$ 0.20	\$ 0.40 \$ 0.40	\$ 2.40 \$ 2.40	\$ 2.40 \$ 2.40 \$ 3.55
continuing operations				
Aimco Common Stock	\$ (1.12)	\$ (1.75)	\$ (2.11)	\$ (1.42)
Aimco OP Units	\$ (1.12)	\$ (1.75)	\$ (1.96)	\$ (1.40)
USRP Units	\$ (0.30)	\$ (0.44)	\$ (0.45)	\$ (0.22)

September 30,         December 31,           2010         2009	- · · ·	
2010 2009	2010 2009	1009

Book value per share/unit/unit certificate		
Aimco Common Stock(1)	\$ 10.20	\$ 10.64
Aimco OP Units(2)	9.39	9.88
USRP Units	(4.43)	(4.13)

- (1) Based on 117.0 million and 116.5 million shares of common stock outstanding at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.
- (2) Based on 125.3 million and 124.9 million common OP Units and equivalents outstanding at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

2	2
4	4

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# INFORMATION ABOUT THE AIMCO ENTITIES

Aimco is a Maryland corporation incorporated on January 10, 1994. Aimco is a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust, or REIT. Aimco s goal is to provide above average returns with lower volatility. Aimco s business plan to achieve this goal is to:

own and operate a broadly diversified portfolio of primarily class B/B+ assets with properties concentrated in the 20 largest markets in the United States (as measured by total apartment value, which is the total market value of institutional-grade apartment properties in a particular market);

improve its portfolio through selling assets with lower projected returns and reinvesting those proceeds through the purchase of new assets or redevelopment of assets in its portfolio; and

finance its operations using non-recourse, long-dated, fixed-rate property debt and perpetual preferred equity.

As of September 30, 2010, Aimco:

owned an equity interest in 227 conventional real estate properties with 70,844 units;

owned an equity interest in 251 affordable real estate properties with 29,097 units; and

provided services for or managed 27,357 units in 323 properties, primarily pursuant to long-term asset management agreements. In certain cases, Aimco may indirectly own generally less than one percent of the operations of such properties through a syndication or other fund.

Of these properties, Aimco consolidated 225 conventional properties with 69,540 units and 194 affordable properties with 23,468 units.

Through its wholly owned subsidiaries, AIMCO-GP, the general partner of Aimco OP, and AIMCO-LP Trust, Aimco owns a majority of the ownership interests in Aimco OP. As of September 30, 2010, Aimco held approximately 93% of the common partnership units and equivalents of Aimco OP. Aimco conducts substantially all of its business and owns substantially all of its assets through Aimco OP. Interests in Aimco OP that are held by limited partners other than Aimco include partnership common units or OP Units, partnership preferred units and high performance partnership units, or HPUs. Aimco OP s income is allocated to holders of OP Units and equivalents based on the weighted average number of OP Units and equivalents outstanding during the period. The holders of the OP Units receive distributions, prorated from the date of issuance, in an amount equivalent to the dividends paid to holders of Aimco common stock. Holders of OP Units may redeem such units for cash or, at Aimco OP s option, Aimco common stock. Partnership preferred units entitle the holders thereof to a preference with respect to distributions or upon liquidation. At September 30, 2010, after elimination of shares held by consolidated subsidiaries, 117,033,718 shares of Aimco common stock were outstanding and Aimco OP had 8,278,966 OP Units outstanding (excluding partnership preferred units).

AIMCO/IPT, Inc. owns all of the outstanding common stock of the Corporate General Partner, and Aimco owns all of the outstanding common stock of AIMCO/IPT, Inc.

AIMCO USRP Merger Sub LLC, or the Aimco Subsidiary, is a Delaware limited liability company formed on September 29, 2010, for the purpose of consummating the merger with USRP. The Aimco Subsidiary is a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Aimco OP. The Aimco Subsidiary has not carried on any activities to date, except for activities incidental to its formation and activities undertaken in connection with the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

The names, positions and business addresses of the directors and executive officers of Aimco, Aimco OP, AIMCO-GP, the Corporate General Partner, AIMCO/IPT, Inc. and the Aimco Subsidiary, as well as a biographical summary of the experience of such persons for the past five years or more, are set forth on <u>Annex C</u> attached hereto and are incorporated in this information statement/prospectus by reference. During the last five years, none of Aimco, Aimco-GP, AIMCO/IPT, Inc., Aimco OP, USRP or the Corporate General Partner nor, to the best of their knowledge, any of the persons listed in <u>Annex C</u> of this information statement/prospectus (i) has been convicted in a

criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations or similar misdemeanors) or (ii) was a party to a civil proceeding of a judicial or administrative body of competent jurisdiction and as a result of such proceeding was or is subject to a judgment, decree or final order enjoining further violations of or prohibiting activities subject to federal or state securities laws or finding any violation with respect to such laws. Additional information about Aimco OP is included in documents incorporated by reference into this information statement/prospectus. Additional information about Aimco OP is included in Annexes G, H and I to this information statement/prospectus. See Where You Can Find Additional Information.

The following chart represents the organizational structure of the Aimco Entities:

2	4

# INFORMATION ABOUT U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership is a Delaware limited partnership organized on January 23,1986. USRP is engaged in the business of operating and holding real estate property for investment. It commenced operations on August 26, 1986 and acquired its first property, a newly constructed apartment property, on August 28, 1986. Subsequently, it acquired an existing apartment property, a newly constructed shopping center and an existing shopping center. The shopping centers were sold on February 1, 1999 and July 2, 1999, respectively, and one of the apartment properties was sold on December 20, 2006.

Commencing on August 26, 1986, USRP delivered 1,222,000 depositary unit certificates, or DUCs, to Wheat First Securities, Inc. and received \$30,550,000 (\$25.00 per DUC) in proceeds. The DUCs were offered by several underwriters in minimum investment amounts of 100 DUCs (\$25.00 per DUC). Since its initial offering, USRP has not received, nor are its limited partners required to make, any additional contributions. USRP also received \$16,369,000 as proceeds from a contemporaneous private bond offering. It used substantially all of the proceeds from these offerings to acquire its initial four operating properties. On April 1, 1993, USRP filed for protection under Chapter 11 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code. The filing was made due to the partnership s inability to repay its secured debt due to an insurance company. Subsequently, on April 23, 1993, USRP filed a reorganization plan with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of South Carolina, the significant provision of which involved the refinancing of the secured debt. On July 23, 1993, the court entered an order confirming USRP s plan of reorganization, and on January 27, 1994, closed the case.

USRP s partnership agreement provides that the partnership is to terminate on December 31, 2021 unless terminated prior to such date. The Corporate General Partner is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aimco.

At September 30, 2010, USRP owned and operated one property, Twin Lakes Apartments, a 262 unit apartment project located in Palm Harbor, Florida.

The average annual rental rates for each of the five years ended December 31, 2009 for the property are as follows:

	Average Annual Rental Rates									
Property	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005					
Twin Lakes Apartments	\$ 8,819/unit	\$ 9,251/unit	\$ 9,334/unit	\$ 9,039/unit	\$ 8,381/unit					

The average occupancy for each of the five years ended December 31, 2009 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 for the property is as follows:

		Average Occupancy					
		e Nine					
	Months Septem	s Ended aber 30,	For the Years Ended December			December	31.
Property	2010	2009	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Twin Lakes Apartments	97%	93%	94%	94%	91%	95%	96%

The real estate industry is highly competitive. USRP s property is subject to competition from other residential apartment complexes in the area. The Corporate General Partner believes that the property is adequately insured. The property is an apartment complex which leases units for terms of one year or less. No residential tenant leases 10% or more of the available rental space.

USRP regularly evaluates the capital improvement needs of the property. While USRP has no material commitments for property improvements and replacements, certain routine capital expenditures are anticipated during 2010. Such capital expenditures will depend on the physical condition of the property as well as anticipated cash flow generated by the property. The property is in good condition, subject to normal depreciation and deterioration as is typical for assets of this type and age.

The following table sets forth certain information relating to the mortgages encumbering Twin Lakes Apartments at September 30, 2010.

	Princip Balance Septembe 2010 (In thousar		Interest Rate(1)	Period Amortized	Maturity Date	Principal Balance Due at Maturity(2) (In thousands)	
1st mortgage 2nd mortgage 3rd mortgage	\$	6,077 3,365 1,064	8.23% 5.62% 5.56%	120 months 120 months 98 months	12/01/15 12/01/15 12/01/15	\$	5,685 3,025 963
	\$	10,506				\$	9,673

- (1) Fixed rate mortgages.
- (2) See Note B Mortgage Notes Payable to the financial statements included in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data in USRP s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 attached hereto as <u>Annex D</u> for information with respect to USRP s ability to prepay these mortgages and other specific details about the mortgages.

The existing mortgage debt encumbering the Twin Lakes Property is expected to be refinanced by the end of January 2011. The new mortgage is expected to be in the amount of approximately \$12,000,000 and is expected to bear interest at a rate of approximately 4.9% per year. Net proceeds from the refinancing (after expenses) are expected to be used to repay existing mortgage debt and to repay loans made to USRP by the General Partners. It is not anticipated that there will be any proceeds available for distribution to limited partners.

#### **Distributions to Limited Partners**

USRP presently has only USRP Units issued and outstanding. The USRP Units are entitled to allocations of profit and loss, and distributions, relating to USRP s interest in Twin Lakes Apartments. As of December 3, 2010, there were 1,222,000 USRP Units outstanding, and Aimco OP and its affiliates owned 900,195 of those certificates, or approximately 73.67% of the number of USRP Units outstanding.

There were no distributions made by USRP during the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 or during the nine months ended September 30, 2010. Future cash distributions will depend on the levels of net cash generated from operations, the timing of debt maturity, property sale and/or refinancings. USRP s cash available for distribution is reviewed on a monthly basis. In light of the amounts accrued and payable to affiliates at September 30, 2010, it is unlikely that the partnership will generate sufficient funds from operations, after capital improvement expenditures and repayment of amounts accrued and payable to affiliates, to permit distributions to its partners during 2010 or subsequent periods.

#### **Certain Relationships and Related Transactions**

USRP has no employees and depends on the Corporate General Partner and its affiliates for the management and administration of all partnership activities. The USRP partnership agreement provides that the Corporate General Partner and its affiliates receive certain payments for services and reimbursement of certain expenses incurred on behalf of USRP.

The USRP partnership agreement also provides that the Corporate General Partner and its affiliates receive 5% of gross receipts from USRP s property as compensation for providing property management services. USRP was charged by affiliates approximately \$123,000 and \$126,000 for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and approximately \$94,000 and \$91,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Affiliates of the Corporate General Partner charged USRP for reimbursement of accountable administrative expenses amounting to approximately \$85,000 and \$206,000 for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. A portion of these reimbursements for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 are for

construction management services provided by an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner of approximately \$57,000 and \$158,000, respectively.

Affiliates of the Corporate General Partner charged USRP for reimbursement of accountable administrative expenses amounting to approximately \$24,000 and \$79,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. A portion of these reimbursements for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 are for construction management services provided by an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner of approximately \$2,000 and \$56,000, respectively.

During the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, Aimco OP advanced USRP approximately \$365,000 and \$1,222,000, respectively, to fund capital improvements and real estate taxes at Twin Lakes Apartments. During the year ended December 31, 2009, USRP repaid Aimco OP approximately \$285,000, which included approximately \$142,000 of accrued interest. No such payments were made during the year ended December 31, 2008. In accordance with the USRP partnership agreement, interest was charged at the prime rate plus 2% per annum. Interest expense was approximately \$91,000 and \$58,000 for the years ended December 31, 2009, and 2008, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, Aimco OP advanced USRP approximately \$137,000 and \$205,000, respectively, to fund operating expenses and capital improvements, respectively, at Twin Lakes Apartments. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, USRP repaid Aimco OP \$275,000 and \$225,000, respectively, of principal and accrued interest. In accordance with the USRP partnership agreement, interest was charged at the prime rate plus 2% (5.25% at September 30, 2010) per annum. Interest expense was approximately \$69,000 and \$68,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. At September 30, 2010, the total of outstanding advances and accrued interest due to Aimco OP was approximately \$1,695,000. USRP may receive additional advances of funds from Aimco OP although Aimco OP is not obligated to provide such advances. For more information on Aimco OP, see Annexes G, H and I of this information statement/prospectus.

USRP insures its property up to certain limits through coverage provided by Aimco, which generally is self-insured for a portion of losses and liabilities related to workers compensation, property casualty, general liability and vehicle liability. USRP insures its property above the Aimco limits through insurance policies obtained by Aimco from insurers unaffiliated with the Corporate General Partner. During the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, USRP was charged by Aimco and its affiliates approximately \$77,000 and \$57,000, respectively, for insurance coverage and fees associated with policy claims administration. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, USRP was charged by Aimco and its affiliates approximately \$85,000 for insurance coverage and fees associated with policy claims administration. Additional charges will be incurred by USRP during 2010 as other insurance policies renew later in the year.

In addition to its indirect ownership of the general partner interests in USRP, Aimco and its affiliates owned 900,195 USRP Units representing approximately 73.67% of the number of USRP Units outstanding, at December 3, 2010. Pursuant to the USRP partnership agreement, limited partners holding a majority of the USRP Units are entitled to take action with respect to a variety of matters that include voting on certain amendments to the USRP partnership agreement and voting to remove the Corporate General Partner. As a result of its ownership of 73.67% of the outstanding USRP Units, Aimco and its affiliates are in a position to control all voting decisions with respect to USRP. Although the Corporate General Partner owes fiduciary duties to USRP s limited partners, it also owes fiduciary duties to its sole stockholder, which is wholly owned by Aimco. As a result, the duties of the Corporate General Partner to USRP and its limited partners may come into conflict with the duties of the Corporate General Partner to its sole stockholder.

#### **Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance**

USRP has no directors or executive officers of its own. The names and ages of, as well as the positions and offices held by, the present directors and officers of the Corporate General Partner as of September 30, 2010 are set forth in <u>Annex C</u> to this information statement/prospectus. One or more of those persons are also directors and/or officers of a general partner (or general partner of a general partner) of limited partnerships which either have a class of securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act, or are subject to the reporting requirements

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of Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Further, one or more of those persons are also officers of Aimco and the general partner of Aimco OP, entities that have a class of securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act, or are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act. There are no family relationships between or among any officers or directors. No remuneration was paid to USRP nor its directors or officers during the year ended December 31, 2009.

The board of directors of the Corporate General Partner does not have a separate audit committee. As such, the board of directors of the Corporate General Partner fulfills the functions of an audit committee. The board of directors has determined that Steven D. Cordes meets the requirement of an audit committee financial expert.

The directors and officers of the Corporate General Partner with authority over USRP are all employees of subsidiaries of Aimco. Aimco has adopted a code of ethics that applies to such directors and officers that is posted on Aimco s website (www.aimco.com). Aimco s website is not incorporated by reference to this filing.

# Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The General Partners own all of the outstanding general partner interests in USRP, which constitute 2% of the total interests in the partnership. USRP has no directors or executive officers of its own. The Corporate General Partner is a South Carolina corporation, which is indirectly wholly owned by Aimco. The Other General Partner is an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner and Aimco. None of the Corporate General Partner or any of its directors or executive officers owns any of the USRP Units. The following table sets forth certain information as of December 3, 2010 with respect to the ownership by any person (including any group, as that term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act) known to us to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of the USRP Units.

Entity Name and Address	Approximate Number of Units	Approximate Percent of Class
AIMCO Properties, L.P.(1)	900,195	73.67%
4582 South Ulster Street Parkway,		
Suite 1100		
Denver, CO 80237		

(1) AIMCO-GP, Inc., a Delaware corporation, is the sole general partner of AIMCO Properties, L.P., and owns approximately a 1% general partner interest in AIMCO Properties, L.P. AIMCO-GP, Inc. is wholly owned by Apartment Investment and Management Company. As of December 3, 2010, AIMCO-LP Trust, a Delaware trust wholly owned by Apartment Investment and Management Company, owns approximately a 92% interest in the OP Units and equivalents of AIMCO Properties, L.P.

#### **Additional Information**

For additional information about USRP and its property and operating data related to this property, see USRP s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, attached hereto as <u>Annex D</u> and USRP s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, attached hereto as <u>Annex E</u>.

# THE MERGER

## **Background of the Merger**

The Corporate General Partner regularly evaluates USRP s property by considering various factors, such as the partnership s financial position and real estate and capital markets conditions. The Corporate General Partner monitors the property s specific locale and sub-market conditions (including stability of the surrounding neighborhood), evaluating current trends, competition, new construction and economic changes. It oversees the operating performance of the property and continuously evaluates the physical improvement requirements. In addition, the financing structure for the property (including any prepayment penalties), tax implications to limited partners, availability of attractive mortgage financing to a purchaser, and the investment climate are all considered. Any of these factors, and possibly others, can potentially contribute to any decision by the Corporate General Partner to sell, refinance, upgrade with capital improvements or hold USRP s property.

In early 2010, the Corporate General Partner began to consider strategic alternatives for USRP and its sole property, Twin Lakes Apartments. The Corporate General Partner considered the costs of operating USRP, including audit, tax and SEC reporting costs. The Corporate General Partner looked at these costs, among other things, in light of Aimco s significant ownership percentage. The Corporate General Partner also considered past loans and advances that had been made by Aimco OP to USRP, including an aggregate of approximately \$2,036,000 between 2007 and early 2010 to help fund operating expenses at Twin Lakes Apartments. Aimco OP has indicated an unwillingness to make additional advances to USRP.

On March 10, 2010, Mr. Terry Considine, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Aimco, and Mr. Derek McCandless, Senior Vice President, Assistant General Counsel and Assistant Secretary of Aimco and the Corporate General Partner, met to discuss strategic alternatives for the Twin Lakes Apartments. Messrs. Considine and McCandless agreed to explore the possibility of Aimco OP acquiring the property through a transaction that would provide the unaffiliated limited partners with the opportunity to defer tax gain through an exchange of USRP Units for OP Units.

During March and April 2010, Mr. McCandless sought advice from representatives from Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom, LLP, outside legal and tax counsel, to determine whether a transaction would be feasible that would result in Aimco OP s ownership of Twin Lakes Apartments while also providing potential tax deferral to the unaffiliated limited partners. Subsequently, the Corporate General Partner decided to obtain an appraisal to determine the value of Twin Lakes Apartments and to evaluate the proceeds and tax consequences to limited partners in such a transaction.

Also during March and April 2010, Mr. McCandless spoke with different appraisers regarding the possibility of appraising Twin Lakes Apartments for purposes of a potential acquisition by Aimco OP. On April 13, 2010, the Corporate General Partner engaged CRA to appraise Twin Lakes Apartments.

On May 26, 2010, CRA informed Mr. McCandless that it had valued Twin Lakes Apartments at \$15.9 million. During the following two weeks, Mr. McCandless discussed CRA s assumptions and valuation with Mr. John Bezzant, Senior Vice President Transactions of Aimco and a Director and Senior Vice President of the Corporate General Partner; and Mr. Nikhil Venkatesh, Vice President Portfolio Strategy of Aimco and Vice President of the Corporate General Partner; and Partner. Mr. Bezzant reviewed the \$15.9 million value in light of fiduciary duties owed to unaffiliated limited partners and Aimco OP s investment criteria. Aimco OP s investment criteria was to acquire the property at a price that did not significantly exceed Aimco OP s estimate of the value of the property, which it calculated by adding the appraised

value of the property to other assets and deducting therefrom the amount of liabilities associated with the property, including mortgage debt (but excluding prepayment penalty). Mr. Bezzant determined that Aimco OP would pay the appraised value for Twin Lakes Apartments.

On October 8, 2010, the Corporate General Partner s board of directors held a meeting to discuss the proposed transaction. The board decided to approve and effect a transaction with Aimco OP that would give Aimco OP indirect ownership of Twin Lakes Apartments. On October 8, 2010, the Corporate General Partner authorized and approved the transactions. The Corporate General Partner and the Aimco Entities considered a number of possible alternatives to the proposed transaction with the Aimco Subsidiary, as described in greater detail above. However,

the Corporate General Partner ultimately determined that the proposed transaction with the Aimco Subsidiary is in the best interests of USRP and its limited partners.

#### **Determination of Merger Consideration**

In the merger, each USRP Unit outstanding immediately prior to consummation of the merger will be converted into the right to receive, at the election of the holder of such USRP Unit, either \$2.76 in cash or equivalent value in Aimco OP Units, except in those jurisdictions where the law prohibits the offer of OP Units in this transaction (or registration would be prohibitively costly). Because Aimco wholly owns the Corporate General Partner, the merger consideration has not been determined in an arm s-length negotiation. In order to arrive at a fair consideration, CRA, an independent real estate appraisal firm, was engaged to perform a complete appraisal of USRP s property. For more detailed information about the independent appraiser s determination of the estimated value of the property, see Special Factors The Appraisal. The per USRP Unit cash merger consideration payable to each holder of USRP units is greater than the Corporate General Partner s estimate of the proceeds that would be available for distribution to limited partners (following the repayment of debt and other liabilities of USRP) if the property was sold at a price equal to its appraised value. The Corporate General Partner did not deduct certain amounts that would be payable upon an immediate sale of USRP s property, such as prepayment penalties on the mortgage debt of the property (currently estimated to be \$2,892,958). The Corporate General Partner calculated the equity of USRP by (i) adding to the appraised value the value of any other non-real estate assets of USRP that would not be included in the appraisal; and (ii) deducting certain liabilities, including mortgage debt, debt owed to the Corporate General Partner or its affiliates, accounts payable and accrued expenses and certain other costs. The amount of liabilities deducted includes an estimate of \$104,800 for expenses attributable to the property that would be incurred prior to the merger but payable after the merger. This calculation, which is summarized below, resulted in per USRP unit cash merger consideration of \$2.76.

Appraised value of Twin Lakes Apartments Plus: Cash and cash equivalents Plus: Other assets Less: Mortgage debt, including accrued interest	\$ 15,900,000 48,563 129,480 (10,588,011)
Less: Loans from affiliates of the general partner Less: Accounts payable and accrued expenses owed to third parties Less: Other liabilities Less: Estimated trailing payables	(1,735,139) (197,609) (82,623) (104,800)
Net partnership equity Percentage of net partnership equity allocable to limited partners	\$ 3,369,861 100%
Net partnership equity allocable to limited partners Total number of Units	\$ 3,369,861 1,222,000
Cash consideration per Unit	\$ 2.76

The number of OP Units offered per USRP Unit was calculated by dividing the per USRP Unit cash merger consideration by the average closing price of Aimco common stock, as reported on the NYSE, over the ten consecutive trading days ending on the second trading day immediately prior to the consummation of the merger. Although there is no public market for OP Units, after a one-year holding period, each OP Unit is generally redeemable for cash in an amount equal to the value of one share of Aimco common stock at the time, subject to

Aimco s right to acquire each OP Unit in exchange for one share of Aimco common stock (subject to antidilution adjustments). Therefore, the Corporate General Partner considers the trading price of Aimco common stock to be a reasonable estimate of the fair market value of an OP Unit. As of December 3, 2010, the average closing price of Aimco common stock over the preceding ten consecutive trading days was \$24.17, which would have resulted in OP Unit consideration of 0.11 OP Units per USRP Unit.

# **Conflicts of Interest**

The Corporate General Partner is indirectly wholly owned by Aimco. Therefore, it has a conflict of interest with respect to the merger. The Corporate General Partner has fiduciary duties to its sole stockholder, which is wholly owned by Aimco, on the one hand, and to USRP and its limited partners, on the other hand. The duties of the Corporate General Partner to USRP and its limited partners conflict with its duties to its sole stockholder, which could result in the Corporate General Partner approving a transaction that is more favorable to Aimco than might be the case absent such conflict of interest. The Corporate General Partner s desire to seek the best possible terms for USRP s limited partners conflicts with Aimco s interest in obtaining the best possible terms for Aimco OP.

#### Waiver and Release and Additional Consideration

The parties to a going private transaction such as the proposed merger are often subject to claims alleging that the transaction is unfair to unaffiliated security holders. Litigation in these situations can arise even if the transaction is ultimately found to be fair to the unaffiliated security holders. In order to attempt to reduce the probability of any such claims, and the related costs of defending against any such claims, Aimco OP has decided to offer unaffiliated limited partners, in addition to the merger consideration, an additional payment of \$0.31 per USRP Unit in exchange for executing a waiver and release of potential claims the limited partner may have against the Releasees (as defined below). The amount of \$0.31 per unit was determined by dividing \$100,000 by the number of outstanding USRP Units held by unaffiliated limited partners. This \$100,000 amount represents Aimco OP s estimate of the value of such a release in potentially reducing its costs to defend against such claims. Unaffiliated limited partners may elect to receive the additional consideration by completing the election form, executing the waiver and release that is attached to the election form and returning the election form and the executed waiver and release in accordance with the instructions provided. In executing the waiver and release, the limited partner, on behalf of himself, his heirs, estate, executor, administrator, successors and assigns, will release Aimco OP and its predecessors, successors and assigns and its present and former parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, investors, insurers, reinsurers, officers, directors, employees, agents, administrators, auditors, attorneys, accountants, information and solicitation agents, investment bankers, and other representatives, including, but not limited to, Aimco and the General Partners (collectively, the

Releasees ), from any and all claims and causes of action, whether brought individually, on behalf of a class, or derivatively, demands, rights, or liabilities, including, but not limited to, claims for negligence, gross negligence, fraud, breach of fiduciary duty (including, but not limited to, duties of care, loyalty or candor), mismanagement, corporate waste, misrepresentation, whether intentional or negligent, misstatements and omissions to disclose, breach of contract, violations of any state or federal statutes, rules or regulations, whether known claims or unknown claims, whether past claims, present claims or future claims through and including the date of the consummation of the merger, including, but not limited to, those claims that have arisen or arise, directly or indirectly, out of or relate, directly or indirectly, to (a) the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby (excluding only such unaffiliated limited partner s rights, if any, under the merger agreement), (b) any other circumstance, agreement, activity, action, omission, event or matter occurring or existing on or prior to the date of the consummation of the merger, (c) the ownership of any limited partnership interest in USRP, including, but not limited to, any and all claims related to the management of USRP or the properties owned by USRP (whether currently or previously), the payment of management fees or other monies to the General Partners and to affiliates of USRP and prior sales of properties, or (d) the purchase, acquisition, holding, sale or voting of one or more limited partnership interests in USRP (collectively, the Released Claims ).

The waiver and release do not apply to claims limited partners may have under the federal securities laws.

Each unaffiliated limited partner who elects to execute the waiver and release and to receive the additional cash payment will expressly waive and relinquish, to the fullest extent permitted by law and consistent with the release, the provisions, rights and benefits of Section 1542 of the Civil Code of California, or Section 1542, which provides:

# A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS WHICH THE CREDITOR DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN ITS FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE, WHICH IF KNOWN BY HIM MUST HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR.

Each unaffiliated limited partner who elects to execute the waiver and release and to receive the additional cash payment will waive any and all provisions, rights and benefits conferred by any law of any state or territory of the United States, or principle of common law, that is similar, comparable or equivalent to Section 1542. Each

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unaffiliated limited partner who elects to execute the waiver and release and to receive the additional cash payment will acknowledge and agree that he may later discover facts in addition to or different from those which he or she now knows or believes to be true with respect to the subject matter of the Released Claims, but such unaffiliated limited partner will be deemed to have fully, finally and forever settled and released any and all Released Claims, known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, contingent or non-contingent, that now exist or may arise in the future through and including the date of the consummation of the merger under any theory of law or equity now existing, including, but not limited to, conduct that is negligent, intentional, with malice, or a breach of any duty, law or rule, without regard to the subsequent discovery of the existence of such different or additional facts.

Each unaffiliated limited partner who elects to execute the waiver and release and to receive the additional cash payment will agree that the release is intended to include the Released Claims which such unaffiliated limited partner may have and which such unaffiliated limited partner does not know or suspect to exist in its favor against the Releasees, and that the release extinguishes those claims. Each unaffiliated limited partner who elects to execute the waiver and release and to receive the additional cash payment will represent and warrant to the Releasees that such unaffiliated limited partner has not assigned or otherwise transferred or subrogated any interest in the Released Claims.

#### **Future Plans for the Property**

The existing mortgage debt encumbering the Twin Lakes Property is expected to be refinanced by the end of January 2011. The new mortgage is expected to be in the amount of approximately \$12,000,000 and is expected to bear interest at a rate of approximately 4.9% per year. Net proceeds from the refinancing (after expenses) are expected to be used to repay existing mortgage debt and to repay loans made to USRP by the General Partners. It is not anticipated that there will be any proceeds available for distribution to limited partners.

After the merger, Aimco OP will be the sole limited partner in USRP, and will own all of the outstanding USRP Units. The Corporate General Partner, the Other General Partner, and USRP s partnership agreement in effect immediately prior to the merger will remain unchanged after the merger. Aimco OP intends to retain the USRP Units after the merger. After the merger, Aimco will evaluate the capital improvement needs of the property, and anticipates making certain routine capital expenditures with respect to the property during the remainder of 2010.

#### Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Merger

For a discussion of the material United States federal income tax consequences of the merger, see Material United States Federal Income Tax Matters United States Federal Income Tax Consequences Relating to the Merger.

#### **Regulatory Matters**

No material federal or state regulatory requirements must be satisfied or approvals obtained in connection with the merger, except (1) filing a registration statement that includes this information statement/prospectus with the SEC and obtaining the SEC s declaration that the registration statement is effective under the Securities Act, (2) registration or qualification of the issuance of OP Units under state securities laws, and (3) filing a certificate of merger with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware.

#### Accounting Treatment of the Merger

Aimco and Aimco OP will treat the merger as a purchase of noncontrolling interests for financial accounting purposes. This means that Aimco and Aimco OP will recognize any difference between the purchase price for these noncontrolling interests and the carrying amount of such noncontrolling interests in Aimco and Aimco OP s

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consolidated financial statements as an adjustment to the amounts of consolidated equity and partners capital attributed to Aimco and Aimco OP, respectively.

## **Appraisal Rights**

Limited partners are not entitled to dissenters appraisal rights under applicable law or USRP s partnership agreement in connection with the merger. However, pursuant to the terms of the merger agreement, Aimco OP will

provide each limited partner with contractual dissenters appraisal rights that are similar to the dissenters appraisal rights available to a stockholder of a corporation in a merger under Delaware law. These contractual appraisal rights will enable a limited partner to obtain an appraisal of the value of the limited partner s USRP Units in connection with the merger. Prosecution of these contractual appraisal rights will involve an arbitration proceeding, and the consideration paid to a limited partner after the prosecution of such contractual appraisal rights, which will take a period of time that cannot be predicted with accuracy, will be a cash payment, resulting in a taxable event to such limited partner. A description of the appraisal rights being provided, and the procedures that a limited partner must follow to seek such rights, is attached to this information statement/prospectus as <u>Annex B</u>.

# **Expenses and Fees and Source of Funds**

The costs of planning and implementing the merger, including the cash merger consideration and the preparation of this information statement/prospectus, will be borne by Aimco OP without regard to whether the merger is effectuated. The estimated amount of these costs is approximately \$1,162,942 (assuming all limited partners elect to receive the cash merger consideration and all limited partners unaffiliated with Aimco OP elect to receive an additional cash payment in exchange for executing a waiver and release). Aimco OP is paying for the costs of the merger with funds on hand or from drawings under its revolving credit facility. The revolving credit facility is pursuant to Aimco OP s Amended and Restated Senior Secured Credit Agreement, as amended, with a syndicate of financial institutions, with Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent, swing line lender and L/C issuer. As of September 30, 2010, the Credit Agreement consisted of \$300.0 million of revolving loan commitments. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility bear interest based on a pricing grid determined by leverage (either at LIBOR plus 5.00% with a LIBOR floor of 1.50% or, at Aimco OP s option, a base rate equal to the Prime rate plus a spread of 3.75%). The revolving credit facility matures May 1, 2013, and may be extended for an additional year, subject to certain conditions, including payment of a 35.0 basis point fee on the total revolving commitments. The amount available under the revolving credit facility at September 30, 2010, was \$258.7 million (after giving effect to \$41.3 million outstanding for undrawn letters of credit issued under the revolving credit facility). The proceeds of revolving loans are generally permitted to be used to fund working capital and for other corporate purposes. Aimco OP s obligations under the Amended and Restated Senior Secured Credit Agreement are secured by its equity interests in its subsidiaries.

# **Approvals Required**

Under Delaware law, the merger must be approved by the General Partners and a majority in interest of the USRP Units. The General Partners have determined that the merger is advisable and in the best interests of USRP and its limited partners and have approved the merger and the merger agreement. As of December 3, 2010, there were issued and outstanding 1,222,000 USRP Units, and Aimco OP and its affiliates owned 900,195 of those certificates, or approximately 73.67% of the outstanding USRP Units. Aimco OP and its affiliates have indicated that they intend to take action by written consent, as permitted under the partnership agreement, to approve the merger on or about February 11, 2011. As a result, approval of the merger is assured, and your consent to the merger is not required. Aimco OP has approved the merger on behalf of the Aimco Subsidiary.

# THE MERGER AGREEMENT

The following is a summary of the material terms of the merger agreement and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the merger agreement, which is attached to this information statement/prospectus as <u>Annex A</u>. You should read the merger agreement carefully in its entirety as it is the legal document that governs this merger.

# The Merger

USRP has entered into an agreement and plan of merger with the Aimco Subsidiary and Aimco OP. The Aimco Subsidiary is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aimco OP and was formed for the purpose of effecting the merger with USRP. Aimco indirectly wholly owns the Corporate General Partner and, together with its affiliates, owns a majority of USRP s outstanding USRP Units.

Under the merger agreement, at the effective time of the merger, the Aimco Subsidiary will be merged with and into USRP, with USRP as the surviving entity. In the merger, each USRP Unit outstanding immediately prior to consummation of the merger will be converted into the right to receive, at the election of the holder of such USRP Unit, either \$2.76 in cash or equivalent value in Aimco OP Units (calculated by dividing \$2.76 by the average closing price of Aimco common stock, as reported on the NYSE, over the ten consecutive trading days ending on the second trading day immediately prior to the consummation of the merger); *provided*, *however*, that if Aimco OP determines that the law of the state or other jurisdiction in which a limited partner resides would prohibit the issuance of Aimco OP Units in that state or other jurisdiction (or that registration or qualification in that state or jurisdiction would be prohibitively costly), then such limited partner will only be entitled to receive \$2.76 in cash for each USRP Unit. Aimco OP s interest in the Aimco Subsidiary will be converted into USRP Units. As a result, after the merger, Aimco OP will be the sole limited partner of USRP and will own all of the outstanding USRP Units.

The Corporate General Partner s and the Other General Partner s general partner interest in USRP will remain unchanged after the merger, and the agreement of limited partnership of USRP as in effect immediately prior to the consummation of the merger will be the agreement of limited partnership of USRP after the merger, until thereafter amended in accordance with the provisions thereof and applicable law.

#### Conditions to Obligations to Complete the Merger

None of the parties to the merger agreement are required to consummate the merger if any third party consent, authorization or approval that any of the parties deems necessary or desirable in connection with the merger agreement, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby, has not been obtained or received.

#### **Termination of the Merger Agreement**

The merger agreement may be terminated and the merger may be abandoned at any time prior to consummation of the merger, without liability to any party to the merger agreement, by USRP, Aimco OP or the Aimco Subsidiary, in each case, acting in its sole discretion and for any reason or for no reason, notwithstanding the approval of the merger agreement by any of the partners of USRP or the member of the Aimco Subsidiary.

# Amendment

Subject to applicable law, the merger agreement may be amended, modified or supplemented by written agreement of the parties at any time prior to the consummation of the merger with respect to any of the terms contained therein.

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# **Governing Law**

The merger agreement is governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without reference to the conflict of law provisions thereof.

# **Appraisal Rights**

Limited partners are not entitled to dissenters appraisal rights under applicable law or USRP s partnership agreement in connection with the merger. However, pursuant to the terms of the merger agreement, Aimco OP will provide each limited partner with contractual dissenters appraisal rights that are similar to the dissenters appraisal rights available to a stockholder of a corporation in a merger under Delaware law. These contractual appraisal rights will enable a limited partner to obtain an appraisal of the value of the limited partner s USRP Units in connection with the merger. Prosecution of these contractual appraisal rights will involve an arbitration proceeding, and the consideration paid to a limited partner after the prosecution of such contractual appraisal rights, which will take a period of time that cannot be predicted with accuracy, will be a cash payment, resulting in a taxable event to such limited partner. A description of the appraisal rights being provided, and the procedures that a limited partner must follow to seek such rights, is attached to this information statement/prospectus as <u>Annex B</u>.

### **Election Forms**

Within ten (10) days after the effective time of the merger, Aimco OP will prepare and mail to the former holders of USRP Units an election form pursuant to which such holders can elect to receive cash or OP Units. Limited partners may also elect appraisal of their USRP Units pursuant to the election form. Holders of USRP Units may elect their form of consideration by completing and returning the election form in accordance with its instructions. If the information agent does not receive a properly completed election form from a holder before 5:00 p.m., New York time on the 30th day after the merger, the holder will be deemed to have elected to receive the cash consideration. Former holders of USRP Units may also use the election form to elect to receive, in lieu of the merger consideration, the appraised value of their USRP Units, determined through an arbitration proceeding.

In addition, limited partners who are not affiliated with Aimco OP may elect to receive an additional cash payment of \$0.31 per USRP Unit in exchange for executing a waiver and release of certain claims. The waiver and release do not apply to claims limited partners may have under the Federal securities laws. In order to receive such additional consideration, limited partners must complete the election form, execute the waiver and release that is attached to the election form and return both the election form and the executed waiver and release to the information agent as described above. For a full description of the waiver and release and additional consideration, see The Merger Waiver and Release and Additional Consideration beginning on page 31.

# DESCRIPTION OF AIMCO OP UNITS; SUMMARY OF AIMCO OP PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

The following description sets forth some general terms and provisions of the Aimco OP partnership agreement. The following description of the Aimco OP partnership agreement is qualified in its entirety by the terms of the agreement.

# General

Aimco OP is a limited partnership organized under the provisions of the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act, as amended from time to time, or any successor to such statute, or the Delaware Act, and upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in its agreement of limited partnership. AIMCO-GP, a Delaware corporation and wholly owned subsidiary of Aimco, is the sole general partner of Aimco OP. Another wholly owned subsidiary of Aimco, AIMCO-LP Trust, a Delaware trust, or the special limited partner, is a limited partner in Aimco OP. The term of Aimco OP commenced on May 16, 1994, and will continue in perpetuity, unless Aimco OP is dissolved sooner under the provisions of the partnership agreement or as otherwise provided by law.

### **Purpose And Business**

The purpose and nature of Aimco OP is to conduct any business, enterprise or activity permitted by or under the Delaware Act, including, but not limited to, (i) to conduct the business of ownership, construction, development and operation of multifamily rental apartment communities, (ii) to enter into any partnership, joint venture, business trust arrangement, limited liability company or other similar arrangement to engage in any business permitted by or under the Delaware Act, or to own interests in any entity engaged in any business permitted by or under the Delaware Act, (iii) to conduct the business of providing property and asset management and brokerage services, whether directly or through one or more partnerships, joint ventures, subsidiaries, business trusts, limited liability companies or other similar arrangements, and (iv) to do anything necessary or incidental to the foregoing; provided, however, such business and arrangements and interests may be limited to and conducted in such a manner as to permit Aimco, in the sole and absolute discretion of the general partner, at all times to be classified as a REIT.

### **Management By The General Partner**

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Aimco OP partnership agreement, all management powers over the business and affairs of Aimco OP are exclusively vested in the general partner. No limited partner of Aimco OP or any other person to whom one or more OP Units have been transferred (each, an assigne ) may take part in the operations, management or control (within the meaning of the Delaware Act) of Aimco OP s business, transact any business in Aimco OP s name or have the power to sign documents for or otherwise bind Aimco OP. The general partner may not be removed by the limited partners with or without cause, except with the consent of the general partner. In addition to the powers granted to a general partner of a limited partnership agreement, the general partner, subject to the other provisions of the Aimco OP partnership agreement, has full power and authority to do all things deemed necessary or desirable by it to conduct the business of Aimco OP, to exercise all powers of Aimco OP and to effectuate the purposes of Aimco OP. Aimco OP may incur debt or enter into other similar credit, guarantee, financing or refinancing arrangements for any purpose (including, without limitation, in connection with any acquisition of properties) upon such terms as the general partner determines to be appropriate. The general partner is authorized to execute, deliver and perform specific agreements and transactions on behalf of Aimco OP without any further act, approval or vote of the limited partners.

*Restrictions on General Partner s Authority.* The general partner may not take any action in contravention of the Aimco OP partnership agreement. The general partner may not, without the prior consent of the limited partners, undertake, on behalf of Aimco OP, any of the following actions or enter into any transaction that would have the effect of such transactions: (i) except as provided in the partnership agreement, amend, modify or terminate the partnership agreement other than to reflect the admission, substitution, termination or withdrawal of partners; (ii) make a general assignment for the benefit of creditors or appoint or acquiesce in the appointment of a custodian, receiver or trustee for all or any part of the assets of Aimco OP; (iii) institute any proceeding for bankruptcy on

behalf of Aimco OP; or (iv) subject to specific exceptions, approve or acquiesce to the transfer of Aimco OP interest of the general partner, or admit into Aimco OP any additional or successor general partners.

Additional Limited Partners. The general partner is authorized to admit additional limited partners to Aimco OP from time to time, on terms and conditions and for such capital contributions as may be established by the general partner in its reasonable discretion. The net capital contribution need not be equal for all partners. No action or consent by the limited partners is required in connection with the admission of any additional limited partner. The general partner is expressly authorized to cause Aimco OP to issue additional interests (i) upon the conversion, redemption or exchange of any debt, OP Units or other securities issued by Aimco OP, (ii) for less than fair market value, so long as the general partner concludes in good faith that such issuance is in the best interests of the general partner and Aimco OP, and (iii) in connection with any merger of any other entity into Aimco OP if the applicable merger agreement provides that persons are to receive interests in Aimco OP in exchange for their interests in the entity merging into Aimco OP. Subject to Delaware law, any additional partnership interests may be issued in one or more classes, or one or more series of any of such classes, with such designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights, powers and duties as shall be determined by the general partner, in its sole and absolute discretion without the approval of any limited partner, and set forth in a written document thereafter attached to and made an exhibit to the partnership agreement. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the general partner has authority to specify (a) the allocations of items of partnership income, gain, loss, deduction and credit to each such class or series of partnership interests; (b) the right of each such class or series of partnership interests to share in distributions; (c) the rights of each such class or series of partnership interests upon dissolution and liquidation of Aimco OP; (d) the voting rights, if any, of each such class or series of partnership interests; and (e) the conversion, redemption or exchange rights applicable to each such class or series of partnership interests. No person may be admitted as an additional limited partner without the consent of the general partner, which consent may be given or withheld in the general partner s sole and absolute discretion.

Indemnification. As a part of conducting the merger described herein, the general partner has agreed not to seek indemnification from, or to be held harmless by, Aimco OP, or its affiliates, for any liability or loss suffered by the general partner related to the merger, unless (i) the general partner has determined, in good faith, that the course of conduct which caused the loss or liability was in the best interests of Aimco OP, (ii) the general partner was acting on behalf of or performing services for Aimco OP, (iii) such liability or loss was not the result of negligence or misconduct by the general partner and (iv) such indemnification or agreement to hold harmless is recoverable only out of the assets of Aimco OP and not from the limited partners of Aimco OP. In addition, the general partner, and any of its affiliates that are performing services on behalf of Aimco OP, have agreed that they will not seek indemnification for any losses, liabilities or expenses arising from or out of an alleged violation of federal or state securities laws unless (i) there has been a successful adjudication on the merits of each count involving alleged securities law violations as to the particular indemnitee, (ii) such claims have been dismissed with prejudice on the merits by a court of competent jurisdiction as to the particular indemnitee, or (iii) a court of competent jurisdiction approves a settlement of the claims against a particular indemnitee and finds that indemnification of the settlement and related costs should be made, and, as relates to (iii), the court of law considering the request for indemnification has been advised of the position of the SEC and the position of any state securities regulatory authority in which securities of Aimco OP were offered or sold as to indemnification for violations of securities laws. Aimco OP shall not incur the cost of that portion of liability insurance, if any, which insures the general partner for any liability as to which the general partner is prohibited from being indemnified as described in this paragraph. Finally, the general partner has agreed that the provision of advancement from Aimco OP funds to the general partner or any of its affiliates for legal expenses and other costs incurred as a result of any legal action is permissible if (i) the legal action relates to acts or omissions with respect to the performance of duties or services on behalf of Aimco OP; (ii) the legal action is initiated by a third party who is not a limited partner of Aimco OP, or the legal action is initiated by a limited partner and a court of competent jurisdiction specifically approves such advancement; and (iii) the general partner or its affiliates undertake to repay the advanced funds to Aimco OP in cases in which such person is not entitled to indemnification

under this paragraph.

# **Outstanding Classes Of Units**

As of September 30, 2010, Aimco OP had issued and outstanding the following partnership interests:

Class	Units Outstanding	Quarterly Distribution per Unit		Liquidation Preference (per Unit)	
Partnership Common Units (OP Units)	122,972,734	\$			N/A
Class G Partnership Preferred Units(1)	4,050,000	\$	0.586	\$	25.00
Class T Partnership Preferred Units	6,000,000	\$	0.50	\$	25.00
Class U Partnership Preferred Units	12,000,000	\$	0.484	\$	25.00
Class V Partnership Preferred Units	3,450,000	\$	0.50	\$	25.00
Class Y Partnership Preferred Units	3,450,000	\$	0.492	\$	25.00
Series A CRA Perpetual Partnership Preferred					
Units(2)	114	\$	2,274.44	\$	500,000.00
Class One Partnership Preferred Units(3)	90,000	\$	2.00	\$	91.43
Class Two Partnership Preferred Units(3)	23,700	\$	0.115	\$	25.00
Class Three Partnership Preferred Units(3)	1,366,771	\$	0.4923	\$	25.00
Class Four Partnership Preferred Units(3)	755,999	\$	0.50	\$	25.00
Class Six Partnership Preferred Units(3)	796,668	\$	0.53125	\$	25.00
Class Seven Partnership Preferred Units(3)	27,960	\$	0.5938	\$	25.00
Class Eight Partnership Preferred Units(4)	6,250	\$			N/A
Class I High Performance Partnership Units					
(HPUs)(4)	2,339,950	\$			N/A

- (1) On October 7, 2010, Aimco OP redeemed all of the outstanding Class G Partnership Preferred Units. The redemption was funded primarily from the proceeds of Aimco OP s issuance to Aimco of 4,000,000 Class U Partnership Preferred Units during September 2010.
- (2) During 2006, Aimco sold 200 shares of its Series A Community Reinvestment Act Perpetual Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value per share, or the CRA Preferred Stock, with a liquidation preference of \$500,000 per share, for net proceeds of \$97.5 million. The Series A Community Reinvestment Act Perpetual Partnership Preferred Units, or the CRA Preferred Units, have substantially the same terms as the CRA Preferred Stock. Holders of the CRA Preferred Units are entitled to cumulative cash dividends payable quarterly in arrears on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31 of each year, when and as declared, beginning on September 30, 2006. For the period from the date of original issuance through March 31, 2015, the distribution rate is a variable rate per annum equal to the Three-Month LIBOR Rate (as defined in the articles supplementary designating the CRA Preferred Stock) plus 1.25%, calculated as of the beginning of each quarterly dividend period. The rate at September 30, 2010 was 1.78%. Upon liquidation, holders of the CRA Preferred Stock are entitled to a preference of \$500,000 per share, plus an amount equal to accumulated, accrued and unpaid dividends, whether or not earned or declared. The CRA Preferred Units rank prior to Common OP Units and on the same level as Aimco OP s other Preferred OP Units, with respect to the payment of distributions and the distribution of amounts upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up. The CRA Preferred Units are not redeemable prior to June 30, 2011,

except in limited circumstances related to Aimco s REIT qualification. On and after June 30, 2011, the CRA Preferred Units are redeemable for cash, in whole or from time to time in part, upon the redemption, at Aimco s option, of its CRA Preferred Stock at a price per share equal to the liquidation preference, plus accumulated, accrued and unpaid distributions, if any, to the redemption date.

- (3) The Class One, Class Two, Class Three, Class Four, Class Six and Class Seven preferred OP Units are redeemable, at the holders option. Aimco OP, at its sole discretion, may settle such redemption requests in cash or shares of Aimco s Class A Common Stock in a value equal to the redemption preference. In the event Aimco OP requires Aimco to issue shares to settle a redemption request, it would issue to Aimco a corresponding number of common OP Units. Aimco OP has a redemption policy that requires cash settlement of redemption requests for the redeemable preferred OP Units, subject to limited exceptions.
- (4) The holders of Class Eight preferred OP Units and HPUs receive the same amount of distributions that are paid to holders of an equivalent number of Aimco OP s outstanding common OP Units.

### Distributions

Subject to the rights of holders of any outstanding partnership preferred units, the Aimco OP partnership agreement requires the general partner to cause Aimco OP to distribute quarterly all, or such portion as the general partner may in its sole and absolute discretion determine, of Available Cash (as defined in the partnership agreement) generated by Aimco OP during such quarter to the general partner, the special limited partner, the other holders of OP Units and holders of HPUs on the record date established by the general partner with respect to such quarter, in accordance with their respective interests in Aimco OP on such record date. Holders of any partnership preferred units issued in the future may have priority over the general partner, the special limited partner, holders of OP Units and holders of HPUs with respect to distributions of Available Cash, distributions upon liquidation or other distributions.

Distributions payable with respect to any interest in Aimco OP that was not outstanding during the entire quarterly period in respect of which any distribution is made will be prorated based on the portion of the period that such interest was outstanding. The general partner in its sole and absolute discretion may distribute to the limited partners Available Cash on a more frequent basis and provide for an appropriate record date. The partnership agreement requires the general partner to take such reasonable efforts, as determined by it in its sole and absolute discretion and consistent with the requirements for qualification as a REIT, to cause Aimco OP to distribute sufficient amounts to enable the general partner to transfer funds to Aimco and enable Aimco to pay stockholder dividends that will (i) satisfy the requirements, or the REIT Requirements, for qualifying as a REIT under the Code and the applicable Treasury Regulations and (ii) avoid any United States Federal income or excise tax liability of Aimco.

While some of the debt instruments to which Aimco OP is a party, including its credit facilities, contain restrictions on the payment of distributions to OP Unitholders, the debt instruments allow Aimco OP to distribute sufficient amounts to enable the general partner and special limited partner to transfer funds to Aimco which are then used to pay stockholder dividends thereby allowing Aimco to meet the requirements for qualifications as a REIT under the Code.

*Distributions in Kind.* No OP Unitholder has any right to demand or receive property other than cash as provided in the partnership agreement. The general partner may determine, in its sole and absolute discretion, to make a distribution in kind of partnership assets to the OP Unitholders, and such assets will be distributed in such a fashion as to ensure that the fair market value is distributed and allocated in accordance with the Aimco OP partnership agreement.

*Distributions Upon Liquidation.* Subject to the rights of holders of any outstanding partnership preferred units, net proceeds from the sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of its assets in a transaction that will lead to a liquidation of Aimco OP or a related series of transactions that, taken together, result in the sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of Aimco OP, or a Terminating Capital Transaction, and any other cash received or reductions in reserves made after commencement of the liquidation of Aimco OP, will be distributed to the OP Unitholders in accordance with the Aimco OP partnership agreement.

*Restricted Distributions.* The Aimco OP partnership agreement prohibits Aimco OP and the general partner, on behalf of Aimco OP, from making a distribution to any OP Unitholder on account of its interest in OP Units if such distribution would violate Section 17-607 of the Delaware Act or other applicable law.

# **Allocations Of Net Income And Net Loss**

*OP Units and HPUs.* Net Income (as defined in the Aimco OP partnership agreement) and Net Loss (as defined in the Aimco OP partnership agreement) of Aimco OP will be determined and allocated with respect to each fiscal year of

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Aimco OP as of the end of each such year. Except as otherwise provided in the Aimco OP partnership agreement, an allocation to an OP Unitholder of a share of Net Income or Net Loss will be treated as an allocation of the same share of each item of income, gain, loss or deduction that is taken into account in computing Net Income or Net Loss. Except as otherwise provided in the Aimco OP partnership agreement and subject to the terms of any outstanding partnership preferred units, Net Income and Net Loss will be allocated to the holders of OP Units and holders of HPUs in accordance with their respective interests at the end of each fiscal year. The Aimco OP

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partnership agreement contains provisions for special allocations intended to comply with certain regulatory requirements, including the requirements of Treasury Regulations Sections 1.704-1(b) and 1.704-2. Except as otherwise provided in the Aimco OP partnership agreement and subject to the terms of any outstanding partnership preferred units, for United States Federal income tax purposes under the Code and the Treasury Regulations, each partnership item of income, gain, loss and deduction will be allocated among the OP Unitholders in the same manner as its correlative item of book income, gain, loss or deduction is allocated under the Aimco OP partnership agreement.

*Partnership Preferred Units*. Net income will be allocated to the holders of partnership preferred units for any fiscal year (and, if necessary, subsequent fiscal years) to the extent that the holders of partnership preferred units receive a distribution on any partnership preferred units (other than an amount included in any redemption of partnership preferred units). If any partnership preferred units are redeemed, for the fiscal year that includes such redemption (and, if necessary, for subsequent fiscal years) (i) gross income and gain (in such relative proportions as the general partner in its discretion will determine) will be allocated to the holders of partnership preferred units to the extent that the redemption amounts paid or payable with respect to the partnership preferred units so redeemed exceeds the aggregate capital contributions (net of liabilities assumed or taken subject to by Aimco OP) per partnership preferred units to the extent that the aggregate capital contributions (net of liabilities assumed and (ii) deductions and losses (in such relative proportions as the general units to the extent that the aggregate capital contributions (net of liabilities assumed or taken subject to by Aimco OP) per partnership preferred units to the extent that the aggregate capital contributions (net of liabilities assumed or taken subject to by Aimco OP) per partnership preferred units to the extent that the aggregate capital contributions (net of liabilities assumed or taken subject to by Aimco OP) per partnership preferred units to the extent that the aggregate capital contributions (net of liabilities assumed or taken subject to by Aimco OP) per partnership preferred units to the extent that the aggregate capital contributions (net of liabilities assumed or taken subject to by Aimco OP) per partnership preferred units allocable to the partnership preferred units so redeemed exceeds the redemption amount paid or payable with respect to the partnership preferred units so redeemed.

# Withholding

Aimco OP is authorized to withhold from or pay on behalf of or with respect to each limited partner any amount of Federal, state, local or foreign taxes that the general partner determines that Aimco OP is required to withhold or pay with respect to any amount distributable or allocable to such limited partner under the Aimco OP partnership agreement. The Aimco OP partnership agreement also provides that any withholding tax amount paid on behalf of or with respect to a limited partner constitutes a loan by Aimco OP to such limited partner. This loan is required to be repaid within 15 days after notice to the limited partner from the general partner, and each limited partner grants a security interest in its partnership interest to secure its obligation to pay any partnership withholding tax amounts paid on its behalf or with respect to such limited partner. In addition, under the Aimco OP partnership agreement, the partnership may redeem the partnership interest of any limited partner. Also, the general partner has authority to withhold, from any amounts otherwise distributable, allocable or payable to a limited partner, the general partner sestimate of further taxes required to be paid by such limited partner.

# **Return Of Capital**

No partner is entitled to interest on its capital contribution or on such partner s capital account. Except (i) under the rights of redemption set forth in the Aimco OP partnership agreement, (ii) as provided by law, or (iii) under the terms of any outstanding partnership preferred units, no partner has any right to demand or receive the withdrawal or return of its capital contribution from Aimco OP, except to the extent of distributions made under the Aimco OP partnership agreement or upon termination of Aimco OP. Except to the extent otherwise expressly provided in the Aimco OP partnership agreement and subject to the terms of any outstanding partnership preferred units, no limited partner or assignee will have priority over any other limited partner or Assignee either as to the return of capital contributions or as to profits, losses or distributions.

# **Redemption Rights Of Qualifying Parties**

After the first anniversary of becoming a holder of OP Units, each OP Unitholder and some assignees have the right, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Aimco OP partnership agreement, to require Aimco OP to redeem all or a portion of the OP Units held by such party in exchange for shares of Aimco common stock or a cash amount equal to the value of such shares, as Aimco OP may determine. On or before the close of business on the fifth business day after a holder of OP Units gives the general partner a notice of redemption, Aimco OP may, in its

sole and absolute discretion but subject to the restrictions on the ownership of Aimco stock imposed under Aimco s charter and the transfer restrictions and other limitations thereof, elect to cause Aimco to acquire some or all of the tendered OP Units from the tendering party in exchange for Aimco common stock, based on an exchange ratio of one share of Aimco common stock for each OP Unit, subject to adjustment as provided in the Aimco OP partnership agreement. The Aimco OP partnership agreement does not obligate Aimco or the general partner to register, qualify or list any Aimco common stock issued in exchange for OP Units with the SEC, with any state securities commissioner, department or agency, or with any stock exchange. Aimco common stock issued in exchange for OP Units under the Aimco OP partnership agreement will contain legends regarding restrictions under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws as Aimco in good faith determines to be necessary or advisable in order to ensure compliance with securities laws. In the event of a change of control of Aimco, holders of HPUs will have redemption rights similar to those of holders of OP Units.

# Partnership Right To Call Limited Partner Interests

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Aimco OP partnership agreement, on and after the date on which the aggregate percentage interests of the limited partners, other than the special limited partner, are less than one percent (1%), Aimco OP will have the right, but not the obligation, from time to time and at any time to redeem any and all outstanding limited partner interests (other than the special limited partner s interest) by treating any limited partner as if such limited partner had tendered for redemption under the Aimco OP partnership agreement the amount of OP Units specified by the general partner, in its sole and absolute discretion, by notice to the limited partner.

# **Transfers And Withdrawals**

*Restrictions On Transfer*. The Aimco OP partnership agreement restricts the transferability of OP Units. Any transfer or purported transfer of an OP Unit not made in accordance with the Aimco OP partnership agreement will be null and void ab initio. Until the expiration of one year from the date on which an OP Unitholder acquired OP Units, subject to some exceptions, such OP Unitholder may not transfer all or any portion of its OP Units to any transferee without the consent of the general partner, which consent may be withheld in its sole and absolute discretion. After the expiration of one year from the date on Which an OP Units, such OP Unitholder has the right to transfer all or any portion of its OP Unitholder has the right to transfer all or any portion of its OP Units to any person, subject to the satisfaction of specific conditions specified in the Aimco OP partnership agreement, including the general partner s right of first refusal.

It is a condition to any transfer (whether or not such transfer is effected before or after the one year holding period) that the transferee assumes by operation of law or express agreement all of the obligations of the transferor limited partner under the Aimco OP partnership agreement with respect to such OP Units, and no such transfer (other than under a statutory merger or consolidation wherein all obligations and liabilities of the transferor partner are assumed by a successor corporation by operation of law) will relieve the transferor partner of its obligations under the Aimco OP partnership agreement without the approval of the general partner, in its sole and absolute discretion.

In connection with any transfer of OP Units, the general partner will have the right to receive an opinion of counsel reasonably satisfactory to it to the effect that the proposed transfer may be effected without registration under the Securities Act, and will not otherwise violate any federal or state securities laws or regulations applicable to Aimco OP or the OP Units transferred.

No transfer by a limited partner of its OP Units (including any redemption or any acquisition of OP Units by the general partner or by Aimco OP) may be made to any person if (i) in the opinion of legal counsel for Aimco OP, it would result in Aimco OP being treated as an association taxable as a corporation, or (ii) such transfer is effectuated through an established securities market or a secondary market (or the substantial equivalent thereof) within the meaning of Section 7704 of the Code.

*HPUs.* HPUs are subject to different restrictions on transfer. Individuals may not transfer HPUs except to a family member (or a family-owned entity) or in the event of their death.

*Substituted Limited Partners.* No limited partner will have the right to substitute a transferee as a limited partner in its place. A transferee of the interest of a limited partner may be admitted as a substituted limited partner only with the consent of the general partner, which consent may be given or withheld by the general partner in its sole and absolute discretion. If the general partner, in its sole and absolute discretion, does not consent to the admission of any permitted transferee as a substituted limited partner, such transferee will be considered an assignee for purposes of the Aimco OP partnership agreement. An assignee will be entitled to all the rights of an assignee of a limited partnership interest under the Delaware Act, including the right to receive distributions from Aimco OP and the share of Net Income, Net Losses and other items of income, gain, loss, deduction and credit of Aimco OP partnership agreement, but will not be deemed to be a holder of OP Units for any other purpose under the Aimco OP partnership agreement, and will not be entitled to effect a consent or vote with respect to such OP Units on any matter presented to the limited partners for approval (such right to consent or vote, to the extent provided in the Aimco OP partnership agreement or under the Delaware Act, fully remaining with the transferor limited partner).

*Withdrawals*. No limited partner may withdraw from Aimco OP other than as a result of a permitted transfer of all of such limited partner s OP Units in accordance with the Aimco OP partnership agreement, with respect to which the transferee becomes a substituted limited partner, or under a redemption (or acquisition by Aimco) of all of such limited partner s OP Units.

*Restrictions on the general partner*. The general partner may not transfer any of its general partner interest or withdraw from Aimco OP unless (i) the limited partners consent or (ii) immediately after a merger of the general partner into another entity, substantially all of the assets of the surviving entity, other than the general partnership interest in Aimco OP held by the general partner, are contributed to Aimco OP as a capital contribution in exchange for OP Units.

# Amendment of the Partnership Agreement

*By the General Partner Without the Consent of the Limited Partners.* The general partner has the power, without the consent of the limited partners, to amend the Aimco OP partnership agreement as may be required to facilitate or implement any of the following purposes: (1) to add to the obligations of the general partner or surrender any right or power granted to the general partner or any affiliate of the general partner for the benefit of the limited partners; (2) to reflect the admission, substitution or withdrawal of partners or the termination of Aimco OP in accordance with the partnership agreement; (3) to reflect a change that is of an inconsequential nature and does not adversely affect the limited partners in any material respect, or to cure any ambiguity, correct or supplement any provision in the partnership agreement not inconsistent with law or with other provisions, or make other changes with respect to matters arising under the partnership agreement that will not be inconsistent with law or with the provisions of the gartners in any order, directive, opinion, ruling or regulation of a federal or state agency or contained in federal or state law; (5) to reflect such changes as are reasonably necessary for Aimco to maintain its status as a REIT; and (6) to modify the manner in which capital accounts are computed (but only to the extent set forth in the definition of Capital Account in the Aimco OP partnership agreement or contemplated by the Code or the Regulations).

*With the Consent of the Limited Partners.* Amendments to the Aimco OP partnership agreement may be proposed by the general partner or by holders of a majority of the outstanding OP Units and other classes of units that have the same voting rights as holders of OP Units, excluding the special limited partner. Following such proposal, the general partner will submit any proposed amendment to the limited partners. The general partner will seek the written consent of a majority in interest of the limited partners on the proposed amendment or will call a meeting to vote thereon and to transact any other business that the general partner may deem appropriate.

