

Greenlight Capital Re, Ltd.  
Form 10-Q  
November 13, 2007

Table of Contents

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF  
1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007.

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF  
1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 001-33493

Edgar Filing: Greenlight Capital Re, Ltd. - Form 10-Q

GREENLIGHT CAPITAL RE, LTD. (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

CAYMAN ISLANDS N/A

(State or Other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization) (I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.) 802 WEST BAY ROAD  
THE GRAND PAVILION  
PO BOX 31110  
GRAND CAYMAN  
CAYMAN ISLANDS KY1-1205 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(345)

745-4573 (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)  
Not Applicable

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

par value 29,847,787 (Class) (Outstanding as of November 13, 2007) Class A Ordinary Shares, \$.10

GREENLIGHT CAPITAL RE, LTD.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page	PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION	Item 1. Financial Statements	Condensed Consolidated
	Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2007 (unaudited) and December 31, 2006	3	Condensed Consolidated
	Statements of Income for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (unaudited)	4	
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (unaudited)	5	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended
	September 30, 2007 and 2006 (unaudited)	6	Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)
	7	Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	14
	Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	25	Item 4. Controls and Procedures
	26	PART II — OTHER INFORMATION	Item 1. Legal Proceedings
			27
			Item 1A. Risk Factors
			27
			Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds
			27
			Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities
			27
			Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders
			27
			Item 5. Other Information
			27
			Item 6. Exhibits
			27
			SIGNATURES
			27

2

## Table of Contents

## PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GREENLIGHT CAPITAL RE, LTD.  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006  
(expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share and share amounts)

September 30, 2007 (unaudited)	December 31, 2006 (audited)	Assets	Investments in securities	Fixed maturities, trading at fair value	\$ 1,528	\$ —
		Equity investments, trading at fair value	482,424	238,799	Other investments, at estimated fair value	7,585
		4,723	Total investments in securities	491,537	243,522	Cash and cash equivalents
		403,873	154,720	Financial contracts receivable, at fair value	1,681	—
		Investment income receivable	379	454	Reinsurance balances receivable	53,379
		7,462	—	Deferred acquisition costs	11,276	16,282
		16,207	—	Other assets	805	1,304
		Total assets	\$ 1,106,581	\$ 518,608	Liabilities and	
		shareholders' equity	Liabilities	Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value	\$ 345,861	\$
		124,044	Dividends payable on securities sold, not yet purchased	1,057	354	Financial contracts payable, at fair
		32,413	8,640	Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves	39,375	4,977
		81,994	47,546	Reinsurance balances payable	22,364	4,236
		Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,500	2,020	Performance and management fees payable to related	
		party	150	14,624	Total liabilities	530,391
		206,441	Shareholders' equity	Preferred share capital		
		(par value \$0.10; authorized, 50,000,000; none issued)	—	—	Ordinary share capital (Class A: par value \$0.10;	
		authorized, 100,000,000; issued and outstanding, 29,847,787 (2006: 16,507,228); Class B: par value \$0.10;			authorized, 25,000,000; issued and outstanding, 6,254,949 (2006: 5,050,000))	3,610
		2,156	Additional paid-in	capital	476,457	219,972
		Retained earnings	96,123	90,039	Total shareholders' equity	576,190
		312,167	Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 1,106,581	\$ 518,608	

The accompanying Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

GREENLIGHT CAPITAL RE, LTD.  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME  
(UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006  
(expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share and share amounts)

Three Months Ended		September 30, 2007		September 30, 2006		September 30, 2007		September 30, 2006	
24,561	\$ 123,275	\$ 36,223	24,561	94,789	36,223	24,561	94,789	36,223	24,561
19,557	24,561	94,789	36,223	19,557	24,561	94,789	36,223	19,557	24,561
(18,184)	(23,769)	30,712	10,041	76,605	12,454	30,712	10,041	76,605	12,454
(loss)	(4,776)	16,641	707	41,028	—	(4,776)	16,641	707	41,028
265	—	827	25,936	26,947	77,312	54,309	25,936	26,947	77,312
30,685	5,426	71,228	14,738	3,232	2,119	9,078	6,304	3,232	2,119
28,029	9,409	71,228	14,738	3,232	2,119	9,078	6,304	3,232	2,119
(loss) per share									
1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85
35,981,312	21,396,436	28,393,955	21,326,111	35,981,312	21,492,224	28,855,816	21,408,898	35,981,312	21,492,224
21,408,898									

The accompanying Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Table of Contents

GREENLIGHT CAPITAL RE, LTD.  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)For the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006  
(expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share and share amounts)