#### **Procedures for Actions and Consents of Partners**

Meetings of the partners may be called by the general partner and will be called upon the receipt by the general partner of a written request by a majority in interest of the limited partners. Notice of any such meeting will be given to all partners not less than seven (7) days nor more than thirty (30) days prior to the date of such meeting. Partners may vote in person or by proxy at such meeting. Each meeting of partners will be conducted by the general partner

or such other person as the general partner may appoint under such rules for the conduct of the meeting as the general partner or such other person deems appropriate in its sole and absolute discretion. Whenever the vote or consent of partners is permitted or required under the partnership agreement, such vote or consent may be given at a meeting of partners or may be given by written consent. Any action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of the partners may be taken without a meeting if a written consent setting forth the action so taken is signed by partners holding a majority of outstanding OP Units (or such other percentage as is expressly required by the Aimco OP partnership agreement for the action in question).

# **Records and Accounting; Fiscal Year**

The Aimco OP partnership agreement requires the general partner to keep or cause to be kept at the principal office of Aimco OP those records and documents required to be maintained by the Delaware Act and other books and records deemed by the general partner to be appropriate with respect to Aimco OP s business. The books of Aimco OP will be maintained, for financial and tax reporting purposes, on an accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, or on such other basis as the general partner determines to be necessary or appropriate. To the extent permitted by sound accounting practices and principles, Aimco OP, the general partner and Aimco may operate with integrated or consolidated accounting records, operations and principles. The fiscal year of Aimco OP is the calendar year.

# Reports

As soon as practicable, but in no event later than one hundred and five (105) days after the close of each calendar quarter and each fiscal year, the general partner will make available to limited partners (which may be done by filing a report with the SEC) a report containing financial statements of Aimco OP, or of Aimco if such statements are prepared solely on a consolidated basis with Aimco, for such calendar quarter or fiscal year, as the case may be, presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and such other information as may be required by applicable law or regulation or as the general partner determines to be appropriate. Statements included in quarterly reports are not audited. Statements included in annual reports are audited by a nationally recognized firm of independent public accountants selected by the general partner.

# **Tax Matters Partner**

The general partner is the tax matters partner of Aimco OP for United States Federal income tax purposes. The tax matters partner is authorized, but not required, to take certain actions on behalf of Aimco OP with respect to tax matters. In addition, the general partner will arrange for the preparation and timely filing of all returns with respect to partnership income, gains, deductions, losses and other items required of Aimco OP for United States Federal and state income tax purposes and will use all reasonable effort to furnish, within ninety (90) days of the close of each taxable year, the tax information reasonably required by limited partners for United States Federal and state income tax reporting purposes. The limited partners will promptly provide the general partner with such information as may be reasonably requested by the general partner from time to time.

# **Dissolution and Winding Up**

*Dissolution.* Aimco OP will dissolve, and its affairs will be wound up, upon the first to occur of any of the following (each a liquidating event ): (i) an event of withdrawal, as defined in the Delaware Act (including, without limitation, bankruptcy), of the sole general partner unless, within ninety (90) days after the withdrawal, a majority in interest (as such phrase is used in Section 17-801(3) of the Delaware Act) of the remaining partners agree in writing, in their sole and absolute discretion, to continue the business of Aimco OP and to the appointment, effective as of the date of withdrawal, of a successor general partner; (ii) an election to dissolve Aimco OP made by the general partner in its

sole and absolute discretion, with or without the consent of the limited partners; (iii) entry of a decree of judicial dissolution of Aimco OP under the provisions of the Delaware Act; (iv) the occurrence of a Terminating Capital Transaction; or (v) the redemption (or acquisition by Aimco, the general partner and/or the special limited partner) of all OP Units other than OP Units held by the general partner or the special limited partner.

Winding Up. Upon the occurrence of a liquidating event, Aimco OP will continue solely for the purposes of winding up its affairs in an orderly manner, liquidating its assets and satisfying the claims of its creditors and partners. The general partner (or, in the event that there is no remaining general partner or the general partner has dissolved, become bankrupt within the meaning of the Delaware Act or ceased to operate, any person elected by a majority in interest of the limited partners) will be responsible for overseeing the winding up and dissolution of Aimco OP and will take full account of Aimco OP s liabilities and property, and Aimco OP property will be liquidated as promptly as is consistent with obtaining the fair value thereof, and the proceeds therefrom (which may, to the extent determined by the general partner, include Aimco stock) will be applied and distributed in the following order: (i) first, to the satisfaction of all of Aimco OP s debts and liabilities to creditors other than the partners and their assignees (whether by payment or the making of reasonable provision for payment thereof); (ii) second, to the satisfaction of all Aimco OP s debts and liabilities to the general partner (whether by payment or the making of reasonable provision for payment thereof), including, but not limited to, amounts due as reimbursements under the partnership agreement; (ii) third, to the satisfaction of all of Aimco OP s debts and liabilities to the other partners and any assignees (whether by payment or the making of reasonable provision for payment thereof); (iv) fourth, to the satisfaction of all liquidation preferences of outstanding Partnership Preferred Units, if any; and (v) the balance, if any, to the general partner, the limited partners and any assignees in accordance with and in proportion to their positive capital account balances, after giving effect to all contributions, distributions and allocations for all periods. In the event of a liquidation, holders of HPUs will be specially allocated items of income and gain in an amount sufficient to cause the capital account of such holder to be equal to that of a holder of an equal number of OP Units.

### DESCRIPTION OF AIMCO COMMON STOCK

#### General

Aimco s charter authorizes the issuance of up to 422,157,736 shares of common stock. As of December 3, 2010, 117,571,719 shares were issued and outstanding. The Aimco common stock is traded on the NYSE under the symbol AIV. Computershare Limited serves as transfer agent and registrar of the Aimco common stock. On December 3, 2010, the closing price of the Aimco common stock on the NYSE was \$25.18. The following table shows the high and low reported sales prices and dividends paid per share of Aimco s common stock in the periods indicated.

Quarter Ended	High	Low	Dividends
December 31, 2010 (through December 3, 2010)	\$ 25.61	\$ 21.22	\$ 0.10
September 30, 2010	22.82	18.12	0.10
June 30, 2010	24.21	18.14	0.10
March 31, 2010	19.17	15.01	0.00
December 31, 2009	17.09	11.80	0.20
September 30, 2009	15.91	7.36	0.10
June 30, 2009	11.10	5.18	0.10
March 31, 2009	12.89	4.57	0.00
December 31, 2008(1)	43.67	7.01	3.88
September 30, 2008(1)	42.28	29.25	3.00
June 30, 2008	41.24	33.33	0.60
March 31, 2008	41.11	29.91	0.00

(1) During 2008, Aimco s Board of Directors declared special dividends which were paid part in cash and part in shares of Common Stock as further discussed in Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 of Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, dated September 10, 2010 and filed with the SEC on September 10, 2010, which is incorporated herein by reference. Aimco s Board of Directors declared the dividends to address taxable gains from 2008 property sales.

Aimco adopted the Apartment Investment and Management Company 1997 Stock Award and Incentive Plan, or the 1997 Plan, to attract and retain officers, key employees and independent directors. The 1997 Plan reserved for issuance a maximum of 20 million shares, which may be in the form of incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options and restricted stock, or other types of awards as authorized under the 1997 Plan. The 1997 Plan expired on April 24, 2007. On April 30, 2007, the 2007 Stock Award and Incentive Plan, or the 2007 Plan, was approved as successor to the 1997 Plan. The 2007 Plan reserves for issuance a maximum of 4.1 million shares, which may be in the form of incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options and restricted stock, or other types of awards as authorized under the 2007 Plan.

Holders of Aimco common stock are entitled to receive dividends, when and as declared by Aimco s board of directors, out of funds legally available therefor. The holders of shares of common stock, upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Aimco, are entitled to receive ratably any assets remaining after payment in full of all liabilities of Aimco and the liquidation preferences of preferred stock. The shares of common stock possess ordinary voting rights for the election of directors and in respect of other corporate matters, each share entitling the holder

thereof to one vote. Holders of shares of common stock do not have cumulative voting rights in the election of directors, which means that holders of more than 50% of the shares of common stock voting for the election of directors can elect all of the directors if they choose to do so and the holders of the remaining shares cannot elect any directors. Holders of shares of common stock do not have preemptive rights, which means they have no right to acquire any additional shares of common stock that may be issued by Aimco at a subsequent date.

# **Outstanding Classes Of Preferred Stock**

Aimco s charter authorizes 88,429,764 shares of preferred stock with a par value of \$0.01 per share. Aimco is authorized to issue shares of preferred stock in one or more classes or subclasses, with such designations, preferences, conversion and other rights, voting powers, restriction, limitations as to dividends, qualifications and terms and conditions of redemption, in each case, if any as are permitted by Maryland law and as the Aimco Board of Directors may determine by resolution. As of September 30, 2010, Aimco had issued and outstanding the following classes of preferred stock:

Class	Shares Authorized	Shares Outstanding	I	Quarterly Dividend Per Share	Pı	quidation reference er Share	Conversion Price
Class G Cumulative Preferred Stock(1)	4,050,000	4,050,000	\$	0.586	\$	25	NA
Class T Cumulative Preferred Stock	6,000,000	6,000,000	\$	0.50	\$	25	NA
Class U Cumulative Preferred Stock	12,000,000	12,000,000	\$	0.484	\$	25	NA
Class V Cumulative Preferred Stock	3,450,000	3,450,000	\$	0.50	\$	25	NA
Class Y Cumulative Preferred Stock Series A CRA Perpetual Preferred	3,450,000	3,450,000	\$	0.492	\$	25	NA
Stock(2)	240	114	\$	2,274.44	\$	500,000	NA

- (1) On October 7, 2010, Aimco redeemed all of the 4,050,000 outstanding shares of Class G Cumulative Preferred Stock. The redemption was funded primarily from the proceeds of Aimco s issuance during September 2010 of 4,000,000 shares of its Class U Cumulative Preferred Stock.
- (2) During 2006, Aimco sold 200 shares of Series A Community Reinvestment Act Perpetual Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value per share, or the CRA Preferred Stock, with a liquidation preference of \$500,000 per share, for net proceeds of \$97.5 million. For the period from the date of original issuance through March 31, 2015, the dividend rate is a variable rate per annum equal to the Three-Month LIBOR Rate (as defined in the articles supplementary designating the CRA Preferred Stock) plus 1.25%, calculated as of the beginning of each quarterly dividend period. The rate at September 30, 2010 was 1.78%. Upon liquidation, holders of the CRA Preferred Stock are entitled to a preference of \$500,000 per share, plus an amount equal to accumulated, accrued and unpaid dividends, whether or not earned or declared. The CRA Preferred Stock ranks prior to the Aimco common stock and on the same level as Aimco s outstanding shares of preferred stock with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of amounts upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up. The CRA Preferred Stock is not redeemable prior to June 30, 2011, except in limited circumstances related to REIT qualification. On and after June 30, 2011, the CRA Preferred Stock is redeemable for cash, in whole or from time to time in part, at Aimco s option, at a price per share equal to the liquidation preference, plus accumulated, accrued and unpaid dividends, if any, to the redemption date.

*Ranking.* Each authorized class of preferred stock ranks, with respect to dividend rights and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Aimco, (a) prior or senior to the common stock and any other class or series of capital stock of Aimco if the holders of that class of preferred stock are entitled to the receipt of dividends or amounts distributable upon liquidation, dissolution or winding-up in preference or priority to the holders of shares of such class or series (Junior Stock); (b) on a parity with the other authorized classes of preferred stock and any other class or

series of capital stock of Aimco if the holders of such class or series of stock and that class of preferred stock are entitled to receive dividends and amounts distributable upon liquidation, dissolution or winding-up in proportion to their respective amounts of accrued and unpaid dividends per share or liquidation preferences, without preference or priority of one over the other ( Parity Stock ); and (c) junior to any class or series of capital stock of Aimco if the holders of such class or series are entitled to receive dividends and amounts distributable upon liquidation, dissolution or winding-up in preference or priority to the holders of that class of preferred stock ( Senior Stock ).

*Dividends.* Holders of each authorized class of preferred stock are entitled to receive, when and as declared by Aimco s board of directors, out of funds legally available for payment, quarterly cash dividends in the amount per share set forth in the table above under the heading, Quarterly Dividend Per Share. The dividends are cumulative from the date of original issue, whether or not in any dividend period or periods Aimco declares any dividends or have funds legally available for the payment of such dividend. Holders of preferred stock are not

entitled to receive any dividends in excess of cumulative dividends on the preferred stock. No interest, or sum of money in lieu of interest, shall be payable in respect of any dividend payment or payments on the preferred stock that may be in arrears.

When dividends are not paid in full upon any class of preferred stock, or a sum sufficient for such payment is not set apart, all dividends declared upon that class of preferred stock and any shares of Parity Stock will be declared ratably in proportion to the respective amounts of dividends accumulated, accrued and unpaid on that class of preferred stock and accumulated, accrued and unpaid on such Parity Stock. Except as set forth in the preceding sentence, unless dividends on each class of preferred stock equal to the full amount of accumulated, accrued and unpaid dividends have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof has been or contemporaneously is set apart for such payment, for all past dividend periods, no dividends may be declared or paid or set apart for payment by Aimco and no other distribution of cash or other property may be declared or made, directly or indirectly, by Aimco with respect to any shares of Parity Stock. Unless dividends equal to the full amount of all accumulated, accrued and unpaid dividends on each class of preferred stock have been declared and paid, or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof has been set apart for such payment, for all past dividend periods, no dividends (other than dividends or distributions paid in shares of Junior Stock or options, warrants or rights to subscribe for or purchase shares of Junior Stock) may be declared or paid or set apart for payment by Aimco and no other distribution of cash or other property may be declared or made, directly or indirectly, by Aimco with respect to any shares of Junior Stock, nor may any shares of Junior Stock be redeemed, purchased or otherwise acquired (other than a redemption, purchase or other acquisition of common stock made for purposes of an employee incentive or benefit plan of Aimco or any subsidiary) for any consideration (or any monies be paid to or made available for a sinking fund for the redemption of any shares of any such stock), directly or indirectly, by Aimco (except by conversion into or exchange for shares of Junior Stock, or options, warrants or rights to subscribe for or purchase shares of Junior Stock), nor shall any other cash or other property be paid or distributed to or for the benefit of holders of shares of Junior Stock. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, Aimco is not prohibited from (1) declaring or paying or setting apart for payment any dividend or distribution on any shares of Parity Stock or (2) redeeming, purchasing or otherwise acquiring any Parity Stock, in each case, if such declaration, payment, redemption, purchase or other acquisition is necessary to maintain Aimco s qualification as a REIT.

Liquidation Preference. Upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Aimco, before it makes or sets apart any payment or distribution for the holders of any shares of Junior Stock, the holders of each class of preferred stock are entitled to receive a liquidation preference per share in the amount set forth above under the heading, Liquidation Preference Per Share, plus an amount equal to all accumulated, accrued and unpaid dividends (whether or not formed or declared) to the date of final distribution to such holders. Holders of each class of preferred stock are not entitled to any further payment. Until the holders of each class of preferred stock have been paid their respective liquidation preferences in full, plus an amount equal to all accumulated, accrued and unpaid dividends (whether or not earned or declared) to the date of final distribution to such holders, no payment may be made to any holder of Junior Stock upon the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Aimco. If, upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Aimco, its assets, or proceeds thereof, distributable among the holders of preferred stock are insufficient to pay in full the preference described above for any class of preferred stock and any liquidating payments on any other shares of any class or series of Parity Stock, then such proceeds shall be distributed among the holders of such class of preferred stock and holders of all other shares of any class or series of Parity Stock ratably in the same proportion as the respective amounts that would be payable on such class of preferred stock and any such Parity Stock if all amounts payable thereon were paid in full. A voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Aimco does not include its consolidation or merger with one or more corporations, a sale or transfer of all or substantially all of its assets, or a statutory share exchange. Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Aimco, after payment shall have been made in full to the holders of preferred stock, any other series or class or classes of Junior Stock shall be entitled to receive any and all assets remaining to be paid or distributed, and the holders of each class of preferred stock and any Parity Stock shall not be entitled to share therein.

*Redemption.* Except as described below and in certain limited circumstances, including circumstances relating to maintaining Aimco s ability to qualify as a REIT, Aimco may not redeem the shares of preferred stock.

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On or after the dates set forth in the table below, Aimco may, at its option, redeem shares of the classes of preferred stock set forth below, in whole or from time to time in part, at a cash redemption price equal to the percentage of the liquidation preference for that class of preferred stock indicated under the heading, Price, plus all accumulated, accrued and unpaid dividends, if any, to the date fixed for redemption. The redemption price for each class of non-convertible preferred stock (other than any portion thereof consisting of accumulated, accrued and unpaid dividends) is payable solely with the proceeds from the sale of equity securities by Aimco or Aimco OP (whether or not such sale occurs concurrently with such redemption). For purposes of the preceding sentence, capital shares means any common stock, preferred stock, depositary shares, partnership or other interests, participations or other ownership interests (however designated) and any rights (other than debt securities convertible into or exchangeable at the option of the holder for equity securities (unless and to the extent such debt securities are subsequently converted into capital stock)) or options to purchase any of the foregoing securities issued by Aimco or Aimco OP.

Class	Date	Price
Class G Cumulative Preferred Stock(1)	July 15, 2008	100%
Class T Cumulative Preferred Stock	July 31, 2008	100%
Class U Cumulative Preferred Stock	March 24, 2009	100%
Class V Cumulative Preferred Stock	September 29, 2009	100%
Class Y Cumulative Preferred Stock	December 21, 2009	100%
Series A CRA Perpetual Preferred Stock	June 30, 2011	100%

(1) On October 7, 2010 Aimco redeemed all of the outstanding Class G Cumulative Preferred Stock.

Except as otherwise described in this information statement/prospectus, none of the authorized classes of preferred stock have any stated maturity or are subject to any sinking find or mandatory redemption provisions.

*Conversion.* The shares of convertible preferred stock are convertible at any time, at the option of the holder, into a number of shares of common stock obtained by dividing its liquidation preference (excluding any accumulated, accrued and unpaid dividends) by the conversion price set forth in the table above. In the case of shares called for redemption, conversion rights will terminate at the close of business on the date fixed for such redemption, unless Aimco defaults in making such redemption payment. Each conversion will be deemed to have been effected immediately prior to the close of business on the date on which the holder surrenders certificates representing shares of preferred stock and Aimco receives notice and any applicable instruments of transfer and any required taxes. The conversion will be at the conversion price in effect at such time and on such date unless the stock transfer books of Aimco are closed on that date, in which event such person or persons will be deemed to have become such holder or holders of record at the close of business on the next succeeding day on which such stock transfer books are open, but such conversion will be at the conversion price in effect on the date on which such shares were surrendered and such notice received by Aimco. No fractional shares of common stock or scrip representing fractions of a share of common stock will be issued upon conversion of shares of preferred stock. Instead of any fractional interest in a share of common stock that would otherwise be deliverable upon the conversion of any share of preferred stock, Aimco will pay to the holder of such shares an amount in cash based upon the closing price of the common stock on the trading day immediately preceding the date of conversion. If more than one share of preferred stock is surrendered for conversion at one time by the same holder, the number of full shares of common stock issuable upon conversion thereof will be computed on the basis of the aggregate number of shares of preferred stock so converted. Except as otherwise required, Aimco will make no payment or allowance for unpaid dividends, whether or not in arrears, on converted shares or for dividends (other than dividends on the common stock the record date for which is after the conversion date and which Aimco shall pay in the ordinary course to the record holder as of the record date) on the

common stock issued upon such conversion. Holders of preferred stock at the close of business on a record date for the payment of dividends on the preferred stock will be entitled to receive an amount equal to the dividend payable on such shares on the corresponding dividend payment date notwithstanding the conversion of such shares following such record date.

Each conversion price is subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events, including: (i) if Aimco (A) pays a dividend or makes a distribution on its capital stock in shares of common stock, (B) subdivides its outstanding common stock into a greater number of shares, (C) combines its outstanding common stock into a smaller number of shares or (D) issues any shares of capital stock by reclassification of its outstanding common stock; (ii) if Aimco issues rights, options or warrants to holders of common stock entitling them to subscribe for or

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purchase common stock at a price per share less than the fair market value thereof; and (iii) if Aimco makes a distribution on its common stock other than in cash or shares of common stock.

Conversion of preferred stock will be permitted only to the extent that such conversion would not result in a violation of the ownership restrictions set forth in Aimco s charter.

*Voting Rights.* Holders of shares of the authorized classes of preferred stock do not have any voting rights, except as set forth below and except as otherwise required by applicable law.

If and whenever dividends on any shares of any class of preferred stock or any series or class of Parity Stock are in arrears for six or more quarterly periods, whether or not consecutive, the number of directors then constituting Aimco s board of directors will be increased by two, if not already increased by reason of similar types of provisions with respect to shares of Parity Stock of any other class or series which is entitled to similar voting rights (the Voting Preferred Stock ), and the holders of shares of that class of preferred stock, together with the holders of shares of all other Voting Preferred Stock then entitled to exercise similar voting rights, voting as a single class regardless of series, will be entitled to vote for the election of the two additional directors of Aimco at any annual meeting of stockholders or at a special meeting of the holders of that class of preferred stock and of the Voting Preferred Stock called for that purpose. Whenever dividends in arrears on outstanding shares of Voting Preferred Stock shall have been paid and dividends thereon for the current quarterly dividend period have been paid or declared and set apart for payment, then the right of the holders of the Voting Preferred Stock to elect the additional two directors shall cease and the terms of office of the directors shall terminate and the number of directors constituting Aimco s board of directors shall be reduced accordingly. Holders of Class W Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, voting as a single class, are also entitled to elect one director of Aimco if and whenever (i) for two consecutive quarterly dividend periods, Aimco fails to pay at least \$0.45 per share in dividends on the common stock or (ii) Aimco fails to pay a quarterly dividend on that class of preferred stock, whether or not earned or declared.

The affirmative vote or consent of at least 662/3% of the votes entitled to be cast by the holders of the outstanding shares of each class of preferred stock and the holders of all other classes or series of Parity Stock entitled to vote on such matters, voting as a single class, will be required to (1) authorize, create, increase the authorized amount of, or issue any shares of any class of Senior Stock or any security convertible into shares of any class of Senior Stock, or (2) amend, alter or repeal any provision of, or add any provision to, Aimco s charter or by-laws, if such action would materially adversely affect the voting powers, rights or preferences of the holders of that class of preferred stock or, with respect to the Class W Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, would convert such preferred stock into cash or any other security other than Preferred Stock with terms and provisions equivalent to those set forth in the articles supplementary for such class of preferred stock (including any amendment, alteration or repeal effected pursuant to a merger, consolidation, or similar transaction); provided, however, that no such vote of the holders of that class of preferred stock shall be required if, at or prior to the time such amendment, alteration or repeal is to take effect or the issuance of any such Senior Stock or convertible security is to be made, as the case may be, provisions are made for the redemption of all outstanding shares of that class of preferred stock. The amendment of or supplement to Aimco s charter to authorize, create, increase or decrease the authorized amount of or to issue Junior Stock, or any shares of any class of Parity Stock shall not be deemed to materially adversely affect the voting powers, rights or preferences of any class of preferred stock.

*Transfer.* For Aimco to qualify as a REIT under the Code, not more than 50% in value of its outstanding capital stock may be owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals (as defined in the Code to include certain entities) during the last half of a taxable year and the shares of common stock must be beneficially owned by 100 or more persons during at least 335 days of a taxable year of 12 months or during a proportionate part of a shorter taxable year. Because the Aimco board of directors believes that it is essential for Aimco to meet the REIT Requirements, the board of directors has adopted, and the stockholders have approved, provisions of Aimco s charter restricting the acquisition

of shares of common stock.

Subject to specific exceptions specified in Aimco s charter, no holder may own, or be deemed to own by virtue of various attribution and constructive ownership provisions of the Code and Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, more than 8.7% (or 15% in the case of specific pension trusts described in the Code, investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and Mr. Considine) of the outstanding shares of

common stock (the Ownership Limit ). The board of directors may waive the Ownership Limit if evidence satisfactory to the board of directors and Aimco s tax counsel is presented that such ownership will not then or in the future jeopardize Aimco s status as a REIT. However, in no event may such holder s direct or indirect ownership of common stock exceed 9.8% of the total outstanding shares of common stock. As a condition of such waiver, the board of directors may require opinions of counsel satisfactory to it and/or an undertaking from the applicant with respect to preserving the REIT status of Aimco. The foregoing restrictions on transferability and ownership will not apply if the board of directors determines that it is no longer in the best interests of Aimco to attempt to qualify, or to continue to quality as a REIT and a resolution terminating Aimco s status as a REIT and amending Aimco s charter to remove the foregoing restrictions is duly adopted by the board of directors and a majority of Aimco s stockholders. If shares of common stock in excess of the Ownership Limit, or shares of common stock which would cause the REIT to be beneficially owned by fewer than 100 persons, or which would result in Aimco being closely held, within the meaning of Section 856(h) of the Code, or which would otherwise result in Aimco failing to qualify as a REIT, are issued or transferred to any person, such issuance or transfer shall be null and void to the intended transferee, and the intended transferee would acquire no rights to the stock. Shares of common stock transferred in excess of the Ownership Limit or other applicable limitations will automatically be transferred to a trust for the exclusive benefit of one or more qualifying charitable organizations to be designated by Aimco. Shares transferred to such trust will remain outstanding, and the trustee of the trust will have all voting and dividend rights pertaining to such shares. The trustee of such trust may transfer such shares to a person whose ownership of such shares does not violate the Ownership Limit or other applicable limitation. Upon a sale of such shares by the trustee, the interest of the charitable beneficiary will terminate, and the sales proceeds would be paid, first, to the original intended transferee, to the extent of the lesser of (a) such transferee s original purchase price (or the original market value of such shares if purportedly acquired by gift or devise) and (b) the price received by the trustee, and, second, any remainder to the charitable beneficiary. In addition, shares of stock held in such trust are purchasable by Aimco for a 90 day period at a price equal to the lesser of the price paid for the stock by the original intended transferee (or the original market value of such shares if purportedly acquired by gift or devise) and the market price for the stock on the date that Aimco determines to purchase the stock. The 90 day period commences on the date of the violative transfer or the date that the board of directors determines in good faith that a violative transfer has occurred, whichever is later. All certificates representing shares of common stock bear a legend referring to the restrictions described above.

All persons who own, directly or by virtue of the attribution provisions of the Code and Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, more than a specified percentage of the outstanding shares of common stock must file an affidavit with Aimco containing the information specified in Aimco s charter within 30 days after January 1 of each year. In addition, each stockholder shall upon demand be required to disclose to Aimco in writing such information with respect to the direct, indirect and constructive ownership of shares as the board of directors deems necessary to comply with the provisions of the Code applicable to a REIT or to comply with the requirements of any taxing authority or governmental agency.

The ownership limitations may have the effect of precluding acquisition of control of Aimco by specific parties unless the board of directors determines that maintenance of REIT status is no longer in the best interests of Aimco.

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# COMPARISON OF AIMCO OP UNITS AND AIMCO COMMON STOCK

Set forth below is a comparison of the OP Units to the Aimco common stock.

### **OP** Units

Common Stock

# **Nature of Investment**

The OP Units constitute equity interests entitling each holder to his or her pro rata share of cash distributions made from Available Cash (as such term is defined in the Aimco OP partnership agreement) to the partners of Aimco OP, a Delaware limited partnership. The common stock constitutes equity interests in Aimco, a Maryland corporation.

# **Voting Rights**

Under the Aimco OP partnership agreement, limited partners have voting rights only with respect to certain limited matters such as certain amendments of the partnership agreement and certain transactions such as the institution of bankruptcy proceedings, an assignment for the benefit of creditors and certain transfers by the general partner of its interest in Aimco OP or the admission of a successor general partner.

Each outstanding share of common stock entitles the holder thereof to one vote on all matters submitted to stockholders for a vote, including the election of directors. Holders of common stock have the right to vote on, among other things, a merger of Aimco, amendments to the Aimco charter and the dissolution of Aimco. Certain amendments to the Aimco charter require the affirmative vote of not less than two-thirds of votes entitled to be cast on the matter. The Aimco charter permits the Aimco Board of Directors to classify and issue capital stock in one or more series having voting power which may differ from that of the common stock.

Under Maryland law, a consolidation, merger, share exchange or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of Aimco requires the affirmative vote of not less than two-thirds of all of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. With respect to each of these transactions, only the holders of common stock are entitled to vote on the matters. No approval of the stockholders is required for the sale of less than all or substantially all of Aimco s assets.

Maryland law provides that the Aimco Board of Directors must obtain the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter in order to dissolve Aimco. Only the holders of common stock are entitled to vote on Aimco s dissolution.

# Distributions/Dividends

Subject to the rights of holders of any outstanding partnership preferred units, the Aimco OP partnership

Holders of the common stock are entitled to receive dividends when and as declared by the Aimco Board of

agreement requires the general partner to cause Aimco OP to distribute quarterly all, or such portion as the general partner may in its sole and absolute discretion determine, of Available Cash (as such term is defined in the partnership agreement) generated by Aimco OP during such quarter to the general partner, the Special Limited Partner and the holders of OP Units and HPUs on the record date established by the general partner with respect to such quarter, in accordance with their respective interests in Aimco OP on such record date. Holders of any Partnership Preferred Units currently issued and which may be issued in the future may have priority over the general partner, the special limited

Directors, out of funds legally available therefor. Under the REIT rules, Aimco is required to distribute dividends (other than capital gain dividends) to its stockholders in an amount at least equal to (A) the sum of (i) 90% of Aimco s REIT taxable income (computed without regard to the dividends paid deduction and Aimco s net capital gain) and (ii) 90% of the net income (after tax), if any, from foreclosure property, minus (B) the sum of certain items of noncash income. See Material United States Federal Income Tax Matters.

### **OP** Units

partner and holders of OP Units and HPUs with respect to distributions of Available Cash, distributions upon liquidation or other distributions. See Description of OP Units Distributions. The general partner in its sole and absolute discretion may distribute to the holders of OP Units and HPUs Available Cash on a more frequent basis and provide for an appropriate record date. The partnership agreement requires the general partner to take such reasonable efforts, as determined by it in its sole and absolute discretion and consistent with the REIT Requirements, to cause Aimco OP to distribute sufficient amounts to enable the general partner to transfer funds to Aimco and enable Aimco to pay stockholder dividends that will(i) satisfy the requirements for qualifying as a REIT under the Code, and the Treasury Regulations and (ii) avoid any United States Federal income or excise tax liability of Aimco. See Description of OP Units Distributions.

### **Common Stock**

### Liquidity and Transferability/Redemption

There is no public market for the OP Units and the OP Units are not listed on any securities exchange.

Under the Aimco OP partnership agreement, until the expiration of one year from the date on which a holder acquired OP Units, subject to certain exceptions, such OP Unitholder may not transfer all or any portion of its OP Units to any transferee without the consent of the general partner, which consent may be withheld in its sole and absolute discretion. After the expiration of one year, such OP Unitholder has the right to transfer all or any portion of its OP Units to any person, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions specified in the partnership agreement, including the general partner s right of first refusal. See

Description of OP Units Transfers and Withdrawals. After the first anniversary of becoming a holder of OP Units, a holder has the right, subject to the terms and conditions of the partnership agreement, to require Aimco OP to redeem all or a portion of such holder s OP Units in exchange for shares of common stock or a cash amount equal to the value of such shares, as Aimco OP may elect. See

Description of OP Units Redemption Rights of Qualifying Parties. Upon receipt of a notice of redemption, Aimco OP may, in its sole and absolute discretion but subject to the restrictions on the ownership of common stock imposed under the Aimco charter and the transfer restrictions and

The common stock is transferable subject to the Ownership Limit set forth in the Aimco charter. The common stock is listed on the NYSE. other limitations thereof, elect to cause Aimco to acquire some or all of the tendered OP Units in exchange for common stock, based on an exchange ratio of one share of common stock for each OP Unit, subject to adjustment as provided in the partnership agreement.

# COMPARISON OF USRP UNITS AND AIMCO OP UNITS

The rights of USRP limited partners are currently governed by the Delaware Act and the USRP partnership agreement. The rights of the limited partners of Aimco OP are currently governed by the Delaware Act and the Aimco OP partnership agreement.

The information below highlights a number of the significant differences between USRP Units and Aimco OP Units. These comparisons are intended to assist USRP limited partners in understanding how their investment will be changed after completion of the merger, if they elect to receive OP Units in lieu of cash with respect to the merger.

### UNITS

### **OP** Units

### Nature of Investment

The USRP Units constitute equity interests entitling each partner to its pro rata share of distributions to be made to the partners of USRP.

The OP Units constitute equity interests entitling each holder to his or her pro rata share of cash distributions made from Available Cash (as such term is defined in the partnership agreement) to the partners of Aimco OP.

# **Voting Rights**

With limited exceptions, the USRP partnership agreement may be amended upon the vote of limited partners holding more than 50% of the outstanding limited partnership units. Limited partners holding more than fifty percent of the units may remove a general partner. If a general partner withdraws or is otherwise removed, USRP will be dissolved, unless(a) the remaining general partner elects to continue USRP s business and either(i) limited partners holding more than fifty percent of the limited partnership units elect a substitute general partner that meets the requirements for continued qualification of USRP as a partnership for Federal income tax purposes or (ii) the remaining general partner certifies to the limited partners that USRP will meet the requirements for continued qualification as a partnership for Federal income tax purposes without the admission of a substitute general partner, or(b) if there is no remaining general partner, all of the partners agree in writing to continue the business of USRP. An affiliate of the general partner of USRP currently owns a majority of USRP s Units.

Under the Aimco OP partnership agreement, limited partners have voting rights only with respect to certain limited matters such as certain amendments of the partnership agreement and certain transactions such as the institution of bankruptcy proceedings, an assignment for the benefit of creditors and certain transfers by the general partner of its interest in Aimco OP or the admission of a successor general partner.

Under the Aimco OP partnership agreement, the general partner has the power to effect the acquisition, sale, transfer, exchange or other disposition of any assets of Aimco OP (including, but not limited to, the exercise or grant of any conversion, option, privilege or subscription right or any other right available in connection with any assets at any time held by Aimco OP) or the merger,

consolidation, reorganization or other combination of Aimco OP with or into another entity, all without the consent of the OP Unitholders.

### UNITS

# **OP** Units

The general partner may cause the dissolution of Aimco OP by an event of withdrawal, as defined in the Delaware Act (including, without limitation, bankruptcy), unless, within 90 days after the withdrawal, holders of a majority in interest, as defined in the Delaware Act, agree in writing, in their sole and absolute discretion, to continue the business of Aimco OP and to the appointment of a successor general partner. The general partner may elect to dissolve Aimco OP in its sole and absolute discretion, with or without the consent of the OP Unitholders. OP Unitholders cannot remove the general partner of Aimco OP with or without cause.

# Distributions

All Net Cash from Operations (as such term is defined in the USRP partnership agreement) of USRP for each fiscal year will be distributed quarterly in the manner specified in the USRP partnership agreement. Subject to certain exceptions set forth in the USRP partnership agreement, all Sale or Refinancing Proceeds (as such term is defined in the USRP partnership agreement) will be distributed within 135 days of the sale or refinancing in the manner specified in the USRP partnership agreement.

Subject to the rights of holders of any outstanding partnership preferred units, the Aimco OP partnership agreement requires the general partner to cause Aimco OP to distribute quarterly all, or such portion as the general partner may in its sole and absolute discretion determine, of Available Cash (as such term is defined in the partnership agreement) generated by Aimco OP during such quarter to the general partner, the special limited partner and the holders of OP Units and HPUs on the record date established by the general partner with respect to such quarter, in accordance with their respective interests in Aimco OP on such record date. Holders of any partnership preferred units currently issued and which may be issued in the future may have priority over the general partner, the special limited partner and holders of OP Units and HPUs with respect to distributions of Available Cash, distributions upon liquidation or other distributions. See Description of OP Units Distributions. The general partner in its sole and absolute discretion may distribute to the holders of OP Units and HPUs Available Cash on a more frequent basis and provide for an appropriate record date. The partnership agreement requires the general partner to take such reasonable efforts, as determined by it in its sole and absolute discretion and consistent with the REIT requirements, to cause Aimco OP to distribute sufficient amounts to enable the general partner to transfer funds to Aimco and enable Aimco to pay stockholder dividends that will (i) satisfy the requirements for qualifying as a REIT under the Code, and the Treasury Regulations and (ii) avoid any United

States Federal income or excise tax liability of Aimco. See Description of OP Units Distributions.

## Liquidity and Transferability/Redemption

There is a limited market for the USRP Units and the There is no public market for the OP Units and the OP Units are not listed on any securities exchange. USRP Units are not listed on any securities exchange. 54

#### UNITS

Under the USRP partnership agreement, except with the prior written consent of the Corporate General Partner or by operation of law and unless deposited with the Depositary (as such term is defined in the USRP partnership agreement) under the Depositary Agreement (as such term is defined in the USRP partnership agreement), certificates of limited partnership interest, or any interest evidenced thereby, may not be transferred. The Corporate General Partner s consent to such transfer will not be withheld unless the Corporate General Partner reasonably determines that a transfer would result in an adverse change in the tax status of USRP or would violate Federal or state securities laws. Depositary receipts evidencing USRP Units are transferable in the manner and subject to the conditions provided in the Depositary Agreement. Upon valid transfer and registration of transfer pursuant to the Depositary Agreement of any depositary receipt or any USRP Units represented thereby, the certificates of limited partnership interest represented thereby (and the interest evidenced by such certificates) will be deemed to have been assigned from the transferor to the transferee of all or a portion of such depositary receipt. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no transfer or assignment of any interest may be made(a) if counsel for USRP is of the opinion that the transfer would be in violation of any state securities or blue sky laws or requirements of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. applicable to USRP, or(b) if it would result in USRP being treated as a corporation for tax purposes. Any registered owner of USRP Units may deliver to the Depositary such documents and certificates as are required under the Depositary Agreement and a duly executed and acknowledged instrument evidencing the written.

### **OP** Units

Under the Aimco OP partnership agreement, until the expiration of one year from the date on which a holder acquired OP Units, subject to certain exceptions, such OP Unitholder may not transfer all or any portion of its OP Units to any transferee without the consent of the general partner, which consent may be withheld in its sole and absolute discretion. After the expiration of one year, such OP Unitholder has the right to transfer all or any portion of its OP Units to any person, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions specified in the partnership agreement, including the general partner s right of first refusal. See Description of OP Units Transfers and Withdrawals. After the first anniversary of becoming a holder of OP Units, a holder has the right, subject to the terms and conditions of the partnership agreement, to require Aimco OP to redeem all or a portion of such holder s OP Units in exchange for shares of common stock or a cash amount equal to the value of such shares, as Aimco OP may elect. See Description of OP Units Redemption Rights of Qualifying Parties. Upon receipt of a notice of redemption, Aimco OP may, in its sole and absolute discretion but subject to the restrictions on the ownership of common stock imposed under the Aimco charter and the transfer restrictions and other limitations thereof, elect to cause Aimco to acquire some or all of the tendered OP Units in exchange for common stock, based on an exchange ratio of one share of common stock for each OP Unit, subject to adjustment as provided in the partnership agreement.

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#### UNITS

acceptance by such registered owner of all the terms and provisions of the USRP partnership agreement and may become a substitute limited partner when such registered owner(a) signs such number of counterpart signature pages to the USRP partnership agreement or a power of attorney to the Corporate General Partner therefor and such other instrument or instruments, and in such manner, as the Corporate General Partner determines,(b) pays any and all taxes or governmental charges due in respect of such substitution, and(c) pays to the Depositary or USRP an amount equal to the lesser of(i) the actual, reasonable and necessary costs and expenses incurred in connection with his substitution as a limited partner, or (ii) \$200 (or such other amount specified in a notice provided by USRP to the limited partner). Any person who is an assignee or an interest evidenced by a limited partnership certificate not deposited with the Depositary and who has satisfied certain other conditions specified in the USRP partnership agreement may become a substitute limited partner when such person fulfills the requirements specified in clauses(a) through(c) in the foregoing sentence. Subject to certain exceptions specified in the USRP partnership agreement, USRP need not recognize for any purpose any purported transfer of all or any part of the interest of a limited partner or all or any part of the USRP Units of an assignee. The USRP partnership agreement contains no redemption rights.

**OP** Units

### **Fiduciary Duty**

Delaware law provides that, except as provided in a partnership agreement, a general partner owes the fiduciary duties of loyalty and care to the partnership and its limited partners. The USRP partnership agreement provides that the Corporate General Partner has a fiduciary responsibility for the safekeeping and use of all funds of the partnership, whether or not in its immediate possession or control, and shall not employ or permit another to employ such funds or assets in any manner except for the exclusive benefit of the partnership. The General Partners may purchase limited partnership units or USRP Units for their own account from USRP or from limited partners or assignees or other holders of limited partnership units of USRP Units and become limited partners or assignees in respect of such units or USRP Units. The USRP partnership agreement expressly limits the liability of the General Partners by providing that the General Partners

Delaware law provides that, except as provided in a partnership agreement, a general partner owes the fiduciary duties of loyalty and care to the partnership and its limited partners. The Aimco OP partnership agreement expressly authorizes the general partner to enter into, on behalf of Aimco OP, a right of first opportunity arrangement and other conflict avoidance agreements with various affiliates of Aimco OP and the general partner, on such terms as the general partner, in its sole and absolute discretion, believes are advisable. The Aimco OP partnership agreement expressly limits the liability of the general partner by providing that the general partner, and its officers and directors, will not be liable or accountable in damages to Aimco OP, the limited partners or assignees for errors in judgment or mistakes of fact or law or of any act or omission if the general partner or such director or officer acted in good

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will have not liability to USRP or the limited partners for any loss suffered by USRP that arises out of any action of inaction of the General Partners if the General Partners, in good faith, determined that such course of conduct was in the best interests of USRP and such course of conduct did not constitute negligence or misconduct of the General Partners.

faith.

### UNITS

### **OP** Units

### **Investment Policy**

USRP is engaged in the business of operating and holding real estate property for investment. In general, the Corporate General Partner regularly evaluates USRP s property by considering various factors, such as the partnership s financial position and real estate and capital markets conditions. The Corporate General Partner monitors the property s specific locale and sub-market conditions (including stability of the surrounding neighborhood), evaluating current trends, competition, new construction and economic changes. It oversees the operating performance of the property and evaluates the physical improvement requirements. In addition, the financing structure for the property (including any prepayment penalties), tax implications, availability of attractive mortgage financing to a purchaser, and the investment climate are all considered. Any of these factors, and possibly others, could potentially contribute to any decision by the Corporate General Partner to sell, refinance, upgrade with capital improvements or hold the property.

### **Compensation and Distributions**

Aimco OP was formed to engage in the acquisition, ownership, management and redevelopment of apartment properties. Although it holds all of its properties for investment, Aimco OP may sell properties when they do not meet its investment criteria or are located in areas that it believes do not justify a continued investment when compared to alternative uses for capital. Its portfolio management strategy includes property acquisitions and dispositions to concentrate its portfolio in its target markets. It may market for sale certain properties that are inconsistent with this long-term investment strategy. Additionally, from time to time, Aimco OP may market certain properties that are consistent with this strategy but offer attractive returns. Aimco OP may use its share of the net proceeds from such dispositions to, among other things, reduce debt, fund capital expenditures on existing assets, fund acquisitions, and for other operating needs and corporate purposes.

*USRP*. USRP has no employees and depends on the Corporate General Partner and its affiliates for the management and administration of all partnership activities. The USRP partnership agreement provides that the Corporate General Partner and its affiliates receive 5% of gross receipts from all of USRP s properties as compensation for providing property management services, and also provides that the Corporate General Partner and its affiliates receive certain payments for other services and reimbursement of certain expenses incurred on behalf of USRP.

In addition, under the USRP partnership agreement, (a) Net Cash From Operations (as defined in the USRP partnership agreement) of USRP for each fiscal year is distributed quarterly within 45 days after the close of each fiscal quarter in the following order of priority: (i) first, 1.6% to the Corporate General Partner, 0.4% to the Other General Partner, and 98% to the limited partners until the limited partners have received cumulative distributions for such fiscal year equal to 10% per annum of their daily weighted average Adjusted Capital Value (as defined in the USRP partnership agreement) for such fiscal quarter and each preceding quarter of such fiscal year; (ii) second, to the Corporate General Partner until the General Partners have received distributions for such fiscal year equal to 7% of the aggregate Net Cash from Operations distributed to the partners for such fiscal year; (iii) third, to repay any loans made to USRP by the General Partners; and (iv) fourth, 94% to the limited partners, 6.6% to the Corporate General Partner, and 0.4% to the Other General Partner, and (b) Sales or Refinancing Proceeds (as defined in the USRP partnership agreement) is distributed within 135 days of the sale or refinancing in the following order of priority: (i) first, to the limited partners until each limited partner has received an amount equal to his Adjusted Capital Contribution (as defined in the USRP partnership agreement) immediately prior to the distribution; (ii) second, to each limited partner who has a Preferred Return Shortfall (as defined in the USRP partnership agreement) until all limited partners Preferred Return Shortfalls have been eliminated; (iii) third, in the case of a sale with respect to which the General Partners, or affiliates of the General Partners, acted as a broker (subject to the limitations set forth in the USRP

partnership agreement), to the General Partners, or affiliates of the General Partners, until they have received an amount equal to 1% of the Selling Price (as defined in the USRP partnership agreement) of each property sold on or before the date of such distribution, reduced by the aggregate of any prior distributions of Sale or Refinancing Proceeds; (iv) fourth, to the General Partners, or affiliates of the General Partners, in repayment of principal and interest with respect to loans that General Partners are required to make under the USRP partnership agreement, to the extent that principal or interest accrued on such loans remains unpaid, and (v) fifth, the balance 93% to the limited partners and 7% to the General Partners.

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A description of the compensation paid to the Corporate General Partner and its affiliates during the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, and during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, can be found under the heading Certain Relationships and Related Transactions in this information statement/prospectus. In addition, for more information, see Note D Transactions with Affiliated Parties in the notes to the financial statements appearing in USRP s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, which is included a<u>s Annex D</u> to this information statement/prospectus, and Note B Transactions with Affiliated Parties in the notes to the financial statement statements appearing in USRP s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, which is included as <u>Annex E</u> to this information statement/prospectus.

*Aimco OP.* The Aimco OP partnership agreement provides that Aimco OP s general partner shall not be compensated for its services as a general partner, other than the compensation it receives with respect to distributions and allocations in accordance with the partnership agreement. Subject to certain provisions of the partnership agreement, Aimco OP will reimburse the general partner for all sums expended in connection with the partnership s business.

In addition, subject to the rights of holders of any outstanding preferred OP Units, the Aimco OP partnership agreement requires the general partner to cause Aimco OP to distribute quarterly all, or such portion of, as the general partner may in its sole and absolute discretion determine, Available Cash (as such term is defined in the partnership agreement) generated by Aimco OP during such quarter to the general partner, the special limited partner and the holders of common OP Units and HPUs on the record date established by the general partner with respect to such quarter, in accordance with their respective interests in Aimco OP on such record date. The partnership agreement requires the general partner to take such reasonable efforts, as determined by it in its sole and absolute discretion and consistent with the REIT Requirements, to cause Aimco OP to distribute sufficient amounts to enable the general partner to transfer funds to Aimco and enable Aimco to pay stockholder dividends that will (i) satisfy the requirements for qualifying as a REIT under the Code and the Treasury Regulations and (ii) avoid any United States Federal income or excise tax liability of Aimco.

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## MATERIAL UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX MATTERS

The following is a summary of the material United States Federal income tax consequences of the merger, and an investment in Aimco OP Units and Aimco stock. This discussion is based upon the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Internal Revenue Code ), regulations promulgated by the U.S. Treasury Department (the Treasury Regulations ), rulings issued by the IRS, and judicial decisions, all in effect as of the date of this information statement/prospectus and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect. This summary is also based on the assumptions that the operation of Aimco, Aimco OP and the limited liability companies and limited partnerships in which they own controlling interests (collectively, the Subsidiary Partnerships ) and any affiliated entities will be in accordance with their respective organizational documents and partnership agreements. This summary is for general information only and does not purport to discuss all aspects of United States Federal income taxation which may be important to a particular investor, or to certain types of investors subject to special tax rules (including financial institutions, broker-dealers, regulated investment companies, holders that receive Aimco stock through the exercise of stock options or otherwise as compensation, insurance companies, persons holding Aimco stock as part of a straddle, conversion transaction, synthetic security or other integrated hedge. investment, and, except to the extent discussed below, tax-exempt organizations and foreign investors, as determined for United States Federal income tax purposes). This summary assumes that investors will hold their OP Units and Aimco stock as capital assets (generally, property held for investment). No opinion of counsel or advance ruling from the IRS has been or will be sought regarding the tax status of Aimco or Aimco OP, or the tax consequences relating to Aimco or Aimco OP or an investment in OP Units or Aimco stock. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a position contrary to any of the tax aspects set forth below.

THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX TREATMENT OF A PARTICULAR HOLDER DEPENDS UPON DETERMINATIONS OF FACT AND INTERPRETATIONS OF COMPLEX PROVISIONS OF UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX LAW FOR WHICH NO CLEAR PRECEDENT OR AUTHORITY MAY BE AVAILABLE. ACCORDINGLY, EACH HOLDER IS URGED TO CONSULT ITS TAX ADVISOR REGARDING THE FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, AND FOREIGN TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE MERGER, OF ACQUIRING, HOLDING, EXCHANGING, OR OTHERWISE DISPOSING OF OP UNITS AND AIMCO STOCK, AND OF AIMCO S ELECTION TO BE SUBJECT TO TAX, FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES, AS A REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST.

## United States Federal Income Tax Consequences Relating to the Merger

### Tax Consequences of the Transaction to USRP and Aimco OP

When the assets or operations of two partnerships such as USRP and Aimco OP are combined in a transaction pursuant to which one of the partnerships ceases to exist as a partnership (the terminated partnership) for Federal income tax purposes, and the members of the terminated partnership become members of the surviving partnership (the resulting partnership), that combined transaction is generally treated as a partnership merger.

In general, USRP would be treated as contributing all of its assets, and assigning all of its liabilities, to Aimco OP in exchange for interests in Aimco OP and any other consideration issued by Aimco OP in connection with the transaction, including cash or an assumption of liability, which may result in gain recognition under the rules described below. Immediately thereafter, USRP is treated as distributing all of its assets to its partners in complete liquidation.

## Tax Consequences of the Transaction to Aimco and the Aimco Entities

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Aimco and the Aimco Entities (other than Aimco OP, which is discussed separately, above) are not expected to recognize any gain or loss on the transaction.

### Tax Consequences of Exchanging USRP Units Solely for Cash

For Federal income tax purposes, any payment of cash for USRP Units will be treated as a sale of such USRP Units by such holder. Each such holder of USRP Units who accepts cash must explicitly agree and consent to

treat the payment of cash for USRP Units as a sale of such units, in accordance with the terms of the merger agreement.

If a holder of USRP Units sells such units for cash, such holder will recognize gain or loss on the sale of his units equal to the difference between (i) such holder s amount realized on the sale and (ii) such holder s adjusted tax basis in the USRP Units sold. The amount realized with respect to a USRP Unit will be equal to the sum of the amount of cash such holder receives for his units plus the amount of liabilities of USRP allocable to such USRP Units as determined under section 752 of the Internal Revenue Code.

## Tax Consequences of Exchanging USRP Units Solely for OP Units

Generally, section 721 of the Internal Revenue Code provides that neither a contributing partner nor the partnership will recognize a gain or loss, for United States Federal income tax purposes, upon a contribution of property to such partnership in exchange for solely OP Units, except to the extent described below. Each such holder of USRP Units who accepts OP Units must explicitly agree and consent to such treatment, in accordance with the terms of the merger agreement.

If a holder of USRP Units contributes such units to Aimco OP in exchange for solely OP Units, such holder may recognize gain upon such exchange if, immediately prior to such exchange, the amount of liabilities of USRP allocable to the USRP Units transferred exceeds the amount of the Aimco OP partnership liabilities allocable to such holder immediately after such exchange. In that case the excess would be treated as a deemed distribution of cash to such holder from Aimco OP. This deemed cash distribution would be treated as a nontaxable return of capital to the extent such holder s adjusted tax basis in his OP Units and thereafter as taxable gain.

### Tax Consequences of Receipt of Cash Payment for Waiver and Release

As discussed in The Merger Waiver and Additional Consideration, each limited partner unaffiliated with Aimco OP may elect to receive an additional cash payment in exchange for executing a waiver and release of certain claims. The United Stated Federal income tax treatment of such additional cash payment is uncertain. Aimco OP intends to treat the additional cash payment as a payment made for the waiver and release of certain claims, and not as additional Merger Consideration, and intends to report the additional cash payment accordingly. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert that the additional cash payment should be treated as part of the Merger Consideration. Holders that elect to receive the additional cash payment in exchange for executing a waiver and release should consult their tax advisors concerning the tax treatment of such payment.

### Information Reporting Requirements And Backup Withholding

### United States Holders

In general, backup withholding and information reporting will apply to all payments made to a United States Holder pursuant to the Merger. A United States Holder will generally be subject to backup withholding (at a rate of 28% through 2010 and a rate of 31% thereafter, absent further Congressional action) with respect to payments made pursuant to the Merger unless such holder, among other conditions, provides a correct taxpayer identification number, certifies as to no loss of exemption from backup withholding, and otherwise complies with the applicable requirements of the backup withholding rules, or otherwise establishes a basis for exemption from backup withholding. Exempt United States Holders (including, among others, all corporations) are not subject to these backup withholding and information reporting requirements. A holder who does not provide Aimco OP with his correct taxpayer identification number also may be subject to penalties imposed by the IRS. Any amount paid as backup withholding will be creditable against the holder s income tax liability.

### Non-United States Holders

Information reporting may apply to payments made to a Non-United States Holder pursuant to the Merger. Copies of information returns reporting such amounts and any withholding also may be made available by the IRS to the tax authorities in the country in which a Non-United States Holder is resident under the provision of an applicable income tax treaty or other agreement. Non-United States Holders that receive OP Units as Merger

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Consideration should see Taxation of Aimco OP and OP Unitholders Taxation of Foreign OP Unitholders, below.

In general, backup withholding will not apply to payments made a Non-United States Holder pursuant to the Merger, if, among other conditions, such Non-United States Holder certifies as to its non-United States status under penalties of perjury or otherwise establishes an exemption, provided that neither Aimco OP nor our withholding agent has actual knowledge, or reason to know, that the Non-United States Holder is a United States person or that the conditions of any other exemption are not in fact satisfied. In order to claim an exemption from or reduction of withholding tax, the Non-United States Holder must deliver a properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI, as applicable, claiming such exemption or reduction. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules generally will be allowed as a refund or credit against such Non-United States Holder s United States Federal income tax liability if the Non-United States Holder follows the required procedures.

Because the tax treatment of the receipt of an additional cash payment in exchange for executing a waiver and release of certain claims is unclear under United States Federal income tax law, Aimco OP intends to withhold United States Federal income tax at a rate of 30% from any additional cash payment paid to a Non-U.S. Holder, unless an exemption from or reduction of withholding tax is applicable. In order to claim an exemption from or reduction of withholding tax below the properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI, as applicable, claiming such exemption or reduction. Non-U.S. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the possibility of claiming a refund with respect to the receipt of an additional cash payment in exchange for executing a waiver and release.

### **Taxation of Aimco OP and OP Unitholders**

#### Partnership Status

Aimco believes that Aimco OP is classified as a partnership, and not as an association taxable as a corporation or as a publicly traded partnership taxable as a corporation for United States Federal income tax purposes. If Aimco OP were treated as a publicly traded partnership taxed as a corporation for United States Federal income tax purposes, material adverse consequences to the Transferor and its owners would result. In addition, classification of Aimco OP as an association or publicly traded partnership taxable as a corporation would also result in the termination of Aimco S status as a REIT for United States Federal income tax purposes, which would have a material adverse impact on Aimco. See Material United States Federal Income Tax Matters Taxation of Aimco OP is, and will continue to be, classified and taxed as a partnership (and not as a publicly traded partnership) for United States Federal income tax purposes.

### Taxation Of OP Unitholders

In general, a partnership is treated as a pass-through entity for United States Federal income tax purposes and is not itself subject to United States Federal income taxation. Each partner of a partnership, however, is subject to tax on his allocable share of partnership tax items, including partnership income, gains, losses, deductions, and expenses (Partnership Tax Items) for each taxable year of the partnership ending within or with such taxable year of the partner, regardless of whether he receives any actual distributions from the partnership during the taxable year. Generally, the characterization of any particular Partnership Tax Item is determined at the partnership, rather than at the partner level, and the amount of a partner s allocable share of such item is governed by the terms of the partnership agreement. An OP Unitholder s allocable share of Aimco OP s taxable income may exceed the cash distributions to the OP Unitholder for any year if Aimco OP retains its profits rather than distributing them.

### Allocations Of Aimco OP Profits And Losses

For United States Federal income tax purposes, an OP Unitholder s allocable share of Aimco OP s Partnership Tax Items will be determined by Aimco OP s partnership agreement if such allocations either have substantial economic effect or are determined to be in accordance with the OP Unitholder s interests in Aimco OP. If the allocations provided by Aimco OP s agreement of limited partnership were successfully challenged by the IRS, the

redetermination of the allocations to a particular OP Unitholder for United States Federal income tax purposes may be less favorable than the allocation set forth in Aimco OP s agreement of limited partnership.

### Tax Basis Of A Partnership Interest

A partner s adjusted tax basis in his partnership interest is relevant, among other things, for determining (i) gain or loss upon a taxable disposition of his partnership interest, (ii) gain upon the receipt of partnership distributions, and (iii) the limitations imposed on the use of partnership deductions and losses allocable to such partner. Generally, the adjusted tax basis of an OP Unitholder s interest in Aimco OP is equal to (A) the sum of the adjusted tax basis of the property contributed by the OP Unitholder to Aimco OP in exchange for an interest in Aimco OP and the amount of cash, if any, contributed by the OP Unitholder to Aimco OP, (B) reduced, but not below zero, by the OP Unitholder s allocable share of Aimco OP partnership distributions, deductions, and losses, (C) increased by the OP Unitholder s allocable share of Aimco OP partnership income and gains, and (D) increased by the OP Unitholder s allocable share of Aimco OP.

### Cash Distributions

Cash distributions received from a partnership do not necessarily correlate with income earned by the partnership as determined for United States Federal income tax purposes. Thus, an OP Unitholder s United States Federal income tax liability in respect of his allocable share of Aimco OP taxable income for a particular taxable year may exceed the amount of cash, if any, received by the OP Unitholder from Aimco OP during such year.

If cash distributions, including a deemed cash distribution as discussed below, received by an OP Unitholder in any taxable year exceed his allocable share of Aimco OP taxable income for the year, the excess will generally constitute, for United States Federal income tax purposes, a return of capital to the extent of such OP Unitholder s adjusted tax basis in his Aimco OP interest. Such return of capital will not be includible in the taxable income of the OP Unitholder, for United States Federal income tax purposes, but it will reduce, but not below zero, the adjusted tax basis of Aimco OP interests held by the OP Unitholder. If an OP Unitholder s tax basis in his Aimco OP interest is reduced to zero, a subsequent cash distribution received by the OP Unitholder will be subject to tax as capital gain and/or ordinary income, but only if, and to the extent that, such distribution exceeds the subsequent positive adjustments, if any, to the tax basis of the OP Unitholder s Aimco OP interest as determined at the end of the taxable year during which such distribution is received. A decrease in an OP Unitholder s share of Aimco OP liabilities resulting from the payment or other settlement, or reallocation of such liabilities is generally treated, for United States Federal income tax purposes, as a deemed cash distribution. The Transaction documents permit Aimco to make such debt payments. A decrease in an OP Unitholder s percentage interest in Aimco OP because of the issuance by Aimco OP of additional OP Units or otherwise, may decrease an OP Unitholder s share of nonrecourse liabilities of Aimco OP and thus, may result in a corresponding deemed distribution of cash. A deemed distribution of cash resulting from the payment, settlement, or other reduction or reallocation of Aimco OP liabilities formerly allocated to an OP Unitholder will result in taxable gain to such OP Unitholder to the extent such deemed distribution of cash exceeds the OP Unitholder s basis in his OP Units

A non-pro rata distribution (or deemed distribution) of money or property may result in ordinary income to an OP Unitholder, regardless of such OP Unitholder s tax basis in his OP Units, if the distribution reduces such OP Unitholder s share of Aimco OP s Section 751 Assets. Section 751 Assets are defined by the Internal Revenue Code to include unrealized receivables or inventory items. Among other things, unrealized receivables include amounts attributable to previously claimed depreciation deductions on certain types of property. To the extent that such a reduction in an OP Unitholder s share of Section 751 Assets occurs, Aimco OP will be deemed to have distributed a proportionate share of the Section 751 Assets to the OP Unitholder followed by a deemed exchange of such assets with Aimco OP in return for the non-pro rata portion of the actual distribution made to such OP Unitholder. This

deemed exchange will generally result in the realization of ordinary income by the OP Unitholder. Such income will equal the excess of (1) the non-pro rata portion of such distribution over (2) the OP Unitholder s tax basis in such OP Unitholder s share of such Section 751 Assets deemed relinquished in the exchange.

## Tax Consequences Relating To Contributed Assets and Transferred Liabilities

Generally, section 721 of the Internal Revenue Code provides that neither the contributing partner nor Aimco OP will recognize a gain or loss, for United States Federal income tax purposes, upon a contribution of property to Aimco OP solely in exchange for OP Units. If, however, in connection with such a contribution of property, the investor receives, or is deemed to receive, cash or other consideration in addition to OP Units, the receipt or deemed receipt of such cash or other consideration may be treated as part of a disguised sale. In that case, the investor would be treated as having sold, in a taxable transaction, a portion of the contributed property to Aimco OP in exchange for such cash or other considerations; the balance of the contributed property would, however, remain subject to the tax-free contribution treatment described above. Subject to certain exceptions, including exceptions that apply to distributions of operating cash flow, any transfer or deemed transfer (such as a debt pay down which is permitted under the transaction documents), of cash by Aimco OP to the contributing partner within two years before or after such contribution, including cash paid at closing, will be treated as part of a taxable disguised sale. In addition, the IRS may assert that any redemption or exchange transaction involving the OP Units issued in connection with the Transaction that occurs within several years after such transaction constitutes an integrated disguised sale that may result in taxation (without the receipt of cash) for OP Unitholders who do not dispose of their OP Units.

The disguised sale rules may also apply, and give rise to taxable income without a corresponding receipt of cash where, for example, the holder of USRP Units contributes property to Aimco OP subject to one or more liabilities, where liabilities are assumed or paid by Aimco OP or where a redemption or exchange involving the OP Units issued in connection with the Transaction occurs within several years after the Transaction. The application of the disguised sale rules is complex and depends, in part, upon the facts and circumstances applicable to the holders of USRP Units, which Aimco has not undertaken to review. Accordingly, investors are particularly urged with their tax advisors concerning the extent to which the disguised sale rules would apply.

If an investor transfers property to Aimco OP in exchange for an OP Unit, and the adjusted tax basis of such property differs from its fair market value, Partnership Tax Items must be allocated in a manner such that the contributing partner is charged with, or benefits from, the unrealized gain or unrealized loss associated with such property at the time of the contribution. This may result in a tax liability without a corresponding receipt of cash. Where a partner contributes cash to a partnership that holds appreciated property, Treasury Regulations provide for a similar allocation of such items to the other partners. These rules may apply to a contribution by Aimco to Aimco OP of cash proceeds received by Aimco from the offering of its stock. Such allocations are solely for United States Federal income tax purposes and do not affect the book capital accounts or other economic or legal arrangements among the OP Unitholders. The general purpose underlying this provision is to specially allocate certain Partnership Tax Items in order to place both the noncontributing and contributing partners in the same tax position that they would have been in had the contributing partner contributed property with an adjusted tax basis equal to its fair market value. Treasury Regulations provide Aimco OP with several alternative methods and allow Aimco OP to adopt any other reasonable method to make allocations to reduce or eliminate these book-tax differences. The general partner, in its sole and absolute discretion and in a manner consistent with Treasury Regulations, will select and adopt a method of allocating Partnership Tax Items for purposes of eliminating such disparities. The method selected by Aimco OP in its sole discretion could cause the transferor (or its partners) to incur a tax liability without a corresponding receipt of cash. Each prospective investor is urged to consult his tax advisor regarding the tax consequences of any special allocations of Partnership Tax Items resulting from the contribution of property to Aimco OP.

## **Disguised Sales Rules**

As described above, if a contributing partner receives or is deemed to receive for United States Federal income tax purposes, cash or other consideration in addition to OP Units upon the contribution of property to Aimco OP or within two years before or after such consideration (other than certain safe harbor distributions), the transaction will likely be

treated as part contribution of property and part sale of property under the disguised sale rules. The disguised sale rules may also apply where property is transferred to Aimco OP subject to certain liabilities. In such event, the contributing partner will recognize gain or loss with respect to the portion of the property that is deemed to be sold to Aimco OP. If the disguised sale rules apply, all or a portion of the liabilities associated with

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the contributed property may be treated as consideration received by the contributing partner in a sale of the property to Aimco OP. The disguised sale rules may apply if, for example, the issuance of OP Units to USRP limited partners in connection with the merger is integrated with any other acquisition between Aimco and any OP Unitholder or any related party. For example, the IRS may assert that any redemption or exchange for several years between Aimco OP and any OP Unitholder who receives OP Units in the current transaction constitutes an integrated disguised sale that may result in taxation (without receipt of cash) for OP Unitholders who do not dispose of their OP Units. No assurances can be given that the IRS would not be successful in such an assertion. Each prospective investor is urged to consult his tax advisor regarding the application of the disguised sale rules.

### Limitations On Deductibility Of Losses

*Basis Limitation.* To the extent that an OP Unitholder s allocable share of Aimco OP partnership deductions and losses exceeds his adjusted tax basis in his Aimco OP interest at the end of the taxable year in which the losses and deductions flow through, the excess losses and deductions cannot be utilized, for United States Federal income tax purposes, by the OP Unitholder in such year. The excess losses and deductions may, however, be utilized in the first succeeding taxable year in which, and to the extent that, there is an increase in the tax basis of Aimco OP interest held by such OP Unitholder, but only to the extent permitted under the at risk and passive activity loss rules discussed below.

At Risk Limitation. Under the at risk rules of section 465 of the Internal Revenue Code, a noncorporate taxpayer and a closely held corporate taxpayer are generally not permitted to claim a deduction, for United States Federal income tax purposes, in respect of a loss from an activity, whether conducted directly by the taxpayer or through an investment in a partnership, to the extent that the loss exceeds the aggregate dollar amount which the taxpayer has at risk in such activity at the close of the taxable year. To the extent that losses are not permitted to be used in any taxable year, such losses may be carried over to subsequent taxable years and may be claimed as a deduction by the taxpayer if, and to the extent that, the amount which the taxpayer has at risk is increased. Provided certain requirements are met, a taxpayer is considered at risk for the taxpayer s share of any nonrecourse financing which is secured by real property used in any activity that constitutes the holding of real property, which activity should be the case for a limited partner of a common OP Unit generally should constitute.

*Passive Activity Loss Limitation.* The passive activity loss rules of section 469 of the Internal Revenue Code limit the use of losses derived from passive activities, which generally includes an investment in limited partnership interests such as the OP Units. If an investment in an OP Unit is treated as a passive activity, an OP Unitholder who is an individual investor, as well as certain other types of investors, would not be able to use losses from Aimco OP to offset nonpassive activity income, including salary, business income, and portfolio income (e.g., dividends, interest, royalties, and gain on the disposition of portfolio investments) received during the taxable year. Passive activity losses that are disallowed for a particular taxable year may, however, be carried forward to offset passive activity income earned by the OP Unitholder in future taxable years. In addition, such disallowed losses may be claimed as a deduction, subject to the basis and at risk limitations discussed above, upon a taxable disposition of an OP Unitholder s entire interest in Aimco OP, regardless of whether such OP Unitholder has received any passive activity income during the year of disposition.

If Aimco OP were characterized as a publicly traded partnership, each OP Unitholder would be required to treat any loss derived from Aimco OP separately from any income or loss derived from any other publicly traded partnership, as well as from income or loss derived from other passive activities. In such case, any net losses or credits attributable to Aimco OP which are carried forward may only be offset against future income of Aimco OP. Moreover, unlike other passive activity losses, suspended losses attributable to Aimco OP would only be allowed upon the complete disposition of the OP Unitholder s entire interest in Aimco OP.

### Section 754 Election

Aimco OP has made the election permitted by section 754 of the Internal Revenue Code. Such election is irrevocable without the consent of the IRS. The election will generally permit a purchaser of OP Units, such as Aimco when it acquires Aimco OP Units from OP Unitholders, to adjust its share of the basis in Aimco OP s properties pursuant to section 743(b) of the Internal Revenue Code to fair market value (as reflected by the value of

consideration paid for the OP Units), as if such purchaser had acquired a direct interest in Aimco OP assets. The section 743(b) adjustment is attributed solely to a purchaser of OP Units and is not added to the bases of Aimco OP s assets associated with all of the OP Unitholders in Aimco OP.

# Depreciation

Section 168(i)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code provides that in the case of property transferred to a partnership in a section 721 transaction, the transferee shall be treated as the transferor for purposes of computing the depreciation deduction with respect to so much of the basis in the hands of the transferee as does not exceed the adjusted basis in the hands of the transferor. The effect of this rule would be to continue the historic basis, placed in service dates and methods with respect to the depreciation of the properties being contributed by a Contributing Partner to Aimco OP in exchange for OP Units. However, an acquirer of OP Units that obtains a section 743(b) adjustment by reason of such acquisition (see Section 754 Election, above) generally will be allowed depreciation with respect to such adjustment beginning as of the date of the exchange as if it were new property placed in service as of that date.

## Sale, Redemption, Exchange or Abandonment of OP Units

An OP Unitholder will recognize a gain or loss upon a sale of an OP Unit, a redemption of an OP Unit for cash, an exchange of an OP Unit for shares of common stock or other taxable disposition of an OP Unit. Gain or loss recognized upon a sale or exchange of an OP Unit will be equal to the difference between (i) the amount realized in the transaction (i.e., the sum of the cash and the fair market value of any property received for the OP Unit plus the amount of Aimco OP liabilities allocable to the OP Unit at such time) and (ii) the OP Unitholder s tax basis in the OP Unit disposed of, which tax basis will be adjusted for the OP Unitholder s allocable share of Aimco OP s income or loss for the taxable year of the disposition. The tax liability resulting from the gain recognized on a disposition of an OP Unit could exceed the amount of cash and the fair market value of property received.

If Aimco OP redeems an OP Unitholder s OP Units for cash (which is not contributed by Aimco to effect the redemption), the tax consequences generally would be the same as described in the preceding paragraphs, except that if Aimco OP redeems less than all of an OP Unitholder s OP Units, the OP Unitholder would recognize taxable gain only to the extent that the cash, plus the amount of Aimco OP liabilities allocable to the redeemed OP Units, exceeded the OP Unitholder s adjusted tax basis in all of such OP Unitholder s OP Units immediately before the redemption.

Capital gains recognized by individuals and certain other noncorporate taxpayers upon the sale or disposition of an OP Unit will be subject to taxation at long term capital gains rates if the OP Unit is held for more than 12 months and will be taxed at ordinary income tax rates if the OP Unit is held for 12 months or less. Generally, gain or loss recognized by an OP Unitholder on the sale or other taxable disposition of an OP Unit will be taxable as capital gain or loss. However, to the extent that the amount realized upon the sale or other taxable disposition of an OP Unit attributable to an OP Unitholder s share of unrealized receivables of Aimco OP exceeds the basis attributable to those assets, such excess will be treated as ordinary income. Among other things, unrealized receivables include amounts attributable to previously claimed depreciation deductions on certain types of property. In addition, the maximum United States Federal income tax rate for net capital gains attributable to the sale of depreciable real property (which may be determined to include an interest in a partnership such as Aimco OP) held for more than 12 months is currently 25% (rather than 15%) to the extent of previously claimed depreciation deductions that would not be treated as unrealized receivables. See also Disguised Sales Rules above for sales integrated with the contribution of property for OP Units.

The law is currently uncertain regarding the treatment of an abandoned interest in a partnership, and whether an abandonment gives rise to a deductible loss is a question of fact. Even if an investor were able to successfully abandon his interest in an OP Unit and thereby recognized loss to the extent of his basis in such OP Unit, under authority

recently issued by the IRS, it is likely that such loss would be capital, rather than ordinary, in nature. Prospective investors are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the application, effect and method of abandoning an interest in an OP Unit.

### Alternative Minimum Tax

The Internal Revenue Code contains different sets of minimum tax rules applicable to corporate and noncorporate investors. The discussion below relates only to the alternative minimum tax applicable to noncorporate taxpayers. Accordingly, corporate investors should consult with their tax advisors with respect to the effect of the corporate minimum tax provisions that may be applicable to them. Noncorporate taxpayers are subject to an alternative minimum tax to the extent the tentative minimum tax (TMT) exceeds the regular income tax otherwise payable. In general, alternative minimum taxable income (AMTI) consists of the taxpayer s taxable income, determined with certain adjustments, plus his items of tax preference. For example, alternative minimum taxable income is calculated using an alternative cost recovery (depreciation) system that is not as favorable as the methods provided for under section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code which Aimco OP will use in computing its income for regular United States Federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, an OP Unitholder s AMTI derived from Aimco OP may be higher than such OP Unitholder s share of Aimco OP s net taxable income. Prospective investors should consult their tax advisors as to the impact of an investment in OP Units on their liability for the alternative minimum tax.

#### Information Returns and Audit Procedures

Aimco OP will use all reasonable efforts to furnish to each OP Unitholder as soon as possible after the close of each taxable year of Aimco OP, certain tax information, including a Schedule K-l, which sets forth each OP Unitholder s allocable share of Aimco OP s Partnership Tax Items. In preparing this information the general partner will use various accounting and reporting conventions to determine the respective OP Unitholder s allocable share of Partnership Tax Items. The general partner cannot assure a current or prospective OP Unitholder that the IRS will not successfully contend in court that such accounting and reporting conventions are impermissible.

No assurance can be given that Aimco OP will not be audited by the IRS or that tax adjustments will not be made. Further, any adjustments in Aimco OP s tax returns will lead to adjustments in OP Unitholders tax returns and may lead to audits of their returns and adjustments of items unrelated to Aimco OP. Each OP Unitholder would bear the cost of any expenses incurred in connection with an examination of such OP Unitholder s personal tax return.

The tax treatment of Partnership Tax Items generally is determined at the partnership level in a unified partnership proceeding rather than in separate proceedings with the partners. The Internal Revenue Code provides for one partner to be designated as the Tax Matters Partner for these purposes.

The Tax Matters Partner is authorized, but not required, to take certain actions on behalf of Aimco OP and OP Unitholders and can extend the statute of limitations for assessment of tax deficiencies against OP Unitholders with respect to Aimco OP Tax Items. The Tax Matters Partner may bind an OP Unitholder with less than a 1% profits interest in Aimco OP to a settlement with the IRS, unless such OP Unitholder elects, by filing a statement with the IRS, not to give such authority to the Tax Matters Partner. The Tax Matters Partner may seek judicial review (to which all the OP Unitholders are bound) of a final partnership administrative adjustment and, if the Tax Matters Partner fails to seek judicial review, such review may be sought by any OP Unitholder having at least a 1% interest in the profits of Aimco OP or by OP Unitholders having in the aggregate at least a 5% profits interest. However, only one action for judicial review will go forward, and each OP Unitholder with an interest in the outcome may participate.

### Tax Return Disclosure and Investor List Requirements

Treasury Regulations require participants in a reportable transaction to disclose certain information about the transaction to the IRS with their tax returns and retain certain information relating to the transaction (the Disclosure Requirement ). In addition, organizers, sellers, and certain advisors of a reportable transaction are required to maintain

certain records, including lists identifying the investors in a transaction, and to furnish those records, as well as detailed information regarding the transaction, to the IRS upon demand (the List Maintenance Requirement ). While the Disclosure Requirement and the List Maintenance Requirement are directed towards tax shelters, the regulations are written quite broadly, and apply to transactions that would not typically be considered tax shelters. There are significant penalties for failure to comply with these requirements.

A transaction may be a reportable transaction based upon any of several indicia, including, among other things, losses. Characterization of this transaction as a reportable transaction could increase the likelihood of an audit by the IRS. You would be required to attach a completed IRS Form 8886, the Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement, to your tax return for the taxable year of the transaction, as well as provide a copy of this form to the Office of Tax Shelter Analysis at the same time that such statement is first filed with the IRS. You should consult your tax advisors concerning these disclosure obligations with respect to the receipt or disposition of Common OP Units, or transactions that might be undertaken directly or indirectly by Aimco OP. Moreover, you should be aware that Aimco OP and other participants in the transactions involving Aimco OP (including their advisors) would be subject to the Disclosure Requirement and/or the List Maintenance Requirement if this transaction were to be classified as a reportable transaction.

### Taxation Of Foreign OP Unitholders

A Non-U.S. Holder (as defined below under Material United States Federal Income Tax Matters Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Taxation of Foreign Stockholders) will generally be considered to be engaged in a United States trade or business on account of its ownership of an OP Unit. As a result, a Non-U.S. Holder will be required to file United States Federal income tax returns with respect to its allocable share of Aimco OP s income which is effectively connected to its trade or business. A Non-U.S. Holder that is a corporation may also be subject to United States branch profit tax at a rate of 30%, in addition to regular United States Federal income tax, on its allocable share of such income. Such a tax may be reduced or eliminated by an income tax treaty between the United States and the country with respect to which the Non-U.S. Holder is resident for tax purposes. Non-U.S. Holders are advised to consult their tax advisors regarding the effects an investment in Aimco OP may have on information return requirements and other United States and non-United States tax matters, including the tax consequences of an investment in Aimco OP for the country or other jurisdiction of which such Non-U.S. Holder is a citizen or in which such Non-U.S. Holder resides or is otherwise located.

### **Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders**

### Taxation of Aimco

The REIT provisions of the Internal Revenue Code are highly technical and complex. The following summary sets forth certain aspects of the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code that govern the United States Federal income tax treatment of a REIT and its stockholders. This summary is qualified in its entirety by the applicable Internal Revenue Code provisions, Treasury Regulations, and administrative and judicial interpretations thereof, all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect.

Aimco has elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code commencing with its taxable year ended December 31, 1994, and Aimco intends to continue such election. Although Aimco believes that, commencing with the Aimco s initial taxable year ended December 31, 1994, Aimco was organized in conformity with the requirements for qualification as a REIT, and its actual method of operation has enabled, and its proposed method of operation will enable, it to meet the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code, no assurance can be given that Aimco has been or will remain so qualified. Such qualification and taxation as a REIT depends upon Aimco s ability to meet, on a continuing basis, through actual annual operating results, asset ownership, distribution levels, requirements regard diversity of stock ownership, and the various qualification tests imposed under the Internal Revenue Code as discussed below. No assurance can be given that the actual results of Aimco s operation for any one taxable year will satisfy such requirements. See Material United States Federal Income Tax Matters Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Failure to Qualify. No assurance can be given that the IRS will not challenge Aimco s eligibility for taxation as a REIT.

## Taxation of REITs in General

Provided Aimco qualifies as a REIT, it will generally be entitled to a deduction for dividends that it pays and therefore will not be subject to United States Federal corporate income tax on its net income that is currently distributed to its stockholders. This deduction for dividends paid substantially eliminates the double taxation of corporate income (i.e., taxation at both the corporate and stockholder levels) that generally results from investment

in a corporation. Rather, income generated by a REIT is generally taxed only at the stockholder level upon a distribution of dividends by the REIT.

The rates at which individual stockholders are taxed on corporate dividends are set to increase to 39.6% after December 31, 2010, absent further Congressional action. With limited exceptions, however, dividends received by stockholders from Aimco or from other entities that are taxed as REITs are generally not eligible for the reduced rates formerly applicable to qualified dividend income, and will continue to be taxed at rates applicable to ordinary income. See Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Taxation of Stockholders Taxation of Taxable Domestic Stockholders Distributions.

Net operating losses, foreign tax credits and other tax attributes of a REIT generally do not pass through to the stockholders of the REIT, subject to special rules for certain items such as capital gains recognized by REITs. See Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Taxation of Stockholders.

If Aimco qualifies as a REIT, it will nonetheless be subject to Federal income tax in the following circumstances:

Aimco will be taxed at regular corporate rates on any undistributed REIT taxable income, including undistributed net capital gains.

A 100% excise tax may be imposed on some items of income and expense that are directly or constructively paid between Aimco and its taxable REIT subsidiaries (as described below) if and to the extent that the IRS successfully asserts that the economic arrangements between Aimco and its taxable REIT subsidiaries are not comparable to similar arrangements between unrelated parties.

If Aimco has net income from prohibited transactions, which are, in general, sales or other dispositions of property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business, other than foreclosure property, such income will be subject to a 100% tax.

If we elect to treat property that we acquire in connection with a foreclosure of a mortgage loan or certain leasehold terminations as foreclosure property, we may thereby avoid the 100% prohibited transactions tax on gain from a resale of that property (if the sale would otherwise constitute a prohibited transaction), but the income from the sale or operation of the property may be subject to corporate income tax at the highest applicable rate. We do not anticipate receiving any income from foreclosure property.

If Aimco should fail to satisfy the 75% gross income test or the 95% gross income test (as discussed below), but has nonetheless maintained its qualification as a REIT because certain other requirements have been met, it will be subject to a 100% tax on an amount based on the magnitude of the failure adjusted to reflect the profit margin associated with Aimco s gross income.

Similarly, if Aimco should fail to satisfy the asset or other requirements applicable to REITs, as described below, yet nonetheless maintain its qualification as a REIT because there is reasonable cause for the failure and other applicable requirements are met, it may be subject to an excise tax. In that case, the amount of the tax will be at least \$50,000 per failure, and, in the case of certain asset test failures, will be determined as the amount of net income generated by the assets in question multiplied by the highest corporate tax rate if that amount exceeds \$50,000 per failure.

If Aimco should fail to distribute during each calendar year at least the sum of (i) 85% of its REIT ordinary income for such year, (ii) 95% of its REIT capital gain net income for such year, and (iii) any undistributed taxable income from prior periods, Aimco would be required to pay a 4% excise tax on the excess of the

required distribution over the sum of (a) the amounts actually distributed, plus (b) retained amounts on which income tax is paid at the corporate level.

Aimco may be required to pay monetary penalties to the IRS in certain circumstances, including if it fails to meet the record keeping requirements intended to monitor its compliance with rules relating to the composition of a REIT s stockholders, as described below in Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Requirements for Qualification General.

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If Aimco acquires appreciated assets from a corporation that is not a REIT (i.e., a subchapter C corporation ) in a transaction in which the adjusted tax basis of the assets in the hands of Aimco is determined by reference to the adjusted tax basis of the assets in the hands of the subchapter C corporation, Aimco may be subject to tax on such appreciation at the highest corporate income tax rate then applicable if Aimco subsequently recognizes gain on the disposition of any such asset during the ten-year period following its acquisition from the subchapter C corporation.

Certain earnings of Aimco s subsidiaries are subchapter C corporations, the earnings of which could be subject to Federal corporate income tax.

Aimco may be subject to the alternative minimum tax on its items of tax preference, including any deductions of net operating losses.

Aimco and its subsidiaries may be subject to a variety of taxes, including state, local and foreign income taxes, property taxes and other taxes on their assets and operations. Aimco could also be subject to tax in situations and on transactions not presently contemplated.

#### Requirements for Qualification

The Internal Revenue Code defines a REIT as a corporation, trust or association:

1. that is managed by one or more trustees or directors;

2. the beneficial ownership of which is evidenced by transferable shares, or by transferable certificates of beneficial interest;

3. that would be taxable as a domestic corporation, but for the special Internal Revenue Code provisions applicable to REITs;

4. that is neither a financial institution nor an insurance company subject to certain provisions of the Internal Revenue Code;

5. the beneficial ownership of which is held by 100 or more persons;

6. in which, during the last half of each taxable year, not more than 50% in value of the outstanding stock is owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code to include certain entities); and

7. that meets other tests described below (including with respect to the nature of its income and assets).

The Internal Revenue Code provides that conditions (1) through (4) must be met during the entire taxable year, and that the condition (5) must be met during at least 335 days of a taxable year of 12 months, or during a proportionate part of a shorter taxable year.

Aimco believes that it has been organized, has operated and has issued sufficient shares of stock to satisfy conditions (1) through (7) inclusive. Aimco s articles of incorporation provide certain restrictions regarding transfers of its shares, which are intended to assist Aimco in satisfying the share ownership requirements described in conditions (5) and (6) above. These restrictions, however, may not ensure that Aimco will, in all cases, be able to satisfy the share

ownership requirements described in (5) and (6) above.

To monitor Aimco s compliance with the share ownership requirements, Aimco is generally required to maintain records regarding the actual ownership of its shares. To do so, Aimco must demand written statements each year from the record holders of certain percentages of its stock in which the record holders are to disclose the actual owners of the shares (i.e., the persons required to include in gross income the dividends paid by Aimco). A list of those persons failing or refusing to comply with this demand must be maintained as part of Aimco s records. Failure by Aimco to comply with these record keeping requirements could subject it to monetary penalties. A stockholder who fails or refuses to comply with the demand is required by the Treasury Regulations to submit a statement with its tax return disclosing the actual ownership of the shares and certain other information.

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In addition, a corporation generally may not elect to become a REIT unless its taxable year is the calendar year. Aimco satisfies this requirement.

The Internal Revenue Code provides relief from violations of the REIT gross income requirements, as described below under Income Tests, in cases where a violation is due to reasonable cause and not willful neglect, and other requirements are met, including the payment of a penalty tax that is based upon the magnitude of the violation. In addition, the Internal Revenue Code extends similar relief in the case of certain violations of the REIT asset requirements (see Asset Tests below) and other REIT requirements, again provided that the violation is due to reasonable cause and not willful neglect, and other conditions are met, including the payment of a penalty tax. If Aimco fails to satisfy any of the various REIT requirements, there can be no assurance that these relief provisions would be available to enable it to maintain its qualification as a REIT, and, if available, the amount of any resultant penalty tax could be substantial.

### Effect of Subsidiary Entities

*Ownership of Partnership Interests.* In the case of a REIT that is a partner in a partnership, the Treasury Regulations provide that the REIT is deemed to own its proportionate share of the partnership s assets and to earn its proportionate share of the partnership s income for purposes of the asset and gross income tests applicable to REITs as described below. Similarly, the assets and gross income of the partnership are deemed to retain the same character in the hands of the REIT. Thus, Aimco s proportionate share of the assets, liabilities and items of income of the Subsidiary Partnerships will be treated as assets, liabilities and items of income of Aimco for purposes of applying the REIT requirements described below. A summary of certain rules governing the Federal income taxation of partnerships and their partners is provided below in Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Tax Aspects of Investments in Affiliated Entities Partnerships.

*Disregarded Subsidiaries*. Aimco s indirect interests in Aimco OP and other Subsidiary Partnerships are held through wholly owned corporate subsidiaries of Aimco organized and operated as qualified REIT subsidiaries within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code. A qualified REIT subsidiary is any corporation, other than a taxable REIT subsidiary as described below, that is wholly owned by a REIT, or by other disregarded subsidiaries, or by a combination of the two. If a REIT owns a qualified REIT subsidiary, that subsidiary is disregarded for Federal income tax purposes, and all assets, liabilities and items of income, deduction and credit of the subsidiary are treated as assets, liabilities and items of income, deduction and credit of the REIT subsidiary, therefore, is not subject to Federal corporate income taxation, although it may be subject to state or local taxation. Other entities that are wholly owned by a REIT, including single member limited liability companies, are also generally disregarded as separate entities for Federal income tax purposes, including for purposes of the REIT income and asset tests. Disregarded subsidiaries have an equity interest, are sometimes referred to herein as pass-through subsidiaries.

In the event that a disregarded subsidiary of Aimco ceases to be wholly owned for example, if any equity interest in the subsidiary is acquired by a person other than Aimco or another disregarded subsidiary of Aimco the subsidiary s separate existence would no longer be disregarded for Federal income tax purposes. Instead, it would have multiple owners and would be treated as either a partnership or a taxable corporation. Such an event could, depending on the circumstances, adversely affect Aimco s ability to satisfy the various asset and gross income requirements applicable to REITs, including the requirement that REITs generally may not own, directly or indirectly, more than 10% of the securities of another corporation. See Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Asset Tests and Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Income Tests.

*Taxable Subsidiaries.* A REIT, in general, may jointly elect with subsidiary corporations, whether or not wholly owned, to treat the subsidiary corporation as a taxable REIT subsidiary (TRS). A TRS also includes any corporation, other than a REIT, with respect to which a TRS in which a REIT owns an interest, owns securities possessing 35% of the total voting power or total value of the outstanding securities of such corporation. The separate existence of a TRS or other taxable corporation, unlike a disregarded subsidiary as discussed above, is not ignored for Federal income tax purposes. As a result, a parent REIT is not treated as holding the assets of a TRS or as receiving any income that the TRS earns. Rather, the stock issued by the TRS is an asset in the hands of the parent

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REIT, and the REIT recognizes as income, the dividends, if any, that it receives from the subsidiary. This treatment can affect the income and asset test calculations that apply to the REIT, as described below. Because a parent REIT does not include the assets and income of such subsidiary corporations in determining the parent s compliance with the REIT requirements, such entities may be used by the parent REIT to indirectly undertake activities that the REIT rules might otherwise preclude it from doing directly or through pass-through subsidiaries (for example, activities that give rise to certain categories of income such as management fees or foreign currency gains). As a taxable corporation, a TRS is required to pay regular Federal income tax, and state and local income tax where applicable.

Certain of Aimco s operations (including certain of its property management, asset management, risk, etc.) are conducted through its taxable REIT subsidiaries. Because Aimco is not required to include the assets and income of such taxable REIT subsidiaries in determining Aimco s compliance with the REIT requirements, Aimco uses its taxable REIT subsidiaries to facilitate its ability to offer services and activities to its residents that are not generally considered as qualifying REIT services and activities. If Aimco fails to properly structure and provide such nonqualifying services and activities through its taxable REIT subsidiaries, its ability to satisfy the REIT gross income requirement, and also its REIT status, may be jeopardized.

A TRS may generally engage in any business except the operation or management of a lodging or health care facility. The operation or management of a health care or lodging facility precludes a corporation from qualifying as a TRS. If any of Aimco s taxable REIT subsidiaries were deemed to operate or manage a health care or lodging facility, such taxable REIT subsidiaries would fail to qualify as taxable REIT subsidiaries, and Aimco would fail to qualify as a REIT. Aimco believes that none of its taxable REIT subsidiaries operate or manage any health care or lodging facility. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not contend that any of Aimco s taxable REIT subsidiaries operate or manage a health care or lodging facility, disqualifying it from treatment as a TRS, thereby resulting in the disqualification of Aimco as a REIT.

Several provisions of the Internal Revenue Code regarding arrangements between a REIT and a TRS ensure that a TRS will be subject to an appropriate level of Federal income taxation. For example, a TRS is limited in its ability to deduct interest payments made to its REIT owner. In addition, Aimco would be obligated to pay a 100% penalty tax on some payments that it receives from, or on certain expenses deducted by, its taxable REIT subsidiaries, if the IRS were to successfully assert that the economic arrangements between Aimco and its taxable REIT subsidiaries are not comparable to similar arrangements among unrelated parties. See Taxation of REITs in General Penalty Tax.

### Income Tests

In order to maintain qualification as a REIT, Aimco annually must satisfy two gross income requirements:

First, at least 75% of Aimco s gross income for each taxable year, excluding gross income from sales of inventory or dealer property in prohibited transactions, must be derived from investments relating to real property or mortgages on real property, including rents from real property, dividends received from other REITs, interest income derived from mortgage loans secured by real property, and gains from the sale of real estate assets, as well as certain types of temporary investments.

Second, at least 95% of Aimco s gross income for each taxable year, excluding gross income from prohibited transactions, must be derived from some combination of such income from investments in real property (i.e., income that qualifies under the 75% income test described above), as well as other dividends, interest and gains from the sale or disposition of stock or securities, which need not have any relation to real property.

Rents received by Aimco directly or through the Subsidiary Partnerships will qualify as rents from real property in satisfying the gross income requirements described above, only if several conditions are met, including the following. If rent is partly attributable to personal property leased in connection with a lease of real property, the portion of the total rent attributable to the personal property will not qualify as rents from real property unless it constitutes 15% or less of the total rent received under the lease. Moreover, for rents received to qualify as rents from real property, the REIT generally must not operate or manage the property (subject to certain exceptions) or furnish or render services to the tenants of such property, other than through an independent contractor from

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which the REIT derives no revenue. Aimco and its affiliates are permitted, however, to directly perform services that are usually or customarily rendered in connection with the rental of space for occupancy only and are not otherwise considered rendered to the occupant of the property. In addition, Aimco and its affiliates may directly or indirectly provide non-customary services to tenants of its properties without disqualifying all of the rent from the property if the payment for such services does not exceed 1% of the total gross income from the property. For purposes of this test, the income received from such non-customary services is deemed to be at least 150% of the direct cost of providing the services. Moreover, Aimco is generally permitted to provide services to tenants or others through a TRS without disqualifying the rental income received from tenants for purposes of the REIT income requirements.

Aimco manages apartment properties for third parties and affiliates through its taxable REIT subsidiaries. These taxable REIT subsidiaries receive management fees and other income. A portion of such fees and other income accrue to Aimco through distributions from the taxable REIT subsidiaries that are classified as dividend income to the extent of the earnings and profits of the taxable REIT subsidiaries. Such distributions will generally qualify for purposes of the 95% gross income test but not for purposes of the 75% gross income test. Any dividends received by us from a REIT will be qualifying income in our hands for purposes of both the 95% and 75% income tests.

Any income or gain derived by Aimco directly or through its Subsidiary Partnerships from instruments that hedge certain risks, such as the risk of changes in interest rates, will not constitute gross income for purposes of the 75% or 95% gross income test, provided that specified requirements are met. Such requirements include that the instrument hedges risks associated with indebtedness issued by Aimco or its Subsidiary Partnerships that is incurred to acquire or carry real estate assets (as described below under Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Asset Tests), and the instrument is properly identified as a hedge, along with the risk that it hedges, within prescribed time periods.

If Aimco fails to satisfy one or both of the 75% or 95% gross income tests for any taxable year, it may nevertheless qualify as a REIT for the year if it is entitled to relief under certain provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. These relief provisions will be generally available if Aimco s failure to meet these tests was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect, Aimco attaches a schedule of the sources of its income to its tax return, and any incorrect information on the schedule was not due to fraud with intent to evade tax. It is not possible to state whether Aimco would be entitled to the benefit of these relief provisions in all circumstances. If these relief provisions are inapplicable to a particular set of circumstances involving Aimco, Aimco will not qualify as a REIT. As discussed above under Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Taxation of REITs in General, even where these relief provisions apply, a tax is imposed based upon the amount by which Aimco fails to satisfy the particular gross income test.

### Asset Tests

Aimco, at the close of each calendar quarter of its taxable year, must also satisfy four tests relating to the nature of its assets:

First, at least 75% of the value of the total assets of Aimco total assets must be represented by some combination of real estate assets, cash, cash items, U.S. government securities, and under some circumstances, stock or debt instruments purchased with new capital. For this purpose, real estate assets include interests in real property, such as land, buildings, leasehold interests in real property, stock of other corporations that qualify as REITs, and some kinds of mortgage backed securities and mortgage loans. Assets that do not qualify for purposes of the 75% test are subject to the additional asset tests described below.

Second, not more than 25% of Aimco s total assets may be represented by securities other than those in the 75% asset class.

Third, of the investments included in the 25% asset class, the value of any one issuer s securities owned by Aimco may not exceed 5% of the value of Aimco s total assets, Aimco may not own more than 10% of any one issuer s outstanding voting securities, and Aimco may not own more than 10% of the total value of the

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outstanding securities of any one issuer. The 5% and 10% asset tests do not apply to securities of taxable REIT subsidiaries.

Fourth, the aggregate value of all securities of taxable REIT subsidiaries held by Aimco may not exceed 25% of the value of Aimco s total assets.

Aimco believes that the value of the securities held by Aimco in its taxable REIT subsidiaries will not exceed, in the aggregate, 25% of the value of Aimco s total assets and that Aimco s ownership interests in its taxable REIT subsidiaries qualify under the asset tests set forth above.

Notwithstanding the general rule that a REIT is treated as owning its share of the underlying assets of a subsidiary partnership for purposes of the REIT income and asset tests, if a REIT holds indebtedness issued by a partnership, the indebtedness will be subject to, and may cause a violation of, the asset tests, resulting in loss of REIT status, unless it is a qualifying mortgage asset satisfies the rules for straight debt, or is sufficiently small so as not to otherwise cause an asset test violation. Similarly, although stock of another REIT is a qualifying asset for purposes of the REIT asset tests, non-mortgage debt held by Aimco that is issued by another REIT may not so qualify.

The Internal Revenue Code contains a number of provisions applicable to REITs, including relief provisions that make it easier for REITs to satisfy the asset requirements, or to maintain REIT qualification notwithstanding certain violations of the asset and other requirements.

One such provision allows a REIT which fails one or more of the asset requirements to nevertheless maintain its REIT qualification if (a) it provides the IRS with a description of each asset causing the failure, (b) the failure is due to reasonable cause and not willful neglect, (c) the REIT pays a tax equal to the greater of (i) \$50,000 per failure, and (ii) the product of the net income generated by the assets that caused the failure multiplied by the highest applicable corporate tax rate, and (d) the REIT either disposes of the assets causing the failure within 6 months after the last day of the quarter in which it identifies the failure, or otherwise satisfies the relevant asset tests within that time frame.

A second relief provision contained in the Internal Revenue Code applies to de minimis violations of the 10% and 5% asset tests. A REIT may maintain its qualification despite a violation of such requirements if (a) the value of the assets causing the violation do not exceed the lesser of 1% of the REIT s total assets, and \$10,000,000, and (b) the REIT either disposes of the assets causing the failure within 6 months after the last day of the quarter in which it identifies the failure, or the relevant tests are otherwise satisfied within that time frame.

The Internal Revenue Code also provides that certain securities will not cause a violation of the 10% value test described above. Such securities include instruments that constitute straight debt, which now has an expanded definition and includes securities having certain contingency features. A restriction, however, precludes a security from qualifying as straight debt where a REIT (or a controlled TRS of the REIT) owns other securities of the issuer of that security which do not qualify as straight debt, unless the value of those other securities constitute, in the aggregate, 1% or less of the total value of that issuer s outstanding securities. In addition to straight debt, the Internal Revenue Code provides that certain other securities will not violate the 10% value test. Such securities include (a) any loan made to an individual or an estate, (b) certain rental agreements in which one or more payments are to be made in subsequent years (other than agreements between a REIT and certain persons related to the REIT), (c) any obligation to pay rents from real property, (d) securities issued by governmental entities that are not dependent in whole or in part on the profits of (or payments made by) a non-governmental entity, (e) any security issued by another REIT, and (f) any debt instrument issued by a partnership if the partnership s income is of a nature that it would satisfy the 75% gross income test described above under Income Tests. The Internal Revenue Code also provides that in applying the 10% value test, a debt security issued by a partnership is not taken into account to the extent, if any, of the REIT s proportionate equity interest in that partnership.

Aimco believes that its holding of securities and other assets comply, and will continue to comply, with the foregoing REIT asset requirements, and it intends to monitor compliance on an ongoing basis. No independent appraisals have been obtained, however, to support Aimco s conclusions as to the value of its assets, including Aimco OP s total assets and the value of Aimco OP s interest in the taxable REIT subsidiaries. Moreover, values of some assets may not be susceptible to a precise determination, and values are subject to change in the future.

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Furthermore, the proper classification of an instrument as debt or equity for Federal income tax purposes may be uncertain in some circumstances, which could affect the application of the REIT asset requirements. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not contend that Aimco s interests in its subsidiaries or in the securities of other issuers will cause a violation of the REIT asset requirements and loss of REIT status.

If we should fail to satisfy the asset tests at the end of a calendar quarter, such a failure would not cause us to lose our REIT status if we (1) satisfied the asset tests at the close of the preceding calendar quarter and (2) the discrepancy between the value of our assets and the asset test requirements was not wholly or partly caused by an acquisition of non-qualifying assets, but instead arose from changes in the market value of our assets. If the condition described in (2) were not satisfied, we still could avoid disqualification by eliminating any discrepancy within 30 days after the close of the calendar quarter in which it arose.

#### Annual Distribution Requirements

In order for Aimco to qualify as a REIT, Aimco is required to distribute dividends (other than capital gain dividends) to its stockholders in an amount at least equal to:

the sum of

(a) 90% of Aimco s REIT taxable income (computed without regard to the deduction for dividends paid and net capital gain of Aimco), and

(b) 90% of the net income, if any, from foreclosure property (as described below), minus

the sum of certain items of noncash income.

These distributions must be paid in the taxable year to which they relate, or in the following taxable year if they are declared in October, November, or December of the taxable year, are payable to stockholders of record on a specified date in any such month, and are actually paid before the end of January of the following year. In order for distributions to be counted for this purpose, and to give rise to a tax deduction by Aimco, they must not be preferential dividends. A dividend is not a preferential dividend if it is pro rata among all outstanding shares of stock within a particular class, and is in accordance with the preferences among different classes of stock as set forth in Aimco s organizational documents.

To the extent that Aimco distributes at least 90%, but less than 100%, of its REIT taxable income, as adjusted, it will be subject to tax thereon at ordinary corporate tax rates. In any year, Aimco may elect to retain, rather than distribute, its net capital gain and pay tax on such gain. In such a case, Aimco s stockholders would include their proportionate share of such undistributed long-term capital gain in income and receive a corresponding credit for their share of the tax paid by Aimco. Aimco s stockholders would then increase the adjusted basis of their Aimco shares by the difference between the designated amounts included in their long-term capital gains and the tax deemed paid with respect to their shares.

To the extent that a REIT has available net operating losses carried forward from prior tax years, such losses may reduce the amount of distributions that it must make in order to comply with the REIT distribution requirements. Such losses, however, will generally not affect the character, in the hands of stockholders, of any distributions that are actually made by the REIT, which are generally taxable to stockholders to the extent that the REIT has current or accumulated earnings and profits. See Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Taxation of Stockholders Taxation of Taxable Domestic Stockholders Distributions.

If Aimco should fail to distribute during each calendar year at least the sum of:

85% of its REIT ordinary income for such year,

(c) 95% of its REIT capital gain net income for such year (excluding retained net capital gain), and

(d) any undistributed taxable income from prior periods,

Aimco would be subject to a 4% excise tax on the excess of such required distribution over the sum of (x) the amounts actually distributed, and (y) the amounts of income retained on which it has paid corporate income tax.

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It is possible that Aimco, from time to time, may not have sufficient cash to meet the 90% distribution requirement due to timing differences between (i) the actual receipt of cash (including receipt of distributions from Aimco OP) and (ii) the inclusion of certain items in income by Aimco for Federal income tax purposes. In the event that such timing differences occur, in order to meet the distribution requirements, Aimco may find it necessary to arrange for short-term, or possibly long-term, borrowings, or to pay dividends in the form of taxable in-kind distributions of property.

Under certain circumstances, Aimco may be able to rectify a failure to meet the distribution requirement for a year by paying deficiency dividends to stockholders in a later year, which may be included in Aimco s deduction for dividends paid for the earlier year. In this case, Aimco may be able to avoid losing its REIT status or being taxed on amounts distributed as deficiency dividends; however, Aimco will be required to pay interest and a penalty based on the amount of any deduction taken for deficiency dividends.

## Failure to Qualify

If Aimco fails to qualify for taxation as a REIT in any taxable year, and the relief provisions do not apply, Aimco will be subject to tax, including any applicable alternative minimum tax, on its taxable income at regular corporate rates. Distributions to stockholders in any year in which Aimco fails to qualify will not be deductible by Aimco nor will they be required to be made. In such event, to the extent of current and accumulated earnings and profits, all distributions to stockholders that are individuals will generally be taxable at long term capital gains rates and, subject to certain limitations of the Internal Revenue Code, corporate distributees may be eligible for the dividends received deduction. Unless Aimco is entitled to relief under specific statutory provisions, Aimco would also be disqualified from re-electing to be taxed as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification was lost. It is not possible to state whether, in all circumstances, Aimco would be entitled to this statutory relief.

### **Prohibited Transactions**

Net income derived by a REIT from a prohibited transaction is subject to a 100% excise tax. The term prohibited transaction generally includes a sale or other disposition of property (other than foreclosure property) that is held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of a trade or business. Aimco intends to conduct its operations so that no asset owned by Aimco or its pass-through subsidiaries will be held for sale to customers, and that a sale of any such asset will not be in the ordinary course of Aimco s business. Whether property is held primarily for sale to customers or a trade or business depends, however, on the particular facts and circumstances. No assurance can be given that any property sold by Aimco will not be treated as property held for sale to customers, or that Aimco can comply with certain safe-harbor provisions of the Internal Revenue Code that would prevent the imposition of the 100% excise tax. The 100% tax does not apply to gains from the sale of property that is held through a TRS or other taxable corporation, although such income will be subject to tax in the hands of the corporation at regular corporate rates.

### Penalty Tax

Aimco will be subject to a 100% penalty tax on the amount of certain non-arm s length payments received from, or certain expenses deducted by, its taxable REIT subsidiaries if the IRS were to successfully assert that the economic arrangements between Aimco and its taxable REIT subsidiaries are not comparable to similar transaction between unrelated parties. Such amounts may include rents from real property that are overstated as a result of services furnished by a TRS to tenants of Aimco and amounts that are deducted by a TRS for payments made to Aimco that are in excess of the amounts that would have been charged by an unrelated party.

Aimco believes that the fees paid to its taxable REIT subsidiaries for tenant services are comparable to the fees that would be paid to an unrelated third party negotiating at arm s-length. This determination, however, is inherently factual, and the IRS may assert that the fees paid by Aimco do not represent arm s-length amounts. If the IRS successfully made such an assertion, Aimco would be required to pay a 100% penalty tax on the excess of an arm s-length fee for tenant services over the amount actually paid.

### Tax Aspects Of Aimco s Investments In Partnerships

### General

Substantially all of Aimco s investments are held indirectly through Aimco OP. In general, partnerships are pass-through entities that are not subject to Federal income tax. Rather, partners are allocated their proportionate shares of the items of income, gain, loss, deduction and credit of a partnership, and are potentially subject to tax on these items, without regard to whether the partners receive a distribution from the partnership. Aimco will include in its income its proportionate share of the foregoing partnership items for purposes of the various REIT income tests and in the computation of its REIT taxable income. Moreover, for purposes of the REIT asset tests, Aimco will include its proportionate share of assets held by the Subsidiary Partnerships. See Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Taxation of Aimco Effect of Subsidiary Entities Ownership of Partnership Interests.

### Entity Classification.

Aimco s direct and indirect investment in partnerships involves special tax considerations, including the possibility of a challenge by the IRS of the tax status of any of the Subsidiary Partnerships as a partnership, as opposed to as an association taxable as a corporation, for Federal income tax purposes. If any of these entities were treated as an association for Federal income tax purposes, it would be taxable as a corporation and therefore could be subject to an entity-level tax on its income. In such a situation, the character of Aimco s assets and items of gross income would change and could preclude Aimco from satisfying the REIT asset tests and gross income tests (see Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Taxation of Aimco Asset Tests and Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Taxation of Aimco Income Tests ), and in turn could prevent Aimco from qualifying as a REIT unless Aimco is eligible for relief from the violation pursuant to relief provisions described above. See Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Taxation of Aimco Failure to Qualify above for a summary of the effect of Aimco s failure to satisfy the REIT tests for a taxable year, and of the relief provisions. In addition, any change in the status of any of the Subsidiary Partnerships for tax purposes might be treated as a taxable event, in which case Aimco might incur a tax liability without any related cash distributions.

### Tax Allocations With Respect To The Properties.

Under the Internal Revenue Code and the Treasury Regulations, income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to appreciated or depreciated property that is contributed to a partnership in exchange for an interest in the partnership must be allocated for tax purposes in a manner such that the contributing partner is charged with, or benefits from the unrealized gain or unrealized loss associated with the property at the time of the contribution. The amount of the unrealized gain or unrealized loss is generally equal to the difference between the fair market value of the contributed property at the time of contribution, and the adjusted tax basis of such property at the time of contribution (a Book Tax Difference). Such allocations are solely for Federal income tax purposes and do not affect the book capital accounts or other economic or legal arrangements among the partners. Aimco OP was formed by way of contributions of appreciated property. Consequently, allocations must be made in a manner consistent with these requirements. Where a partner contributes cash to a partnership at a time that the partnership holds appreciated (or depreciated) property, the Treasury Regulations provide for a similar allocation of these items to the other (i.e., non-contributing) partners. These rules apply to the contribution by Aimco to Aimco OP of the cash proceeds received in any offerings of its stock.

In general, certain unitholders will be allocated lower amounts of depreciation deductions for tax purposes and increased taxable income and gain on the sale by Aimco OP or other Subsidiary Partnerships of the contributed properties. This will tend to eliminate the Book-Tax Difference over the life of these partnerships. However, the special allocations do not always entirely rectify the Book-Tax Difference on an annual basis or with respect to a

specific taxable transaction such as a sale. Thus, the carryover basis of the contributed properties in the hands of Aimco OP or other Subsidiary Partnerships may cause Aimco to be allocated lower depreciation and other deductions, and possibly greater amounts of taxable income in the event of a sale of such contributed assets in excess of the economic or book income allocated to it as a result of such sale. This may cause Aimco to recognize, over time, taxable income in excess of cash proceeds, which might adversely affect Aimco s ability to comply with

the REIT distribution requirements. See Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Taxation of Aimco Annual Distribution Requirements.

With respect to any property purchased or to be purchased by any of the Subsidiary Partnerships (other than through the issuance of units) subsequent to the formation of Aimco, such property will initially have a tax basis equal to its fair market value and the special allocation provisions described above will not apply.

### Sale Of The Properties.

Aimco s share of any gain realized by Aimco OP or any other Subsidiary Partnership on the sale of any property held as inventory or primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business will be treated as income from a prohibited transaction that is subject to a 100% penalty tax. See United States Federal Income Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholder Taxation of Aimco Prohibited Transactions. Under existing law, whether property is held as inventory or primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of a partnership s trade or business is a question of fact that depends on all the facts and circumstances with respect to the particular transaction. Aimco OP and the other Subsidiary Partnerships intend to hold their properties for investment with a view to long-term appreciation, to engage in the business of acquiring, developing, owning and operating the properties and to make such occasional sales of the properties, including peripheral land, as are consistent with Aimco s investment objectives.

### Taxation of Taxable REIT Subsidiaries

A portion of the amounts to be used to fund distributions to stockholders may come from distributions made by Aimco s taxable REIT subsidiaries to Aimco OP, and interest paid by the taxable REIT subsidiaries on certain notes held by Aimco OP. In general, taxable REIT subsidiaries pay Federal, state and local income taxes on their taxable income at normal corporate rates. Any Federal, state or local income taxes that Aimco s taxable REIT subsidiaries are required to pay will reduce Aimco s cash flow from operating activities and its ability to make payments to holders of its securities.

## Taxation of Stockholders

### Taxable Domestic Stockholders

*Distributions.* Provided that Aimco qualifies as a REIT, distributions made to Aimco s taxable domestic stockholders out of current or accumulated earnings and profits (and not designated as capital gain dividends) will generally be taken into account by them as ordinary income and will not be eligible for the dividends received deduction for corporations. With limited exceptions, dividends received from REITs are not eligible for taxation at the preferential income tax rates for qualified dividends received by individuals from taxable C corporations. Stockholders that are individuals, however, are taxed at the preferential rates on dividends designated by and received from REITs to the extent that the dividends are attributable to (i) income retained by the REIT in the prior taxable year on which the REIT was subject to corporate level income tax (less the amount of tax), (ii) dividends received by the REIT from taxable REIT subsidiaries or other taxable C corporations, or (iii) income in the prior taxable year from the sales of built-in gain property acquired by the REIT from C corporations in carryover basis transactions (less the amount of corporate tax on such income).

Distributions (and retained net capital gains) that are designated as capital gain dividends will generally be taxed to stockholders as long-term capital gains, to the extent that they do not exceed Aimco s actual net capital gain for the taxable year, without regard to the period for which the stockholder has held its stock. However, corporate stockholders may be required to treat up to 20% of certain capital gain dividends as ordinary income. Long-term capital gains are generally taxable at maximum Federal rates of 15% through 2010 (and are set to increase to 20%).

thereafter, absent further Congressional action) in the case of stockholders who are individuals, and 35% in the case of stockholders that are corporations. Capital gains attributable to the sale of depreciable real property held for more than 12 months are subject to a 25% maximum Federal income tax rate for taxpayers who are individuals, to the extent of previously claimed depreciation deductions.

In determining the extent to which a distribution constitutes a dividend for tax purposes, Aimco s earnings and profits generally will be allocated first to distributions with respect to preferred stock prior to allocating any remaining earnings and profits to distributions on Aimco s common stock. If Aimco has net capital gains and designates some or all of its distributions as capital gain dividends to that extent, the capital gain dividends will be allocated among different classes of stock in proportion to the allocation of earnings and profits as described above.

Distributions in excess of current and accumulated earnings and profits will not be taxable to a stockholder to the extent that they do not exceed the adjusted basis of the stockholder s shares in respect of which the distributions were made, but rather will reduce the adjusted basis of such shares. To the extent that such distributions exceed the adjusted basis of a stockholder s shares, they will be included in income as long-term capital gain, or short-term capital gain if the shares have been held for one year or less. In addition, any dividend declared by Aimco in October, November or December of any year and payable to a stockholder of record on a specified date in any such month will be treated as both paid by Aimco and received by the stockholder on December 31 of such year, *provided* that the dividend is actually paid by Aimco before the end of January of the following calendar year.

To the extent that a REIT has available net operating losses and capital losses carried forward from prior tax years, such losses may reduce the amount of distributions that must be made in order to comply with the REIT distribution requirements. See Taxation of Aimco and Aimco Stockholders Taxation of Aimco Annual Distribution Requirements. Such losses, however, are not passed through to stockholders and do not offset income of stockholders from other sources, nor would they affect the character of any distributions that are actually made by a REIT, which are generally subject to tax in the hands of stockholders to the extent that the REIT has current or accumulated earnings and profits.

Dispositions of Aimco Stock. A stockholder will realize gain or loss upon the sale, redemption or other taxable disposition of stock in an amount equal to the difference between the sum of the fair market value of any property and cash received in such disposition, and the stockholder s adjusted tax basis in the stock at the time of the disposition. In general, a stockholder s tax basis will equal the stockholder s acquisition cost, increased by the excess of net capital gains deemed distributed to the stockholder (as discussed above), less tax deemed paid on such net capital gains, and reduced by returns of capital. In general, capital gains recognized by individuals upon the sale or disposition of shares of Aimco stock will be subject to taxation at long term capital gains rates if the Aimco stock is held for more than 12 months, and will be taxed at ordinary income rates if the Aimco stock is held for 12 months or less. Gains recognized by stockholders that are corporations are currently subject to Federal income tax at a maximum rate of 35%, whether or not classified as long-term capital gains. Capital losses recognized by a stockholder upon the disposition of Aimco stock held for more than one year at the time of disposition will be considered long-term capital losses, and are generally available only to offset capital gain income of the stockholder but not ordinary income (except in the case of individuals, who may offset up to \$3,000 of ordinary income each year). In addition, any loss upon a sale or exchange of shares of Aimco stock by a stockholder who has held the shares for six months or less, after applying holding period rules, will be treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent of distributions received from Aimco that are required to be treated by the stockholder as long-term capital gain.

A redemption of Aimco stock (including preferred stock or equity stock) will be treated under Section 302 of the Internal Revenue Code as a dividend subject to tax at ordinary income tax rates (to the extent of Aimco s current or accumulated earnings and profits), unless the redemption satisfies certain tests set forth in Section 302(b) of the Internal Revenue Code enabling the redemption to be treated as a sale or exchange of the stock. The redemption will satisfy such test if it (i) is substantially disproportionate with respect to the holder (which will not be the case if only the stock is redeemed, since it generally does not have voting rights), (ii) results in a complete termination of the holder s stock interest in Aimco, or (iii) is not essentially equivalent to a dividend with respect to the holder, all within the meaning of Section 302(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. In determining whether any of these tests have been met, shares considered to be owned by the holder by reason of certain constructive ownership rules set forth in the Internal

Revenue Code, as well as shares actually owned, must generally be taken into account. Because the determination as to whether any of the alternative tests of Section 302(b) of the Internal Revenue Code is satisfied with respect to any particular holder of the stock will depend upon the facts and circumstances as of the time the determination is made, prospective investors are advised to consult their own tax advisors to determine such tax treatment. If a redemption of the stock is treated as a distribution that is taxable as a dividend, the amount of

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the distribution would be measured by the amount of cash and the fair market value of any property received by the stockholders. The stockholder s adjusted tax basis in such redeemed stock would be transferred to the holder s remaining stockholdings in Aimco. If, however, the stockholder has no remaining stockholdings in Aimco, such basis may, under certain circumstances, be transferred to a related person or it may be lost entirely.

If an investor recognizes a loss upon a subsequent disposition of stock or other securities of Aimco in an amount that exceeds a prescribed threshold, it is possible that the provisions of the Treasury Regulations involving reportable transactions could apply, with a resulting requirement to separately disclose the loss generating transaction to the IRS. While these Treasury Regulations are directed towards tax shelters, they are written quite broadly, and apply to transactions that would not typically be considered tax shelters. In addition, the Internal Revenue Code imposes penalties for failure to comply with these requirements. Prospective investors should consult your tax advisors concerning any possible disclosure obligation with respect to the receipt or disposition of stock or securities of Aimco, or transactions that might be undertaken directly or indirectly by Aimco. Moreover, prospective investors should be aware that Aimco and other participants in the transactions involving Aimco (including their advisors) might be subject to disclosure or other requirements pursuant to these Treasury Regulations.

### Taxation Of Foreign Stockholders

The following is a summary of certain anticipated U.S. Federal income and estate tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of securities applicable to Non-U.S. Holders of securities. A Non-U.S. Holder is generally any person other than (i) a citizen or resident of the United States, (ii) a corporation or partnership created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States or of any state thereof or the District of Columbia, (iii) an estate whose income is includable in gross income for U.S. Federal income tax purposes regardless of its source or (iv) a trust if a United States court is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of such trust and one or more United States fiduciaries have the authority to control all substantial decisions of such trust. The discussion is based on current law and is for general information only. The discussion addresses only certain and not all aspects of U.S. Federal income and estate taxation.

*Ordinary Dividends.* The portion of dividends received by Non-U.S. Holders payable out of Aimco s earnings and profits which are not attributable to capital gains of Aimco and which are not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. Holder will be subject to U.S. withholding tax at the rate of 30% (unless reduced by treaty and the Non-U.S. Holder provides appropriate documentation regarding its eligibility for treaty benefits). In general, Non-U.S. Holders will not be considered engaged in a U.S. trade or business solely as a result of their ownership of securities. In cases where the dividend income from a Non-U.S. Holder s investment in securities is, or is treated as, effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder s conduct of a U.S. trade or business, the Non-U.S. Holder generally will be subject to U.S. tax at graduated rates, in the same manner as domestic stockholders are taxed with respect to such dividends, such income must generally be reported on a U.S. income tax return filed by or on behalf of the non-U.S. holder, and the income may also be subject to the 30% branch profits tax in the case of a Non-U.S. Holder that is a corporation.

*Non-Dividend Distributions.* Unless Aimco stock constitutes a United States real property interest (a USRPI ) within the meaning of the Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act of 1980 (FIRPTA), distributions by Aimco which are not dividends out of the earnings and profits of Aimco will not be subject to U.S. income tax. If it cannot be determined at the time at which a distribution is made whether or not the distribution will exceed current and accumulated earnings and profits, the distribution will be subject to withholding at the rate applicable to dividends. However, the Non-U.S. Holder may seek a refund from the IRS of any amounts withheld if it is subsequently determined that the distribution was, in fact, in excess of current and accumulated earnings and profits of Aimco. If Aimco stock constitutes a USRPI, distributions by Aimco in excess of the sum of its earnings and profits plus the stockholder s basis in its Aimco stock will be taxed under the FIRPTA at the rate of tax, including any applicable

capital gains rates, that would apply to a domestic stockholder of the same type (e.g., an individual or a corporation, as the case may be), and the collection of the tax will be enforced by a refundable withholding at a rate of 10% of the amount by which the distribution exceeds the stockholder s share of Aimco s earnings and profits.

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*Capital Gain Dividends.* Under FIRPTA, a distribution made by Aimco to a Non-U.S. Holder, to the extent attributable to gains from dispositions of USRPIs held by Aimco directly or through pass-through subsidiaries (USRPI Capital Gains), will, except as described below, be considered effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. Holder and will be subject to U.S. income tax at the rates applicable to U.S. individuals or corporations, without regard to whether the distribution is designated as a capital gain dividend. In addition, Aimco will be required to withhold tax equal to 35% of the amount of dividends to the extent such dividends constitute USRPI Capital Gains. Distributions subject to FIRPTA may also be subject to a 30% branch profits tax in the hands of a Non-U.S. Holder that is a corporation. A distribution is not a USRPI capital gain if Aimco held the underlying asset solely as a creditor. Capital gain dividends received by a non-U.S. holder from a REIT that are attributable to dispositions by that REIT of assets other then USRPIs are generally not subject to U.S. income or withholding tax.

A capital gain dividend by Aimco that would otherwise have been treated as a USRPI capital gain will not be so treated or be subject to FIRPTA, will generally not be treated as income that is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, and will instead be treated the same as an ordinary dividend from Aimco (see Taxation of Foreign Stockholders Ordinary Dividends ), provided that (1) the capital gain dividend is received with respect to a class of stock that is regularly traded on an established securities market located in the United States, and (2) the recipient non-U.S. holder does not own more than 5% of that class of stock at any time during the one year period ending on the date on which the capital gain dividend is received.

*Dispositions of Aimco Stock.* Unless Aimco stock constitutes a USRPI, a sale of the stock by a Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. taxation under FIRPTA. The stock will be treated as a USRPI if 50% or more of Aimco s assets throughout a prescribed testing period consist of interests in real property located within the United States, excluding, for this purpose, interests in real property solely in a capacity as a creditor. Even if the foregoing test is met, Aimco stock nonetheless will not constitute a USRPI if Aimco is a domestically controlled qualified investment entity. A domestically controlled qualified investment entity is a REIT in which, at all times during a specified testing period, less than 50% in value of its shares is held directly or indirectly by Non-U.S. Holders. Aimco believes that it is, and it expects to continue to be, a domestically controlled qualified investment entity. If Aimco is, and continues to be, a domestically controlled qualified investment entity, the sale of Aimco stock should not be subject to taxation under FIRPTA. Because most classes of stock of Aimco are publicly traded, however, no assurance can be given that Aimco is or will continue to be a domestically controlled qualified investment entity.

Even if Aimco does not constitute a domestically controlled qualified investment entity, a Non-U.S. Holder s sale of stock generally nonetheless will generally not be subject to tax under FIRPTA as a sale of a USRPI provided that:

the stock is of a class that is regularly traded (as defined by applicable Treasury Regulations) on an established securities market (e.g., the NYSE, on which Aimco stock is listed), and

the selling Non-U.S. Holder held 5% or less of such class of Aimco s outstanding stock at all times during a specified testing period.

If gain on the sale of stock of Aimco were subject to taxation under FIRPTA, the Non-U.S. Holder would be subject to the same treatment as a U.S. stockholder with respect to such gain (subject to applicable alternative minimum tax and a special alternative minimum tax in the case of nonresident alien individuals) and the purchaser of the stock could be required to withhold 10% of the purchase price and remit such amount to the IRS.

Gain from the sale of Aimco stock that would not otherwise be subject to taxation under FIRPTA will nonetheless be taxable in the United States to a Non-U.S. Holder in two cases. First, if the Non-U.S. Holder s investment in the Aimco stock is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business conducted by such Non-U.S. Holder, the Non-U.S. Holder will be subject to the same treatment as a U.S. stockholder with respect to such gain. Second, if the Non-U.S. Holder

is a nonresident alien individual who was present in the United States for 183 days or more during the taxable year and has a tax home in the United States, the nonresident alien individual will be subject to a 30% tax on the individual s capital gain.

### Estate Tax

Aimco stock owned or treated as owned by an individual who is not a citizen or resident (as specially defined for U.S. Federal estate tax purposes) of the United States at the time of death will be includible in the individual s gross estate for U.S. Federal estate tax purposes, unless an applicable estate tax treaty provides otherwise. Such individual s estate may be subject to U.S. Federal estate tax on the property includible in the estate for U.S. Federal estate tax purposes.

## Information Reporting Requirements And Backup Withholding

Aimco will report to its U.S. stockholders and to the IRS the amount of distributions paid during each calendar year, and the amount of tax withheld, if any. Under the backup withholding rules, a stockholder may be subject to backup withholding (at a rate of 28% through 2010 and a rate of 31% thereafter, absent further Congressional action) with respect to distributions paid unless such holder (i) is a corporation or comes within certain other exempt categories and, when required, demonstrates this fact or (ii) provides a taxpayer identification number, certifies as to no loss of exemption from backup withholding, and otherwise complies with the applicable requirements of the backup withholding rules. A stockholder who does not provide Aimco with his correct taxpayer identification number also may be subject to penalties imposed by the IRS. Any amount paid as backup withholding will be creditable against the stockholder s income tax liability. In addition, Aimco may be required to withhold a portion of capital gain distributions to any Non-U.S. Holders. The IRS has issued final Treasury Regulations regarding the withholding, backup withholding and information reporting rules as applied to Non-U.S. Holders. Prospective investors in securities should consult their tax advisors regarding the application of these Treasury Regulations.