	Ordinary Shares issued	Additional							
paid-in									
capital	Related								
party									
promissory									
note									
receivable	Retained								
earnings	Total								
Shareholders'									
Equity	Number								
of shares	Share								
capital	Balance at December 31, 2006	21,557,228	\$ 2,156	\$ 219,972	\$ —	\$ 90,039	\$ 312,167	Issue of	
Class A Ordinary Share capital	11,913,929	1,191	207,144	—	—	208,335	Issue of Class B Ordinary		
Share capital	2,631,579	263	49,737	—	—	50,000	Options and awards expenses	—	2,233
—	2,233	IPO expenses	—	—	(2,629)	—	—	(2,629)	Net income
—	—		—	—		—	—	—	6,084
Balance at September 30, 2007	36,102,736	\$ 3,610	\$ 476,457	\$ —	\$ 96,123	\$ 576,190	Balance at		
December 31, 2005	21,231,666	\$ 2,123	\$ 212,871	\$ (16,212)	\$ 33,040	\$ 231,822	Issue of Class A		
Ordinary Share capital	168,062	17	1,975	—	—	1,992	Options and awards expenses	—	2,226
—	—	2,226	Principal repayments received	—	—	2,899	—	2,899	Net income
—	—								—
39,571	39,571	Balance at September 30, 2006	21,399,728	\$ 2,140	\$ 217,072	\$ (13,313)	\$ 72,611		
\$ 278,510									

The accompanying Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Table of Contents

GREENLIGHT CAPITAL RE, LTD.  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
 (UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006  
 (expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share and share amounts)

2007	2006	Cash (used in) provided by	
Operating activities	Net income	\$ 6,084	\$ 39,571
(used in)	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		
provided by operating activities	Net change in unrealized losses on securities	16,651	828
realized gains on securities	(34,411)	(50,923)	2,233
Depreciation	30	17	2,226
191,957	Purchase of securities	(741,016)	(189,880)
Change in	Sales of securities	732,578	
restricted cash and cash equivalents	(249,153)	(16,471)	
receivable, at fair value	(1,681)	(159)	
receivable	(33,757)	(14,061)	
Investment income receivable	75	(305)	
Loss and loss adjustment expense recoverables	(7,462)	—	
Deferred acquisition costs	5,006	(6,767)	
Unearned premiums ceded	(16,207)	—	
Other assets	469	206	
Dividends payable on securities sold, not yet purchased	703	127	
Financial contracts payable, at fair value	23,773	4,075	
Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves	34,398	1,872	
Unearned premium reserves	34,448	23,769	
Reinsurance balances payable	18,128	3,640	
Funds withheld	5,677	—	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(520)	463	
Performance and management fees payable to related party	(14,474)	3,268	
Net cash used in operating activities	(218,428)	(6,547)	
Investing activities			
Purchase of fixed assets	—	(200)	
Proceeds on disposal of fixed assets	—	38	
Net cash used in investing activities	—	(162)	
Financing activities			
Net proceeds from share issue	255,706	1,992	
Collection of related party promissory note receivable	—	2,899	
Net change in interest receivable on related party promissory note receivable	—	318	
Net cash provided by financing activities	255,706	5,209	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	37,278	(1,500)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	82,704	7,218	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	\$ 119,982	\$ 5,718	
Supplementary information:			
Interest paid in cash	\$ 2,360	\$ 1,326	
Interest received in cash	10,764	1,145	

Table of Contents

GREENLIGHT CAPITAL RE, LTD.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

September 30, 2007 and 2006

(expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share and share amounts)

1.

GENERAL

Greenlight Capital Re, Ltd. (the “Company”) was incorporated as an exempted company under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands on July 13, 2004. The Company’s wholly owned subsidiary, Greenlight Reinsurance, Ltd. (the “Subsidiary”), provides global specialty property and casualty reinsurance. The Subsidiary has an unrestricted Class “B” insurance license under Section 4(2) of the Cayman Islands Insurance Law. The Subsidiary commenced underwriting in April 2006.

These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements. These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2006. In the opinion of management, these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all the normal recurring adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of the Company’s financial position and results of operations as of the dates and for the periods presented.

The results for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year.

2.

Significant accounting policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense Reserves

The Company establishes reserves for contracts based on estimates of the ultimate cost of all losses including losses incurred but not reported. These estimated ultimate reserves are based on reports received from ceding companies, historical experience as well as the Company’s own actuarial estimates. These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjusted when deemed necessary. Since reserves are estimates, the final settlement of losses may vary from the reserves established and any adjustments to the estimates are recorded in the period in which they are determined.

Financial Instruments



Investments in Securities and Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased

The Company's investments in debt and equities that are classified as "trading securities" are valued based on the last reported sales price on the balance sheet dates as reported by a recognized exchange. Securities for which recognized exchange quotations are not readily available (e.g., private equity) are reported as other investments and are valued at management's best estimate (utilizing the services of an investment advisor) of the fair market value based on prices received from market makers when available.

7

---

## Table of Contents

Premiums and discounts on fixed income securities are amortized into net investment income over the life of the security.

For securities classified as trading securities, any realized and unrealized gains or losses are determined on the basis of specific identification method (by reference to cost and amortized cost, as appropriate) and included in net investment income in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

For securities for which exchange quotations are not readily available, any realized and unrealized gains or losses are determined on the basis of the specific identification method. Realized gains and losses are reported in net investment income in the condensed consolidated statements of income. Unrealized gains and losses, if any, are included in accumulated other comprehensive income as a separate component of shareholders' equity. A decline in market value of a security below cost that is deemed other than temporary is charged to earnings and results in the establishment of a new cost basis of the security.

Dividend income and expense are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Ex-dividend date is the date as of when the underlying security must have been traded to be eligible for the dividend declared.

Interest income and interest expense are recorded on an accrual basis.

## Investments in Options

Amounts invested in call and put options are recorded as an asset or liability at inception. Subsequent to initial recognition, unexpired option contracts are recorded at fair market value, which is based upon the last quoted prices of the call and put options. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in net investment income in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

## Investments in Total Return Swap Agreements

Total return swap agreements, included in financial contracts receivable and payable, are derivative financial instruments entered into whereby the Company is either entitled to receive or obligated to pay the product of a notional amount multiplied by the movement in an underlying security, which the Company does not own, over a specified time frame. In addition, the Company may also be obligated to pay or receive other payments based on either interest rate, dividend payments and receipts, or foreign exchange movements during a specified period. The Company measures its rights or obligations to the counterparty based on the fair market value movements of the underlying security together with any other payments due. These contracts are carried at estimated fair value, with the resultant unrealized gains and losses reflected in net investment income. Additionally, any changes in the value of amounts received or paid on swap contracts are reported as a gain or loss in net investment income in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

## Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is based on weighted average Ordinary Shares outstanding and excludes dilutive effects of stock options and unvested stock awards. Diluted earnings per share assumes the exercise of all dilutive stock options and stock awards using the treasury stock method.

Edgar Filing: Greenlight Capital Re, Ltd. - Form 10-Q

Three Months Ended

September 30, 2007		September 30, 2006		September 30, 2007		September 30, 2006	
21,396,436	28,393,955	21,326,111	21,326,111	Weighted average Ordinary Shares outstanding	35,981,312		
				Effect of dilutive service provider stock options	—	94,150	174,800
				Effect of dilutive employee and director options and stock awards	—	1,638	287,061
35,981,312	21,492,224	28,855,816	21,408,898				1,428

There were 208,000 and 1,073,000 anti-dilutive stock options outstanding for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Due to the Company's net loss for the three months

## Table of Contents

ended September 30, 2007, all 1,702,424 stock options and stock awards outstanding have been excluded from the computation of dilutive loss per share as their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive for the period.

### Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued SFAS No. 157, “Fair Value Measurements.” SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 applies to other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, the Board having previously concluded in those accounting pronouncements that fair value is the relevant measurement attribute. SFAS No. 157 does not require any new fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2008. Management has not completed its review of the new guidance; however, the effect of SFAS No. 157’s implementation is not expected to be material to the Company’s financial position or results of operations.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, “The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities.” SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose to measure eligible items at fair value at specified election dates. For items for which the fair value option has been elected, unrealized gains and losses are to be reported in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. The fair value option is irrevocable unless a new election date occurs, may be applied instrument by instrument, with a few exceptions, and applies only to entire instruments and not to portions of instruments. SFAS No. 159 provides an opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting. SFAS No. 159 is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2008. The Company did not elect early adoption. Management has not completed its review of the new guidance; however, the effect of SFAS No. 159’s implementation is not expected to be material to the Company’s results of operations or financial position.

Additionally, SFAS No. 159 amends SFAS No. 115, “Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities,” such that cash flows relating to trading securities must be classified in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows based on the nature and purpose for which the securities were acquired. Currently, the Company classifies cash flows from trading securities as operating activities. While the Company’s management has not completed its review of SFAS No. 159, the Company anticipates that cash flows relating to trading securities may be classified as investing activities rather than operating activities beginning January 1, 2008.

3.