### Tax Return Disclosure and Investor List Requirements

Treasury Regulations require participants in a reportable transaction to disclose certain information about the transaction to the IRS with their tax returns and retain certain information relating to the transaction (the Disclosure Requirement ). In addition, organizers, sellers, and certain advisors of a reportable transaction are required to maintain certain records, including lists identifying the investors in a transaction, and to furnish those records, as well as detailed information regarding the transaction, to the IRS upon demand (the List Maintenance Requirement ).

While the Disclosure Requirement and the List Maintenance Requirement are directed towards tax shelters, the regulations are written quite broadly, and apply to transactions that would not typically be considered tax shelters. There are significant penalties for failure to comply with these requirements.

A transaction may be a reportable transaction based upon any of several indicia, including, among other things, if it could result in tax losses or book-tax differences in excess of prescribed thresholds. The transaction contemplated herein may result in book-tax differences in excess of prescribed thresholds and as such, could be a reportable transaction under the Treasury Regulations involving tax shelters. Characterization of this transaction as a reportable transaction could increase the likelihood of an audit by the IRS. If this transaction were to be classified as a reportable transaction, you would be required to attach a completed IRS Form 8886, the Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement, to your tax return for the taxable year of the transaction, as well as provide a copy of this form to the Office of Tax Shelter Analysis at the same time that such statement is first filed with the IRS. You should consult your tax advisors concerning these disclosure obligations with respect to the receipt or disposition of Aimco Stock, or transactions that might be undertaken directly or indirectly by the Aimco. Moreover, you should be aware that Aimco and other participants in the transactions involving Aimco (including their advisors) would be subject to the Disclosure Requirement and/or the List Maintenance Requirement if this transaction were to be classified as a reportable transaction.

### Taxation of Tax-Exempt Stockholders

Tax-exempt entities, including qualified employee pension and profit sharing trusts and individual retirement accounts, generally are exempt from Federal income taxation. However, they are subject to taxation on their unrelated business taxable income (UBTI). While many investments in real estate may generate UBTI, the IRS has ruled that dividend distributions from a REIT to a tax-exempt entity do not constitute UBTI. Based on that

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ruling, and provided that (1) a tax-exempt stockholder has not held its Aimco stock as debt financed property within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code (i.e., where the acquisition or holding of the property is financed through a borrowing by the tax-exempt stockholder), and (2) the Aimco stock is not otherwise used in an unrelated trade or business, Aimco believe that distributions from Aimco and income from the sale of the Aimco stock should not give rise to UBTI to a tax-exempt stockholder.

Tax-exempt stockholder that are social clubs, voluntary employee benefit associations, supplemental unemployment benefit trusts, and qualified group legal services plans that are exempt from taxation under paragraphs (7), (9), (17) and (20), respectively, of Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code are subject to different UBTI rules, which generally will require them to characterize distributions from Aimco as UBTI.

In addition, in certain circumstances, a pension trust that owns more than 10% of Aimco s stock could be required to treat a percentage of the dividends from Aimco as UBTI (the UBTI Percentage ). The UBTI Percentage is the gross income derived by Aimco from an unrelated trade or business (determined as if Aimco were a pension trust) divided by the gross income of Aimco for the year in which the dividends are paid. The UBTI rule applies to a pension trust holding more than 10% of Aimco s stock only if:

the UBTI Percentage is at least 5%,

Aimco qualifies as a REIT by reason of the modification of the 5/50 Rule that allows the beneficiaries of the pension trust to be treated as holding shares of Aimco in proportion to their actuarial interest in the pension trust, and

either (A) one pension trust owns more than 25% of the value of Aimco s stock or (B) a group of pension trusts each individually holding more than 10% of the value of Aimco s stock collectively owns more than 50% of the value of Aimco s stock.

The restrictions on ownership and transfer of Aimco s stock should prevent an Exempt Organization from owning more than 10% of the value of Aimco s stock.

## **Other Tax Consequences**

## Legislative or Other Actions Affecting REITs

The rules dealing with Federal income taxation are constantly under review by persons involved in the legislative process and by the IRS and the U.S. Treasury Department. For example, Congress is considering proposals that would delay the scheduled increase in the maximum tax rates applicable to individual taxpayers on qualified dividend income and long term capital gains, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010, to 39.6% and 20% respectively. In addition, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, certain U.S. holders who are individuals, estates or trusts and whose income exceeds certain thresholds will be required to pay a 3.8% Medicare tax on dividend and other income, including capital gains from the sale or other disposition of our stock. No assurance can be given as to whether, or in what form, the proposals described above (or any other proposals affecting REITs or their stockholders) will be enacted. Changes to the Federal laws and interpretations thereof could adversely affect an investment in Aimco or Aimco OP.

Recently enacted legislation will require, after December 31, 2012, withholding at a rate of 30% on dividends in respect of, and gross proceeds from the sale of, our common stock held by or through certain foreign financial institutions (including investment funds), unless such institution enters into an agreement with the Secretary of the Treasury to report, on an annual basis, information with respect to shares in the institution held by certain United

States persons and by certain non-US entities that are wholly or partially owned by United States persons. Accordingly, the entity through which our common stock is held will affect the determination of whether such withholding is required. Similarly, dividends in respect of, and gross proceeds from the sale of, our common stock held by an investor that is a non-financial non-US entity will be subject to withholding at a rate of 30%, unless such entity either (i) certifies to us that such entity does not have any substantial United States owners or (ii) provides certain information regarding the entity s substantial United States owners, which we will in turn provide to the

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Secretary of the Treasury. Non-United States stockholders are encouraged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the possible implications of the legislation on their investment in our common stock.

### State, Local And Foreign Taxes

Aimco OP, OP Unitholders, Aimco and Aimco stockholders may be subject to state, local or foreign taxation in various jurisdictions, including those in which it or they transact business, own property or reside. It should be noted that Aimco OP owns properties located in a number of states and local jurisdictions, and Aimco OP and OP Unitholders may be required to file income tax returns in some or all of those jurisdictions. The state, local or foreign tax treatment of Aimco OP and OP Unitholders and of Aimco and its stockholders may not conform to the United States Federal income tax consequences discussed above. Consequently, prospective investors are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the application and effect of state, local foreign tax laws on an investment in Aimco OP or Aimco.

### FEES AND EXPENSES

The costs of planning and implementing the merger, including the preparation of this information statement/prospectus, will be borne by Aimco OP without regard to whether the merger is effectuated. Except as set forth in this information statement/prospectus, Aimco OP will not pay any fees or commissions to any broker, dealer or other person in connection with the merger. The Corporate General Partner has retained Eagle Rock Proxy Advisors, LLC, or the Information Agent, to act as the information agent in connection with the merger. The Information Agent may contact holders of USRP Units by mail, e-mail, telephone, telex, telegraph and in person and may request brokers, dealers and other nominee limited partners to forward materials relating to the merger to the beneficial owners of USRP Units. Aimco OP will pay the Information Agent reasonable and customary compensation for its services in connection with the merger, plus reimbursement for out-of-pocket expenses, and will indemnify it against certain liabilities and expenses in connection therewith, including liabilities under the United States Federal securities laws. Aimco OP will also pay all costs and expenses of filing, printing and mailing the information statement/prospectus as well as any related legal fees and expenses.

Below is an itemized list of the estimated expenses incurred and to be incurred in connection with preparing and delivering this information statement/prospectus:

Information Agent Fees Printing Fees	\$ 7,500 12,000
Postage Fees	3,600
Tax and Accounting Fees	45,000
Appraisal Fees	6,900
Legal Fees	100,000
Total	\$ 175,000

### LEGAL MATTERS

Certain tax matters will be passed upon for Aimco by Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP. The validity of the Aimco Class A Common Stock issuable upon redemption of the OP Units will be passed upon by DLA Piper LLP (US). The validity of the OP Units offered by this information statement/prospectus will be passed upon by Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP.

## EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of Aimco for the year ended December 31, 2009 appearing in Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 19, 2010 (including the schedule appearing therein), and the effectiveness of Aimco s internal control over financial reporting appearing in Aimco s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their reports thereon, included therein, and incorporated herein by reference. Such consolidated financial statements and Aimco management s assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009 are incorporated herein by reference in reliance upon such reports given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

The consolidated financial statements of Aimco OP for the year ended December 31, 2009 appearing in Aimco OP s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 19, 2010 (including the schedule appearing therein), and the effectiveness of Aimco OP s internal control over financial reporting appearing in Aimco OP s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their reports thereon, included therein, and included in <u>Annex I</u> and <u>Annex G</u> to this information statement/prospectus. Such consolidated financial statements and Aimco OP management s assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009 are included herein in reliance upon such reports given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

The financial statements of USRP appearing in USRP s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their report thereon, included therein, and included in <u>Annex D</u> of this information statement/prospectus. Such financial statements are included in reliance upon such report given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

## WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

#### Information Incorporated by Reference

Aimco, Aimco OP and USRP are subject to the informational requirements of the Exchange Act, and, in accordance therewith, file reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy any document so filed at the SEC s public reference rooms in Washington, D.C., New York, New York and Chicago, Illinois. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference rooms. Aimco S, Aimco OP s and USRP s filings are also available to the public at the SEC s web site at http://www.sec.gov.

The information that Aimco files with the SEC is incorporated by reference, which means that important information is being disclosed to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this information statement/prospectus. The documents listed below are incorporated by reference along with all documents filed by us with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act (i) after the date of the initial registration statement, and (ii) after the date of this information statement, and (ii) after the date of this information statement, and the securities described in this information statement/prospectus.

Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders of Aimco;

Aimco s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009;

Aimco s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010; and

Aimco s Current Reports on Form 8-K, dated February 2, 2010 (filed February 4, 2010), dated February 3, 2010 (filed February 5, 2010), dated April 26, 2010 (filed April 29, 2010), dated May 24, 2010 (filed May 24, 2010), dated July 30, 2010 (filed July 30, 2010), dated September 1, 2010 (filed September 3, 2010), dated September 7, 2010 (filed September 7, 2010), dated September 10, 2010 (filed September 10, 2010), dated November 29, 2010 (filed November 19, 2010).

You may request a copy of these filings, at no cost, by writing or calling Aimco at the following address and telephone number:

ISTC Corporation P.O. Box 2347 Greenville, South Carolina 29602 (864) 239-1029

You should rely only on the information included or incorporated by reference in this information statement/prospectus. No person is authorized to provide you with different information. You should not assume that the information in this information statement/prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of the document.

#### Information Included in the Annexes to this Information Statement/Prospectus

Important information is also included in the Annexes attached hereto, including the following:

Annex A Agreement and Plan of Merger;

Annex B Appraisal Rights of Limited Partners;

Annex C Officers and Directors;

Annex D USRP s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009;

Annex E USRP s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010;

Annex F Summary of Appraisal Table;

Annex G Aimco OP s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 (excluding the report of the independent registered public accounting firm, the financial statements and the notes thereto);

Annex H Aimco OP s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010; and

Annex I Aimco OP s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on November 19, 2010, which includes Aimco OP s Selected Financial Data, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for the year ended December 31, 2009, revised to reflect discontinued operations and changes in business segments.

References to the safe-harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 are included in USRP s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 which is included as <u>Annex D</u> to this information statement/prospectus; in USRP s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, which is included as <u>Annex E</u> to this information statement/prospectus; in Aimco s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, which are incorporated by reference in this information statement/prospectus; and in Aimco OP s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, which are incorporated by reference in this information statement/prospectus. However, because the merger is a going private transaction, those safe-harbor provisions do not apply to any forward-looking statements USRP or Aimco make in connection with the merger.

## ANNEX A

### **Agreement and Plan of Merger**

AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER (this **Agreement**), dated as of October 8, 2010, by and among U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, a Delaware limited partnership (**USRP**), AIMCO USRP MERGER SUB LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the **Aimco Subsidiary**), and AIMCO PROPERTIES, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (**Aimco OP**).

WHEREAS, U.S. Realty I Corporation, the corporate general partner of USRP (U.S. Realty I), has determined that the Merger (as defined below) of the Aimco Subsidiary with and into USRP, with USRP as the surviving entity, is advisable and in the best interests of USRP and its partners; and

WHEREAS, Aimco OP, the individual general partner of USRP, has determined that the Merger of the Aimco Subsidiary with and into USRP, with USRP as the surviving entity, is advisable and in the best interests of USRP and its partners; and

WHEREAS, Aimco OP, the sole member of the Aimco Subsidiary, has determined that the Merger of the Aimco Subsidiary with and into USRP, with USRP as the surviving entity, is advisable and in the best interests of the Aimco Subsidiary and its member; and

WHEREAS the Board of Directors of AIMCO-GP, Inc., the general partner of Aimco OP ( **AIMCO-GP** ), has determined that the Merger of the Aimco Subsidiary with and into USRP, with USRP as the surviving entity, is advisable and in the best interests of Aimco OP and its partners; and

WHEREAS, the parties desire to enter this Agreement to evidence the terms, provisions, representations, warranties, covenants and conditions upon which the Merger will be consummated.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual agreements and covenants set forth herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the adequacy, sufficiency, and receipt of which are hereby acknowledged, USRP, the Aimco Subsidiary and Aimco OP hereby agree as follows:

Section 1. *The Merger*. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, the Aimco Subsidiary shall be merged with and into USRP (the **Merger**), and USRP shall be the surviving entity of the Merger (the **Surviving Entity**). The Merger will have the effects specified in this Agreement, section 17-211 of the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act, as amended (the **DRULPA**), and section 18-209 of the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act, as amended (the **DLLCA**)

Section 2. *General Partners*. U.S. Realty I will be the corporate general partner of the Surviving Entity, and Aimco OP will be the individual general partner of the Surviving Entity.

Section 3. *Certificate*. As soon as practicable after the approval of this Agreement by a majority in interest limited partnership interests of USRP (each a **Unit** and, collectively, the **Units**), USRP shall cause to be filed a certificate of merger with respect to the Merger (the **Certificate of Merger**) with the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware pursuant to section 17-211 of the DRULPA and section 18-209 of the DLLCA. The Merger shall become effective at such time as the Certificate of Merger has been accepted for record by the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware (the **Effective Time**).

Section 4. *Limited Partnership Agreement*. The agreement of limited partnership of USRP as in effect immediately prior to the consummation of the Merger (the **Partnership Agreement**), shall be the agreement of limited partnership of the Surviving Entity until thereafter amended in accordance with the provisions thereof and applicable law. The general partners and each limited partner of the Surviving Entity shall have the rights under, be bound by and be subject to the terms and conditions of, the Partnership Agreement, as a general partner or limited partner, as applicable.

Section 5. Treatment of Interests in USRP.

## (a) *Limited Partners* Interests.

(i) In connection with the Merger and in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 5(a)(iii) hereto, each Unit outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time and held by limited partners of USRP, except Units held by limited partners who have perfected their appraisal rights pursuant to Exhibit A hereto, shall be converted into the right to receive, at the election of the limited partner, either (x) \$2.76 in cash (the **Cash Consideration**) or (y) a number of partnership common units of Aimco OP calculated by dividing \$2.76 by the average closing price of Apartment Investment and Management Company common stock, as reported on the NYSE, over the ten consecutive trading days ending on the second trading day immediately prior to the Effective Time (the **OP Unit Consideration** and, together with the Cash Consideration, the **Merger Consideration**).

(ii) Notwithstanding Section 5(a)(i), if Aimco OP determines that the law of the state or other jurisdiction in which a limited partner resides would prohibit the issuance of partnership common units of Aimco OP in that state or jurisdiction (or that the registration in that state or other jurisdiction would be prohibitively costly), then such limited partner will only be entitled to receive the Cash Consideration for each Unit.

(iii) Aimco OP shall prepare a form of election (the **Election Form**) describing the Merger and pursuant to which each limited partner of USRP will have the right to elect to receive either the Cash Consideration or the OP Unit Consideration (subject to Section 5(a)(ii)). Aimco OP shall mail or cause to be mailed an Election Form to each limited partner, together with any other materials that Aimco OP determines to be necessary or prudent, no later than ten (10) days after the Effective Time. An election to receive the Cash Consideration or the OP Unit Consideration shall be effective only if a properly executed Election Form is received by Aimco OP or its designees prior to 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time on the day that is thirty (30) days after the mailing of such Election Form by Aimco OP. If a limited partner fails to return a duly completed Election Form within the time period specified in the Election Form, such holder shall be deemed to have elected to receive the Cash Consideration. In addition, each limited partner that resides in a state or other jurisdiction that Aimco OP determines would prohibit the issuance of partnership common units of Aimco OP (or in which registration would be prohibitively costly) will be deemed to have elected the Cash Consideration. USRP, the Aimco Subsidiary and Aimco OP agree that limited partners shall have the right to revoke any election made in connection with the Merger at any time prior to the expiration of the time period stated in the Election Form. Aimco OP and U.S. Realty I, by mutual agreement, shall have the right to make rules, not inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement, governing the validity of Election Forms and the issuance and delivery of the Merger Consideration, as applicable.

(b) <u>General Partners</u> <u>Interest</u>s. Each general partner interest of USRP outstanding immediately prior to consummation of the Merger shall remain outstanding and unchanged, with all of the rights set forth in the Partnership Agreement.

Section 6. *Treatment of Interests in Aimco Subsidiary*. The entire membership interest in the Aimco Subsidiary immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be converted into all of the Units of the Surviving Entity.

Section 7. *Appraisal Rights*. In connection with the Merger, the holders of Units immediately prior to the Merger shall have the appraisal rights set forth in <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto.

Section 8. *Covenants.* Aimco OP agrees to pay for, or reimburse USRP for, all expenses incurred by USRP in connection with the Merger. Aimco OP agrees to pay cash or issue and deliver common units of Aimco OP to the former holders of Units, in accordance with section 5(a) of this Agreement.

Section 9. Conditions to the Merger.

(a) The Merger shall not occur unless and until the Merger has been approved or consented to by a majority in interests of Units.

(b) Notwithstanding any provisions of this Agreement to the contrary, none of the parties hereto shall be required to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby if any third-party consent, authorization or approval that any of the parties hereto deem necessary or desirable in connection with this Agreement, or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby, has not been obtained or received.

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Section 10. *Tax Treatment*. The parties hereto intend and agree that, for Federal income tax purposes, (i) any payment of cash for Units shall be treated as a sale of such Units by such holder and a purchase of such Units by Aimco OP for the cash so paid under the terms of this Agreement in accordance with the guidelines set forth in Treas. Reg. Sections 1.708-1(c)(3) and 1.708-1(c)(4), and (ii) each such holder of Units who receives cash explicitly agrees and consents to such treatment. Furthermore, the parties hereto intend and agree that, for Federal income tax purposes, (x) any exchange of Units for partnership common units of Aimco OP under the terms of this Agreement shall be treated in accordance with Sections 721 and 731 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and (y) each such holder of Units who accepts partnership common units of Aimco OP explicitly agrees and consents to such treatment. Any cash and/or partnership common units of Aimco OP to which a holder of Units is entitled pursuant to this Agreement shall be paid only after the receipt of a consent from such holder that, for Federal income tax purposes, the receipt of cash and/or partnership common units of Aimco OP shall be treated as described in this Section 10.

Section 11. *Further Assurances*. From time to time, as and when required by the Surviving Entity or by its successors and assigns, there shall be executed and delivered on behalf of the Aimco Subsidiary such deeds and other instruments, and there shall be taken or caused to be taken by the Aimco Subsidiary all such further actions, as shall be appropriate or necessary in order to vest, perfect or confirm, of record or otherwise, in the Surviving Entity the title to and possession of all property, interests, assets, rights, privileges, immunities, powers, franchises and authority of the Aimco Subsidiary, and otherwise to carry out the purposes of this Agreement, and the officers and directors of U.S. Realty I are fully authorized, in the name and on behalf of the Aimco Subsidiary or otherwise, to take any and all such deeds and other instruments.

Section 12. *Amendment*. Subject to applicable law, this Agreement may be amended, modified or supplemented by written agreement of the parties hereto at any time prior to the consummation of the Merger with respect to any of the terms contained herein.

Section 13. *Abandonment.* At any time prior to consummation of the Merger, this Agreement may be terminated and the Merger may be abandoned without liability to any party hereto by any of the Aimco Subsidiary, Aimco OP or USRP, in each case, acting in its sole discretion and for any reason or for no reason, notwithstanding approval of this Agreement by any of the members of the Aimco Subsidiary, the partners of USRP or the general partner of Aimco OP.

Section 14. *Governing Law*. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without reference to the conflict of law provisions thereof.

Section 15. *No Third-Party Beneficiaries*. No provision of this Agreement is intended to confer upon any person, entity, or organization other than the parties hereto any rights or remedies hereunder, other than the appraisal rights given to holders of Units pursuant to Section 7.

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**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, USRP, the Aimco Subsidiary and Aimco OP have caused this Agreement to be signed by their respective duly authorized officers as of the date first above written.

# U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

	E		U.S. Realty I Corporation Its Corporate General Partner
Name: Title:	E	By:	
	E		Aimco Properties, L.P. Its Individual General Partner
	E		AIMCO-GP, Inc. Its General Partner
Name: Title:			By:
AIMCO USRP MERGER SUB LLC			
	E		Aimco Properties, L.P. Its sole Member
	E	-	AIMCO-GP, Inc. its General Partner
Name: Title:	E	By:	
AIMCO PROPERTIES, L.P.			
	E	•	AIMCO-GP, Inc., its General Partner
Name: Title	E	By:	
	[Signature Page	Me	rger Agreement]
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# EXHIBIT A

#### **Appraisal Rights of Limited Partners**

Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the respective meanings ascribed thereto in the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of October 8, 2010 (the **Merger Agreement**), by and among U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership (**USRP**), AIMCO USRP Merger Sub LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the **Aimco Subsidiary**), and AIMCO Properties, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (**Aimco OP**). In connection with the Merger, limited partners of USRP shall have the following appraisal rights:

(a) Any limited partner who holds Units on the effective date of the Merger who has not consented to the merger (the **Nonconsenting Limited Partners**) and who has otherwise complied with paragraph (b) hereof shall be entitled to an appraisal by arbitration of the fair value of the Nonconsenting Limited Partner s Units. This arbitration shall be conducted in Denver, Colorado, in accordance with the Commercial Arbitration Rules of the American Arbitration Association by a panel of three arbitrators selected by Aimco OP. Any arbitration award shall be appealable in the Federal District Court located in Denver, Colorado.

(b) Within 10 days after the effective date of the Merger, Aimco OP shall notify each of the Nonconsenting Limited Partners of the consummation of the Merger, the effective date of the Merger and that appraisal rights are available for any or all Units held by Nonconsenting Limited Partners, and shall include in such notice a copy of this Exhibit. Such notice shall include an Election Form pursuant to which Nonconsenting Limited Partners may elect an appraisal by arbitration of the fair value of their Units pursuant to paragraph (a) hereof. Any limited partner who holds Units on the effective date of the Merger and who has not consented to the Merger shall be entitled to receive such notice and may, within 30 days after the date of mailing of such notice (such 30th day being the **Election Deadline**), demand from Aimco OP the appraisal of his or her Units by making the appropriate election in the Election Form in accordance with the instructions thereto. Each completed Election Form Must be delivered to the address, and within the time period, specified in the instructions to the Election Form. If a Nonconsenting Limited Partner fails to properly complete an Election Form or return it to the correct address within the specified time period, such Nonconsenting Limited Partner shall be deemed to have elected not to seek an appraisal of his or her Units, and will be deemed to have elected the Cash Consideration.

(c) At any time prior to the Election Deadline, any Nonconsenting Limited Partner who has made a demand for appraisal of his or her Units shall have the right to withdraw his or her demand for appraisal and to accept the Cash Consideration payable pursuant to the Merger Agreement. Nonconsenting Limited Partners who wish to withdraw their demands must do so in writing delivered to Aimco Properties, L.P., c/o Eagle Rock Proxy Advisors, LLC, by mail at 12 Commerce Drive, Cranford, New Jersey, 07016, or by fax at (908) 497-2349. At any time prior to 20 days after the Election Deadline, any Nonconsenting Limited Partner who has complied with the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) hereof, upon written request, shall be entitled to receive from Aimco OP a statement setting forth the aggregate number of Units with respect to which Nonconsenting Limited Partners have made demands for appraisal and the aggregate number of solders of such Units. Such written statement shall be mailed to the Nonconsenting Limited Partner within 10 days after such Nonconsenting Limited Partner s written request for such a statement is received by Aimco OP or within 20 days after the Election Deadline, whichever is later.

(d) Upon the submission of any such demand by a Nonconsenting Limited Partner, Aimco OP shall, within 40 days after the Election Deadline, submit to the arbitration panel a duly verified list containing the names and addresses of all Nonconsenting Limited Partners who have demanded payment for their Units and with whom agreements as to the value of their Units have not been reached with Aimco OP. The arbitration panel shall give notice of the time and place fixed for the hearing of such demand by registered or certified mail to Aimco OP and to the Nonconsenting Limited Partners shown on the list at the addresses therein stated. The forms of the notices shall be approved by the

panel, and the costs thereof shall be borne by Aimco OP.

(e) At the hearing on such demand, the panel shall determine the Nonconsenting Limited Partners who have become entitled to appraisal rights hereunder.

(f) After determining the Nonconsenting Limited Partners entitled to an appraisal, the panel shall appraise the Units, determining their fair value exclusive of any element of value arising from the accomplishment or expectation of the Merger, together with interest, if any, to be paid upon the amount determined to be the fair value. In determining such fair value, the panel shall take into account all relevant factors. Unless the panel in its discretion determines otherwise for good cause shown, interest from the effective date of the Merger through the date of payment of the judgment shall be compounded quarterly and shall accrue at 5% over the Federal Reserve discount rate (including any surcharge), as established from time to time during the period between the effective date of the Merger and the date of payment of the judgment. Upon application by Aimco OP or by any Nonconsenting Limited Partner entitled to participate in the appraisal proceeding, the panel may, in its discretion, proceed with the appraisal prior to the final determination of the Nonconsenting Limited Partners entitled to an appraisal. Any Nonconsenting Limited Partner whose name appears on the list submitted by Aimco OP pursuant to paragraph (d) hereof may participate fully in all proceedings until it is finally determined that such Nonconsenting Limited Partner is not entitled to appraisal rights hereunder.

(g) The panel shall direct the payment of the fair value of the Units, together with interest, if any, by Aimco OP to the Nonconsenting Limited Partners entitled thereto. Payment shall be so made to each such Nonconsenting Limited Partner upon the receipt by Aimco OP of the written consent from such Nonconsenting Limited Partner that, for federal income tax purposes, the issuance of cash for the Units shall be treated as a sale of the Units by the owner and a purchase of such Units by Aimco OP for the cash consideration so paid under the terms of the Merger Agreement in accordance with the guidelines set forth in Treas. Reg. Sections 1.708-1(c)(3) and 1.708-1(c)(4).

(h) The costs of the proceeding may be determined by the panel and taxed upon the parties as the panel deems equitable in the circumstances. Upon application of a Nonconsenting Limited Partner, the panel may order all or a portion of the expenses incurred by any Nonconsenting Limited Partner in connection with the appraisal proceeding, including, without limitation, reasonable attorney s fees and the fees and expenses of experts, to be charged pro rata against the value of all the interests entitled to an appraisal.

(i) From and after the effective date of the Merger, no Nonconsenting Limited Partner who has demanded appraisal rights as provided in paragraph (b) hereof shall be entitled to vote such Units for any purpose or to receive payment of distributions on such interests (except distributions payable as of a record date prior to the effective date of the Merger); provided, however, that if such Nonconsenting Limited Partner shall deliver to Aimco Properties, L.P., c/o Eagle Rock Proxy Advisors, LLC, by mail at 12 Commerce Drive, Cranford, New Jersey, 07016, or by fax at (908) 497-2349, a written withdrawal of such Nonconsenting Limited Partner s demand for an appraisal and an acceptance of the Cash Consideration payable pursuant to the Merger Agreement, either as provided in paragraph (c) hereof or thereafter with the written approval of Aimco OP, then the right of such Nonconsenting Limited Partner to an appraisal shall cease. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no appraisal proceeding before the panel shall be dismissed as to any Nonconsenting Limited Partner without the approval of the panel, and such approval may be conditioned upon such terms as the panel deems just.

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### ANNEX B

### **Appraisal Rights of Limited Partners**

Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the respective meanings ascribed thereto in the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of October 8, 2010 (the **Merger Agreement**), by and among U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership (**USRP**), AIMCO USRP Merger Sub LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the **Aimco Subsidiary**), and AIMCO Properties, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (**Aimco OP**). In connection with the Merger, limited partners of USRP shall have the following appraisal rights:

(a) Any limited partner who holds USRP Units on the effective date of the Merger who has not consented to the merger (the **Nonconsenting Limited Partners**) and who has otherwise complied with paragraph (b) hereof shall be entitled to an appraisal by arbitration of the fair value of the Nonconsenting Limited Partner s Units. This arbitration shall be conducted in Denver, Colorado, in accordance with the Commercial Arbitration Rules of the American Arbitration Association by a panel of three arbitrators selected by Aimco OP. Any arbitration award shall be appealable in the Federal District Court located in Denver, Colorado.

(b) Within 10 days after the effective date of the Merger, Aimco OP shall notify each of the Nonconsenting Limited Partners of the consummation of the Merger, the effective date of the Merger and that appraisal rights are available for any or all Units held by Nonconsenting Limited Partners, and shall include in such notice a copy of this Exhibit. Such notice shall include an Election Form pursuant to which Nonconsenting Limited Partners may elect an appraisal by arbitration of the fair value of their Units pursuant to paragraph (a) hereof. Any limited partner who holds Units on the effective date of the Merger and who has not consented to the Merger shall be entitled to receive such notice and may, within 30 days after the date of mailing of such notice (such 30th day being the **Election Deadline**), demand from Aimco OP the appraisal of his or her Units by making the appropriate election in the Election Form in accordance with the instructions thereto. Each completed Election Form Must be delivered to the address, and within the time period, specified in the instructions to the Election Form. If a Nonconsenting Limited Partner fails to properly complete an Election Form or return it to the correct address within the specified time period, such Nonconsenting Limited Partner shall be deemed to have elected not to seek an appraisal of his or her Units, and will be deemed to have elected the Cash Consideration.

(c) At any time prior to the Election Deadline, any Nonconsenting Limited Partner who has made a demand for appraisal of his or her Units shall have the right to withdraw his or her demand for appraisal and to accept the Cash Consideration payable pursuant to the Merger Agreement. Nonconsenting Limited Partners who wish to withdraw their demands must do so in writing delivered to Aimco Properties, L.P., c/o Eagle Rock Proxy Advisors, LLC, by mail at 12 Commerce Drive, Cranford, New Jersey, 07016, or by fax at (908) 497-2349. At any time prior to 20 days after the Election Deadline, any Nonconsenting Limited Partner who has complied with the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) hereof, upon written request, shall be entitled to receive from Aimco OP a statement setting forth the aggregate number of Units with respect to which Nonconsenting Limited Partners have made demands for appraisal and the aggregate number of such Units. Such written statement shall be mailed to the Nonconsenting Limited Partner within 10 days after such Nonconsenting Limited Partner s written request for such a statement is received by Aimco OP or within 20 days after the Election Deadline, whichever is later.

(d) Upon the submission of any such demand by a Nonconsenting Limited Partner, Aimco OP shall, within 40 days after the Election Deadline, submit to the arbitration panel a duly verified list containing the names and addresses of all Nonconsenting Limited Partners who have demanded payment for their Units and with whom agreements as to the value of their Units have not been reached with Aimco OP. The arbitration panel shall give notice of the time and

place fixed for the hearing of such demand by registered or certified mail to Aimco OP and to the Nonconsenting Limited Partners shown on the list at the addresses therein stated. The forms of the notices shall be approved by the panel, and the costs thereof shall be borne by Aimco OP.

(e) At the hearing on such demand, the panel shall determine the Nonconsenting Limited Partners who have become entitled to appraisal rights hereunder.

(f) After determining the Nonconsenting Limited Partners entitled to an appraisal, the panel shall appraise the Units, determining their fair value exclusive of any element of value arising from the accomplishment or expectation of the Merger, together with interest, if any, to be paid upon the amount determined to be the fair value. In determining such fair value, the panel shall take into account all relevant factors. Unless the panel in its discretion determines otherwise for good cause shown, interest from the effective date of the Merger through the date of payment of the judgment shall be compounded quarterly and shall accrue at 5% over the Federal Reserve discount rate (including any surcharge), as established from time to time during the period between the effective date of the Merger and the date of payment of the judgment. Upon application by Aimco OP or by any Nonconsenting Limited Partner entitled to participate in the appraisal proceeding, the panel may, in its discretion, proceed with the appraisal prior to the final determination of the Nonconsenting Limited Partners entitled to an appraisal. Any Nonconsenting Limited Partner whose name appears on the list submitted by Aimco OP pursuant to paragraph (d) hereof may participate fully in all proceedings until it is finally determined that such Nonconsenting Limited Partner is not entitled to appraisal rights hereunder.

(g) The panel shall direct the payment of the fair value of the Units, together with interest, if any, by Aimco OP to the Nonconsenting Limited Partners entitled thereto. Payment shall be so made to each such Nonconsenting Limited Partner upon the receipt by Aimco OP of the written consent from such Nonconsenting Limited Partner that, for federal income tax purposes, the issuance of cash for the Units shall be treated as a sale of the Units by the owner and a purchase of such Units by Aimco OP for the cash consideration so paid under the terms of the Merger Agreement in accordance with the guidelines set forth in Treas. Reg. Sections 1.708-1(c)(3) and 1.708-1(c)(4).

(h) The costs of the proceeding may be determined by the panel and taxed upon the parties as the panel deems equitable in the circumstances. Upon application of a Nonconsenting Limited Partner, the panel may order all or a portion of the expenses incurred by any Nonconsenting Limited Partner in connection with the appraisal proceeding, including, without limitation, reasonable attorney s fees and the fees and expenses of experts, to be charged pro rata against the value of all the interests entitled to an appraisal.

(i) From and after the effective date of the Merger, no Nonconsenting Limited Partner who has demanded appraisal rights as provided in paragraph (b) hereof shall be entitled to vote such Units for any purpose or to receive payment of distributions on such interests (except distributions payable as of a record date prior to the effective date of the Merger); provided, however, that if such Nonconsenting Limited Partner shall deliver to Aimco Properties, L.P., c/o Eagle Rock Proxy Advisors, LLC, by mail at 12 Commerce Drive, Cranford, New Jersey, 07016, or by fax at (908) 497-2349, a written withdrawal of such Nonconsenting Limited Partner s demand for an appraisal and an acceptance of the Cash Consideration payable pursuant to the Merger Agreement, either as provided in paragraph (c) hereof or thereafter with the written approval of Aimco OP, then the right of such Nonconsenting Limited Partner to an appraisal shall cease. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no appraisal proceeding before the panel shall be dismissed as to any Nonconsenting Limited Partner without the approval of the panel, and such approval may be conditioned upon such terms as the panel deems just.

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## ANNEX C

#### **OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS**

USRP, Aimco OP and the Aimco Subsidiary do not have directors, officers or significant employees of their own. The names and positions of the executive officers and directors of Aimco, AIMCO-GP and U.S. Realty I Corporation, the Corporate General Partner of USRP, or U.S. Realty I, are set forth below. The business address of each executive officer and director is 4582 South Ulster Street Parkway, Suite 1100, Denver, Colorado 80237. Each executive officer and director is a citizen of the United States of America.

Name (Age)	Position
Terry Considine(62)	Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of Aimco; Director, Chief Executive Officer and President of AIMCO-GP.
Timothy Beaudin(51)	President and Chief Operating Officer of Aimco, AIMCO-GP and U.S. Realty I.
Lisa R. Cohn(41)	Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of Aimco, AIMCO-GP and U.S. Realty I.
Miles Cortez(66)	Executive Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer of Aimco and AIMCO-GP.
Ernest M. Freedman(39)	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Aimco, AIMCO-GP and U.S. Realty I.
Steven D. Cordes(38)	Senior Vice President of Aimco, AIMCO-GP and U.S. Realty I; Director of U.S. Realty I.
John Bezzant(47)	Senior Vice President of Aimco, AIMCO-GP and U.S. Realty I; Director of U.S. Realty I.
Paul Beldin(36)	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer of Aimco, AIMCO-GP and U.S. Realty I.
Stephen B. Waters(48)	Senior Director of Partnership Accounting of Aimco, AIMCO-GP and U.S. Realty I.
James N. Bailey(63)	Director of Aimco
Richard S. Ellwood(78)	Director of Aimco
Thomas L. Keltner(63)	Director of Aimco
J. Landis Martin(64)	Director of Aimco
Robert A. Miller(64)	Director of Aimco
Michael A. Stein(56)	Director of Aimco
Kathleen M. Nelson(64)	Director of Aimco

#### Name

Terry Considine

#### **Biographical Summary of Current Directors and Officers**

Mr. Considine has been Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of Aimco and AIMCO-GP, Inc. since July 1994. Mr. Considine also serves on the board of directors of Intrepid Potash,

Inc. a publicly held producer of potash, and, until its acquisition in early 2009, Mr. Considine served as Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of American Land Lease, Inc. Mr. Considine has over 40 years of experience in the real estate and other industries. Among other real estate ventures, in 1975, Mr. Considine founded and managed the predecessor companies that became Aimco at its initial public offering in 1994.

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Name	<b>Biographical Summary of Current Directors and Officers</b>
Timothy Beaudin	Mr. Beaudin was appointed President and Chief Operating Officer of Aimco, AIMCO-GP and U.S. Realty I in February 2009. He joined the companies as Executive Vice President and Chief Development Officer in October 2005 and was appointed Executive Vice President and Chief Property Operating Officer in October 2008. Mr. Beaudin oversees conventional and affordable property operations, transactions, asset management, and redevelopment and construction services. Prior to joining Aimco and beginning in 1995, Mr. Beaudin was with Catellus Development Corporation, a San Francisco, California-based real estate investment trust. During his last five years at Catellus, Mr. Beaudin served as Executive Vice President, with management responsibility for development, construction and asset management.
Lisa R. Cohn	Lisa R. Cohn was appointed Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of Aimco, AIMCO-GP and U.S. Realty I in December 2007. In addition to serving as general counsel, Ms. Cohn has executive responsibility for insurance and risk management as well as human resources. From January 2004 to December 2007, Ms. Cohn served as Senior Vice President and Assistant General Counsel. She joined Aimco in July 2002 as Vice President and Assistant General Counsel. Prior to joining Aimco, Ms. Cohn was in private practice with the law firm of Hogan & Hartson LLP with a focus on public and private mergers and acquisitions, venture capital financing, securities and corporate governance.
Miles Cortez	Mr. Cortez was appointed Executive Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer in December 2007. He is responsible for administration, government relations, communications and special projects. Mr. Cortez joined Aimco in August 2001 as Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Cortez was the senior partner of Cortez Macaulay Bernhardt & Schuetze LLC, a Denver, Colorado law firm, from December 1997 through September 2001. He served as president of the Colorado Bar Association from 1996 to 1997 and the Denver Bar Association from 1982 to 1983.
Ernest M. Freedman	Ernest M. Freedman was appointed Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Aimco, AIMCO-GP and U.S. Realty I effective November 1, 2009. Mr. Freedman joined Aimco in 2007 as Senior Vice President of Financial Planning and Analysis and has served as Senior Vice President of Finance since February 2009, responsible for financial planning, tax, accounting and related areas. From 2004 to 2007, Mr. Freedman served as Chief Financial Officer of HEI Hotels and Resorts. From 2000 to 2004, Mr. Freedman was at GE Real Estate in a number of capacities, including operations controller

and finance manager for investments and acquisitions. From 1993 to 2000, Mr. Freedman was with Ernst & Young, LLP, including one year as a senior manager in the real estate practice. Mr. Freedman is a certified public accountant.

Name	<b>Biographical Summary of Current Directors and Officers</b>
Steven D. Cordes	Steven D. Cordes was appointed as a Director of U.S. Realty I effective March 2, 2009. Mr. Cordes has been a Senior Vice President of Aimco, AIMCO-GP and U.S. Realty I since May 2007. Mr. Cordes joined Aimco in 2001 as a Vice President of Capital Markets with responsibility for Aimco s joint ventures and equity capital markets activity. Prior to joining Aimco, Mr. Cordes was a manager in the financial consulting practice of PricewaterhouseCoopers. Effective March 2009, Mr. Cordes was appointed to serve as the equivalent of the chief executive officer of USRP.
John Bezzant	John Bezzant was appointed as a Director of U.S. Realty I effective December 16, 2009. Mr. Bezzant has been a Senior Vice President of U.S. Realty I and Aimco since joining Aimco in June 2006. Prior to joining Aimco, from 2005 to June 2006, Mr. Bezzant was a First Vice President at Prologis, a Denver, Colorado-based real estate investment trust, and from 1986 to 2005, Mr. Bezzant served as Vice President, Asset Management at Catellus Development Corporation.
Paul Beldin	Paul Beldin joined Aimco in Macy 2008 and has served as Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer of Aimco and U.S. Realty I since that time. Prior to joining Aimco, Mr. Beldin served as controller and then as chief financial officer of America First Apartment Investors, Inc., a publicly traded multifamily real estate investment trust, from May 2005 to September 2007 when the company was acquired by Sentinel Real Estate Corporation. Prior to joining America First Apartment Investors, Inc., Mr. Beldin was a senior manager at Deloitte and Touche LLP, where he was employed from August 1996 to May 2005, including two years as an audit manager in SEC services at Deloitte s national office.
Stephen B. Waters	Stephen B. Waters was appointed Senior Director of Partnership Accounting of Aimco and U.S. Realty I in June 2009. Mr. Waters has responsibility for partnership accounting with Aimco and serves as the principal financial officer of U.S. Realty I. Mr. Waters joined Aimco as a Director of Real Estate Accounting in September 1999 and was appointed Vice President of U.S. Realty I and Aimco in April 2004. Prior to joining Aimco, Mr. Waters was a senior manager at Ernst & Young LLP.
James N. Bailey	Mr. Bailey was first elected as a director of Aimco in June 2000 and is currently Chairman of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and a member of the Audit and Compensation and Human Resources Committees. Mr. Bailey co-founded Cambridge Associates, LLC, an investment consulting firm, in 1973 and currently serves as its Senior Managing Director and Treasurer. He is also a co-founder,

director and treasurer of The Plymouth Rock Company, and a director of SRB Corporation, Inc. and Homeowners Direct Company, all three of which are insurance companies and insurance company affiliates. He also serves as an Overseer for the New England Aquarium, and is on its audit and investment committees. Mr. Bailey is a member of the Massachusetts Bar and the American Bar Associations. Mr. Bailey, a long-time entrepreneur, brings particular expertise to the board in the areas of investment and financial planning, capital markets, evaluation of institutional real estate markets and managers of all property types.

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Name

Richard S. Ellwood

Thomas L. Keltner

**Biographical Summary of Current Directors and Officers** 

Mr. Ellwood was first elected as a director of Aimco in July 1994. Mr. Ellwood is currently a member of the Audit, Compensation and Human Resources, and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees. Mr. Ellwood was the founder and President of R.S. Ellwood & Co., Incorporated, which he operated as a real estate investment banking firm through 2004. Prior to forming his firm, Mr. Ellwood had 31 years experience on Wall Street as an investment banker, serving as: Managing Director and senior banker at Merrill Lynch Capital Markets from 1984 to 1987; Managing Director at Warburg Paribas Becker from 1978 to 1984; general partner and then Senior Vice President and a director at White, Weld & Co. from 1968 to 1978; and in various capacities at J.P. Morgan & Co. from 1955 to 1968. Mr. Ellwood served as a director of Felcor Lodging Trust, Incorporated, a publicly held company, from 1994 to 2009. He is as a trustee of the Diocesan Investment Trust of the Episcopal Diocese of New Jersey and is chairman of the diocesan audit committee. As one of the first real estate investment bankers. Mr. Ellwood brings particular expertise in real estate finance through corporate securities in both public and private markets as well as in direct property financings through mortgage placements, limited partnerships and joint ventures.

Mr. Keltner was first elected as a director of Aimco in April 2007 and is currently a member of the Audit, Compensation and Human Resources, and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees. Mr. Keltner served as Executive Vice President and Chief Executive Officer Americas and Global Brands for Hilton Hotels Corporation from March 2007 through March 2008, which concluded the transition period following Hilton s acquisition by The Blackstone Group. Mr. Keltner joined Hilton Hotels Corporation in 1999 and served in various roles. Mr. Keltner has more than 20 years of experience in the areas of hotel development, acquisition, disposition, franchising and management. Prior to joining Hilton Hotels Corporation, from 1993 to 1999, Mr. Keltner served in several positions with Promus Hotel Corporation, including President, Brand Performance and Development. Before joining Promus Hotel Corporation, he served in various capacities with Holiday Inn Worldwide, Holiday Inns International and Holiday Inns, Inc. In addition, Mr. Keltner was President of Saudi Marriott Company, a division of Marriott Corporation, and was a management consultant with Cresap, McCormick and Paget, Inc. Mr. Keltner brings particular expertise to the board in the areas of property operations, marketing, branding, development and customer service.

Name

J. Landis Martin

Robert A. Miller

**Biographical Summary of Current Directors and Officers** 

Mr. Martin was first elected as a director of Aimco in July 1994 and is currently Chairman of the Compensation and Human Resources Committee. Mr. Martin is also a member of the Audit and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees and serves as the Lead Independent Director of Aimco s Board. Mr. Martin is the Founder and Managing Director of Platte River Ventures LLC, a private equity firm. In November 2005, Mr. Martin retired as Chairman and CEO of Titanium Metals Corporation, a publicly held integrated producer of titanium metals, where he served since January 1994. Mr. Martin served as President and CEO of NL Industries. Inc., a publicly held manufacturer of titanium dioxide chemicals, from 1987 to 2003. Mr. Martin is also a director of Crown Castle International Corporation, a publicly held wireless communications company, Halliburton Company, a publicly held provider of products and services to the energy industry, and Intrepid Potash, Inc., a publicly held producer of potash. As a former chief executive of four NYSE-listed companies, Mr. Martin brings particular expertise to the board in the areas of operations, finance and governance.

Mr. Miller was first elected as a director of Aimco in April 2007 and is currently a member of the Audit, Compensation and Human Resources, and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees. Mr. Miller has served as the President of Marriott Leisure since 1997. Prior to joining Marriott Leisure, from 1984 to 1988, Mr. Miller served as Executive Vice President & General Manager of Marriott Vacation Club International and then as its President from 1988 to 1997. In 1984, Mr. Miller and a partner sold their company, American Resorts, Inc., to Marriott. Mr. Miller co-founded American Resorts, Inc. in 1978, and it was the first business model to encompass all aspects of timeshare resort development, sales, management and operations. Prior to founding American Resorts, Inc., from 1972 to 1978, Mr. Miller was Chief Financial Officer of Fleetwing Corporation, a regional retail and wholesale petroleum company. Prior to joining Fleetwing, Mr. Miller served for five years as a staff accountant for Arthur Young & Company. Mr. Miller is past Chairman and currently a director of the American Resort Development Association ( ARDA ) and currently serves as Chairman and director of the ARDA International Foundation. As a successful real estate entrepreneur, Mr. Miller brings particular expertise to the board in the areas of operations, management, marketing, sales, and development, as well as finance and accounting.

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Name

Michael A. Stein

Kathleen M. Nelson

**Biographical Summary of Current Directors and Officers** 

Mr. Stein was first elected as a director of Aimco in October 2004 and is currently the Chairman of the Audit Committee. Mr. Stein is also a member of the Compensation and Human Resources and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees. From January 2001 until its acquisition by Eli Lilly in January 2007, Mr. Stein served as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of ICOS Corporation, a biotechnology company based in Bothell, Washington. From October 1998 to September 2000, Mr. Stein was Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Nordstrom, Inc. From 1989 to September 1998, Mr. Stein served in various capacities with Marriott International, Inc., including Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer from 1993 to 1998. Mr. Stein serves on the Board of Directors of Nautilus, Inc., which is a publicly held fitness company, and the Board of Directors of Providence Health & Services, a not-for-profit health system operating hospitals and other health care facilities across Alaska, Washington, Montana, Oregon and California. As the former chief financial officer of two NYSE-listed companies and a former partner at Arthur Andersen, Mr. Stein brings particular expertise to the board in the areas of corporate and real estate finance, and accounting and auditing for large and complex business operations.

Ms. Nelson was first elected as a director of Aimco in April 2010, and currently serves on the Audit, Compensation and Human Resources, and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees. Ms. Nelson has an extensive background in commercial real estate and financial services with over 40 years of experience including 36 years at TIAA-CREF. She held the position of Managing Director/Group Leader and Chief Administrative Officer for TIAA-CREF s mortgage and real estate division. Ms. Nelson developed and staffed TIAA s real estate research department. She retired from this position in December 2004 and founded and serves as president of KMN Associates LLC, a commercial real estate investment advisory and consulting firm. In 2009, Ms. Nelson co-founded and serves as Managing Principal of Bay Hollow Associates, LLC, a commercial real estate consulting firm, which provides counsel to institutional investors. Ms. Nelson served as the International Council of Shopping Centers chairman for the 2003-04 term and has been an ICSC Trustee since 1991. She also is the chairman of the ICSC Audit Committee and is a member of various other committees. Ms. Nelson serves on the Board of Directors of CBL & Associates Properties, Inc., which is a publicly held REIT that develops and manages retail shopping properties. She is a member of Castagna Realty Company Advisory Board and has served as an advisor to the Rand Institute Center for Terrorism Risk Management Policy and on the board of the Greater Jamaica Development

Corporation. Ms. Nelson serves on the Advisory Board of the Beverly Willis Architectural Foundation and is a member of the Anglo American Real Property Institute. Ms. Nelson brings to the board particular expertise in the areas of real estate finance and investment. C-6

ANNEX D

## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

#### Form 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
 EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
 For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009

or

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from to

Commission file number 0-15656

**U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP** 

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware** (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) **57-0814502** (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**55 Beattie Place, P.O. Box 1089 Greenville, South Carolina 29602** (*Address of principal executive offices*)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code (864) 239-1000

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes o No b

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Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. Yes o No b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant sknowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes o No b

State the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting partnership interests held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the partnership interests were last sold, or the average bid and asked price of such partnership interests as of the last business day of the registrant s most recently completed second fiscal quarter. No market exists for the limited partnership interests of the Registrant, and, therefore, no aggregate market value can be determined.

# DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE None

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements in certain circumstances. Certain information included in this Annual Report contains or may contain information that is forward-looking within the meaning of the federal securities laws, including, without limitation, statements regarding the effect of redevelopments, the Partnership s future financial performance, including the Partnership s ability to maintain current or meet projected occupancy and rent levels, and the effect of government regulations. Actual results may differ materially from those described in these forward-looking statements and, in addition, will be affected by a variety of risks and factors some of which are beyond the Partnership s control including, without limitation: financing risks, including the availability and cost of financing and the risk that the Partnership s cash flows from operations may be insufficient to meet required payments of principal and interest; natural disasters and severe weather such as hurricanes; national and local economic conditions; the general level of interest rates; energy costs; the terms of governmental regulations that affect the Partnership s property and interpretations of those regulations; the competitive environment in which the Partnership operates; real estate risks, including fluctuations in real estate values and the general economic climate in local markets and competition for residents in such markets; insurance risk, including the cost of insurance; development risks; litigation, including costs associated with prosecuting or defending claims and any adverse outcomes; and possible environmental liabilities, including costs, fines or penalties that may be incurred due to necessary remediation of contamination of properties presently owned or previously owned by the Partnership. Readers should carefully review the Partnership s financial statements and the notes thereto, as well as the other documents the Partnership files from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

## PART I

#### Item 1. Business

U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership (the Partnership or Registrant ) was organized as a limited partnership under the laws of Delaware on January 23, 1986. The general partner responsible for management of the Partnership s business is U.S. Realty I Corporation, a South Carolina corporation (the Corporate General Partner ). The Corporate General Partner is a subsidiary of Apartment Investment and Management Company ( AIMCO ), a publicly traded real estate investment trust. The other general partner is AIMCO Properties, L.P., an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner and AIMCO. Pursuant to the Partnership Agreement, the term of the Partnership is scheduled to expire on December 31, 2021, unless terminated prior to such date.

The Partnership is engaged in the business of operating and holding real estate property for investment. The Partnership commenced operations on August 26, 1986, and acquired its first property, a newly constructed apartment property, on August 28, 1986. Prior to September 5, 1986, it acquired an existing apartment property, a newly constructed shopping center and an existing shopping center. The Partnership continues to own and operate one of these properties. The shopping centers were sold on February 1, 1999 and July 2, 1999. One of the apartment properties was sold on December 20, 2006.

Commencing on August 26, 1986, the Partnership delivered 1,222,000 Depositary Unit Certificates, representing assignments of limited partnership interests ( DUCs ), to Wheat First Securities, Inc. and received \$30,550,000 (\$25.00 per DUC) in proceeds. The DUCs were offered by several underwriters in minimum investment amounts of 100 DUCs (\$25.00 per DUC). Since its initial offering, the Partnership has not received, nor are its limited partners required to make any additional contributions. The Partnership also received \$16,369,000 as proceeds from a contemporaneous private bond offering. The Partnership used substantially all of the proceeds from these offerings to acquire its initial four operating properties.

On April 1, 1993, the Partnership filed for protection under Chapter 11 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code. The filing was made due to the Partnership s inability to repay its secured debt due to an insurance company. On April 23, 1993, the Partnership filed a Reorganization Plan (the Plan) with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of South Carolina. The significant provision of the Plan was the refinancing of the secured debt. On July 23, 1993, the Court entered an order confirming the Partnership s Plan. On January 27, 1994, the Court closed the case.

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The Partnership has no employees. Management and administrative services are provided by the Corporate General Partner and by agents retained by the Corporate General Partner. These services were provided by affiliates of the Corporate General Partner for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008.

A further description of the Partnership s business is included in Item 7. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in this Form 10-K.

#### Item 2. Property

The following table sets forth the Partnership s investment in property:

Property	Date of Purchase	Type of Ownership	Use
Twin Lakes Apartments Palm Harbor, Florida	08/28/86	Fee ownership subject to first, second and third mortgages	Apartment 262 units

#### **Schedule of Property:**

Set forth below for the Partnership s property is the gross carrying value, accumulated depreciation, depreciable life, method of depreciation and federal tax basis.

Property	Gross Carrying Value		imulated reciation	Depreciable Life	Method of Depreciation		ederal x Basis (In
(In thousands) t							usands)
Twin Lakes Apartments	\$ 15,629	\$	8,542	5-35 yrs	S/L	\$	4,453

See Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for a description of the Partnership s capitalization and depreciation policies.

#### **Schedule of Property Indebtedness:**

The following table sets forth certain information relating to the fixed rate loans encumbering the Partnership s property.

Principal				Principal
<b>Balance</b> At	Stated			Balance
December 31,	Interest	Period	Maturity	Due At
2009	Rate	Amortized	Date	Maturity(1)
(In				(In
thousands)				thousands)

\$ 6,121	8.23%	120 months	12/01/2015	\$	5,685
3,406	5.62%	120 months	12/01/2015		3,025
1,077	5.56%	98 months	12/01/2015		963
\$ 10 604				\$	9,673
\$ \$	3,406	3,406         5.62%           1,077         5.56%	3,406         5.62%         120 months           1,077         5.56%         98 months	3,406         5.62%         120 months         12/01/2015           1,077         5.56%         98 months         12/01/2015	3,406         5.62%         120 months         12/01/2015           1,077         5.56%         98 months         12/01/2015

(1) See Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for information with respect to other details about the loans.

## **Schedule of Rental Rates and Occupancy:**

Average annual rental rate and occupancy for 2009 and 2008 for the property are as follows:

	Average Annual Rental Rate (per unit)		al Rate	Average Annual Occupancy	
Property		2009	2008	2009	2008
Twin Lakes Apartments		\$ 8,819	\$ 9,251	94%	94%
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The real estate industry is highly competitive. The property is subject to competition from other residential apartment complexes in the area. The Corporate General Partner believes that the property is adequately insured. The property is an apartment complex which leases units for lease terms of one year or less. No residential tenant leases 10% or more of the available rental space. The property is in good condition subject to normal depreciation and deterioration as is typical for assets of this type and age.

#### **Schedule of Real Estate Taxes and Rate:**

Real estate taxes and rate in 2009 for the property were as follows:

	2009 Billing (In thousands)	2009 Rate
Twin Lakes Apartments	\$ 230	1.94%

#### **Capital Improvements:**

#### Twin Lakes Apartments

The Partnership completed approximately \$271,000 in capital expenditures at Twin Lake Apartments during the year ended December 31, 2009, consisting primarily of floor covering replacements, water and sewer improvements and building improvements. These improvements were funded from operating cash flow and advances from AIMCO Properties, L.P., an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner. The Partnership regularly evaluates the capital improvement needs of the property. While the Partnership has no material commitments for property improvements and replacements, certain routine capital expenditures are anticipated during 2010. Such capital expenditures will depend on the physical condition of the property as well as anticipated cash flow generated by the property.

Additional capital expenditures will be incurred only if cash is available from operations, Partnership reserves or advances from AIMCO Properties, L.P., although AIMCO Properties, L.P. is not obligated to provide such advances. To the extent that capital improvements are completed, the Partnership s distributable cash flow, if any, may be adversely affected at least in the short term.

#### Item 3. Legal Proceedings

As previously disclosed, AIMCO Properties, L.P. and NHP Management Company, both affiliates of the Corporate General Partner, were defendants in a lawsuit, filed as a collective action in August 2003 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, alleging that they willfully violated the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) by failing to pay maintenance workers overtime for time worked in excess of 40 hours per week (overtime claims). The plaintiffs also contended that AIMCO Properties, L.P. and NHP Management Company (the Defendants) failed to compensate maintenance workers for time that they were required to be on-call (on-call claims). In March 2007, the court in the District of Columbia decertified the collective action. In July 2007, plaintiffs counsel filed individual cases in Federal court in 22 jurisdictions. In the second quarter of 2008, AIMCO Properties, L.P. settled the overtime cases involving 652 plaintiffs and established a framework for resolving the 88 remaining on-call claims and the attorneys fees claimed by plaintiffs counsel. As a result, the lawsuits asserted in the 22 Federal courts have been dismissed. During the fourth quarter of 2008, the Partnership paid approximately \$12,000 for settlement amounts for alleged unpaid overtime to employees who had worked at the Partnership s investment property. At this time, the 88 remaining on-call claims and the attorneys fees claimed by plaintiffs counsel fees claimed by plaintiffs counsel set the Partnership s investment property. At this time, the 88 remaining on-call claims and the attorneys fees claimed by plaintiffs counsel fees claimed by plaintiffs counsel had worked at the Partnership s investment property. At this time, the 88 remaining on-call claims and the attorneys fees claimed by plaintiffs counsel are not resolved. The parties have

selected six on-call claims that will proceed forward through the arbitration process and have selected arbitrators. After those arbitrations have been completed, the parties will revisit settling the on-call claims. The first two arbitrations took place in December 2009 and the Defendants received a defense verdict against the first two claimants, and plaintiffs dismissed the claims of the next two claimants. The remaining two arbitrations will take place in April 2010. The Corporate General Partner is uncertain as to the amount of any additional loss that may be allocable to the Partnership. Therefore, the Partnership cannot estimate whether any additional loss will occur or a potential range of loss.

## PART II

## Item 5. <u>Market for the Registrant s Common Equity, Related Security Holder Matters and Issuer Purchases of</u> <u>Equity Securities</u>

The Partnership, a publicly-held limited partnership received \$30,550,000 upon delivery of 1,222,000 Depositary Units Certificates ( DUCs ) which represent assignment of limited partnership interests to the holders. As of December 31, 2009, the number of DUCs holders of record was 603 and there were 1,222,000 units outstanding. Transfer of DUCs is subject to certain suitability and other requirements. Affiliates of the Corporate General Partner own 900,195 DUCs or 73.67% at December 31, 2009. No public trading market has developed for the DUCs and it is not anticipated that such a market will develop in the future.

There were no distributions to the partners during the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008.

Future cash distributions will depend on the level of net cash generated from operations and the timing of debt maturities, refinancings, and/or property sale. The Partnership s cash available for distribution is reviewed on a monthly basis. In light of the amounts accrued and payable to affiliates at December 31, 2009, it is unlikely that the Partnership will generate sufficient funds from operations after required capital expenditures and repayment of amounts accrued and payable to affiliates to permit further distributions to its partners during 2010 or subsequent periods. See Item 2. Property Capital Improvements for information relating to anticipated capital expenditures at the property.

In addition to its indirect ownership of the general partner interests in the Partnership, AIMCO and its affiliates owned 900,195 DUCs in the Partnership representing 73.67% of the outstanding DUCs at December 31, 2009. A number of these DUCs were acquired pursuant to tender offers made by AIMCO or its affiliates. It is possible that AIMCO or its affiliates will acquire additional DUCs in exchange for cash or a combination of cash and units in AIMCO Properties, L.P., the operating partnership of AIMCO, either through private purchases or tender offers. Pursuant to the Partnership Agreement, DUC holders holding a majority of the DUCs are entitled to take action with respect to a variety of matters that include, but are not limited to, voting on certain amendments to the Partnership Agreement and voting to remove the Corporate General Partner. As a result of its ownership of 73.67% of the outstanding DUCs, AIMCO and its affiliates are in a position to control all voting decisions with respect to the Partnership. Although the Corporate General Partner owes fiduciary duties to the limited partners of the Partnership, the Corporate General Partner, as corporate general partner, to the Partnership and its limited partners may come into conflict with the duties of the Corporate General Partner to AIMCO as its sole stockholder.

## Item 7. <u>Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>

This item should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and other items contained elsewhere in this report.

The Partnership s financial results depend upon a number of factors including the ability to attract and maintain tenants at the investment property, interest rates on mortgage loans, costs incurred to operate the investment property, general economic conditions and weather. As part of the ongoing business plan of the Partnership, the Corporate General Partner monitors the rental market environment of its investment property to assess the feasibility of increasing rents, maintaining or increasing occupancy levels and protecting the Partnership from increases in expenses. As part of this plan, the Corporate General Partner attempts to protect the Partnership from the burden of inflation-related increases in expenses by increasing rents and maintaining a high overall occupancy level. However, the Corporate General Partner may use rental concessions and rental rate reductions to offset softening market conditions, accordingly, there

is no guarantee that the Corporate General Partner will be able to sustain such a plan. Further, a number of factors that are outside the control of the Partnership such as the local economic climate and weather can adversely or positively affect the Partnership s financial results.

## **Results of Operations**

The Partnership s net loss was approximately \$546,000 and \$553,000 for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The decrease in net loss is due to a decrease in total expenses, partially offset by a decrease in total revenues.