### RETROCESSION

The Company utilizes retrocession agreements to reduce the risk of loss on business assumed. The Company currently has in place coverages that provide for recovery of a portion of certain loss and loss expenses incurred on certain contracts. Loss and loss adjustment expense recoverables from the retrocessionaires are recorded as assets. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007 loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred are net of loss and loss expenses recovered and recoverable of \$9.7 million (2006: \$0). Retrocession contracts do not relieve the Company from its obligations to policyholders. Failure of retrocessionaires to honor their obligations could result in losses to the Company. The Company regularly evaluates the financial condition of its retrocessionaires. At September 30, 2007 the Company has loss recoverables of \$1.8 million (2006: \$0) with a retrocessionaire rated “A (excellent)” by A.M. Best Company. Additionally, the Company has loss recoverables of \$5.7 million (2006: \$0) with two unrated retrocessionaires. At September 30, 2007 the Company retains funds and other collateral from the unrated retrocessionaires for amounts in excess of the loss recoverable asset. The Company did not purchase any retrocessional coverage in 2006.

Financial Instruments

Other Investments

Other investments include options as well as debt and equities for which fair value is not readily determined. Options are derivative financial instruments that give the buyer, in exchange for a

9

---

## Table of Contents

premium payment, the right, but not the obligation, to either purchase from (call option) or sell to (put option) the writer a specified underlying security at a specified price on or before a specified date. The Company enters into option contracts to meet certain investment objectives. For these option contracts, the exchange acts as the counterparty to specific transactions and therefore bears the risk of delivery to and from counterparties of specific positions.

At September 30, 2007, included in other investments are the following securities:

Cost	Unrealized									
gains/(losses)	Fair market									
value	Equities – unlisted	\$ 6,008	\$ 96	\$ 6,104	Call options	341	275	616	Put options	2,676
(1,811)	865	\$ 9,025	\$ (1,440)	\$ 7,585						

At December 31, 2006, included in other investments are the following securities:

Cost	Unrealized									
gains/(losses)	Fair market									
value	Equities – unlisted	\$ 4,032	\$ (28)	\$ 4,004	Call options	367	352	719	Put options	123
(123)	—	\$ 4,522	\$ 201	\$ 4,723						

During the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, other-than-temporary impairment losses on unlisted equities of \$323 and \$808, respectively, were reported in net investment income, in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

## 5. Share capital

On May 30, 2007, the Company completed the sale of 11,787,500 Class A Ordinary Shares at \$19.00 per share in an initial public offering. Included in the 11,787,500 shares sold were 1,537,500 shares purchased by the underwriters to cover over-allotments. Concurrently, 2,631,579 Class B Ordinary Shares were sold at \$19.00 per share as part of a private placement. The net proceeds to the Company of the initial public offering and private placement were approximately \$255.7 million after the deduction of underwriting fees and other offering expenses.

Additionally, during the nine months ended September 30, 2007, 108,160 restricted shares of Class A Ordinary Shares were issued to employees as part of the Company's stock incentive plan. These shares contain certain restrictions relating to, among other things, vesting, forfeiture in the event of termination of employment and transferability. Each of these restricted shares will vest on March 15, 2010, subject to the grantee's continued service with the Company. The Company also issued to certain directors, 13,264 restricted shares of Class A Ordinary Shares as part of the directors' remuneration. Each of these restricted shares issued to certain directors contain similar restrictions to those issued to employees and these shares will vest on the earlier of the first anniversary of the shares issuance or the Company's next annual general meeting, subject to the grantee's continued service with the Company. Additionally, the Company issued 5,005 Class A Ordinary Shares representing the vesting of directors' stock awards granted in 2004.

The Company recognizes compensation expense on a straight line basis over the vesting period using the fair value of the shares awarded, at the time of the grant. Fair value for 102,160 shares of restricted stock which were issued prior to the initial public offering, was determined based on the mid-point of anticipated book value multiples for the Company's initial public offering relative to the Company's diluted book value per share as of the grant date. Fair value for 19,264 shares of restricted stock, which were issued on May 24, 2007, was determined based on the initial public offering price of \$19.00 per share.

The common shares of Company are listed on Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "GLRE".

10

---

## Table of Contents

On January 10, 2007, 1,426,630 Class B Ordinary Shares were transferred from Greenlight Capital Investors, LLC (“GCI”) to its underlying owners and automatically converted into an equal number of Class A Ordinary Shares on a one-for-one basis, upon transfer. The remaining Class B Ordinary Shares were transferred from GCI to David Einhorn, the Chairman of the Company’s Board of Directors and a principal shareholder of the Company, and remained as Class B Ordinary Shares.

## 6. Related

### party transactions

#### Investment Advisory Agreement

The Company has entered into an Investment Advisory Agreement (the “Investment Agreement”) with DME Advisors, L.P. (“DME”). DME is a related party and an affiliate of David Einhorn.

Pursuant to the Investment Agreement, a performance fee equal to 20% of the net income of the account managed by DME is payable, subject to a loss carry forward provision, to DME. Included in net investment income for the three months ended September 30, 2007 is a reduction in performance fee of \$1.2 million (2006: \$4.2 million). For the nine months ended September 30, 2007 performance fees totaled \$0.1 million (2006: \$10.3 million). At September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, \$0.1 million and \$14.6 million, respectively, remained payable.

Additionally, pursuant to the Investment Agreement, a monthly management fee equal to 0.125% (1.5% on an annual basis) of the account managed by DME is paid to DME. Included in net investment income for the three months ended September 30, 2007 are management fees of \$2.4 million (2006: \$1.0 million), and for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 \$5.3 million (2006: \$2.9 million). The management fees were fully paid as of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006.

#### Service Agreement

In February 2007, the Company entered into a service agreement with DME, pursuant to which DME will provide investor relations services to the Company for compensation of \$5,000 per month (plus expenses). The agreement has an initial term of one year, and will continue for sequential one year periods until terminated by the Company or DME. Either party may terminate the agreement for any reason with thirty 30 days prior written notice to the other party.

#### Concurrent Private Placement Stock Purchase Agreement

On January 11, 2007 the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement to sell \$50 million of Class B Ordinary Shares to David Einhorn concurrent with an initial public offering. This concurrent private placement which was completed on May 30, 2007, resulted in 2,631,579 Class B Ordinary Shares purchased by David Einhorn at \$19.00 per share.

#### Other Transactions

Included in the condensed consolidated statements of income is interest income of \$0 (2006: \$0.8 million) relating to a related party promissory note issued by GCI in exchange for Class B Ordinary Shares. During year ended December 31, 2006 this promissory note was fully repaid by GCI, including both principal and interest.



Commitments and contingencies

Operating Lease

Effective September 1, 2005, the Company entered into a five-year non-cancelable lease agreement to rent office space. The total rent expense charged for the three months ended September 30, 2007 was \$23 (2006: \$25). The total rent expense charged for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 was \$67 (2006: \$67).

11

---

Table of Contents

Underwriting Service Agreement

Effective September 1, 2007 the Company entered into a service agreement with an underwriting service provider. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company has committed to quarterly payments to the service provider for a minimum period of two years regardless of whether any contracts are bound through the service provider. If the contract is terminated after two years, the Company is obligated to make minimum payments for another two years to ensure any bound contracts are adequately run-off by the service provider. If no contracts are bound during the first two years, the agreement may be terminated with no further payment obligations.

The following is a schedule of future minimum payments required under the above commitments for the next five years:

							Years ending December 31,	Total 2007	\$ 148
2008	670	2009	425	2010	69	2011	—	\$ 1,312	
Private Equity									

Periodically, the Company makes investments in private equity vehicles. As part of the Company's participation in such private equity investments, the Company may make funding commitments. As of September 30, 2007, the Company had commitments to invest an additional \$2 million in private equity investments.

Letters of Credit

Effective October 15, 2005, the Company signed a letter of credit agreement with a U.S. bank, for a facility of up to \$200 million. The agreement renews automatically each year unless terminated.

Effective June 6, 2007, the Company signed a letter of credit agreement with a Cayman Islands incorporated bank, for a facility of up to \$25 million. The agreement renews automatically each year unless terminated.

At September 30, 2007, letters of credit totaling \$75.1 million (2006: \$50.4 million) had been issued. At September 30, 2007, investments and cash equivalents with a fair market value of \$129.2 million have been pledged as security against letters of credit issued.

Each of the credit facilities requires that the Company comply with covenants, including restrictions on the Company's ability to place a lien or charge on the pledged assets and restricts issuance of any debt without the consent of the letter of credit provider. The Company was in compliance with all the covenants of each of its letter of credit facilities as of September 30, 2007.

Litigation

In the normal course of business, the Company may become involved in various claims litigation and legal proceedings. As of September 30, 2007, the Company was not a party to any litigation or arbitration proceedings.

SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company manages its business on the basis of one operating segment, Property & Casualty Reinsurance.

The following tables provide a breakdown of the Company's gross premiums written by line of business and by geographic area of risks insured for the periods indicated:

12

---

Table of Contents

Gross Premiums Written by Line of Business

		Three Months Ended																	
September 30, 2007		Three Months Ended																	
September 30, 2006		Nine Months Ended																	
September 30, 2007		Nine Months Ended																	
September 30, 2006		(\$ in millions)		(\$ in millions)		(\$ in millions)		(\$ in millions)		(\$ in millions)		(\$ in millions)		(\$ in millions)					
Homeowners'	\$ 8.7	44.0																	
%	\$ 22.5	91.6 %	\$ 39.6	32.1 %	\$ 22.5	62.1 %	Professional Liability	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	27.2				
	22.1	—	—	Health	0.2	1.1	—	—	15.0	12.1	—	—	General Liability	—	—	—	—	14.5	
	11.8	—	—	Property Catastrophe	7.5	37.9	—	—	17.5	14.2	9.9	27.3	Medical Malpractice	—	—	—	—	—	
	—	—	—	3.7	3.0	—	—	Casualty Clash	3.1	15.4	2.1	8.4	5.5	4.4	2.0	5.6			
Marine	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.8	5.0	Motor	0.3	1.6	—	—	0.3	0.3	—	—	\$ 19.8
100.0 %	\$ 24.6	100.0 %	\$ 123.3	100.0 %	\$ 36.2	100.0 %	\$ 36.2	100.0 %											