Total revenues decreased as a decrease in rental income was partially offset by an increase in other income. Rental income decreased due to a decrease in average rental rates at Twin Lake Apartments. Other income increased due to increases in utility reimbursements, ancillary services, administrative fees and pet damage fees at Twin Lake Apartments.

Total expenses decreased due to decreases in operating, general and administrative and property tax expenses, partially offset by increases in depreciation and interest expenses. Operating expense decreased due to decreases in print advertising, payroll and benefit related expenses, utility and washer/dryer expenses. In addition, repair costs were incurred in 2008 for water damage from leaking pipes at Twin Lakes Apartments. Property tax expense decreased due to capital improvements and replacements placed into service during the past year. Interest expense increased due to additional advances in 2009, partially offset by a decrease in interest on the mortgages encumbering the Partnership s investment property due to scheduled principal payments.

During the year ended December 31, 2008, Twin Lakes Apartments suffered water damage as a result of several occurrences of water pipe breaks in several of the Partnership s apartment units. As of December 31, 2008, the Partnership had incurred, in total, approximately \$79,000 in capitalizable costs and approximately \$17,000 in clean up costs to repair the water damages incurred during the year. The Partnership did not receive any insurance proceeds as the damages for the various individual claims did not exceed the Partnership s insurance deductible. The Partnership recognized a casualty loss, which is included in operating expenses, of approximately \$16,000 during the year ended December 31, 2008 as a result of the write off of approximately \$16,000 of undepreciated property improvements and replacements.

During the year ended December 31, 2008, Twin Lakes Apartments suffered water damage as a result of a water pipe break in additional apartment units. The Partnership incurred approximately \$32,000 in capitalizable costs related to this damage. The Partnership received insurance proceeds of approximately \$27,000 for damages which includes approximately \$5,000 for lost rental income. The Partnership recognized a casualty gain of approximately \$16,000, which is included in operating expenses, during the year ended December 31, 2008 as a result of the write off of approximately \$6,000 of undepreciated property improvements and replacements.

General and administrative expense decreased due to a reduction in management reimbursements as a result of a decrease in costs incurred by the Corporate General Partner included in the reimbursements charged to the Partnership. Included in general and administrative expense for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 are management reimbursements to the Corporate General Partner as allowed under the Partnership Agreement. Also included in general and administrative expense are costs associated with the quarterly and annual communications with investors and regulatory agencies and the annual audit required by the Partnership Agreement.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

At December 31, 2009, the Partnership had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$101,000 compared to approximately \$44,000 at December 31, 2008. Cash and cash equivalents increased by approximately \$57,000 from December 31, 2008 due to approximately \$190,000 and \$99,000 of cash provided by operating and financing

activities, respectively, partially offset by approximately \$232,000 of cash used in investing activities. Cash provided by financing activities consisted of advances from AIMCO Properties, L.P., an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner, partially offset by repayment of advances and payments on the mortgages encumbering the investment property. Cash used in investing activities consisted of property improvements and replacements, partially offset by net withdrawals from restricted escrow.

The sufficiency of existing liquid assets to meet future liquidity and capital expenditure requirements is directly related to the level of capital expenditures required at the investment property to adequately maintain the physical

assets and other operating needs of the Partnership and to comply with Federal, state, and local legal and regulatory requirements. The Corporate General Partner monitors developments in the area of legal and regulatory compliance. The Partnership regularly evaluates the capital improvement needs of the property. While the Partnership has no material commitments for property improvements and replacements, certain routine capital expenditures are anticipated during 2010. Such capital expenditures will depend on the physical condition of the property as well as the anticipated cash flow generated by the property. Capital expenditures will be incurred only if cash is available from operations or from Partnership reserves. To the extent that capital improvements are completed, the Partnership s distributable cash flow from operations may be adversely affected at least in the short term.

The Partnership s assets are thought to be sufficient for any near term needs (exclusive of capital improvements and repayment of amounts accrued and payable to affiliates) of the Partnership. At December 31, 2009, the first, second and third mortgage indebtedness on Twin Lakes Apartments of approximately \$6,121,000, \$3,406,000 and \$1,077,000, respectively, require monthly payments of principal and interest of approximately \$74,000 until December 1, 2015 when balloon payments of approximately \$5,685,000, \$3,025,000 and \$963,000, respectively, are due. The Partnership has the option of extending the maturity date on both the first and second mortgages for one additional year, to December 1, 2016. With respect to the third mortgage, the maturity date will automatically be extended for one year, to December 1, 2016, if no event of default exists at its original maturity date of December 1, 2015.

There were no distributions to the partners during the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008. Future cash distributions will depend on the levels of net cash generated from operations and the timing of debt maturities, refinancings and/or property sale. The Partnership s cash available for distribution is reviewed on a monthly basis. In light of the amounts accrued and payable to affiliates at December 31, 2009, it is unlikely that the Partnership will generate sufficient funds from operations, after capital improvement expenditures and repayment of amounts accrued and payable to affiliates to its partners during 2010 or subsequent periods.

The Partnership Agreement provides for partners to receive distributions from the net proceeds of the sales of properties, the net proceeds from refinancings and net cash from operations as those terms are defined in the Partnership Agreement. The Partnership Agreement requires that the limited partners be furnished with a statement of Net Cash from Operations as such term is defined in the Partnership Agreement. Net Cash from Operations should not be considered an alternative to net (loss) income as an indicator of the Partnership s operating performance or to cash flows as a measure of liquidity. Below is a reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities as disclosed in the statements of cash flows, included in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data , to Net Cash from Operations as defined in the Partnership Agreement.

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2009	2008	
	(In thousa		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 190	\$ 260	
Payments on mortgage notes payable	(123)	(114)	
Advances from affiliates	365	1,222	
Payments on advances from affiliates	(143)		
Property improvements and replacements	(338)	(1,497)	
Change in restricted escrows, net	106	46	
Changes in reserves for net operating liabilities	86	(130)	

Net cash provided by (used in) operations (as defined in the Partnership Agreement) \$ 143 \$ (213)

Distributions made from reserves no longer considered necessary by the Corporate General Partner are considered to be additional net cash from operations for allocation purposes.

In addition to its indirect ownership of the general partner interests in the Partnership, AIMCO and its affiliates owned 900,195 DUCs in the Partnership representing 73.67% of the outstanding DUCs at December 31, 2009. A number of these DUCs were acquired pursuant to tender offers made by AIMCO or its affiliates. It is possible that

AIMCO or its affiliates will acquire additional DUCs in exchange for cash or a combination of cash and units in AIMCO Properties, L.P., the operating partnership of AIMCO, either through private purchases or tender offers. Pursuant to the Partnership Agreement, DUC holders holding a majority of the DUCs are entitled to take action with respect to a variety of matters that include, but are not limited to, voting on certain amendments to the Partnership Agreement and voting to remove the Corporate General Partner. As a result of its ownership of 73.67% of the outstanding DUCs, AIMCO and its affiliates are in a position to control all voting decisions with respect to the Partnership. Although the Corporate General Partner owes fiduciary duties to the limited partners of the Partnership, the Corporate General Partner, to the Partnership and its limited partners may come into conflict with the duties of the Corporate General Partner to AIMCO as its sole stockholder.

## **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

A summary of the Partnership s significant accounting policies is included in Note A Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies which is included in the financial statements in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data . The Corporate General Partner believes that the consistent application of these policies enables the Partnership to provide readers of the financial statements with useful and reliable information about the Partnership s operating results and financial condition. The financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States which requires the Partnership to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements as well as reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Judgments and assessments of uncertainties are required in applying the Partnership s accounting policies in many areas. The Partnership believes that of its significant accounting policies, the following may involve a higher degree of judgment and complexity.

#### **Impairment of Long-Lived Asset**

INVESTMENT PROPERTY IS RECORDED AT COST, LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION, UNLESS THE CARRYING AMOUNT OF THE ASSET IS NOT RECOVERABLE. IF EVENTS OR CIRCUMSTANCES INDICATE THAT THE CARRYING AMOUNT OF THE PROPERTY MAY NOT BE RECOVERABLE, THE PARTNERSHIP WILL MAKE AN ASSESSMENT OF ITS RECOVERABILITY BY COMPARING THE CARRYING AMOUNT TO THE PARTNERSHIP S ESTIMATE OF THE UNDISCOUNTED FUTURE CASH FLOWS, EXCLUDING INTEREST CHARGES, OF THE PROPERTY. IF THE CARRYING AMOUNT EXCEEDS THE ESTIMATED AGGREGATE UNDISCOUNTED FUTURE CASH FLOWS, THE PARTNERSHIP WOULD RECOGNIZE AN IMPAIRMENT LOSS TO THE EXTENT THE CARRYING AMOUNT EXCEEDS THE ESTIMATED FAIR VALUE OF THE PROPERTY.

Real property investment is subject to varying degrees of risk. Several factors may adversely affect the economic performance and value of the Partnership s investment property. These factors include, but are not limited to, general economic climate; competition from other apartment communities and other housing options; local conditions, such as loss of jobs or an increase in the supply of apartments that might adversely affect apartment occupancy or rental rates; changes in governmental regulations and the related cost of compliance; increases in operating costs (including real estate taxes) due to inflation and other factors, which may not be offset by increased rents; changes in tax laws and housing laws, including the enactment of rent control laws or other laws regulating multi-family housing; and changes in interest rates and the availability of financing. Any adverse changes in these and other factors could cause an impairment of the Partnership s asset.

## **Revenue Recognition**

The Partnership generally leases apartment units for twelve-month terms or less. The Partnership will offer rental concessions during particularly slow months or in response to heavy competition from other similar complexes in the area. Rental income attributable to leases, net of any concessions, is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The Partnership evaluates all accounts receivable from residents and establishes an allowance, after the application of security deposits, for accounts greater than 30 days past due on current tenants and all receivables due from former tenants.

## Item 8. *Financial Statements and Supplementary Data*

## U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

## LIST OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	D-10
Balance Sheets December 31, 2009 and 2008	D-11
Statements of Operations Years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008	D-12
Statements of Changes in Partners Deficit Years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008	D-13
Statements of Cash Flows Years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008	D-14
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## **Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

# The Partners

U. S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the related statements of operations, changes in partners deficit, and cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2009. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Partnership s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Partnership s internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Partnership s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership at December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2009, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Greenville, South Carolina March 29, 2010

## U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

## **BALANCE SHEETS**

	December 31, 2009 2008 (In thousands, excep unit data)			2008 except
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	101	\$	44
Receivables and deposits		88		94
Other assets Restricted escrow		285		316 106
Investment property (Notes B and E):				100
Land		1,700		1,700
Buildings and related personal property		13,929		13,658
		15 (20)		15.050
		15,629		15,358
Less accumulated depreciation		(8,542)		(7,756)
		7,087		7,602
	\$	7,561	\$	8,162
LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS DEFICIT Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	38	\$	110
Tenant security deposit liabilities	Ψ	57	Ψ	66
Other liabilities		162		131
Due to affiliates (Note D)		1,764		1,646
Mortgage notes payable (Note B)		10,604		10,727
		12,625		12,680

Partners Deficit		
General partners	(14)	(9)
Depositary unit certificate holders (2,440,000 units authorized; 1,222,000 units issued		
and outstanding)	(5,050)	(4,509)
	(5,064)	(4,518)

\$ 7,561 \$ 8,162

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

## U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

## STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Years Ended December 31, 2009 2008 (In thousands, except per unit data)			
Revenues: Rental income	¢	2,145	¢	2,260
Other income	φ	370	φ	2,200 290
Total revenues		2,515		2,550
Expenses:				
Operating		1,057		1,201
General and administrative		87		114
Depreciation		786		647
Interest		897		873
Property taxes		234		268
Total expenses		3,061		3,103
Net loss	\$	(546)	\$	(553)
Net loss allocated to general partners (1%)	\$	(5)	\$	(6)
Net loss allocated to depositary unit certificate holders (99%)		(541)		(547)
	\$	(546)	\$	(553)
Net loss per depository unit certificate	\$	(.44)	\$	(.45)

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

## U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PARTNERS DEFICIT

	Depositary Unit Certificates (Ir	Depositary Unit General Certificate Partners Holders n thousands, except unit data)			Total	
Original capital contributions	1,222,000	\$	2	\$	30,550	\$ 30,552
Partners deficit at December 31, 2007 Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2008	1,222,000	\$	(3) (6)	\$	(3,962) (547)	\$ (3,965) (553)
Partners deficit at December 31, 2008 Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2009	1,222,000		(9) (5)		(4,509) (541)	(4,518) (546)
Partners deficit at December 31, 2009	1,222,000	\$	(14)	\$	(5,050)	\$ (5,064)

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

## U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Years Ended December 31, 2009 2008 (In thousands)			
Cash flows from operating activities: Net loss	\$	(546)	\$	(553)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	ψ	(340)	Ψ	(555)
Depreciation		786		647
Amortization of loan costs		36		36
Change in accounts:				
Receivables and deposits		6		12
Other assets		(5)		15
Accounts payable		(5)		8
Tenant security deposit liabilities		(9)		8
Other liabilities Due to affiliates		31 (104)		(21) 108
Due to anniates		(104)		108
Net cash provided by operating activities		190		260
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Property improvements and replacements		(338)		(1,497)
Net withdrawals from restricted escrows		106		46
Insurance proceeds received				22
Net cash used in investing activities		(232)		(1,429)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Payments on mortgage notes payable		(123)		(114)
Advances from affiliates		365		1,222
Repayment of advances from affiliates		(143)		
Net cash provided by financing activities		99		1,108
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		57		(61)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		44		105
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	101	\$	44
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Cash paid for interest	\$	913	\$	779
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash flow activity: Property improvements and replacements in accounts payable	\$	7	\$	74
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At December 31, 2007, approximately \$245,000 of property improvements and replacements were included in accounts payable and are included in property improvements and replacements for the year ended December 31, 2008.

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

## U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2009

#### Note A Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Organization</u>: U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership (the Partnership or Registrant ) was organized as a limited partnership under the laws of the State of Delaware on January 23, 1986. The general partner responsible for management of the Partnership s business is U.S. Realty I Corporation, a South Carolina Corporation (the Corporate General Partner ). The Corporate General Partner is a subsidiary of Apartment Investment and Management Company (AIMCO), a publicly traded real estate investment trust. The other general partner is AIMCO Properties, L.P., an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner and AIMCO. The Partnership commenced operations on August 26, 1986, and completed its acquisition of two apartment complexes and two commercial properties on September 4, 1986. The Partnership continues to operate one apartment property located in Florida. The commercial properties were sold on February 1, 1999 and July 2, 1999. One of the apartment properties was sold on December 20, 2006. The Partnership Agreement provides that the Partnership is to terminate on December 31, 2021, unless terminated prior to such date.

The Depositary Unit Certificate ( DUC ) holders are assignees of USS Assignor, Inc. (the Limited Partner ), an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner, and as such will be entitled to receive the economic rights attributable to the Limited Partnership Interests represented by their DUCs. DUC holders will for all practical purposes be treated as limited partners of the Partnership.

<u>Subsequent Events</u>: The Partnership s management evaluated subsequent events through the time this Annual Report on Form 10-K was filed.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Allocation of Cash Distributions</u>: Operating cash distributions by the Partnership are allocated 98% to the DUC holders and 2% to the general partners until the DUC holders have received annual noncumulative distributions equal to 10% of their Adjusted Capital Values. Net cash from operations then will be distributed to the general partners until the general partners collectively have received 7% of net cash from operations distributed in that fiscal year. Thereafter, (after repayment of any loans by the general partners. Cash distributions of sale or refinancing proceeds are first distributed to the DUC holders until the DUC holders have received an amount equal to their Adjusted Capital contributions and second until the DUC holders have received cumulative distributions equal to 10% of their Adjusted Capital Values. Thereafter, (after repayment of any loans by the general partners to the Partnership) any remaining proceeds will be distributed 93% to the DUC holders and 7% to the general partners to the Partnership) any remaining proceeds will be distributed 93% to the DUC holders and 7% to the general partners.

<u>Allocation of Profits, Gains and Losses</u>: Profits, gains and losses of the Partnership are allocated between the general partners and DUC holders in accordance with the provisions of the Partnership Agreement.

<u>Recent Accounting Pronouncement</u>: In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 168, *The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* a replacement of FASB Statement No. 162, or SFAS No. 168, which is effective for financial statements issued for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. Upon the effective date of SFAS No. 168, the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, or the

FASB ASC, became the single source of authoritative GAAP recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities. Rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of authoritative GAAP for SEC registrants. The FASB ASC superseded all then-existing non-SEC accounting and reporting standards, and all other non-grandfathered non-SEC accounting literature not included in the FASB ASC is now non-authoritative. Subsequent to the effective date of SFAS No. 168, the FASB will issue Accounting Standards Updates that serve to update the FASB ASC.

#### **U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP**

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

*Investment Property:* Investment property consists of one apartment complex and is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation, unless the carrying amount of the asset is not recoverable. The Partnership capitalizes costs incurred in connection with capital expenditure activities, including redevelopment and construction projects, other tangible property improvements and replacements of existing property components. Costs including interest, property taxes and operating costs associated with redevelopment and construction projects are capitalized during periods in which redevelopment and construction projects are in progress. Costs incurred in connection with capital projects are capitalized where the costs of the project exceed \$250. Included in these capitalized costs are payroll costs associated with time spent by site employees in connection with the planning, execution and control of all capital expenditure activities at the property level. The Partnership did not capitalize any material costs related to interest, property taxes or operating costs during the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008. Capitalized costs are depreciated over the useful life of the asset. Expenditures for ordinary repairs, maintenance and apartment turnover costs are expensed as incurred.

If events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the property may not be recoverable, the Partnership will make an assessment of its recoverability by comparing the carrying amount to the Partnership s estimate of the undiscounted future cash flows, excluding interest charges, of the property. If the carrying amount exceeds the estimated aggregate undiscounted future cash flows, the Partnership would recognize an impairment loss to the extent the carrying amount exceeds the estimated fair value of the property. No adjustments for impairment of value were necessary for the years ending December 31, 2009 and 2008.

*Fair Value of Financial Instruments:* FASB ASC Topic 825, Financial Instruments , requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the balance sheet, for which it is practicable to estimate fair value. Fair value is defined as the amount at which the instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The Partnership believes that the carrying amount of its financial instruments (except for long-term debt) approximates their fair value due to the short term maturity of these instruments. The Partnership estimates the fair value of its long-term debt by discounting future cash flows using a discount rate commensurate with that currently believed to be available to the Partnership for similar term long-term debt. At December 31, 2009, the fair value of the Partnership s long-term debt at the Partnership s incremental borrowing rate is approximately \$11,295,000.

<u>Depreciation</u>: Depreciation is provided by the straight-line method over the estimated lives of the rental property and related personal property. For Federal income tax purposes, the modified accelerated cost recovery method is used for depreciation of 1) real property additions over 271/2 years, and 2) personal property additions over 5 years.

*Deferred Costs:* Loan costs of approximately \$346,000 at both December 31, 2009 and 2008, less accumulated amortization of approximately \$130,000 and \$94,000 at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, are included in other assets. The loan costs are amortized over the terms of the related loan agreements. Amortization expense for 2009 and 2008 was approximately \$36,000 and is included in interest expense. Amortization expense is expected to be approximately \$36,000 for the years 2010 through 2014.

Leasing commissions and other direct costs incurred in connection with successful leasing efforts are deferred and amortized over the terms of the related leases. Amortization of these costs is included in operating expenses.

*Leases:* The Partnership generally leases apartment units for twelve-month terms or less. The Partnership will offer rental concessions during particularly slow months or in response to heavy competition from other similar complexes

in the area. Rental income attributable to leases, net of any concessions, is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The Partnership evaluates all accounts receivable from residents and establishes an allowance, after the application of security deposits, for accounts greater than 30 days past due on current tenants and all receivables due from former tenants.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in banks. At certain times, the amount of cash deposited at a bank may exceed the limit on insured deposits. Cash balances include

## U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

approximately \$47,000 and zero at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, that are maintained by an affiliated management company on behalf of affiliated entities in cash concentration accounts.

<u>Restricted Escrow</u>: In connection with the second mortgage obtained on Twin Lakes Apartments in December 2005 and the third mortgage obtained during September 2007, the lenders required the establishment of a replacement reserve to be used for the funding of capital replacements throughout the loan terms. At December 31, 2008 the total reserve balance was approximately \$106,000. The lender is not currently requiring the Partnership to fund the escrow account and has released the funds held at December 31, 2008.

<u>Tenant Security Deposits</u>: The Partnership requires security deposits from all apartment lessees for the duration of the lease and such deposits are included in receivables and deposits. The security deposits are refunded when the tenant vacates provided the tenant has not damaged the apartment and is current on rental payments.

<u>Segment Reporting</u>: FASB ASC Topic 280-10, Segment Reporting , established standards for the way that public business enterprises report information about operating segments in annual financial statements and requires that those enterprises report selected information about operating segments in interim financial reports. FASB ASC Topic 280-10 also established standards for related disclosures about products and services, geographic areas, and major customers. As defined in FASB ASC Topic 280-10, the Partnership has only one reportable segment.

<u>Advertising</u>: The Partnership expenses the costs of advertising as incurred. Advertising expense, included in operating expense, was approximately \$36,000 and \$59,000 for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

#### Note B Mortgage Notes Payable

The terms of the mortgage notes payable are as follows:

	Prin Balar Decem 2009 (In tho	ice A	At 31, 2008	Pay Incl Int	onthly yment luding terest (In (sands)	Stated Interest Rate	Maturity Date	B D M	incipal alance Due At aturity (In usands)
Twin Lakes Apartments 1 <sup>st</sup> mortgage 2 <sup>nd</sup> mortgage 3 <sup>rd</sup> mortgage	\$ 6,121 3,406 1,077	\$	6,175 3,459 1,093	\$	47 21 6	8.23% 5.62% 5.56%	12/01/2015 12/01/2015 12/01/2015	\$	5,685 3,025 963
	\$ 10,604	\$	10,727	\$	74			\$	9,673

The mortgage notes payable are fixed rate mortgages that are non-recourse and are secured by a pledge of the Partnership s rental property and by a pledge of revenues from the respective rental property. The investment property may not be sold subject to the existing indebtedness.

The first and second mortgage loans are guaranteed by an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner. With respect to the first and second mortgage loans, the Partnership has the option of extending the maturity date for one additional year, to December 1, 2016, during which period the mortgages would both bear interest at a rate equal to the British Bankers Association s one month LIBOR rate plus 250 basis points and would require monthly payments of principal and interest. With respect to the third mortgage loan, if no event of default exists at maturity, the maturity date will automatically be extended for one additional year, to December 1, 2016, during which period the third mortgage would bear interest at the one-month LIBOR rate plus 250 basis points and would require monthly payments of principal and interest.

#### **U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP**

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Scheduled principal payments of the mortgage notes payable subsequent to December 31, 2009 are as follows (in thousands):

2010	\$ 132
2011	142
2012	150
2013	162
2014	174
Thereafter	9,844
	\$ 10,604

## Note C Income Taxes

The Partnership is classified as a partnership for Federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is made in the financial statements of the Partnership. Taxable income or loss of the Partnership is reported in the income tax returns of its partners.

The following is a reconciliation of reported net loss and Federal taxable loss (in thousands except per unit data):

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2009	2008	
Net loss as reported Add (deduct):	\$ (546)	\$ (553)	
Depreciation differences	225	135	
Change in prepaid rentals	(2)	(2)	
Other	52	(49)	
Federal taxable loss	\$ (271)	\$ (469)	
Federal taxable loss per DUC	\$ (.17)	\$.76	

For 2009 and 2008, allocation under Internal Revenue Code Section 704(b) results in the limited partners being allocated a non-pro rata amount of taxable loss.

The following is a reconciliation between the Partnership s reported amounts and Federal tax basis of net liabilities at December 31, 2009 and 2008 (in thousands):

	2009	2008
Net liabilities as reported	\$ (5,064)	\$ (4,518)
Land and buildings	905	842
Accumulated depreciation	(3,539)	(3,764)
Syndication	2,774	2,774
Other	79	92
Net liabilities tax basis	\$ (4,845)	\$ (4,574)

# Note D Transactions with Affiliated Parties

The Partnership has no employees and depends on the Corporate General Partner and its affiliates for the management and administration of all Partnership activities. The Partnership Agreement provides for (i) certain

## U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

payments to affiliates for services and (ii) reimbursement of certain expenses incurred by affiliates of the Corporate General Partner on behalf of the Partnership.

Affiliates of the Corporate General Partner receive 5% of gross receipts from the Partnership s property as compensation for providing property management services. The Partnership paid to such affiliates approximately \$123,000 and \$126,000 for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, which is included in operating expenses.

Affiliates of the Corporate General Partner charged the Partnership reimbursement of accountable administrative expenses amounting to approximately \$85,000 and \$206,000 for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, which is included in general and administrative expenses and investment property. The portion of these reimbursements included in investment property for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 are charges for construction management services provided by an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner of approximately \$57,000 and \$158,000, respectively. At December 31, 2008 approximately \$53,000 of reimbursements were owed and are included in due to affiliates. No amounts were owed at December 31, 2009.

During the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, AIMCO Properties, L.P., an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner advanced the Partnership approximately \$365,000 and \$1,222,000 to fund capital improvements and real estate taxes at Twin Lake Apartments. During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Partnership repaid AIMCO Properties, L.P. approximately \$285,000 which included approximately \$142,000 of accrued interest. No such payments were made during the year ended December 31, 2008. In accordance with the Partnership Agreement, interest was charged at prime plus 2% (5.25% at December 31, 2009). Interest expense was approximately \$91,000 and \$58,000 for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. At December 31, 2009 and 2008, the total outstanding advances and accrued interest due to AIMCO Properties, L.P. was approximately \$1,764,000 and \$1,593,000, respectively, and was included in due to affiliates. The Partnership may receive additional advances of funds from AIMCO Properties, L.P. although AIMCO Properties, L.P. is not obligated to provide such advances. For more information on AIMCO Properties, L.P., including copies of its audited balance sheet, please see its reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Partnership insures its property up to certain limits through coverage provided by AIMCO which is generally self-insured for a portion of losses and liabilities related to workers compensation, property casualty, general liability and vehicle liability. The Partnership insures its property above the AIMCO limits through insurance policies obtained by AIMCO from insurers unaffiliated with the Corporate General Partner. During the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Partnership was charged by AIMCO and its affiliates approximately \$77,000 and \$57,000, respectively, for insurance coverage and fees associated with policy claims administration.

In addition to its indirect ownership of the general partner interests in the Partnership, AIMCO and its affiliates owned 900,195 DUCs in the Partnership representing 73.67% of the outstanding DUCs at December 31, 2009. A number of these DUCs were acquired pursuant to tender offers made by AIMCO or its affiliates. It is possible that AIMCO or its affiliates will acquire additional DUCs in exchange for cash or a combination of cash and units in AIMCO Properties, L.P., the operating partnership of AIMCO, either through private purchases or tender offers. Pursuant to the Partnership Agreement, DUC holders holding a majority of the DUCs are entitled to take action with respect to a variety of matters that include, but are not limited to, voting on certain amendments to the Partnership Agreement and voting to remove the Corporate General Partner. As a result of its ownership of 73.67% of the outstanding DUCs, AIMCO and its affiliates are in a position to control all voting decisions with respect to the Partnership. Although the

Corporate General Partner owes fiduciary duties to the limited partners of the Partnership, the Corporate General Partner also owes fiduciary duties to AIMCO as its sole stockholder. As a result, the duties of the Corporate General Partner, as corporate general partner, to the Partnership and its limited partners may come into conflict with the duties of the Corporate General Partner to AIMCO as its sole stockholder.

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# U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# Note E Investment Property and Accumulated Depreciation

			Ir	nitial Cos		artnership uldings and		Cost
Description	Encu	mbrances	1	Land	Pe	elated ersonal operty	Sub	oitalized sequent to uisition
Description		(In ousands)	J	Lanu		operty	-	(In usands)
				(In th	ousar	nds)		
Twin Lakes Apartments Palm Harbor, Florida	\$	10,604	\$	1,928	\$	9,283	\$	4,418
Totals								
Gross An	nount A	At Which C	arr	ied				

#### Gross Amount At Which Carried At December 31, 2009 (In thousands)

Description	Land	Buildings and Related Personal Property	Total	nulated ciation C	Date of onstruction	Date Acquired	Depreciable Life-Years
Twin Lakes Apartments	\$ 1,700	\$ 13,929	\$ 15,629	\$ 8,542	1986	08/28/86	5-35

Reconciliation of Investment Property and Accumulated Depreciation :

		Ended iber 31,
	2009	2008
Investment Property Balance at beginning of year Property improvements and replacements Disposal of property	\$ 15,358 271	usands) \$ 14,089 1,326 (57)

Balance at end of year	\$ 15,629	\$ 15,358
Accumulated Depreciation Balance at beginning of year Additions charged to expense Disposal of property	\$ 7,756 786	\$ 7,144 647 (35)
Balance at end of year	\$ 8,542	\$ 7,756

The aggregate cost of the real estate for Federal income tax purposes at December 31, 2009 and 2008, is approximately \$16,534,000 and \$16,200,000, respectively. The accumulated depreciation taken for Federal income tax purposes at December 31, 2009 and 2008 is approximately \$12,081,000 and \$11,520,000, respectively.

## Note F Casualty Events

During the year ended December 31, 2008, Twin Lakes Apartments suffered water damage as a result of several occurrences of water pipe breaks in several of the Partnership s apartment units. As of December 31, 2008, the Partnership had incurred, in total, approximately \$79,000 in capitalizable costs and approximately \$17,000 in clean up costs to repair the water damages incurred during the year. The Partnership did not receive any insurance proceeds as the damages for the various individual claims did not exceed the Partnership s insurance deductible. The Partnership recognized a casualty loss, which is included in operating expenses, of approximately \$16,000

## U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

during the year ended December 31, 2008 as a result of the write off of approximately \$16,000 of undepreciated property improvements and replacements.

During the year ended December 31, 2008, Twin Lakes Apartments suffered water damage as a result of a water pipe break in additional apartment units. The Partnership incurred approximately \$32,000 in capitalizable costs related to this damage. The Partnership received insurance proceeds of approximately \$27,000 for damages which includes approximately \$5,000 for lost rental income. The Partnership recognized a casualty gain of approximately \$16,000, which is included in operating expenses, during the year ended December 31, 2008 as a result of the write off of approximately \$6,000 of undepreciated property improvements and replacements.

#### Note G Contingencies

As previously disclosed, AIMCO Properties, L.P. and NHP Management Company, both affiliates of the Corporate General Partner, were defendants in a lawsuit, filed as a collective action in August 2003 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, alleging that they willfully violated the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) by failing to pay maintenance workers overtime for time worked in excess of 40 hours per week (overtime claims). The plaintiffs also contended that AIMCO Properties, L.P. and NHP Management Company ( the Defendants ) failed to compensate maintenance workers for time that they were required to be on-call (on-call claims). In March 2007, the court in the District of Columbia decertified the collective action. In July 2007, plaintiffs counsel filed individual cases in Federal court in 22 jurisdictions. In the second quarter of 2008, AIMCO Properties, L.P. settled the overtime cases involving 652 plaintiffs and established a framework for resolving the 88 remaining on-call claims and the attorneys fees claimed by plaintiffs counsel. As a result, the lawsuits asserted in the 22 Federal courts have been dismissed. During the fourth quarter of 2008, the Partnership paid approximately \$12,000 for settlement amounts for alleged unpaid overtime to employees who had worked at the Partnership s investment property. At this time, the 88 remaining on-call claims and the attorneys fees claimed by plaintiffs counsel are not resolved. The parties have selected six on-call claims that will proceed forward through the arbitration process and have selected arbitrators. After those arbitrations have been completed, the parties will revisit settling the on-call claims. The first two arbitrations took place in December 2009 and the Defendants received a defense verdict against the first two claimants, and plaintiffs dismissed the claims of the next two claimants. The remaining two arbitrations will take place in April 2010. The Corporate General Partner is uncertain as to the amount of any additional loss that may be allocable to the Partnership. Therefore, the Partnership cannot estimate whether any additional loss will occur or a potential range of loss.

The Partnership is unaware of any other pending or outstanding litigation matters involving it or its investment property that are not of a routine nature arising in the ordinary course of business.

#### Environmental

Various Federal, state and local laws subject property owners or operators to liability for management, and the costs of removal or remediation, of certain hazardous substances present on a property, including lead-based paint. Such laws often impose liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the release or presence of the hazardous substances. The presence of, or the failure to manage or remedy properly, hazardous substances may adversely affect occupancy at affected apartment communities and the ability to sell or finance affected properties. In addition to the costs associated with investigation and remediation actions brought by government agencies, and potential fines or penalties imposed by such agencies in connection therewith, the presence

of hazardous substances on a property could result in claims by private plaintiffs for personal injury, disease, disability or other infirmities. Various laws also impose liability for the cost of removal, remediation or disposal of hazardous substances through a licensed disposal or treatment facility. Anyone who arranges for the disposal or treatment of hazardous substances is potentially liable under such laws. These laws often impose liability whether or not the person arranging for the disposal ever owned or operated the disposal facility. In

#### U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

connection with the ownership, operation and management of its property, the Partnership could potentially be liable for environmental liabilities or costs associated with its property.

#### Mold

The Partnership is aware of lawsuits against owners and managers of multifamily properties asserting claims of personal injury and property damage caused by the presence of mold, some of which have resulted in substantial monetary judgments or settlements. The Partnership has only limited insurance coverage for property damage loss claims arising from the presence of mold and for personal injury claims related to mold exposure. Affiliates of the Corporate General Partner have implemented policies, procedures, third-party audits and training and the Corporate General Partner believes that these measures will prevent or eliminate mold exposure and will minimize the effects that mold may have on residents. To date, the Partnership has not incurred any material costs or liabilities relating to claims of mold exposure or to abate mold conditions. Because the law regarding mold is unsettled and subject to change the Corporate General Partner can make no assurance that liabilities resulting from the presence of or exposure to mold will not have a material adverse effect on the Partnership s financial condition or results of operations.

#### Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

## Item 9A(T). Controls and Procedures

#### (a) Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Partnership s management, with the participation of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the Corporate General Partner, who are the equivalent of the Partnership s principal executive officer and principal financial officer, respectively, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Partnership s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act )) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, respectively, have concluded that, as of the end of such period, the Partnership s disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

#### Management s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Partnership s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the principal executive and principal financial officers of the Corporate General Partner, who are the equivalent of the Partnership s principal executive officer and principal financial officer, respectively, and effected by the Partnership s management and other personnel to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that:

pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of assets;

provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of the Partnership s management; and

provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risks that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

The Partnership s management assessed the effectiveness of the Partnership s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009. In making this assessment, the Partnership s management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework*.

Based on their assessment, the Partnership s management concluded that, as of December 31, 2009, the Partnership s internal control over financial reporting is effective.

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This annual report does not include an attestation report of the Partnership s registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management s report was not subject to the attestation by the Partnership s registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit the Partnership to provide only management s report in this annual report.

#### (b) Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

There has been no change in the Partnership s internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fourth quarter of 2009 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Partnership s internal control over financial reporting.

#### Item 9B. Other Information

None.

## PART III

#### Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

U.S. Realty Partnership (the Partnership or the Registrant ) has no officers or directors. U.S. Realty I Corporation (the Corporate General Partner ) manages and controls substantially all of the Partnership s affairs and has general responsibility in all matters affecting its business.

The names and ages of, as well as the positions and offices held by, the present directors and officers of the Corporate General Partner are set forth below. There are no family relationships between or among any officers or directors.

Name	Age	Position
Steven D. Cordes	38	Director and Senior Vice President
John Bezzant	47	Director and Senior Vice President
Timothy J. Beaudin	51	President and Chief Operating Officer
Ernest M. Freedman	39	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
Lisa R. Cohn	41	Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary
Paul Beldin	36	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer
Stephen B. Waters	48	Senior Director of Partnership Accounting

*Steven D. Cordes* was appointed as a Director of the Corporate General Partner effective March 2, 2009. Mr. Cordes has been a Senior Vice President of the Corporate General Partner and AIMCO since May 2007. Mr. Cordes joined AIMCO in 2001 as a Vice President of Capital Markets with responsibility for AIMCO s joint ventures and equity capital markets activity. Prior to joining AIMCO, Mr. Cordes was a manager in the financial consulting practice of PricewaterhouseCoopers. Effective March 2009, Mr. Cordes was appointed to serve as the equivalent of the chief executive officer of the Partnership. Mr. Cordes brings particular expertise to the Board in the areas of asset management as well as finance and accounting.

*John Bezzant* was appointed as a Director of the Corporate General Partner effective December 16, 2009. Mr. Bezzant has been a Senior Vice President of the Corporate General Partner and AIMCO since joining AIMCO in June 2006. Prior to joining AIMCO, from 2005 to June 2006, Mr. Bezzant was a First Vice President at Prologis, a Denver, Colorado-based real estate investment trust, and from 1986 to 2005, Mr. Bezzant served as Vice President, Asset Management at Catellus Development Corporation, a San Francisco, California-based real estate investment trust. Mr. Bezzant brings particular expertise to the Board in the areas of real estate finance, property operations, sales and development.

*Timothy J. Beaudin* was appointed President and Chief Operating Officer of AIMCO and the Corporate General Partner in February 2009. He joined AIMCO and the Corporate General Partner as Executive Vice President and Chief Development Officer in October 2005 and was appointed Executive Vice President and Chief Property Operating Officer of the Corporate General Partner and AIMCO in October 2008. Mr. Beaudin oversees conventional and affordable property operations, transactions, asset management, and redevelopment and construction services for AIMCO and the Corporate General Partner. Prior to joining AIMCO and beginning in 1995,

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Mr. Beaudin was with Catellus Development Corporation. During his last five years at Catellus, Mr. Beaudin served as Executive Vice President, with management responsibility for development, construction and asset management.

*Ernest M. Freedman* was appointed Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Corporate General Partner and AIMCO in November 2009. Mr. Freedman joined AIMCO in 2007 as Senior Vice President of Financial Planning and Analysis and has served as Senior Vice President of Finance since February 2009, responsible for financial planning, tax, accounting and related areas. Prior to joining AIMCO, from 2004 to 2007, Mr. Freedman served as chief financial officer of HEI Hotels and Resorts.

*Lisa R. Cohn* was appointed Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of the Corporate General Partner and AIMCO in December 2007. From January 2004 to December 2007, Ms. Cohn served as Senior Vice President and Assistant General Counsel of AIMCO. Ms. Cohn joined AIMCO in July 2002 as Vice President and Assistant General Counsel. Prior to joining AIMCO, Ms. Cohn was in private practice with the law firm of Hogan and Hartson LLP.

*Paul Beldin* joined AIMCO in May 2008 and has served as Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer of AIMCO and the Corporate General Partner since that time. Prior to joining AIMCO, Mr. Beldin served as controller and then as chief financial officer of America First Apartment Investors, Inc., a publicly traded multifamily real estate investment trust, from May 2005 to September 2007 when the company was acquired by Sentinel Real Estate Corporation. Prior to joining America First Apartment Investors, Inc., Mr. Beldin was a senior manager at Deloitte and Touche LLP, where he was employed from August 1996 to May 2005, including two years as an audit manager in SEC services at Deloitte s national office.

*Stephen B. Waters* was appointed Senior Director of Partnership Accounting of AIMCO and the Corporate General Partner in June 2009. Mr. Waters has responsibility for partnership accounting with AIMCO and serves as the principal financial officer of the Corporate General Partner. Mr. Waters joined AIMCO as a Director of Real Estate Accounting in September 1999 and was appointed Vice President of the Corporate General Partner and AIMCO in April 2004. Prior to joining AIMCO, Mr. Waters was a senior manager at Ernst & Young LLP.

The Registrant is not aware of the involvement in any legal proceedings with respect to the directors and executive officers listed in this Item 10.

One or more of the above persons are also directors and/or officers of a general partner (or general partner of a general partner) of limited partnerships which either have a class of securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 15(d) of such Act. Further, one or more of the above persons are also officers of Apartment Investment and Management Company and the general partner of AIMCO Properties, L.P., entities that have a class of securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 15(d) of such Act.

The board of directors of the Corporate General Partner does not have a separate audit committee. As such, the board of directors of the Corporate General Partner fulfills the functions of an audit committee. The board of directors has determined that Steven D. Cordes meets the requirement of an audit committee financial expert .

The directors and officers of the Corporate General Partner with authority over the Partnership are all employees of subsidiaries of AIMCO. AIMCO has adopted a code of ethics that applies to such directors and officers that is posted on AIMCO s website (www.AIMCO.com). AIMCO s website is not incorporated by reference to this filing.

## Item 11. <u>Executive Compensation</u>

None of the directors and officers of the Corporate General Partner received any remuneration from the Partnership during the year ended December 31, 2009.

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#### Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Except as noted below, no person or entity was known by the Partnership to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of the Depositary Unit Certificates ( DUCs ) as of December 31, 2009.

Entity	Number of DUCs	Percentage
AIMCO Properties, L.P. (an affiliate of AIMCO)	900,195	73.67%

AIMCO Properties, L.P. is ultimately owned by AIMCO. Its business address is 4582 S. Ulster St. Parkway, Suite 1100, Denver, Colorado 80237.

No director or officer of the Corporate General Partner owns any DUCs.

#### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

The Partnership has no employees and depends on the Corporate General Partner and its affiliates for the management and administration of all Partnership activities. The Partnership Agreement provides for (i) certain payments to affiliates for services and (ii) reimbursement of certain expenses incurred by affiliates of the Corporate General Partner on behalf of the Partnership.

Affiliates of the Corporate General Partner receive 5% of gross receipts from the Partnership s property as compensation for providing property management services. The Partnership paid to such affiliates approximately \$123,000 and \$126,000 for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, which is included in operating expenses.

Affiliates of the Corporate General Partner charged the Partnership reimbursement of accountable administrative expenses amounting to approximately \$85,000 and \$206,000 for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, which is included in general and administrative expenses and investment property. The portion of these reimbursements included in investment property for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 are charges for construction management services provided by an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner of approximately \$57,000 and \$158,000, respectively. At December 31, 2008 approximately \$53,000 of reimbursements were owed and are included in due to affiliates. No amounts were owed at December 31, 2009.

During the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, AIMCO Properties, L.P., an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner advanced the Partnership approximately \$365,000 and \$1,222,000 to fund capital improvements and real estate taxes at Twin Lake Apartments. During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Partnership repaid AIMCO Properties, L.P. approximately \$285,000 which included approximately \$142,000 of accrued interest. No such payments were made during the year ended December 31, 2008. In accordance with the Partnership Agreement, interest was charged at prime plus 2% (5.25% at December 31, 2009). Interest expense was approximately \$91,000 and \$58,000 for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. At December 31, 2009 and 2008, the total outstanding advances and accrued interest due to AIMCO Properties, L.P. was approximately \$1,764,000 and \$1,593,000, respectively, and was included in due to affiliates. The Partnership may receive additional advances of funds from AIMCO Properties, L.P. although AIMCO Properties, L.P. is not obligated to provide such advances. For more information on AIMCO Properties, L.P., including copies of its audited balance sheet, please see its reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Partnership insures its property up to certain limits through coverage provided by AIMCO which is generally self-insured for a portion of losses and liabilities related to workers compensation, property casualty, general liability and vehicle liability. The Partnership insures its property above the AIMCO limits through insurance policies obtained by AIMCO from insurers unaffiliated with the Corporate General Partner. During the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Partnership was charged by AIMCO and its affiliates approximately \$77,000 and \$57,000, respectively, for insurance coverage and fees associated with policy claims administration.

In addition to its indirect ownership of the general partner interests in the Partnership, AIMCO and its affiliates owned 900,195 DUCs in the Partnership representing 73.67% of the outstanding DUCs at December 31, 2009. A number of these DUCs were acquired pursuant to tender offers made by AIMCO or its affiliates. It is possible that AIMCO or its affiliates will acquire additional DUCs in exchange for cash or a combination of cash and units in AIMCO Properties, L.P., the operating partnership of AIMCO, either through private purchases or tender offers. Pursuant to the Partnership Agreement, DUC holders holding a majority of the DUCs are entitled to take action with respect to a variety of matters that include, but are not limited to, voting on certain amendments to the Partnership

#### Table of Contents

Agreement and voting to remove the Corporate General Partner. As a result of its ownership of 73.67% of the outstanding DUCs, AIMCO and its affiliates are in a position to control all voting decisions with respect to the Partnership. Although the Corporate General Partner owes fiduciary duties to the limited partners of the Partnership, the Corporate General Partner also owes fiduciary duties to AIMCO as its sole stockholder. As a result, the duties of the Corporate General Partner, to the Partnership and its limited partners may come into conflict with the duties of the Corporate General Partner to AIMCO as its sole stockholder.

#### Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

The Corporate General Partner has reappointed Ernst & Young LLP as independent auditors to audit the financial statements of the Partnership for 2010. The aggregate fees billed for services rendered by Ernst & Young LLP for 2009 and 2008 are described below.

<u>Audit Fees</u>. Fees for audit services totaled approximately \$38,000 and \$44,000 for 2009 and 2008, respectively. Fees for audit services also include fees for the reviews of the Partnership s Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q.

*Tax Fees.* Fees for tax services totaled approximately \$7,000 for both of the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008.

## PART IV

## Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

(a) The following financial statements of the Registrant are included in Item 8:

Balance Sheets at December 31, 2009 and 2008.	D-11
Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008.	D-12
Statements of Changes in Partners Deficit for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008.	D-13
Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008.	D-14
Notes to Financial Statements	D-15

Schedules are omitted for the reason that they are inapplicable or equivalent information has been included elsewhere herein.

(b) Exhibits:

See Exhibit index

The agreements included as exhibits to this Form 10-K contain representations and warranties by each of the parties to the applicable agreement. These representations and warranties have been made solely for the benefit of the other parties to the applicable agreement and:

should not in all instances be treated as categorical statements of fact, but rather as a way of allocating the risk to one of the parties if those statements prove to be inaccurate;

have been qualified by disclosures that were made to the other party in connection with the negotiation of the applicable agreement, which disclosures are not necessarily reflected in the agreement;

may apply standards of materiality in a way that is different from what may be viewed as material to an investor; and

were made only as of the date of the applicable agreement or such other date or dates as may be specified in the agreement and are subject to more recent developments.

Accordingly, these representations and warranties may not describe the actual state of affairs as of the date they were made or at any other time. The Partnership acknowledges that, notwithstanding the inclusion of the foregoing cautionary statements, it is responsible for considering whether additional specific disclosures of material information regarding material contractual provisions are required to make the statements in this Form 10-K not misleading. Additional information about the Partnership may be found elsewhere in this Form 10-K and the Partnership s other public filings, which are available without charge through the SEC s website a<u>t http://www.sec.go</u>v.

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

## U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

By:	U.S. Realty I Corporation
	Corporate General Partner

By: /s/ Steven D. Cordes

Steven D. Cordes Senior Vice President

By: /s/ Stephen B. Waters

Stephen B. Waters Senior Director of Partnership Accounting

Date: March 29, 2010

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

/s/ John Bezzant	Director and Senior Vice President	Date: March 29, 2010
John Bezzant		
/s/ Steven D. Cordes	Director and Senior Vice President	Date: March 29, 2010
Steven D. Cordes		
/s/ Stephen B. Waters	Senior Director of Partnership Accounting	Date: March 29, 2010
Stephen B. Waters		
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# U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

## EXHIBIT INDEX

# Exhibit

3	See Exhibit 4(a)
4(a)	Amended and Restated Certificate and Agreement of Limited Partnership (included as Exhibit A to the
	Prospectus of Registrant dated August 19, 1986 contained in Amendment No. 4 Registration
	Statement, No. 33-2996, of Registrant filed August 19, 1986 (the Prospectus ) and is incorporated
	herein by reference).
(b)	Subscription Agreement and Signature Page (included as Exhibit B to the Prospectus and is
	incorporated herein by reference).
(c)	Instruments governing the Bonds (filed as Exhibit 10C to Amendment No. 4 to Registration Statement,
	No. 33-2996, of Registrant filed August 19, 1986 and incorporated herein by reference).
(d)	First Amendment to U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership Amended and Restated Agreement of
	Limited Partnership (dated August 15, 1986) dated October 14, 1993. [Filed as Exhibit 4(c) to
	Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended September 30, 1993 and incorporated herein by reference.]
(e)	Amendment to the Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement dated April 12, 2005. [Filed
	as Exhibit 4(e) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2009 and incorporated herein by
	reference.]
10(i)	Contracts related to acquisition of property:
(1)	Depositary Agreement dated as of October 15, 1993, among U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership,
	First Union National Bank of South Carolina and Continental Casualty Company.*
(m)	Financial Statement Form UCC-1, State of South Carolina, Office of Secretary of State Jim Miles by
	US Realty Partners Limited Partnership and Continental Casualty Company.*
(n)	Incumbency Certificate by U.S. Realty I Corporation and U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership.*
10.25	Multifamily Mortgage, Assignment of Rents and Security Agreement dated December 1, 2005
	between U.S. Realty Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and GMAC Commercial Mortgage
10.00	Bank. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 1, 2005.
10.26	Multifamily Note dated December 1, 2005 between U.S. Realty Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited
	partnership and GMAC Commercial Mortgage Bank. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on
10.27	Form 8-K dated December 1, 2005. Benlessment Beserve Agreement dated December 1, 2005 between U.S. Besley Bertners, L.B. o
10.27	Replacement Reserve Agreement dated December 1, 2005 between U.S. Realty Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and GMAC Commercial Mortgage Bank. Incorporated by reference to
	Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 1, 2005.
10.28	Guaranty dated December 1, 2005 between AIMCO Properties, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership
10.20	and GMAC Commercial Mortgage Bank. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K
	dated December 1, 2005.
10.29	Amended and Restated Multifamily Mortgage, Assignment of Rents, and Security Agreement dated
10122	December 1, 2005 between U.S. Realty Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and Federal
	Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated
	December 1, 2005.
10.30	Amended and Restated Multifamily Note dated December 1, 2005 between U.S. Realty Partners, L.P.,
	a Delaware limited partnership and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. Incorporated by
	reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 1, 2005.

10.31 Amended and Restated Guaranty dated December 1, 2005 between AIMCO Properties, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. Incorporated by

reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 1, 2005.

- 10.33 Form of Multifamily Note between Capmark Bank and U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership, dated September 14, 2007. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 14, 2007.
- 10.34 Form of Multifamily Mortgage, Assignment of Rents and Security Agreement between Capmark Bank and U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership, dated September 14, 2007. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 14, 2007.

## Exhibit

- 10.35 Form of Replacement Reserve Agreement between Capmark Bank and U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership, dated September 14, 2007. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 14, 2007.
- 31.1 Certification of equivalent of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of equivalent of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of equivalent of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 99 Prospectus of Registrant dated August 19, 1986 (included in Registration Statement, No. 33-2996, of Registrant and incorporated herein by reference).
- \* Filed as Exhibits 10iii (1) through (n) to Form 10QSB for the quarter ended September 30, 1993 and incorporated herein by reference.

## Exhibit 31.1

#### **CERTIFICATION**

I, Steven D. Cordes, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant s other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)), for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant s internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant s other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant s auditors and the audit committee of the registrant s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant s internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Steven D. CordesSteven D. CordesSenior Vice President of U.S. Realty I Corporation, equivalent of the chief executive officer of the Partnership

Date: March 29, 2010

## Exhibit 31.2

#### **CERTIFICATION**

I, Stephen B. Waters, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant s other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)), for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant s internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant s other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant s auditors and the audit committee of the registrant s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant s internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Stephen B. WatersStephen B. WatersSenior Director of Partnership Accounting of U.S. Realty I Corporation, equivalent of the chief financial officer of the Partnership

Date: March 29, 2010

#### Exhibit 32.1

# Certification of CEO and CFO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership (the Partnership ), for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report ), Steven D. Cordes, as the equivalent of the chief executive officer of the Partnership, and Stephen B. Waters, as the equivalent of the chief financial officer of the Partnership, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Partnership.

/s/ Steven D. Cordes Name: Steven D. Cordes

Date: March 29, 2010

/s/ Stephen B. Waters Name: Stephen B. Waters

Date: March 29, 2010

This certification is furnished with this Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not be deemed filed by the Partnership for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

ANNEX E

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

## **Form 10-Q**

(Mark One)

# QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2010

or

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from to

Commission file number 0-15656

U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

**Delaware** (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) **57-0814502** (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**55 Beattie Place, P.O. Box 1089 Greenville, South Carolina 29602** (*Address of principal executive offices*)

(864) 239-1000

(*Registrant* s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. b Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). o Yes o No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer oAccelerated filer oNon-accelerated filer oSmaller reporting company þ(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). o Yes b No

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#### PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# Item 1. Financial Statements

## U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

## **BALANCE SHEETS**

	(Uı	tember 30, 2010 naudited) In thousand d	cember 31, 2009 (Note) cept unit
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables and deposits Other assets Investment property: Land	\$	95 89 289 1,700	\$ 101 88 285 1,700
Buildings and related personal property		14,076	13,929
Less accumulated depreciation		15,776 (9,132)	15,629 (8,542)
		6,644	7,087
	\$	7,117	\$ 7,561
LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS DEFICI	T		
Accounts payable Tenant security deposit liabilities Accrued property taxes Other liabilities	\$	8 55 161 128	\$ 38 57 162
Due to affiliates (Note B) Mortgage notes payable		1,695 10,506	1,764 10,604
		12,553	12,625
Partners Deficit General partners Depositary unit certificate holders (2,440,000 units authorized; 1,222,000 units		(18)	(14)
issued and outstanding)		(5,418)	(5,050)
		(5,436)	(5,064)

\$ 7,117 \$ 7,561

Note: The balance sheet at December 31, 2009 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

# U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

# STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

				30, 2009 (Unau	Nine Mont Septemb 2010 audited) xcept per unit c			ıber 30, 2009	
Revenues:									
Rental income Other income	\$	534 102	\$	541 97	\$	1,620 291	\$	1,608 278	
Total revenues		636		638		1,911		1,886	
Expenses:									
Operating		270		261		800		787	
General and administrative		21		21		66		66	
Depreciation		195		198		590		588	
Interest		224		226		666		672	
Property taxes		40		35		161		173	
Total expenses		750		741		2,283		2,286	
Net loss	\$	(114)	\$	(103)	\$	(372)	\$	(400)	
Net loss allocated to general partners (1%)	\$	(2)	\$	(1)	\$	(4)	\$	(4)	
Net loss allocated to depositary unit certificate holders (99%)	Ψ	(112)	Ψ	(102)	Ψ	(368)	Ψ	(396)	
						. ,		. ,	
	\$	(114)	\$	(103)	\$	(372)	\$	(400)	
Net loss per depositary unit certificate	\$	(.09)	\$	(.08)	\$	(.30)	\$	(.32)	

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

## U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PARTNERS DEFICIT

	Depositary Unit Certificates (Ir	Par	neral tners (Unau sands, e	Ce F ditec	positary Unit ertificate Iolders I) t unit data)	Total
Original capital contributions	1,222,000	\$	2	\$	30,550	\$ 30,552
Partners deficit at December 31, 2009 Net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2010	1,222,000	\$	(14) (4)	\$	(5,050) (368)	\$ (5,064) (372)
Partners deficit at September 30, 2010	1,222,000	\$	(18)	\$	(5,418)	\$ (5,436)

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

# U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 2009 (Unaudited) (In thousands)				
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net loss	\$	(372)	\$	(400)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		-		-	
Depreciation		590		588	
Amortization of loan costs		27		27	
Change in accounts:		(1)		(1)	
Receivables and deposits Other assets		(1) (31)		(1) (46)	
Accounts payable		(23)		(31)	
Tenant security deposit liabilities		(23) (2)		(6)	
Accrued property taxes		161		173	
Other liabilities		(34)		2	
Due to affiliates		(1)		(105)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		314		201	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Property improvements and replacements		(154)		(306)	
Net withdrawals from restricted escrow				106	
Net cash used in investing activities		(154)		(200)	
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Payments on mortgage notes payable		(98)		(91)	
Advances from affiliates		137		205	
Repayment of advances from affiliates		(205)		(105)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(166)		9	
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(6)		10	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		101		44	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	95	\$	54	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:					
Cash paid for interest	\$	642	\$	700	

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash activity: Property improvements and replacements in accounts payable

\$ \$ 8

At December 31, 2009 and 2008, approximately \$7,000 and \$74,000, respectively, of property improvements and replacements were included in accounts payable and are included in property improvements and replacements for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

#### **U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP**

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

#### Note A Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited financial statements of U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership (the Partnership or Registrant ) have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8-03 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. The general partner responsible for management of the Partnership s business is U.S. Realty I Corporation, a South Carolina corporation (the Corporate General Partner ). In the opinion of the Corporate General Partner, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring items) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010. For further information, refer to the financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Partnership s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. The Corporate General Partner is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Apartment Investment and Management Company (AIMCO), a publicly traded real estate investment trust.

The Partnership s management evaluated subsequent events through the time this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q was filed.

<u>Organization</u>: On October 8, 2010, the Partnership entered into an agreement and plan of merger with AIMCO Properties, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and Aimco USRP Merger Sub LLC, a Delaware limited liability company of which AIMCO Properties, L.P. is the sole member (the Merger Subsidiary ), pursuant to which the Merger Subsidiary will be merged with and into the Partnership, with the Partnership as the surviving entity.

Under the merger agreement, holders of depository unit certificates (DUCs) outstanding immediately prior to the consummation of the merger, except those held by limited partners who perfect their appraisal rights pursuant to the merger agreement, will be converted into the right to receive, at the election of the limited partner, either (i) \$2.76 in cash (the Cash Consideration ) or (ii) a number of partnership common units of AIMCO Properties, L.P. calculated by dividing \$2.76 by the average closing price of Apartment Investment and Management Company common stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange, over the ten consecutive trading days ending on the second trading day immediately prior to the effective time of the merger (the OP Unit Consideration ). However, if AIMCO Properties, L.P. determines that the law of the state or other jurisdiction in which a limited partner resides would prohibit the issuance of partnership common units of AIMCO Properties, L.P. in that state or jurisdiction (or that registration in that state or other jurisdiction would be prohibitively costly), then such limited partner will only be entitled to receive the Cash Consideration for each DUC. Those limited partners who do not make an election will be deemed to have elected to receive cash.

After the merger, AIMCO Properties, L.P. will be the sole limited partner of the Partnership, holding all outstanding DUCs. U.S. Realty I Corporation will continue to be the corporate general partner of the Partnership after the merger, AIMCO Properties, L.P. will continue to be the individual general partner of the Partnership after the merger, and the Partnership Agreement in effect immediately prior to the merger will remain unchanged immediately following the merger.

Completion of the merger is subject to certain conditions, including approval by a majority in interest of the DUCs. As of September 30, 2010, the Partnership had issued and outstanding 1,222,000 DUCs, and AIMCO Properties, L.P. and

its affiliates owned 900,195 of those DUCs, or approximately 73.67% of the number of outstanding DUCs. AIMCO Properties L.P. and its affiliates have indicated that they intend to take action by written consent to approve the merger.

## U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Note B Transactions with Affiliated Parties

The Partnership has no employees and depends on the Corporate General Partner and its affiliates for the management and administration of all Partnership activities. The Partnership Agreement provides for (i) certain payments to affiliates for services and (ii) reimbursement of certain expenses incurred by affiliates on behalf of the Partnership.

Affiliates of the Corporate General Partner receive 5% of gross receipts from the Partnership s property as compensation for providing property management services. The Partnership paid to such affiliates approximately \$94,000 and \$91,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, which is included in operating expenses.

Affiliates of the Corporate General Partner charged the Partnership reimbursement of accountable administrative expenses amounting to approximately \$24,000 and \$79,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, which is included in general and administrative expenses and investment property. The portion of these reimbursements included in investment property for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 are construction management services provided by an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner of approximately \$2,000 and \$56,000, respectively. No amounts were owed at September 30, 2010 or December 31, 2009.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, AIMCO Properties, L.P., an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner advanced the Partnership approximately \$137,000 and \$205,000, respectively, to fund operating expenses and capital improvements, respectively, at Twin Lakes Apartments. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, the Partnership repaid AIMCO Properties, L.P. \$275,000 and \$225,000, respectively, of principal and accrued interest. In accordance with the Partnership Agreement, interest was charged at prime plus 2% (5.25% at September 30, 2010). Interest expense was approximately \$69,000 and \$68,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. At September 30, 2010 and 2009, the total outstanding advances and accrued interest due to AIMCO Properties, L.P. was approximately \$1,695,000 and \$1,764,000, respectively, and was included in due to affiliates. The Partnership may receive additional advances of funds from AIMCO Properties, L.P., although AIMCO Properties, L.P. is not obligated to provide such advances. For more information on AIMCO Properties, L.P., including copies of its audited balance sheet, please see its reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Partnership insures its property up to certain limits through coverage provided by AIMCO, which is generally self-insured for a portion of losses and liabilities related to workers compensation, property casualty, general liability and vehicle liability. The Partnership insures its property above the AIMCO limits through insurance policies obtained by AIMCO from insurers unaffiliated with the Corporate General Partner. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, the Partnership was charged by AIMCO and its affiliates approximately \$85,000 for insurance coverage and fees associated with policy claims administration. Additional charges will be incurred by the Partnership during 2010 as other insurance policies renew later in the year. The Partnership was charged by AIMCO and its affiliates approximately \$77,000 for insurance coverage and fees associated with policy claims defined and fees associated with policy claims the year. The Partnership was charged by AIMCO and its affiliates approximately \$77,000 for insurance coverage and fees associated with policy claims defined the year ended December 31, 2009.

## Note C Fair Value of Financial Instruments

FASB ASC Topic 825, Financial Instruments, requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the balance sheet, for which it is practicable to estimate fair value. Fair

value is defined as the amount at which the instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The Partnership believes that the carrying amount of its financial instruments (except for mortgage notes payable) approximates their fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments. The Partnership estimates the fair value of its mortgage notes payable by discounting future cash flows using a discount rate commensurate with that currently believed to be available to the Partnership for similar

#### **U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP**

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

term, mortgage notes payable. At September 30, 2010, the fair value of the Partnership s mortgage notes payable at the Partnership s incremental borrowing rate was approximately \$11,477,000.