Gross Premiums Written by Geographic Area of Risks Insured

		Three Months Ended																	
September 30, 2007		Three Months Ended																	
September 30, 2006		Nine Months Ended																	
September 30, 2007		Nine Months Ended																	
September 30, 2006		(\$ in millions)		(\$ in millions)		(\$ in millions)		(\$ in millions)		(\$ in millions)		(\$ in millions)		(\$ in millions)					
USA	\$ 9.2	46.7 %	\$																
	22.5	91.6 %	\$ 75.8	61.5 %	\$ 28.8	79.6 %	Worldwide(1)	10.6	53.3	2.1	8.4	44.7							
	36.3	2.0	5.6	Europe	—	—	—	—	2.2	1.7	3.5	9.7	Caribbean	—	—	—	—	0.6	0.5
	0.5	1.4	Japan	—	—	—	—	—	1.4	3.7	\$ 19.8	100.0 %	\$ 24.6	100.0 %	\$ 123.3				
100.0 %	\$ 36.2	100.0 %																	

(1)

“Worldwide” risk comprise individual policies that insure risks on a worldwide basis.

9.

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On November 8, 2007, the Company accepted an amendment to the letter of credit facility agreement with a U.S. bank which increases the existing letter of credit facility from \$200 million to \$400 million with retroactive effect as of August 28, 2007. The amended letter of credit facility will be automatically renewed annually unless terminated.

Table of Contents

Item 2.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

References to "we," "our," "our company," "Greenlight Re," or the "the Company" refer to Greenlight Capital Re, Ltd. and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Greenlight Reinsurance, Ltd., unless the context dictates otherwise. References to our "Ordinary Shares" refers collectively to our Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares.

The following is a discussion and analysis of our results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 and financial condition as of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto contained in our prospectus dated May 24, 2007 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC.

Special Note About Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"), other than purely historical information, including estimates, projections, statements relating to our business plans, objectives and expected operating results, and the assumptions upon which those statements are based, are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These forward-looking statements generally are identified by the words "believe," "project," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "intend," "strategy," "plan," "may," "should," "will," "would," "will result," and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties which may cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements. A detailed discussion of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results and events to differ materially from such forward-looking statements is included in the section entitled "Risk Factors" (refer to Part II, Item 1A). We undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward looking statements which speak only to the dates on which they were made.

We intend to communicate events that we believe may have a material adverse impact on the Company's operations or financial position, including property and casualty catastrophic events and material losses in our investment portfolio, in a timely manner through a public announcement. Other than as required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, we do not intend to make public announcements regarding events that we do not believe, based on management's estimates and current information, will have a material adverse impact to the Company's operations or financial position.

General

We are a Cayman Islands-based specialty property and casualty reinsurer with a reinsurance and investment strategy that we believe differentiates us from our competitors. Our goal is to build long-term shareholder value by selectively offering customized reinsurance solutions, in markets where capacity and alternatives are limited, which we believe will provide favorable long-term returns on equity.

We aim to complement our underwriting results with a non-traditional investment approach in order to achieve higher rates of return over the long-term than reinsurance companies that employ more traditional, fixed-income investment strategies. We manage our investment portfolio according to a value-oriented philosophy, in which we take long positions in perceived undervalued securities and short positions in perceived overvalued securities.

Because we have a limited operating history, period-to-period comparisons of our underwriting results are not yet possible and may not be meaningful in the near future. In addition, our historical investment results may not necessarily be indicative of future performance. In addition, due to the nature of our reinsurance and investment strategies, our operating results will likely fluctuate from period to period.

14

---

## Table of Contents

### Segments

We manage our business on the basis of one operating segment, property and casualty reinsurance, in accordance with the qualitative and quantitative criteria established by SFAS 131, “Disclosure about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information”. Within the property and casualty reinsurance segment, we analyze our underwriting operations using two categories:

- frequency business; and
- severity business.

Frequency business is characterized by contracts containing a potentially large number of smaller losses emanating from multiple events. Clients generally buy this protection to increase their own underwriting capacity and typically select a reinsurer based upon the reinsurer’s financial strength and expertise. We expect the results of frequency business to be less volatile than those of severity business from period to period due to its greater predictability. We also expect that over time the profit margins and return on equity for our frequency business will be lower than those of our severity business.

Severity business is typically characterized by contracts with the potential for significant losses emanating from one event or multiple events. Clients generally buy this protection to remove volatility from their balance sheets and, accordingly, we expect the results of severity business to be volatile from period to period. However, over the long term, we also expect that our severity business will generate higher profit margins and return on equity than those of our frequency business.

### Outlook and Trends

Historically, the property and casualty market has experienced capacity shortages in certain product lines due to extended periods of competitive pricing, higher than expected losses and changes in rating agency capital requirements. Overall, the property and casualty market is currently experiencing a general downward pressure on pricing. However, while we expect that the property and casualty market will continue to see adverse pricing trends in the near term, certain market segments will likely experience capacity or structural shortages. We monitor market conditions in an effort to position ourselves to participate in future underserved or capacity-constrained markets as they arise and offer products that we believe will generate favorable returns on equity over the long term. Accordingly, our underwriting results and product line concentrations in any given period will likely fluctuate and may not be indicative of our future results of operations.

### Critical Accounting Policies

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported and disclosed amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. We believe that the critical accounting policies set forth in our prospectus dated May 24, 2007, as filed with the SEC, continue to describe the more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements. These accounting policies pertain to revenue recognition, loss and loss adjustment expenses and investment valuation. If actual events differ significantly from the underlying judgments or estimates used by management in the application of these accounting policies, there could be a material effect on our results of operations and financial condition.





Table of Contents

Results of Operations

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006

Our net income decreased by \$19.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006 due to a decrease of \$21.4 million in investment income which was partially offset by income generated from expanded underwriting operations. Our investment portfolio reported a net loss of \$4.8 million, a loss of 0.8%, for the third quarter 2007 as compared to \$16.6 million investment income, a gain of 6.2%, for the third quarter of 2006.

Our net income decreased by \$33.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006 primarily as the result of a decrease of \$40.3 million in investment income. Due to investment losses being reported in the first and third quarters of 2007, our investment return year to date is 1.6% as compared to a return of 17.5% during the previous nine month period. This decrease in income during the first nine months of 2007 was partially offset by higher income being reported from our underwriting operations, which commenced in April 2006.

One of our primary financial goals is to increase the long-term value in fully diluted book value per share. During the three months ended September 30, 2007, fully diluted book value decreased by \$0.03 per share or 0.2% to \$15.78. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, fully diluted book value increased by \$1.51 per share, or 10.6%, which includes the increase associated with our initial public offering.

Premiums Written

Details of gross premiums written are provided below (\$ in thousands):

Three months ended

September 30, 2007		September 30, 2006		Nine months ended September 30, 2007		Nine months ended September 30, 2006		
Frequency	\$ 9,228	\$ 22,498	\$ 73,029	\$ 22,498	Severity			
10,538	2,063	50,246	13,725	Total	\$ 19,766	\$ 24,561	\$ 123,275	\$ 36,223

We expect quarterly reporting of premiums written to be volatile as our underwriting portfolio continues to develop. Additionally, the composition of premiums written between frequency and severity business will vary from quarter to quarter depending on the specific market opportunities that we pursue. The volatility in premiums is reflected in the premiums written for frequency business when comparing the three month periods ending September 30, 2007 and 2006. A large homeowners' policy incepted during the third quarter 2006 which significantly increased that period's reported premiums. The increase in premiums written for severity business during the three months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006 is primarily the result of a large property catastrophe contract that incepted in the third quarter of 2007.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the increase in premiums written for frequency business compared to the same period in 2006 was due to the fact that no frequency contracts were written until the third quarter of 2006 while a number of frequency contracts were entered into throughout the nine months ended 2007. Similarly premiums written for severity business in 2007 reflects the full nine months of underwriting whereas the 2006 comparative reflects premiums written from April 2006 (commencement of our underwriting operations) to September 30, 2006. A

detailed analysis of gross premiums written by line of business can be found in Note 8 to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

We entered into a total of three retrocessional contracts for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 relating to the risks assumed from two frequency reinsurance contracts. We did not purchase any retrocessional coverage in 2006.