## Note D Contingencies

As previously disclosed, AIMCO Properties, L.P. and NHP Management Company, both affiliates of the Corporate General Partner, were defendants in a lawsuit, filed as a collective action in August 2003 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, alleging that they willfully violated the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) by failing to pay maintenance workers overtime for time worked in excess of 40 hours per week ( overtime claims ). The plaintiffs also contended that AIMCO Properties, L.P. and NHP Management Company ( the Defendants ) failed to compensate maintenance workers for time that they were required to be on-call ( on-call claims ). In March 2007, the court in the District of Columbia decertified the collective action. In July 2007, plaintiffs counsel filed individual cases in Federal court in 22 jurisdictions. In the second quarter of 2008, AIMCO Properties, L.P. settled the overtime cases involving 652 plaintiffs and established a framework for resolving the 88 remaining on-call claims and the attorneys fees claimed by plaintiffs counsel. As a result, the lawsuits asserted in the 22 Federal courts have been dismissed. During the fourth quarter of 2008, the Partnership paid approximately \$12,000 for settlement amounts for alleged unpaid overtime to employees who had worked at the Partnership s investment property. At this time, the 88 remaining on-call claims and the attorneys fees claimed by plaintiffs counsel are not resolved. Pursuant to the global settlement agreement, the parties selected six test on-call cases to be arbitrated. The parties arbitrated four on-call claims and obtained defense verdicts on all four. Two additional on-call claims were dismissed with prejudice. The process now calls for the parties to attempt to mediate the remaining on-call claims and plaintiffs attorneys fees, and the mediation is currently scheduled for November 16, 2010. The Corporate General Partner is uncertain as to the amount of any additional loss that may be allocable to the Partnership. Therefore, the Partnership cannot estimate whether any additional loss will occur or a potential range of loss.

The Partnership is unaware of any other pending or outstanding litigation matters involving it or its investment property that are not of a routine nature arising in the ordinary course of business.

#### Environmental

Various Federal, state and local laws subject property owners or operators to liability for management, and the costs of removal or remediation, of certain hazardous substances present on a property, including lead-based paint. Such laws often impose liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the release or presence of the hazardous substances. The presence of, or the failure to manage or remedy properly, hazardous substances may adversely affect occupancy at affected apartment communities and the ability to sell or finance affected properties. In addition to the costs associated with investigation and remediation actions brought by government agencies, and potential fines or penalties imposed by such agencies in connection therewith, the presence of hazardous substances on a property could result in claims by private plaintiffs for personal injury, disease, disability or other infirmities. Various laws also impose liability for the cost of removal, remediation or disposal of hazardous substances is potentially liable under such laws. These laws often impose liability whether or not the person arranging for the disposal ever owned or operated the disposal facility. In connection with the ownership, operation and management of its property, the Partnership could potentially be liable for environmental liabilities or costs associated with its property.

## Mold

The Partnership is aware of lawsuits against owners and managers of multifamily properties asserting claims of personal injury and property damage caused by the presence of mold, some of which have resulted in substantial monetary judgments or settlements. The Partnership has only limited insurance coverage for property damage loss

#### **U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP**

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

claims arising from the presence of mold and for personal injury claims related to mold exposure. Affiliates of the Corporate General Partner have implemented policies, procedures, third-party audits and training and the Corporate General Partner believes that these measures will prevent or eliminate mold exposure and will minimize the effects that mold may have on residents. To date, the Partnership has not incurred any material costs or liabilities relating to claims of mold exposure or to abate mold conditions. Because the law regarding mold is unsettled and subject to change the Corporate General Partner can make no assurance that liabilities resulting from the presence of or exposure to mold will not have a material adverse effect on the Partnership s financial condition or results of operations.

## ITEM 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements in certain circumstances. Certain information included in this Quarterly Report contains or may contain information that is forward-looking, within the meaning of the federal securities laws, including, without limitation, statements regarding the effect of redevelopments, the Partnership s future financial performance, including the Partnership s ability to maintain current or meet projected occupancy and rent levels, and the effect of government regulations. Actual results may differ materially from those described in these forward-looking statements and, in addition, will be affected by a variety of risks and factors, some of which are beyond the Partnership s control including, without limitation: financing risks, including the availability and cost of financing and the risk that the Partnership s cash flows from operations may be insufficient to meet required payments of principal and interest; natural disasters and severe weather such as hurricanes; national and local economic conditions; the general level of interest rates; energy costs; the terms of governmental regulations that affect the Partnership s property and interpretations of those regulations; the competitive environment in which the Partnership operates; real estate risks, including fluctuations in real estate values and the general economic climate in local markets and competition for residents in such markets; insurance risk, including the cost of insurance; development risks; litigation, including costs associated with prosecuting or defending claims and any adverse outcomes; and possible environmental liabilities, including costs, fines or penalties that may be incurred due to necessary remediation of contamination of properties presently owned or previously owned by the Partnership. Readers should carefully review the Partnership s financial statements and the notes thereto, as well as the other documents the Partnership files from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Partnership s investment property consists of one apartment complex. The following table sets forth the average occupancy of the property for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009:

	Ave Occuj	0
Property	2010	2009
Twin Lakes Apartments Palm Harbor, Florida	97%	93%

The Corporate General Partner attributes the increase in occupancy to competitive pricing efforts.

The Partnership s financial results depend upon a number of factors, including the ability to attract and maintain tenants at the investment property, interest rates on mortgage loans, costs incurred to operate the investment property, general economic conditions and weather. As part of the ongoing business plan of the Partnership, the Corporate General Partner monitors the rental market environment of its investment property to assess the feasibility of increasing rents, maintaining or increasing occupancy levels and protecting the Partnership from increases in expenses. As part of this plan, the Corporate General Partner attempts to protect the Partnership from the burden of inflation-related increases in expenses by increasing rents and maintaining a high overall occupancy level. However, the Corporate General Partner may use rental concessions and rental rate reductions to offset softening market conditions; accordingly, there is no guarantee that the Corporate General Partner will be able to sustain such a plan. Further, a number of factors that are outside the control of the Partnership, such as the local economic climate and weather, can adversely or positively affect the Partnership s financial results.

#### **Results of Operations**

The Partnership s net loss was approximately \$114,000 and \$372,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, respectively, compared with net loss of approximately \$103,000 and \$400,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, respectively. The increase in net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2010 is due to an increase in total expenses. The decrease in net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 is due to an increase in total revenues.

Total revenues remained relatively constant for the three months ended September 30, 2010 as a decrease in rental income was substantially offset by an increase in other income. Total revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 increased due to an increase in rental income and other income. Rental income decreased for the three month period due to a decrease in the average rental rate and an increase in bad debt expense, partially offset by an increase in occupancy. Rental income increased for the nine month period due to an increase in

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occupancy and a decrease in bad debt expense, partially offset by a decrease in the average rental rate at Twin Lakes Apartments. Other income increased for both periods primarily due to an increase in resident utility reimbursements and lease cancellation fees at Twin Lakes Apartments. The increase in other income for the nine month period was partially offset by a decrease in ancillary services income.

Total expenses increased for the three month period ended September 30, 2010 due to increases in operating and property tax expenses. Total expenses remained relatively constant for the nine month period ended September 30, 2010 as an increase in operating expenses was partially offset by a decrease in property tax expense. General and administrative, depreciation and interest expenses remained relatively constant for both periods. Operating expenses increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 due to additional landscaping costs as a result of freeze damage to the grounds which occurred in January 2010, partially offset by decreases in contract services and resident eviction costs. Operating expenses increased for both periods due to tree removal costs at Twin Lakes Apartments and a decrease in capitalized payroll costs. Property tax expense increased during the three months ended September 30, 2010 due to an adjustment recorded in the third quarter of 2009 to reflect a decrease in the assessed value of the property. Property tax expense decreased for the nine month period due to a decrease in the assessed value of the property.

Included in general and administrative expense for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 are management reimbursements to the Corporate General Partner as allowed under the Partnership Agreement. Also included in general and administrative expense are costs associated with the quarterly and annual communications with investors and regulatory agencies and the annual audit required by the Partnership Agreement.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

At September 30, 2010, the Partnership had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$95,000 compared to approximately \$101,000 at December 31, 2009. Cash and cash equivalents decreased by approximately \$6,000 due to approximately \$166,000 and \$154,000 of cash used in financing and investing activities, respectively, partially offset by approximately \$314,000 of cash provided by operating activities. Cash used in financing activities consisted of repayments of advances from AIMCO Properties, L.P., an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner and payments on the mortgages encumbering the investment property, partially offset by advances from AIMCO Properties, L.P. Cash used in investing activities consisted of property improvements and replacements.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, AIMCO Properties, L.P., an affiliate of the Corporate General Partner advanced the Partnership approximately \$137,000 and \$205,000, respectively, to fund operating expenses and capital improvements, respectively, at Twin Lakes Apartments. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, the Partnership repaid AIMCO Properties, L.P. \$275,000 and \$225,000, respectively, of principal and accrued interest. In accordance with the Partnership Agreement, interest was charged at prime plus 2% (5.25% at September 30, 2010). Interest expense was approximately \$69,000 and \$68,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. At September 30, 2010 and 2009, the total outstanding advances and accrued interest due to AIMCO Properties, L.P. was approximately \$1,695,000 and \$1,764,000, respectively, and was included in due to affiliates. The Partnership may receive additional advances of funds from AIMCO Properties, L.P., although AIMCO Properties, L.P. is not obligated to provide such advances. For more information on AIMCO Properties, L.P., including copies of its audited balance sheet, please see its reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The sufficiency of existing liquid assets to meet future liquidity and capital expenditure requirements is directly related to the level of capital expenditures required at the property to adequately maintain the physical assets and other operating needs of the Partnership and to comply with Federal, state, and local legal and regulatory requirements. The Corporate General Partner monitors developments in the area of legal and regulatory compliance. Capital

improvements planned for the Partnership s property are detailed below.

#### **Twin Lakes Apartments**

During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, the Partnership completed approximately \$147,000 of capital expenditures at Twin Lakes Apartments, consisting primarily of swimming pool resurfacing and appliance

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and floor covering replacements. These improvements were funded from operating cash flow. The Partnership regularly evaluates the capital improvement needs of the property. While the Partnership has no material commitments for property improvements and replacements, certain routine capital expenditures are anticipated during the remainder of 2010. Such capital expenditures will depend on the physical condition of the property as well as anticipated cash flow generated by the property.

Additional capital expenditures will be incurred only if cash is available from operations, Partnership reserves or advances from AIMCO Properties, L.P., although AIMCO Properties, L.P. is not obligated to provide such advances. To the extent that capital improvements are completed, the Partnership s distributable cash flow, if any, may be adversely affected at least in the short term.

The Partnership s assets are thought to be generally sufficient for any near term needs (exclusive of capital improvements and repayment of amounts due to affiliates) of the Partnership. At September 30, 2010, the first, second and third mortgage indebtedness on Twin Lakes Apartments of approximately \$6,077,000, \$3,365,000 and \$1,064,000, respectively, require monthly payments of principal and interest until December 1, 2015 when balloon payments of approximately \$5,685,000, \$3,025,000 and \$963,000, respectively, are due. The Partnership has the option of extending the maturity date on both the first and second mortgages for one additional year, to December 1, 2016. With respect to the third mortgage, the maturity date will automatically be extended for one year, to December 1, 2016, if no event of default exists at its original maturity date of December 1, 2015. The Corporate General Partner will attempt to refinance such indebtedness and/or sell the property prior to such maturity dates. If the property cannot be refinanced or sold for a sufficient amount, the Partnership will risk losing such property through foreclosure.

The Partnership made no distributions during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 or 2009. Future cash distributions will depend on the levels of net cash generated from operations, the timing of the debt maturities, refinancings, and/or property sale. The Partnership s cash available for distribution is reviewed on a monthly basis. In light of the amounts accrued and payable to affiliates at September 30, 2010, it is unlikely that the Partnership will generate sufficient funds from operations, after capital improvement expenditures and repayment of amounts accrued and payable to affiliates to its partners during 2010 or subsequent periods.

The Partnership Agreement provides for partners to receive distributions from the net proceeds of the sales of properties, the net proceeds from refinancings and net cash from operations as those terms are defined in the Partnership Agreement. The Partnership Agreement requires that the limited partners be furnished with a statement of Net Cash from Operations as such term is defined in the Partnership Agreement. Net Cash from Operations should not be considered an alternative to net loss as an indicator of the Partnership s operating performance or to cash flows as a measure of liquidity. Below is a reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities as disclosed in the statements of cash flows, included in Item 1. Financial Statements , to Net Cash from Operations as defined in the Partnership Agreement.

	]	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2	2010 200			
		(In thou	isands)	)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	314	\$	201	
Payments on mortgage notes payable		(98)		(91)	
Property improvements and replacements		(154)		(306)	

Advances from affiliates		137		205
Payments on advances from affiliates		(205)		(105)
Net decrease in restricted escrows				106
Changes in reserves for net operating liabilities		(69)		14
	¢		¢	24
Net cash (used in) provided by operations (as defined in the Partnership Agreement)	\$	(75)	\$	24

Distributions made from reserves no longer considered necessary by the Corporate General Partner are considered net cash from operations for allocation purposes.

## <u>Other</u>

In addition to its indirect ownership of the general partner interests in the Partnership, AIMCO and its affiliates owned 900,195 depository unit certificates (DUCs) in the Partnership representing 73.67% of the outstanding DUCs at September 30, 2010. A number of these DUCs were acquired pursuant to tender offers made by AIMCO or its affiliates. Pursuant to the Partnership Agreement, DUC holders holding a majority of the DUCs are entitled to take action with respect to a variety of matters that include, but are not limited to, voting on certain amendments to the Partnership Agreement and voting to remove the Corporate General Partner. As a result of its ownership of 73.67% of the outstanding DUCs, AIMCO and its affiliates are in a position to control all voting decisions with respect to the Partnership. Although the Corporate General Partner owes fiduciary duties to the limited partners of the Partnership, the Corporate General Partner also owes fiduciary duties to AIMCO as its sole stockholder. As a result, the duties of the Corporate General Partner, as corporate general partner, to the Partnership and its limited partners may come into conflict with the duties of the Corporate General Partner to AIMCO as its sole stockholder.

On October 8, 2010, the Partnership entered into an agreement and plan of merger with AIMCO Properties, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and Aimco USRP Merger Sub LLC, a Delaware limited liability company of which AIMCO Properties, L.P. is the sole member (the Merger Subsidiary ), pursuant to which the Merger Subsidiary will be merged with and into the Partnership, with the Partnership as the surviving entity.

Under the merger agreement, holders of depository unit certificates (DUCs) outstanding immediately prior to the consummation of the merger, except those held by limited partners who perfect their appraisal rights pursuant to the merger agreement, will be converted into the right to receive, at the election of the limited partner, either (i) \$2.76 in cash (the Cash Consideration ) or (ii) a number of partnership common units of AIMCO Properties, L.P. calculated by dividing \$2.76 by the average closing price of Apartment Investment and Management Company common stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange, over the ten consecutive trading days ending on the second trading day immediately prior to the effective time of the merger (the OP Unit Consideration ). However, if AIMCO Properties, L.P. determines that the law of the state or other jurisdiction in which a limited partner resides would prohibit the issuance of partnership common units of AIMCO Properties, L.P. in that state or other jurisdiction would be prohibitively costly), then such limited partner will only be entitled to receive the Cash Consideration for each DUC. Those limited partners who do not make an election will be deemed to have elected to receive cash.

After the merger, AIMCO Properties, L.P. will be the sole limited partner of the Partnership, holding all outstanding DUCs. U.S. Realty I Corporation will continue to be the corporate general partner of the Partnership after the merger, AIMCO Properties, L.P. will continue to be the individual general partner of the Partnership after the merger, and the Partnership Agreement in effect immediately prior to the merger will remain unchanged immediately following the merger.

Completion of the merger is subject to certain conditions, including approval by a majority in interest of the DUCs. As of September 30, 2010, the Partnership had issued and outstanding 1,222,000 DUCs, and AIMCO Properties, L.P. and its affiliates owned 900,195 of those DUCs, or approximately 73.67% of the number of outstanding DUCs. AIMCO Properties L.P. and its affiliates have indicated that they intend to take action by written consent to approve the merger.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

#### Table of Contents

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which require the Partnership to make estimates and assumptions. The Partnership believes that of its significant accounting policies, the following may involve a higher degree of judgment and complexity.

#### **Impairment of Long-Lived Assets**

Investment property is recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation, unless the carrying amount of the asset is not recoverable. If events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the property may not be recoverable, the Partnership will make an assessment of its recoverability by comparing the carrying amount to the Partnership s estimate of the undiscounted future cash flows, excluding interest charges, of the property. If the carrying amount exceeds the estimated aggregate undiscounted future cash flows, the Partnership would recognize an impairment loss to the extent the carrying amount exceeds the estimated fair value of the property.

Real property investment is subject to varying degrees of risk. Several factors may adversely affect the economic performance and value of the Partnership s investment property. These factors include, but are not limited to, general economic climate; competition from other apartment communities and other housing options; local conditions, such as loss of jobs or an increase in the supply of apartments that might adversely affect apartment occupancy or rental rates; changes in governmental regulations and the related cost of compliance; increases in operating costs (including real estate taxes) due to inflation and other factors, which may not be offset by increased rents; changes in tax laws and housing laws, including the enactment of rent control laws or other laws regulating multi-family housing; and change in interest rates and the availability of financing. Any adverse changes in these and other factors could cause an impairment of the Partnership s asset.

## **Revenue Recognition**

The Partnership generally leases apartment units for twelve-month terms or less. The Partnership will offer rental concessions during particularly slow months or in response to heavy competition from other similar complexes in the area. Rental income attributable to leases, net of any concessions, is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The Partnership evaluates all accounts receivable from residents and establishes an allowance, after the application of security deposits, for accounts greater than 30 days past due on current tenants and all receivables due from former tenants.

## Item 4T. Controls and Procedures

#### (a) Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

The Partnership s management, with the participation of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the Corporate General Partner, who are the equivalent of the Partnership s principal executive officer and principal financial officer, respectively, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Partnership s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act )) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, respectively, have concluded that, as of the end of such period, the Partnership s disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

## (b) Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

There has been no change in the Partnership s internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter to which this report relates that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Partnership s internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

As previously disclosed, AIMCO Properties, L.P. and NHP Management Company, both affiliates of the Corporate General Partner, were defendants in a lawsuit, filed as a collective action in August 2003 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, alleging that they willfully violated the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) by failing to pay maintenance workers overtime for time worked in excess of 40 hours per week (overtime claims). The plaintiffs also contended that AIMCO Properties, L.P. and NHP Management Company ( the Defendants ) failed to compensate maintenance workers for time that they were required to be on-call (on-call claims). In March 2007, the court in the District of Columbia decertified the collective action. In July 2007, plaintiffs counsel filed individual cases in Federal court in 22 jurisdictions. In the second quarter of 2008, AIMCO Properties, L.P. settled the overtime cases involving 652 plaintiffs and established a framework for resolving the 88 remaining on-call claims and the attorneys fees claimed by plaintiffs counsel. As a result, the lawsuits asserted in the 22 Federal courts have been dismissed. During the fourth quarter of 2008, the Partnership paid approximately \$12,000 for settlement amounts for alleged unpaid overtime to employees who had worked at the Partnership s investment property. At this time, the 88 remaining on-call claims and the attorneys fees claimed by plaintiffs counsel are not resolved. Pursuant to the global settlement agreement, the parties selected six test on-call cases to be arbitrated. The parties arbitrated four on-call claims and obtained defense verdicts on all four. Two additional on-call claims were dismissed with prejudice. The process now calls for the parties to attempt to mediate the remaining on-call claims and plaintiffs attorneys fees, and the mediation is currently scheduled for November 16, 2010. The Corporate General Partner is uncertain as to the amount of any additional loss that may be allocable to the Partnership. Therefore, the Partnership cannot estimate whether any additional loss will occur or a potential range of loss.

#### Item 6. <u>Exhibits</u>

#### See Exhibit Index.

The agreements included as exhibits to this Form 10-Q contain representations and warranties by each of the parties to the applicable agreement. These representations and warranties have been made solely for the benefit of the other parties to the applicable agreement and:

should not in all instances be treated as categorical statements of fact, but rather as a way of allocating the risk to one of the parties if those statements prove to be inaccurate;

have been qualified by disclosures that were made to the other party in connection with the negotiation of the applicable agreement, which disclosures are not necessarily reflected in the agreement;

may apply standards of materiality in a way that is different from what may be viewed as material to an investor; and

were made only as of the date of the applicable agreement or such other date or dates as may be specified in the agreement and are subject to more recent developments.

Accordingly, these representations and warranties may not describe the actual state of affairs as of the date they were made or at any other time. The Partnership acknowledges that, notwithstanding the inclusion of the foregoing cautionary statements, it is responsible for considering whether additional specific disclosures of material information regarding material contractual provisions are required to make the statements in this Form 10-Q not misleading.

Additional information about the Partnership may be found elsewhere in this Form 10-Q and the Partnership s other public filings, which are available without charge through the SEC s website a<u>t http://www.sec.go</u>v.

#### SIGNATURES

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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

		. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED RTNERSHIP
	By:	U.S. Realty I Corporation Corporate General Partner
Date: November 12, 2010	By:	/s/ Steven D. Cordes
		Steven D. Cordes Senior Vice President
Date: November 12, 2010	By:	/s/ Stephen B. Waters
		Stephen B. Waters Senior Director of Partnership Accounting
	E-16	

## U.S. REALTY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

## EXHIBIT INDEX

#### Exhibit

3 See Exhibit 4(a)

- 4(a) Amended and Restated Certificate and Agreement of Limited Partnership (included as Exhibit A to the Prospectus of Registrant dated August 19, 1986 contained in Amendment No. 4 Registration Statement, No. 33-2996, of Registrant filed August 19, 1986 (the Prospectus ) and is incorporated herein by reference).
- (b) Subscription Agreement and Signature Page (included as Exhibit B to the Prospectus and is incorporated herein by reference).
- (c) Instruments governing the Bonds (filed as Exhibit 10C to Amendment No. 4 to Registration Statement, No. 33-2996, of Registrant filed August 19, 1986 and incorporated herein by reference).
- (d) First Amendment to U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership (dated August 15, 1986) dated October 14, 1993. [Filed as Exhibit 4(c) to Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended September 30, 1993 and incorporated herein by reference.]
- (e) Amendment to the Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement dated April 12, 2005. [Filed as Exhibit 4(e) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference.]
- 10(i) Contracts related to acquisition of property:
  - Depositary Agreement dated as of October 15, 1993, among U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership, First Union National Bank of South Carolina and Continental Casualty Company.\*
- (m) Financial Statement Form UCC-1, State of South Carolina, Office of Secretary of State Jim Miles by US Realty Partners Limited Partnership and Continental Casualty Company.\*
- (n) Incumbency Certificate by U.S. Realty I Corporation and U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership.\*
- 10.1 Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated October 8, 2010, by and among U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership, Aimco Properties, L.P. and Aimco USRP Merger Sub LLC. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 8, 2010.
- 10.25 Multifamily Mortgage, Assignment of Rents and Security Agreement dated December 1, 2005 between U.S. Realty Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and GMAC Commercial Mortgage Bank. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 1, 2005.
- 10.26 Multifamily Note dated December 1, 2005 between U.S. Realty Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and GMAC Commercial Mortgage Bank. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 1, 2005.
- 10.27 Replacement Reserve Agreement dated December 1, 2005 between U.S. Realty Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and GMAC Commercial Mortgage Bank. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 1, 2005.
- 10.28 Guaranty dated December 1, 2005 between AIMCO Properties, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and GMAC Commercial Mortgage Bank. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 1, 2005.
- 10.29 Amended and Restated Multifamily Mortgage, Assignment of Rents, and Security Agreement dated December 1, 2005 between U.S. Realty Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 1, 2005.
- 10.30 Amended and Restated Multifamily Note dated December 1, 2005 between U.S. Realty Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. Incorporated by

reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 1, 2005.

- 10.31 Amended and Restated Guaranty dated December 1, 2005 between AIMCO Properties, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 1, 2005.
- 10.33 Form of Multifamily Note between Capmark Bank and U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership, dated September 14, 2007. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 14, 2007.

## Exhibit

- 10.34 Form of Multifamily Mortgage, Assignment of Rents and Security Agreement between Capmark Bank and U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership, dated September 14, 2007. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 14, 2007.
- 10.35 Form of Replacement Reserve Agreement between Capmark Bank and U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership, dated September 14, 2007. Incorporated by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 14, 2007.
- 31.1 Certification of equivalent of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of equivalent of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of equivalent of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 99 Prospectus of Registrant dated August 19, 1986 (included in Registration Statement, No. 33-2996, of Registrant and incorporated herein by reference).
- \* Filed as Exhibits 10iii (1) through (n) to Form 10QSB for the quarter ended September 30, 1993 and incorporated herein by reference.

#### Exhibit 31.1

## **CERTIFICATION**

I, Steven D. Cordes, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant s other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)), for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant s internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant s other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant s auditors and the audit committee of the registrant s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant s internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Steven D. Cordes
Steven D. Cordes
Senior Vice President of U.S. Realty I Corporation,
equivalent of the chief executive officer of the
Partnership

Date: November 12, 2010

#### Exhibit 31.2

## **CERTIFICATION**

I, Stephen B. Waters, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant s other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)), for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant s internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant s other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant s auditors and the audit committee of the registrant s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant s internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Stephen B. WatersStephen B. WatersSenior Director of Partnership Accounting of U.S. Realty I Corporation, equivalent of the chief financial officer of the Partnership

Date: November 12, 2010

Exhibit 32.1

## Certification of CEO and CFO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of U.S. Realty Partners Limited Partnership (the Partnership ), for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2010 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report ), Steven D. Cordes, as the equivalent of the chief executive officer of the Partnership, and Stephen B. Waters, as the equivalent of the chief financial officer of the Partnership, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Partnership.

/s/ Steven D. Cordes Name: Steven D. Cordes

Date: November 12, 2010

/s/ Stephen B. Waters Name: Stephen B. Waters

Date: November 12, 2010

This certification is furnished with this Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not be deemed filed by the Partnership for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

## ANNEX F

## SUMMARY OF APPRAISALS TABLE

Twin Lakes Apartments			
Valuation Methodology		 raised Value of April 26, 2010)	Material Assumptions
Income Capitalization Approach Capitalization Analysis	Direct	\$ 15,900,000	potential gross income from apartment unit rentals of \$214,488 per month or \$2,573,856 for the appraised year; no allowance attributable to loss for lease; rent concessions of 4.0% of the gross rent potential;
			a combined vacancy and collection loss allowance of 7.0%; estimated utility recovery of \$715 per unit in 2010; other income of \$600 per unit for the
			appraised fiscal year; projected total expenses (including reserves) of \$1,363,258; capitalization rate of 8.0%.
Sales Comparison Approach		\$ 15,500,000	CRA examined and analyzed comparable sales of five properties in the influencing market. The sales reflected unadjusted sales prices ranging from \$42,460 to \$71,759 per unit. After adjustment, the comparable sales illustrated a value range of \$55,198 to \$60,995 per unit, with mean and median adjusted sale prices of \$58,761 and \$59,018 per unit, respectively. The three comparable sales which required the least adjustment were accorded most significance in the analysis. Adjusted sales prices for these properties ranged from \$58,594 to \$60,000 per unit. CRA estimated a value of \$59,000 per unit. Applied to Twin Lakes Apartments 262 units, this resulted in CRA s total value estimate for Twin Lakes Apartments of
			approximately \$15,500,000.

# ANNEX G

### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 Form 10-K

# (Mark One)

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#### ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES þ **EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009

### OR

#### TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES **EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** For the transition period from to

### **Commission File Number 0-24497 AIMCO Properties. L.P.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware** 

### (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

**4582 South Ulster Street** Parkway, Suite 1100 **Denver**, Colorado (Address of principal executive offices)

> **Registrant s Telephone Number, Including Area Code:** (303) 757-8101 Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

**Title of Each Class** 

# Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered

Not applicable

Not applicable

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: **Partnership Common Units** 

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined by Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes o No b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was

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84-1275621 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

(Zip Code)

80237

required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant s knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. Yes b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o	Accelerated filer þ	Non-accelerated filer o	Smaller reporting company o
		(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes o No b

As of February 24, 2010, there were 124,342,598 Partnership Common Units outstanding.

### **Documents Incorporated by Reference**

Portions of Apartment Investment and Management Company s definitive proxy statement to be issued in conjunction with Apartment Investment and Management Company s annual meeting of stockholders to be held April 26, 2010, are incorporated by reference into Part III of this Annual Report.

# AIMCO PROPERTIES, L.P.

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# ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

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### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements in certain circumstances. Certain information included in this Annual Report contains or may contain information that is forward-looking within the meaning of the federal securities laws, including, without limitation, statements regarding the effect of acquisitions and redevelopments, our future financial performance, including our ability to maintain current or meet projected occupancy, rent levels and same store results, and the effect of government regulations. Actual results may differ materially from those described in these forward-looking statements and, in addition, will be affected by a variety of risks and factors, some of which are beyond our control, including, without limitation: financing risks, including the availability and cost of financing and the risk that our cash flows from operations may be insufficient to meet required payments of principal and interest; earnings may not be sufficient to maintain compliance with debt covenants; real estate risks, including fluctuations in real estate values and the general economic climate in the markets in which we operate and competition for residents in such markets; national and local economic conditions; the terms of governmental regulations that affect us and interpretations of those regulations; the competitive environment in which we operate; the timing of acquisitions and dispositions; insurance risk, including the cost of insurance; natural disasters and severe weather such as hurricanes; litigation, including costs associated with prosecuting or defending claims and any adverse outcomes; energy costs; and possible environmental liabilities, including costs, fines or penalties that may be incurred due to necessary remediation of contamination of properties presently owned or previously owned by us. In addition, Aimco s current and continuing qualification as a real estate investment trust involves the application of highly technical and complex provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and depends on our ability to meet the various requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code, through actual operating results, distribution levels and diversity of stock ownership. Readers should carefully review our financial statements and the notes thereto, as well as the section entitled Risk Factors described in Item 1A of this Annual Report and the other documents we file from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

### PART I

### Item 1. Business

### **The Partnership**

AIMCO Properties, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, or the Partnership, and together with its consolidated subsidiaries, was formed on May 16, 1994, to engage in the acquisition, ownership, management and redevelopment of apartment properties. Our securities include Partnership Common Units, or common OP Units, Partnership Preferred Units, or preferred OP Units, and High Performance Partnership Units, or High Performance Units, which are collectively referred to as OP Units. Apartment Investment and Management Company, or Aimco, is the owner of our general partner, AIMCO-GP, Inc., or the General Partner, and special limited partner, AIMCO-LP Trust, or the Special Limited Partner. The General Partner and Special Limited Partner hold common OP Units and are the primary holders of outstanding preferred OP Units. Limited Partners refers to individuals or entities that are our limited partners, other than Aimco, the General Partner or the Special Limited Partner, and own common OP Units or preferred OP Units. Generally, after holding the common OP Units for one year, the Limited Partners have the right to redeem their common OP Units for cash, subject to our prior right to acquire some or all of the common OP Units tendered for redemption in exchange for shares of Aimco Class A Common Stock. Common OP Units redeemed for Aimco Class A Common Stock are generally exchanged on a one-for-one basis (subject to antidilution adjustments). Preferred OP Units and High Performance Units may or may not be redeemable based on their respective terms, as provided for in the Fourth Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of AIMCO Properties, L.P. as amended, or the Partnership Agreement.

We, through our operating divisions and subsidiaries, hold substantially all of Aimco s assets and manage the daily operations of Aimco s business and assets. Aimco is required to contribute all proceeds from offerings of its securities to us. In addition, substantially all of Aimco s assets must be owned through the Partnership; therefore, Aimco is generally required to contribute all assets acquired to us. In exchange for the contribution of offering proceeds or assets, Aimco receives additional interests in us with similar terms (e.g., if Aimco contributes proceeds

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of a preferred stock offering, Aimco (through the General Partner and Special Limited Partner) receives preferred OP Units with terms substantially similar to the preferred stock issued by Aimco).

Aimco frequently consummates transactions for our benefit. For legal, tax or other business reasons, Aimco may hold title or ownership of certain assets until they can be transferred to us. However, we have a controlling financial interest in substantially all of Aimco s assets in the process of transfer to us.

We own an equity interest in, and consolidate the majority of, the properties in our owned real estate portfolio. These properties represent the consolidated real estate holdings in our financial statements, which we refer to as consolidated properties. In addition, we have an equity interest in, but do not consolidate for financial statement purposes, certain properties that are accounted for under the equity or cost methods. These properties represent our investment in unconsolidated real estate partnerships in our financial statements, which we refer to as unconsolidated properties. Additionally, we provide property management and asset management services to certain properties, and in certain cases, we may indirectly own generally less than one percent of the operations of such properties through a partnership syndication or other fund. Our equity holdings and managed properties are as follows as of December 31, 2009:

	Total Po	ortfolio
	Properties	Units
Consolidated properties	426	95,202
Unconsolidated properties	77	8,478
Property management	22	2,095
Asset management	345	29,879
Total	870	135,654

At December 31, 2009, we had outstanding 122,509,304 common OP Units, 28,096,618 preferred OP Units and 2,344,719 High Performance Units (see Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8). At December 31, 2009, Aimco owned 116,479,791 of the common OP Units and 24,940,134 of the preferred OP Units.

Since Aimco s initial public offering in July 1994, we have completed numerous transactions, including purchases of properties and interests in entities that own or manage properties, expanding our portfolio of owned or managed properties from 132 properties with 29,343 apartment units to a peak of over 2,100 properties with 379,000 apartment units. As of December 31, 2009, our portfolio of owned and/or managed properties consists of 870 properties with 135,654 apartment units.

Except as the context otherwise requires, we, our and us refer to the Partnership and the Partnership s consolidated entities, collectively. Except as the context otherwise requires, Aimco refers to Aimco and Aimco s consolidated entities, collectively. As used herein, and except where the context otherwise requires, partnership refers to a limited partnership or a limited liability company and partner refers to a limited partner in a limited partnership or a member in a limited liability company.

### **Available Information**

We do not maintain a website; however, Aimco does, and it makes all of its filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, available free of charge as soon as reasonably practicable through its website at

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www.aimco.com. The information contained on Aimco s website is not incorporated into this Annual Report. We will furnish copies of the Partnership s filings free of charge upon written request to Aimco s corporate secretary.

Any materials we file with the SEC may be read and copied at the SEC s Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE., Washington, DC 20549. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site (<u>http://www.sec.gov</u>) that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC.

### **Financial Information About Industry Segments**

We operate in two reportable segments: real estate (owning, operating and redeveloping apartments) and investment management (portfolio management and asset management, which are further discussed in the Business Overview). For further information on these segments, see Note 17 of the consolidated financial statements in Item 8, and Management s Discussion and Analysis in Item 7.

### **Business Overview**

Our principal financial objective is to increase long-term OP unitholder value, both as measured by Net Asset Value, which is the estimated fair value of our assets, net of debt, or NAV, and total unitholder return.

We strive to meet our objectives through:

property operations using scale and technology to increase the effectiveness and efficiency of attracting and retaining apartment residents;

portfolio management allocating capital among geographic markets and apartment property types, primarily Class B and B+ quality apartments that are well located within the 20 largest U.S. markets, through sales, redevelopment and/or acquisitions;

managing our cost and risk of capital by using leverage that is largely long-term, laddered in maturity, non-recourse and property specific; and

reducing our general and administrative and certain other costs through outsourcing and standardization.

Our business is organized around two core activities: Property Operations and Investment Management. These core activities, along with our financial strategy, are described in more detail below.

### **Property Operations**

Our portfolio is comprised of two business components: conventional and affordable. Our conventional operations, which provide 88% of our property net operating income and are market-rate apartments with rents paid by the resident, include 243 properties with 74,030 units. Our affordable operations provide 12% of our property net operating income and consist of 260 properties with 29,650 units, with rents that are generally paid, in whole or part, by a government agency. Affordable properties tend to have relatively more stable rents and higher occupancy due to government rent payments and thus are much less affected by market fluctuations.

We operate a broad range of property types, from suburban garden-style to urban high-rise properties in 44 states, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico at a range of average monthly rental rates. On average, our portfolio rents are somewhat above the average rents in the local markets. This diversification in geography insulates us, to some degree, from inevitable downturns in any one market.

Our property operations currently are organized into five areas, which are further subdivided according to our target markets. To manage our nationwide portfolio more efficiently and to increase the benefits from our local management expertise, we have given direct responsibility for operations within each area to an area operations leader with regular senior management reviews. To enable the area operations leaders to focus on sales and service, as well as to improve financial control and budgeting, we have dedicated an area financial officer to support each area operations leader, and

with the exception of routine maintenance, our specialized Construction Services group manages all on-site improvements, thus reducing the need for the area operations leaders to spend time on oversight of construction projects.

We seek to improve our oversight of property operations by: developing better systems; standardizing business goals, operational measurements and internal reporting; and enhancing financial controls over field operations. Our objectives are to focus on the areas discussed below:

*Customer Service*. Our operating culture is focused on our residents. Our goal is to provide our residents with consistent service in clean, safe and attractive communities. We evaluate our performance through a customer satisfaction tracking system. In addition, we emphasize the quality of our on-site employees

through recruiting, training and retention programs, which we believe contributes to improved customer service and leads to increased occupancy rates and enhanced operational performance.

*Resident Selection and Retention.* In apartment properties, neighbors are a meaningful part of the product, together with the location of the property and the physical quality of the apartment units. Part of our property operations strategy is to focus on resident acquisition and retention attracting and retaining credit-worthy residents who are good neighbors. We have structured goals and coaching for all of our sales personnel, a tracking system for inquiries and a standardized renewal communication program. We have standardized residential financial stability requirements and have policies and monitoring practices to maintain our resident quality.

*Revenue Management.* For our conventional properties, we have a centralized revenue management system that leverages people, processes and technology to work in partnership with our area operational management teams to develop rental rate pricing. We seek to increase revenue by optimizing the balance between rental and occupancy rates. We are also focused on the automation of on-site operations, as we believe that timely and accurate collection of property performance and resident profile data will enable us to maximize revenue through better property management and leasing decisions. We have standardized policies for new and renewal pricing with timely data and analyses by floor-plan, thereby enabling us to maximize our ability to modify pricing, even in challenging sub-markets.

*Controlling Expenses.* Cost controls are accomplished by local focus at the area level and by taking advantage of economies of scale at the corporate level. As a result of the size of our portfolio and our area concentrations of properties, we have the ability to spread over a large property base the fixed costs for general and administrative expenditures and certain operating functions, such as purchasing, insurance and information technology.

*Ancillary Services.* We believe that our ownership and management of properties provide us with unique access to a customer base that allows us to provide additional services and thereby increase occupancy and rents, while also generating incremental revenue. We currently provide cable television, telephone services, appliance rental, and carport, garage and storage space rental at certain properties.

*Maintaining and Improving Property Quality.* We believe that the physical condition and amenities of our apartment properties are important factors in our ability to maintain and increase rental rates. In 2009, we spent \$70.3 million (our share), or \$723 per owned apartment unit, for Capital Replacements, which represent the share of additions that are deemed to replace the consumed portion of acquired capital assets. Additionally, we spent \$53.4 million (our share), or \$549 per owned apartment unit, for Capital Improvements, which are non-redevelopment capital additions that are made to enhance the value, profitability or useful life of an asset from its original purchase condition.

### **Investment Management**

Investment management includes activities related to our owned portfolio of properties as well as services provided to affiliated partnerships. Investment management includes portfolio strategy, capital allocation, joint ventures, tax credit syndication, acquisitions, dispositions and other transaction activities. Within our owned portfolio, we refer to these activities as Portfolio Management, and their benefit is seen in property operating results and investment gains. For affiliated partnerships, we refer to these activities as asset management for which we are separately compensated through fees paid by third party investors.

Portfolio Management

Portfolio Management involves the ongoing allocation of investment capital to meet our geographic and product type goals. We target geographic balance in our diversified portfolio in order to optimize risk-adjusted returns and to avoid the risk of undue concentration in any particular market. We also seek to balance the portfolio by product type, with both high quality properties in excellent locations and also high land value properties that support redevelopment activities. We intend to slightly reduce our allocation of capital to affordable properties to 10% of our NAV.

Our geographic allocation strategy focuses on our target markets to reduce volatility in and our dependence on particular areas of the country. We believe our target markets are deep, relatively liquid and possess desirable long-term growth characteristics. They are primarily coastal markets, and also include a number of Sun Belt cities and Chicago, Illinois. We may also invest in other markets on an opportunistic basis. We intend to upgrade the quality of our portfolio through the sale of approximately 5% to 10% of our portfolio annually, with the proceeds generally used to increase our allocation of capital to well located properties within our target markets through capital investments, redevelopment or acquisitions. We expect that increased geographic focus will also add to our investment knowledge and increase operating efficiencies based on local economies of scale.

Our portfolio management activities include strategic portfolio and capital allocation decisions including transactions to buy, sell or modify our ownership interest in properties, including through the use of partnerships and joint ventures, and to increase our investment in existing properties through redevelopment. The purpose of these transactions is to adjust our investments to reflect our decisions regarding target allocations to geographic markets and to investment types.

We believe redevelopment of certain properties in superior locations provides advantages over ground-up development, enabling us to generate rents comparable to new properties with lower financial risk, in less time and with reduced delays associated with governmental permits and authorizations. Redevelopment work also includes seeking entitlements from local governments, which enhance the value of our existing portfolio by increasing density, that is, the right to add residential units to a site. We have historically undertaken a range of redevelopment projects: from those in which a substantial number of all available units are vacated for significant renovations to the property, to those in which there is significant renovation, such as exteriors, common areas or unit improvements, typically done upon lease expirations without the need to vacate units on any wholesale or substantial basis. We have a specialized Redevelopment and Construction Services group to oversee these projects.

During 2009, we increased our allocation of capital to our target markets by disposing of 68 conventional properties located primarily outside of our target markets or in less desirable locations within our target markets and by investing \$66.8 million in redevelopment of conventional properties. As of December 31, 2009, our conventional portfolio included 243 properties with 74,030 units in 38 markets. As of December 31, 2009, conventional properties in our target markets comprised 88% of our NAV attributable to our conventional properties. Our top five markets by net operating income contribution include the metropolitan areas of Washington, D.C.; Los Angeles, California; Other Florida (which is comprised of Ft. Lauderdale, Jacksonville, Orlando, Palm Beach County and Tampa); Chicago, Illinois and Boston, Massachusetts.

During 2009, we invested \$46.0 million in redevelopment of affordable properties, funded primarily by proceeds from the sale of tax credits to institutional partners. As with conventional properties, we also seek to dispose of properties that are inconsistent with our long-term investment and operating strategies. During 2009, we sold 22 properties from our affordable portfolio. As of December 31, 2009, our affordable portfolio included 260 properties with 29,650 units.

### **Financial Strategy**

We are focused on maintaining a safe balance sheet, including minimizing or eliminating our recourse debt and near term property debt maturities as well as minimizing our cost of capital on a risk adjusted basis. We primarily use non-recourse and amortizing property debt with laddered maturities and minimize reliance on corporate debt. The lower risk inherent in non-recourse property debt permits us to operate with higher debt leverage and a lower weighted average cost of capital. We use floating rate property and corporate debt to provide lower interest costs over time at a level that considers acceptable earnings volatility.

During 2009, using proceeds from asset dispositions, we repaid \$310.0 million of our term loan, which matures in March 2011, leaving a remaining outstanding balance of \$90.0 million at December 31, 2009. We repaid an additional \$45.0 million through February 26, 2010, leaving a remaining outstanding balance of \$45.0 million.

During 2009, we also focused on reducing refunding risk by accelerating refinancing of property loans maturing prior to 2012. At the beginning of 2009, property debt totaling \$753.0 million was scheduled to mature prior to 2012. During 2009, through refinancing, repayment and property sales, we reduced these maturities by

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69%, or \$516.3 million, and eliminated all 2010 property debt maturities. As of December 31, 2009, five loans totaling \$236.7 million were scheduled to mature in 2011. During January 2010, we extended the maturity of one of these loans for \$65.0 million to 2013. We expect to refinance the remaining four loans, totaling \$171.7 million (\$101.2 million our share), at their maturity.

As of December 31, 2009, we had a \$180.0 million revolving credit facility and borrowings available of \$136.2 million (after giving effect to \$43.8 million outstanding for undrawn letters of credit). The revolving credit facility matures in May 2011 and has a one year extension option, subject to certain terms.

### Competition

In attracting and retaining residents to occupy our properties we compete with numerous other housing alternatives. Our properties compete directly with other rental apartments as well as condominiums and single-family homes that are available for rent or purchase in the markets in which our properties are located. Principal factors of competition include rent or price charged, attractiveness of the location and property and quality and breadth of services. The number of competitive properties relative to demand in a particular area has a material effect on our ability to lease apartment units at our properties and on the rents we charge. In certain markets there exists oversupply of single family homes and condominiums and a reduction of households, both of which affect the pricing and occupancy of our rental apartments. Additionally, we compete with other real estate investors, including other apartment REITs, pension and investment funds, partnerships and investment companies in acquiring, redeveloping and managing apartment properties. This competition affects our ability to acquire properties we want to add to our portfolio and the price that we pay in such acquisitions.

### Taxation

We are treated as a pass-through entity for United States Federal income tax purposes and are not subject to United States Federal income taxation. Each of our partners, however, is subject to tax on his allocable share of partnership tax items, including partnership income, gains, losses, deductions and credits, or Partnership Tax Items, for each taxable year during which he is a partner, regardless of whether he receives any actual distributions of cash or other property from us during the taxable year. Generally, the characterization of any particular Partnership Tax Item is determined by us, rather than at the partner level, and the amount of a partner s allocable share of such item is governed by the terms of the Partnership Agreement. The General Partner is our tax matters partner for United States Federal income tax purposes. The tax matters partner is authorized, but not required, to take certain actions on behalf of us with respect to tax matters.

### Regulation

### General

Apartment properties and their owners are subject to various laws, ordinances and regulations, including those related to real estate broker licensing and regulations relating to recreational facilities such as swimming pools, activity centers and other common areas. Changes in laws increasing the potential liability for environmental conditions existing on properties or increasing the restrictions on discharges or other conditions, as well as changes in laws affecting development, construction and safety requirements, may result in significant unanticipated expenditures, which would adversely affect our net income and cash flows from operating activities. In addition, future enactment of rent control or rent stabilization laws, such as legislation that has been considered in New York, or other laws regulating multifamily housing may reduce rental revenue or increase operating costs in particular markets.

### Environmental

Various Federal, state and local laws subject property owners or operators to liability for management, and the costs of removal or remediation, of certain hazardous substances present on a property. Such laws often impose liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the release or presence of the hazardous substances. In connection with the ownership, operation and management of properties, we could potentially be liable for environmental liabilities or costs associated with our properties or properties we acquire or

manage in the future. These and other risks related to environmental matters are described in more detail in Item 1A, Risk Factors.

### Insurance

Our primary lines of insurance coverage are property, general liability, and workers compensation. We believe that our insurance coverages adequately insure our properties against the risk of loss attributable to fire, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, flood, terrorism and other perils, and adequately insure us against other risk. Our coverage includes deductibles, retentions and limits that are customary in the industry. We have established loss prevention, loss mitigation, claims handling, litigation management and loss reserving procedures to manage our exposure.

### Employees

At December 31, 2009, we had approximately 3,500 employees, of which approximately 2,800 were at the property level, performing various on-site functions, with the balance managing corporate and area operations, including investment and debt transactions, legal, financial reporting, accounting, information systems, human resources and other support functions. As of December 31, 2009, unions represented 115 of our employees. We have never experienced a work stoppage and believe we maintain satisfactory relations with our employees.

### Item 1A. Risk Factors

The risk factors noted in this section and other factors noted throughout this Annual Report, describe certain risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement.

# Our existing and future debt financing could render us unable to operate, result in foreclosure on our properties, prevent us from making distributions on our equity or otherwise adversely affect our liquidity.

We are subject to the risk that our cash flow from operations will be insufficient to make required payments of principal and interest, and the risk that existing indebtedness may not be refinanced or that the terms of any refinancing will not be as favorable as the terms of existing indebtedness. If we fail to make required payments of principal and interest on secured debt, our lenders could foreclose on the properties and other collateral securing such debt, which would result in loss of income and asset value to us. As of December 31, 2009, substantially all of the properties that we owned or controlled were encumbered by debt. Our organizational documents do not limit the amount of debt that we may incur, and we have significant amounts of debt outstanding. Payments of principal and interest may leave us with insufficient cash resources to operate our properties or pay distributions required to be paid in order to maintain Aimco s qualification as a REIT.

Our strategy is generally to incur debt to increase the return on our capital while maintaining acceptable coverage ratios. For the year ended December 31, 2009, as calculated based on the provisions in our credit agreement, which is further discussed in Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8, we had a ratio of earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation and amortization to debt service of 1.59:1 and a ratio of earnings to fixed charges of 1.36:1. On February 3, 2010, we and our lenders agreed to reduce the covenant ratios of earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation to debt service and earnings to fixed charges from 1.50:1 and 1.30:1, respectively, to 1.40:1 and 1.20:1, respectively. We expect to remain in compliance with these covenants.

At December 31, 2009, we had swap positions with two financial institutions totaling \$353.1 million. The related swap agreements provide for collateral calls to maintain specified loan-to-value ratios. In the event the values of the real estate properties serving as collateral under these agreements decline, we may be required to provide additional

collateral pursuant to the swap agreements, which would adversely affect our cash flows.

# Disruptions in the financial markets could affect our ability to obtain financing and the cost of available financing and could adversely affect our liquidity.

Our ability to obtain financing and the cost of such financing depends on the overall condition of the United States credit markets and, to an important extent in 2009, on the level of involvement of certain government sponsored entities, specifically, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or Freddie Mac, and Federal National Mortgage Association, or Fannie Mae, in secondary credit markets. During 2009, the United States credit markets (outside of multi-family) experienced significant liquidity disruptions, which caused the spreads on debt financings to widen considerably and made obtaining financing, both non-recourse property debt and corporate borrowings, such as our term loan or revolving credit facility, more difficult.

Further or prolonged disruptions in the credit markets could result in Freddie Mac or Fannie Mae reducing their level of involvement in secondary credit markets, which would adversely affect our ability to obtain non-recourse property debt financing. Additionally, further or prolonged disruptions in the credit markets may also affect our ability to renew our credit facility with similar commitments when it matures in May 2012 (inclusive of a one year extension option).

If our ability to obtain financing is adversely affected, we may be unable to satisfy scheduled maturities on existing financing through other sources of liquidity, which could result in lender foreclosure on the properties securing such debt and loss of income and asset value, each of which would adversely affect our liquidity.

### Increases in interest rates would increase our interest expense and reduce our profitability.

As of December 31, 2009, we had approximately \$654.6 million of variable-rate indebtedness outstanding and \$67.0 million of variable rate preferred OP Units outstanding. Of the total debt subject to variable interest rates, floating rate tax-exempt bond financing was about two-thirds, or \$433.9 million. Floating rate tax-exempt bond financing is benchmarked against the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association Municipal Swap Index, or SIFMA, rate, which since 1989 has averaged 73% of the 30-day LIBOR rate. At December 31, 2009, we had approximately \$440.9 million in cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and notes receivable, the majority of which bear interest. The effect of our interest-bearing assets would partially reduce the effect of an increase in variable interest rates. If this historical relationship continues, we estimate that an increase in 30-day LIBOR of 100 basis points (73 basis points for tax-exempt interest rates) with constant credit risk spreads would result in net income being reduced by \$1.1 million and income attributable to the Partnership s common unitholders being reduced by \$1.6 million on an annual basis.

# Failure to generate sufficient net operating income may adversely affect our liquidity, limit our ability to fund necessary capital expenditures or adversely affect our ability to pay distributions.

Our ability to fund necessary capital expenditures on our properties depends on, among other things, our ability to generate net operating income in excess of required debt payments. If we are unable to fund capital expenditures on our properties, we may not be able to preserve the competitiveness of our properties, which could adversely affect our net operating income.

Our ability to make payments to our investors depends on our ability to generate net operating income in excess of required debt payments and capital expenditure requirements. Our net operating income and liquidity may be adversely affected by events or conditions beyond our control, including:

the general economic climate;

an inflationary environment in which the costs to operate and maintain our properties increase at a rate greater than our ability to increase rents only upon renewal of existing leases or at the inception of new leases;

competition from other apartment communities and other housing options;

local conditions, such as loss of jobs, unemployment rates or an increase in the supply of apartments, that might adversely affect apartment occupancy or rental rates;

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changes in governmental regulations and the related cost of compliance;

increases in operating costs (including real estate taxes) due to inflation and other factors, which may not be offset by increased rents;

changes in tax laws and housing laws, including the enactment of rent control laws or other laws regulating multifamily housing; and

changes in interest rates and the availability of financing.

### Increases in inflation or jobless rates could adversely affect our results of operations and liquidity.

In an inflationary environment, the costs to operate and maintain our properties may increase, although we may increase rents upon renewal of existing leases or at the inception of new leases. However, if we are unable to increase rents at levels commensurate with the increases in operating costs, our results of operations and liquidity would be adversely affected. If unemployment rates rise or remain at elevated levels, we may not be able to raise rental rates at our properties, which, coupled with inflationary pressures discussed above, could adversely affect our results of operations and liquidity.

### Covenant restrictions may limit our ability to make payments to our investors.

Some of our debt and other securities contain covenants that restrict our ability to make distributions or other payments to our investors unless certain financial tests or other criteria are satisfied. Our credit facility provides, among other things, that we may make distributions to our investors during any four consecutive fiscal quarters in an aggregate amount that does not exceed the greater of 95% of our Funds From Operations for such period, subject to certain non-cash adjustments, or such amount as may be necessary to maintain Aimco s REIT status. Our outstanding classes of preferred OP Units prohibit the payment of distributions on our common OP Units if we fail to pay the distributions to which the holders of the preferred OP Units are entitled.

#### Because real estate investments are relatively illiquid, we may not be able to sell properties when appropriate.

Real estate investments are relatively illiquid and cannot always be sold quickly. Our freedom to sell properties is also restricted by REIT tax rules applicable to Aimco. Thus, we may not be able to change our portfolio promptly in response to changes in economic or other market conditions. Our ability to dispose of assets in the future will depend on prevailing economic and market conditions, including the cost and availability of financing. This could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

#### Competition could limit our ability to lease apartments or increase or maintain rents.

Our apartment properties compete for residents with other housing alternatives, including other rental apartments, condominiums and single-family homes that are available for rent, as well as new and existing condominiums and single-family homes for sale. Competitive residential housing in a particular area could adversely affect our ability to lease apartments and to increase or maintain rental rates. The current challenges in the credit and housing markets have increased housing inventory that competes with our apartment properties.

### Our subsidiaries may be prohibited from making distributions and other payments to us.

All of our properties are owned, and all of our operations are conducted, by us and our subsidiaries. As a result, we depend on distributions and other payments from our subsidiaries in order to satisfy our financial obligations and make payments to our investors. The ability of our subsidiaries to make such distributions and other payments depends on their earnings and cash flows and may be subject to statutory or contractual limitations. As an equity investor in our subsidiaries, our right to receive assets upon their liquidation or reorganization will be effectively subordinated to the claims of their creditors. To the extent that we are recognized as a creditor of such subsidiaries, our claims may still be subordinate to any security interest in or other lien on their assets and to any of their debt or other obligations that are senior to our claims.

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### Redevelopment and construction risks could affect our profitability.

We intend to continue to redevelop certain of our properties. These activities are subject to the following risks:

we may be unable to obtain, or experience delays in obtaining, necessary zoning, occupancy, or other required governmental or third party permits and authorizations, which could result in increased costs or the delay or abandonment of opportunities;

we may incur costs that exceed our original estimates due to increased material, labor or other costs such as litigation;

we may be unable to complete construction and lease up of a property on schedule, resulting in increased construction and financing costs and a decrease in expected rental revenues;

occupancy rates and rents at a property may fail to meet our expectations for a number of reasons, including changes in market and economic conditions beyond our control and the development by competitors of competing communities;

we may be unable to obtain financing with favorable terms, or at all, for the proposed development of a property, which may cause us to delay or abandon an opportunity;

we may abandon opportunities that we have already begun to explore for a number of reasons, including changes in local market conditions or increases in construction or financing costs, and, as a result, we may fail to recover expenses already incurred in exploring those opportunities;

we may incur liabilities to third parties during the redevelopment process, for example, in connection with resident lease terminations, or managing existing improvements on the site prior to resident lease terminations; and

loss of a key member of a project team could adversely affect our ability to deliver redevelopment projects on time and within our budget.

# We are insured for certain risks, and the cost of insurance, increased claims activity or losses resulting from casualty events may affect our operating results and financial condition.

We are insured for a portion of our consolidated properties exposure to casualty losses resulting from fire, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, flood and other perils, which insurance is subject to deductibles and self-insurance retention. We recognize casualty losses or gains based on the net book value of the affected property and any related insurance proceeds. In many instances, the actual cost to repair or replace the property may exceed its net book value and the amount of any insurance proceeds. We also insure certain unconsolidated properties for a portion of their exposure to such losses. With respect to our consolidated properties, we recognize the uninsured portion of losses as part of casualty losses in the periods in which they are incurred. In addition, we are self-insured for a portion of our exposure to third-party claims related to our employee health insurance plans, workers compensation coverage and general liability exposure. With respect to our insurance obligations to unconsolidated properties and our exposure to claims of third parties, we establish reserves at levels that reflect our known and estimated losses. The ultimate cost of losses and the impact of unforeseen events may vary materially from recorded reserves, and variances may adversely affect our operating results and financial condition. We purchase insurance (or reinsurance where we insure unconsolidated properties) to reduce our exposure to losses and limit our financial losses on large individual risks. The availability

and cost of insurance are determined by market conditions outside our control. No assurance can be made that we will be able to obtain and maintain insurance at the same levels and on the same terms as we do today. If we are not able to obtain or maintain insurance in amounts we consider appropriate for our business, or if the cost of obtaining such insurance increases materially, we may have to retain a larger portion of the potential loss associated with our exposures to risks.

### Natural disasters and severe weather may affect our operating results and financial condition.

Natural disasters and severe weather such as hurricanes may result in significant damage to our properties. The extent of our casualty losses and loss in operating income in connection with such events is a function of the severity

of the event and the total amount of exposure in the affected area. When we have geographic concentration of exposures, a single catastrophe (such as an earthquake) or destructive weather event (such as a hurricane) affecting a region may have a significant negative effect on our financial condition and results of operations. We cannot accurately predict natural disasters or severe weather, or the number and type of such events that will affect us. As a result, our operating and financial results may vary significantly from one period to the next. Although we anticipate and plan for losses, there can be no assurance that our financial results will not be adversely affected by our exposure to losses arising from natural disasters or severe weather in the future that exceed our previous experience and assumptions.

### We depend on our senior management.

Our success depends upon the retention of our senior management, including Terry Considine, Aimco s chief executive officer. We have a succession planning and talent development process that is designed to identify potential replacements and develop our team members to provide depth in the organization and a bench of talent on which to draw. However, there are no assurances that we would be able to find qualified replacements for the individuals who make up our senior management if their services were no longer available. The loss of services of one or more members of our senior management team could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We do not currently maintain key-man life insurance for any of our employees.

### If we are not successful in our acquisition of properties, our results of operations could be adversely affected.

The selective acquisition of properties is a component of our strategy. However, we may not be able to complete transactions successfully in the future. Although we seek to acquire properties when such acquisitions increase our net income, Funds From Operations or net asset value, such transactions may fail to perform in accordance with our expectations. In particular, following acquisition, the value and operational performance of a property may be diminished if obsolescence or neighborhood changes occur before we are able to redevelop or sell the property.

# We may be subject to litigation associated with partnership transactions that could increase our expenses and prevent completion of beneficial transactions.

We have engaged in, and intend to continue to engage in, the selective acquisition of interests in partnerships controlled by us that own apartment properties. In some cases, we have acquired the general partner of a partnership and then made an offer to acquire the limited partners interests in the partnership. In these transactions, we may be subject to litigation based on claims that we, as the general partner, have breached our fiduciary duty to our limited partners or that the transaction violates the relevant partnership agreement or state law. Although we intend to comply with our fiduciary obligations and the relevant partnership agreements, we may incur additional costs in connection with the defense or settlement of this type of litigation. In some cases, this type of litigation may adversely affect our desire to proceed with, or our ability to complete, a particular transaction. Any litigation of this type could also have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

# Government housing regulations may limit the opportunities at some of our properties and failure to comply with resident qualification requirements may result in financial penalties and/or loss of benefits, such as rental revenues paid by government agencies.

We own consolidated and unconsolidated equity interests in certain properties and manage other properties that benefit from governmental programs intended to provide housing to people with low or moderate incomes. These programs, which are usually administered by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, or HUD, or state housing finance agencies, typically provide mortgage insurance, favorable financing terms, tax-credit equity, or rental assistance payments to the property owners. As a condition of the receipt of assistance under these programs,

the properties must comply with various requirements, which typically limit rents to pre-approved amounts and impose restrictions on resident incomes. Failure to comply with these requirements and restrictions may result in financial penalties or loss of benefits. We usually need to obtain the approval of HUD in order to

acquire or dispose of a significant interest in or manage a HUD-assisted property. We may not always receive such approval.

During 2009, 2008 and 2007, for continuing operations, our rental revenues include \$140.3 million, \$132.3 million and \$121.4 million, respectively, of subsidies from government agencies. Any loss of such benefits would adversely affect our liquidity and results of operations.

### Laws benefiting disabled persons may result in our incurrence of unanticipated expenses.

Under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, or ADA, all places intended to be used by the public are required to meet certain Federal requirements related to access and use by disabled persons. Likewise, the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988, or FHAA, requires apartment properties first occupied after March 13, 1990, to be accessible to the handicapped. These and other Federal, state and local laws may require modifications to our properties, or affect renovations of the properties. Noncompliance with these laws could result in the imposition of fines or an award of damages to private litigants and also could result in an order to correct any non-complying feature, which could result in substantial capital expenditures. Although we believe that our properties are substantially in compliance with present requirements, we may incur unanticipated expenses to comply with the ADA and the FHAA in connection with the ongoing operation or redevelopment of our properties.

### Potential liability or other expenditures associated with potential environmental contamination may be costly.

Various Federal, state and local laws subject property owners or operators to liability for management, and the costs of removal or remediation, of certain hazardous substances present on a property, including lead-based paint. Such laws often impose liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the release or presence of the hazardous substances. The presence of, or the failure to manage or remedy properly, hazardous substances may adversely affect occupancy at affected apartment communities and the ability to sell or finance affected properties. In addition to the costs associated with investigation and remediation actions brought by government agencies, and potential fines or penalties imposed by such agencies in connection therewith, the presence of hazardous substances on a property could result in claims by private plaintiffs for personal injury, disease, disability or other infirmities. Various laws also impose liability for the cost of removal, remediation or disposal of hazardous substances is potentially liable under such laws. These laws often impose liability whether or not the person arranging for the disposal ever owned or operated the disposal facility. In connection with the ownership, operation and management of properties, we could potentially be liable for environmental liabilities or costs associated with our properties or properties we acquire or manage in the future.