16

---

## Table of Contents

Details of net premiums written are provided below (\$ in thousands):

## Three months ended

September 30, Nine months ended

September 30, 2007	2006	2007	2006	Frequency	\$ 9,019	\$ 22,498	\$ 44,543	\$ 22,498	Severity
10,538	2,063	50,246	13,725	Total	\$ 19,557	\$ 24,561	\$ 94,789	\$ 36,223	

Our severity business includes contracts that contain or may contain natural peril loss exposure. As of September 30, 2007, our maximum aggregate loss exposure to any series of natural peril events was \$77.8 million. For purposes of the preceding sentence, aggregate loss exposure is equal to the difference between the aggregate limits available in the contracts that contain natural peril exposure and reinstatement premiums for the same contracts. In addition, the maximum aggregate loss exposure to the portfolio can not be realized unless a natural peril event or series of events impacts more than one peak zone. We categorize peak zones as: United States, Europe, Japan and the rest of the world. The following table provides single event loss exposure and aggregate loss exposure information for the peak zones of our natural peril coverage as of the date of this filing (\$ in thousands):

Loss Aggregate				Zone	Single Event
Loss United States(1)	\$ 50,219	\$ 65,719	Europe	52,549	68,820
world	25,942	42,213	Maximum Aggregate	52,549	77,820
				Japan	38,331
				Rest of the	54,601

(1)

Includes the Caribbean

## Net Premiums Earned

Net premiums earned reflects the pro rata inclusion into income of net premiums written over the life of the reinsurance contracts. Details of net premiums earned are provided below (\$ in thousands):

## Three months ended

September 30, Nine months ended

September 30, 2007	2006	2007	2006	Frequency	\$ 22,390	\$ 6,053	\$ 58,807	\$ 6,053	Severity
8,322	3,988	17,798	6,401	Total	\$ 30,712	\$ 10,041	\$ 76,605	\$ 12,454	

The increase in net premiums earned is attributable principally to increased premiums written and earned from the developing underwriting portfolio for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, when compared to the corresponding 2006 periods.

## Losses Incurred

Losses incurred include losses paid and changes in loss reserves, including reserves for losses incurred but not reported, or IBNR, net of actual and estimated loss recoverables. Details of losses incurred are provided below (\$ in

thousands):

17

---

## Table of Contents

## Three months ended

September 30, Nine months ended

September 30, 2007	2006	2007	2006	Frequency	\$ 9,689	\$ 2,742	\$ 28,855	\$ 2,742	Severity
1,650	266	2,610	266	Total	\$ 11,339	\$ 3,008	\$ 31,465	\$ 3,008	

The loss ratios for our frequency business were 43.3% and 49.1% for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007, respectively. The loss ratio for our frequency business was 45.3% for both the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2006.

We expect losses incurred on our severity business to be volatile from period to period. Losses incurred on the natural peril exposed portion of our severity business have benefited from benign natural peril loss experiences during all periods reported. Additionally, given the seasonality of wind exposure, we expect that the first six months of a calendar year will generally report lower losses incurred on natural peril business than the last six months of the year. The loss ratios for our severity business were 19.8% and 14.7% for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007, respectively. The loss ratios for our severity business were 6.7% and 4.2% for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2006, respectively. The increase in the loss ratios during 2007 is primarily due to the different composition of the severity underwriting portfolio. During the periods ended in 2006 the severity underwriting portfolio was composed entirely of natural peril business and with benign natural peril loss experience, very low loss ratios were reported. This contrasts with the current severity underwriting portfolio which also includes casualty and liability exposures in addition to natural peril risks, which account for the increase in the reported loss ratios.

There were no significant developments of prior year reinsurance reserves during either the three or nine month periods ended September 30, 2007.

Losses incurred in the current period can be further broken down into losses paid and changes in loss reserves. Losses incurred for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were comprised as follows (\$ in thousands):

## Three months ended

September 30, 2007 Nine months ended

September 30, 2007	Gross	Ceded	Net	Gross	Ceded	Net	Losses paid	\$ 4,372	\$ (1,587)	\$ 2,785
\$ 6,766	\$ (2,238)	\$ 4,528	Increase (decrease) in reserves	10,747	(2,193)	8,554	34,399	(7,462)		
) 26,937	Total	\$ 15,119	\$ (3,780)	\$ 11,339	\$ 41,165	\$ (9,700)	\$ 31,465			

## Three months ended

September 30, 2006 Nine months ended

September 30, 2006	Gross	Ceded	Net	Gross	Ceded	Net	Losses paid	\$ 1,136	\$ (—)	\$ 1,136
1,136	\$ (—)	\$ 1,136	Increase (decrease) in reserves	1,872	(—)	1,872	1,872	(—)	1,872	Total
\$ 3,008	\$ (—)	\$ 3,008	\$ 3,008	\$ (—)	\$ 3,008	\$ (—)	\$ 3,008			

## Acquisition Costs

Acquisition costs represent the amortization of commission and brokerage expenses incurred on contracts written as well as profit commissions and other underwriting expenses which are expensed when incurred. Deferred acquisition

costs are limited to the amount of commission and brokerage expenses that are expected to be recovered from future earned premiums and anticipated investment income. Details of acquisition costs are provided below (\$ in thousands):

18

---