### Moisture infiltration and resulting mold remediation may be costly.

We have been named as a defendant in lawsuits that have alleged personal injury and property damage as a result of the presence of mold. In addition, we are aware of lawsuits against owners and managers of multifamily properties asserting claims of personal injury and property damage caused by the presence of mold, some of which have resulted in substantial monetary judgments or settlements. We have only limited insurance coverage for property damage loss claims arising from the presence of mold and for personal injury claims related to mold exposure. We have implemented policies, procedures, third-party audits and training, and include a detailed moisture intrusion and mold assessment during acquisition due diligence. We believe these measures will prevent or eliminate mold exposure from our properties and will minimize the effects that mold may have on our residents. To date, we have not incurred any material costs or liabilities relating to claims of mold exposure or to abate mold conditions. Because the law regarding mold is unsettled and subject to change, we can make no assurance that liabilities resulting from the presence of or exposure to mold will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition or results of

operations.

### Aimco s failure to qualify as a REIT would place us in default under our primary credit facilities.

Aimco believes it operates, and has always operated, in a manner that enables it to meet the requirements for qualification as a REIT for Federal income tax purposes. However, Aimco s current and continuing qualification as a REIT depends on its ability to meet the various requirements imposed by the Code, which are related to organizational structure, distribution levels, diversity of stock ownership and certain restrictions with regard to owned assets and categories of income. These requirements are complex and accordingly there can be no assurances that the Internal Revenue Service will not contend that Aimco has violated provisions of the Code and fails to qualify as a REIT. If Aimco fails to qualify as a REIT, we would then be in default under our primary credit facilities.

### **REIT** distribution requirements limit our available cash.

As a REIT, Aimco is subject to annual distribution requirements. As Aimco s operating partnership, we pay distributions intended to enable Aimco to satisfy these distribution requirements. This limits the amount of cash we have available for other business purposes, including amounts to fund growth.

# Aimco s charter and Maryland law may limit the ability of a third party to acquire control of Aimco and, therefore, the Partnership.

A third party is not likely to make an offer to acquire the Partnership unless that third party is also acquiring control of Aimco. The 8.7% ownership limit in Aimco s charter may have the effect of delaying or precluding acquisition of control of Aimco by a third party without the consent of Aimco s board of directors. Aimco s charter authorizes its board of directors to issue up to 510,587,500 shares of capital stock. As of December 31, 2009, 426,157,736 shares were classified as Aimco Class A Common Stock, of which 116,479,791 were outstanding, and 84,429,764 shares were classified as preferred stock, of which 24,950,134 were outstanding. Under Aimco s charter, its board of directors has the authority to classify and reclassify any of Aimco s unissued shares of preferred stock into shares of capital stock with such preferences, conversion or other rights, voting power restrictions, limitation as to dividends, qualifications or terms or conditions of redemptions as Aimco s board of directors may determine. The authorization and issuance of a new class of capital stock could have the effect of delaying or preventing someone from taking control of Aimco, even if a change in control was in the best interests of Aimco s stockholders or the Partnership s Limited Partners.

# The Maryland General Corporation Law may limit the ability of a third party to acquire control of Aimco and, therefore, the Partnership.

As noted above, a third party is not likely to make an offer to acquire the Partnership unless that third party is also acquiring control of Aimco. As a Maryland corporation, Aimco is subject to various Maryland laws that may have the effect of discouraging offers to acquire Aimco and of increasing the difficulty of consummating any such offers, even if an acquisition would be in the best interests of Aimco s stockholders or the Limited Partners. The Maryland General Corporation Law, specifically the Maryland Business Combination Act, restricts mergers and other business combination transactions between Aimco and any person who acquires directly or indirectly beneficial ownership of shares of Aimco s stock representing 10% or more of the voting power without prior approval of Aimco s board of directors. Any such business combination transaction could not be completed until five years after the person acquired such voting power, and generally only with the approval of stockholders representing 80% of all votes entitled to be cast and 662/3% of the votes entitled to be cast, excluding the interested stockholder, or upon payment of a fair price. The Maryland General Corporation Law, specifically the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act, provides generally that a person who acquires shares of Aimco s capital stock representing 10% or more of the voting power in electing directors will have no voting rights unless approved by a vote of two-thirds of the shares eligible to vote. Additionally,

the Maryland General Corporation Law provides, among other things, that the board of directors has broad discretion in adopting stockholders rights plans and has the sole power to fix the record date, time and place for special meetings of the stockholders. To date, Aimco has not

adopted a shareholders rights plan. In addition, the Maryland General Corporation Law provides that corporations that:

have at least three directors who are not officers or employees of the entity or related to an acquiring person; and

has a class of equity securities registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended,

may elect in their charter or bylaws or by resolution of the board of directors to be subject to all or part of a special subtitle that provides that:

the corporation will have a staggered board of directors;

any director may be removed only for cause and by the vote of two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast in the election of directors generally, even if a lesser proportion is provided in the charter or bylaws;

the number of directors may only be set by the board of directors, even if the procedure is contrary to the charter or bylaws;

vacancies may only be filled by the remaining directors, even if the procedure is contrary to the charter or bylaws; and

the secretary of the corporation may call a special meeting of stockholders at the request of stockholders only on the written request of the stockholders entitled to cast at least a majority of all the votes entitled to be cast at the meeting, even if the procedure is contrary to the charter or bylaws.

To date, Aimco has not made any of the elections described above. However, these provisions of Maryland law could have the effect of delaying or preventing someone from taking control of Aimco, even if a change in control was in the best interests of Aimco s stockholders or the Partnership s Limited Partners.

### Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

### Item 2. Properties

Our portfolio includes garden style, mid-rise and high-rise properties located in 44 states, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico. Our geographic allocation strategy focuses on target markets which are grouped by region below. The following table sets forth information on all of our properties as of December 31, 2009 and 2008:

	2009			08	
	Number of Properties	Number of Units	Number of Properties	Number of Units	
Conventional: Pacific Northeast	37 62	10,274 18,270	38 67	10,504 21,221	

Sunbelt	77	23,546	106	31,481
Chicago	15	4,633	19	5,555
Total target markets	191	56,723	230	68,761
Opportunistic and other markets	52	17,307	81	25,735
Total conventional owned and managed	243	74,030	311	94,496
Affordable owned and managed	260	29,650	288	32,836
Property management	22	2,095	34	3,252
Asset management	345	29,879	359	32,223
Total	870	135,654	992	162,807

At December 31, 2009, we owned an equity interest in and consolidated 426 properties containing 95,202 apartment units, which we refer to as consolidated properties. These consolidated properties contain, on average, 223 apartment units, with the largest property containing 2,113 apartment units. These properties offer residents a

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range of amenities, including swimming pools, clubhouses, spas, fitness centers and tennis courts. Many of the apartment units offer features such as vaulted ceilings, fireplaces, washer and dryer hook-ups, cable television, balconies and patios. Additional information on our consolidated properties is contained in Schedule III Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. At December 31, 2009, we held an equity interest in and did not consolidate 77 properties containing 8,478 apartment units, which we refer to as unconsolidated properties. In addition, we provided property management services for 22 properties containing 2,095 apartment units, and asset management services for 345 properties containing 29,879 apartment units. In certain cases, we may indirectly own generally less than one percent of the economic interest in such properties through a partnership syndication or other fund.

Substantially all of our consolidated properties are encumbered by property debt. At December 31, 2009, our consolidated properties classified as held for use in our consolidated balance sheet were encumbered by aggregate property debt totaling \$5,547.3 million having an aggregate weighted average interest rate of 5.50%. Such property debt was collateralized by 412 properties with a combined net book value of \$6,868.3 million. Included in the 412 properties, we had a total of 31 property loans on 15 properties, with an aggregate principal balance outstanding of \$366.1 million, that were each collateralized by property and cross-collateralized with certain (but not all) other property loans within this group of property loans (see Note 6 of the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 for additional information about our property debt).

### Item 3. Legal Proceedings

None.

### Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

No matters were submitted to a vote of security holders during the fourth quarter of 2009.

### PART II

### Item 5. Market for the Registrant s Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

There is no public market for the OP Units, and we do not intend to list the OP Units on any securities exchange. In addition, the Partnership Agreement restricts the transferability of OP Units. The following table sets forth the distributions declared per common OP Unit in each quarterly period during the two years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008:

Quarter Ended	2009			
December 31	\$ 0.20	\$ 3.88(1)		
September 30	0.10	3.00(1)		
June 30	0.10	0.60		
March 31	0.00	0.00		

(1) During 2008, we declared special distributions which were paid part in cash and part in common OP Units issued to Aimco as further discussed in Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8. These special distributions were in connection with special dividends declared by Aimco s board of directors to address taxable

gains from 2008 property sales.

Aimco s board of directors determines and declares Aimco s dividends. In making a dividend determination, Aimco s board of directors considers a variety of factors, including: REIT distribution requirements; current market conditions; liquidity needs and other uses of cash, such as for deleveraging and accretive investment activities. Aimco s board of directors may adjust the dividend amount or the frequency with which the dividend is paid based on then prevailing facts and circumstances. We intend for our distributions to be consistent with Aimco s dividends.

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On February 24, 2010, there were 124,342,598 common OP Units outstanding, held by 2,440 unitholders of record.

Our Partnership Agreement generally provides that after holding the common OP Units for one year, our Limited Partners have the right to redeem their common OP Units for cash, subject to our prior right to cause Aimco to acquire some or all of the common OP Units tendered for redemption in exchange for shares of Aimco Class A Common Stock. Common OP Units redeemed for Aimco Class A Common Stock are generally exchanged on a one-for-one basis (subject to antidilution adjustments).

During the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2009, approximately 379,400 and 518,800 common OP Units were redeemed in exchange for an equal number of shares of Aimco Class A Common Stock, respectively. During the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2009, no preferred OP Units were redeemed in exchange for shares of Aimco Class A Common Stock. The following table summarizes repurchases of our equity securities for the three months ended December 31, 2009:

	Total Number Average of Units Price Paid			Total Number of Units Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans	Maximum Number of Units that May Yet Be Purchased Under Plans or Programs	
Fiscal Period	Purchased		er Unit	or Programs(1)	(2)	
October 1 October 31, 2009 November 1 November 30, 2009 December 1 December 31, 2009	25,026 752 31,224	\$	14.33 14.34 13.86	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	
Total	57,002	\$	14.07			

- (1) The terms of our Partnership Agreement do not provide for a maximum number of units that may be repurchased, and other than the express terms of our Partnership Agreement, we have no publicly announced plans or programs of repurchase. However, whenever Aimco repurchases its Class A Common Stock, it is expected that Aimco will fund the repurchase with a concurrent repurchase by us of common OP Units held by Aimco at a price per unit that is equal to the price per share paid for the Class A Common Stock.
- (2) Aimco s board of directors has, from time to time, authorized Aimco to repurchase shares of Class A Common Stock. There were no repurchases of Aimco s equity securities during the year ended December 31, 2009. As of December 31, 2009, Aimco was authorized to repurchase approximately 19.3 million additional shares. This authorization has no expiration date. These repurchases may be made from time to time in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions.

#### **Distribution Payments**

Our Credit Agreement includes customary covenants, including a restriction on distributions and other restricted payments, but permits distributions during any four consecutive fiscal quarters in an aggregate amount of up to 95% of our Funds From Operations for such period, subject to certain non-cash adjustments, or such amount as may be necessary for Aimco to maintain its REIT status.

### Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The following selected financial data is based on our audited historical financial statements. This information should be read in conjunction with such financial statements, including the notes thereto, and Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included herein or in previous filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

	For the Years Ended December 31,20092008(1)(2)2007(2)2006(2)20010000000000000000000000000000000000								2005(2)	
<b>OPERATING DATA:</b>										
Total revenues	\$	1,195,763	\$	1,243,170	\$	1,174,457	\$	1,084,552	\$	894,060
Total operating expenses(3)		(1,085,250)		(1,185,071)		(989,658)		(909,784)		(751,516)
Operating income(3)		110,513		58,099		184,799		174,768		142,544
Loss from continuing										
operations(3)		(196,217)		(117,092)		(45,360)		(39,965)		(30,640)
Income from discontinued										
operations, net(4)		152,237		744,880		171,615		329,947		160,450
Net (loss) income		(43,980)		627,788		126,255		289,982		129,810
Net income attributable to										
noncontrolling interests		(22,442)		(155,749)		(92,138)		(92,917)		(49,064)
Net income attributable to										
preferred unitholders		(56,854)		(61,354)		(73,144)		(90,527)		(98,946)
Net (loss) income attributable to										
the Partnership s common										
unitholders		(123,276)		403,700		(43,508)		104,592		(22,458)
Earnings (loss) per common										
unit basic and diluted(5):										
Loss from continuing operations										
attributable to the Partnership s										
common unitholders	\$	(1.75)	\$	(1.95)	\$	(1.40)	\$	(1.48)	\$	(1.33)
Net (loss) income attributable to										
the Partnership s common										
unitholders	\$	(1.00)	\$	4.11	\$	(0.42)	\$	0.99	\$	(0.21)
BALANCE SHEET										
INFORMATION:										
Real estate, net of accumulated										
depreciation	\$	6,962,866	\$	7,126,142	\$	6,902,079	\$	6,437,359	\$	5,708,824
Total assets		7,922,139		9,456,721		10,631,746		10,305,903		10,031,761
Total indebtedness		5,690,310		6,069,804		5,683,884		4,969,185		4,283,278
Total partners capital		1,550,374		1,661,600		2,152,326		2,753,617		3,164,111
OTHER INFORMATION:										
Distributions declared per	¢	0.40	¢	7 40	¢	4.21	¢	2 40	ሰ	2.00
common unit	\$	0.40	\$	7.48	\$	4.31	\$	2.40	\$	3.00
Total consolidated properties		400		<b>E1</b>				702		(10
(end of period)		426		514		657		703		619

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Total consolidated apartment units (end of period)	95,202	117,719	153,758	162,432	158,548			
Total unconsolidated properties (end of period)	77	85	94	102	264			
Total unconsolidated apartment units (end of period) Units managed (end of	8,478	9,613	10,878	11,791	35,269			
period)(6)	31,974	35,475	38,404	42,190	46,667			

(1) The consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2008, has been restated to reclassify impairment losses on real estate development assets within operating income. The reclassification reduced

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operating income by \$91.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2008, and had no effect on the reported amounts of loss from continuing operations, net income, net income available to the Partnership s common unitholders or earnings per unit. Additionally, the reclassification had no effect on the consolidated balance sheets, statements of partners capital or statements of cash flows. See Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8.

- (2) Certain reclassifications have been made to conform to the current financial statement presentation, including retroactive adjustments related to our January 1, 2009 adoption of the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141(R), or SFAS 141(R), FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 160, or SFAS 160, and FASB Staff Position No. EITF 03-6-1, or FSP EITF 03-6-1 (see Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8) and to reflect additional properties sold during 2009 or classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2009, as discontinued operations (see Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8).
- (3) Total operating expenses, operating income and loss from continuing operations for the year ended December 31, 2008, include a \$91.1 million pre-tax provision for impairment losses on real estate development assets, which is discussed further in *Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations* in Item 7.
- (4) Income from discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, 2007, 2006 and 2005 includes \$221.8 million, \$800.3 million, \$117.6 million, \$337.3 million and \$162.7 million in gains on disposition of real estate, respectively. Income from discontinued operations for 2009, 2008 and 2007 is discussed further in *Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations* in Item 7.
- (5) Weighted average common units, common OP unit equivalents, dilutive preferred securities and earnings per unit amounts for each of the periods presented above have been adjusted for our application during the fourth quarter 2009 of a change in accounting, which requires the units issued in our special distributions paid in 2008 and January 2009 to be treated as issued and outstanding on the distribution payment dates for basic purposes and as potential unit equivalents for the periods between the ex-dividend dates and payment dates for diluted purposes, rather than treating the units as issued and outstanding as of the beginning of the earliest period presented for both basic and diluted purposes. See Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 for further discussion of this accounting change.
- (6) Units managed represents units in properties for which we provide asset management services only, although in certain cases we may indirectly own generally less than one percent of the economic interest in such properties through a partnership syndication or other fund.

### Item 7. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

## **Executive Overview**

We are a limited partnership engaged in the acquisition, ownership, management and redevelopment of apartment properties. We are the operating partnership for Aimco, which is a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust, or REIT. Our property operations are characterized by diversification of product, location and price point. We primarily invest in the 20 largest U.S. markets, as measured by total market capitalization, which is the total market value of institutional-grade apartment properties in a particular market. We define these markets as target markets and they possess the following characteristics: a high concentration of population and apartment units; geographic and employment diversification; and historically strong returns with reduced volatility as part of a

diversified portfolio. We are one of the largest owners and operators of apartment properties in the United States. As of December 31, 2009, we owned or managed 870 apartment properties containing 135,654 units located in 44 states, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico. Our primary sources of income and cash are rents associated with apartment leases.

The key financial indicators that we use in managing our business and in evaluating our financial condition and operating performance are: NAV; Funds From Operations, or FFO; Adjusted FFO, or AFFO, which is FFO less spending for Capital Replacements; same store property operating results; net operating income; Free Cash Flow, which is net operating income less spending for Capital Replacements; financial coverage ratios; and leverage as

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shown on our balance sheet. FFO and Capital Replacements are defined and further described in the sections captioned Funds From Operations and Capital Additions below. The key macro-economic factors and non-financial indicators that affect our financial condition and operating performance are: household formations; rates of job growth; single-family and multifamily housing starts; interest rates; and availability and cost of financing.

Because our operating results depend primarily on income from our properties, the supply and demand for apartments influences our operating results. Additionally, the level of expenses required to operate and maintain our properties and the pace and price at which we redevelop, acquire and dispose of our apartment properties affect our operating results. Our cost of capital is affected by the conditions in the capital and credit markets and the terms that we negotiate for our equity and debt financings.

During the challenging financial and economic environment in 2009, we focused on: serving and retaining residents; continually improving our portfolio; reducing leverage and financial risk; and simplifying our business model.

We are focused on owning and operating B/B+ quality apartments concentrated in our target markets. We intend to upgrade the quality of our portfolio through the sale of approximately 5% to 10% of our portfolio annually, with the proceeds generally used to increase our allocation of capital to well located properties within our target markets through capital investments, redevelopment or acquisitions.

The following discussion and analysis of the results of our operations and financial condition should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements in Item 8.

### **Results of Operations**

#### Overview

### 2009 compared to 2008

We reported net loss attributable to the Partnership of \$66.4 million and net loss attributable to the Partnership s common unitholders of \$123.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to net income attributable to the Partnership of \$472.0 million and net income attributable to the Partnership s common unitholders of \$403.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2008, decreases of \$538.4 million and \$527.0 million, respectively. These decreases were principally due to the following items, all of which are discussed in further detail below:

a decrease in income from discontinued operations, primarily related to our sale of fewer assets in 2009 and the recognition of gains on sales as compared to 2008;

a decrease in gain on dispositions of unconsolidated real estate and other, primarily due to a large gain on the sale of an interest in an unconsolidated real estate partnership in 2008;

an increase in depreciation and amortization expense, primarily related to completed redevelopments and capital additions placed in service for partial periods during 2008 and 2009; and

a decrease in asset management and tax credit revenues, primarily due to a reduction in promote income, which is income earned in connection with the disposition of properties owned by our consolidated joint ventures.

The effects of these items on our operating results were partially offset by:

a decrease in earnings allocable to noncontrolling interests, primarily due to a decrease in the noncontrolling interests share of the decrease in gains on sales discussed above;

a decrease in general and administrative expenses, primarily related to reductions in personnel and related expenses from our organizational restructuring activities during 2008 and 2009; and

impairment losses on real estate development assets in 2008, for which no similar impairments were recognized in 2009.

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#### 2008 compared to 2007

We reported net income attributable to the Partnership of \$472.0 million and net income attributable to the Partnership s Aimco common unitholders of \$403.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to net income attributable to the Partnership of \$34.1 million and net loss attributable to the Partnership s common unitholders of \$43.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2007, increases of \$437.9 million and \$447.2 million, respectively. These increases were principally due to the following items, all of which are discussed in further detail below:

an increase in income from discontinued operations, primarily related to an increase in the number of assets sold during 2008 and our recognition of higher gains on sales as compared to 2007;

an increase in gain on dispositions of unconsolidated real estate and other, primarily due to a large gain on the sale of an interest in an unconsolidated real estate partnership in 2008;

an increase in net operating income associated with property operations, reflecting improved operations of our same store properties and other properties; and

an increase in asset management and tax credit revenues, primarily due to an increase in promote income, which is income earned in connection with the disposition of properties owned by our consolidated joint ventures.

The effects of these items on our operating results were partially offset by:

impairment losses on real estate development assets in 2008, for which no similar impairments were recognized in 2007;

an increase in earnings allocable to noncontrolling interests, primarily due to an increase in the noncontrolling interests share of the increase in gains on sales discussed above;

an increase in depreciation and amortization expense, primarily related to completed redevelopments placed in service for partial periods during 2007 or 2008;

restructuring costs recognized during the fourth quarter of 2008; and

an increase in provisions for losses on notes receivable, primarily due to the impairment during 2008 of our interest in Casden Properties LLC.

The following paragraphs discuss these and other items affecting the results of our operations in more detail.

### **Business Segment Operating Results**

We have two reportable segments: real estate (owning, operating and redeveloping apartments) and investment management (portfolio management and asset management). Our chief operating decision maker uses various generally accepted industry financial measures to assess the performance and financial condition of the business, including: NAV; FFO; AFFO; same store property operating results; net operating income; Free Cash Flow; financial coverage ratios; and leverage as shown on our balance sheet. Our chief operating decision maker emphasizes net operating income as a key measurement of segment profit or loss. Segment net operating income is generally defined

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as segment revenues less direct segment operating expenses.

#### **Real Estate Segment**

Our real estate segment involves the ownership and operation of properties that generate rental and other property-related income through the leasing of apartment units. Our real estate segment s net operating income also includes income from property management services performed for unconsolidated partnerships and unrelated parties.

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The following table summarizes our real estate segment s net operating income for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2009		2008			2007
Real estate segment revenues:						
Rental and other property revenues	\$	1,140,828	\$	1,137,995	\$	1,093,779
Property management revenues, primarily from affiliates	Ŷ	5,082	Ψ	6,345	Ŷ	6,923
		1,145,910		1,144,340		1,100,702
Real estate segment expenses:						
Property operating expenses		521,161		526,238		503,890
Property management expenses		2,869		5,385		6,678
		524,030		531,623		510,568
Real estate segment net operating income	\$	621,880	\$	612,717	\$	590,134

For the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, real estate segment net operating income increased \$9.2 million, or 1.5%. This increase was due to an increase in real estate segment revenues of \$1.6 million, or 0.1% and a decrease in real estate segment expenses of \$7.6 million, or 1.4%.

The increase in revenues from our real estate segment during the year ended December 31, 2009, was primarily attributed to an increase of \$10.0 million in revenues related to our conventional redevelopment properties based on more units in service at these properties in 2009, \$7.5 million in revenues related to our affordable properties, primarily due to higher average rents partially offset by lower physical occupancy during 2009, and \$2.3 million of revenues related to properties acquired during the latter half of 2008. These increases were partially offset by a \$14.8 million, or 2.0%, decrease in revenues from our conventional same store properties, due to a decrease of 50 basis points in average physical occupancy and lower average rent (approximately \$23 per unit). Conventional same store property revenues in our target markets, which represented approximately 78% of our total conventional same store revenues, decreased by 2.7% due to decreases in average physical occupancy (80 basis points) and average rent (approximately \$31 per unit). The decrease in revenues associated with these target markets were primarily attributed to revenue decreases of 4.9% in our Pacific markets, attributed to 140 basis points in lower occupancy and \$73 per unit in lower rents, and 3.3% in our Sunbelt market, attributed to 40 basis points in lower occupancy and \$35 per unit in lower rents. Conventional same store revenues related to our other markets decreased by 1.7%, due to 130 basis points in lower occupancy and \$14 per unit in lower rents.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, the decrease in our real estate segment expenses was primarily attributed to property management expenses. Property management expenses related to our consolidated properties, which are shown in the table above as a component of property operating expenses, decreased by \$8.2 million, and property management expenses related to our unconsolidated properties decreased by \$2.5 million, both due primarily to reductions in personnel and related costs resulting from our organizational restructurings. These decreases in our real estate segment expenses were partially offset by increases of \$0.6 million related to our conventional same store properties, primarily due to increases in employee compensation, insurance, repair and maintenance, and real estate tax expenses, offset by decreases in administrative and marketing expenses,

\$0.6 million related to our conventional redevelopment properties, primarily due to more units placed in service, \$0.5 million related to our affordable properties, primarily due to properties that were newly consolidated in 2008 and \$0.8 million related to properties acquired during the latter half of 2008.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to the year ended December 31, 2007, real estate segment net operating income increased \$22.6 million, or 3.8%. This increase was due to an increase in real estate segment revenues of \$43.6 million, or 4.0%, offset by an increase in real estate segment expenses of \$21.1 million, or 4.1%.

The increase in revenues from our real estate segment during the year ended December 31, 2008, was primarily attributed to an increase of \$19.8 million in revenues from our conventional same store properties, due to an increase of 80 basis points in average physical occupancy and higher average rent (approximately \$18 per unit), \$13.0 million

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in revenues related to our affordable properties, primarily due to newly consolidated properties, and \$8.8 million in revenues related to our conventional redevelopment properties based on more units in service and higher rental rates.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to the year ended December 31, 2007, the increase in expense was primarily attributed to increases of \$9.3 million related to our affordable properties, primarily due to properties that were newly consolidated, \$5.2 million related to our conventional redevelopment properties, primarily due to more units placed in service, \$3.1 million of property management expenses related to consolidated properties, which are shown in the table above as a component of property operating expenses, and \$0.2 million related to our conventional same store properties, primarily due to increases in utilities and real estate taxes, offset by decreases in employee compensation, repairs and maintenance, and turnover expenses. These increases in property expenses were in addition to an increase of \$4.2 million in casualty losses during 2008, primarily related to properties damaged by Tropical Storm Fay and Hurricane Ike.

#### **Investment Management Segment**

Our investment management segment includes activities and services related to our owned portfolio of properties as well as services provided to affiliated partnerships. Activities and services that fall within investment management include portfolio strategy, capital allocation, joint ventures, tax credit syndication, acquisitions, dispositions and other transaction activities. Within our owned portfolio, we refer to these activities as Portfolio Management, and their benefit is seen in property operating results and in investment gains. For affiliated partnerships, we refer to these activities as asset management, for which we are separately compensated through fees paid by third party investors. The expenses of this segment consist primarily of the costs of departments that perform these activities. These activities are conducted in part by our taxable subsidiaries, and the related net operating income may be subject to income taxes.

Asset management revenue includes certain fees that were earned in a prior period, but not recognized at that time because collectibility was not reasonably assured. Those fees may be recognized in a subsequent period upon occurrence of a transaction or a high level of the probability of occurrence of a transaction, or improvement in operations that generates sufficient cash to pay the fees.

The following table summarizes the net operating income from our investment management segment for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2009	2008	2007			
Asset management and tax credit revenues Investment management expenses	\$ 52,193 15,779	\$ 101,225 24,784	\$ 73,755 20,507			
Investment segment net operating income	\$ 36,414	\$ 76,441	\$ 53,248			

For the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, net operating income from investment management decreased \$40.0 million, or 52.4%. This decrease is primarily attributable to a \$42.8 million decrease in promote income, which is income earned in connection with the disposition of properties owned by our consolidated joint ventures, due to fewer related sales in 2009 and a \$7.6 million decrease in other general partner transactional fees, partially offset by a \$9.0 million decrease in investment management expenses, primarily due to reductions in personnel and related costs from our organizational restructurings and a reduction in transaction costs,

and a \$3.9 million increase in revenues associated with our affordable housing tax credit syndication business, including syndication fees and other revenue earned in connection with these arrangements.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to the year ended December 31, 2007, net operating income from investment management increased \$23.2 million, or 43.6%. This increase is primarily attributable to a \$30.7 million increase in promote income, which is income earned in connection with the disposition of properties owned by our consolidated joint ventures, and a \$9.2 million increase in other general partner transactional fees. These increases are offset by a decrease of \$7.4 million in asset management fees, a decrease of \$5.0 million in revenues associated with our affordable housing tax credit syndication business, including syndication fees and

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other revenue earned in connection with these arrangements, and an increase of \$4.3 million in investment management expenses, inclusive of \$3.5 million in deferred acquisition costs.

### **Other Operating Expenses (Income)**

#### **Depreciation and Amortization**

For the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, depreciation and amortization increased \$51.4 million, or 13.1%. This increase primarily consists of depreciation related to properties acquired during the latter part of 2008, completed redevelopments and other capital projects recently placed in service.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to the year ended December 31, 2007, depreciation and amortization increased \$45.5 million, or 13.1%. This increase reflects depreciation of \$65.3 million for newly acquired properties, completed redevelopments and other capital projects recently placed in service. This increase was partially offset by a decrease of \$25.7 million in depreciation adjustments necessary to reduce the carrying amount of buildings and improvements to their estimated disposition value, or zero in the case of a planned demolition, primarily due to a property that became fully depreciated during 2007.

### Provision for Operating Real Estate Impairment Losses

Real estate and other long-lived assets to be held and used are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization, unless the carrying amount of the asset is not recoverable. If events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of a property may not be recoverable, we make an assessment of its recoverability by comparing the carrying amount to our estimate of the undiscounted future cash flows, excluding interest charges, of the property. If the carrying amount exceeds the estimated aggregate undiscounted future cash flows, we recognize an impairment loss to the extent the carrying amount exceeds the estimated fair value of the property.

For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2007, we recognized impairment losses of \$2.3 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, related to properties classified as held for use as of December 31, 2009. We recognized no such impairment losses during the year ended December 31, 2008.

### Provision for Impairment Losses on Real Estate Development Assets

In connection with the preparation of our 2008 annual financial statements, we assessed the recoverability of our investment in our Lincoln Place property, located in Venice, California. Based upon the decline in land values in Southern California during 2008 and the expected timing of our redevelopment efforts, we determined that the total carrying amount of the property was no longer probable of full recovery and, accordingly, during the three months ended December 31, 2008, recognized an impairment loss of \$85.4 million (\$55.6 million net of tax).

Similarly, we assessed the recoverability of our investment in Pacific Bay Vistas (formerly Treetops), a vacant property located in San Bruno, California, and determined that the carrying amount of the property was no longer probable of full recovery and, accordingly, we recognized an impairment loss of \$5.7 million for this property during the three months ended December 31, 2008.

The impairments discussed above totaled \$91.1 million and are included in provisions for impairment losses on real estate development assets in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2009 included in Item 8. We recognized no similar impairments on real estate development assets during the years ended December 31, 2009 or 2007.

#### General and Administrative Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, general and administrative expenses decreased \$29.6 million, or 29.8%. This decrease is primarily attributable to reductions in personnel and related expenses associated with our organizational restructurings (see Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8), pursuant to which we eliminated approximately 400, or 36%, of our offsite positions between December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2009.

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For the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to the year ended December 31, 2007, general and administrative expenses increased \$8.5 million, or 9.4%. This increase is primarily attributable to higher personnel and related expenses of \$6.1 million and an increase of \$1.5 million in information technology communications costs.

### Other Expenses, Net

Other expenses, net includes franchise taxes, risk management activities, partnership administration expenses and certain non-recurring items.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, other expenses, net decreased by \$4.7 million. The decrease is primarily attributable to a \$5.4 million write-off during 2008 of certain communications hardware and capitalized costs in 2008, and a \$5.3 million reduction in expenses of our self insurance activities, including a decrease in casualty losses on less than wholly owned properties from 2008 to 2009. These decreases are partially offset by an increase of \$4.3 million in costs related to certain litigation matters.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to the year ended December 31, 2007, other expenses, net increased by \$3.2 million. The increase includes a \$5.4 million write-off of certain communications hardware and capitalized costs during 2008 and a \$1.2 million write-off of redevelopment costs associated with a change in the planned use of a property during 2008. The net unfavorable change also reflects \$3.6 million of income recognized in 2007 related to the transfer of certain property rights to an unrelated party. These increases were partially offset by a \$3.7 million reduction in expenses of our self insurance activities (net of costs in 2008 related to Tropical Storm Fay and Hurricane Ike) and a net decrease of \$1.7 million in costs related to certain litigation matters.

### **Restructuring Costs**

For the year ended December 31, 2009, we recognized restructuring costs of \$11.2 million, as compared to \$22.8 million in the year ended December 31, 2008, related to our organizational restructurings, which are further discussed in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8. We recognized no restructuring costs during the year ended December 31, 2007.

### Interest Income

Interest income consists primarily of interest on notes receivable from non-affiliates and unconsolidated real estate partnerships, interest on cash and restricted cash accounts, and accretion of discounts on certain notes receivable from unconsolidated real estate partnerships. Transactions that result in accretion occur infrequently and thus accretion income may vary from period to period.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, interest income decreased \$10.5 million, or 50.9%. Interest income decreased by \$8.7 million due to lower interest rates on notes receivable, cash and restricted cash balances and lower average balances and by \$4.1 million due to a decrease in accretion income related to our note receivable from Casden Properties LLC for which we ceased accretion following impairment of the note in 2008. These decreases were partially offset by a \$2.3 million increase in accretion income related to other notes during the year ended December 31, 2008, resulting from a change in the timing and amount of collection.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2007, interest income decreased \$23.3 million, or 52.9%. Interest income decreased by \$16.0 million due to lower interest rates on notes receivable, cash and restricted cash balances and lower average balances. Interest income also decreased by \$5.8 million due to an

adjustment of accretion on certain discounted notes during the year ended December 31, 2008, resulting from a change in the estimated timing and amount of collection, and by \$1.5 million for accretion income recognized during the year ended December 31, 2007, related to the prepayment of principal on certain discounted loans collateralized by properties in West Harlem in New York City.

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### Provision for Losses on Notes Receivable

During the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, we recognized net provisions for losses on notes receivable of \$21.5 million, \$17.6 million and \$2.0 million, respectively. The provisions for losses on notes receivable for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, primarily consist of impairments related to our investment in Casden Properties LLC, which are discussed further below.

As part of the March 2002 acquisition of Casden Properties, Inc., we invested \$50.0 million for a 20% passive interest in Casden Properties LLC, an entity organized to acquire, re-entitle and develop land parcels in Southern California. Based upon the profit allocation agreement, we account for this investment as a note receivable and through 2008 were amortizing the discounted value of the investment to the \$50.0 million previously estimated to be collectible, through January 2, 2009, the initial dissolution date of the entity. In 2009, the managing member extended the dissolution date. In connection with the preparation of our 2008 annual financial statements and as a result of a decline in land values in Southern California, we determined our recorded investment amount was not fully recoverable, and accordingly recognized an impairment loss of \$16.3 million (\$10.0 million net of tax) during the three months ended December 31, 2008. In connection with the preparation of our 2009 annual financial statements and as a result of continued declines in land values in Southern California, we determined our recorded investment amount was not fully recoverable, and accordingly recognized an impairment California, we determined our then recorded investment amount was not fully recoverable, and accordingly recognized an impairment California, we determined our then recorded investment amount was not fully recoverable, and accordingly recognized an impairment California, we determined our then recorded investment amount was not fully recoverable, and accordingly recognized an impairment loss of \$20.7 million (\$12.4 million net of tax) during the three months ended December 31, 2009.

In addition to the impairments related to Casden Properties LLC discussed above, we recognized provisions for losses on notes receivable totaling \$0.8 million, \$1.3 million and \$2.0 million during the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

### Interest Expense

For the years ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, interest expense, which includes the amortization of deferred financing costs, totaled \$324.2 million and \$324.1 million, respectively. Interest expense increased by \$15.0 million due to a reduction in redevelopment activity during 2009, which resulted in a reduction in capitalized interest. In addition, interest expense increased by \$1.2 million due to an increase in prepayment penalties associated with refinancing activities, from \$2.8 million in 2008 to \$4.0 million in 2009, and by \$3.3 million related to non-recourse property loans, from \$311.2 million to \$314.5 million, primarily due to higher average interest rates partially offset by lower average balances during 2009. These increases in interest expense were substantially offset by decreases in corporate interest expense. Interest expense related to corporate debt, which is primarily floating rate, decreased by \$19.4 million, from \$34.8 million to \$15.4 million, primarily due to lower average balances and interest rates during 2009.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to the year ended December 31, 2007, interest expense increased \$11.1 million, or 3.5%. Interest expense related to non-recourse property loans increased by \$17.1 million, from \$294.1 million to \$311.2 million, primarily due to higher average balances partially offset by lower average interest rates during 2008. In addition, interest expense increased by \$4.4 million, due to a decrease in capitalized interest from \$29.1 million in 2007 to \$24.7 million in 2008, resulting from more units in service and lower interest rates. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in interest expense related to corporate debt, which is primarily floating rate and which decreased by \$10.4 million, from \$45.2 million to \$34.8 million, primarily due to lower average balances and interest rates during 2008.

### Equity in Losses of Unconsolidated Real Estate Partnerships

Equity in losses of unconsolidated real estate partnerships includes our share of net losses of our unconsolidated real estate partnerships and is primarily driven by depreciation expense in excess of the net operating income recognized by such partnerships.

During the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, we recognized equity in losses of unconsolidated real estate partnerships of \$12.0 million, \$4.6 million and \$3.3 million, respectively. The \$7.4 million increase in our equity in losses from 2008 to 2009 was primarily due to our sale in late 2008 of an interest in an unconsolidated real estate partnership that generated \$3.0 million of equity in earnings during the year ended December 31, 2008,

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and our sale during 2009 of our interest in an unconsolidated group purchasing organization which resulted in a decrease of equity in earnings of approximately \$1.2 million. The increase in equity in losses also includes additional losses recognized during 2009 related to the underlying investment properties of certain tax credit syndications we consolidated during 2009 and 2008.

### Impairment Losses Related to Unconsolidated Real Estate Partnerships

Impairment losses related to unconsolidated real estate partnerships includes our share of impairment losses recognized by our unconsolidated real estate partnerships. For the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, impairment losses related to unconsolidated real estate partnerships decreased \$2.3 million, and for the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to the year ended December 31, 2007, impairment losses related to unconsolidated real estate partnerships increased \$2.7 million. This decrease and increase are primarily attributable to impairment losses recognized by unconsolidated partnerships on their underlying real estate properties during 2008.

### Gain on Dispositions of Unconsolidated Real Estate and Other

Gain on dispositions of unconsolidated real estate and other includes our share of gains related to dispositions of real estate by unconsolidated real estate partnerships, gains on disposition of interests in unconsolidated real estate partnerships, gains on dispositions of land and other non-depreciable assets and costs related to asset disposal activities. Changes in the level of gains recognized from period to period reflect the changing level of disposition activity from period to period. Additionally, gains on properties sold are determined on an individual property basis or in the aggregate for a group of properties that are sold in a single transaction, and are not comparable period to period.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, gain on dispositions of unconsolidated real estate and other decreased \$77.4 million. This decrease is primarily attributable to a gain of \$98.4 million on our disposition in 2008 of interests in two unconsolidated real estate partnerships. This decrease was partially offset by \$18.7 million of gains on the disposition of interests in unconsolidated partnerships during 2009. Gains recognized in 2009 consist of \$8.6 million related to our receipt in 2009 of additional proceeds related to our disposition during 2008 of one of the partnership interests discussed above (see Note 3 to the consolidated financials statements in Item 8), \$4.0 million from the disposition of our interest in a group purchasing organization (see Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8), and \$6.1 million from our disposition in 2009 of interests in unconsolidated real estate partnerships.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to the year ended December 31, 2007, gain on dispositions of unconsolidated real estate and other increased \$75.4 million. This increase is primarily attributable to a \$98.4 million net gain on the disposition of interests in two unconsolidated real estate partnerships during the year ended December 31, 2008. During 2007, we recognized a \$6.0 million non-refundable option and extension fee resulting from the termination of rights under an option agreement to sell the North and Central towers of our Flamingo South Beach property, approximately \$6.4 million of net gains on dispositions of land parcels and our share of gains on dispositions of properties by unconsolidated real estate partnerships in 2007, and a \$10.6 million gain on debt extinguishment related to properties in the VMS partnership (see Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8).

## Income Tax Benefit

In conjunction with Aimco s UPREIT structure, certain of our operations, or a portion thereof, such as property management, asset management and risk management, are conducted through, and certain of our properties are owned by, taxable subsidiaries. Income taxes related to the results of continuing operations of our taxable subsidiaries are

included in income tax benefit in our consolidated statements of income.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, income tax benefit decreased by \$34.5 million. This decrease was primarily attributed to \$36.1 million of income tax benefit recognized in 2008 related to the impairments of our Lincoln Place property and our investment in Casden

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Properties LLC, both of which are owned through taxable subsidiaries, partially offset by \$8.1 million of income tax benefit recognized in 2009 related to the impairment of our investment in Casden Properties LLC.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to the year ended December 31, 2007, income tax benefit increased by \$33.4 million. This increase was primarily attributed to \$36.1 million of income tax benefit recognized in 2008 related to the impairments of our Lincoln Place property and our investment in Casden Properties LLC.

### Income from Discontinued Operations, Net

The results of operations for properties sold during the period or designated as held for sale at the end of the period are generally required to be classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented. The components of net earnings that are classified as discontinued operations include all property-related revenues and operating expenses, depreciation expense recognized prior to the classification as held for sale, property-specific interest expense and debt extinguishment gains and losses to the extent there is secured debt on the property. In addition, any impairment losses on assets held for sale and the net gain or loss on the eventual disposal of properties held for sale are reported in discontinued operations.

For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, income from discontinued operations totaled \$152.2 million and \$744.9 million, respectively. The \$592.7 million decrease in income from discontinued operations was principally due to a \$541.2 million decrease in gain on dispositions of real estate, net of income taxes, primarily attributable to fewer properties sold in 2009 as compared to 2008, and a \$111.8 million decrease in operating income (inclusive of a \$27.1 million increase in real estate impairment losses), partially offset by a \$58.8 million decrease in interest expense.

For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, income from discontinued operations totaled \$744.9 million and \$171.6 million, respectively. The \$573.3 million increase in income from discontinued operations was principally due to a \$641.7 million increase in gain on dispositions of real estate, net of income taxes, primarily attributable to more properties sold in 2008 as compared to 2007 and a \$27.9 million decrease in interest expense. These increases were partially offset by a \$66.1 million decrease in operating income (inclusive of a \$22.0 million increase in real estate impairment losses) and a \$31.6 million decrease related to a 2007 gain on debt extinguishment related to properties in the VMS partnership.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, we sold 89 consolidated properties for gross proceeds of \$1.3 billion and net proceeds of \$432.7 million, resulting in a net gain on sale of approximately \$216.0 million (which is net of \$5.8 million of related income taxes). During the year ended December 31, 2008, we sold 151 consolidated properties for gross proceeds of \$2.4 billion and net proceeds of \$1.1 billion, resulting in a net gain on sale of approximately \$757.2 million (which is net of \$43.1 million of related income taxes). During the year ended December 31, 2007, we sold 73 consolidated properties for gross proceeds of \$480.0 million and net proceeds of \$203.8 million, resulting in a net gain on sale of approximately \$115.5 million (which is net of \$2.1 million of related income taxes).

For the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, income from discontinued operations includes the operating results of the properties sold or classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2009.

Changes in the level of gains recognized from period to period reflect the changing level of our disposition activity from period to period. Additionally, gains on properties sold are determined on an individual property basis or in the aggregate for a group of properties that are sold in a single transaction, and are not comparable period to period (see Note 13 of the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 for additional information on discontinued operations).

## Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Real Estate Partnerships

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Noncontrolling interests in consolidated real estate partnerships reflects the non-Aimco partners , or noncontrolling partners , share of operating results of consolidated real estate partnerships. This generally includes the noncontrolling partners share of property management fees, interest on notes and other amounts eliminated in consolidation that we charge to such partnerships. As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8, we adopted the provisions of SFAS 160, which are now codified in the Financial Accounting Standards

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Board s Accounting Standards Codification, or FASB ASC, Topic 810, effective January 1, 2009. Prior to our adoption of SFAS 160, we generally did not recognize a benefit for the noncontrolling interest partners share of partnership losses for partnerships that have deficit noncontrolling interest balances and we generally recognized a charge to our earnings for distributions paid to noncontrolling partners for partnerships that had deficit noncontrolling interest balances. Under the updated provisions of FASB ASC Topic 810, we are required to attribute losses to noncontrolling interests even if such attribution would result in a deficit noncontrolling interest balance and we are no longer required to recognize a charge to our earnings for distributions paid to noncontrolling paid to noncontrolling interest balance and we are no longer required to recognize a charge to our earnings for distributions paid to noncontrolling paid to noncontrolling interest balance and we are no longer required to recognize a charge to our earnings for distributions paid to noncontrolling partners for partnerships that have deficit noncontrolling interest balances.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, net earnings attributed to noncontrolling interests in consolidated real estate partnerships decreased by \$133.3 million. This decrease is primarily attributable to a reduction of \$108.7 million related to the noncontrolling interests in consolidated real estate partnerships share of gains on dispositions of real estate, due primarily to fewer sales in 2009 as compared to 2008, \$5.5 million of losses allocated to noncontrolling interests in 2009 that we would not have allocated to the noncontrolling interest partners in 2008 because to do so would have resulted in deficits in their noncontrolling interest balances, and approximately \$3.8 million related to deficit distribution charges recognized as a reduction to our earnings in 2008, for which we did not recognize similar charges in 2009 based on the change in accounting discussed above. These decreases are in addition to the noncontrolling interest partners share of increased losses of our consolidated real estate partnerships in 2009 as compared to 2008.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to the year ended December 31, 2007, net income attributed to noncontrolling interests in consolidated real estate partnerships increased by \$63.6 million. This increase is primarily attributable to an increase of \$106.5 million related to the noncontrolling interests in consolidated real estate partnerships share of gains on dispositions of real estate, due primarily to more sales in 2008 as compared to 2007, partially offset by increases of \$42.9 million in net recoveries of deficit distributions.

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8, during the first quarter 2010, we will adopt new accounting guidance related to accounting for variable interest entities. This change in accounting guidance may result in our consolidation of certain previously unconsolidated entities as well as our deconsolidation of certain we currently consolidate. At this time, we have not yet determined the effect this accounting change will have on our consolidated financial statements.

## **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or GAAP, which requires us to make estimates and assumptions. We believe that the following critical accounting policies involve our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

### Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Real estate and other long-lived assets to be held and used are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization, unless the carrying amount of the asset is not recoverable. If events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of a property may not be recoverable, we make an assessment of its recoverability by comparing the carrying amount to our estimate of the undiscounted future cash flows, excluding interest charges, of the property. If the carrying amount exceeds the estimated aggregate undiscounted future cash flows, we recognize an impairment loss to the extent the carrying amount exceeds the estimated fair value of the property.

From time to time, we have non-revenue producing properties that we hold for future redevelopment. We assess the recoverability of the carrying amount of these redevelopment properties by comparing our estimate of undiscounted future cash flows based on the expected service potential of the redevelopment property upon completion to the carrying amount. In certain instances, we use a probability-weighted approach to determine our estimate of undiscounted future cash flows when alternative courses of action are under consideration. As discussed in *Provision for Impairment Losses on Real Estate Development Assets* within the preceding discussion of our Results of Operations, during 2008 we recognized impairment losses on our Lincoln Place and Pacific Bay Vistas properties of \$85.4 million (\$55.6 million net of tax) and \$5.7 million, respectively.

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Real estate investments are subject to varying degrees of risk. Several factors may adversely affect the economic performance and value of our real estate investments. These factors include:

the general economic climate;

competition from other apartment communities and other housing options;

local conditions, such as loss of jobs or an increase in the supply of apartments, that might adversely affect apartment occupancy or rental rates;

changes in governmental regulations and the related cost of compliance;

increases in operating costs (including real estate taxes) due to inflation and other factors, which may not be offset by increased rents;

changes in tax laws and housing laws, including the enactment of rent control laws or other laws regulating multifamily housing; and

changes in interest rates and the availability of financing.

Any adverse changes in these and other factors could cause an impairment in our long-lived assets, including real estate and investments in unconsolidated real estate partnerships. In addition to the impairments of Lincoln Place and Pacific Bay Vistas discussed above, based on periodic tests of recoverability of long-lived assets, for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2007, we recorded net impairment losses of \$2.3 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, related to properties classified as held for use, and during the year ended December 31, 2008, we recorded no additional impairments related to properties held for use.

### Notes Receivable and Interest Income Recognition

Notes receivable from unconsolidated real estate partnerships consist primarily of notes receivable from partnerships in which we are the general partner. Notes receivable from non-affiliates consist of notes receivable from unrelated third parties. The ultimate repayment of these notes is subject to a number of variables, including the performance and value of the underlying real estate and the claims of unaffiliated mortgage lenders. Our notes receivable include loans extended by us that we carry at the face amount plus accrued interest, which we refer to as par value notes, and loans extended by predecessors, some of whose positions we generally acquired at a discount, which we refer to as discounted notes.

We record interest income on par value notes as earned in accordance with the terms of the related loan agreements. We discontinue the accrual of interest on such notes when the notes are impaired, as discussed below, or when there is otherwise significant uncertainty as to the collection of interest. We record income on such nonaccrual loans using the cost recovery method, under which we apply cash receipts first to the recorded amount of the loan; thereafter, any additional receipts are recognized as income.

We recognize interest income on discounted notes receivable based upon whether the amount and timing of collections are both probable and reasonably estimable. We consider collections to be probable and reasonably estimable when the borrower has closed transactions or has entered into certain pending transactions (which include real estate sales, refinancings, foreclosures and rights offerings) that provide a reliable source of repayment. In such instances, we recognize accretion income, on a prospective basis using the effective interest method over the estimated

remaining term of the loans, equal to the difference between the carrying amount of the discounted notes and the estimated collectible value. We record income on all other discounted notes using the cost recovery method. Accretion income recognized in any given period is based on our ability to complete transactions to monetize the notes receivable and the difference between the carrying value and the estimated collectible amount of the notes; therefore, accretion income varies on a period by period basis and could be lower or higher than in prior periods.

### **Provision for Losses on Notes Receivable**

We assess the collectibility of notes receivable on a periodic basis, which assessment consists primarily of an evaluation of cash flow projections of the borrower to determine whether estimated cash flows are sufficient to repay principal and interest in accordance with the contractual terms of the note. We recognize impairments on

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notes receivable when it is probable that principal and interest will not be received in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan. The amount of the impairment to be recognized generally is based on the fair value of the partnership s real estate that represents the primary source of loan repayment. In certain instances where other sources of cash flow are available to repay the loan, the impairment is measured by discounting the estimated cash flows at the loan s original effective interest rate.

During the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 we recorded net provisions for losses on notes receivable of \$21.5 million, \$17.6 million and \$2.0 million, respectively. As discussed in *Provision for Losses on Notes Receivable* within the preceding discussion of our Results of Operations, provisions for losses on notes receivable in 2009 and 2008 include impairment losses of \$20.7 million (\$12.4 million net of tax) and \$16.3 million (\$10.0 million net of tax), respectively, on our investment in Casden Properties LLC, which we account for as a note receivable. We will continue to evaluate the collectibility of these notes, and we will adjust related allowances in the future due to changes in market conditions and other factors.

## Capitalized Costs

We capitalize costs, including certain indirect costs, incurred in connection with our capital additions activities, including redevelopment and construction projects, other tangible property improvements and replacements of existing property components. Included in these capitalized costs are payroll costs associated with time spent by site employees in connection with the planning, execution and control of all capital additions activities at the property level. We characterize as indirect costs an allocation of certain department costs, including payroll, at the area operations and corporate levels that clearly relate to capital additions activities. We capitalize interest, property taxes and insurance during periods in which redevelopment and construction projects are in progress. We charge to expense as incurred costs that do not relate to capital additions activities, including ordinary repairs, maintenance, resident turnover costs and general and administrative expenses (see *Capital Additions and Related Depreciation* in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8).

For the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, for continuing and discontinued operations, we capitalized \$9.8 million, \$25.7 million and \$30.8 million of interest costs, respectively, and \$40.0 million, \$78.1 million and \$78.1 million of site payroll and indirect costs, respectively. The reduction is primarily due to a reduced level of redevelopment activities.

## **Funds From Operations**

FFO is a non-GAAP financial measure that we believe, when considered with the financial statements determined in accordance with GAAP, is helpful to investors in understanding our performance because it captures features particular to real estate performance by recognizing that real estate generally appreciates over time or maintains residual value to a much greater extent than do other depreciable assets such as machinery, computers or other personal property. The Board of Governors of the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, or NAREIT, defines FFO as net income (loss), computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains from sales of depreciable property, plus depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures are calculated to reflect FFO on the same basis. We compute FFO for all periods presented in accordance with the guidance set forth by NAREIT s April 1, 2002, White Paper, which we refer to as the White Paper. We calculate FFO attributable to the Partnership s common unitholders (diluted) by subtracting redemption or repurchase related preferred OP Unit issuance costs and distributions on preferred OP Unit redemptions or repurchases. FFO should not be considered an alternative to net income or net cash flows from operating activities, as determined in accordance with GAAP, as an indication of our performance or as a measure of liquidity. FFO is not necessarily indicative of cash available to fund future cash needs. In addition,

although FFO is a measure used for comparability in assessing the performance of REITs, there can be no assurance that our basis for computing FFO is comparable with that of other REITs.

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For the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, our FFO is calculated as follows (in thousands):

	2009	2008	2007
Net (loss) income attributable to the Partnership s common			
unitholders(1)	\$ (123,276)	\$ 403,700	\$ (43,508)
Adjustments:			
Depreciation and amortization	444,413	392,999	347,491
Depreciation and amortization related to non-real estate assets	(16,667)	(17,372)	(20,159)
Depreciation of rental property related to noncontrolling partners and			
unconsolidated entities(2)	(40,852)	(29,872)	(15,888)
Gain on dispositions of unconsolidated real estate and other	(22,494)	(99,864)	(24,470)
Income tax expense (benefit) arising from disposition of			
unconsolidated real estate and other	1,582	(433)	(17)
Add back portion of gain on dispositions of unconsolidated real estate			
and other that relates to non-depreciable assets and debt			
extinguishment gain	7,783	1,669	17,956
Deficit distributions to noncontrolling partners(3)		26,211	29,210
Discontinued operations:			
Gain on dispositions of real estate, net of noncontrolling partners			
interest(2)	(164,281)	(617,906)	(63,923)
Depreciation of rental property, net of noncontrolling partners			
interest(2)	45,836	109,043	114,586
(Recovery of deficit distributions) deficit distributions to			
noncontrolling partners, net(3)		(30,354)	9,550
Income tax expense arising from disposals	5,788	43,146	2,135
Preferred OP Unit distributions	58,503	62,836	70,509
Preferred OP Unit redemption related (gains) costs	(1,649)	(1,482)	2,635
Amounts allocable to participating securities(4)		6,985	4,481
FFO	\$ 194,686	\$ 249,306	\$ 430,588
Preferred OP Unit distributions	(58,503)	(62,836)	(70,509)
Preferred OP Unit redemption related gains (costs)	1,649	1,482	(2,635)
Amounts allocable to participating securities(4)	(792)	(6,985)	(4,481)
Distributions on dilutive preferred securities		4,292	1,442
FFO attributable to the Partnership s common			
unitholders diluted	\$ 137,040	\$ 185,259	\$ 354,405
Weighted average number of common units, common unit			
equivalents and dilutive preferred securities outstanding(5):	104 440	00.207	100.000
Common units and equivalents(6)(7)	124,442	99,386	106,802
Dilutive preferred securities		1,490	457
Total	124,442	100,876	107,259

Notes:

- (1) Represents the numerator for calculating basic earnings per common unit in accordance with GAAP (see Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8).
- (2) Noncontrolling partners refers to noncontrolling partners in our consolidated real estate partnerships.
- (3) Prior to adoption of SFAS 160 (see Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8), we recognized deficit distributions to noncontrolling partners as charges in our income statement when cash was distributed to a noncontrolling partner in a consolidated partnership in excess of the positive balance in such partner s

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noncontrolling interest balance. We recorded these charges for GAAP purposes even though there was no economic effect or cost. Deficit distributions to noncontrolling partners occurred when the fair value of the underlying real estate exceeded its depreciated net book value because the underlying real estate had appreciated or maintained its value. As a result, the recognition of expense for deficit distributions to noncontrolling partners represented, in substance, either (a) our recognition of depreciation previously allocated to the noncontrolling partner or (b) a payment related to the noncontrolling partner s share of real estate appreciation. Based on White Paper guidance that requires real estate depreciation and gains to be excluded from FFO, we added back deficit distributions and subtracted related recoveries in our reconciliation of net income to FFO. Subsequent to our adoption of SFAS 160, effective January 1, 2009, we may reduce the balance of noncontrolling interests below zero in such situations and we are no longer required to recognize such charges in our income statement.

- (4) Amounts allocable to participating securities represent distributions declared and any amounts of undistributed earnings allocable to participating securities. See Note 2 and Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 for further information regarding participating securities.
- (5) Weighted average common units, common unit equivalents, dilutive preferred securities for each of the periods presented above have been adjusted for our application during the fourth quarter 2009 of a change in GAAP, which requires the common OP units issued to Aimco in connection with our special distributions paid in 2008 and January 2009 to be treated as issued and outstanding on the distribution payment dates for basic purposes and as potential unit equivalents for the periods between the ex-dividend dates and the payment dates for diluted purposes, rather than treating the units as issued and outstanding as of the beginning of the earliest period presented for both basic and diluted purposes. The change in accounting treatment had no effect on diluted weighted average units outstanding by 32.9 million and 46.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.
- (6) Represents the denominator for earnings per common unit diluted, calculated in accordance with GAAP, plus common OP unit equivalents that are dilutive for FFO.
- (7) During the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, we had 6,534,140, 7,191,199, and 7,367,400 common OP Units outstanding and 2,344,719, 2,367,629 and 2,379,084 High Performance Units outstanding.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity is the ability to meet present and future financial obligations. Our primary source of liquidity is cash flow from our operations. Additional sources are proceeds from property sales and proceeds from refinancings of existing property loans and borrowings under new property loans.

Our principal uses for liquidity include normal operating activities, payments of principal and interest on outstanding debt, capital additions, distributions paid to unitholders and distributions paid to noncontrolling interest partners, repurchases of common OP Units from Aimco in connection with Aimco s concurrent repurchase of its Class A Common Stock, and acquisitions of, and investments in, properties. We use our cash and cash equivalents and our cash provided by operating activities to meet short-term liquidity needs. In the event that our cash and cash equivalents and cash provided by operating activities are not sufficient to cover our short-term liquidity demands, we have additional means, such as short-term borrowing availability and proceeds from property sales and refinancings, to help us meet our short-term liquidity demands. We may use our revolving credit facility for general corporate purposes and to fund investments on an interim basis. We expect to meet our long-term liquidity requirements, such as debt maturities and property acquisitions, through long-term borrowings, primarily secured, the issuance of equity securities (including OP Units), the sale of properties and cash generated from operations.

The state of credit markets and related effect on the overall economy may have an adverse affect on our liquidity, both through increases in interest rates and credit risk spreads, and access to financing. As further discussed in Item 7A, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk, we are subject to interest rate risk associated with certain variable rate liabilities, preferred stock and assets. Based on our net variable rate liabilities, preferred OP Units and assets outstanding at December 31, 2009, we estimate that a 1.0% increase in 30-day LIBOR with constant credit risk spreads would reduce our income attributable to the Partnership s common

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unitholders by approximately \$1.6 million on an annual basis. Although base interest rates have generally decreased relative to their levels prior to the disruptions in the financial markets, the tightening of credit markets has affected the credit risk spreads charged over base interest rates on, and the availability of, property loan financing. For future refinancing activities, our liquidity and cost of funds may be affected by increases in base interest rates or higher credit risk spreads. If timely property financing options are not available for maturing debt, we may consider alternative sources of liquidity, such as reductions in certain capital spending or proceeds from asset dispositions.

As further discussed in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements in Item 8, we use total rate of return swaps as a financing product to lower our cost of borrowing through conversion of fixed rate tax-exempt bonds payable and fixed rate notes payable to variable interest rates indexed to the SIFMA rate for tax-exempt bonds payable and the 30-day LIBOR rate for notes payable, plus a credit risk spread. The cost of financing through these arrangements is generally lower than the fixed rate on the debt. As of December 31, 2009, we had total rate of return swap positions with two financial institutions with notional amounts totaling \$353.1 million. Swaps with notional amounts of \$307.9 million and \$45.2 million had maturity dates in May 2012 and October 2012, respectively.

The total rate of return swaps require specified loan-to-value ratios. In the event the values of the real estate properties serving as collateral under these agreements decline or if we sell properties in the collateral pool with low loan-to-value ratios, certain of our consolidated subsidiaries have an obligation to pay down the debt or provide additional collateral pursuant to the swap agreements, which may adversely affect our cash flows. The obligation to provide collateral is limited to these subsidiaries and is non-recourse to us. At December 31, 2009, these subsidiaries were not required to provide cash collateral based on the loan-to-value ratios of the real estate properties serving as collateral under these agreements.

We periodically evaluate counterparty credit risk associated with these arrangements. At the current time, we have concluded we do not have material exposure. In the event a counterparty were to default under these arrangements, loss of the net interest benefit we generally receive under these arrangements, which is equal to the difference between the fixed rate we receive and the variable rate we pay, may adversely affect our operating cash flows.

See *Derivative Financial Instruments* in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 for additional discussion of these arrangements, including the current swap maturity dates.

As of December 31, 2009, the amount available under our \$180.0 million revolving credit facility was \$136.2 million (after giving effect to \$43.8 million outstanding for undrawn letters of credit). Our total outstanding term loan of \$90.0 million at December 31, 2009, matures in March 2011. We repaid an additional \$45.0 million on the term loan through February 26, 2010, leaving a remaining outstanding balance of \$45.0 million. Additionally, we have limited obligations to fund redevelopment commitments during the year ending December 31, 2010, and no development commitments.

At December 31, 2009, we had \$81.3 million in cash and cash equivalents, a decrease of \$218.4 million from December 31, 2008. At December 31, 2009, we had \$220.0 million of restricted cash, primarily consisting of reserves and escrows held by lenders for bond sinking funds, capital additions, property taxes and insurance. In addition, cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash are held by partnerships that are not presented on a consolidated basis. The following discussion relates to changes in cash due to operating, investing and financing activities, which are presented in our consolidated statements of cash flows in Item 8.

### **Operating Activities**

For the year ended December 31, 2009, our net cash provided by operating activities of \$233.8 million was primarily related to operating income from our consolidated properties, which is affected primarily by rental rates, occupancy

levels and operating expenses related to our portfolio of properties, in excess of payments of operating accounts payable and accrued liabilities, including amounts related to our organizational restructuring. Cash provided by operating activities decreased \$206.6 million compared with the year ended December 31, 2008, primarily due to a \$159.3 million decrease in operating income related to consolidated properties included in discontinued operations, which was attributable to property sales in 2009 and 2008, a \$42.8 million decrease in promote income, which is generated by the disposition of properties by consolidated real estate partnerships, and an

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increase in payments on operating accounts payable and accrued expenses, including payments related to our restructuring accrual, in 2009 as compared to 2008.

#### **Investing** Activities

For the year ended December 31, 2009, our net cash provided by investing activities of \$630.7 million consisted primarily of proceeds from disposition of real estate and partnership interests, partially offset by capital expenditures.

Although we hold all of our properties for investment, we sell properties when they do not meet our investment criteria or are located in areas that we believe do not justify our continued investment when compared to alternative uses for our capital. During the year ended December 31, 2009, we sold 89 consolidated properties. These properties were sold for an aggregate sales price of \$1.3 billion, or \$1.2 billion, after the payment of transaction costs and debt prepayment penalties. The \$1.2 billion is inclusive of promote income and debt assumed by buyers. Net cash proceeds from property sales were used primarily to repay term debt and for other corporate purposes.

#### Capital Additions

We classify all capital additions as Capital Replacements (which we refer to as CR), Capital Improvements (which we refer to as CI), casualties or redevelopment. Additions other than casualty or redevelopment capital additions are apportioned between CR and CI based on the useful life of the capital item under consideration and the period we have owned the property.

CR represents the share of capital additions that are deemed to replace the portion of acquired capital assets that was consumed during the period we have owned the asset. CI represents the share of additions that are made to enhance the value, profitability or useful life of an asset as compared to its original purchase condition. CR and CI exclude capital additions for casualties and redevelopment. Casualty additions represent capitalized costs incurred in connection with casualty losses and are associated with the restoration of the asset. A portion of the restoration costs may be reimbursed by insurance carriers subject to deductibles associated with each loss. Redevelopment additions represent additions that substantially upgrade the property.

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The table below details our share of actual spending, on both consolidated and unconsolidated real estate partnerships, for CR, CI, casualties and redevelopment for the year ended December 31, 2009, on a per unit and total dollar basis (in thousands, except per unit amounts). Per unit numbers for CR and CI are based on approximately 97,196 average units for the year, including 81,135 conventional units and 16,061 affordable units. Average units are weighted for the portion of the period that we owned an interest in the property, represent ownership-adjusted effective units, and exclude non-managed units.

	Our Share of Additions		Per Effective Unit	
Capital Replacements Detail:				
Building and grounds	\$	32,876	\$	338
Turnover related		30,298		312
Capitalized site payroll and indirect costs		7,076		73
Our share of Capital Replacements	\$	70,250	\$	723
Capital Replacements:				
Conventional	\$	64,675	\$	797
Affordable		5,575	\$	347
Our share of Capital Replacements		70,250	\$	723
Capital Improvements:				
Conventional		47,634	\$	587
Affordable		5,755	\$	358
Our share of Capital Improvements		53,389	\$	549
Casualties:				
Conventional		17,724		
Affordable		1,872		
Our share of casualties		19,596		
Redevelopment:				
Conventional projects		66,768		
Tax credit projects(1)		46,066		
Our share of redevelopment		112,834		
Our share of capital additions		256,069		
Plus noncontrolling partners share of consolidated additions		20,062		
Less our share of unconsolidated additions		(687)		

### **Total capital additions**

275,444

\$

(1) Redevelopment additions on tax credit projects are substantially funded from tax credit investor contributions.

Included in the above additions for CI, casualties and redevelopment, was approximately \$34.6 million of our share of capitalized site payroll and indirect costs related to these activities for the year ended December 31, 2009.

We generally fund capital additions with cash provided by operating activities, working capital and property sales as discussed below.

## **Financing** Activities

For the year ended December 31, 2009, net cash used in financing activities of \$1.1 billion was primarily attributed to debt principal payments, distributions paid to common and preferred unitholders and distributions to noncontrolling interests, partially offset by proceeds from property loans.

# Property Debt

At December 31, 2009 and 2008, we had \$5.6 billion and \$6.3 billion, respectively, in consolidated property debt outstanding, which included \$29.2 million and \$759.3 million, respectively, of property debt classified within liabilities related to assets held for sale. During the year ended December 31, 2009, we refinanced or closed property loans on 55 properties generating \$788.1 million of proceeds from borrowings with a weighted average interest rate of 5.78%. Our share of the net proceeds after repayment of existing debt, payment of transaction costs and distributions to limited partners, was \$132.3 million. We used these total net proceeds for capital expenditures and other corporate purposes. We intend to continue to refinance property debt primarily as a means of extending current and near term maturities and to finance certain capital projects.

## Term Loans and Credit Facility

We have an Amended and Restated Senior Secured Credit Agreement, as amended, with a syndicate of financial institutions, which we refer to as the Credit Agreement.

As of December 31, 2009, the Credit Agreement consisted of aggregate commitments of \$270.0 million, comprised of our \$90.0 million outstanding balance on the term loan and \$180.0 million of revolving loan commitments. The term loan bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.5%, or at our option, a base rate equal to the prime rate, and matures March 2011. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility bear interest based on a pricing grid determined by leverage (either at LIBOR plus 4.25% with a LIBOR floor of 2.00% or, at our option, a base rate equal to the Prime rate plus a spread of 3.00%). The revolving credit facility matures May 1, 2011, and may be extended for an additional year, subject to certain conditions, including payment of a 45.0 basis point fee on the total revolving commitments and repayment of the remaining term loan balance by February 1, 2011.

At December 31, 2009, the term loan had an outstanding principal balance of \$90.0 million and an interest rate of 1.73%. We repaid \$45.0 million on the term loan through February 26, 2010, leaving a remaining outstanding balance of \$45.0 million. At December 31, 2009, we had no outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility. The amount available under the revolving credit facility at December 31, 2009, was \$136.2 million (after giving effect to \$43.8 million outstanding for undrawn letters of credit issued under the revolving credit facility). The proceeds of revolving loans are generally permitted to be used to fund working capital and for other corporate purposes.

## Fair Value Measurements

We have entered into total rate of return swaps on various fixed rate secured tax-exempt bonds payable and fixed rate notes payable to convert these borrowings from a fixed rate to a variable rate and provide an efficient financing product to lower our cost of borrowing. We designate total rate of return swaps as hedges of the risk of overall changes in the fair value of the underlying borrowings. At each reporting period, we estimate the fair value of these borrowings and the total rate of return swaps and recognize any changes therein as an adjustment of interest expense.

Our method used to calculate the fair value of the total rate of return swaps generally results in changes in fair value that are equal to the changes in fair value of the related borrowings, which is consistent with our hedging strategy. We

believe that these financial instruments are highly effective in offsetting the changes in fair value of the related borrowings during the hedging period, and accordingly, changes in the fair value of these instruments have no material impact on our liquidity, results of operations or capital resources.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, changes in the fair values of these financial instruments resulted in increases of \$5.2 million in the carrying amount of the hedged borrowings and equal decreases in accrued liabilities and other for total rate of return swaps. At December 31, 2009, the cumulative recognized changes in the fair value

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of these financial instruments resulted in a \$24.3 million reduction in the carrying amount of the hedged borrowings offset by an equal increase in accrued liabilities and other for total rate of return swaps. The cumulative changes in the fair values of the hedged borrowings and related swaps reflect the recent uncertainty in the credit markets which has decreased demand and increased pricing for similar debt instruments.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, we received net cash receipts of \$19.4 million under the total return swaps, which positively affected our liquidity. To the extent interest rates increase above the fixed rates on the underlying borrowings, our obligations under the total return swaps will negatively affect our liquidity. At December 31, 2009, we were not required to provide cash collateral pursuant to the total rate of return swaps. In the event the values of the real estate properties serving as collateral under these agreements decline, we may be required to provide additional collateral pursuant to the swap agreements, which would adversely affect our liquidity.

See Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 for more information on our total rate of return swaps and related borrowings.

#### Partners Capital Transactions

During the year ended December 31, 2009, we paid cash distributions totaling \$59.2 million, \$116.8 million and \$92.4 million to preferred unitholders, common unitholders and noncontrolling interests, respectively. Additionally, we paid distributions totaling \$149.0 million to Aimco through the issuance of approximately 15.5 million common OP units.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, Aimco repurchased 12 shares, or \$6.0 million in liquidation preference, of its CRA Preferred Stock for \$4.2 million. Concurrent with Aimco s repurchase, we repurchased from Aimco an equivalent number of our CRA Preferred Units.

We and Aimco have a shelf registration statement that provides for the issuance of debt securities by us and debt and equity securities by Aimco.

## **Contractual Obligations**

This table summarizes information contained elsewhere in this Annual Report regarding payments due under contractual obligations and commitments as of December 31, 2009 (amounts in thousands):

	Total	Less Than One Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	More Than 5 Years
Scheduled long-term debt maturities(1) Scheduled long-term debt maturities related to properties classified as held	\$ 5,600,310	\$ 105,294	\$ 660,733	\$ 868,615	\$ 3,965,668
for sale(1) Term loan(1)(2)	29,177 90,000	519	11,206 90,000	868	16,584
Redevelopment and other construction commitments Leases for space occupied(3) Other obligations(4)	4,795 24,888 4,605	4,795 7,345 4,605	10,856	4,859	1,828

Total

\$ 5,753,775 \$ 122,558 \$ 772,795 \$ 874,342 \$ 3,984,080

- (1) Scheduled debt maturities presented above include amortization and the maturities in 2010 consist primarily of amortization. The scheduled maturities presented above exclude related interest amounts. Refer to Note 6 in the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 for a description of average interest rates associated with our debt.
- (2) After payments of \$45.0 million through February 26, 2010, the term loan had an outstanding balance of \$45.0 million.

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- (3) Inclusive of leased space that has been abandoned as part of our organizational restructuring in 2008 (see *Restructuring Costs* in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8).
- (4) Represents a commitment to fund \$4.6 million in second mortgage loans on certain properties in West Harlem, New York City.

In addition to the amounts presented in the table above, at December 31, 2009, we had \$690.5 million of outstanding preferred units outstanding with annual dividend yields ranging from 1.5% (variable) to 9.4%, and \$85.7 million of redeemable preferred units outstanding with annual distribution yields ranging from 5.9% to 9.5%.

Additionally, we may enter into commitments to purchase goods and services in connection with the operations of our properties. Those commitments generally have terms of one year or less and reflect expenditure levels comparable to our historical expenditures.

## **Future Capital Needs**

In addition to the items set forth in Contractual Obligations above, we expect to fund any future acquisitions, additional redevelopment projects, capital improvements and capital replacement principally with proceeds from property sales (including tax-free exchange proceeds), short-term borrowings, debt and equity financing (including tax credit equity) and operating cash flows.

## **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We own general and limited partner interests in unconsolidated real estate partnerships, in which our total ownership interests typically range from less than 1% to 50% and in some instances may exceed 50%. There are no lines of credit, side agreements, or any other derivative financial instruments related to or between our unconsolidated real estate partnerships and us and no material exposure to financial guarantees. Accordingly, our maximum risk of loss related to these unconsolidated real estate partnerships is limited to the aggregate carrying amount of our investment in the unconsolidated real estate partnerships and any outstanding notes receivable as reported in our consolidated financial statements (see Note 4 of the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 for additional information about our investments in unconsolidated real estate partnerships).

# Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Our primary market risk exposure relates to changes in base interest rates, credit risk spreads and availability of credit. We are not subject to any other material market rate or price risks. We use predominantly long-term, fixed-rate non-recourse property debt in order to avoid the refunding and repricing risks of short-term borrowings. We use short-term debt financing and working capital primarily to fund short-term uses and acquisitions and generally expect to refinance such borrowings with cash from operating activities, property sales proceeds, long-term debt or equity financings. We use total rate-of- return swaps to obtain the benefit of variable rates on certain of our fixed rate debt instruments. We make limited use of other derivative financial instruments and we do not use them for trading or other speculative purposes.

We had \$654.6 million of floating rate debt and \$67.0 million of floating rate preferred OP Units outstanding at December 31, 2009. Of the total floating rate debt, the major components were floating rate tax-exempt bond financing (\$433.9 million), floating rate secured notes (\$122.2 million) and a term loan (\$90.0 million). At December 31, 2009, we had approximately \$440.9 million in cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and notes receivable, the majority of which bear interest. The effect of our interest-bearing assets would partially reduce the

effect of an increase in variable interest rates. Historically, changes in tax-exempt interest rates have been at a ratio of less than 1:1 with changes in taxable interest rates. Floating rate tax-exempt bond financing is benchmarked against the SIFMA rate, which since 1989 has averaged 73% of the 30-day LIBOR rate. If the historical relationship continues, on an annual basis, we estimate that an increase in 30-day LIBOR of 100 basis points (73 basis points for tax-exempt interest rates) with constant credit risk spreads would result in net income and our net income attributable to the Partnership s common unitholders being reduced by \$1.1 million and \$1.6 million, respectively.

We estimate the fair value for our debt instruments using present value techniques that include income and market valuation approaches with market rates for debt with the same or similar terms. Present value calculations

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vary depending on the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. In many cases, the fair value estimates may not be realizable in immediate settlement of the instruments. The estimated aggregate fair value of our consolidated debt (including amounts reported in liabilities related to assets held for sale) was approximately \$5.7 billion and \$6.7 billion at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The combined carrying value of our consolidated debt (including amounts reported in liabilities related to assets held for sale) was approximately \$5.7 billion and \$6.8 billion at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. See Note 6 and Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 for further details on our consolidated debt. Refer to *Derivative Financial Instruments* in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 8 for further discussion regarding certain of our fixed rate debt that is subject to total rate of return swap instruments. If market rates for our fixed-rate debt were higher by 100 basis points with constant credit risk spreads, the estimated fair value of our debt discussed above were lower by 100 basis points with constant credit risk spreads, the estimated fair value of our fixed-rate debt would have increased from \$5.7 billion.

At December 31, 2009, we had swap positions with two financial institutions totaling \$353.1 million. The related swap agreements provide for collateral calls to maintain specified loan-to-value ratios. In the event the values of the real estate properties serving as collateral under these agreements decline, we may be required to provide additional collateral pursuant to the swap agreements, which would adversely affect our cash flows. At December 31, 2009, we were not required to provide cash collateral based on the loan-to-value ratios of the real estate properties serving as collateral based on the loan-to-value ratios of the real estate properties serving as collateral under these agreements.

# Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

The independent registered public accounting firm s report, consolidated financial statements and schedule listed in the accompanying index are filed as part of this report and incorporated herein by this reference. See Index to Financial Statements on page F-1 of this Annual Report.

# Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

# Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

# **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

The Partnership s management, with the participation of the chief executive officer and chief financial officer of the General Partner, who are the equivalent of the Partnership s chief executive officer and chief financial officer, respectively, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act )) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, the chief executive officer and chief financial officer of the General Partner have concluded that, as of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

# Management s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Partnership is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the General Partner s principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and effected by the General Partner s board of directors, management and other personnel to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation

of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that:

pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Partnership;

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provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Partnership are being made only in accordance with authorizations of the General Partner s management and directors of the Partnership; and

provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Partnership s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risks that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Partnership s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in *Internal Control* Integrated Framework.

Based on the assessment, management concluded that, as of December 31, 2009, the Partnership s internal control over financial reporting is effective.

The Partnership s independent registered public accounting firm has issued an attestation report on the Partnership s internal control over financial reporting.

## **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fourth quarter of 2009 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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## **Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

The Partners AIMCO Properties, L.P.

We have audited AIMCO Properties, L.P. s (the Partnership ) internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009, based on criteria established in Internal Control Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the COSO criteria). The Partnership s management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Partnership s internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company s internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company s internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the company s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, the Partnership maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of the Partnership as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the related consolidated statements of income, partners capital, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009, and our report dated February 26, 2010 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

## /s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Denver, Colorado

February 26, 2010

## Item 9B. Other Information

None.

## PART III

## Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The board of directors of the General Partner consists of Terry Considine and Miles Cortez. The officers of Aimco are also the officers of the General Partner and hold the same titles. The information required by this item is presented under the captions Board of Directors and Executive Officers and Corporate Governance Matters Code of Ethics in the proxy statement for Aimco s 2010 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance. Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, requires the General Partner's executive officers and directors, and persons who own more than ten percent of a registered class of OP Units, to file reports (Forms 3, 4 and 5) of unit ownership and changes in unit ownership with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Executive officers, directors and beneficial owners of more than ten percent of OP Units are required by SEC regulations to furnish us with copies of all such forms that they file. Based solely on our review of the copies of Forms 3, 4 and 5 and the amendments thereto received by us for the year ended December 31, 2009, or written representations from certain reporting persons that no Forms 5 were required to be filed by those persons, we believe that during the period ended December 31, 2008, all filing requirements were complied with by the General Partner's executive officers and directors and beneficial owners of more than ten percent of OP Units.

Audit Committee and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The board of directors of the General Partner does not have a separate audit committee or nominating and corporate governance committee. Based on the structure of the Partnership and its relationship to Aimco, which has a separate audit committee and nominating and corporate governance committee, committees are not warranted for the Partnership. The audit committee of Aimco s board of directors makes determinations concerning the engagement of the independent registered public accounting firm for Aimco and its subsidiaries, including the Partnership. In addition, the Aimco audit committee reviews with the independent registered public accounting firm, considers the range of audit and non-audit fees and reviews the adequacy of internal control over financial reporting. The Aimco audit committee currently consists of James N. Bailey, Richard S. Ellwood, Thomas L. Keltner, J. Landis Martin, Robert A. Miller and Michael A. Stein. Aimco s board of directors has determined that Michael A. Stein is an audit committee financial expert. Aimco s board of directors has determined that Michael A. Stein is an audit committee financial expert. Aimco s board of directors has also determined that Michael A. Stein is an audit committee financial expert. Aimco s board of directors has also determined that Necker A. Stein is an audit committee financial expert. Aimco s board of directors has also determined that Necker A. Stein is an audit committee financial expert. Aimco s board of directors has also determined that Necker A. Stein is an audit committee financial expert. Aimco s board of directors has also determined that Necker A. Stein is an audit committee financial expert. Aimco s board of directors has also determined that each member of the audit committee is independent, as that term is defined by Section 303A of the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange relating to audit committees.

## Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by this item is presented under the captions Compensation Discussion & Analysis, Compensation and Human Resources Committee Report to Stockholders, Summary Compensation Table, Grants of Plan-Based Awards in 2009, Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End 2009, Option Exercises and Stock Vested in 2009, and Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control in the proxy statement for Aimco s 2010 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporated herein by reference. The directors of the General Partner do not receive additional compensation for serving as directors.

## Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The board of directors of the General Partner consists of Messrs. Considine and Cortez. Additional information required by this item is presented under the captions Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans in the proxy statement

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for Aimco s 2010 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporated herein by reference. As of February 25, 2010, AIMCO-LP Trust held approximately 93% of the common OP Units and equivalents outstanding.

## Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Information required by this item is presented under the caption Certain Relationships and Related Transactions in the proxy statement for Aimco s 2010 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporated herein by reference. The directors of the General Partner are not independent.

## Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information required by this item is presented under the caption Principal Accountant Fees and Services in the proxy statement for Aimco s 2010 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

## PART IV

## Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

- (a)(1) The financial statements listed in the Index to Financial Statements on Page F-1 of this report are filed as part of this report and incorporated herein by reference.
- (a)(2) The financial statement schedule listed in the Index to Financial Statements on Page F-1 of this report is filed as part of this report and incorporated herein by reference.
- (a)(3) The Exhibit Index is incorporated herein by reference.

## **INDEX TO EXHIBITS(1)(2)**

## Exhibit

No.

## Description

- 10.1 Fourth Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of AIMCO Properties, L.P., dated as of July 29, 1994, as amended and restated as of February 28, 2007 (Exhibit 10.1 to Aimco s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, is incorporated herein by this reference)
- 10.2 First Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of AIMCO Properties, L.P., dated as of December 31, 2007 (Exhibit 10.1 to Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, dated December 31, 2007, is incorporated herein by this reference)
- 10.3 Second Amendment to the Fourth Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of AIMCO Properties, L.P., dated as of July 30, 2009 (Exhibit 10.1 to Aimco s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2009, is incorporated herein by this reference)
- 10.4 Amended and Restated Secured Credit Agreement, dated as of November 2, 2004, by and among Aimco, AIMCO Properties, L.P., AIMCO/Bethesda Holdings, Inc., and NHP Management Company as the borrowers and Bank of America, N.A., Keybank National Association, and the Lenders listed therein (Exhibit 4.1 to Aimco s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2004, is incorporated herein by this reference)
- 10.5 First Amendment to Amended and Restated Secured Credit Agreement, dated as of June 16, 2005, by and among Aimco, AIMCO Properties, L.P., AIMCO/Bethesda Holdings, Inc., and NHP Management Company as the borrowers and Bank of America, N.A., Keybank National Association, and the Lenders listed therein (Exhibit 10.1 to Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, dated June 16, 2005, is incorporated

herein by this reference)

10.6 Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Senior Secured Credit Agreement, dated as of March 22, 2006, by and among Aimco, AIMCO Properties, L.P., and AIMCO/Bethesda Holdings, Inc., as the borrowers, and Bank of America, N.A., Keybank National Association, and the lenders listed therein (Exhibit 10.1 to Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, dated March 22, 2006, is incorporated herein by this reference)

#### Exhibit

No.

# Description

- 10.7 Third Amendment to Senior Secured Credit Agreement, dated as of August 31, 2007, by and among Apartment Investment and Management Company, AIMCO Properties, L.P., and AIMCO/Bethesda Holdings, Inc., as the Borrowers, the pledgors and guarantors named therein, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and Bank of America, N.A., Keybank National Association and the other lenders listed therein (Exhibit 10.1 to Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, dated August 31, 2007, is incorporated herein by this reference)
- 10.8 Fourth Amendment to Senior Secured Credit Agreement, dated as of September 14, 2007, by and among Apartment Investment and Management Company, AIMCO Properties, L.P., and AIMCO/Bethesda Holdings, Inc., as the Borrowers, the pledgors and guarantors named therein, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and Bank of America, N.A., Keybank National Association and the other lenders listed therein (Exhibit 10.1 to Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, dated September 14, 2007, is incorporated herein by this reference)
- 10.9 Fifth Amendment to Senior Secured Credit Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2008, by and among Apartment Investment and Management Company, AIMCO Properties, L.P., and AIMCO/Bethesda Holdings, Inc., as the Borrowers, the pledgors and guarantors named therein, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and Bank of America, N.A., Keybank National Association and the other lenders listed therein (Exhibit 10.1 to Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, dated September 11, 2008, is incorporated herein by this reference)
- 10.10 Sixth Amendment to Senior Secured Credit Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2009, by and among Apartment Investment and Management Company, AIMCO Properties, L.P., and AIMCO/Bethesda Holdings, Inc., as the Borrowers, the pledgors and guarantors named therein, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and Bank of America, N.A., Keybank National Association and the other lenders listed therein (Exhibit 10.1 to Aimco s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2009, is incorporated herein by this reference)
- 10.11 Seventh Amendment to Senior Secured Credit Agreement, dated as of August 4, 2009, by and among Apartment Investment and Management Company, AIMCO Properties, L.P., and AIMCO/Bethesda Holdings, Inc., as the Borrowers, the pledgors and guarantors named therein and the lenders party thereto (Exhibit 10.1 to Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, dated August 6, 2009, is incorporated herein by this reference)
- 10.12 Eighth Amendment to Senior Secured Credit Agreement, dated as of February 3, 2010, by and among Apartment Investment and Management Company, AIMCO Properties, L.P., and AIMCO/Bethesda Holdings, Inc., as the Borrowers, the pledgors and guarantors named therein and the lenders party thereto (Exhibit 10.1 to Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, dated February 5, 2010, is incorporated herein by this reference)
- 10.13 Master Indemnification Agreement, dated December 3, 2001, by and among Apartment Investment and Management Company, AIMCO Properties, L.P., XYZ Holdings LLC, and the other parties signatory thereto (Exhibit 2.3 to Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, dated December 6, 2001, is incorporated herein by this reference)
- 10.14 Tax Indemnification and Contest Agreement, dated December 3, 2001, by and among Apartment Investment and Management Company, National Partnership Investments, Corp., and XYZ Holdings LLC and the other parties signatory thereto (Exhibit 2.4 to Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, dated December 6, 2001, is incorporated herein by this reference)
- 10.15 Limited Liability Company Agreement of AIMCO JV Portfolio #1, LLC dated as of December 30, 2003 by and among AIMCO BRE I, LLC, AIMCO BRE II, LLC and SRV-AJVP#1, LLC (Exhibit 10.54 to Aimco s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003, is incorporated herein by

this reference)

- 10.16 Employment Contract executed on December 29, 2008, by and between AIMCO Properties, L.P. and Terry Considine (Exhibit 10.1 to Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, dated December 29, 2008, is incorporated herein by this reference)\*
- 10.17 Apartment Investment and Management Company 1997 Stock Award and Incentive Plan (October 1999) (Exhibit 10.26 to Aimco s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999, is incorporated herein by this reference)\*

Exhibit No.	Description
140.	Description
10.18	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement (1997 Stock Award and Incentive Plan) (Exhibit 10.11 to Aimco s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 1997, is incorporated herein by this reference)*
10.19	Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement (1997 Stock Award and Incentive Plan) (Exhibit 10.42 to Aimco s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998, is incorporated herein by this reference)*
10.20	2007 Stock Award and Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Appendix A to Aimco s Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 20, 2007)*
10.21	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement (Exhibit 10.2 to Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, dated April 30, 2007, is incorporated herein by this reference)*
10.22	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement (Exhibit 10.3 to Aimco s Current Report on Form 8-K, dated April 30, 2007, is incorporated herein by this reference)*
10.23	2007 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (incorporated by reference to Appendix B to Aimco s Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 20, 2007)*
21.1	List of Subsidiaries
23.1	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
99.1	Agreement re: disclosure of long-term debt instruments

- (1) Schedule and supplemental materials to the exhibits have been omitted but will be provided to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.
- (2) The file reference number for all exhibits is 001-13232, and all such exhibits remain available pursuant to the Records Control Schedule of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- \* Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement

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## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AIMCO PROPERTIES, L.P. By: AIMCO-GP, Inc., its General Partner

By: /s/ TERRY CONSIDINE

Terry Considine Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 26, 2010

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ TERRY CONSIDINE Terry Considine	Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the registrant s general partner (principal executive officer)	February 26, 2010
/s/ MILES CORTEZ	Director, Executive Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer of the	February 26, 2010
Miles Cortez	registrant s general partner	
/s/ ERNEST M. FREEDMAN	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the registrant s general	February 26, 2010
Ernest M. Freedman	6 6	
/s/ PAUL BELDIN	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer of the registrant s	February 26, 2010
Paul Beldin	general partner (principal accounting officer)	
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\*\* The report of the independent registered public accounting firm, the financial statements and the notes thereto that were included in Aimco OP s Annual Report on Form 10-K for year ended December 31, 2009 have been omitted from this Annex. See Annex I to this information statement/prospectus, which includes Aimco OP s Selected Financial Data, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for the year ended December 31, 2009, revised to reflect discontinued operations and changes in business segments. Any references to the F pages in the body of the 10-K should be referenced to Annex I. \*\*

## Exhibit 21.1

Entity Name	State Code
AIMCO PROPERTIES, L.P.	DE
107-145 WEST 135TH STREET ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	NY
1133 FIFTEENTH STREET ASSOCIATES	DC
1133 FIFTEENTH STREET FOUR ASSOCIATES (A MARYLAND LIMITED PARTNERSHIP)	MD
1212 SOUTH MICHIGAN LLC	IL
1-36 JAIDEE DRIVE ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	СТ
1625 ROSEMARIE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CA
224 E. COMMONWEALTH APARTMENTS, A CALIFORNIA LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CA
249 ALBANY HEIGHTS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	GA
324 SOUTH HORNE STREET ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	AZ
3258 BCP ASSOCIATES, L.P.	TN
5 MILE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MI
601 NORTH GRAND AVENUE PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CA
62ND STREET JOINT VENTURE	IL
62ND STREET LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	IL
7400 ROOSEVELT INVESTORS	PA
ABBOTT ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	NY
ACQUISITION LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
ACTC VI MANAGER, LLC	DE
AHP ACQUISITION COMPANY, LLC	ME
AIC REIT PROPERTIES LLC	DE
AIMCO 1582 FIRST AVENUE, LLC	DE
AIMCO 173 EAST 90TH STREET, LLC	DE
AIMCO 182-188 COLUMBUS AVENUE, LLC	DE
AIMCO 204-206 WEST 133, LLC	DE
AIMCO 2232-2240 ACP, LLC	DE
AIMCO 2247-2253 ACP, LLC	DE
AIMCO 2252-2258 ACP, LLC	DE
AIMCO 2300-2310 ACP, LLC	DE
AIMCO 237 NINTH AVENUE, LLC	DE
AIMCO 240 WEST 73RD STREET CO-OWNER, LLC	DE
AIMCO 240 WEST 73RD STREET, LLC	DE
AIMCO 2484 ACP, LLC	DE
AIMCO 306 EAST 89TH STREET, LLC	DE
AIMCO 311/313 EAST 73RD STREET, LLC	DE

AIMCO 322 EAST 61ST STREET, LLC

Entity Name	State Code
AIMCO 452 EAST 78TH STREET PROPERTY, LLC	DE
AIMCO 464-466 AMSTERDAM 200-210 WEST 83RD STREET, LLC	DE
AIMCO 510 EAST 88TH STREET PROPERTY, LLC	DE
AIMCO 514 EAST 88TH STREET, LLC	DE
AIMCO 656 ST. NICHOLAS, LLC	DE
AIMCO 759 ST. NICHOLAS, LLC	DE
AIMCO 88TH STREET/SECOND AVENUE PROPERTIES, LLC	DE
AIMCO ALL HALLOWS, LLC	DE
AIMCO ANCHORAGE, L.P.	DE
AIMCO ANGELES GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO ANTIOCH, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO ARBORS-GROVETREE, LLC AIMCO ARVADA HOUSE, LLC	DE DE
AIMCO ARVADA HOUSE, LLC AIMCO ASSOCIATED PROPERTIES, LP	DE DE
AIMCO ASSOCIATED FROFERTIES, EF	BD
AIMCO AUBURN GLEN APARTMENTS, LLC	DE
AIMCO BALAYE APARTMENTS I, LLC	DE
AIMCO BALAYE APARTMENTS II, LLC	DE
AIMCO BARCELONA, LLC	DE
AIMCO BAYVIEW, LLC	DE
AIMCO BEACON HILL PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO BEAU JARDIN, L.P.	DE
AIMCO BEECH LAKE, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO BILTMORE, LLC	DE
AIMCO BOLTON NORTH, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO BOSTON LOFTS, L.P.	DE
AIMCO BRE I, LLC	DE
AIMCO BRE II, LLC	DE
AIMCO BREAKERS, L.P.	DE
AIMCO BRIARWEST, LLC	DE
AIMCO BRIARWOOD, LLC	DE
AIMCO BROOK RUN, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO BUENA VISTA APARTMENTS GP, LLC AIMCO BUENA VISTA APARTMENTS, L.P.	DE DE
AIMCO BUTTERNUT CREEK PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE DE
AIMCO CALHOUN CLUB, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO CALHOUN, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO CAMERON VILLAS, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL HOLDINGS FUND VI, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL HOLDINGS FUND VII, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT FUND I, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	ĊĂ
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT FUND II, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT FUND III, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT FUND IV, LLC	DE
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# **Entity Name**

AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT FUND IX, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT FUND V, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT FUND VI, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT FUND VII, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT FUND VIII, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT FUND X, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT FUND XI, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT FUND XII, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT FUND XIII, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT I, INC.	CA
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT MANAGEMENT II, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL TAX CREDIT MANAGEMENT III, LLC	DE
AIMCO CAPITAL, INC.	DE
AIMCO CARRIAGE HOUSE GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO CASA DE LAS HERMANITAS DEVCO, LLC	DE
AIMCO CASA DE MONTEREY GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO CASA DE MONTEREY, L.P.	DE
AIMCO CENTRAL PARK TOWNHOMES, LLC	DE
AIMCO CHATHAM HARBOR, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO CHELSEA LAND, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO CHELSEA MEMBER, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO CHELSEA RIDGE, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO CHESTNUT HALL GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO CHESTNUT HALL LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	DE
AIMCO CHESTNUT HILL GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO CK PROPERTIES, LLC	DE
AIMCO COLUMBUS AVE., LLC	DE
AIMCO CONSTRUCTION SERVICES, LLC	DE
AIMCO COPPERWOOD, LLC	DE
AIMCO COUNTRY CLUB HEIGHTS, LLC	DE
AIMCO COUNTRY LAKES, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO COVINGTON POINTE, L.P.	DE
AIMCO CREVENNA OAKS GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO CROSSWOOD PARK APARTMENTS GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO CROSSWOOD PARK APARTMENTS, L.P.	DE
AIMCO CROSSWOOD PARK GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO CROSSWOOD PARK, L.P.	DE
AIMCO DEERBROOK, LLC	DE
AIMCO DORAL OAKS, L.P.	DE
AIMCO ELM CREEK, L.P.	DE
AIMCO EQUITY SERVICES, INC.	VA
AIMCO ESPLANADE AVENUE APARTMENTS, LLC	DE
AIMCO FALL RIVER II, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO FALL RIVER, L.L.C.	DE
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Entity Name	State Code
AIMCO FISHERMAN S WHARF, LLC	DE
AIMCO FLAMINGO HEALTH CLUB, LLC	DE
AIMCO FORESTLAKE APARTMENTS, LLC	DE
AIMCO FOUNTAIN PLACE PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO FOXCHASE, L.P.	DE
AIMCO FRAMINGHAM, LLC	DE
AIMCO GARDENS GP LLC	DE
AIMCO GLENS APARTMENTS, LLC	DE
AIMCO GP LA, L.P.	DE
AIMCO GRANADA, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO GREENBRIAR PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO GREENS OF NAPERVILLE, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO GREENS, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO GREENSPRING, L.P.	DE
AIMCO GROUP, L.P.	DE
AIMCO GS SWAP, LLC	DE
AIMCO HANOVER SQUARE/DIP, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO HARLEM FUNDING, LLC	DE
AIMCO HEMET DEVCO, LLC	DE
AIMCO HERITAGE PARK, L.P.	DE
AIMCO HILLMEADE, LLC	DE
AIMCO HOLDINGS, L.P.	DE
AIMCO HOPKINS VILLAGE PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO HORIZONS WEST APARTMENTS, LLC	DE
AIMCO HP/SWAP, LLC	DE
AIMCO HUDSON HARBOUR, LLC	DE
AIMCO HUNTER S CROSSING, L.P.	DE
AIMCO HYDE PARK TOWER, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO INDEPENDENCE GREEN, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO INDIO DEVCO, LLC	DE
AIMCO INGRAM SQUARE PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO IPLP, L.P.	DE
AIMCO JACQUES-MILLER, L.P.	DE
AIMCO JV PORTFOLIO #1, LLC	DE
AIMCO KEY TOWERS, L.P.	DE
AIMCO KIRKWOOD HOUSE PRESERVATION SLP, LLC	DE
AIMCO LA SALLE, LLC	DE
AIMCO LA VISTA, LLC	DE
AIMCO LAKE CASTLETON ARMS, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO LEAHY SQUARE APARTMENTS, LLC	DE
AIMCO LOFTS HOLDINGS, L.P.	DE
AIMCO LORING TOWERS, LLC	DE
AIMCO LOS ARBOLES, L.P.	DE
AIMCO LP LA, LP	DE
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# **Entity Name**

AIMCO LT, L.P.	DE
AIMCO MAPLE BAY, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO MERRILL HOUSE, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO MICHIGAN MEADOWS HOLDINGS, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO MONTEREY GROVE APARTMENTS TIC 2, LLC	DE
AIMCO MONTEREY GROVE APARTMENTS, LLC	DE
AIMCO MOUNTAIN VIEW APARTMENTS GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO MOUNTAIN VIEW APARTMENTS, L.P.	DE
AIMCO MOUNTAIN VIEW, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO N.P. LOFTS, L.P.	DE
AIMCO NET LESSEE (BAYBERRY HILL), LLC	DE
AIMCO NET LESSEE (GEORGETOWN), LLC	DE
AIMCO NET LESSEE (MARLBORO), LLC	DE
AIMCO NET LESSEE (WATERFORD VILLAGE), LLC	DE
AIMCO NEW BALTIMORE, LLC	DE
AIMCO NEWBERRY PARK PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO NON-ECONOMIC MEMBER, LLC	DE
AIMCO NORTH ANDOVER, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO NORTHPOINT, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO OAK FOREST I, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO OAK FOREST II, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO OCEAN OAKS, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO OLDE TOWN WEST III, L.P.	DE
AIMCO OXFORD HOUSE PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO PACIFICA PARK APARTMENTS, LLC	DE
AIMCO PALM SPRINGS DEVCO, LLC	DE
AIMCO PANORAMA PARK PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO PARADISE PALMS, LLC	DE
AIMCO PARK AT CEDAR LAWN, L.P.	DE
AIMCO PARK LA BREA HOLDINGS, LLC	DE
AIMCO PARK LA BREA SERVICES, LLC	DE
AIMCO PARK PLACE, LLC	DE
AIMCO PARKVIEW DEVCO, LLC	DE
AIMCO PARKVIEW MANOR, LLC	DE
AIMCO PARKWAYS GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO PATHFINDER VILLAGE APARTMENTS GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO PATHFINDER VILLAGE APARTMENTS, L.P.	DE
AIMCO PAVILION PRESERVATION GP, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO PINE BLUFF VILLAGE PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO PINE SHADOWS, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO PINEBROOK, L.P.	DE
AIMCO PINES, L.P.	DE
AIMCO PLEASANT HILL, LLC	DE
AIMCO PLUMMER VILLAGE, LLC	DE
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**State Code** 

Entity Name	State Code
AIMCO PROPERTIES FINANCE PARTNERSHIP, L.P.	DE
AIMCO PROPERTIES, LLC	DE
AIMCO PROPERTIES/ABHLD PARKVIEW MANOR, LLC	DE
AIMCO QRS GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO RAMBLEWOOD, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO REMINGTON, LLC	DE
AIMCO RIDGEWOOD LA LOMA DEVCO, LLC	DE
AIMCO RIDGEWOOD TOWERS PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO RIVER CLUB, LLC	DE
AIMCO RIVER VILLAGE PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO RIVERSIDE PARK, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO RIVERWOODS GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO ROSE GARDENS, LLC	DE
AIMCO ROUND BARN MANOR GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO ROYAL CREST NASHUA, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO ROYAL PALMS, LLC	DE
AIMCO RUSCOMBE GARDENS SLP, LLC	DE
AIMCO SALEM PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO SAN BRUNO APARTMENT PARTNERS, L.P.	DE
AIMCO SAN JOSE, LLC	DE
AIMCO SANDPIPER, L.P.	DE
AIMCO SCOTCHOLLOW APARTMENTS GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO SCOTCHOLLOW APARTMENTS, L.P.	DE
AIMCO SELECT PROPERTIES, L.P.	DE
AIMCO SHOREVIEW, LLC	DE
AIMCO SIGNATURE POINT, L.P.	DE
AIMCO SOMERSET LAKES, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO SOUTH BAY VILLA, LLC	DE
AIMCO STAFFORD STUDENT APARTMENTS GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO STERLING VILLAGE DEVCO, LLC	DE
AIMCO SUMMIT OAKS GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO SUNSET ESCONDIDO, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO TALBOT WOODS, LLC	DE
AIMCO TAMARAC PINES, LLC	DE
AIMCO TERRY MANOR, LLC	DE
AIMCO TOMPKINS TERRACE GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO TOR, L.L.C. AIMCO TOWNSHIP AT HIGHLANDS APARTMENTS, LLC	DE DE
AIMCO TOWNSHIP AT HIGHLANDS APARTMENTS, LLC AIMCO TREE CARE DIVISION, LLC	DE DE
AIMCO TREE CARE DIVISION, LLC AIMCO VAN NUYS PRESERVATION, LLC	DE DE
AIMCO VAN NUTS PRESERVATION, LLC AIMCO VANTAGE POINTE, L.L.C.	DE DE
AIMCO VANTAGE POINTE, L.L.C. AIMCO VENEZIA, LLC	DE DE
AIMCO VEREZIA, ELC AIMCO VERDES DEL ORIENTE, L.L.C.	DE DE
AIMCO VERDES DEL ORIENTE, L.L.C. AIMCO VILLA DE GUADALUPE, L.L.C.	DE DE
AINICO VILLA DE GUADALOFE, L.L.C. 6	
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Entity Name	State Code
AIMCO VILLAGE CREEK AT BROOKHILL, LLC	DE
AIMCO VILLAGE CROSSING, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO WALNUT HILLS PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO WARWICK, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO WASHINGTON SQUARE WEST GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO WAVERLY APARTMENTS, LLC	DE
AIMCO WESTCHESTER PARK, LLC	DE
AIMCO WESTGATE, LLC	DE
AIMCO WESTMINSTER OAKS GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO WESTWOOD PRESERVATION GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO WESTWOOD TERRACE GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO WEXFORD VILLAGE II, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO WEXFORD VILLAGE, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO WHITEFIELD PLACE, LLC	DE
AIMCO WILSON ACRES MANAGER, LLC	DE
AIMCO WILSON ACRES, LLC	DE
AIMCO WINDWARD, LLC	DE
AIMCO WINTER GARDEN, LLC	DE
AIMCO WOODLAND HILLS, LLC	DE
AIMCO WOODS OF BURNSVILLE, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO YACHT CLUB AT BRICKELL, LLC	DE
AIMCO YORKTOWN, L.P. AIMCO/ALLVIEW, L.L.C.	DE DE
AIMCO/ALLVIEW, L.L.C. AIMCO/APOLLO, L.L.C.	DE DE
AIMCO/AFOLLO, L.L.C. AIMCO/BETHESDA EMPLOYEE, L.L.C.	DE DE
AIMCO/BETHESDA GP, L.L.C.	DE DE
AIMCO/BETHESDA OLDINGS ACQUISITIONS, INC.	DE
AIMCO/BETHESDA HOLDINGS, INC	DE
AIMCO/BETHESDA II, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/BLUFFS, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/BRANDERMILL, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/BRANDON, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/BRANDYWINE, L.P.	DE
AIMCO/CASSELBERRY, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/CHICKASAW, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/CHIMNEYTOP, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/COLONNADE, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/COLONNADE, L.P.	DE
AIMCO/CONTINENTAL PLAZA LIMITED GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO/DFW APARTMENT INVESTORS GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO/DFW RESIDENTIAL INVESTORS GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO/FARMINGDALE, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/FOX VALLEY, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/FOXTREE, L.L.C.	DE
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Entity Name	State Code
AIMCO/FOXTREE, L.P.	DE
AIMCO/GALLERIA PARK ASSOCIATES GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO/GROVETREE, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/GROVETREE, L.P.	DE
AIMCO/HIL, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/HOLLIDAY ASSOCIATES GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO/KIRKMAN, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/LAKE RIDGE, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/LANTANA, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/LEXINGTON, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/MIDDLETOWN, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/MINNEAPOLIS ASSOCIATES GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO/NASHUA, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/NEWPORT, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/NHP PARTNERS, L.P.	DE
AIMCO/NHP PROPERTIES, INC.	DE
AIMCO/NORTH WOODS, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/ONE LINWOOD ASSOCIATES GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO/PALM BEACH, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/PARK TOWNE PLACE ASSOCIATES GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO/PINELLAS, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/RALS, L.P.	DE
AIMCO/RAVENSWORTH ASSOCIATES GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO/RIVERSIDE PARK ASSOCIATES GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO/SCHAUMBURG, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/SHADETREE, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/SHADETREE, L.P.	DE
AIMCO/SOUTHRIDGE, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/STANDPOINT VISTA GP, LLC	DE
AIMCO/STONEGATE, L.P.	DE
AIMCO/SWAP, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/TIDEWATER, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/TIMBERTREE, L.L.C.	DE
AIMCO/TIMBERTREE, L.P. AIMCO/TRAVIS ONE, L.P.	DE DE
AIMCO/WAI ASSOCIATES GP, LLC	DE DE
AIMCO/WAI ASSOCIATES OF, ELC AIMCO/WAI ASSOCIATES LP, LLC	DE DE
AIMCO/WAI ASSOCIATES LF, LLC AIMCO/WESTRIDGE, L.L.C.	DE DE
AIMCO/WESTRIDGE, L.L.C. AIMCO/WICKERTREE, L.L.C.	DE DE
AIMCO/WICKERTREE, L.P.	DE DE
AIMCO/WICKERTREE, L.F. AIMCO/WINROCK-HOUSTON GP, LLC	DE DE
AIMCO-LP TRUST	DE DE
AJ ONE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	DE DE
AJ TWO LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	DE DE
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Entity Name	State Code
ALABAMA PROPERTIES LTD., II	AL
ALABAMA PROPERTIES, LTD., V	AL
ALASKA HOUSE ASSOCIATES	WA
ALEX PLACE, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	AL
ALEXANDER PLACE APARTMENTS, A LOUISIANA PARTNERSHIP IN COMMENDAM	LA
ALL HALLOWS ASSOCIATES, L.P.	CA
ALL HALLOWS PRESERVATION, L.P.	CA
ALLENTOWN TOWNE HOUSE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	PA
ALLENTOWN-OXFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
ALLIANCE TOWERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	OH
ALLISON VILLAGE ASSOCIATES, L.P.	CO
ALLVIEW-OXFORD LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
ALMS HILL II LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	OH
AMARILLO NORTHWEST VILLAGE, LTD.	TX
AMBASSADOR APARTMENTS, L.P.	DE
AMBASSADOR CRM FLORIDA PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	DE
AMBASSADOR FLORIDA PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	DE
AMBASSADOR I, L. P.	IL
AMBASSADOR II JV GP, LLC	DE
AMBASSADOR II JV, L.P.	DE
AMBASSADOR III, L.P.	DE
AMBASSADOR IX, L.P.	DE
AMBASSADOR TEXAS PARTNERS, L.P.	DE
AMBASSADOR VII, L.P.	DE
AMBASSADOR VIII, L.P.	DE
AMBASSADOR X, L.P.	DE
ANCHORAGE PARTNERS, A TEXAS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	TX
ANDERSON OAKS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	WA
ANGELES INCOME PROPERTIES, LTD. 6	CA
ANGELES INCOME PROPERTIES, LTD. II	CA
ANGELES INVESTMENT PROPERTIES, INC.	CA
ANGELES OPPORTUNITY PROPERTIES, LTD., A CALIFORNIA LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CA
ANGELES PARTNERS X	CA
ANGELES PARTNERS XII	CA
ANGELES PROPERTIES, INC.	CA
ANGELES REALTY CORPORATION	CA
ANGELES REALTY CORPORATION II	CA
ANTIOCH PRESERVATION, L.P.	DE
ANTON SQUARE, LTD.	AL
AP XII ASSOCIATES GP, L.L.C.	SC
AP XII TWIN LAKE TOWERS, L.P.	DE
AP XII TWIN LAKE TOWERS, LLC	DE DE
APARTMENT CCG 17, L.L.C.	SC
APARTMENT CCG 17, L.P.	CA
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Entity Name	State Code
APARTMENT CREEK 17A LLC	СО
APARTMENT LODGE 17A LLC	CO
APOLLO-OXFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
APPLE RIDGE SINGLE FAMILY HOMES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	KY
APPLE TREE ASSOCIATES, AN IDAHO LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	ID
ARCHERS GREEN LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	VA
ARISTOCRAT MANOR, LTD.	AR
ARKANSAS CITY APARTMENTS, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	AR
ARLINGTON SENIOR HOUSING, L.P.	TX
ARVADA HOUSE PRESERVATION LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CO
ASHLAND MANOR LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	OH
ATHENS GARDENS, LTD.	OH
ATHENS STATION, LTD.	OH
ATLANTA ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MA
ATLANTIC IX, L.L.C.	MI
ATRIUM VILLAGE ASSOCIATES	IL
ATRIUMS OF PLANTATION JV GP, LLC	DE
ATRIUMS OF PLANTATION JV, L.P.	DE
AVON DEVELOPMENT COMPANY	PA
AVONDALE SIESTA POINTE APARTMENTS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	AZ
AZALEA COURT INVESTMENT GROUP, BRENTWOOD LIMITED PARTNERSHIP NO. 2	AL
BAISLEY PARK ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	NY
BALDWIN COUNTY HOUSING, LTD.	AL
BALDWIN OAKS ELDERLY, LTD.	NJ
BALDWIN TOWERS ASSOCIATES	PA
BANGOR HOUSE PROPRIETARY LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	ME
BANNOCK ARMS SECOND LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CA
BARNESBORO ASSOCIATES, A PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	PA
BAY PARC PLAZA APARTMENTS, L.P.	DE
BAYBERRY HILL, L.L.C.	DE
BAYHEAD VILLAGE ASSOCIATES, L.P.	IN
BAYVIEW HUNTERS POINT APARTMENTS, L.P.	CA
BAYVIEW PRESERVATION, L.P.	CA
BEACON HILL PRESERVATION LIMITED DIVIDEND HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED	
PARTNERSHIP	MI
BEDFORD HOUSE, LTD.	OH
BELLA GRANDE, LTD.	FL
BELLAIR MANOR, LTD.	OH
BELLERIVE ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MO
BELLEVILLE MANOR APARTMENTS, LTD.	KY
BELLS BAY, L.P.	SC
BELMONT 189 ASSOCIATES	NY
BELOIT MATURE ADULT HOUSING, L.L.C.	WI
BENJAMIN BANNEKER PLAZA ASSOCIATES	PA
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Entity Name	State Code
BENSALEM GARDEN ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	PA
BENT TREE II-OXFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	IN
BENT TREE-OXFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	IN
BEREA SINGLE FAMILY HOMES, LTD.	KY
BERKLEY LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	VA
BETHEL COLUMBUS CORPORATION	MD
BETHEL COLUMBUS-OXFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
BETHEL TOWERS LIMITED DIVIDEND HOUSING ASSOCIATION	MI
BETHLEHEM DEVELOPMENT COMPANY	PA
BETTER HOUSING ASSOCIATES, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	СТ
BEVILLE-ISLAND CLUB APARTMENTS PARTNERS, L.P.	DE
BILTMORE APARTMENTS, LTD.	OH
BIRCH MANOR APARTMENTS	OH
BIRCH MANOR APARTMENTS PHASE II	OH
BIRCH MANOR APARTMENTS, PHASE 1 LTD.	OH
BIRCH MANOR APARTMENTS, PHASE II LTD.	OH
BIRCHFIELD ASSOCIATES	PA
BLAKEWOOD PROPERTIES ASSOCIATES	GA
BLANCHARD APARTMENTS ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	WA
BLOOMSBURG ELDERLY ASSOCIATES	PA
BLUEWATER LIMITED DIVIDEND HOUSING ASSOCIATION	MI
BOLTON NORTH PRESERVATION LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	DE
BRANDEMERE-REO, L.P.	TX
BRANDERMILL-OXFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
BRANDON-OXFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
BRANFORD DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	СТ
BRIARCLIFFE-OXFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MI
BRIGHTON APARTMENTS ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	NY
BRIGHTON GP, L.L.C.	SC
BRIGHTON MEADOWS ASSOCIATES, AN INDIANA LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	IN
BRIGHTWOOD MANOR ASSOCIATES	PA
BRINTON MANOR NO. 1 ASSOCIATES	PA
BRINTON TOWERS ASSOCIATES	PA
BRISTOL PARTNERS, L.P.	МО
BROAD RIVER PROPERTIES, L.L.C.	DE
BROADMOOR APARTMENTS ASSOCIATES LTD. PARTNERSHIP	SC
BROADMOOR AT CHELSEA ACQUISITION, L.P.	МО
BROADWAY ASSOCIATES	RI
BROADWAY GLEN ASSOCIATES	MA
BROOK RUN ASSOCIATES, L.P.	IL
BROOKSIDE APARTMENTS ASSOCIATES	PA
BROOKWOOD LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	IL

BRYDEN HOUSE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

BUCKHANNON MANOR ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

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Entity Name	State Code
BUFFALO VILLAGE ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	NY
BURKSHIRE COMMONS APARTMENTS PARTNERS, L.P.	DE
BURLINGTON HOTEL BUILDING, LTD., LLLP	CO
BURLINGTON RIVER APARTMENTS, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	IA
BURNHAM GEREL	IL
BURNSVILLE APARTMENTS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MN
BUTTERNUT CREEK PRESERVATION LIMITED DIVIDEND HOUSING ASSOCIATION	
LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MI
BUYERS ACCESS LLC	DE
BW OPERATING COMPANY, L.L.C.	MA
CACHE CREEK PARTNERS, L.P.	CA
CALHOUN BUILDERS, INC. D/B/A PATMAN SWITCH ASSOCIATES, A LOUISIANA	
PARTNERSHIP IN COMMENDAM	LA
CALIFORNIA SQUARE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	KY
CALMARK HERITAGE PARK II LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CA
CALMARK INVESTORS, LTD., A CALIFORNIA LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CA
CALMARK/FORT COLLINS, INC.	CA
CALMARK/FORT COLLINS, LTD.	CA
CALVERT CITY, LTD.	OH
CAMARILLO-ROSEWOOD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CA
CAMBRIDGE COURT APARTMENTS, L.P.	SC
CAMBRIDGE HEIGHTS APARTMENTS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MS
CAMERON PARK VILLAGE LIMITED, A CALIFORNIA LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CA
CAMPBELL HEIGHTS ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	DC
CANTERBURY GARDENS ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MI
CANTERBURY LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	IN
CANTERBURY SERVICES LLC	DE
CANYON SHADOWS, L.P.	CA
CAPITAL HEIGHTS ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	WV
CAPITOL HILL ASSOCIATES	СО
CAROLINA ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	WA
CARPENTER-OXFORD ASSOCIATES II LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
CARPENTER-OXFORD, L.L.C.	MD
CARRIAGE APX, A MICHIGAN LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MI
CARRIAGE APX, INC.	MI
CARRIAGE APX, LLC	DE
CARRIAGE HOUSE PRESERVATION, L.P.	DE
CASA QUINTANA, LTD.	TX
CASDEN OFFICE HOLDINGS LLC	DE
CASDEN PROPERTIES LLC	DE
CASSADY VILLAGE APARTMENTS, LTD.	OH
CASSELBERRY INVESTORS, L.L.C.	MD
CASSELBERRY-OXFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
CASTLEWOOD ASSOCIATES, L.P.	IA
CAYUGA VILLAGE ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	NY
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Entity Name	State Code
CCIP PLANTATION GARDENS, L.L.C.	DE
CCIP REGENCY OAKS, L.L.C.	DE
CCIP STERLING, L.L.C.	DE
CCIP STERLING, L.P.	PA
CCIP/2 HIGHCREST, L.L.C.	DE
CCIP/2 VILLAGE BROOKE, L.L.C.	DE
CCIP/2 WINDEMERE, L.L.C.	DE
CCIP/2 WINDEMERE, L.P.	DE
CCIP/3 SANDPIPER, LLC	DE
CCIP/3 WILLIAMSBURG MANOR, LLC	DE
CCP IV ARBOURS OF HERMITAGE, LLC	DE
CCP IV ASSOCIATES, LTD.	TX
CCP IV KNOLLWOOD, LLC	DE
CCP/III VILLAGE GREEN GP, INC.	SC
CCP/IV RESIDENTIAL GP, L.L.C.	SC
CDLH AFFORDABLE, L.P.	CA
CEDAR RIM APARTMENTS, LLC	DE
CEDAR TERRACE APARTMENTS, LTD.	AL
CENTER CITY ASSOCIATES	PA
CENTER SQUARE ASSOCIATES	PA
CENTRAL PARK TOWERS II LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	KS
CENTRAL PARK TOWERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	KS
CENTRAL STATION LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	TN
CENTRAL STROUD, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	FL
CENTRAL WOODLAWN LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	IL
CENTRAL WOODLAWN REHABILITATION JOINT VENTURE	IL
CENTURY LAKESIDE PLACE, L.P.	TX
CENTURY PENSION INCOME FUND XXIV, A CALIFORNIA LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CA
CENTURY PROPERTIES FUND XIV L.P.	CA
CENTURY PROPERTIES FUND XIX, LP	DE
CENTURY PROPERTIES FUND XV	CA
CENTURY PROPERTIES FUND XVI	CA
CENTURY PROPERTIES FUND XVII, LP	DE
CENTURY PROPERTIES GROWTH FUND XXII, LP	DE
CENTURY SUN RIVER, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	AZ
CENTURY TOWER APARTMENTS, L.P.	MO
CHA PROPERTIES, INC.	DE
CHANDLER COMMONWEALTH LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	AZ
CHANDLER PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	AZ
CHANTILLY PARTNERS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	VA
CHAPEL HOUSING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD CT
CHARLES STREET ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CT MD
CHARLESTON-OXFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP CHARLTON HOUSING ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD MA
CHARLION HOUSING ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP 13	MA
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Entity Name	State Code
CHARNEY ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	WA
CHATEAU FOGHORN LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
CHELSEA RENAISSANCE L.P.	KS
CHERRYWOOD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	ID
CHESTNUT HILL ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	DE
CHESWICK-OXFORD ASSOCIATES, L.P.	IN
CHICKASAW-OXFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
CHICO GARDENS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CA
CHILDRESS MANOR APARTMENTS	TX
CHIMNEYTOP-OXFORD ASSOCIATES L.P.	IN
CHURCH STREET ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	IL
CHURCHVIEW GARDENS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	PA
CIDER MILL ASSOCIATES, A PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	PA
CIMARRON ACQUISITION, L.P.	MO
CITRUS GROVE JV GP, LLC	DE
CITRUS GROVE JV, L.P.	DE
CITY HEIGHTS DEVELOPMENT COMPANY	PA
CITY LINE ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	VA
CIVIC HOUSING ASSOCIATES I	OH
CIVIC HOUSING ASSOCIATES II	OH
CK SERVICES, INC.	DE
CK-GP II, INC.	DE
CK-LP II, INC.	DE
CLARKE COURT, LLC	WA
CLAYTON ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	WA
CLEAR LAKE LAND PARTNERS, LTD.	TX
CLIFFS APARTMENTS, L.P.	SC
CLOVERLANE FOUR-OXFORD LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
CLOVERLANE III CORPORATION	MD
CLOVERLANE III-OXFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
CLUB APARTMENT ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	NC
COATESVILLE TOWERS	PA
COBBLESTONE CORNERS, L.P.	TN
COES POND LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MA
COLCHESTER STAGE II COMPANY	MI
COLD SPRING SINGLE FAMILY HOMES, LTD.	КҮ
COLLEGE OAKS PARK, L.P.	IL
COLLEGE PARK APARTMENTS, A LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	PA FL
COLLEGE TRACE APARTMENTS, LTD.	FL CA
COLONY HOUSE APARTMENTS, LTD.	
COLUMBUS JUNCTION PARK, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP COMBINED PROPERTIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	IA WA
COMBINED PROPERTIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP COMFED QUALIFIED HOUSING LIMITED PARTNERS XII, A NEBRASKA LIMITED	
PARTNERSHIP	NE
PARTNERSHIP 14	INE
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Entity Name	State Code
COMMUNITY CIRCLE II, LTD.	ОН
COMMUNITY CIRCLE, LTD.	OH
COMMUNITY DEVELOPERS OF PRINCEVILLE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	NC
CONCAP EQUITIES, INC.	DE
CONCAP HOLDINGS, INC.	TX
CONCAP VILLAGE GREEN ASSOCIATES, LTD.	TX
CONGRESS REALTY COMPANIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MA
CONGRESS REALTY CORP.	MA
CONIFER MEDFORD	OR
CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL INSTITUTIONAL PROPERTIES, LP	DE
CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL INSTITUTIONAL PROPERTIES/2, LP	DE
CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL INSTITUTIONAL PROPERTIES/3, LP	DE
CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL PROPERTIES III	CA
CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL PROPERTIES IV, LP	DE
CONTINENTAL APARTMENTS	MI
CONTINENTAL PLAZA ASSOCIATES	IL
CONTINENTAL PLAZA LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	IL
COOPER RIVER PROPERTIES, L.L.C.	DE
COPPERFIELD APARTMENTS JV, L.P.	TX
COPPERWOOD PRESERVATION, LP	TX
COUCH-OXFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
COUCH-OXFORD, L.L.C.	MD
COUNTRY CLUB WOODS, AFFORDABLE HOMES, LTD.	FL
COUNTRYSIDE NORTH AMERICAN PARTNERS, L.P.	NJ
COUNTRYVIEW ESTATES I, L.P.	MO
COURTS OF CICERO II L.P.	IL
COURTYARD-OXFORD ASSOCIATES L.P.	IN
COVENTRY SQUARE APARTMENTS JV, L.P.	TX
CPF 16 WOODS OF INVERNESS GP, L.L.C.	SC
CPF XIV/SUN RIVER, INC.	AZ
CPF XV/LAKESIDE PLACE, INC.	TX
CPGF 22 WOOD CREEK GP, L.L.C.	SC
CRC CONGRESS REALTY CORP	MA
CREEKSIDE INVESTMENT COMPANY	ID
CREEKVIEW ASSOCIATES	PA
CREEKWOOD APARTMENTS, LTD.	AL
CREVENNA OAKS PRESERVATION, L.P.	DE
CROCKETT MANOR APARTMENTS, A LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	TN
CRYAR HOMES, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	AL
CRYSTAL SPRINGS ASSOCIATES	WA
CUMBERLAND COURT ASSOCIATES	PA
CUMMINGS MILL, LLC	ME
DAMEN COURT ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	IL
DARBY TOWNHOUSES ASSOCIATES	PA
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Entity Name	State Code
DARBY TOWNHOUSES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	PA
DARBY TOWNHOUSES PRESERVATION GENERAL PARTNER, L.L.C.	DE
DARBY TOWNHOUSES PRESERVATION, LP	PA
DAVIDSON DIVERSIFIED PROPERTIES, INC.	TN
DAVIDSON DIVERSIFIED REAL ESTATE II, L.P.	DE
DAVIDSON GP, L.L.C.	SC
DAVIDSON GROWTH PLUS GP CORPORATION	DE
DAVIDSON GROWTH PLUS GP LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	DE
DAVIDSON GROWTH PLUS, L.P.	DE
DAVIDSON INCOME REAL ESTATE, L.P.	DE
DAVIDSON PROPERTIES, INC.	TN
DAWSON SPRINGS, LTD.	OH
DAYTON III CORPORATION	MD
DAYTON III-OXFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
DAYTONA VILLAGE, LTD	OH
DBL PROPERTIES CORPORATION	NY
DEERCROSS-OXFORD ASSOCIATES, L.P.	IN
DEL MORAL LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	AZ
DELAVAN MATURE ADULT HOUSING, L.L.C.	WI
DELHAVEN MANOR, LTD.	MS
DELPHIA HOUSE ASSOCIATES	PA
DELTA SQUARE-OXFORD LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	MD
DELTA SQUARE-OXFORD, L.L.C.	MD
DENNY PLACE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CA
DESHLER APARTMENTS ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	NY
DFW RESIDENTIAL INVESTORS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	DE
DILLON PLACE ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	СТ
DIP LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	VA
DIP LIMITED PARTNERSHIP II	VA
DIVERSIFIED EQUITIES, LIMITED	TN
DIXON RIVER APARTMENTS, L.P.	IL
DORAL GARDEN ASSOCIATES	PA
DORAL LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	PA
DOUGLAS STREET LANDINGS, LTD.	TX
DOYLE ASSOCIATES LIMITED DIVIDEND HOUSING ASSOCIATION	MI